

# wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Jul 17, 2024 – 02:54 pm BST

PDB ID : 8PVX EMDB ID : EMD-17979 Title : Structure of the Lifeact13-F-actin complex Authors : Belyy, A.; Raunser, S. Deposited on : 2023-07-18 Resolution : 3.55 Å(reported) Based on initial models : ., 7AD9

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

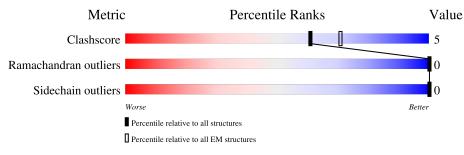
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev92
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as $541$ be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.37.1

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.55 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\# \textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f EM} {f structures} \ (\#{f Entries})$		
Clashscore	158937	4297		
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023		
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
			46%				
1	F	13	92%	8%			
			38%				
1	G	13	100%				
			38%				
1	Н	13	100%				
-	Ŧ	10	46%				
1	Ι	13	92%	8%			
-1	т	10	69%				
1	J	13	100%				
2	А	377	86%	12% •			
	11	511	00 %	12% •			
2	В	377	86%	12% •			
2	С	377	86%	12% •			

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
2	D	377	84%	14%	·
2	Е	377	85%	13%	·



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 15140 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	Н	13	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0
	11	10	100	66	15	18	1	0	0
1	J	13	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0
	1	10	100	66	15	18	1	0	0
1	F	13	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0
	Г	19	100	66	15	18	1		
1	т	13	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0
	1	10	100	66	15	18	1	0	U
1	С	13	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0
	G	10	100	66	15	18	1	0	0

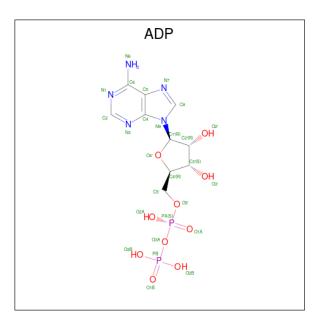
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Lifeact13.

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Actin, alpha skeletal muscle.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	С	371	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0
	U	371	2900	1837	489	553	21	0	0
2	Е	371	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0
	E	371	2900	1837	489	553	21	0	U
2	٨	371	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0
	A	3/1	2900	1837	489	553	21	0	
2	D	371	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0
	D	371	2900	1837	489	553	21	0	0
2	В	371	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0
	D	371	2900	1837	489	553	21	U	U

• Molecule 3 is ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ADP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{10}P_2$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues		Ate	oms			AltConf
3	С	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0
0	U	1	27	10	5	10	2	0
3	Е	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0
0	Ľ	1	27	10	5	10	2	0
3	Δ	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0
0	А	1	27	10	5	10	2	0
3	Л	1	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0
0	D	1	27	10	5	10	2	0
3	р	1	Total	С	Ν	0	Р	0
5	D	1	27	10	5	10	2	0

• Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

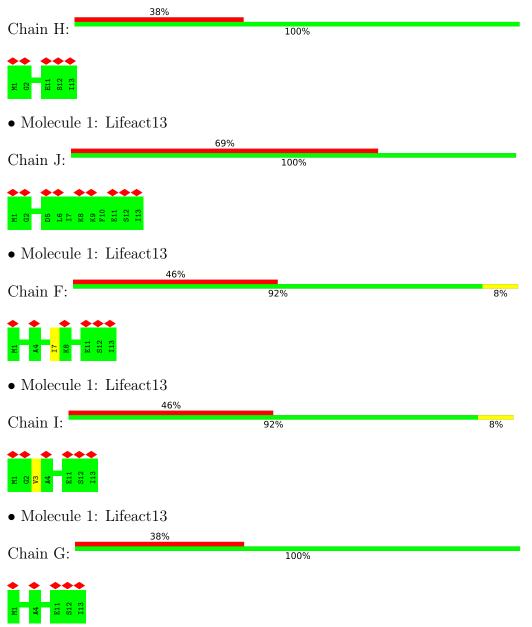
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
4	С	1	Total Mg 1 1	0
4	Е	1	Total Mg 1 1	0
4	А	1	Total Mg 1 1	0
4	D	1	Total Mg 1 1	0
4	В	1	Total Mg 1 1	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Lifeact13



