

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Sep 3, 2023 – 12:26 AM EDT

PDB ID : 3R1P

Title: Odorant Binding Protein 7 from Anopheles gambiae with Four Disulfide

Bridges, form P1

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C.

Deposited on : 2011-03-11

Resolution : 1.85 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

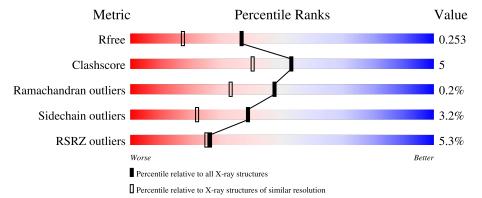
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# ext{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	2469 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	141614	2625 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2592 (1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2592 (1.86-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2436 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	127	74%	11%	15%
1	В	127	77%	6% •	16%
1	С	127	79%	6% •	13%
1	D	127	75%	10% •	13%



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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	Е	127	73%	9%	17%
1	F	127	73%	9%	 17%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

N	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
	2	PLM	F	128	-	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5582 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Odorant binding protein, antennal.

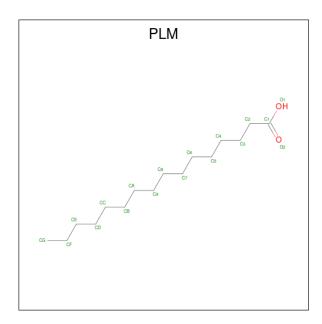
Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	108	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Λ	100	842	533	140	160	9	0	U	U
1	В	107	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	D	107	836	532	136	159	9	0	U	U
1	\mathbf{C}	110	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		110	862	548	142	163	9	0	U	U
1	D	110	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	D	110	862	548	142	163	9	0	U	0
1	Е	105	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	l L	105	822	524	134	155	9	0	U	0
1	F	106	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	I.	100	836	531	138	158	9	U	U	U

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q7PXT9
В	1	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q7PXT9
С	1	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q7PXT9
D	1	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q7PXT9
Е	1	MET	-	initiating methionine	_
F	1	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q7PXT9

• Molecule 2 is PALMITIC ACID (three-letter code: PLM) (formula: C₁₆H₃₂O₂).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total C O 18 16 2	0	0
2	В	1	Total C O 18 16 2	0	0
2	С	1	Total C O 18 16 2	0	0
2	D	1	Total C O 18 16 2	0	0
2	Е	1	Total C O 18 16 2	0	0
2	F	1	Total C O 18 16 2	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

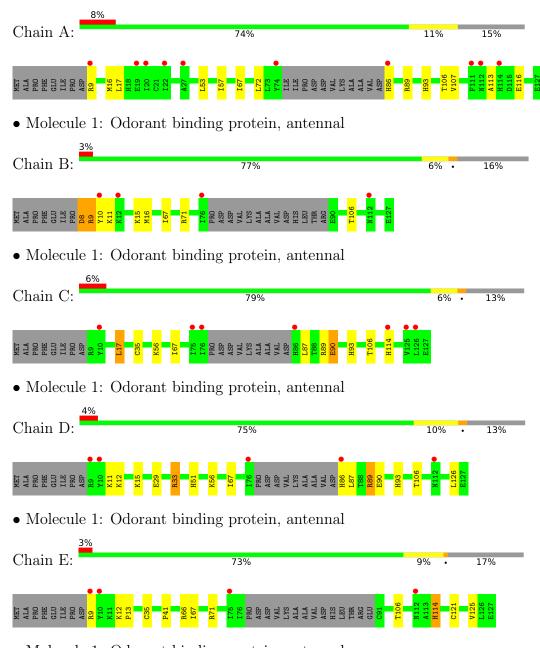
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	54	Total O 54 54	0	0
3	В	67	Total O 67 67	0	0
3	С	81	Total O 81 81	0	0
3	D	63	Total O 63 63	0	0
3	E	76	Total O 76 76	0	0
3	F	73	Total O 73 73	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

