

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 22, 2024 – 08:57 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	4Q70
Title	:	Light Harvesting Protein Phycocyanin in high resolution using a femtosecond
		X-Ray laser
Authors	:	Fromme, R.; Roy-Chowdhury, S.; Basu, S.; Yoon, C.; Fromme, P.
Deposited on	:	2014-04-23
Resolution	:	1.85 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

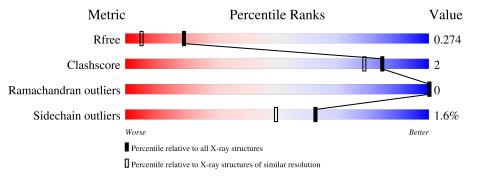
MolProbity Mogul	:	4.02b-467 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)		
EDS	:	2.37.1
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\hbox{-}RAY\,DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R _{free}	130704	2469 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	141614	2625 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2592 (1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2592 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	162	97%	•
2	В	172	94%	6%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5409 atoms, of which 2594 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

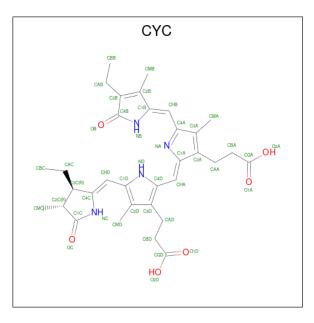
• Molecule 1 is a protein called C-phycocyanin alpha chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues			Atom	IS			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	А	162	Total 2427	С 771	Н 1203	N 205	0 241	${f S} 7$	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called C-phycocyanin beta chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues			Atom	IS			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	172	Total 2550	C 789	Н 1277	N 228	0 248	S 8	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is PHYCOCYANOBILIN (three-letter code: CYC) (formula: $C_{33}H_{40}N_4O_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	
9	٨	1	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	0	0	
0	3 A	1	81	33	38	4	6	0	0	
2	P	1	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	0	0	
0	D	1	81	33	38	4	6	0		

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
2	Р	1	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	0	0
0	D		81	33	38	4	6	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

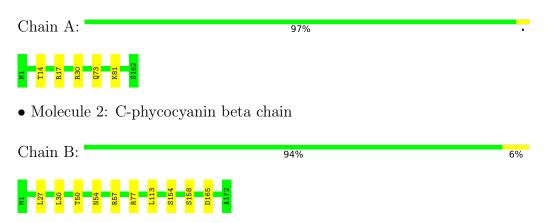
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	96	Total O 96 96	0	0
4	В	93	Total O 93 93	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: C-phycocyanin alpha chain





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3 2	Depositor
Cell constants	192.80Å 192.80Å 62.50Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	36.44 - 1.85	Depositor
Resolution (A)	36.44 - 1.64	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (36.44 - 1.85)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	90.8(36.44-1.64)	EDS
R _{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.60 (at 1.64 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.9_1675	Depositor
D D.	0.204 , 0.275	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.209 , 0.274	DCC
R_{free} test set	2650 reflections $(5.03%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	12.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.041	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32 , 71.5	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ \langle L \rangle = 0.33, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.16$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	5409	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	29.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.72% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CYC, MEN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.71	0/1246	0.70	0/1691	
2	В	0.62	0/1277	0.66	0/1729	
All	All	0.67	0/2523	0.68	0/3420	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1224	1203	1202	4	0
2	В	1273	1277	1275	6	1
3	А	43	38	37	1	1
3	В	86	76	73	3	0
4	А	96	0	0	3	0
4	В	93	0	0	4	0
All	All	2815	2594	2587	12	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 12 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)	
2:B:77:ARG:NH1	4:B:374:HOH:O	2.16	0.75	
2:B:165:ASP:OD2	4:B:318:HOH:O	2.04	0.75	
1:A:17:ARG:NH1	4:A:305:HOH:O	2.11	0.74	
2:B:113:LEU:HD13	3:B:201:CYC:HMB3	1.73	0.69	
2:B:54:ASN:OD1	4:B:379:HOH:O	2.13	0.66	

clash magnitude.

