



## Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 3, 2024 – 03:24 AM EST

PDB ID : 7R8A  
EMDB ID : EMD-24313  
Title : The structure of human ABCG5/ABCG8 purified from mammalian cells  
Authors : Sun, Y.; Li, X.; Long, T.  
Deposited on : 2021-06-26  
Resolution : 2.90 Å (reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev113  
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
MapQ : 1.9.13  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

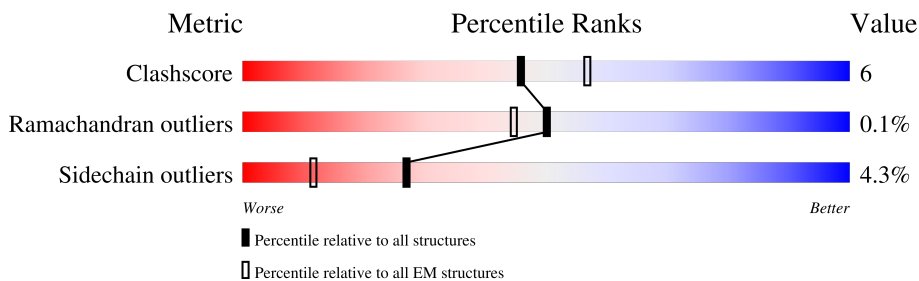
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	666	
2	B	715	
3	C	245	
4	D	234	

## 2 Entry composition i

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10530 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ATP-binding cassette sub-family G member 5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	584	4596	2976	777	813	30	0	0

There are 15 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	652	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H222
A	653	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H222
A	654	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H222
A	655	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H222
A	656	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H222
A	657	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H222
A	658	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H222
A	659	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H222
A	660	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H222
A	661	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H222
A	662	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H222
A	663	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H222
A	664	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H222
A	665	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H222
A	666	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H222

- Molecule 2 is a protein called ATP-binding cassette sub-family G member 8.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	529	4202	2733	714	728	27	0	0

There are 42 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	674	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	675	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	676	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	677	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	678	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	679	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	680	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	681	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	682	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	683	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	684	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	685	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	686	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	687	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	688	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	689	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	690	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	691	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	692	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	693	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	694	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	695	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	696	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	697	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	698	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	699	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	700	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	701	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	702	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	703	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	704	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	705	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	706	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	707	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	708	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	709	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	710	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	711	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	712	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	713	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	714	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221
B	715	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q9H221

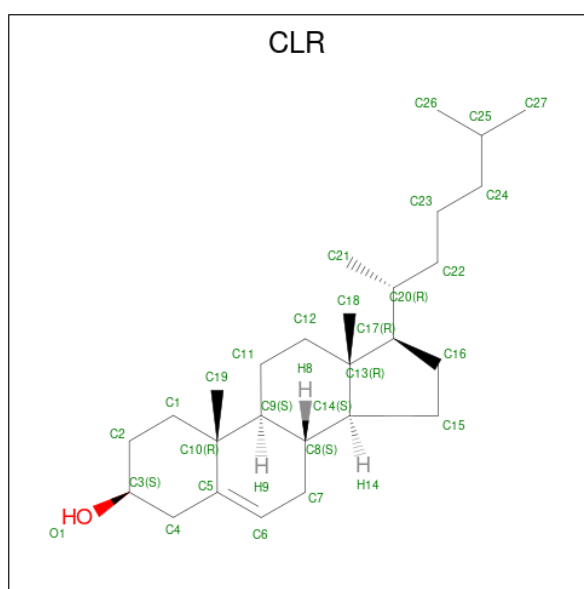
- Molecule 3 is a protein called 2C7 Fab heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	C	114	901	571	154	171	5	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a protein called 2C7 Fab light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	D	105	803	503	133	163	4	0	0

- Molecule 5 is CHOLESTEROL (three-letter code: CLR) (formula:  $C_{27}H_{46}O$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
			Total	C	O	
5	A	1	28	27	1	0





## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	347344	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	60	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.102	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.051	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.003	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.0175	Depositor
Map size ( $\text{\AA}$ )	243.07199, 243.07199, 243.07199	wwPDB
Map dimensions	288, 288, 288	wwPDB
Map angles ( $^\circ$ )	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ( $\text{\AA}$ )	0.844, 0.844, 0.844	Depositor



## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CLR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.24	0/4687	0.39	0/6340
2	B	0.24	0/4300	0.39	0/5823
3	C	0.24	0/923	0.47	0/1251
4	D	0.25	0/819	0.45	0/1107
All	All	0.24	0/10729	0.40	0/14521

