



# Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

May 20, 2024 – 02:30 pm BST

PDB ID : 8Q7W  
EMDB ID : EMD-18235  
Title : Structure of the recycling U5 snRNP bound to chaperone CD2BP2 (State 3)  
Authors : Riabov Bassat, D.; Plaschka, C.; Vorlaender, M.K.  
Deposited on : 2023-08-17  
Resolution : 3.90 Å (reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

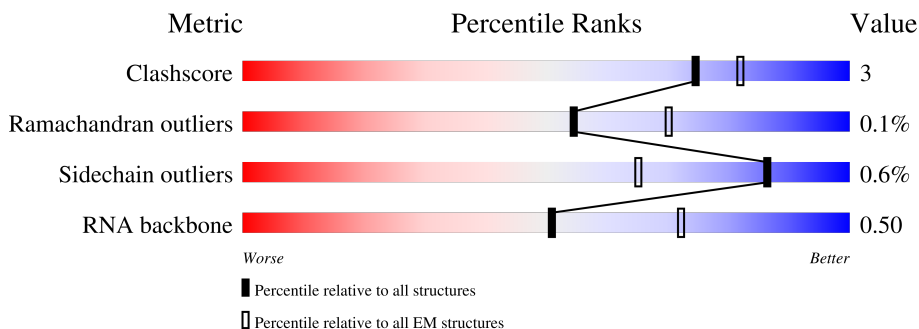
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev92  
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
MapQ : 1.9.13  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  
*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826
RNA backbone	4643	859

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	5	117	
2	A	2335	
3	B	2136	
4	C	972	
5	D	357	
6	E	820	
7	F	941	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
8	G	343	
9	a	119	
10	b	240	
11	c	118	
12	d	126	
13	e	92	
14	f	86	
15	g	76	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 17 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 57834 atoms, of which 26564 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called U5 snRNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	P		
1	5	104	3301	983	1109	372	734	103	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Pre-mRNA-processing-splicing factor 8.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S		
2	A	1645	27194	8822	13524	2388	2397	63	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called U5 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein 200 kDa helicase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S		
3	B	28	432	128	223	39	40	2	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a protein called 116 kDa U5 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein component.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S		
4	C	846	13374	4268	6698	1121	1254	33	0	0

- Molecule 5 is a protein called U5 small nuclear ribonucleoprotein 40 kDa protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O		
5	D	306	2193	894	686	306	307	0	0

- Molecule 6 is a protein called Probable ATP-dependent RNA helicase DDX23.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S		
6	E	529	4482	1734	1609	568	570	1	0	0

- Molecule 7 is a protein called Pre-mRNA-processing factor 6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
7	F	23	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			173	69	58	23	23		

- Molecule 8 is a protein called CD2 antigen cytoplasmic tail-binding protein 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace	
8	G	129	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1983	615	983	182	199	4		

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
G	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O95400
G	0	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP O95400

- Molecule 9 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein Sm D1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
9	a	81	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			567	239	166	81	81		

- Molecule 10 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein-associated proteins B and B'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
10	b	73	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			511	214	151	73	73		

- Molecule 11 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein Sm D2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
11	c	98	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			688	291	201	98	98		

- Molecule 12 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein Sm D3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace	
12	d	82	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1312	406	666	114	120	6		

- Molecule 13 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein E.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O		
13	e	77	541	227	160	77	77	0	0

- Molecule 14 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein F.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O		
14	f	73	513	210	157	73	73	0	0

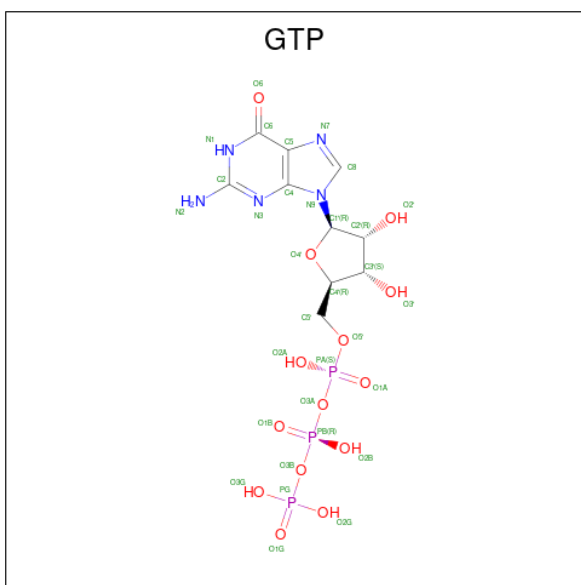
- Molecule 15 is a protein called Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein G.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O		
15	g	74	525	215	161	74	75	0	0

- Molecule 16 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
16	C	1	Total Mg 1 1	0

- Molecule 17 is GUANOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GTP) (formula: C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>14</sub>P<sub>3</sub>) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



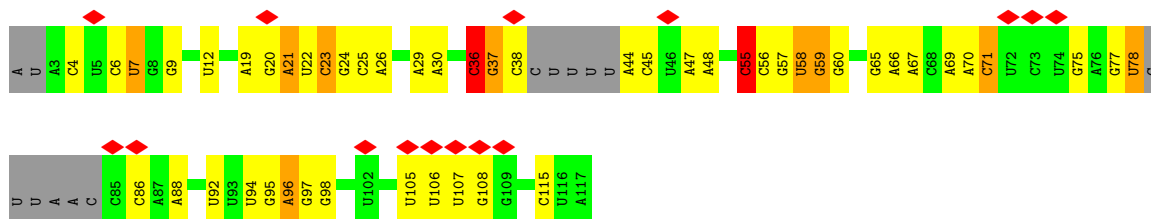
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf
			Total	C	H	N	O	P	
17	C	1	44	10	12	5	14	3	0

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

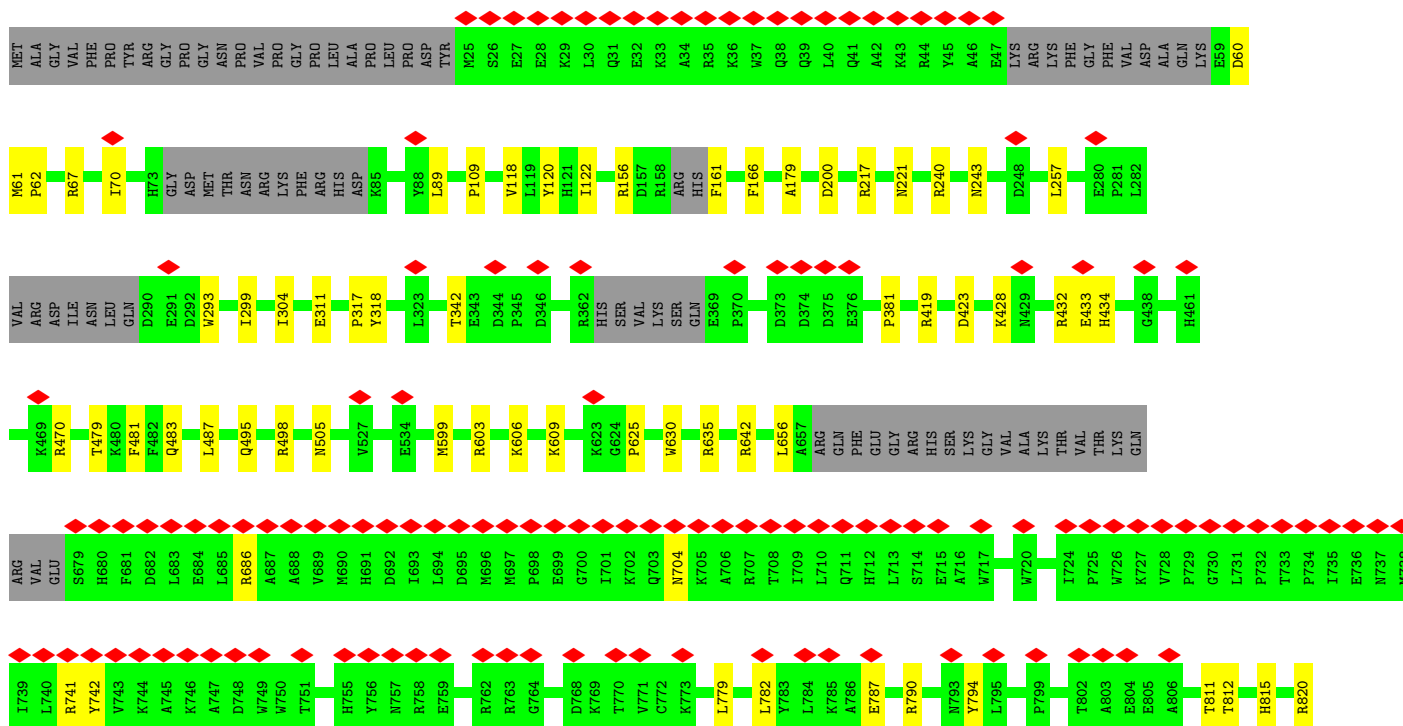
- Molecule 1: U5 snRNA

Chain 5: 



- Molecule 2: Pre-mRNA-processing-splicing factor 8

Chain A: 





