

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 6, 2020 – 04:45 PM BST

PDB ID : 5R56

Title : PanDDA analysis group deposition - Crystal Structure of human NUDT22 in

complex with N13688a

Authors: Diaz-Saez, L.; Talon, R.; Krojer, T.; Burgess-Brown, N.A.; Arrowsmith, C.H.;

Edwards, A.M.; Bountra, C.; von Delft, F.; Huber, K.V.M.

Deposited on : 2020-02-28

Resolution : 1.51 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.13.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove) roteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

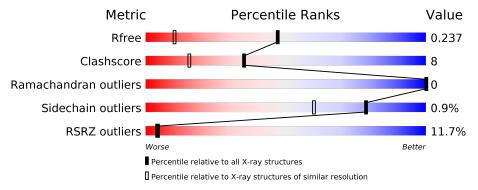
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.51 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



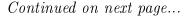
Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	4009 (1.54-1.50)
Clashscore	141614	4249 (1.54-1.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4148 (1.54-1.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4146 (1.54-1.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3943 (1.54-1.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
			11%						
1	A	304	85%	10% • •					

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

	$\mathbf{Mol}$	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
ſ	3	DMS	A	403	_	-	X	-
	3	DMS	A	404	-	-	-	X





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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	DMS	A	405	-	-	X	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2458 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

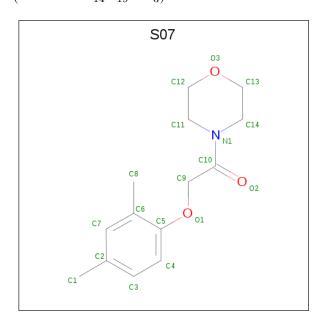
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Uridine diphosphate glucose pyrophosphatase NUDT22.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	291	Total	C	N	0	S	0	7	0
			2253	1425	391	432	Э			

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled Actual		Comment	Reference	
A	0	SER	_	expression tag	UNP Q9BRQ3	
A	260	ARG	GLN	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP Q9BRQ3	
A	263	PRO	LEU	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP Q9BRQ3	

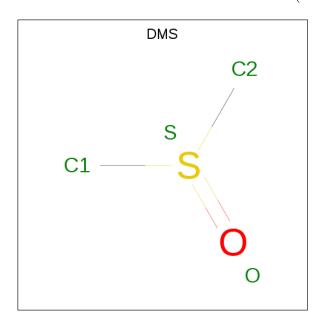
• Molecule 2 is 2-(2,4-dimethylphenoxy)-1-morpholin-4-yl-ethanone (three-letter code: S07) (formula: C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>19</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	Λ.	1	Total	С	Ν	О	0	0
2	A	1	18	14	1	3	U	0



 $\bullet$  Molecule 3 is DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE (three-letter code: DMS) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_2H_6OS}).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	Δ	1	Total C O S	0	0
	11	1	4 2 1 1	U	U
3	$_{ m A}$	1	Total C O S	0	0
	11	1	4 2 1 1	Ŭ .	U
3	A	1	Total C O S	0	0
	11	1	4 2 1 1	0	
3	Δ	1	Total C O S	0	0
	11	1	4 2 1 1	0	Ŭ .
3	A	1	Total C O S	0	0
	11	1	4 2 1 1		
3	A	1	Total C O S	0	0
	11	1	$\begin{vmatrix} 4 & 2 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$		

• Molecule 4 is water.