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4596	0	4732	50	0
2	B	4202	0	4270	51	0
3	C	901	0	856	18	0
4	D	803	0	777	10	0
5	A	28	0	46	5	0
All	All	10530	0	10681	127	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (127) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:57:ARG:HG3	3:C:59:PRO:HD3	1.74	0.68
2:B:583:LEU:HB3	2:B:587:PRO:HB2	1.75	0.68
2:B:48:GLU:HB3	2:B:133:TRP:HB2	1.78	0.66
1:A:467:TYR:HA	1:A:470:HIS:HD2	1.61	0.65
1:A:40:ILE:O	1:A:73:SER:HA	1.97	0.64
1:A:157:ARG:H	1:A:359:LYS:HG2	1.62	0.64
1:A:296:ASN:ND2	1:A:299:ASP:OD2	2.31	0.64
3:C:53:MET:HB3	3:C:100:LEU:HD11	1.80	0.63
1:A:601:ALA:O	1:A:607:GLN:NE2	2.32	0.63
2:B:459:ILE:HD12	2:B:460:PRO:HD3	1.79	0.62
3:C:58:GLN:HE22	4:D:58:GLN:HE22	1.48	0.62
2:B:115:LEU:HD13	2:B:235:ILE:HG23	1.82	0.61
1:A:642:PHE:O	1:A:645:ARG:HB3	2.00	0.61
3:C:71:ARG:O	3:C:93:ARG:NH1	2.33	0.61
2:B:427:MET:HG2	2:B:511:TYR:HE1	1.66	0.60
2:B:35:SER:OG	3:C:71:ARG:NH1	2.34	0.60
1:A:523:ILE:HG23	1:A:524:VAL:HG23	1.84	0.59
3:C:48:PHE:O	3:C:93:ARG:NH2	2.36	0.59
3:C:33:PRO:HG3	3:C:108:ARG:HB3	1.85	0.59
1:A:498:ARG:HH12	1:A:581:TYR:HB3	1.67	0.58
1:A:150:TYR:OH	1:A:377:ARG:NH1	2.37	0.58
1:A:318:THR:HG22	1:A:321:ARG:HH12	1.69	0.58
5:A:701:CLR:H212	5:A:701:CLR:H183	1.87	0.57
4:D:26:GLN:HE22	4:D:107:TYR:HA	1.70	0.56
2:B:538:VAL:HG21	2:B:599:CYS:HB2	1.86	0.56
1:A:79:GLY:O	1:A:240:ARG:NH1	2.39	0.56
1:A:423:LEU:HD22	1:A:575:LEU:HD13	1.87	0.56
3:C:48:PHE:HE2	3:C:93:ARG:HB2	1.70	0.55
1:A:299:ASP:HB3	2:B:273:ARG:HH21	1.70	0.55
2:B:33:ASP:HB3	2:B:196:ARG:HH21	1.73	0.54
1:A:446:ARG:NH1	1:A:521:LEU:O	2.40	0.54
2:B:49:VAL:O	2:B:92:SER:HA	2.10	0.52
2:B:54:TYR:HB3	2:B:88:ILE:HB	1.90	0.52
2:B:273:ARG:O	2:B:316:ASN:ND2	2.43	0.52
4:D:38:ARG:HG2	4:D:96:SER:HA	1.90	0.52
2:B:475:ARG:NH1	2:B:668:LYS:O	2.44	0.51
3:C:57:ARG:HA	3:C:115:TYR:HA	1.93	0.51
2:B:45:ASN:H	2:B:97:SER:HB2	1.76	0.51
1:A:550:ARG:O	1:A:550:ARG:NH1	2.43	0.51
1:A:165:GLN:O	1:A:169:GLU:HG3	2.11	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:389:ARG:HH11	1:A:441:LEU:HD12	1.76	0.50
2:B:591:SER:HA	2:B:594:SER:HB3	1.93	0.50
2:B:284:LEU:HD13	2:B:294:LEU:HD13	1.92	0.50
1:A:161:PRO:HA	1:A:164:PHE:HD2	1.76	0.50
1:A:160:ASN:HD22	1:A:162:GLY:H	1.59	0.50
2:B:219:ARG:NH1	2:B:239:PRO:O	2.45	0.49
2:B:468:ILE:HD13	2:B:550:ALA:HB2	1.94	0.49
1:A:95:LEU:O	1:A:99:MET:HG2	2.11	0.49
1:A:430:THR:OG1	1:A:431:PRO:HD3	2.12	0.49
1:A:253:ARG:HH12	2:B:323:ASP:HB3	1.76	0.49
1:A:341:ASN:OD1	1:A:344:ARG:NH2	2.46	0.48
1:A:87:SER:OG	1:A:88:SER:N	2.46	0.48
2:B:272:PRO:HB2	2:B:277:PHE:HB2	1.96	0.48
2:B:444:SER:OG	2:B:445:PHE:N	2.45	0.48
2:B:252:VAL:HG21	2:B:276:ILE:HG23	1.95	0.48
2:B:121:ARG:NE	2:B:483:GLU:OE1	2.47	0.47
3:C:55:TRP:NE1	3:C:100:LEU:HD13	2.29	0.47
2:B:397:GLN:O	2:B:401:THR:HG23	2.14	0.47
1:A:315:GLU:O	1:A:319:SER:OG	2.31	0.46
1:A:346:LYS:HD2	1:A:347:HIS:CE1	2.50	0.46
1:A:132:VAL:HG22	1:A:206:GLN:HG3	1.97	0.46
2:B:553:LEU:HD12	2:B:559:ALA:HA	1.97	0.46
2:B:424:ALA:HB2	2:B:507:TYR:CE2	2.51	0.46
2:B:151:VAL:HG22	2:B:226:GLN:HG3	1.97	0.46
1:A:46:SER:O	1:A:46:SER:OG	2.31	0.46
4:D:68:ILE:HG12	4:D:74:LEU:HG	1.97	0.45
1:A:43:ALA:HA	1:A:111:GLY:HA3	1.98	0.45
3:C:55:TRP:HB2	3:C:68:ALA:HB3	1.97	0.45
1:A:180:VAL:HG23	1:A:183:ARG:HD3	1.98	0.45
2:B:162:THR:HA	2:B:204:ARG:HA	1.97	0.45
1:A:435:MET:HB2	1:A:534:VAL:HG11	1.99	0.45
5:A:701:CLR:H181	5:A:701:CLR:H20	1.64	0.45
2:B:459:ILE:H	2:B:459:ILE:HG13	1.28	0.45
1:A:379:LEU:HD22	1:A:470:HIS:CE1	2.51	0.45
4:D:98:LEU:HD21	4:D:126:ILE:HG21	1.99	0.45
1:A:348:LEU:HD12	1:A:348:LEU:HA	1.84	0.45
2:B:668:LYS:HE2	2:B:668:LYS:HB2	1.67	0.45
2:B:47:LEU:HB3	2:B:95:VAL:HG23	1.98	0.44
2:B:399:PHE:HZ	2:B:498:LEU:HD12	1.82	0.44
4:D:48:GLU:OE2	4:D:86:ARG:NH2	2.42	0.44
1:A:81:ILE:H	1:A:261:ASP:HB2	1.83	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:610:GLU:HA	1:A:614:PRO:HA	2.01	0.43
3:C:103:GLN:HE21	3:C:105:ASN:HD21	1.66	0.43
1:A:464:MET:HG2	1:A:518:LEU:HD21	2.00	0.43
2:B:115:LEU:HD11	2:B:268:SER:HB3	2.00	0.43
2:B:36:LEU:H	3:C:75:ASN:HD21	1.66	0.43
3:C:113:ALA:HB3	3:C:115:TYR:CE1	2.53	0.43
1:A:390:LEU:HD23	1:A:478:ALA:HB2	2.00	0.42
5:A:701:CLR:H191	5:A:701:CLR:H8	1.75	0.42
1:A:351:LEU:H	1:A:351:LEU:HG	1.70	0.42
1:A:526:ASN:HD22	1:A:529:ILE:HG13	1.84	0.42
5:A:701:CLR:H162	5:A:701:CLR:H222	1.58	0.42
1:A:520:LEU:HA	1:A:523:ILE:HG22	2.00	0.42
2:B:170:ILE:HG21	2:B:225:VAL:HG13	2.02	0.42
1:A:515:PHE:HE2	1:A:631:ILE:HG23	1.85	0.42
1:A:295:SER:O	1:A:295:SER:OG	2.34	0.42
1:A:521:LEU:HG	1:A:530:VAL:HG11	2.02	0.42
2:B:88:ILE:HD13	2:B:114:LEU:HD13	2.00	0.42
1:A:411:VAL:HG13	1:A:413:LYS:HG2	2.00	0.42
2:B:103:ILE:HD13	2:B:114:LEU:HD23	2.02	0.42
2:B:488:THR:O	2:B:490:GLY:N	2.53	0.41
2:B:489:THR:HG21	2:B:663:ARG:HG3	2.02	0.41
4:D:35:LEU:HD13	4:D:98:LEU:O	2.19	0.41
2:B:435:TYR:HB3	2:B:443:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.41
1:A:409:SER:HB2	1:A:419:ARG:HH22	1.85	0.41
2:B:544:ILE:HD13	2:B:547:LEU:HD12	2.03	0.41
1:A:550:ARG:HA	1:A:550:ARG:HD2	1.65	0.41
2:B:36:LEU:N	3:C:75:ASN:HD21	2.18	0.41
2:B:205:VAL:HG12	2:B:213:LEU:HD12	2.01	0.41
2:B:33:ASP:O	2:B:196:ARG:NH2	2.53	0.41
3:C:56:VAL:HG22	3:C:66:TRP:HB2	2.03	0.41
4:D:103:LEU:HD12	4:D:125:GLU:HA	2.02	0.41
1:A:498:ARG:HA	1:A:578:ASN:HD21	1.85	0.41
2:B:508:ILE:HD11	2:B:539:VAL:HG11	2.02	0.41
3:C:52:PHE:CD2	3:C:71:ARG:HA	2.56	0.41
2:B:158:LEU:HB3	2:B:409:ASN:ND2	2.36	0.41
1:A:312:LYS:HA	1:A:312:LYS:HD3	1.85	0.40
5:A:701:CLR:H182	5:A:701:CLR:H111	1.68	0.40
2:B:50:ARG:HE	2:B:131:GLN:NE2	2.19	0.40
2:B:452:LEU:HD22	2:B:603:LEU:HD13	2.04	0.40
3:C:126:ASP:HB3	4:D:66:ARG:CZ	2.50	0.40
4:D:57:GLN:NE2	4:D:106:TYR:OH	2.54	0.40