R821	L985	Y1043	M1184	Q1399	F1490	L1557	M1637	M1710	GLN
F822	Y906	L1046	R1195	N1400	K1491	T1558	M1638	L1711	ILE
S823	P907	L1047	R1196	R1401	Y1494	G1559	V1639	H1712	TRP
P824	Y908	M1048	T1202	R1402	F1495	I1560	S1640	S1713	PHE
I825	P913	D1049	T1203	L1403	P1496	F1561	I1641	A1714	VAL
P829	L914	L1050	Y1204	E1406	L1497	K1565	S1642	M1717	THR
L830	E915	L1055	E1205	E1409	W1498	T1568	S1643	M1718	ALA
S831	K916	H1056	E1206	D1410	E1499	I1576	L1644	F1719	GLN
Y832	I917	R1057	F1207	D1413	L1501	Q1575	D1647	G1721	VAL
K833	T918	G1063	T1208	R1414	F1502	I1577	S1648	K1723	ARG
I840	Y821	P1065	H1209	R1417	W1504	W1582	D1650	P1724	THR
L843	Y925	Q1066	W1214	P1417	K1505	I1585	V1651	L1725	LYS
E844	Y925	D1070	M1215	R1418	ALA	S1588	M1652	I1726	THR
R845	Y928	L1072	E1219	R1419	SER	I1589	D1653	Q1727	GLU
L846	Y928	F1074	V1220	I1419	GLY	T1590	S1654	Q1728	GLU
K847	D931	S1073	R1224	L1422	PHE	M1591	T1655	A1731	ASN
E948	P942	F1074	G1228	F1423	GLU	M1592	T1656	K1732	THR
Y850	L962	Q1075	F1229	Q1424	GLU	M1593	K1659	I1733	LYS
S851	L965	A1078	L1230	D1426	TRP	L1594	W1661	M1734	PRO
V852	Y965	E1080	M1237	R1427	LYS	L1599	I1662	K1735	LEU
K853	G971	A1081	M1242	Y1432	THR	Q1595	Q1665	A1736	ASN
S854	N974	A1082	R1243	R1437	ASN	V1596	R1666	L1740	ALA
R855	Y975	I1085	Q1245	L1447	GLN	F1597	D1672	Y1741	ILE
Q858	E978	R1086	Q1246	L1448	ALA	D1598	S1673	V1742	PHE
R861	S979	L1087	I1247	K1449	ARG	Q1599	D1674	R1743	ILE
E862	R980	R1094	V1260	L1448	GLY	E1600	H1674	K1744	THR
L864	E866	F1098	M1264	K1449	LEU	L1601	D1675	E1745	PRO
I867	R987	F1099	T1272	Q1450	M1527	L1602	I1676	R1748	THR
Y871	I988	R1100	T1272	N1451	Q1528	A1603	I1677	K1749	GLY
D872	R989	R1109	R1275	P1452	I1529	E1605	R1678	G1750	ASN
N873	L996	L1109	M1280	F1453	P1530	E1606	Y1679	L1751	GLN
E876	L997	D1119	M1280	W1454	M1531	I1607	A1680	Q1752	PHE
R880	R998	N1124	M1284	W1455	R1532	E1608	A1681	L1753	LEU
I881	N1004	R1136	L1284	T1456	R1533	T1608	R1682	Y1754	LEU
K882	I1005	D1137	L1285	R1459	F1534	K1611	A1682	S1755	THR
R883	I1005	A1138	L1288	H1460	T1535	E1612	L1536	GLU	PRO
L886	K1012	A1138	V1289	D1461	W1537	T1613	M1543	PRO	THR
A890	V1016	N1148	V1289	L1464	M1544	T1614	R1544	GLU	THR
E893	I1031	A1152	E1292	W1466	A1545	S1619	M1546	PRO	GLU
V894	R1032	F1174	M1293	L1467	M1546	M1622	F1551	THR	ALA
M899	G1033	Y1178	I1295	N1468	G1550	S1625	Q1552	LYS	ARG
D900	L1034	S1179	Q1296	I1475	F1551	I1629	Q1554	GLY	GLN
S903	A1037	K1180	I1299	G1479	Q1552	L1630	Q1554	P1697	GLY
H904	S1038	F1039	G1302	G1480	L1555	L1631	L1555	P1698	THR
	F1039	L1303	L1303	V1481	D1556	A1633	D1556	A1704	GLN
				I1397		S1634		I1705	THR
				A1398		Y1635		D1706	ARG
						K1636		Y1709	ARG



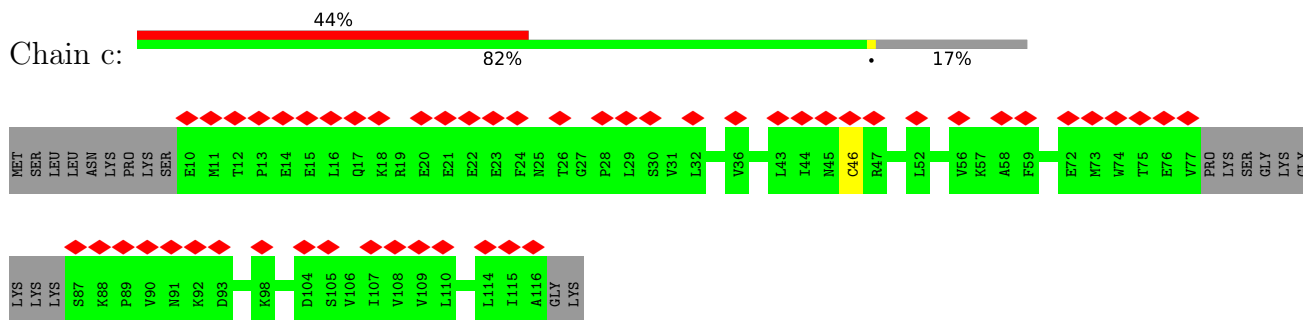




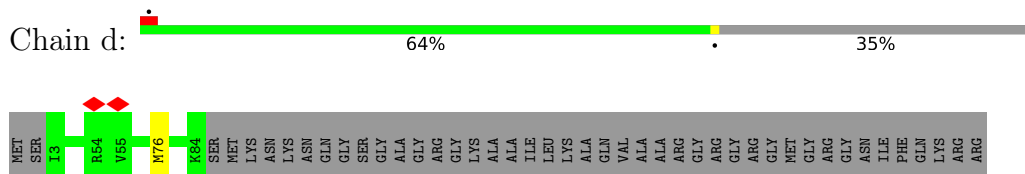




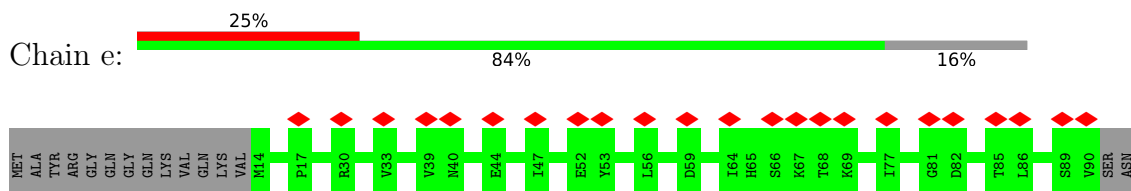




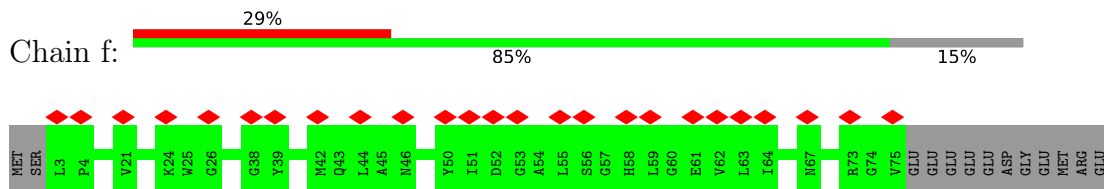
• Molecule 12: Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein Sm D3



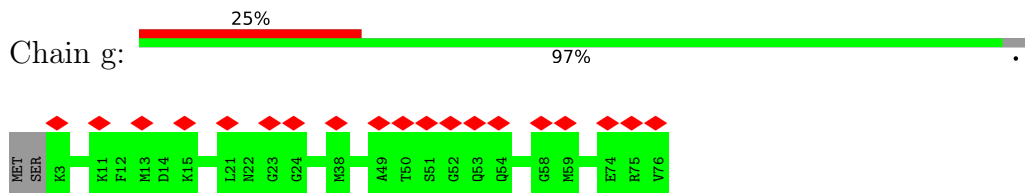
• Molecule 13: Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein E



• Molecule 14: Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein F



• Molecule 15: Small nuclear ribonucleoprotein G





## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	5636	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	40	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	1.428	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.654	Depositor
Average map value	0.003	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.042	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.26	Depositor
Map size ( $\text{\AA}$ )	446.4, 446.4, 446.4	wwPDB
Map dimensions	360, 360, 360	wwPDB
Map angles ( $^\circ$ )	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ( $\text{\AA}$ )	1.24, 1.24, 1.24	Depositor

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GTP, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	5	0.31	0/2444	1.15	18/3798 (0.5%)
2	A	0.26	0/14051	0.47	0/19064
3	B	0.23	0/210	0.58	0/278
4	C	0.32	0/6826	0.56	3/9272 (0.0%)
5	D	0.28	0/1506	0.58	0/2091
6	E	0.32	0/2878	0.53	0/3961
7	F	0.23	0/114	0.39	0/158
8	G	0.25	0/1010	0.52	0/1359
9	a	0.25	0/400	0.59	1/556 (0.2%)
10	b	0.25	0/358	0.52	0/495
11	c	0.25	0/485	0.57	0/674
12	d	0.30	0/654	0.50	0/881
13	e	0.31	0/380	0.57	0/528
14	f	0.28	0/355	0.62	0/490
15	g	0.24	0/363	0.54	0/501
All	All	0.28	0/32034	0.60	22/44106 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	A	0	2
11	c	0	1
All	All	0	3

There are no bond length outliers.

All (22) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	5	23	C	C2-N1-C1'	11.51	131.47	118.80
1	5	23	C	N1-C2-O2	9.22	124.43	118.90
1	5	57	G	O4'-C1'-N9	9.16	115.53	108.20
1	5	23	C	C6-N1-C1'	-8.05	111.14	120.80
1	5	23	C	C6-N1-C2	-7.27	117.39	120.30
1	5	23	C	N3-C2-O2	-7.03	116.98	121.90
1	5	23	C	C5-C6-N1	6.72	124.36	121.00
1	5	36	C	N1-C2-O2	6.62	122.88	118.90
4	C	730	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	6.47	123.54	120.30
9	a	69	ILE	C-N-CA	6.04	136.79	121.70
4	C	711	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.90	123.25	120.30
1	5	96	A	C2-N3-C4	5.82	113.51	110.60
1	5	36	C	C6-N1-C2	-5.75	118.00	120.30
1	5	55	C	N1-C2-O2	5.54	122.23	118.90
1	5	115	C	C2-N1-C1'	5.54	124.89	118.80
1	5	71	C	C2-N1-C1'	5.43	124.77	118.80
1	5	36	C	N3-C2-O2	-5.34	118.16	121.90
1	5	115	C	N1-C2-O2	5.28	122.07	118.90
4	C	775	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.21	122.90	120.30
1	5	7	U	N1-C2-O2	5.19	126.43	122.80
1	5	96	A	N3-C4-N9	5.06	131.45	127.40
1	5	56	C	N1-C2-O2	5.03	121.92	118.90