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:57:ARG:HH11	3:A:201:CYC:O1D[5_554]	1.60	0.00

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	160/162~(99%)	157 (98%)	3~(2%)	0	100 100
2	В	169/172~(98%)	167 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100 100
All	All	329/334~(98%)	324 (98%)	5(2%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Rotameric Outliers	
1	А	123/123~(100%)	122~(99%)	1 (1%)	81 76
2	В	127/127~(100%)	124 (98%)	3~(2%)	49 33
All	All	250/250~(100%)	246~(98%)	4(2%)	62 49

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	14	THR
2	В	50	THR
2	В	154	SER
2	В	158	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	gths	Bond angles				
	Mol Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	MEN	В	72	2	7,8,9	1.11	0	6, 9, 11	0.76	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	MEN	В	72	2	-	2/7/8/10	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	72	MEN	CA-CB-CG-OD1
2	В	72	MEN	CA-CB-CG-ND2

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Cl	Chain	Res	Link	B	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
NIOI	туре	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
3	CYC	В	201	2	42,46,46	1.99	12 (28%)	50,67,67	1.34	5 (10%)	
3	CYC	В	202	2	42,46,46	2.04	12 (28%)	50,67,67	1.24	4 (8%)	
3	CYC	А	201	1	42,46,46	1.87	14 (33%)	50,67,67	1.42	5 (10%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	CYC	В	201	2	-	6/25/74/74	0/4/4/4
3	CYC	В	202	2	-	10/25/74/74	0/4/4/4
3	CYC	А	201	1	-	10/25/74/74	0/4/4/4

The worst 5 of 38 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
3	В	202	CYC	CBD-CGD	5.12	1.62	1.50
3	В	201	CYC	CHB-C4A	4.62	1.51	1.40
3	В	201	CYC	C1B-C2B	4.57	1.53	1.45
3	В	201	CYC	C1A-NA	4.24	1.47	1.38
3	В	202	CYC	C1A-NA	4.14	1.47	1.38

The worst 5 of 14 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	А	201	CYC	CMA-C3A-C4A	4.90	132.61	125.06
3	В	201	CYC	CHD-C4C-NC	4.60	130.68	125.20
3	В	202	CYC	CMA-C3A-C4A	4.14	131.43	125.06
3	В	202	CYC	CHB-C4A-NA	-2.62	119.46	124.93
3	В	201	CYC	CMA-C3A-C4A	2.58	129.04	125.06

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 26 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	А	201	CYC	NA-C4A-CHB-C1B
3	А	201	CYC	C3A-C4A-CHB-C1B
3	А	201	CYC	C4C-C3C-CAC-CBC
3	А	201	CYC	NC-C4C-CHD-C1D
3	А	201	CYC	C2D-C1D-CHD-C4C

There are no ring outliers.

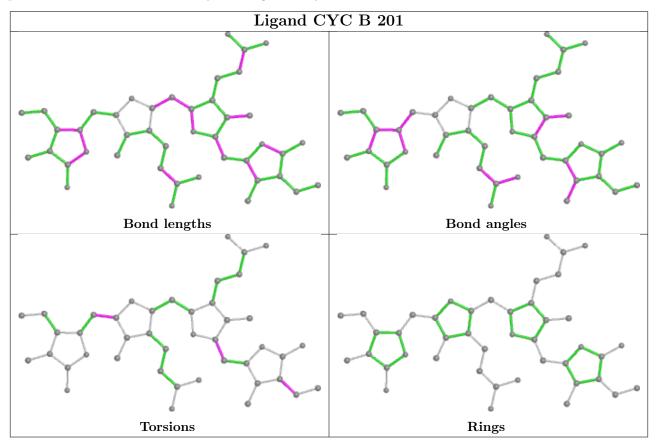
2 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	В	201	CYC	3	0
3	А	201	CYC	1	1

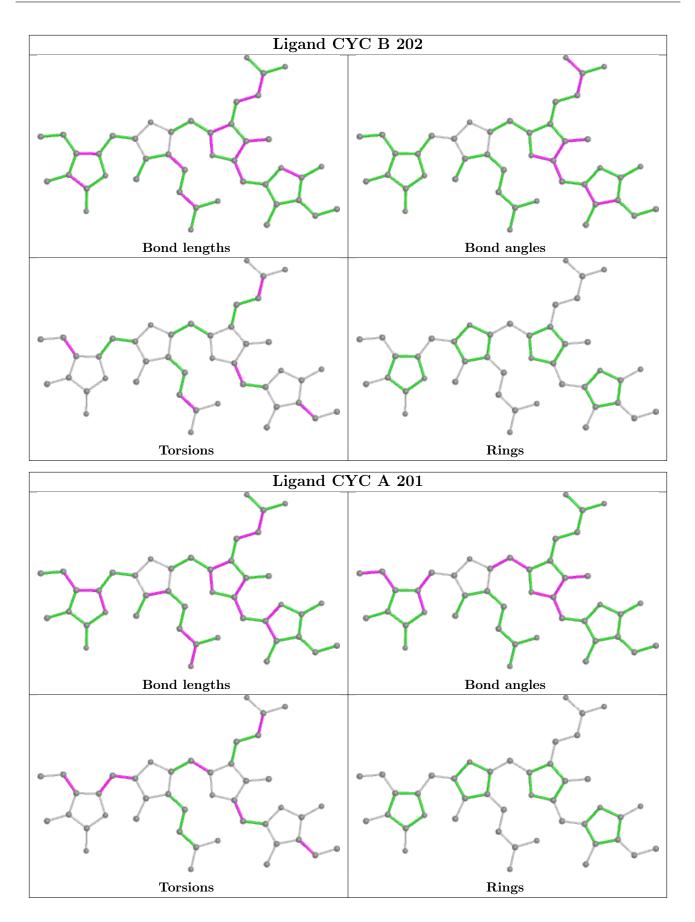
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In



addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

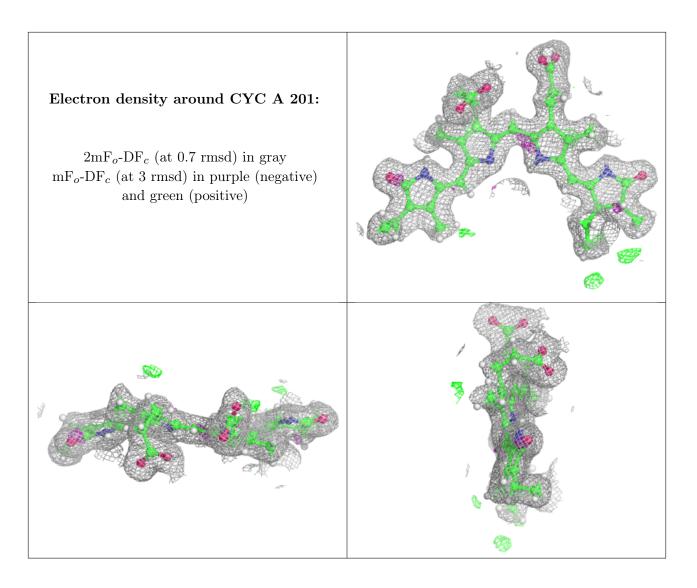
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

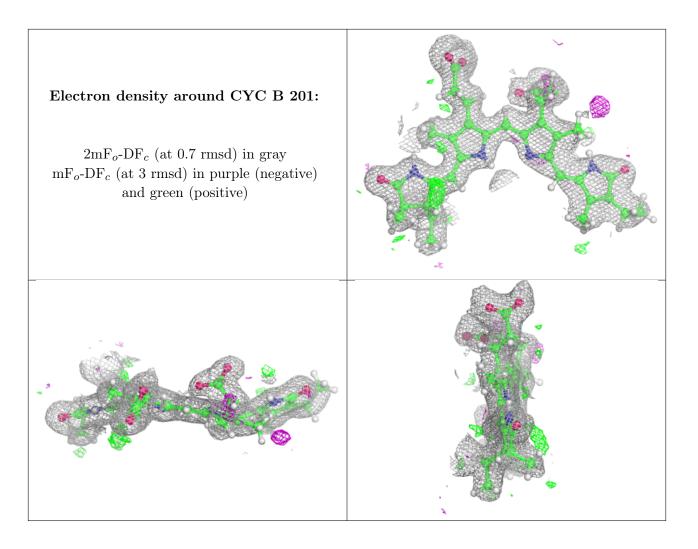
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



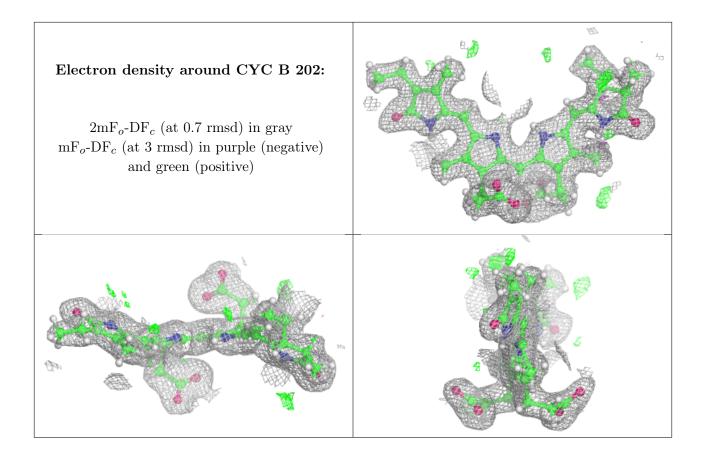












6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