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:422:LEU:HD13	1:A:492:LEU:HD11	2.04	0.40
2:B:158:LEU:HA	2:B:159:PRO:HD3	1.92	0.40
2:B:305:THR:HG22	2:B:310:PRO:HA	2.03	0.40
1:A:169:GLU:HA	1:A:172:MET:HE2	2.02	0.40
2:B:668:LYS:HA	2:B:669:PRO:HD3	1.95	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	576/666 (86%)	547 (95%)	29 (5%)	0	100	100
2	B	517/715 (72%)	495 (96%)	21 (4%)	1 (0%)	44	73
3	C	112/245 (46%)	105 (94%)	7 (6%)	0	100	100
4	D	103/234 (44%)	100 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	1308/1860 (70%)	1247 (95%)	60 (5%)	1 (0%)	50	77

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	489	THR

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	512/581 (88%)	485 (95%)	27 (5%)	19	49
2	B	456/616 (74%)	439 (96%)	17 (4%)	29	64
3	C	94/207 (45%)	92 (98%)	2 (2%)	48	78
4	D	90/204 (44%)	86 (96%)	4 (4%)	24	57
All	All	1152/1608 (72%)	1102 (96%)	50 (4%)	27	57

All (50) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	37	SER
1	A	44	SER
1	A	46	SER
1	A	88	SER
1	A	100	SER
1	A	130	SER
1	A	131	TYR
1	A	158	ARG
1	A	210	ASP
1	A	224	ASP
1	A	276	THR
1	A	295	SER
1	A	298	PHE
1	A	309	THR
1	A	324	MET
1	A	358	THR
1	A	359	LYS
1	A	361	SER
1	A	383	LYS
1	A	470	HIS
1	A	475	SER
1	A	493	HIS
1	A	538	SER
1	A	563	SER
1	A	597	ASN
1	A	613	CYS
1	A	624	PHE
2	B	139	SER
2	B	140	SER
2	B	142	GLN
2	B	237	ASP
2	B	241	SER
2	B	273	ARG

*Continued on next page...*

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<b>Mol</b>	<b>Chain</b>	<b>Res</b>	<b>Type</b>
2	B	275	ASP
2	B	428	SER
2	B	459	ILE
2	B	462	ASN
2	B	473	SER
2	B	484	ASP
2	B	569	SER
2	B	584	TRP
2	B	594	SER
2	B	597	ARG
2	B	628	LYS
3	C	70	SER
3	C	84	SER
4	D	27	SER
4	D	75	ASP
4	D	94	THR
4	D	113	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (28) such sidechains are listed below:

<b>Mol</b>	<b>Chain</b>	<b>Res</b>	<b>Type</b>
1	A	116	ASN
1	A	160	ASN
1	A	206	GLN
1	A	251	GLN
1	A	347	HIS
1	A	378	ASN
1	A	392	GLN
1	A	393	ASN
1	A	459	GLN
1	A	462	GLN
1	A	470	HIS
1	A	510	HIS
1	A	604	GLN
1	A	607	GLN
2	B	99	GLN
2	B	131	GLN
2	B	199	GLN
2	B	299	HIS
2	B	302	GLN
2	B	409	ASN
3	C	75	ASN

*Continued on next page...*

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	105	ASN
3	C	130	GLN
4	D	26	GLN
4	D	47	GLN
4	D	57	GLN
4	D	58	GLN
4	D	65	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	CLR	A	701	-	31,31,31	1.73	7 (22%)	48,48,48	2.93	23 (47%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	CLR	A	701	-	-	5/10/68/68	0/4/4/4

All (7) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	A	701	CLR	C10-C5	-3.88	1.45	1.52
5	A	701	CLR	C19-C10	-3.47	1.48	1.54
5	A	701	CLR	C18-C13	-3.19	1.49	1.54
5	A	701	CLR	C10-C9	-2.76	1.51	1.56
5	A	701	CLR	C12-C13	-2.37	1.50	1.54
5	A	701	CLR	C1-C10	-2.18	1.50	1.54
5	A	701	CLR	C13-C14	-2.03	1.51	1.55

All (23) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	A	701	CLR	C16-C17-C20	-6.78	101.92	112.18
5	A	701	CLR	C1-C10-C9	6.14	116.86	108.74
5	A	701	CLR	C11-C9-C8	-6.01	103.39	111.78
5	A	701	CLR	C2-C3-C4	-5.71	102.26	110.29
5	A	701	CLR	C1-C2-C3	-5.06	103.78	110.48
5	A	701	CLR	C18-C13-C12	-5.01	103.22	110.61
5	A	701	CLR	C7-C6-C5	-4.87	116.79	125.02
5	A	701	CLR	C1-C10-C5	-4.19	101.52	108.74
5	A	701	CLR	C12-C13-C17	4.11	122.66	116.60
5	A	701	CLR	C10-C9-C8	-3.78	107.19	112.71
5	A	701	CLR	C10-C5-C6	-3.68	117.55	122.93
5	A	701	CLR	C17-C13-C14	3.55	104.17	100.10
5	A	701	CLR	C4-C5-C10	3.53	120.94	116.42
5	A	701	CLR	C21-C20-C22	-3.29	105.25	110.34
5	A	701	CLR	C7-C8-C9	2.86	113.02	109.72
5	A	701	CLR	C13-C17-C20	-2.81	115.16	119.50
5	A	701	CLR	C19-C10-C5	-2.73	104.21	108.38
5	A	701	CLR	C16-C15-C14	-2.63	100.00	105.14
5	A	701	CLR	C19-C10-C9	-2.59	108.75	111.66
5	A	701	CLR	C19-C10-C1	2.54	113.29	109.43
5	A	701	CLR	C11-C12-C13	-2.49	108.53	112.74
5	A	701	CLR	C12-C13-C14	-2.45	103.59	107.25
5	A	701	CLR	C11-C9-C10	2.07	115.64	113.08