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	A	1205	GLU	Peptide
2	A	166	PHE	Peptide
11	c	46	CYS	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	5	2192	1109	1111	12	0
2	A	13670	13524	13515	106	0
3	B	209	223	223	5	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	C	6676	6698	6697	45	0
5	D	1507	686	685	4	0
6	E	2873	1609	1603	7	0
7	F	115	58	57	0	0
8	G	1000	983	980	10	0
9	a	401	166	165	0	0
10	b	360	151	149	0	0
11	c	487	201	199	0	0
12	d	646	666	665	0	0
13	e	381	160	159	0	0
14	f	356	157	156	0	0
15	g	364	161	160	0	0
16	C	1	0	0	0	0
17	C	32	12	12	2	0
All	All	31270	26564	26536	169	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (169) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:C:143:THR:HG22	17:C:1101:GTP:O2B	1.81	0.81
1:5:12:U:H3	1:5:65:G:H1	1.37	0.73
2:A:1087:LEU:HB2	2:A:1098:PHE:HB3	1.72	0.70
1:5:36:C:C2	1:5:44:A:N6	2.62	0.68
2:A:974:ASN:HB2	2:A:1178:TYR:HB3	1.77	0.67
2:A:1184:ASN:HD22	2:A:1195:ARG:HH21	1.43	0.65
4:C:142:LYS:HE2	17:C:1101:GTP:O1G	2.01	0.61
4:C:476:CYS:HB2	4:C:565:ILE:HB	1.82	0.60
2:A:428:LYS:O	2:A:432:ARG:HB2	2.03	0.59
2:A:1272:THR:O	2:A:1275:ARG:NH2	2.36	0.58
2:A:1242:ASN:OD1	2:A:1245:ARG:NH1	2.37	0.58
2:A:1437:ARG:NH2	2:A:1455:TRP:O	2.36	0.58
2:A:843:LEU:HD22	2:A:867:ILE:HG23	1.86	0.58
2:A:293:TRP:HH2	2:A:299:ILE:HG12	1.69	0.58
2:A:980:ARG:HH11	2:A:1094:ARG:HD2	1.68	0.58
2:A:1289:VAL:HG21	3:B:42:SER:HA	1.84	0.58
2:A:606:LYS:O	2:A:609:LYS:HB3	2.05	0.57
6:E:307:ILE:HB	6:E:312:GLN:HE21	1.69	0.57
2:A:60:ASP:O	8:G:176:ARG:NH2	2.38	0.57

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:1237:MET:HG2	2:A:1284:LEU:HD13	1.87	0.57
2:A:1214:TRP:HB2	2:A:1228:CYS:HB3	1.86	0.56
1:5:19:A:N3	1:5:21:A:N6	2.53	0.56
2:A:200:ASP:OD1	2:A:240:ARG:NH1	2.40	0.54
2:A:70:ILE:HG21	2:A:495:GLN:HG2	1.89	0.54
2:A:1532:ARG:HD2	8:G:105:GLY:HA3	1.89	0.54
4:C:159:LYS:HE2	4:C:164:ASP:HA	1.88	0.54
2:A:1667:ARG:NH1	2:A:1673:SER:OG	2.41	0.53
1:5:55:C:OP2	2:A:470:ARG:NH1	2.41	0.53
4:C:614:TYR:OH	4:C:643:ASP:OD2	2.27	0.53
2:A:1676:ILE:HD13	2:A:1706:ASP:HB2	1.90	0.53
2:A:1640:SER:O	2:A:1717:ASN:ND2	2.41	0.53
4:C:177:ARG:NH1	4:C:638:ASP:OD2	2.42	0.53
1:5:77:G:O2'	5:D:182:ARG:O	2.21	0.53
2:A:1543:ASN:HD21	2:A:1562:MET:HA	1.74	0.53
2:A:986:GLU:OE2	2:A:1032:ARG:NH1	2.41	0.53
4:C:277:LYS:NZ	4:C:864:PRO:O	2.38	0.53
4:C:183:SER:HA	4:C:204:ASP:O	2.09	0.53
2:A:975:VAL:HB	2:A:1099:PHE:HB2	1.90	0.52
8:G:152:MET:O	8:G:212:ARG:NH1	2.43	0.52
2:A:812:THR:HG23	2:A:1055:LEU:HD11	1.91	0.52
5:D:160:ALA:HB3	5:D:166:LEU:H	1.74	0.52
2:A:1417:PRO:HB3	2:A:1461:ASP:HA	1.92	0.52
2:A:1124:ASN:ND2	2:A:1148:ASN:OD1	2.40	0.52
2:A:1138:ALA:O	2:A:1184:ASN:ND2	2.42	0.52
2:A:1332:HIS:HB3	3:B:41:LEU:HB2	1.91	0.52
2:A:479:THR:HG22	2:A:481:PHE:H	1.74	0.52
4:C:677:GLU:O	4:C:814:ARG:NH1	2.43	0.52
2:A:1661:TRP:HD1	2:A:1697:SER:HB3	1.75	0.52
4:C:919:ARG:NH2	4:C:922:GLU:OE1	2.42	0.52
8:G:82:GLU:HG2	8:G:87:ILE:HD11	1.92	0.52
4:C:182:LYS:NZ	4:C:214:GLU:OE2	2.39	0.51
2:A:893:GLU:HG2	2:A:1016:VAL:HB	1.93	0.51
6:E:546:VAL:O	6:E:602:THR:HA	2.11	0.51
2:A:217:ARG:NH2	2:A:221:ASN:O	2.41	0.51
2:A:1332:HIS:HD2	3:B:41:LEU:HD12	1.76	0.51
4:C:853:ARG:NH2	4:C:879:ASP:O	2.43	0.51
2:A:67:ARG:HD3	2:A:179:ALA:HB2	1.92	0.51
4:C:683:ASN:OD1	4:C:683:ASN:N	2.44	0.51
2:A:304:ILE:HD13	4:C:921:LEU:HA	1.93	0.50
2:A:1494:TYR:HB2	2:A:1744:ARG:HD3	1.92	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
8:G:120:LEU:HD12	8:G:123:ILE:HD11	1.93	0.50
2:A:118:VAL:HG21	2:A:487:LEU:HD12	1.93	0.50
2:A:1136:ARG:NH1	6:E:254:TYR:O	2.42	0.50
2:A:381:PRO:O	4:C:354:ARG:NH1	2.45	0.50
4:C:166:CYS:HB3	4:C:169:ASP:HB2	1.92	0.50
4:C:799:GLU:HB2	4:C:802:HIS:HD2	1.77	0.50
2:A:433:GLU:O	2:A:434:HIS:ND1	2.45	0.50
2:A:1554:GLN:HE21	2:A:1559:GLY:HA2	1.77	0.49
2:A:1418:ARG:HH11	2:A:1464:LEU:HA	1.77	0.49
2:A:1422:LEU:O	2:A:1427:ARG:NH2	2.45	0.49
8:G:102:ASP:OD1	8:G:106:ASN:N	2.42	0.49
8:G:92:LEU:HD13	8:G:101:PHE:HE2	1.78	0.49
2:A:899:MET:HB3	2:A:906:VAL:HG13	1.95	0.49
4:C:343:LEU:HD13	4:C:373:ILE:HD11	1.94	0.49
2:A:1310:ARG:HG2	3:B:37:THR:HA	1.95	0.49
4:C:853:ARG:NH1	4:C:886:ASP:OD2	2.42	0.49
4:C:134:LEU:HD13	4:C:202:ILE:HG23	1.94	0.48
2:A:1555:LEU:HA	8:G:88:THR:HB	1.94	0.48
4:C:192:ASP:OD1	4:C:196:LYS:N	2.44	0.48
4:C:107:GLN:HE22	4:C:540:GLU:H	1.62	0.48
1:5:78:U:OP1	5:D:182:ARG:O	2.31	0.48
2:A:61:MET:SD	2:A:120:TYR:OH	2.72	0.47
2:A:1230:LEU:O	2:A:1280:ASN:ND2	2.46	0.47
4:C:396:LEU:HD13	4:C:403:LEU:HD13	1.96	0.47
8:G:165:LEU:O	8:G:222:ARG:NH2	2.47	0.47
2:A:820:ARG:NH2	2:A:1063:GLY:O	2.47	0.47
5:D:58:PRO:O	5:D:60:MET:N	2.45	0.47
2:A:419:ARG:NH1	2:A:423:ASP:O	2.48	0.47
2:A:1078:ALA:O	2:A:1082:ALA:HB2	2.15	0.47
2:A:1292:GLU:OE2	2:A:1317:TYR:OH	2.31	0.47
2:A:599:MET:HB3	2:A:603:ARG:HH22	1.80	0.47
1:5:36:C:O2	1:5:44:A:N6	2.48	0.47
4:C:561:LYS:NZ	4:C:614:TYR:O	2.48	0.46
4:C:676:ALA:HB1	4:C:814:ARG:HH11	1.80	0.46
2:A:1426:ASP:OD2	2:A:1459:ARG:NH1	2.44	0.46
2:A:881:ILE:HG12	2:A:918:THR:HG22	1.97	0.46
2:A:62:PRO:HG2	8:G:179:GLY:HA3	1.96	0.46
2:A:257:LEU:HD13	2:A:311:GLU:HB2	1.98	0.46
2:A:779:LEU:HD23	2:A:782:LEU:HD12	1.98	0.46
4:C:207:GLY:O	4:C:238:ASN:ND2	2.44	0.46
2:A:863:GLU:HG3	2:A:913:PRO:HB3	1.98	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:873:ASN:ND2	2:A:876:GLU:OE1	2.49	0.45
2:A:794:TYR:OH	2:A:989:ASP:OD1	2.33	0.45
4:C:674:CYS:O	4:C:686:THR:HA	2.16	0.45
1:5:37:G:N2	1:5:44:A:N3	2.64	0.45
2:A:161:PHE:HB3	2:A:625:PRO:HG2	1.98	0.45
2:A:962:LEU:HB2	2:A:965:VAL:HB	1.99	0.45
1:5:58:U:H2'	1:5:59:G:C8	2.51	0.45
2:A:1109:LEU:HG	2:A:1152:ALA:HB1	1.99	0.45
1:5:26:A:O2'	2:A:635:ARG:NH1	2.50	0.45
4:C:602:LYS:O	4:C:605:ASP:HB2	2.16	0.45
2:A:109:PRO:HD3	2:A:630:TRP:HZ2	1.82	0.44
2:A:1046:LEU:O	2:A:1049:ASP:HB2	2.17	0.44
1:5:59:G:H2'	1:5:60:G:H8	1.82	0.44
4:C:836:VAL:HB	4:C:871:ILE:HB	2.00	0.44
2:A:317:PRO:HD2	4:C:177:ARG:HH12	1.82	0.44
2:A:787:GLU:HA	2:A:790:ARG:HG2	2.00	0.44
2:A:880:ARG:HG2	2:A:883:ARG:HH12	1.81	0.44
2:A:1491:LYS:O	2:A:1710:ASN:ND2	2.51	0.44
2:A:122:ILE:HG22	2:A:483:GLN:HE22	1.83	0.44
2:A:318:TYR:HE2	4:C:642:HIS:HD2	1.65	0.44
2:A:971:GLY:HA2	2:A:1180:LYS:HE3	2.00	0.44
1:5:29:A:H2'	1:5:30:A:H8	1.83	0.43
2:A:1072:LEU:HD22	2:A:1087:LEU:HD22	2.00	0.43
2:A:1640:SER:HB2	2:A:1652:MET:HG2	2.00	0.43
2:A:1064:PRO:HD3	2:A:1075:GLN:HE21	1.82	0.43
2:A:942:PRO:HB2	2:A:1437:ARG:HD2	1.99	0.43
2:A:1488:THR:HB	2:A:1537:TRP:CE2	2.53	0.43
4:C:670:SER:HB3	4:C:823:ALA:HB2	2.01	0.43
2:A:1260:VAL:HG21	2:A:1325:LEU:HD13	2.00	0.43
2:A:811:THR:O	2:A:815:HIS:ND1	2.38	0.43
4:C:381:LEU:HG	4:C:416:LEU:HD11	2.00	0.43
2:A:1057:ARG:HH11	2:A:1086:ARG:HA	1.84	0.42
2:A:686:ARG:NE	2:A:742:TYR:OH	2.51	0.42
2:A:1582:TRP:NE1	2:A:1619:SER:O	2.38	0.42
4:C:666:VAL:HG22	4:C:787:VAL:HG22	2.01	0.42
4:C:852:ARG:HH22	6:E:289:LEU:HD21	1.83	0.42
2:A:996:LEU:HD23	2:A:1047:VAL:HG21	2.01	0.42
2:A:1640:SER:HA	2:A:1652:MET:HA	2.00	0.42
4:C:264:ILE:HG12	4:C:378:TYR:CE1	2.54	0.42
2:A:915:GLU:OE1	2:A:1012:LYS:NZ	2.52	0.42
2:A:978:GLU:HG3	2:A:1174:PHE:HB3	2.01	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:1085:ILE:HG23	2:A:1099:PHE:HE1	1.85	0.42
2:A:1604:LEU:HD11	2:A:1725:LEU:HD13	2.01	0.42
6:E:290:TYR:HA	6:E:293:ARG:HE	1.84	0.42
2:A:1543:ASN:ND2	2:A:1562:MET:SD	2.93	0.42
2:A:1645:LEU:HD13	2:A:1714:ALA:HB3	2.01	0.42
4:C:843:VAL:HG21	4:C:869:TYR:HD2	1.85	0.41
2:A:89:LEU:HD11	2:A:656:LEU:HD22	2.02	0.41
2:A:109:PRO:HG3	2:A:630:TRP:HE1	1.85	0.41
2:A:1043:TYR:O	2:A:1046:LEU:HB3	2.20	0.41
4:C:727:LEU:HD12	4:C:727:LEU:H	1.84	0.41
4:C:478:THR:HA	4:C:494:GLY:HA3	2.01	0.41
4:C:595:VAL:HG22	4:C:654:LYS:HG3	2.02	0.41
2:A:965:VAL:O	2:A:1100:ARG:NH2	2.54	0.41
4:C:769:GLY:HA2	4:C:809:ILE:HG23	2.03	0.41
6:E:282:THR:HG22	6:E:283:SER:H	1.85	0.41
2:A:1215:ASN:OD1	2:A:1224:ARG:NH1	2.54	0.41
2:A:1585:ILE:HD11	2:A:1743:LEU:HB2	2.02	0.41
6:E:290:TYR:HB3	6:E:293:ARG:HH11	1.86	0.41
2:A:1667:ARG:N	2:A:1705:ILE:O	2.53	0.41
4:C:227:LEU:HD21	4:C:239:THR:HG23	2.03	0.41
4:C:327:TYR:OH	4:C:372:PHE:O	2.36	0.41
2:A:342:THR:OG1	4:C:268:LYS:NZ	2.51	0.41
2:A:1293:ASN:HD21	3:B:40:VAL:H	1.68	0.41
4:C:137:HIS:HD2	4:C:238:ASN:H	1.69	0.40
2:A:1034:LEU:HB2	2:A:1037:ALA:HB2	2.02	0.40
2:A:1530:PRO:HD2	2:A:1533:ARG:HH21	1.87	0.40
2:A:1645:LEU:O	2:A:1727:GLN:NE2	2.52	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	A	1627/2335 (70%)	1585 (97%)	41 (2%)	1 (0%)	51	84
3	B	26/2136 (1%)	24 (92%)	2 (8%)	0	100	100
4	C	844/972 (87%)	815 (97%)	29 (3%)	0	100	100
5	D	304/357 (85%)	283 (93%)	19 (6%)	2 (1%)	22	60
6	E	513/820 (63%)	499 (97%)	14 (3%)	0	100	100
7	F	21/941 (2%)	21 (100%)	0	0	100	100
8	G	123/343 (36%)	112 (91%)	11 (9%)	0	100	100
9	a	79/119 (66%)	75 (95%)	4 (5%)	0	100	100
10	b	69/240 (29%)	68 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
11	c	94/118 (80%)	87 (93%)	7 (7%)	0	100	100
12	d	80/126 (64%)	75 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
13	e	75/92 (82%)	71 (95%)	4 (5%)	0	100	100
14	f	71/86 (83%)	66 (93%)	5 (7%)	0	100	100
15	g	72/76 (95%)	69 (96%)	3 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	3998/8761 (46%)	3850 (96%)	145 (4%)	3 (0%)	54	84