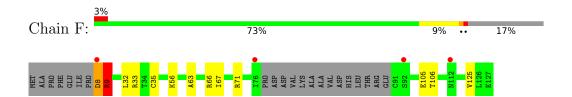
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Odorant binding protein, antennal



• Molecule 1: Odorant binding protein, antennal







4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1	Depositor
Cell constants	46.81Å 57.99Å 78.07Å	Donositon
a, b, c, α , β , γ	69.17° 85.91° 75.54°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.83 - 1.85	Depositor
Resolution (A)	36.48 - 1.85	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) (38.83-1.85)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	87.3 (36.48-1.85)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.44 (at 1.85Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	BUSTER 2.9.2	Depositor
D D	0.216 , 0.237	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.229 , 0.253	DCC
R_{free} test set	3016 reflections (5.05%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	19.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.552	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36, 39.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.45, < L^2>=0.28$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.288 for -h,-k,-k+l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	5582	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	28.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 43.34 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 1.7882e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PLM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.47	0/856	0.67	0/1157	
1	В	0.50	0/851	0.74	3/1151 (0.3%)	
1	С	0.48	0/877	0.63	0/1186	
1	D	0.49	0/877	0.64	0/1186	
1	Е	0.48	0/837	0.66	0/1132	
1	F	0.52	0/851	0.71	1/1150 (0.1%)	
All	All	0.49	0/5149	0.68	4/6962 (0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	В	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	В	8	ASP	C-N-CA	7.51	140.48	121.70
1	В	10	TYR	N-CA-C	-6.66	93.01	111.00
1	F	9	ARG	CA-CB-CG	-6.17	99.82	113.40
1	В	9	ARG	N-CA-C	5.35	125.44	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	В	8	ASP	Peptide, Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	842	0	826	11	0
1	В	836	0	814	5	0
1	С	862	0	846	7	0
1	D	862	0	846	12	0
1	\mathbf{E}	822	0	807	9	0
1	F	836	0	822	14	0
2	A	18	0	31	1	0
2	В	18	0	31	0	0
2	С	18	0	31	1	0
2	D	18	0	31	0	0
2	E	18	0	31	2	0
2	F	18	0	31	9	0
3	A	54	0	0	2	0
3	В	67	0	0	1	0
3	С	81	0	0	2	0
3	D	63	0	0	6	0
3	E	76	0	0	3	0
3	F	73	0	0	2	0
All	All	5582	0	5147	56	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (56) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:F:105:GLU:HG2	3:F:134:HOH:O	1.43	1.19
1:E:114:HIS:CD2	3:E:138:HOH:O	2.33	0.80
1:B:9:ARG:CB	3:B:270:HOH:O	2.32	0.77
1:F:125:VAL:CG2	2:F:128:PLM:HG1	2.13	0.77
1:D:11:LYS:HE3	3:D:145:HOH:O	1.90	0.71