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

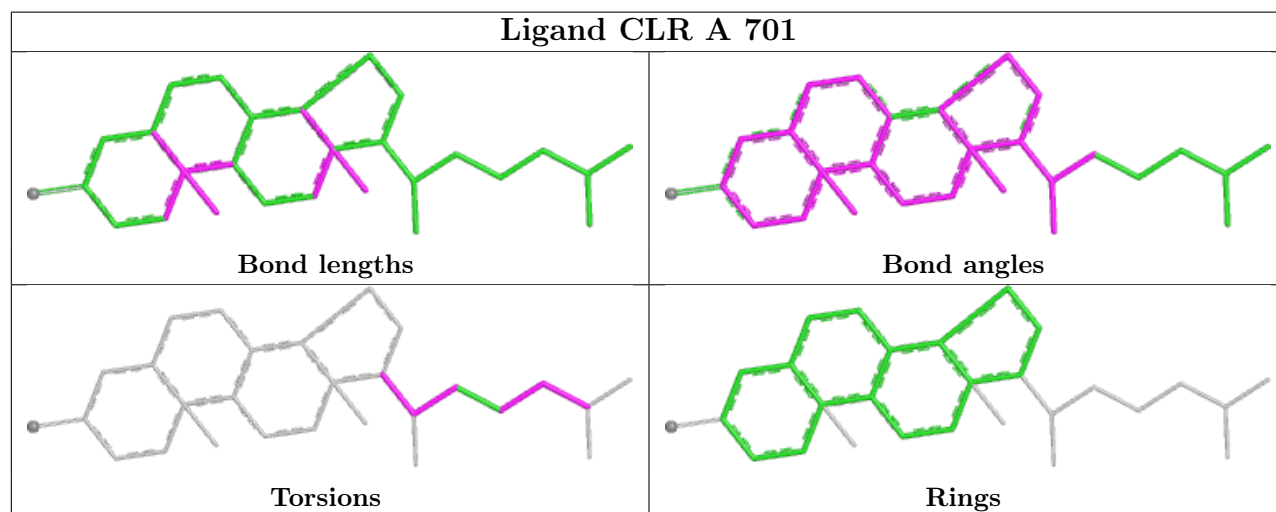
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	701	CLR	C23-C24-C25-C26
5	A	701	CLR	C23-C24-C25-C27
5	A	701	CLR	C22-C23-C24-C25
5	A	701	CLR	C21-C20-C22-C23
5	A	701	CLR	C13-C17-C20-C21

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	701	CLR	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

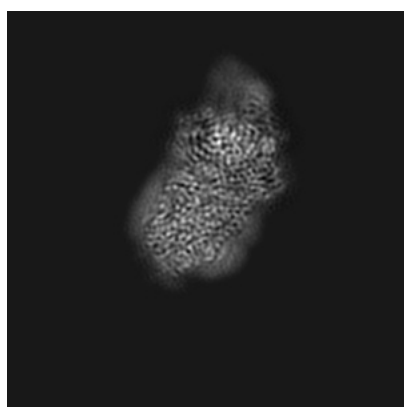
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-24313. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

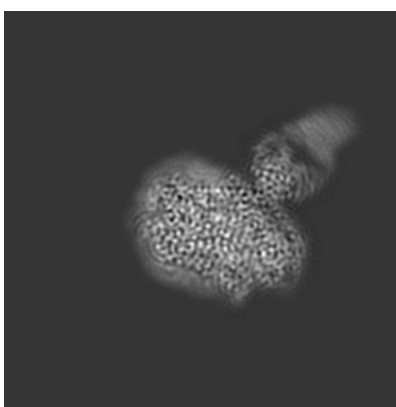
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

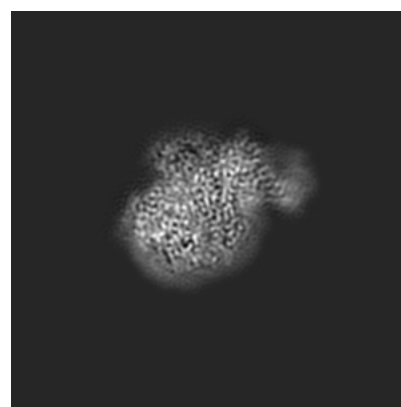
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

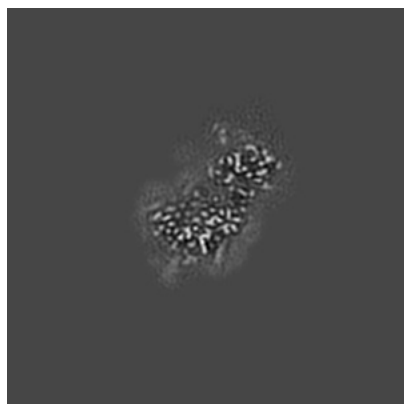


Z

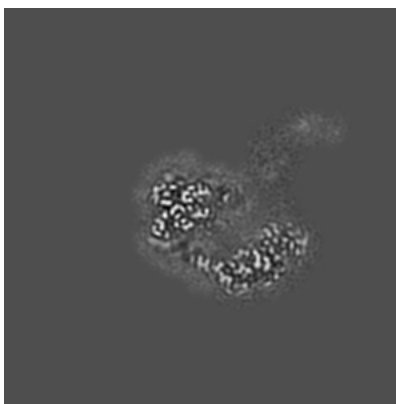
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

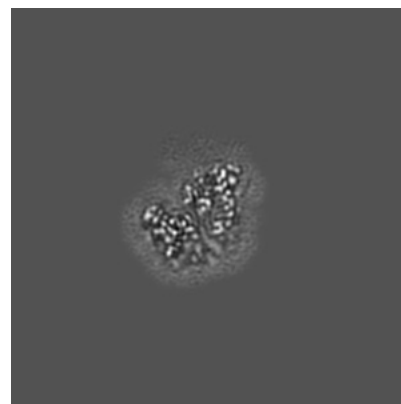
#### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 144



Y Index: 144

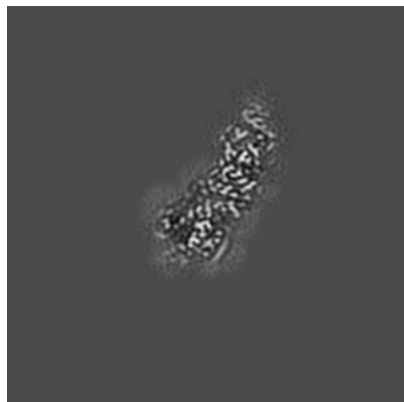


Z Index: 144

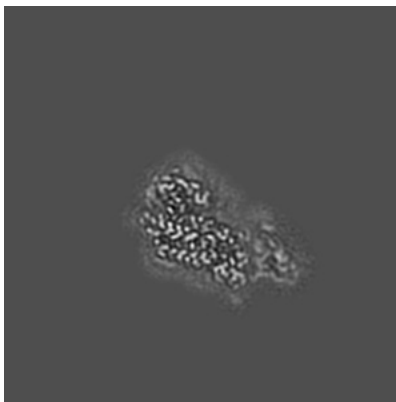
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [\(i\)](#)

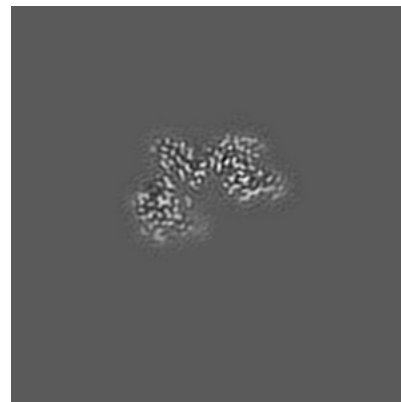
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 154