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	D	59	ILE
5	D	58	PRO
2	A	829	PRO

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	A	1471/2108 (70%)	1462 (99%)	9 (1%)	86	91
3	B	23/1908 (1%)	23 (100%)	0	100	100
4	C	748/866 (86%)	744 (100%)	4 (0%)	88	93
6	E	64/721 (9%)	64 (100%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
8	G	104/282 (37%)	104 (100%)	0	100	100
12	d	72/101 (71%)	71 (99%)	1 (1%)	67	81
All	All	2482/5986 (42%)	2468 (99%)	14 (1%)	86	91

All (14) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	A	156	ARG
2	A	243	ASN
2	A	498	ARG
2	A	505	ASN
2	A	642	ARG
2	A	704	ASN
2	A	741	ARG
2	A	1451	ASN
2	A	1636	LYS
4	C	258	ASN
4	C	611	ASN
4	C	680	ASN
4	C	708	THR
12	d	76	MET

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (24) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	A	97	HIS
2	A	210	HIS
2	A	243	ASN
2	A	483	GLN
2	A	505	ASN
2	A	509	HIS
2	A	610	HIS
2	A	704	ASN
2	A	1075	GLN
2	A	1184	ASN
2	A	1261	ASN
2	A	1293	ASN
2	A	1332	HIS
2	A	1451	ASN
2	A	1531	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	A	1554	GLN
4	C	107	GLN
4	C	137	HIS
4	C	154	HIS
4	C	258	ASN
4	C	611	ASN
4	C	642	HIS
8	G	106	ASN
12	d	16	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
1	5	101/117 (86%)	37 (36%)	3 (2%)

All (37) RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	5	4	C
1	5	6	C
1	5	7	U
1	5	9	G
1	5	20	G
1	5	21	A
1	5	22	U
1	5	23	C
1	5	24	G
1	5	25	C
1	5	36	C
1	5	37	G
1	5	38	C
1	5	45	C
1	5	47	A
1	5	48	A
1	5	55	C
1	5	58	U
1	5	59	G
1	5	66	A
1	5	67	A
1	5	69	A
1	5	70	A

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	5	71	C
1	5	75	G
1	5	78	U
1	5	86	C
1	5	88	A
1	5	92	U
1	5	94	U
1	5	95	G
1	5	97	G
1	5	98	G
1	5	105	U
1	5	106	U
1	5	107	U
1	5	108	G

All (3) RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	5	58	U
1	5	96	A
1	5	105	U

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
17	GTP	C	1101	16	26,34,34	1.24	4 (15%)	32,54,54	1.61	5 (15%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
17	GTP	C	1101	16	-	2/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
17	C	1101	GTP	C8-N7	-2.55	1.30	1.35
17	C	1101	GTP	C5-C4	-2.33	1.37	1.43
17	C	1101	GTP	PG-O3G	-2.24	1.46	1.54
17	C	1101	GTP	PG-O2G	-2.09	1.46	1.54

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
17	C	1101	GTP	PA-O3A-PB	-5.00	115.68	132.83
17	C	1101	GTP	PB-O3B-PG	-4.59	117.09	132.83
17	C	1101	GTP	O3G-PG-O2G	3.02	119.19	107.64
17	C	1101	GTP	O6-C6-N1	-2.41	117.80	120.65
17	C	1101	GTP	O6-C6-C5	2.12	128.52	124.37

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

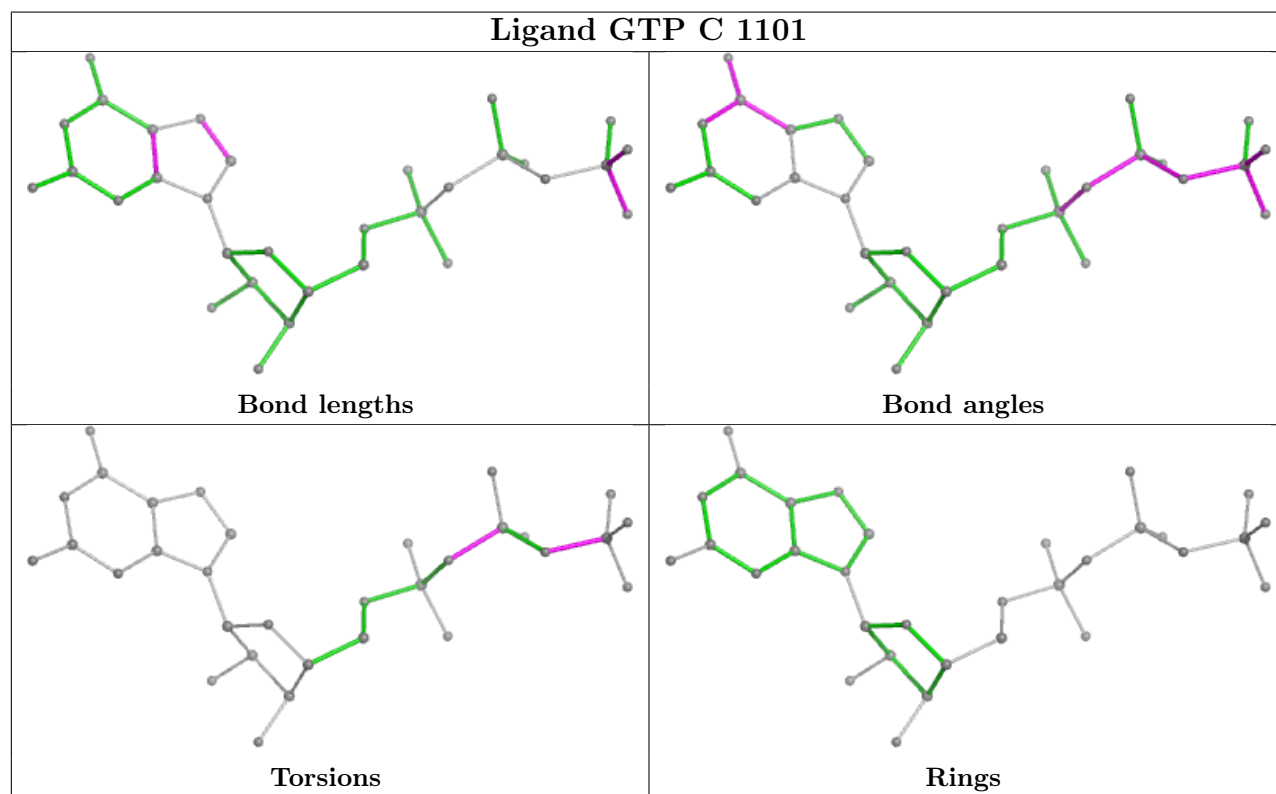
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
17	C	1101	GTP	PB-O3B-PG-O2G
17	C	1101	GTP	PA-O3A-PB-O2B