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Continued from pred		Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}({\rm \AA})$	overlap (Å)	
1:F:35:CYS:SG	2:F:128:PLM:HG2	2.31	0.71	
1:D:11:LYS:NZ	1:D:126:LEU:O	2.25	0.70	
1:C:89:ARG:O	1:C:93:HIS:HD2	1.79	0.66	
1:E:35:CYS:SG	2:E:128:PLM:HG2	2.36	0.65	
1:A:89:ARG:O	1:A:93:HIS:HD2	1.79	0.65	
1:D:89:ARG:O	1:D:93:HIS:HD2	1.79	0.65	
1:F:32:LEU:HB3	2:F:128:PLM:CG	2.28	0.63	
1:F:125:VAL:HG21	2:F:128:PLM:HG1	1.79	0.63	
1:D:89:ARG:CD	3:D:229:HOH:O	2.49	0.61	
1:A:9:ARG:N	3:A:324:HOH:O	2.33	0.61	
1:C:56:LYS:HE2	3:C:354:HOH:O	1.99	0.60	
1:C:17:LEU:HD11	1:C:56:LYS:HB2	1.84	0.60	
1:D:56:LYS:HE2	3:D:148:HOH:O	2.01	0.59	
1:F:125:VAL:HG21	2:F:128:PLM:CG	2.32	0.59	
1:E:41:PRO:HG2	2:E:128:PLM:HG3	1.85	0.58	
1:A:72:LEU:HD23	1:A:72:LEU:O	2.04	0.57	
1:F:32:LEU:HB3	2:F:128:PLM:HG3	1.86	0.57	
1:F:125:VAL:CG2	2:F:128:PLM:CG	2.82	0.56	
1:D:89:ARG:HD3	3:D:229:HOH:O	2.06	0.55	
1:A:72:LEU:HD23	1:A:72:LEU:C	2.28	0.53	
1:F:125:VAL:HG22	2:F:128:PLM:HG1	1.88	0.53	
1:A:89:ARG:HD3	3:A:291:HOH:O	2.09	0.53	
1:E:67:ILE:HB	1:E:106:THR:HG21	1.92	0.52	
1:D:89:ARG:NE	3:D:229:HOH:O	2.43	0.52	
1:D:67:ILE:HB	1:D:106:THR:HG21	1.93	0.50	
1:F:67:ILE:HB	1:F:106:THR:HG21	1.93	0.50	
1:D:51:HIS:HD2	3:D:133:HOH:O	1.95	0.50	
1:A:67:ILE:HB	1:A:106:THR:HG21	1.94	0.50	
1:E:12:LYS:HB2	1:E:13:PRO:HD3	1.93	0.49	
1:C:114:HIS:HB3	3:C:364:HOH:O	2.14	0.48	
1:A:107:VAL:HG11	2:A:128:PLM:HE2	1.97	0.47	
1:B:67:ILE:HB	1:B:106:THR:HG21	1.96	0.47	
1:A:113:ALA:O	1:A:116:GLU:HG2	2.15	0.47	
1:A:17:LEU:HD12	1:B:16:MET:CE	2.45	0.46	
1:C:67:ILE:HB	1:C:106:THR:HG21	1.97	0.46	
1:E:114:HIS:CD2	1:E:114:HIS:C	2.89	0.46	
1:F:56:LYS:HE2	3:F:376:HOH:O	2.15	0.46	
1:A:86:HIS:HA	1:A:89:ARG:NH1	2.31	0.45	
1:C:90:GLU:HB2	1:F:63:ALA:HB1	1.98	0.45	
1:E:114:HIS:NE2	3:E:138:HOH:O	2.36	0.45	
1:D:86:HIS:CB	1:D:89:ARG:H	2.29	0.45	



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Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$	
1:C:35:CYS:SG	2:C:128:PLM:HG1	2.57	0.45	
1:D:15:LYS:HD3	1:D:126:LEU:O	2.17	0.44	
1:A:53:LEU:O	1:A:57:ILE:HG12	2.18	0.43	
1:B:15:LYS:HD2	1:B:15:LYS:HA	1.80	0.43	
1:E:9:ARG:CB	3:E:130:HOH:O	2.66	0.43	
1:F:8:ASP:O	1:F:9:ARG:C	2.57	0.43	
1:F:32:LEU:HB3	2:F:128:PLM:HG1	2.00	0.42	
1:B:9:ARG:HA	1:B:11:LYS:H	1.84	0.41	
1:E:121:CYS:O	1:E:125:VAL:HG22	2.22	0.40	
1:D:29:GLU:O	1:D:33:ARG:HB2	2.22	0.40	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	104/127 (82%)	103 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
1	В	103/127 (81%)	101 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
1	С	106/127 (84%)	104 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
1	D	106/127 (84%)	104 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
1	E	101/127 (80%)	99 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
1	F	102/127 (80%)	99 (97%)	2 (2%)	1 (1%)	15	5
All	All	622/762 (82%)	610 (98%)	11 (2%)	1 (0%)	47	33

