

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Aug 21, 2020 - 03:30 AM BST

PDB ID	:	6Q40
Title	:	A secreted LysM effector of the wheat pathogen Zymoseptoria tritici protects
		the fungal hyphae against chitinase hydrolysis through ligand-dependent poly- merisation of LysM homodimers
Authors	:	Mesters, J.R.; Saleem-Batcha, R.; Sanchez-Vallet, A.; Thomma, B.P.H.J.
Deposited on	:	2018-12-05
Resolution	:	2.41  Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

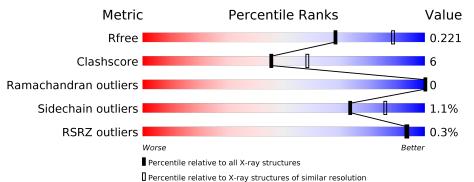
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	2.13.1
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
$\operatorname{CCP4}$	:	$7.0.044 (\mathrm{Gargrove})$
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.13.1

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.41 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries},{ m resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R <sub>free</sub>	130704	4647(2.44-2.40)
Clashscore	141614	5161(2.44-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5073(2.44-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5074(2.44-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4543 (2.44-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain	
1	А	79		94%	6%
1	В	79		92%	8%
1	С	79	%	89%	9% •
1	D	79		87%	10% ••
2	Е	3	33%	67%	



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2595 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	70	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0	0	0
	A	79	604	369	109	122	4	0		
1	В	79	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0	0
	D	19	604	369	109	122	4	0		
1	C	79	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	1	0
	U	19	612	374	112	122	4	0		0
1	п	70	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0	0
		78	599	366	108	121	4	0	0	0

• Molecule 1 is a protein called LysM domain-containing protein.

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	1	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP F9XHX3
В	1	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP F9XHX3
С	1	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP F9XHX3
D	1	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP F9XHX3

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	Е	3	Total         C         N         O           43         24         3         16	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	В	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0
3	А	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0
3	С	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	54	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{O} \\ 54 & 54 \end{array}$	0	0
4	В	32	Total         O           32         32	0	0
4	С	21	TotalO2121	0	0
4	D	23	TotalO2323	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: LysM domain-containing protein

Chain A:	94%	6%
A1 129 129 128 129 128 128 129		
• Molecule 1: LysM dor	main-containing protein	
Chain B:	92%	8%
A1 D12 V40 V40 V40 V40 V40 V40 V40		
• Molecule 1: LysM do	main-containing protein	
Chain C:	89%	9% •
A 1 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	10 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	
• Molecule 1: LysM doe	main-containing protein	
Chain D:	87%	10% •••
ALA R2 P9 L52 L52 L52 L52 L52 D74 D74 D74	2 8 6 5 5 5 1	

 $\bullet \ Molecule \ 2: \ 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose$ 

Chain E: 33% 67%



## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 61 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	119.39Å 119.39Å 157.67Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	39.45 - 2.41	Depositor
Resolution (A)	39.45 - 2.41	EDS
% Data completeness	97.1 (39.45-2.41)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	92.1 (39.45 - 2.41)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	0.08	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$3.47 (at 2.42 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX	Depositor
D D	0.180 , $0.220$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.180 , $0.221$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1219 reflections $(5.06\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	43.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.100	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.29, 38.6	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ \langle L  \rangle = 0.50, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	2595	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	55.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.28% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



 $<sup>^1 {\</sup>rm Intensities}$  estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, CL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.46	0/614	0.59	0/840	
1	В	0.44	0/614	0.62	0/840	
1	С	0.48	0/625	0.90	5/854~(0.6%)	
1	D	0.51	0/609	0.62	0/833	
All	All	0.48	0/2462	0.69	5/3367~(0.1%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	С	48	ARG	CA-CB-CG	6.23	127.11	113.40
1	С	58	ILE	CG1-CB-CG2	5.86	124.30	111.40
1	С	5	ILE	CA-CB-CG1	5.49	121.42	111.00
1	С	5	ILE	CG1-CB-CG2	5.28	123.02	111.40
1	С	48	ARG	CB-CG-CD	-5.21	98.06	111.60