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
17	C	1101	GTP	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



## 5.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [\(i\)](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

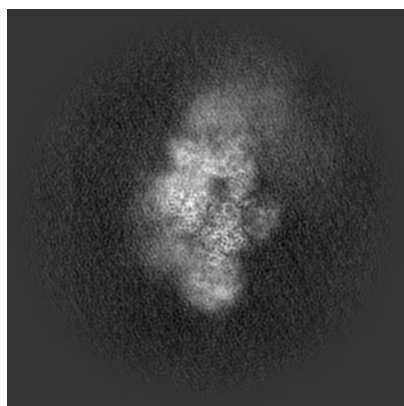
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-18235. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

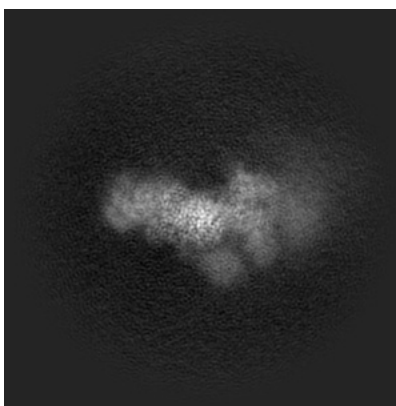
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

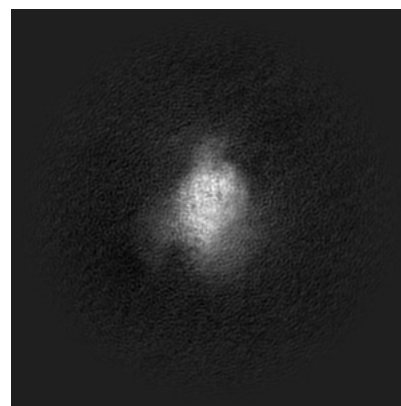
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X

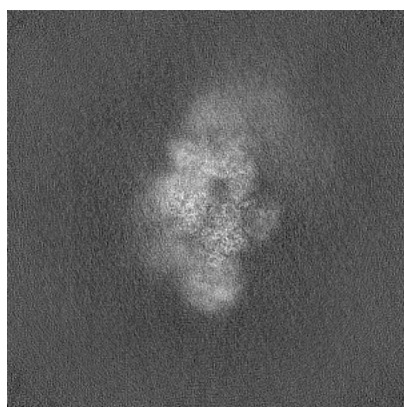


Y

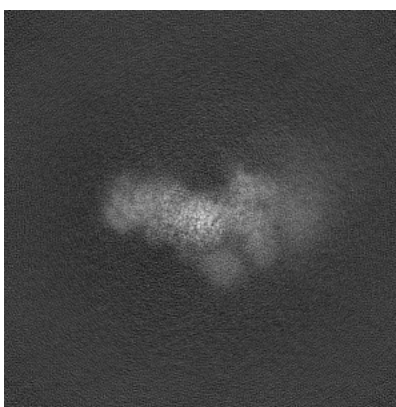


Z

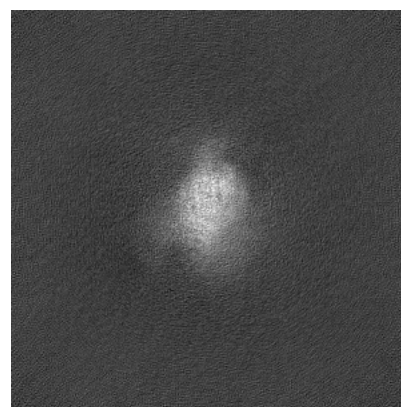
#### 6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

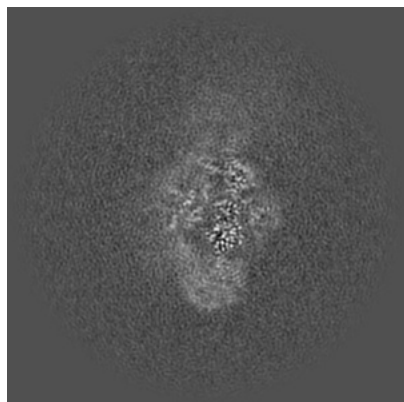


Z

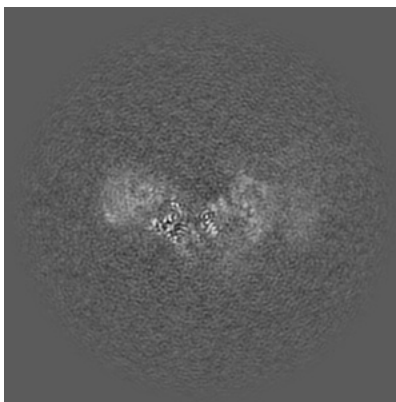
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

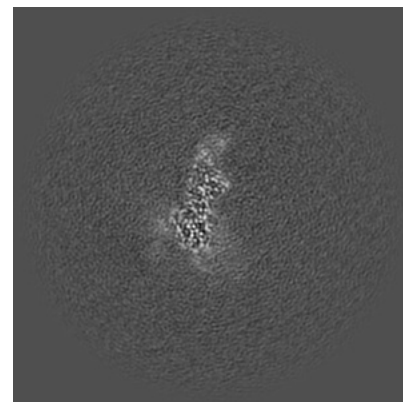
### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 180

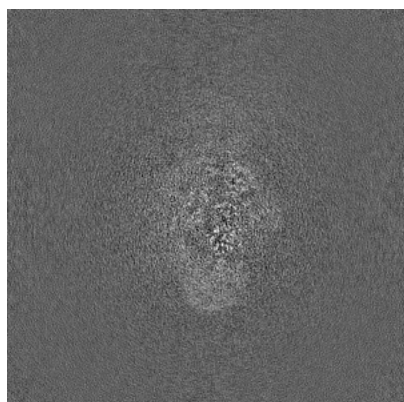


Y Index: 180

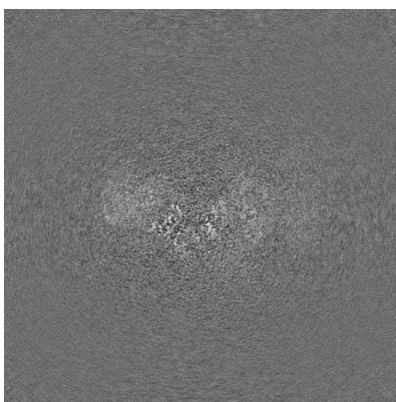


Z Index: 180

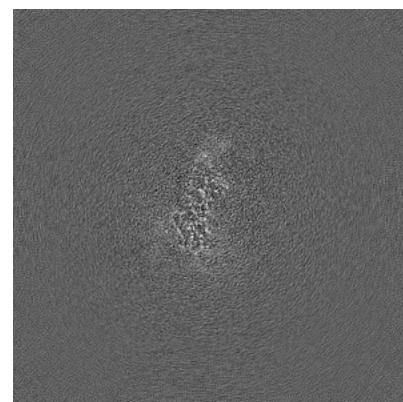
### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 180



Y Index: 180



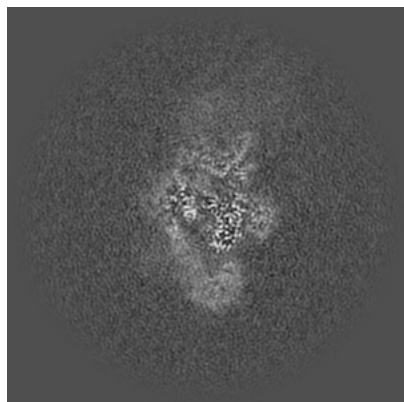
Z Index: 180

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

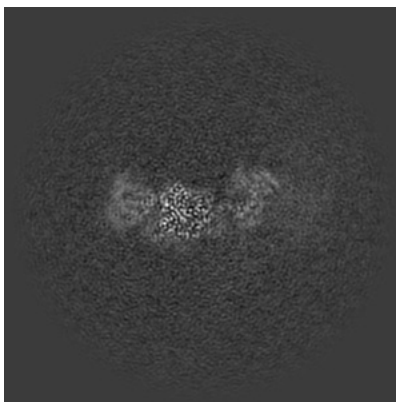


## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

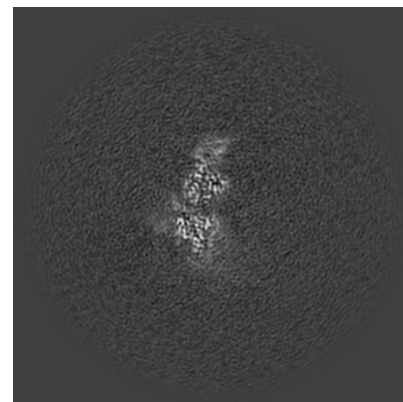
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 174