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	F	9	ARG



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	93/112 (83%)	92 (99%)	1 (1%)	73 65
1	В	92/112 (82%)	91 (99%)	1 (1%)	73 65
1	С	95/112 (85%)	92 (97%)	3 (3%)	39 22
1	D	95/112 (85%)	90 (95%)	5 (5%)	22 8
1	${ m E}$	91/112 (81%)	88 (97%)	3 (3%)	38 21
1	F	93/112 (83%)	88 (95%)	5 (5%)	22 8
All	All	559/672 (83%)	541 (97%)	18 (3%)	39 22

All (18) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	16	MET
1	В	71	ARG
1	C C	17	LEU
1	С	87	LEU
1	С	90	GLU
1	D	12	LYS
1	D	33	ARG
1	D	87	LEU
1	D	89	ARG
1	D	90	GLU
1	Е	66	ARG
1	Е	71	ARG
1	Е	114	HIS
1	F	8	ASP
1	F	9	ARG
1	F	33	ARG
1	F	66	ARG
1	F	71	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (9) such sidechains are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	51	HIS
1	A	93	HIS
1	В	51	HIS
1	С	51	HIS
1	С	93	HIS
1	D	51	HIS
1	D	93	HIS
1	Е	51	HIS
1	F	51	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Des	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI			Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2							
2	PLM	D	128	-	17,17,17	0.54	0	17,17,17	0.66	0							
2	PLM	Е	128	-	17,17,17	0.52	0	17,17,17	0.75	0							
2	PLM	С	128	-	17,17,17	0.54	0	17,17,17	0.80	0							
2	PLM	В	128	-	17,17,17	0.54	0	17,17,17	0.64	0							
2	PLM	F	128	-	17,17,17	0.51	0	17,17,17	0.80	0							
2	PLM	A	128	-	17,17,17	0.56	0	17,17,17	0.59	0							



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	PLM	D	128	-	-	5/15/15/15	-
2	PLM	Е	128	-	-	10/15/15/15	-
2	PLM	С	128	-	-	8/15/15/15	-
2	PLM	В	128	-	-	9/15/15/15	-
2	PLM	F	128	-	-	9/15/15/15	_
2	PLM	A	128	-	-	7/15/15/15	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (48) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	128	PLM	CC-CD-CE-CF
2	В	128	PLM	C1-C2-C3-C4
2	Е	128	PLM	C1-C2-C3-C4
2	С	128	PLM	C2-C3-C4-C5
2	С	128	PLM	C1-C2-C3-C4
2	F	128	PLM	C3-C4-C5-C6
2	С	128	PLM	C8-C9-CA-CB
2	С	128	PLM	C3-C4-C5-C6
2	В	128	PLM	C9-CA-CB-CC
2	F	128	PLM	C5-C6-C7-C8
2	Е	128	PLM	CC-CD-CE-CF
2	F	128	PLM	CB-CC-CD-CE
2	Е	128	PLM	CA-CB-CC-CD
2	Е	128	PLM	C9-CA-CB-CC
2	D	128	PLM	C3-C4-C5-C6
2	D	128	PLM	C8-C9-CA-CB
2	F	128	PLM	C4-C5-C6-C7
2	В	128	PLM	C2-C3-C4-C5
2	F	128	PLM	CA-CB-CC-CD
2	D	128	PLM	C2-C3-C4-C5
2	В	128	PLM	C5-C6-C7-C8
2	С	128	PLM	CC-CD-CE-CF
2	A	128	PLM	C3-C4-C5-C6



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	128	PLM	C3-C4-C5-C6
2	A	128	PLM	C6-C7-C8-C9
2	Е	128	PLM	C7-C8-C9-CA
2	С	128	PLM	C4-C5-C6-C7
2	Ε	128	PLM	C5-C6-C7-C8
2	Ε	128	PLM	C6-C7-C8-C9
2	В	128	PLM	CD-CE-CF-CG
2	F	128	PLM	C6-C7-C8-C9
2	D	128	PLM	C6-C7-C8-C9
2	В	128	PLM	C8-C9-CA-CB
2	D	128	PLM	CD-CE-CF-CG
2	A	128	PLM	CA-CB-CC-CD
2	С	128	PLM	C9-CA-CB-CC
2	F	128	PLM	C2-C3-C4-C5
2	Е	128	PLM	C2-C3-C4-C5
2	Е	128	PLM	CB-CC-CD-CE
2	A	128	PLM	C9-CA-CB-CC
2	F	128	PLM	C9-CA-CB-CC
2	Е	128	PLM	CD-CE-CF-CG
2	В	128	PLM	O1-C1-C2-C3
2	В	128	PLM	O2-C1-C2-C3
2	A	128	PLM	CD-CE-CF-CG
2	A	128	PLM	C2-C3-C4-C5
2	F	128	PLM	C1-C2-C3-C4
2	С	128	PLM	O1-C1-C2-C3