• Molecule 2: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle



Chain C:	86%	12% •
MET CYS CYS ASP ASP CJU CJU CJ2 C20 C20 C20 C20 C20 C20 C20 C20 C20 C2	P102 P106 E117 E116 E116 E125 E125 A131 P148 P156 P156 P156 M176 P177 P187	Y188 11.189 11.189 11.180 11.180 11.180 11.203 12.03 12.03 12.03 12.03 12.03 12.03 12.03
F265 F266 F266 F266 F266 F266 F266 F266	P367 V370 H371 F375 F375	
• Molecule 2: Actin, alpha skeleta	al muscle	
Chain E:	85%	13% •
MET CYS ASP GLU GLU GLU CLU CLU CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC	1102 1103 1104 1104 1106 11108 11148 11148 11148 11148 11148 11148 11148 11148 11148 11148 11148 11175 11175	R177 L185 1186 1187 1189 1189 1192
1203 1203 1203 1203 1203 1203 1203 1260 1265 1260 1266 1261 1260 1260 1289 1289 1289 1289 1289 1289 1289 1289	T304 T304 T328 T328 T328 T328 T328 T328 T328 T328	
• Molecule 2: Actin, alpha skeleta	al muscle	
Chain A:	86%	12% •
MET CYS ASP GLU ASP CLU CLU CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC	125 125 126 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 1175 1192 1192 1192 1192 1292 1292	1250 (251 (251 (253 (253 (2553 (2553) (2553) (2558)
F266 M283 1289 1289 1289 1289 1289 1290 1300 1300 1300 1300 1330 1330 1330 13	P867 1371 F375	
• Molecule 2: Actin, alpha skeleta	al muscle	
Chain D:	84%	14% •
MET CYS CYS ASP GLU GLU GLU GLU G1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 5 7 6 1 5 7 6 1 1 1 1 5 7 6 1 1 1 1 5 7 6 1 1 1 5 7 6 8 1 1 1 5 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 7	H13 H13 H13 H16 H16 H116 H116 H116 H121 H121 H131 H131 H131 H131 H131 H131	8155 0157 1175 1175 1177 1177 1187 1188
M190 K191 192 T203 R210 R216 V219 V219 V219 V219 R216 R216 R216 R216 R250 R256 R256 R256 R256 R256 R256 R256 R256	1289 1289 1289 13300 1330 1330 1330 1330 1330 1330 13	F375
• Molecule 2: Actin, alpha skeleta	al muscle	
Chain B:	86%	12% •
MET CYS CYS ASP GLU GLU CLU CLU C48 C48 C48 C48 C48 C48 C48 C48 C48 C48	H88 N92 R95 P102 P109 P109 R116 R116 A131 V166 V166 V166 V175	R177 1187 1187 1188 1189 1192 1192 1192 1192
1216 1250 1250 1250 1255 1255 1255 1255 1255	K328 1329 1329 1329 1329 1329 1329 1329 1329	
	PROTEIN DATA BANK	

# 4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	1371447	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TALOS ARCTICA	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{\AA}^2)$	56	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON III (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.310	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.055	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.013	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.08	Depositor
Map size (Å)	363.0, 363.0, 363.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	300, 300, 300	wwPDB
Map angles ( $^{\circ}$ )	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.21, 1.21, 1.21	Depositor



# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, HIC, ADP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond	angles
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	F	0.24	0/100	0.36	0/131
1	G	0.24	0/100	0.37	0/131
1	Н	0.25	0/100	0.39	0/131
1	Ι	0.24	0/100	0.36	0/131
1	J	0.25	0/100	0.40	0/131
2	А	0.25	0/2950	0.51	0/3994
2	В	0.25	0/2950	0.51	0/3994
2	С	0.25	0/2950	0.51	0/3994
2	D	0.25	0/2950	0.51	0/3994
2	Е	0.25	0/2950	0.51	0/3994
All	All	0.25	0/15250	0.51	0/20625

