Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report

Feb 19, 2022 – 05:32 PM EST

PDB ID : 1RIJ
Title : E6-bind Trp-cage (E6apn1)
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Deposited on : 2003-11-17

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
with specific help available everywhere you see the symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI : v_ln_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : 2.26
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.26
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

\textit{SOLUTION NMR}

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Metric</th>
<th>Whole archive (#Entries)</th>
<th>NMR archive (#Entries)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clashscore</td>
<td>158937</td>
<td>12864</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ramachandran outliers</td>
<td>154571</td>
<td>11451</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sidechain outliers</td>
<td>154315</td>
<td>11428</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for $\geq 3$, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Length</th>
<th>Quality of chain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>57%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>26%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 30 models. Model 30 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 24 as representative, based on the following criterion: closest to the average.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Well-defined (core) protein residues</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Well-defined core</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cluster number</th>
<th>Models</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1, 2, 8, 9, 11, 13, 19, 23, 24, 25, 26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 15, 20, 29, 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 21, 22, 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single-model clusters</td>
<td>17; 27</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 334 atoms, of which 166 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called E6apn1 peptide.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Residues</th>
<th>Atoms</th>
<th>Trace</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>Total C H N O</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>334 106 166 30 32</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

![Chain A Score Chart]

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

![Chain A Score Chart]

4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

![Chain A Score Chart]

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

![Chain A Score Chart]

4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

![Chain A Score Chart]
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:
4.2.13  Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.14  Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.15  Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.16  Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.17  Score per residue for model 17

• Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:
4.2.18  Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.19  Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.20  Score per residue for model 20

• Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.21  Score per residue for model 21

• Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.22  Score per residue for model 22

• Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:
4.2.23  Score per residue for model 23

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.24  Score per residue for model 24

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.25  Score per residue for model 25

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.26  Score per residue for model 26

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.27  Score per residue for model 27

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:
4.2.28 Score per residue for model 28

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.29 Score per residue for model 29

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:

4.2.30 Score per residue for model 30 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: E6apn1 peptide

Chain A:
5  Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 30 calculated structures, 30 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *all calculated structures submitted*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Software name</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Version</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CNS</td>
<td>structure solution</td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CNS</td>
<td>refinement</td>
<td>1.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

No chemical shift data was provided.
6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.
There are no bond-length outliers.
There are no bond-angle outliers.
There are no chirality outliers.
There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Non-H</th>
<th>H(model)</th>
<th>H(added)</th>
<th>Clashes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>137</td>
<td>137</td>
<td>3±1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>4200</td>
<td>4110</td>
<td>4110</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Atom-1</th>
<th>Atom-2</th>
<th>Clash(Å)</th>
<th>Distance(Å)</th>
<th>Models</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1:A:5:LEU:HD22</td>
<td>1:A:22:PRO:HB3</td>
<td>0.59</td>
<td>1.73</td>
<td>30 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:A:5:LEU:HD21</td>
<td>1:A:19:ARG:CZ</td>
<td>0.58</td>
<td>2.29</td>
<td>21 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:A:5:LEU:HD22</td>
<td>1:A:22:PRO:HG3</td>
<td>0.54</td>
<td>1.79</td>
<td>21 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:A:5:LEU:O</td>
<td>1:A:5:LEU:HD23</td>
<td>0.52</td>
<td>2.04</td>
<td>22 12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:A:12:ASP:HB3</td>
<td>1:A:17:SER:HB2</td>
<td>0.47</td>
<td>1.85</td>
<td>6 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:A:5:LEU:HB3</td>
<td>1:A:22:PRO:HB3</td>
<td>0.47</td>
<td>1.87</td>
<td>29 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:A:5:LEU:HD13</td>
<td>1:A:22:PRO:CB</td>
<td>0.46</td>
<td>2.40</td>
<td>14 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:A:9:TRP:CH2</td>
<td>1:A:15:PRO:HG3</td>
<td>0.45</td>
<td>2.47</td>
<td>23 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:A:5:LEU:HD23</td>
<td>1:A:22:PRO:HB3</td>
<td>0.43</td>
<td>1.90</td>
<td>28 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:A:9:TRP:CZ2</td>
<td>1:A:15:PRO:N</td>
<td>0.43</td>
<td>2.87</td>
<td>4 13</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Continued on next page...
Continued from previous page...

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Atom-1</th>
<th>Atom-2</th>
<th>Clash(Å)</th>
<th>Distance(Å)</th>
<th>Models</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1:A:9:TRP:CH2</td>
<td>1:A:21:PRO:HG3</td>
<td>0.43</td>
<td>2.49</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:A:5:LEU:HD21</td>
<td>1:A:19:ARG:NH1</td>
<td>0.42</td>
<td>2.30</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.3 Torsion angles

6.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Analysed</th>
<th>Favoured</th>
<th>Allowed</th>
<th>Outliers</th>
<th>Percentiles</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>19/23 (83%)</td>
<td>17±1 (89±4%)</td>
<td>2±1 (8±4%)</td>
<td>1±1 (3±4%)</td>
<td>7 40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>570/690 (83%)</td>
<td>506 (89%)</td>
<td>47 (8%)</td>
<td>17 (3%)</td>
<td>7 40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All 2 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Res</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Models (Total)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>GLY</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>PRO</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Analysed</th>
<th>Rotameric</th>
<th>Outliers</th>
<th>Percentiles</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>15/18 (83%)</td>
<td>12±1 (80±8%)</td>
<td>3±1 (20±8%)</td>
<td>3 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>450/540 (83%)</td>
<td>359 (80%)</td>
<td>91 (20%)</td>
<td>3 33</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All 7 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Res</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Models (Total)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>LEU</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>ARG</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>LEU</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>GLN</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>LEU</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>GLU</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>LYS</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.
7 Chemical shift validation

No chemical shift data were provided