There are no ring outliers.

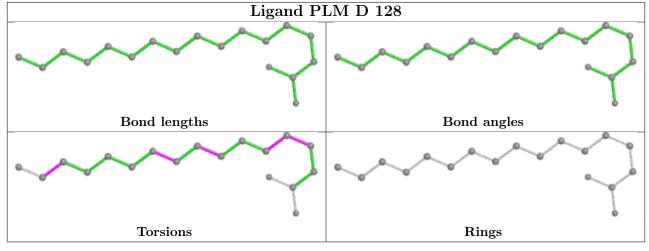
4 monomers are involved in 13 short contacts:

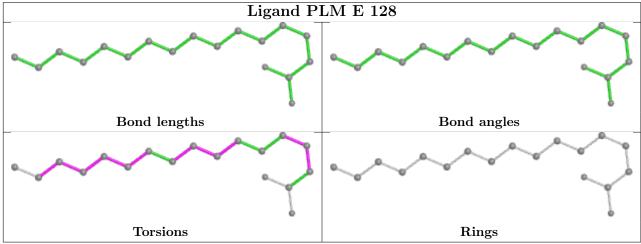
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	Е	128	PLM	2	0
2	С	128	PLM	1	0
2	F	128	PLM	9	0
2	A	128	PLM	1	0

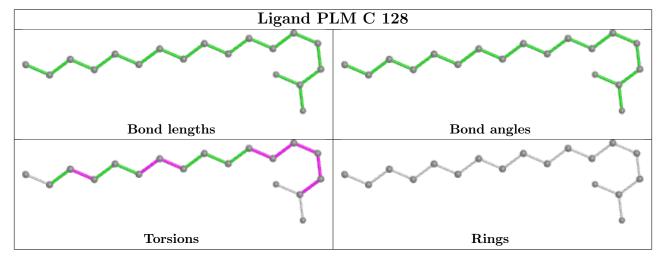
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring



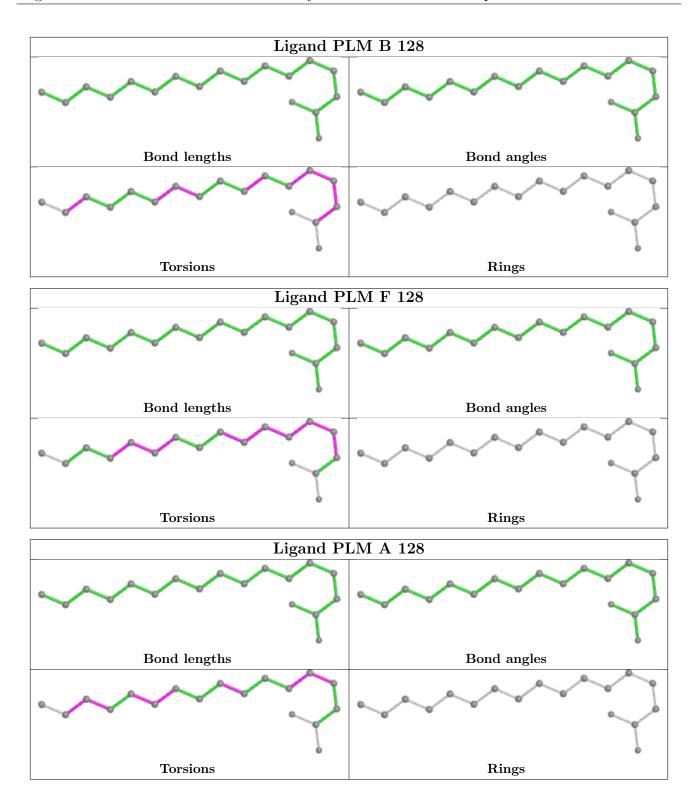
in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.