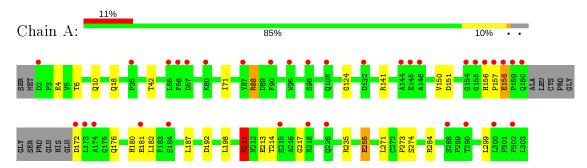
$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	${f AltConf}$
4	A	163	Total O 163 163	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Uridine diphosphate glucose pyrophosphatase NUDT22





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor	
Cell constants	49.59Å 52.33Å 101.56Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	50.78 - 1.51	Depositor	
Resolution (A)	50.78 - 1.51	EDS	
% Data completeness	99.9 (50.78-1.51)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	99.9 (50.78-1.51)	EDS	
$R_{merge}$	0.07	Depositor	
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.51 (at 1.51Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0238	Depositor	
D D.	0.184 , 0.216	Depositor	
$R, R_{free}$	0.213 , $0.237$	DCC	
$R_{free}$ test set	2269 reflections (5.37%)	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	20.6	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.109	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 46.0	EDS	
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS	
Total number of atoms	2458	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	25.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.42% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DMS, S07

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bo	nd angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.86	$1/2307 \ (0.0\%)$	0.85	4/3152 (0.1%)

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Res	Type	${f Atoms}$	Z	${f Observed(\AA)}$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	A	255	GLU	CD-OE1	9.28	1.35	1.25

#### All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	211	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-8.12	116.24	120.30
1	A	211	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	7.36	123.98	120.30
1	A	88	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.39	123.00	120.30
1	A	235	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.27	122.93	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2253	0	2193	36	0
2	A	18	0	0	0	0
3	A	24	0	36	11	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	163	0	0	13	3
All	All	2458	0	2229	37	3

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 37 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{l}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:88:ARG:CD	4:A:501:HOH:O	1.69	1.06
1:A:211:ARG:HD3	1:A:213:GLU:OE2	1.62	1.00
1:A:88:ARG:HD3	4:A:501:HOH:O	1.45	0.87
1:A:255:GLU:OE1	4:A:503:HOH:O	1.94	0.84
1:A:211:ARG:CD	1:A:213:GLU:OE2	2.26	0.83

All (3) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$
4:A:523:HOH:O	4:A:588:HOH:O[3_655]	1.14	1.06
4:A:560:HOH:O	4:A:629:HOH:O[4_565]	1.91	0.29
4:A:507:HOH:O	4:A:595:HOH:O[3_645]	2.00	0.20

# 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

## 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	293/304 (96%)	287 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	236/244 (97%)	234 (99%)	2 (1%)	81 65	

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	158	GLU
1	A	211	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	77	GLN
1	A	176	GLN
1	A	180	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

# 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

7 ligands are modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuna	Chain	Res	Link	Во	nd leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
10101	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	DMS	A	407	-	3,3,3	0.21	0	3,3,3	0.12	0
3	DMS	A	404	-	3,3,3	0.17	0	3,3,3	0.21	0
3	DMS	A	405	-	3,3,3	0.33	0	3,3,3	0.17	0
3	DMS	A	402	-	3,3,3	0.19	0	3,3,3	0.18	0
2	S07	A	401	-	19,19,19	0.18	0	25,25,25	0.52	0
3	DMS	A	406	-	3,3,3	0.21	0	3,3,3	0.07	0
3	DMS	A	403	-	3,3,3	0.32	0	3,3,3	0.35	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	$\mathbf{Type}$	Chain	${ m Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	S07	A	401	_	-	0/9/17/17	0/2/2/2

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	405	DMS	4	0
3	A	402	DMS	3	0
3	A	403	DMS	4	0

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	291/304 (95%)	0.45	34 (11%) 4	4	16, 23, 36, 53	24 (8%)

The worst 5 of 34 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	56	PHE	11.1
1	A	95	TRP	11.0
1	A	90	PHE	10.1
1	A	87	TYR	9.5
1	A	55	LEU	9.5

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	DMS	A	406	4/4	0.59	0.39	65,66,67,68	4
3	DMS	A	407	4/4	0.67	0.35	51,56,56,57	4

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B\text{-factors}}({f \AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	S07	A	401	18/18	0.75	0.27	20,23,30,31	18
3	DMS	A	405	4/4	0.77	0.25	49,55,57,62	0
3	DMS	A	404	4/4	0.79	0.42	82,86,86,87	0
3	DMS	A	402	4/4	0.86	0.14	72,72,79,79	0
3	DMS	A	403	4/4	0.91	0.21	41,51,53,53	0

# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