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	F	100	0	111	1	0
1	G	100	0	111	0	0
1	Н	100	0	111	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Ι	100	0	111	1	0
1	J	100	0	111	0	0
2	А	2900	0	2872	26	0
2	В	2900	0	2872	27	0
2	С	2900	0	2872	28	0
2	D	2900	0	2872	31	0
2	Ε	2900	0	2872	30	0
3	А	27	0	12	0	0
3	В	27	0	12	0	0
3	С	27	0	12	0	0
3	D	27	0	12	1	0
3	Ε	27	0	12	0	0
4	А	1	0	0	0	0
4	В	1	0	0	0	0
4	С	1	0	0	0	0
4	D	1	0	0	0	0
4	Ε	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	15140	0	14975	139	0

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The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 139 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:E:67:LEU:H	2:E:203:THR:HG21	1.42	0.84
2:D:67:LEU:H	2:D:203:THR:HG21	1.45	0.81
2:C:67:LEU:H	2:C:203:THR:HG21	1.45	0.80
2:A:67:LEU:H	2:A:203:THR:HG21	1.46	0.79
2:B:67:LEU:H	2:B:203:THR:HG21	1.47	0.77

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	F	11/13~(85%)	11 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	G	11/13~(85%)	11 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	Н	11/13~(85%)	11 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	Ι	11/13~(85%)	11 (100%)	0	0	100	100
1	J	11/13~(85%)	11 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	А	368/377~(98%)	353~(96%)	15~(4%)	0	100	100
2	В	368/377~(98%)	353~(96%)	15~(4%)	0	100	100
2	$\mathbf{C}$	368/377~(98%)	352~(96%)	16 (4%)	0	100	100
2	D	368/377~(98%)	353~(96%)	15~(4%)	0	100	100
2	Ε	368/377~(98%)	353~(96%)	15~(4%)	0	100	100
All	All	1895/1950~(97%)	1819 (96%)	76 (4%)	0	100	100

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	$\mathbf{F}$	11/11~(100%)	11 (100%)	0	100 100
1	G	11/11~(100%)	11 (100%)	0	100 100
1	Н	11/11~(100%)	11 (100%)	0	100 100
1	Ι	11/11~(100%)	11 (100%)	0	100 100
1	J	11/11~(100%)	11 (100%)	0	100 100
2	А	313/319~(98%)	313 (100%)	0	100 100
2	В	313/319~(98%)	313 (100%)	0	100 100
2	С	313/319~(98%)	313 (100%)	0	100 100
2	D	313/319~(98%)	313 (100%)	0	100 100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
2	Ε	313/319~(98%)	313 (100%)	0	100 100		
All	All	1620/1650~(98%)	1620 (100%)	0	100 100		

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	С	49	GLN
2	А	49	GLN
2	В	49	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

5 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trune	Chain	Dec	Res Link	В	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	Type	Ullalli	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	
2	HIC	В	73	2	8,11,12	1.64	2 (25%)	6,14,16	1.38	1 (16%)	
2	HIC	Е	73	2	8,11,12	1.63	2 (25%)	6,14,16	1.35	1 (16%)	
2	HIC	D	73	2	8,11,12	1.62	1 (12%)	6,14,16	1.38	1 (16%)	
2	HIC	А	73	2	8,11,12	1.62	2 (25%)	6,14,16	1.37	1 (16%)	
2	HIC	С	73	2	8,11,12	1.63	2 (25%)	6,14,16	1.39	1 (16%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	HIC	В	73	2	-	1/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
2	HIC	Е	73	2	-	1/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
2	HIC	D	73	2	-	1/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
2	HIC	А	73	2	-	1/5/6/8	0/1/1/1
2	HIC	С	73	2	-	1/5/6/8	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 9 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	В	73	HIC	CD2-CG	3.59	1.41	1.36
2	Ε	73	HIC	CD2-CG	3.57	1.41	1.36
2	С	73	HIC	CD2-CG	3.56	1.41	1.36
2	D	73	HIC	CD2-CG	3.55	1.41	1.36
2	А	73	HIC	CD2-CG	3.53	1.41	1.36

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	D	73	HIC	CB-CA-C	-2.73	106.35	111.47
2	С	73	HIC	CB-CA-C	-2.72	106.37	111.47
2	В	73	HIC	CB-CA-C	-2.70	106.41	111.47
2	А	73	HIC	CB-CA-C	-2.70	106.41	111.47
2	Е	73	HIC	CB-CA-C	-2.63	106.53	111.47