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	604	0	579	5	0
1	В	604	0	579	3	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	С	612	0	592	15	0
1	D	599	0	571	16	0
2	Е	43	0	39	0	0
3	А	1	0	0	0	0
3	В	1	0	0	0	0
3	С	1	0	0	0	0
4	А	54	0	0	0	0
4	В	32	0	0	1	0
4	С	21	0	0	1	0
4	D	23	0	0	0	0
All	All	2595	0	2360	31	0

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The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (31) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

A 4 1	A.4 a.m. D	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance $(\text{\AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:C:29:LEU:HG	1:C:58:ILE:HD11	1.29	1.13
1:D:12:ASP:CG	1:D:48:ARG:NH1	2.16	0.97
1:D:12:ASP:OD2	1:D:48:ARG:NH1	1.98	0.96
1:C:29:LEU:HG	1:C:58:ILE:CD1	2.02	0.90
1:D:12:ASP:CG	1:D:48:ARG:HH12	1.82	0.80
1:B:60:ALA:O	4:B:201:HOH:O	2.02	0.76
1:A:29:LEU:HB3	1:A:43:VAL:CG2	2.28	0.63
1:A:29:LEU:HB3	1:A:43:VAL:HG23	1.79	0.63
1:C:5:ILE:HG21	1:D:9:PRO:CG	2.30	0.61
1:C:5:ILE:CG2	1:D:9:PRO:CG	2.80	0.58
1:C:5:ILE:HG23	1:D:9:PRO:HD3	1.85	0.58
1:B:12:ASP:OD2	1:B:48:ARG:HD3	2.06	0.56
1:C:29:LEU:CG	1:C:58:ILE:HD11	2.20	0.56
1:C:5:ILE:HG21	1:D:9:PRO:HG3	1.89	0.54
1:C:5:ILE:CG2	1:D:9:PRO:HD3	2.37	0.53
1:C:58:ILE:HD13	4:C:210:HOH:O	2.10	0.51
1:D:74:ASP:OD2	1:D:77:SER:HB3	2.14	0.48
1:C:5:ILE:CG2	1:D:9:PRO:CD	2.92	0.47
1:A:48:ARG:HH11	1:A:48:ARG:HG2	1.79	0.46
1:C:58:ILE:HG23	1:C:64:TYR:CE2	2.51	0.45
1:D:74:ASP:OD1	1:D:77:SER:HB3	2.16	0.45
1:D:47:ALA:HA	1:D:52:LEU:HD12	1.97	0.45
1:A:75:ARG:HD2	1:C:75[B]:ARG:CZ	2.46	0.45

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Atom-1	Atom-2	${f Interatomic}\ {f distance}\ ({ m \AA})$	$f Clash \ overlap \ ({ m \AA})$
1:B:37:TYR:O	1:B:40:VAL:HG22	2.18	0.43
1:C:5:ILE:CG2	1:D:9:PRO:HG3	2.47	0.42
1:A:29:LEU:HG	1:A:58:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.42
1:D:12:ASP:CB	1:D:48:ARG:NH1	2.81	0.42
1:C:29:LEU:HD23	1:C:29:LEU:HA	1.78	0.41
1:D:74:ASP:CG	1:D:77:SER:HB3	2.41	0.41
1:D:57:ARG:O	1:D:58:ILE:HD13	2.21	0.41
1:C:37:TYR:O	1:C:40:VAL:HG22	2.22	0.40

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There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	77/79~(98%)	74 (96%)	3~(4%)	0	100	100
1	В	77/79~(98%)	74 (96%)	3~(4%)	0	100	100
1	С	78/79~(99%)	74~(95%)	4(5%)	0	100	100
1	D	76/79~(96%)	73~(96%)	3~(4%)	0	100	100
All	All	308/316~(98%)	295~(96%)	13~(4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	А	67/67~(100%)	67~(100%)	0	100	100	
1	В	67/67~(100%)	66~(98%)	1 (2%)	65	79	
1	С	68/67~(102%)	67~(98%)	1 (2%)	65	79	
1	D	67/67~(100%)	66~(98%)	1 (2%)	65	79	
All	All	269/268~(100%)	266~(99%)	3 (1%)	73	86	

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	31	LYS
1	С	39	ASP
1	D	48	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	51	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