5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	108/127 (85%)	0.59	10 (9%) 8 8	17, 33, 51, 57	0
1	В	107/127 (84%)	0.17	4 (3%) 41 39	9, 23, 50, 57	0
1	С	110/127 (86%)	0.17	7 (6%) 19 18	9, 22, 48, 61	0
1	D	110/127 (86%)	0.12	5 (4%) 33 32	9, 21, 43, 62	0
1	E	105/127 (82%)	0.11	4 (3%) 40 38	9, 20, 45, 61	0
1	F	106/127 (83%)	0.34	4 (3%) 40 38	12, 27, 47, 65	0
All	All	646/762 (84%)	0.25	34 (5%) 26 25	9, 25, 50, 65	0

All (34) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	86	HIS	5.1
1	С	10	TYR	4.8
1	Е	9	ARG	4.6
1	Е	75	ILE	4.0
1	F	92	SER	3.6
1	F	76	ILE	3.6
1	Е	112	ASN	3.3
1	A	114	HIS	3.3
1	A	22	ILE	3.2
1	С	75	ILE	3.1
1	С	76	ILE	3.0
1	A	112	ASN	2.9
1	A	74	TYR	2.8
1	A	27	ALA	2.7
1	Е	10	TYR	2.7
1	A	20	ILE	2.7
1	В	10	TYR	2.6
1	A	19	GLU	2.6
1	D	86	HIS	2.5



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	F	112	ASN	2.5
1	D	76	ILE	2.5
1	F	8	ASP	2.4
1	D	10	TYR	2.4
1	В	76	ILE	2.4
1	С	125	VAL	2.3
1	С	114	HIS	2.3
1	A	9	ARG	2.2
1	В	12	LYS	2.2
1	A	111	PHE	2.2
1	С	86	HIS	2.1
1	D	9	ARG	2.1
1	В	112	ASN	2.1
1	D	112	ASN	2.1
1	С	126	LEU	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

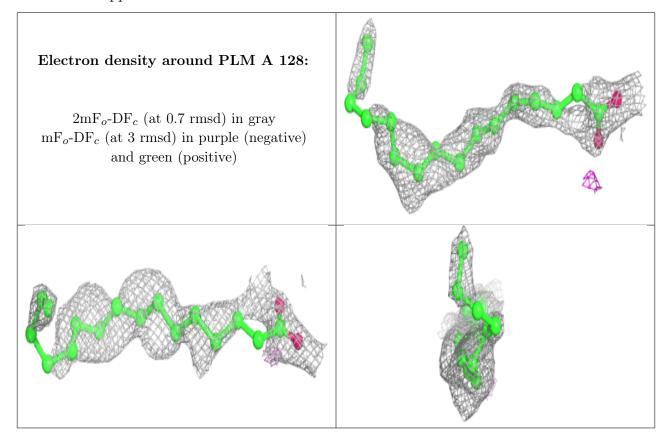
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	PLM	A	128	18/18	0.61	0.24	50,63,76,83	0
2	PLM	С	128	18/18	0.71	0.22	46,61,77,79	0
2	PLM	F	128	18/18	0.77	0.25	43,62,78,80	0
2	PLM	Е	128	18/18	0.80	0.24	37,59,72,75	0
2	PLM	D	128	18/18	0.80	0.18	37,61,75,90	0
2	PLM	В	128	18/18	0.82	0.18	29,59,80,85	0