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	С	73	HIC	CA-CB-CG-ND1
2	Е	73	HIC	CA-CB-CG-ND1
2	А	73	HIC	CA-CB-CG-ND1
2	D	73	HIC	CA-CB-CG-ND1
2	В	73	HIC	CA-CB-CG-ND1

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 10 ligands modelled in this entry, 5 are monoatomic - leaving 5 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Tion Type		nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	ADP	Е	401	4	24,29,29	0.91	1 (4%)	$29,\!45,\!45$	1.49	4 (13%)
3	ADP	D	401	4	24,29,29	0.92	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.50	4 (13%)
3	ADP	А	401	4	24,29,29	0.91	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.45	4 (13%)
3	ADP	С	401	4	24,29,29	0.91	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.46	4 (13%)
3	ADP	В	401	4	24,29,29	0.92	1 (4%)	29,45,45	1.49	4 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	ADP	Ε	401	4	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	ADP	D	401	4	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	ADP	А	401	4	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	ADP	С	401	4	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
3	ADP	В	401	4	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	Observed(Å)	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
3	В	401	ADP	C5-C4	2.44	1.47	1.40
3	Е	401	ADP	C5-C4	2.44	1.47	1.40
3	С	401	ADP	C5-C4	2.43	1.47	1.40
3	D	401	ADP	C5-C4	2.43	1.47	1.40
3	А	401	ADP	C5-C4	2.40	1.47	1.40

The worst 5 of 20 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
3	D	401	ADP	PA-O3A-PB	-3.93	119.34	132.83
3	В	401	ADP	PA-O3A-PB	-3.93	119.35	132.83
3	Е	401	ADP	PA-O3A-PB	-3.90	119.44	132.83
3	D	401	ADP	O4'-C1'-C2'	-3.88	101.25	106.93
3	С	401	ADP	PA-O3A-PB	-3.72	120.06	132.83

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

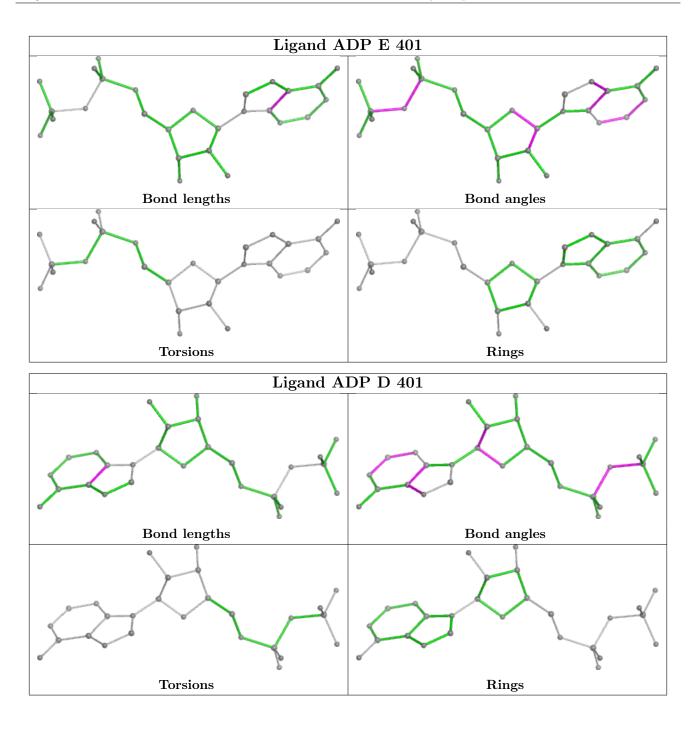
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