Y Index: 127

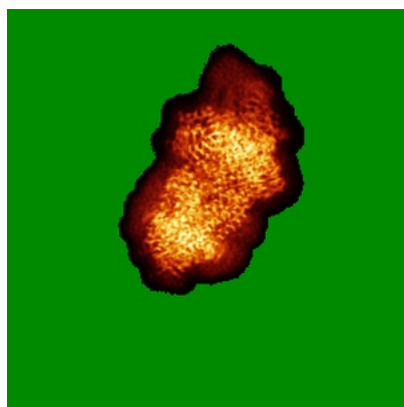


Z Index: 187

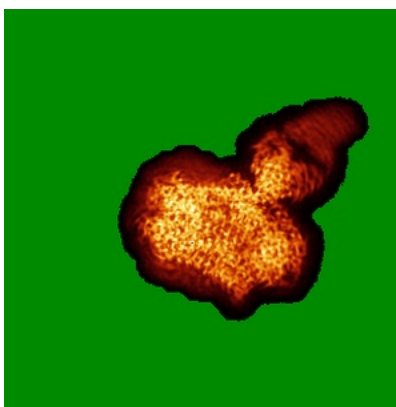
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [\(i\)](#)

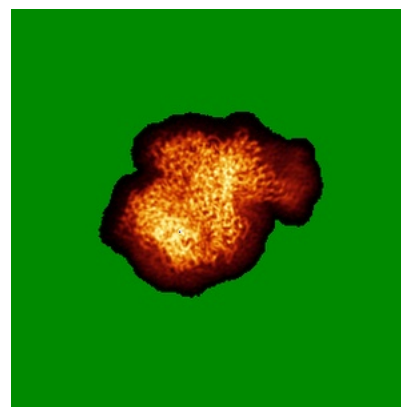
### 6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

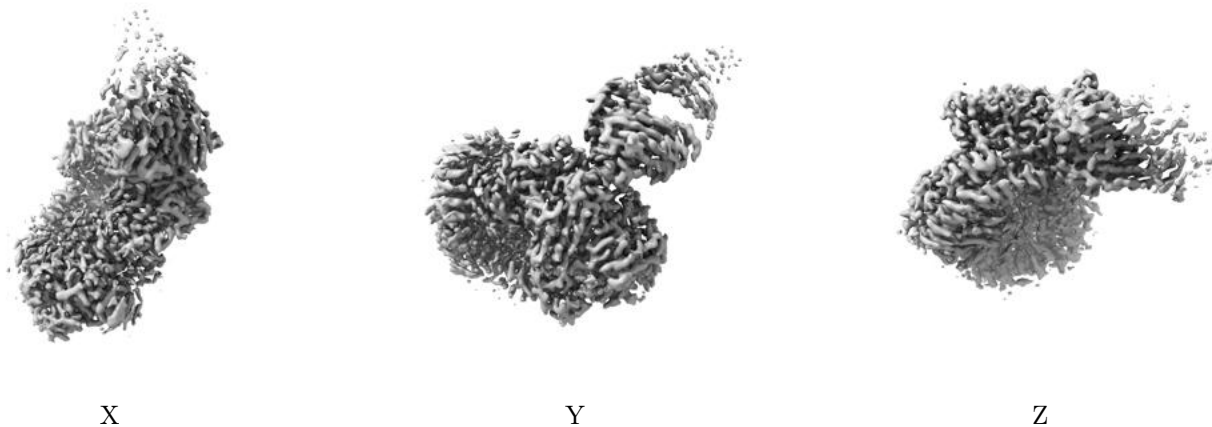


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0175. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

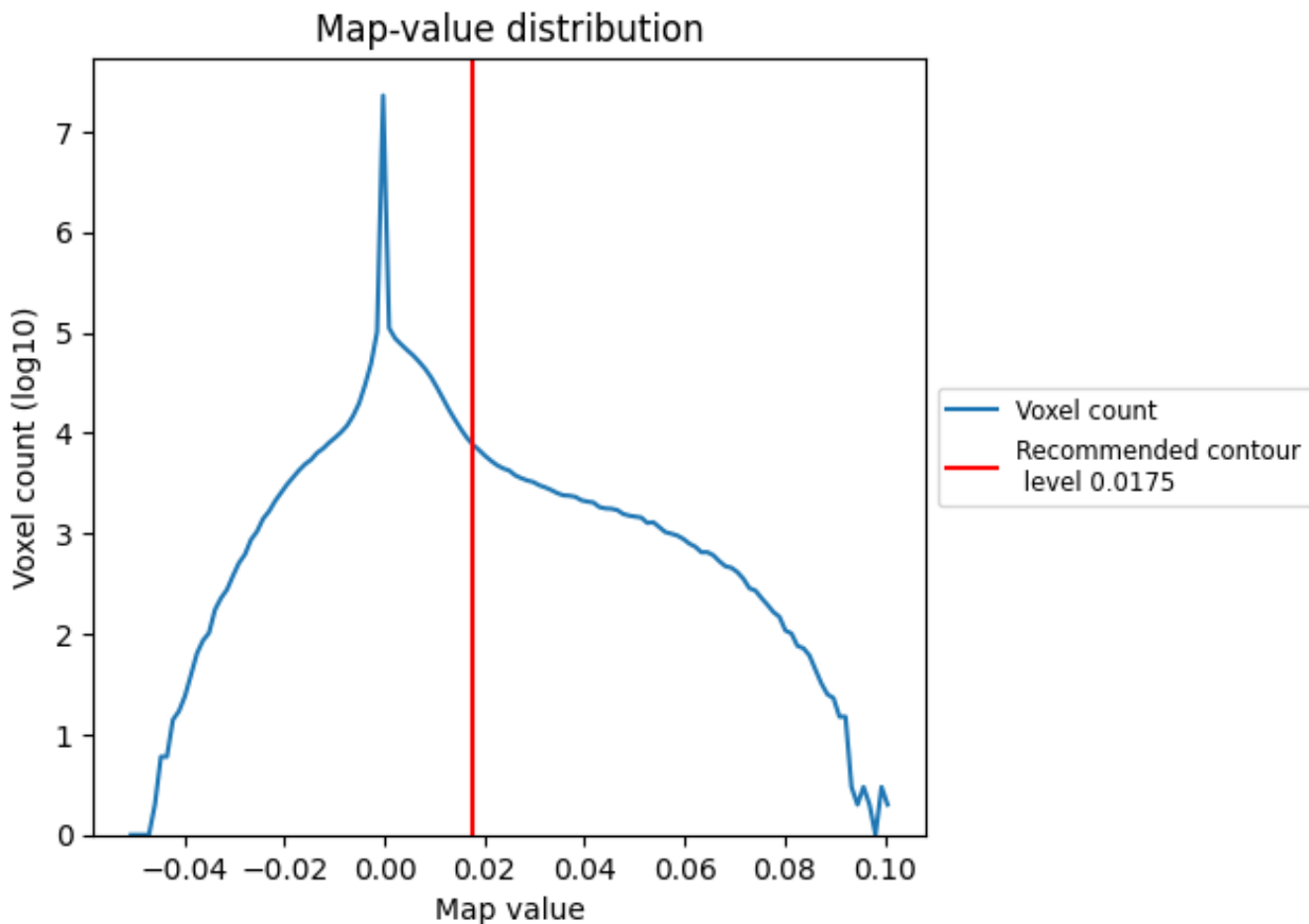
## 6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