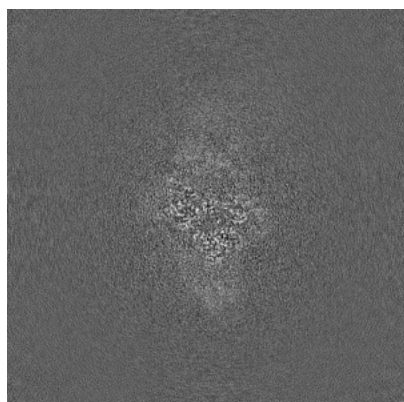


Y Index: 197

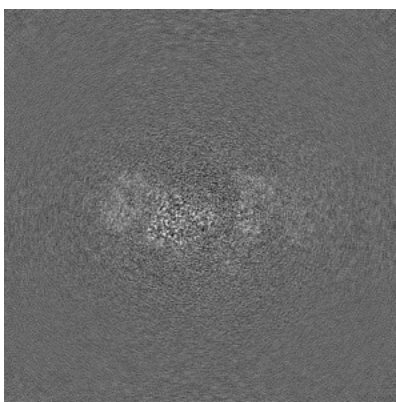


Z Index: 175

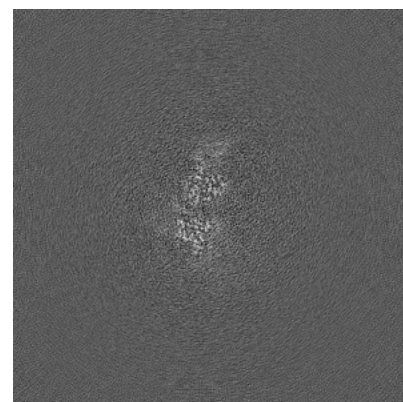
### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 168



Y Index: 188

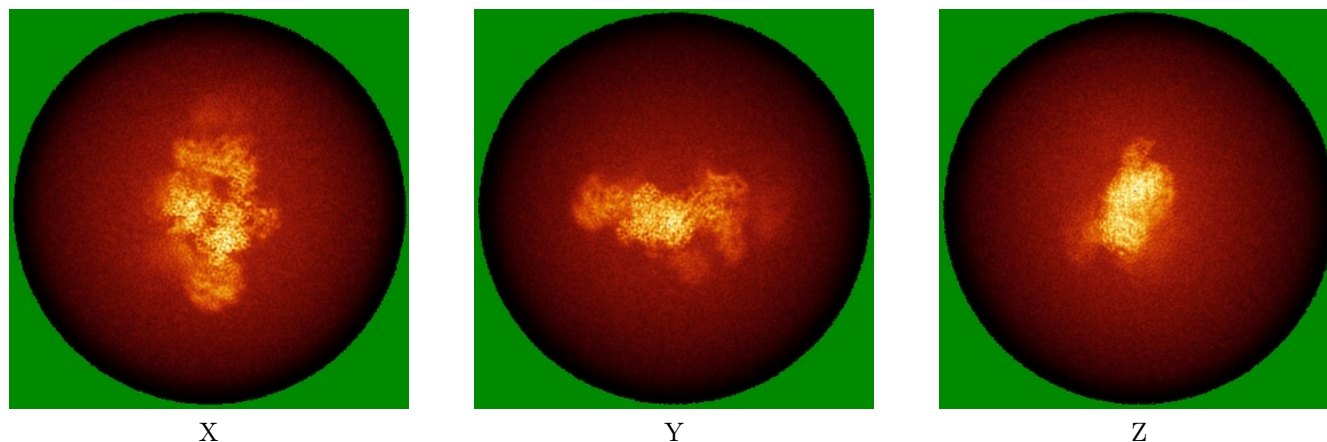


Z Index: 175

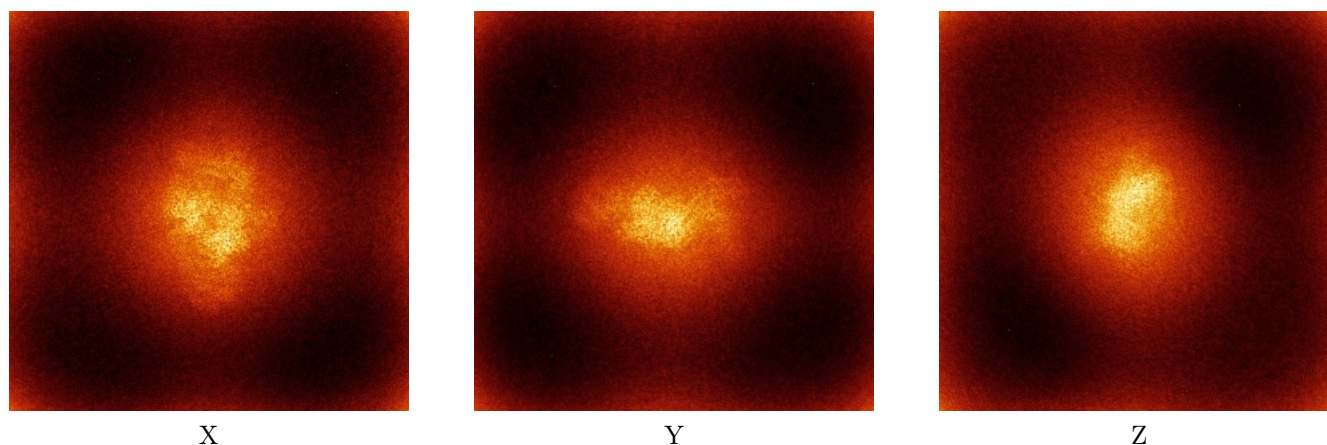
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

### 6.4.1 Primary map



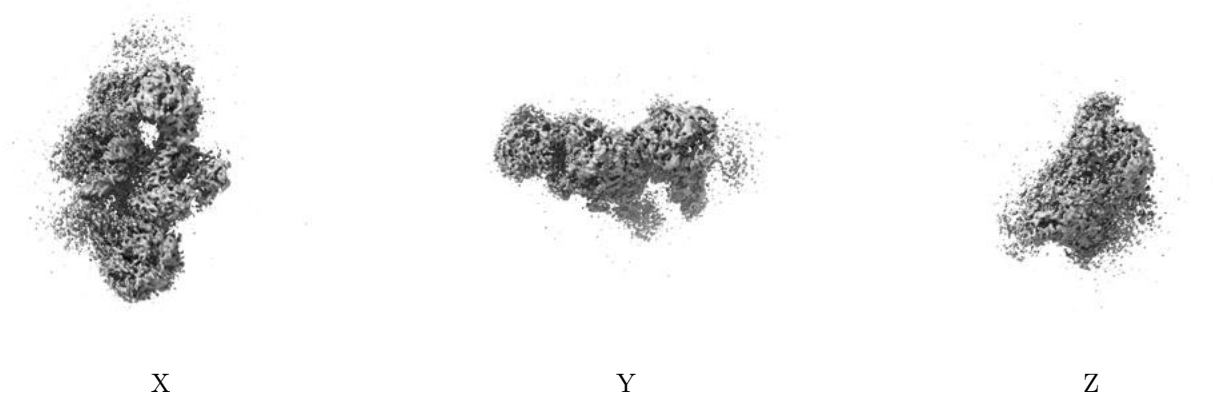
### 6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

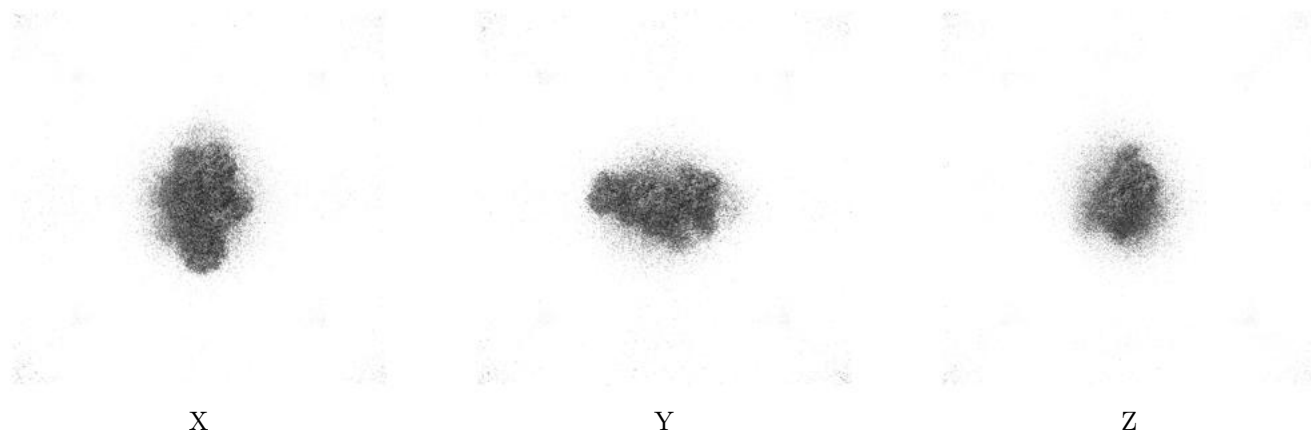
## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.26. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

### 6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

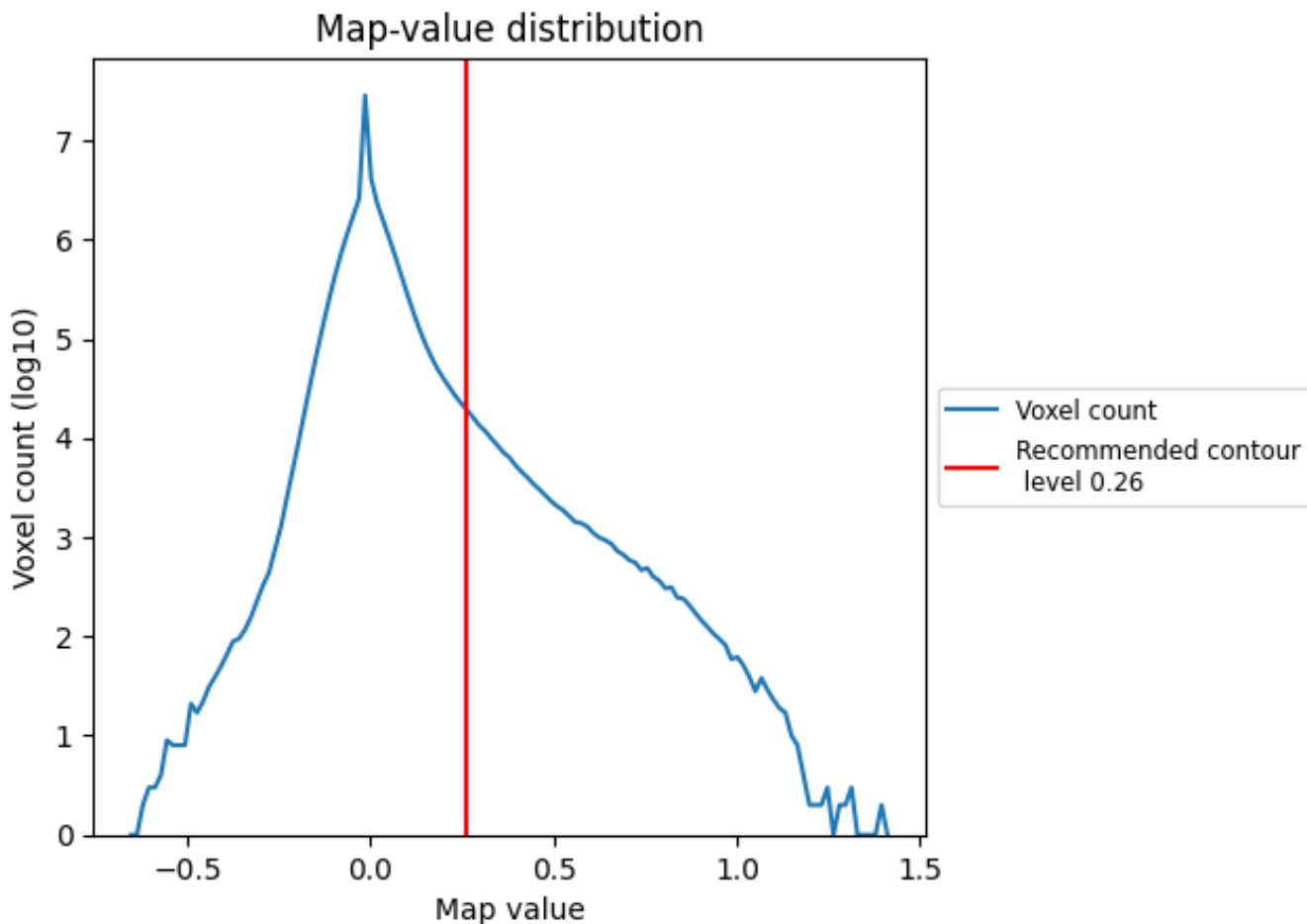
## 6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