3 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol Type Chain R		Res Link		Bond lengths			Bond angles			
	Type	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAG	Е	1	2	$15,\!15,\!15$	0.25	0	$21,\!21,\!21$	0.71	1 (4%)
2	NAG	Е	2	2	14,14,15	1.12	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.42	0
2	NAG	Е	3	2	14, 14, 15	0.46	0	17,19,21	0.48	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	Ε	1	2	-	0/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	Е	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	Е	3	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	Е	2	NAG	O5-C1	-4.08	1.37	1.43

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	Е	1	NAG	O4-C4-C5	-2.16	103.92	109.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

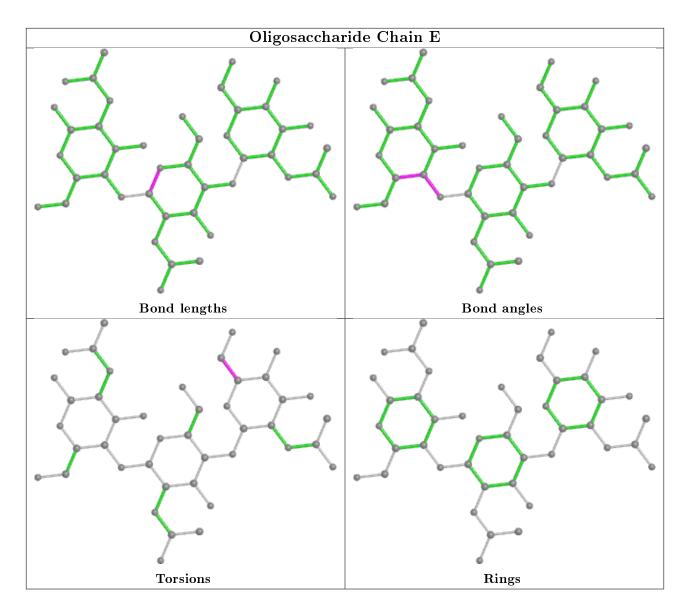
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	Е	3	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	3	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.



## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# RSRZ {>}2$	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	$Q{<}0.9$
1	А	79/79~(100%)	-0.53	0 100 100	30,42,65,79	0
1	В	79/79~(100%)	-0.64	0 100 100	31,  48,  70,  78	0
1	С	79/79~(100%)	-0.38	1 (1%) 77 75	35, 57, 108, 130	0
1	D	78/79~(98%)	-0.43	0 100 100	37,  59,  97,  131	0
All	All	315/316~(99%)	-0.50	1 (0%) 94 93	30,51,93,131	0

All (1) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	С	3	ASN	2.2

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

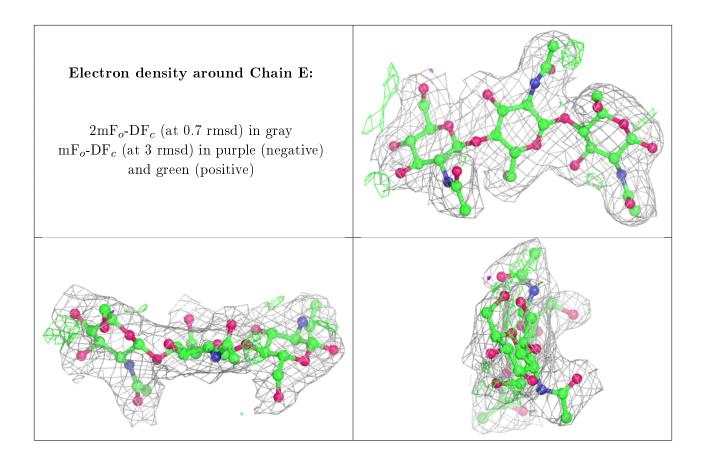
#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	$Q{<}0.9$
2	NAG	Е	3	14/15	0.97	0.10	$53,\!59,\!65,\!72$	0
2	NAG	Е	1	15/15	0.97	0.11	42,49,61,65	0
2	NAG	Е	2	14/15	0.97	0.10	$39,\!48,\!55,\!57$	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	CL	С	101	1/1	0.95	0.08	$66,\!66,\!66,\!66$	0
3	CL	В	104	1/1	0.98	0.08	$53,\!53,\!53,\!53$	0
3	CL	А	101	1/1	0.99	0.09	$47,\!47,\!47,\!47$	0

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