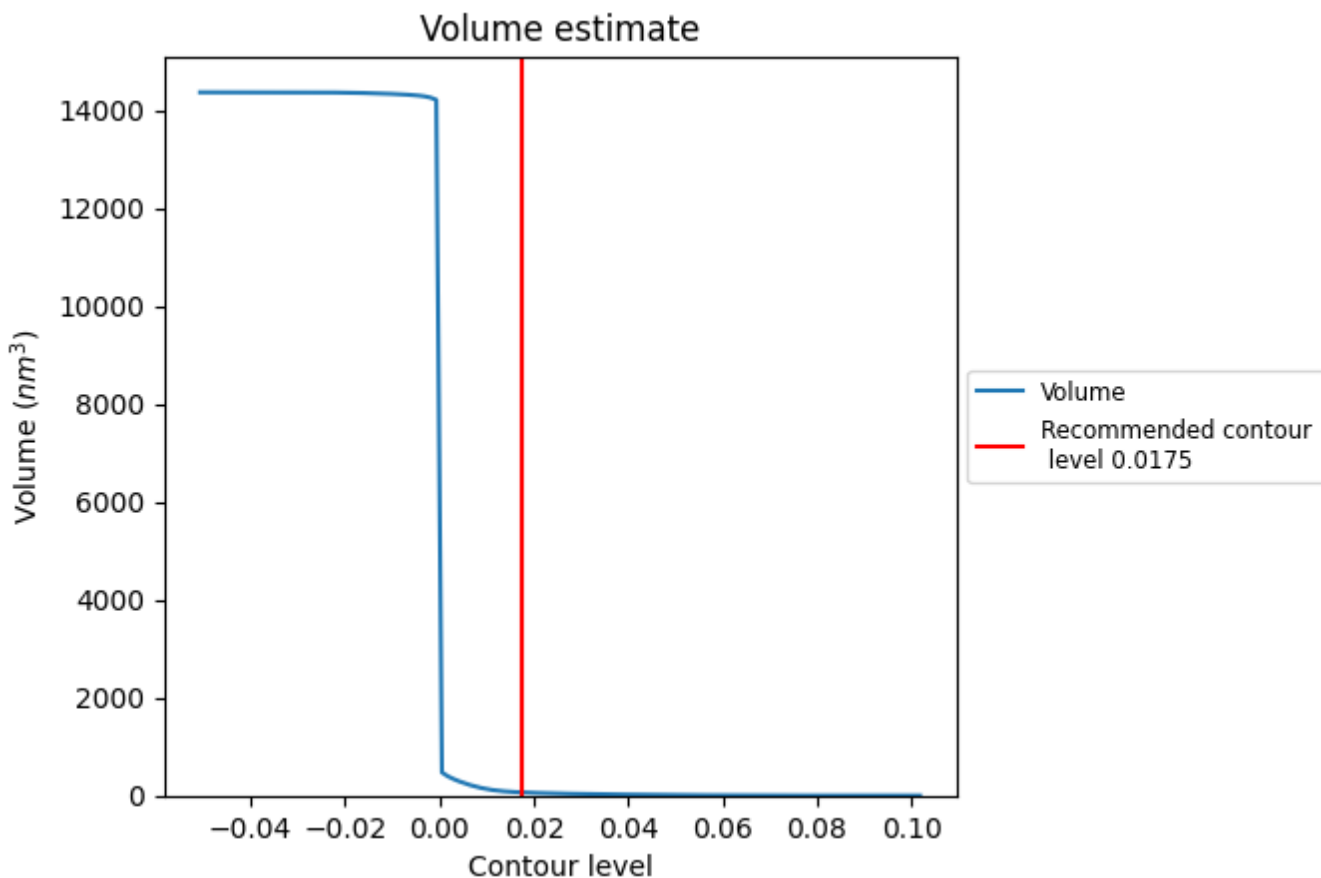
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

## 7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)

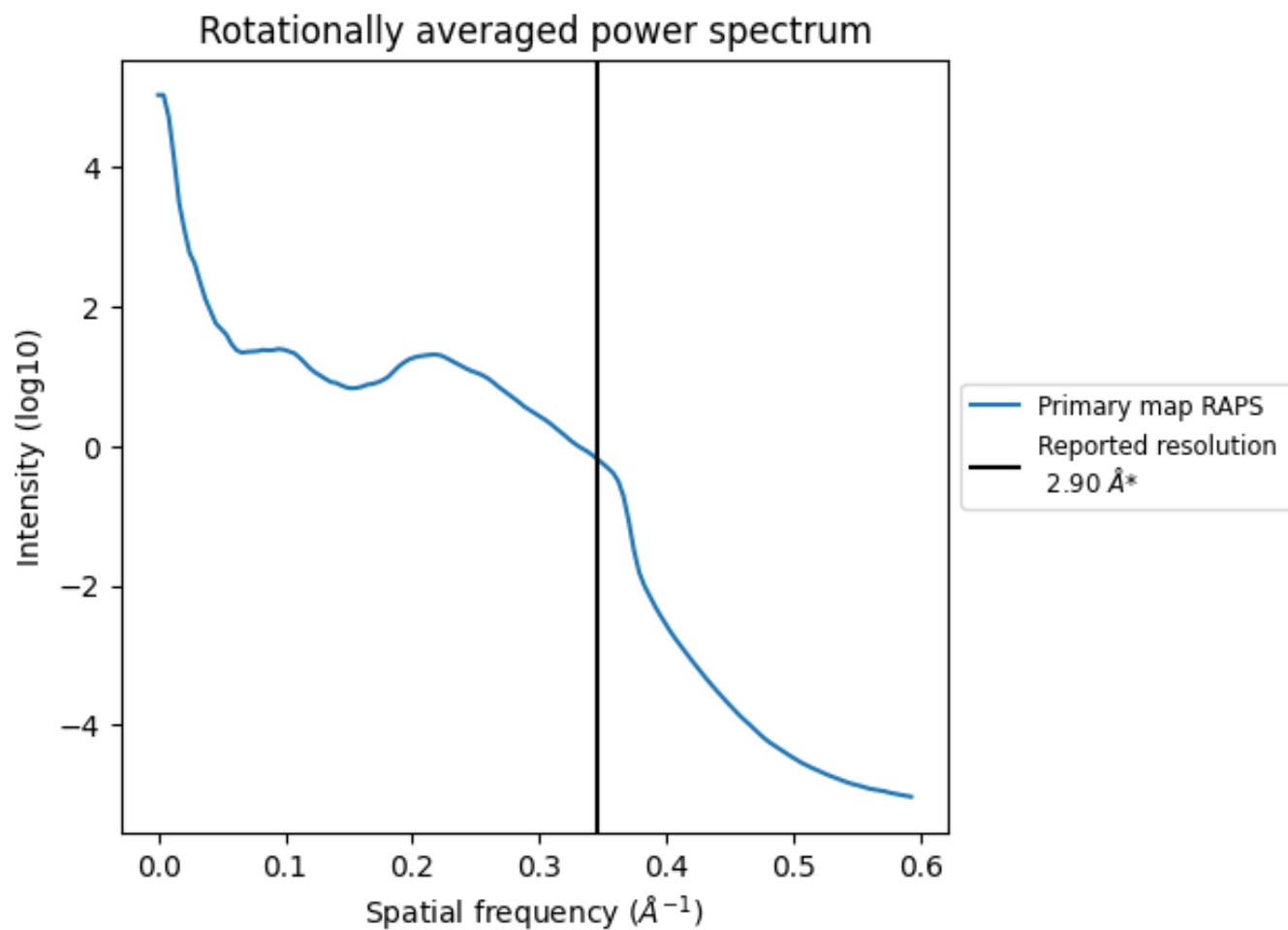


The volume at the recommended contour level is  $65 \text{ nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 58 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