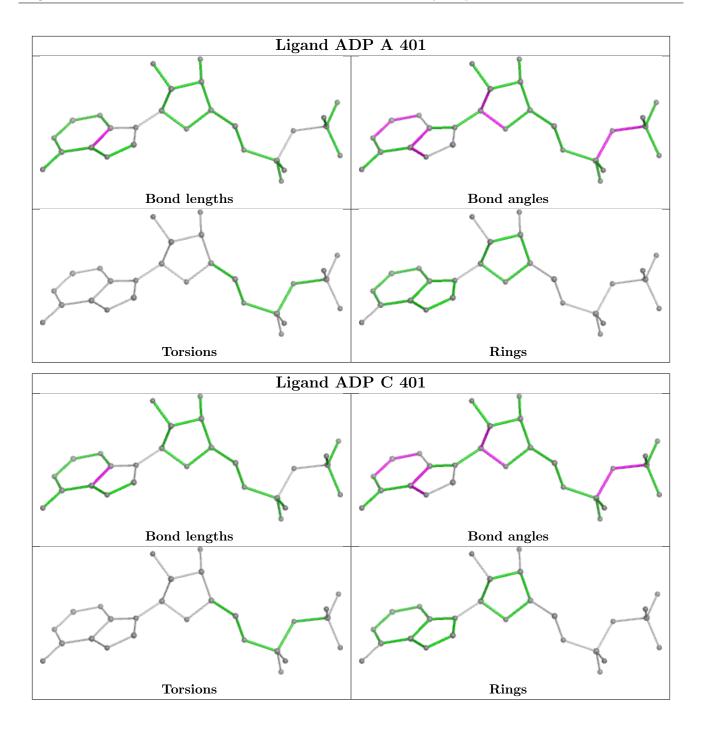
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	D	401	ADP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

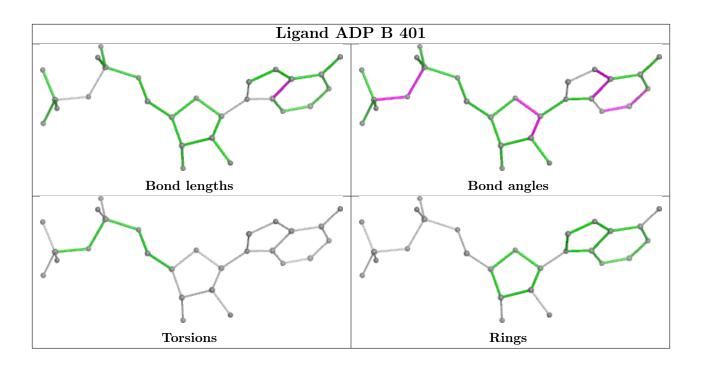












## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



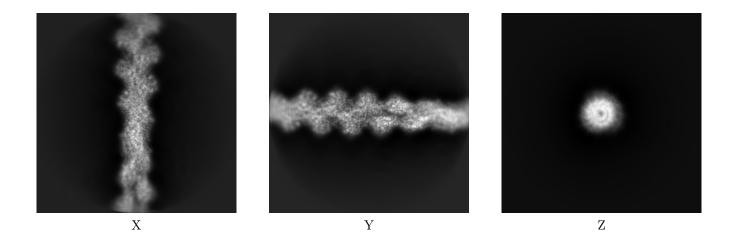
# 6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-17979. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

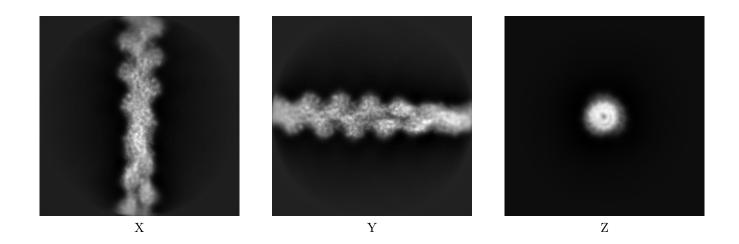
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

## 6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

#### 6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map

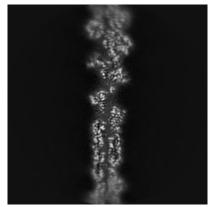


The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

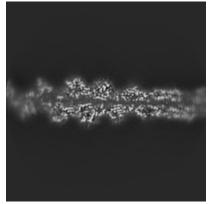


## 6.2 Central slices (i)

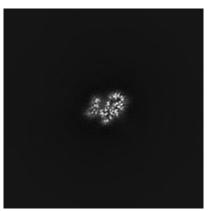
#### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 150