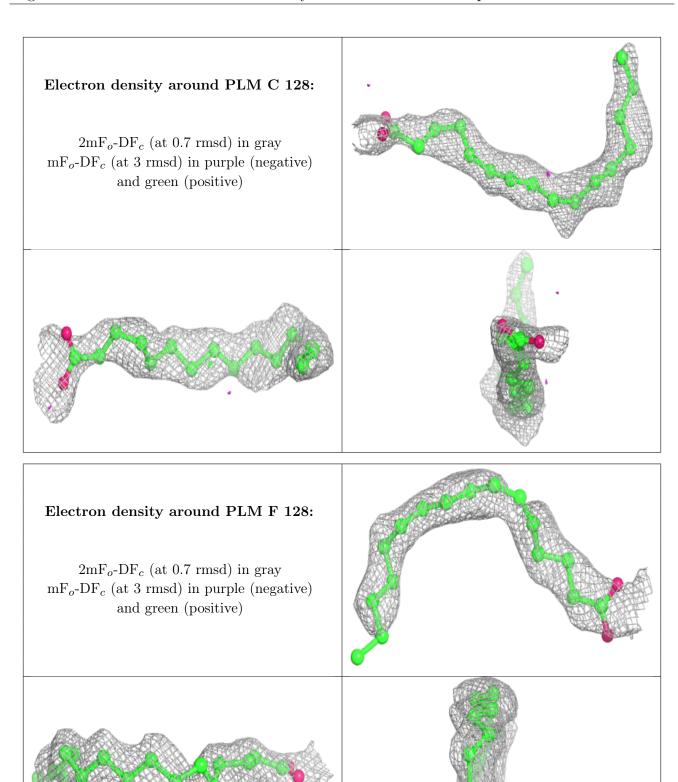
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all



instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



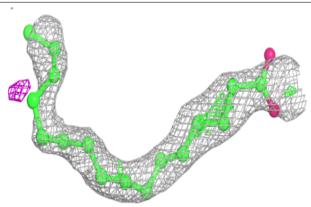


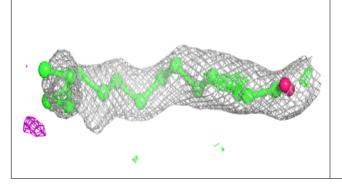


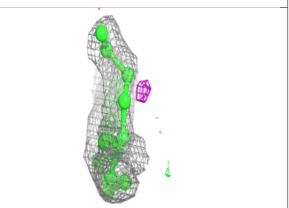


Electron density around PLM E 128:

 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

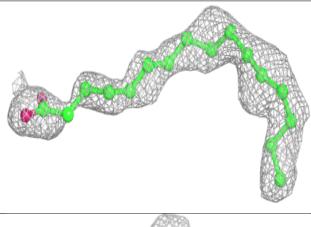


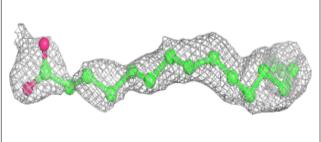


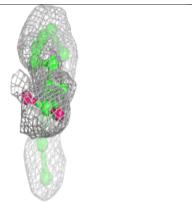


Electron density around PLM D 128:

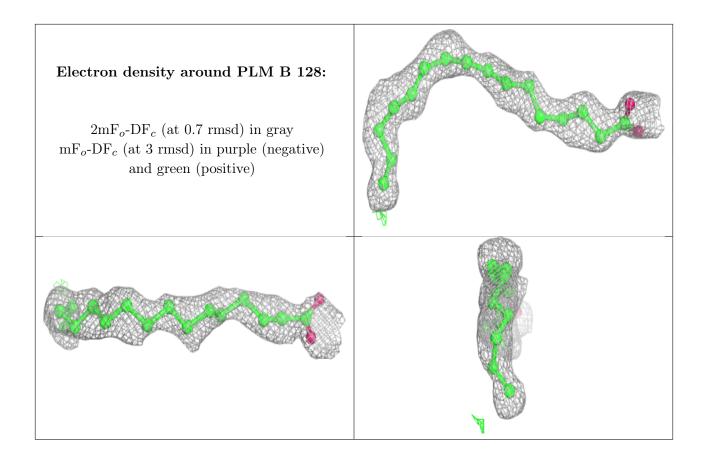
 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)











6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