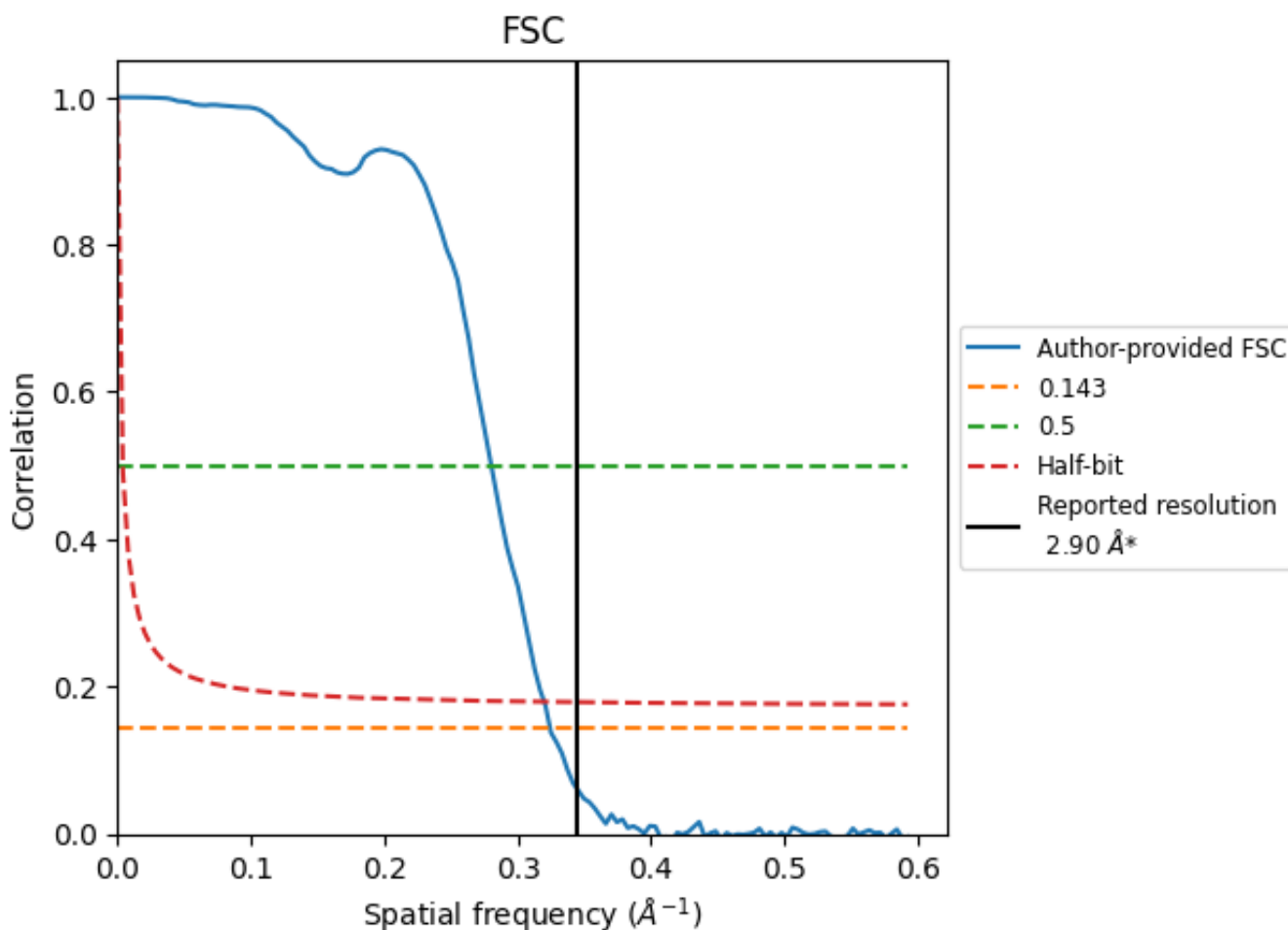


\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of  $0.345 \text{\AA}^{-1}$

## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation [\(i\)](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC [\(i\)](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.345 Å<sup>-1</sup>

## 8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

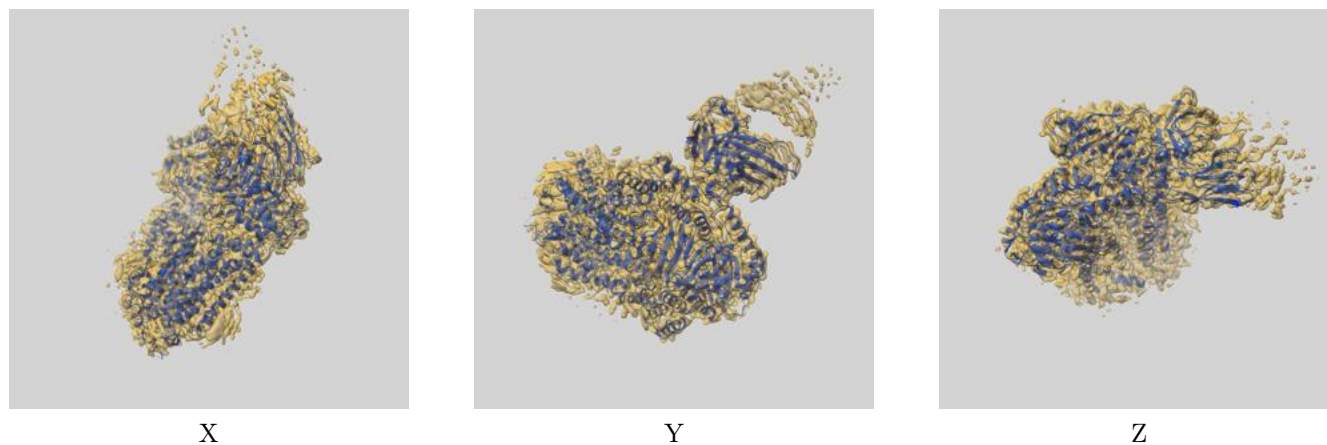
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.90	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.08	3.57	3.13
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-