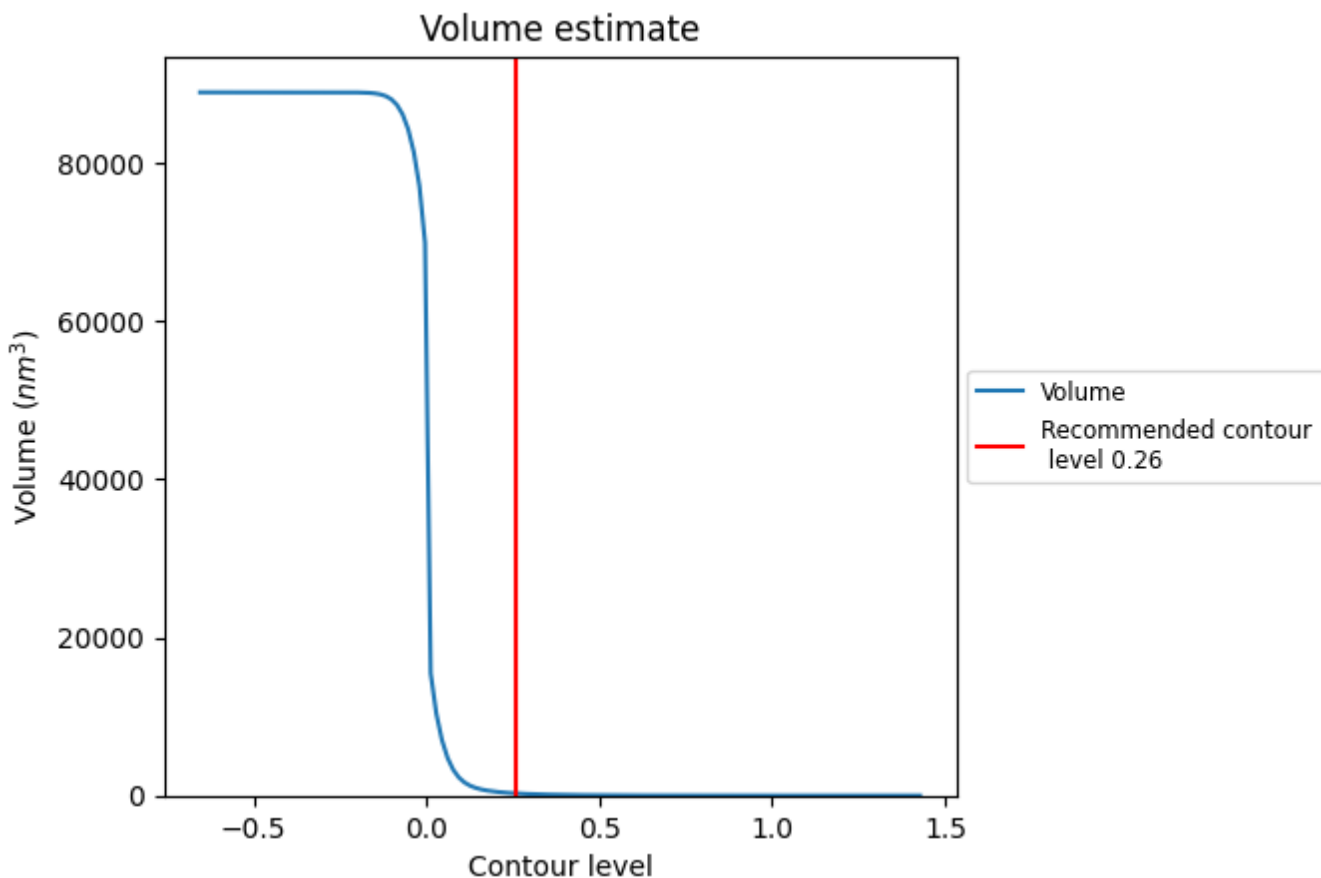
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

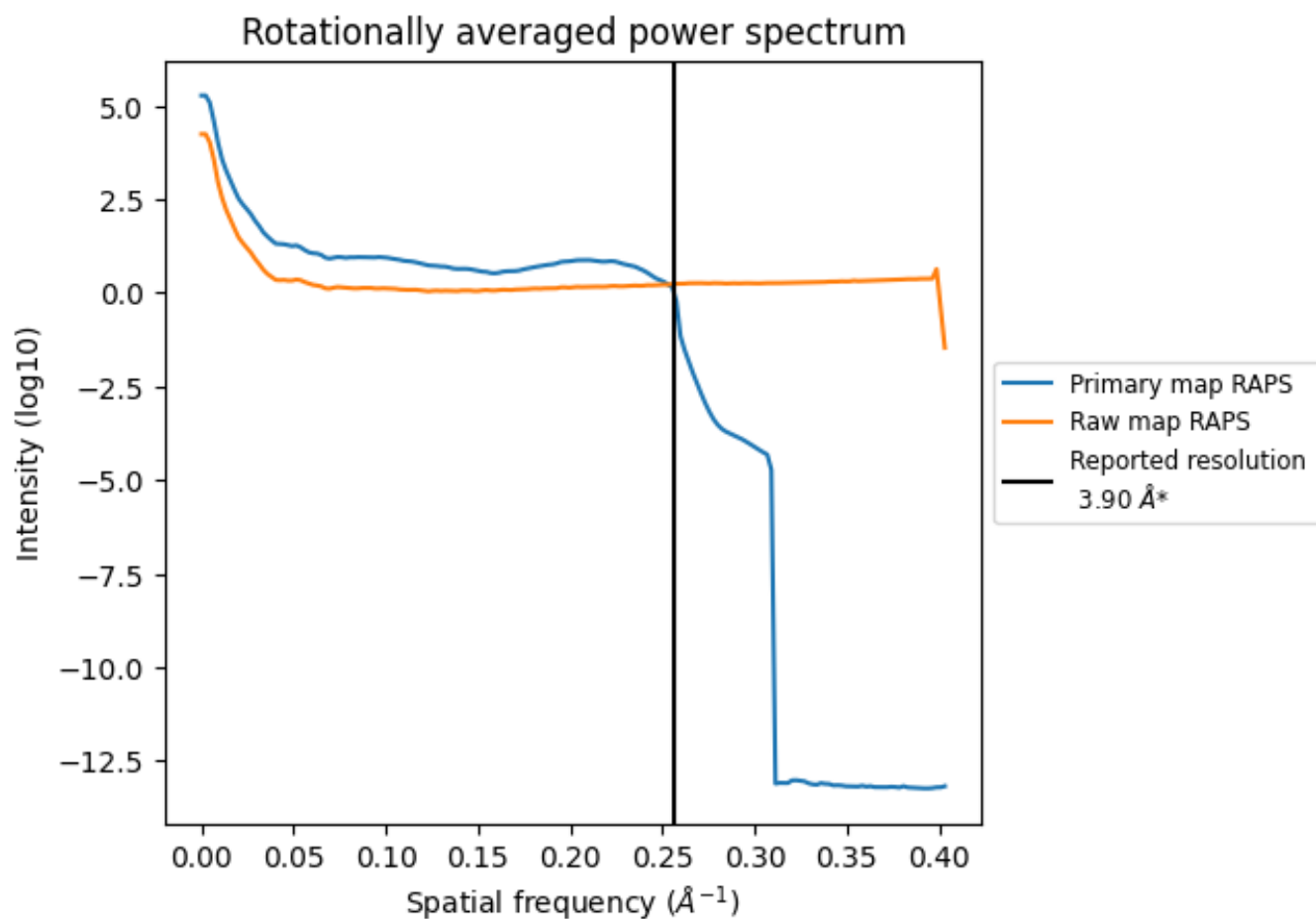
## 7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 273 nm<sup>3</sup>; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 246 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