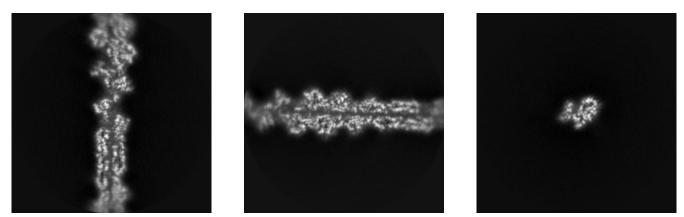


Y Index: 150



Z Index: 150

#### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 150

Y Index: 150

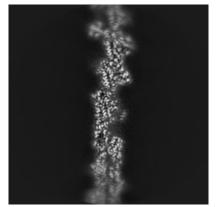
Z Index: 150

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

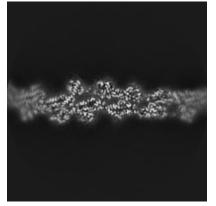


#### 6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

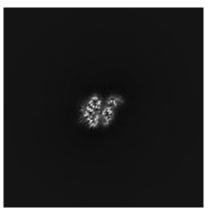
#### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 155

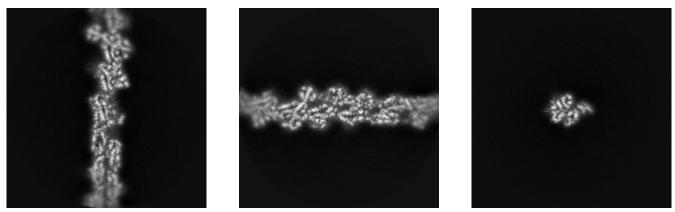


Y Index: 156



Z Index: 163

#### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 154

Y Index: 156

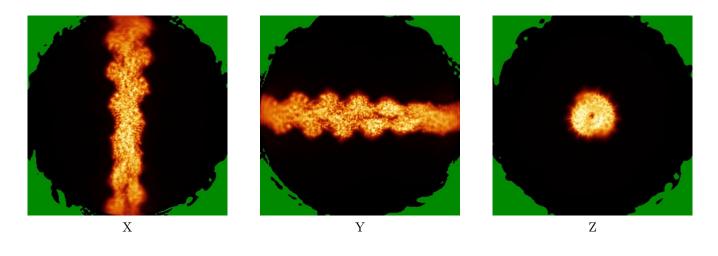


The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

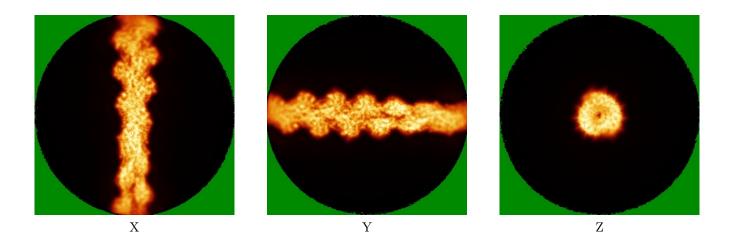


### 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

#### 6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map

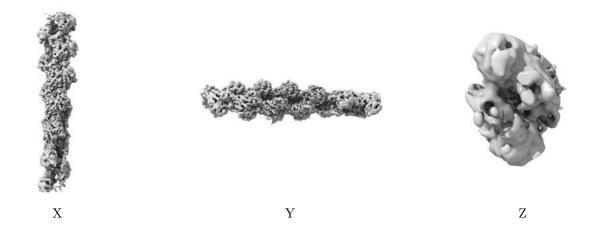


The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



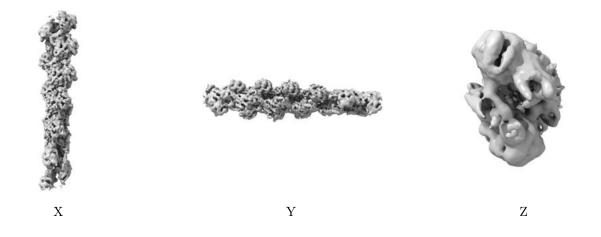
## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

#### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.08. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

#### 6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.



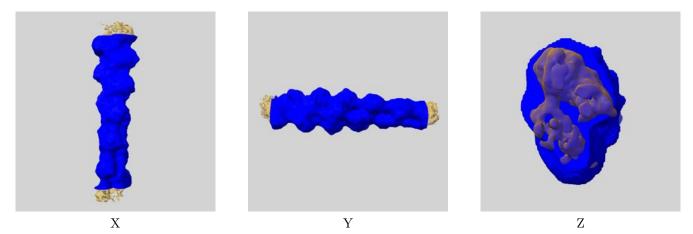
## 6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