\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

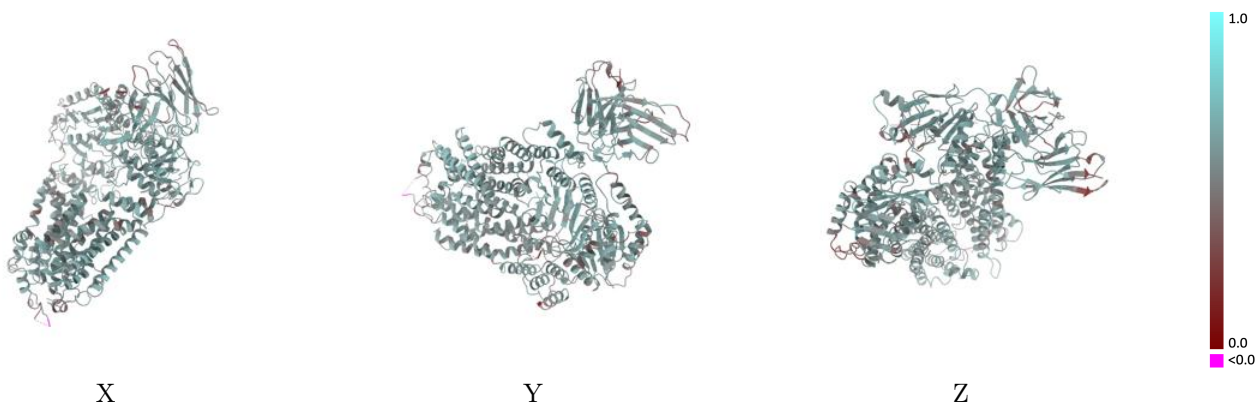
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-24313 and PDB model 7R8A. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



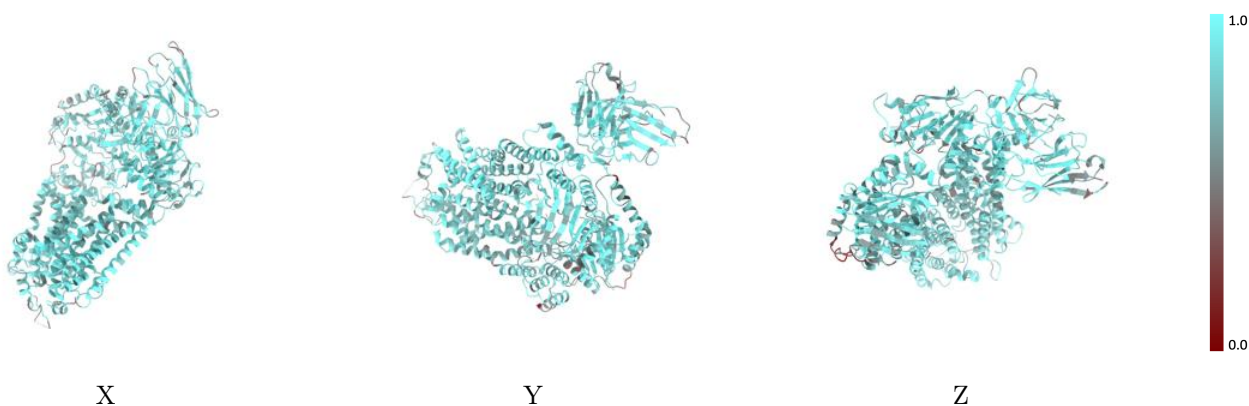
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.0175 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



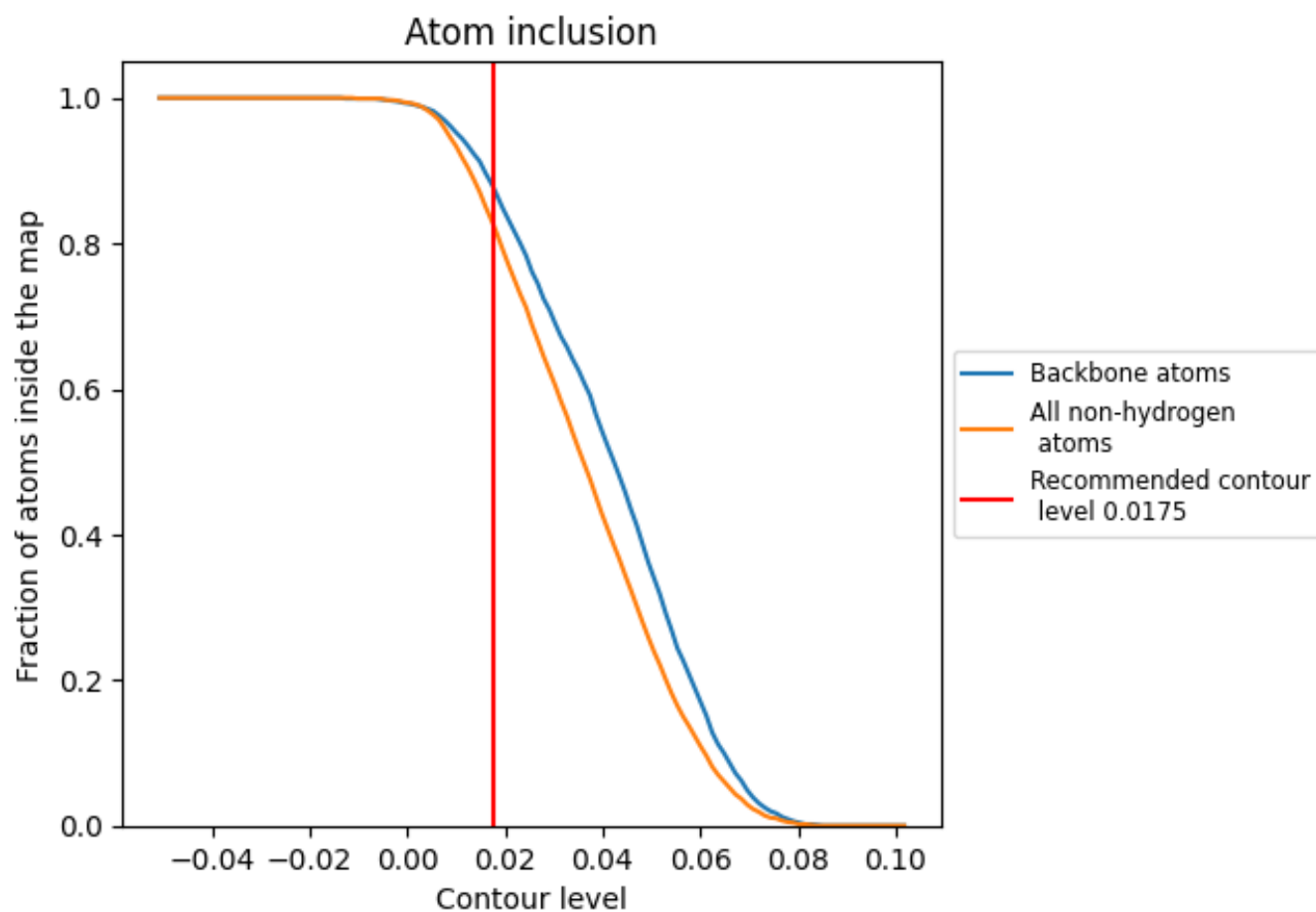
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.0175).











## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 88% of all backbone atoms, 83% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary [i](#)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.0175) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.8280	 0.5520
A	 0.8170	 0.5450
B	 0.8480	 0.5650
C	 0.8020	 0.5310
D	 0.8240	 0.5470