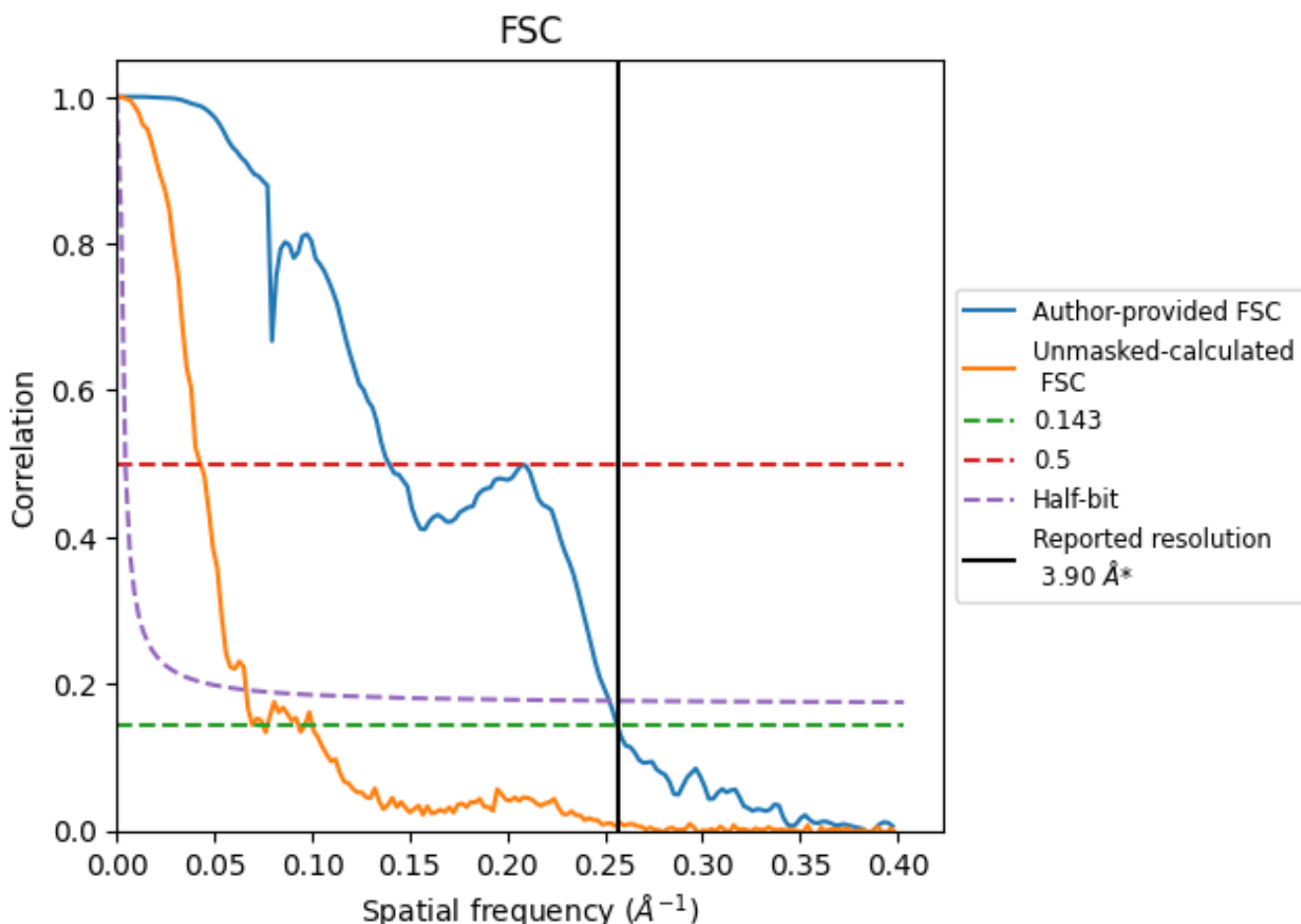


\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.256 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC [i](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.256 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.90	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.90	7.17	3.96
Unmasked-calculated*	13.35	23.42	15.11

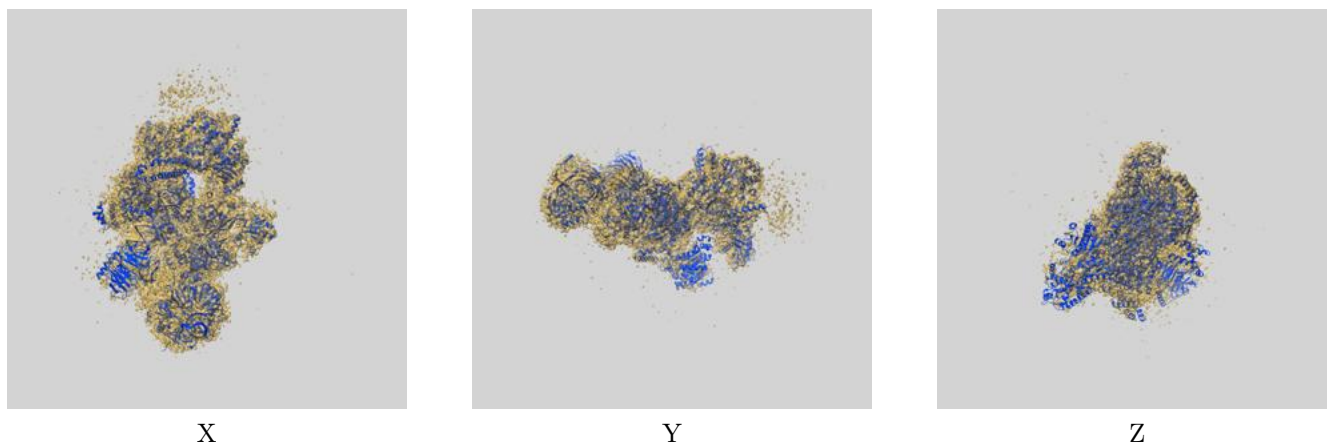
\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 13.35 differs from the reported value 3.9 by more than 10 %



## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-18235 and PDB model 8Q7W. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [8](#).

### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



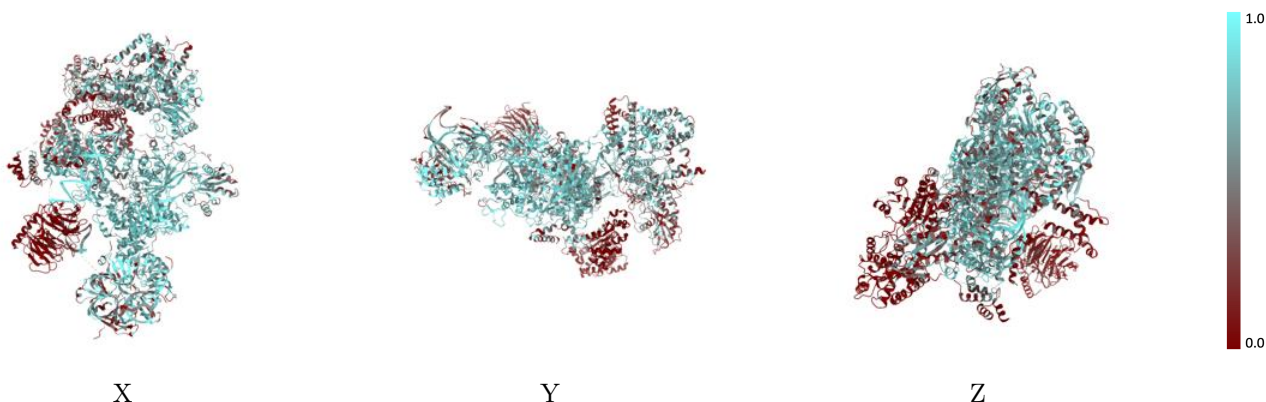
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.26 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



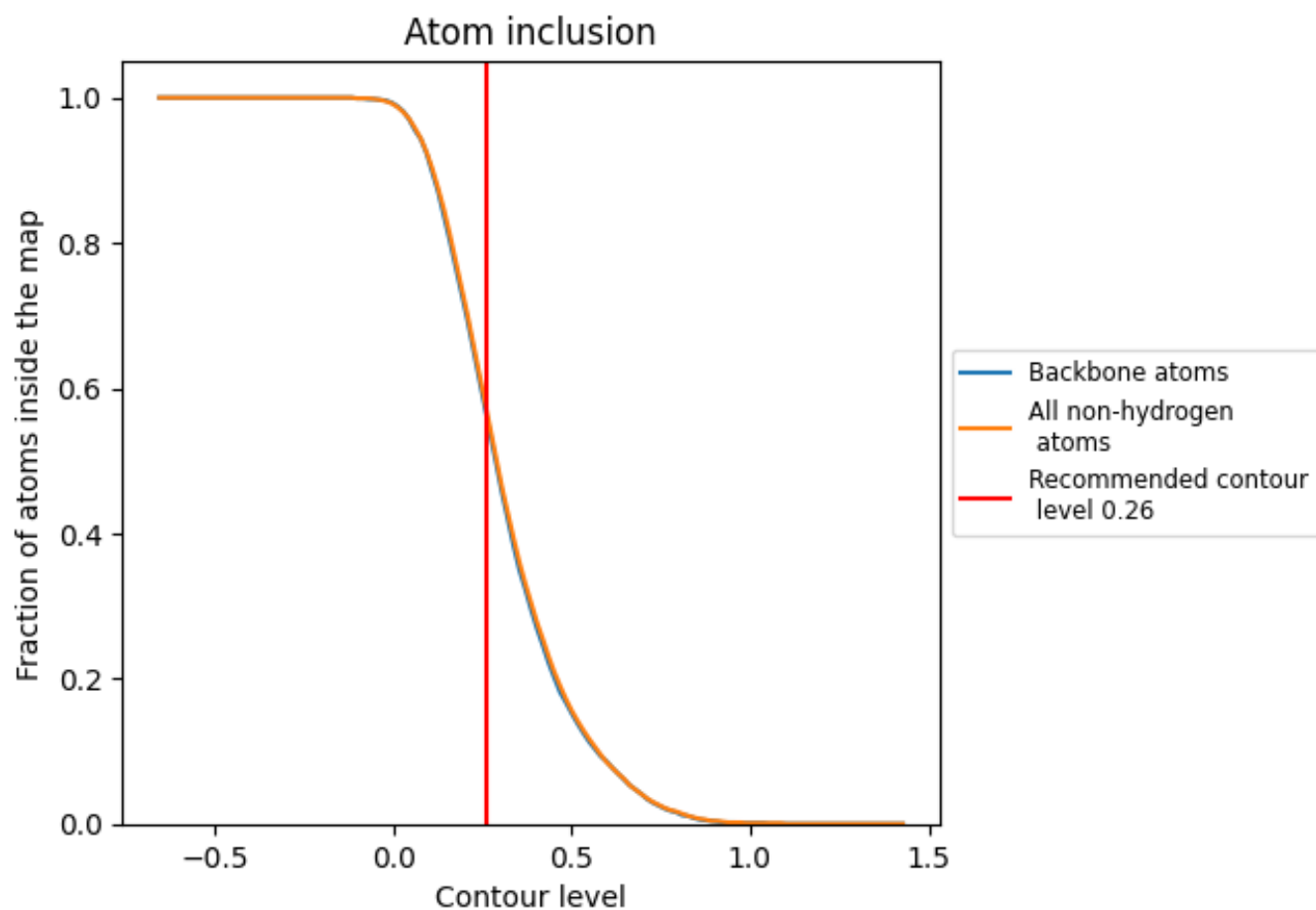
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.26).

































## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 57% of all backbone atoms, 57% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.26) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.5750	 0.2260
5	 0.7300	 0.2080
A	 0.6020	 0.2340
B	 0.2630	 0.1510
C	 0.7590	 0.3620
D	 0.0360	 -0.0010
E	 0.1800	 0.1080
F	 0.1740	 0.0370
G	 0.3490	 0.1580
a	 0.6160	 0.0950
b	 0.7280	 0.2040
c	 0.4640	 0.0600
d	 0.7200	 0.3030
e	 0.6350	 0.0920
f	 0.6040	 0.0860
g	 0.6510	 0.1890