#### 6.6.1 emd\_17979\_msk\_1.map (i)

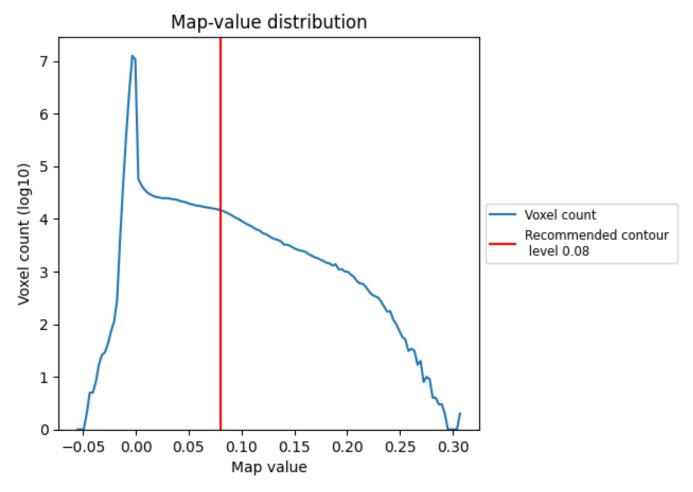




# 7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

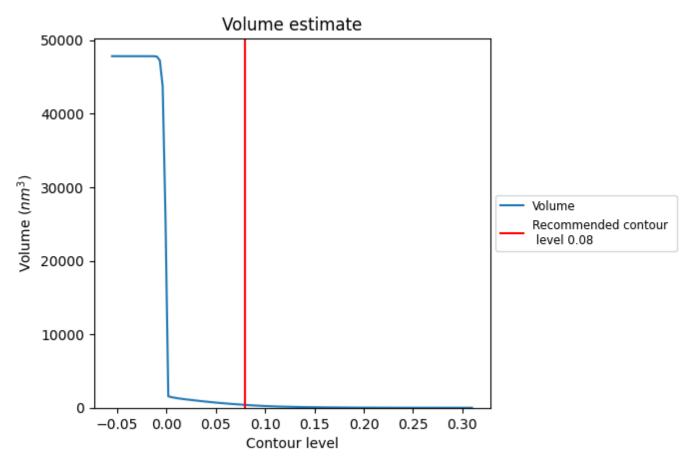
## 7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



## 7.2 Volume estimate (i)

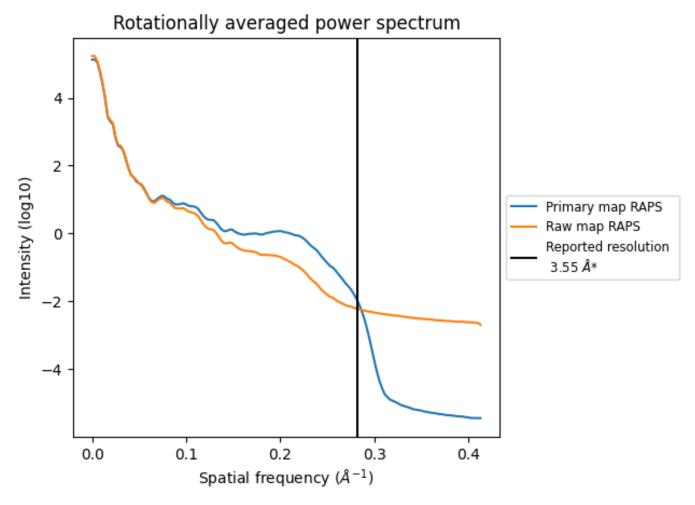


The volume at the recommended contour level is  $388 \text{ nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 351 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



## 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



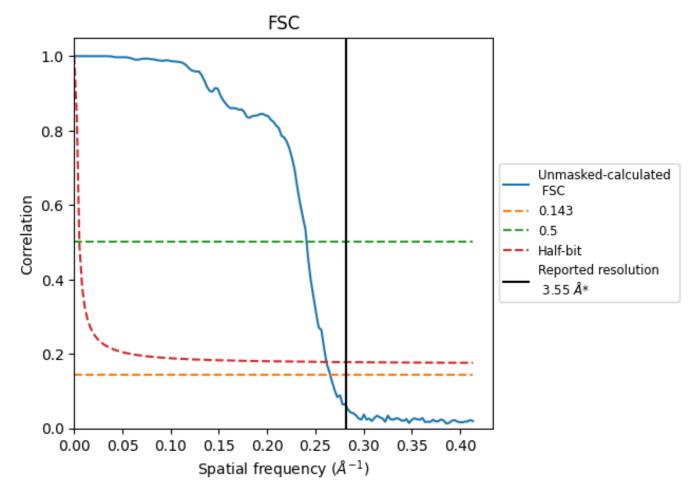
\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.282  ${\rm \AA}^{-1}$ 



## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

#### 8.1 FSC (i)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.282  ${\rm \AA^{-1}}$ 



## 8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)			
Resolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit	
Reported by author	3.55	-	-	
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-	
Unmasked-calculated*	3.77	4.15	3.83	

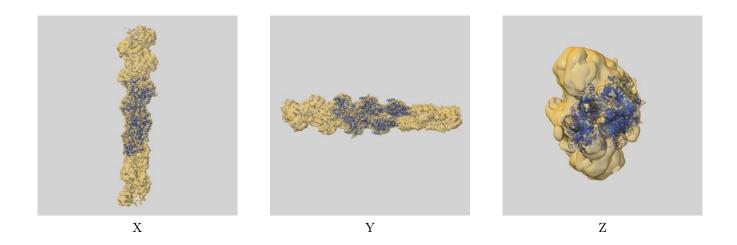
\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.



## 9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-17979 and PDB model 8PVX. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

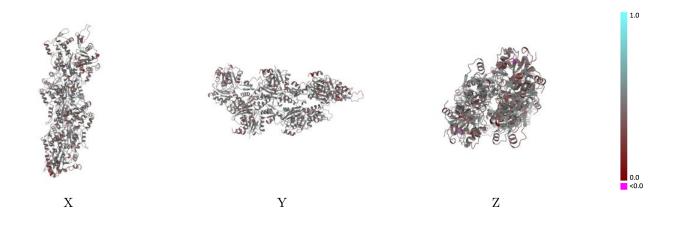
## 9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.08 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

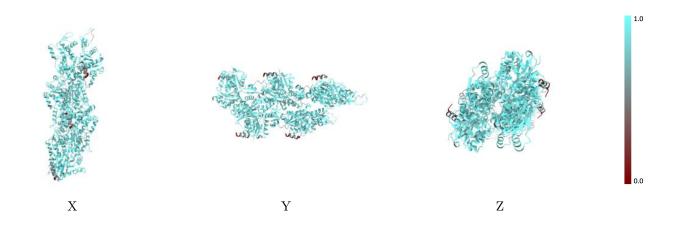


#### 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

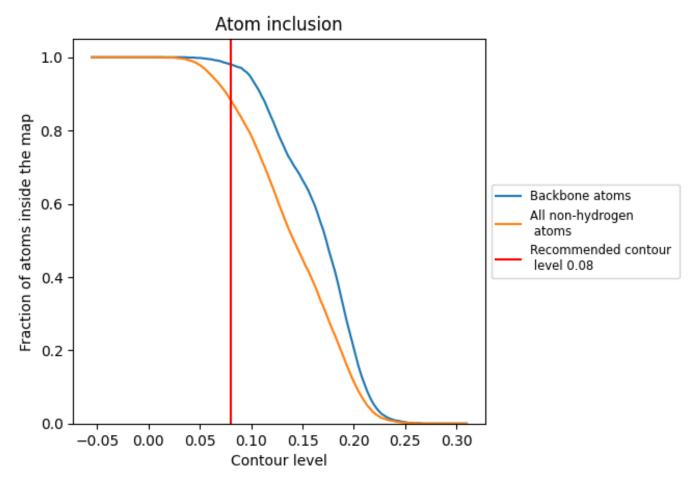
#### 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.08).



### 9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 98% of all backbone atoms, 88% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



## 9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.08) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score	1.0
All	0.8830	0.4440	]
А	0.8980	0.4420	
В	0.9010	0.4510	
С	0.9080	0.4590	
D	0.9000	0.4510	
E	0.8970	0.4370	
F	0.4200	0.2830	
G	0.3900	0.3090	
Н	0.4000	0.3700	0.0
I	0.3600	0.3480	<0.0
J	0.3200	0.3160	

