

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 15, 2020 – 06:01 am BST

PDB ID : 4QKK

> Title : Crystal structure of an oligonucleotide containing 5-formylcytosine

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2014-06-06 Deposited on

1.40 Å(reported) Resolution

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity 4.02b-467

> 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020) Mogul

Xtriage (Phenix) 1.13 EDS 2.11

Percentile statistics 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

> Refmac 5.8.0158

7.0.044 (Gargrove) CCP4 Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (proteins) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Parkinson et al. (1996)

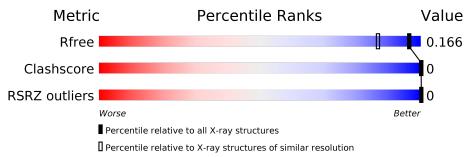
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) 2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	$egin{aligned} ext{Similar resolution} \ (\# ext{Entries, resolution range}(ext{Å})) \end{aligned}$				
Mente	$(\# ext{Entries})$					
R_{free}	130704	1714 (1.40-1.40)				
Clashscore	141614	1812 (1.40-1.40)				
RSRZ outliers	127900	1674 (1.40-1.40)				

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Quality of chain							
100%							



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 439 atoms, of which 136 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*CP*TP*AP*(5FC)P*GP*(5FC)P*GP*(5FC)P*GP*(5FC)P*GP*TP*AP*G)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues		${f Atoms}$					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	12	Total 385	C 119	H 136	N 46	O 73	P 11	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	54	Total O 54 54	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*TP*AP*(5FC)P*GP*(5FC)P*GP*(5FC)P*GP*TP*AP*G)-3')

Chain A:

There are no outlier residues recorded for this chain.



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	$44.39\text{\AA} 44.39\text{Å} 46.25\text{Å}$	Domositon
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	25.97 - 1.40	Depositor
Resolution (A)	25.97 - 1.40	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (25.97-1.40)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	$100.0 \ (25.97 - 1.40)$	EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.06	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.76 \; (at \; 1.40 \text{Å})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.9_1692)	Depositor
D D	0.140 , 0.159	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.144 , 0.166	DCC
R_{free} test set	479 reflections (5.01%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	22.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.199	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36 , 42.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.036 for -h,l,k	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.022 for -l,-k,-h	Attrage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.98	EDS
Total number of atoms	439	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	30.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 12.89% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 5FC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	1.22	0/206	0.99	0/310	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{model})$	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	249	136	136	0	0
2	A	54	0	0	0	0
All	All	303	136	136	0	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

There are no clashes within the asymmetric unit.

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

3 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain Res		Link	В	ond leng	$_{ m gths}$	Bond angles			
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	5FC	A	8	1	16,22,23	3.81	10 (62%)	20,31,34	1.54	2 (10%)
1	5FC	A	4	1	16,22,23	3.92	10 (62%)	20,31,34	1.53	3 (15%)
1	5FC	A	6	1	16,22,23	3.59	9 (56%)	20,31,34	1.40	3 (15%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mo	l Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	\mathbf{Rings}
1	5FC	A	8	1	-	0/6/23/24	0/2/2/2
1	5FC	A	4	1	-	0/6/23/24	0/2/2/2
1	5FC	A	6	1	-	0/6/23/24	0/2/2/2

The worst 5 of 29 bond length outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	8	5FC	O4'-C4'	-8.18	1.26	1.45
1	A	4	5FC	O4'-C4'	-7.96	1.27	1.45
1	A	6	5FC	O4'-C4'	-7.21	1.28	1.45
1	A	8	5FC	O4'-C1'	7.10	1.58	1.42
1	A	4	5FC	O4'-C1'	7.09	1.58	1.42

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	4	5FC	C6-C5-C4	4.53	119.40	114.71
1	A	8	5FC	C6-C5-C4	4.42	119.29	114.71
1	A	8	5FC	C2-N3-C4	3.73	120.52	116.02
1	A	6	5FC	C6-C5-C4	3.65	118.49	114.71
1	A	4	5FC	C2-N3-C4	3.39	120.11	116.02

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	9/12 (75%)	-0.69	0 100	100	23, 26, 31, 31	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	5FC	A	8	21/22	0.93	0.08	19,26,33,34	0
1	5FC	A	4	21/22	0.95	0.07	23,29,34,35	0
1	5FC	A	6	21/22	0.97	0.09	16,22,26,26	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

