

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 7, 2023 – 10:45 AM EST

PDB ID	:	2RS9
BMRB ID	:	11463
Title	:	Solution structure of the bromodomain of human BRPF1 in complex with
		histone H4K5ac peptide
Authors	:	Qin, X.; Nagashima, T.; Umehara, T.; Hayashi, F.; Yokoyama, S.; RIKEN
		Structural Genomics/Proteomics Initiative (RSGI)
Deposited on	:	2011-12-08

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

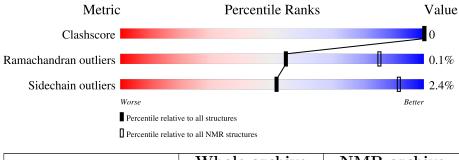
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 93%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} { m archive} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	10	100%	
2	В	121	88%	12%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model						
1	B:47-B:153 (107)	0.38	1			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 7 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 5, 15, 17
2	10, 14, 19
3	6, 11, 18
4	13, 20
Single-model clusters	2; 4; 7; 8; 9; 12; 16



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2063 atoms, of which 1027 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Acetylated lysine 5 of peptide from Histone H4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace	
1	٨	10	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	0
	A	10	140	39	73	15	13	U

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Peregrin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
0	D	191	Total	С	Н	Ν	0	S	0
	D	121	1923	611	954	167	187	4	0

There are 13 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	41	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
В	42	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
В	43	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
В	44	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
В	45	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
В	46	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
В	47	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
В	156	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
В	157	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
В	158	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
В	159	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
В	160	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P55201
В	161	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P55201



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

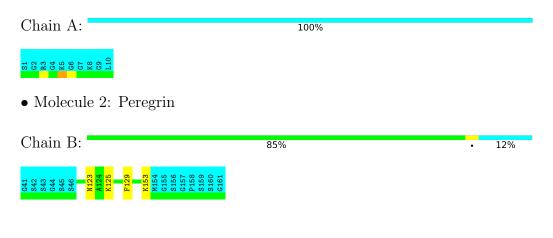
• Molecule 1: Acetylated lysine 5 of peptide from Histone H4

Chain A:	100%		
233 268 268 268 268 27 268 27 268 268 27 268 27 268 27 27 27 28 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27			
• Molecule 2: Peregrin			
Chain B:	88%	•	12%
641 842 843 844 845 846 846 846 846 846 846 8156 8156 8156 8156 8159 8159 8159 8159 8159 8159 8159 8159			

4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Acetylated lysine 5 of peptide from Histone H4





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: torsion angle dynamics, molecular dynamics.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	2.1
Amber	refinement	5
CYANA	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1599
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1598
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	1
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	93%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ALY

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	E	Sond lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	RMSZ	#Z > 5	
2	В	$0.71 {\pm} 0.00$	$0{\pm}0/909$ ($0.0{\pm}$ $0.0\%)$	$0.88 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}1/1224$ ($0.0{\pm}$ 0.1%)	
All	All	0.71	0/18180 ($0.0%$)	0.88	$8/24480\ (\ 0.0\%)$	

There are no bond-length outliers.

5 of 6 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Chain Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	$Ideal(^{o})$	Models	
	Ullalli					Observed()	Ideal()	Worst	Total
2	В	148	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.24	117.18	120.30	14	2
2	В	131	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.85	123.22	120.30	6	1
2	В	148	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.48	123.04	120.30	14	2
2	В	101	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.30	122.95	120.30	12	1
2	В	53	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.20	122.90	120.30	2	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	
1	А	0	0	0	0 ± 0	
2	В	891	886	886	0 ± 0	
All	All	17820	17720	17720	-	



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Favoured		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	0	-	-	-	-		
2	В	107/121~(88%)	$103 \pm 1 \ (96 \pm 1\%)$	$4\pm1~(3\pm1\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	54 85		
All	All	2140/2620 (82%)	2064 (96%)	74(3%)	2~(0%)	54 85		

All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	В	125	LYS	2

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	0	-	-	-	
2	В	96/105~(91%)	$94{\pm}1$ (98 ${\pm}1\%$)	$2\pm1 (2\pm1\%)$	51 92	
All	All	1920/2180~(88%)	1873 (98%)	47 (2%)	51 92	

5 of 13 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

	Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
	2	В	153	LYS	20
I	2	В	123	ASN	7

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6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mal	Turne	Chain	Dec	Tink		Bond leng	ths
INIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	ALY	А	5	1	10,11,12	$0.59{\pm}0.04$	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mal	Turne	Chain	Dec	Tink		Bond an	igles
	Type	Unam	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	ALY	А	5	1	7,12,14	$1.35 {\pm} 0.45$	$1\pm0 (11\pm5\%)$

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Chain Mol Res Type Models (Total) $\mathbf{2}$ В 125LYS 3 2 В ASN 3 1182В MET $\mathbf{2}$ 88

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	ALY	А	5	1	-	$0\pm 0, 9, 10, 12$	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$	Moo Worst	lels Total
1	А	5	ALY	CE-NZ-CH	6.23	132.14	122.56	1	16

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 93% for the well-defined parts and 90% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1599
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1598
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	1
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

• No matching atom found in the structure. All 1 occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Bos	Typo	Atom	Shift DataValueUncertaintyAmbiguity		
	Unam	nes	туре	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	А	5	ALY	HCA	4.292	0.030	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	$\textbf{Correction} \pm \textbf{precision}, \textit{ppm}$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	119	-0.20 ± 0.13	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	111	0.50 ± 0.14	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	119	-0.44 ± 0.09	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
¹⁵ N	111	0.55 ± 0.26	Should be applied



7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 93%, i.e. 1448 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1554. 0 out of 18 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	528/531~(99%)	214/214~(100%)	214/214~(100%)	100/103~(97%)
Sidechain	796/891~(89%)	539/572~(94%)	238/275~(87%)	19/44~(43%)
Aromatic	124/132~(94%)	62/64~(97%)	62/67~(93%)	0/1~(0%)
Overall	1448/1554~(93%)	815/850~(96%)	514/556~(92%)	119/148~(80%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

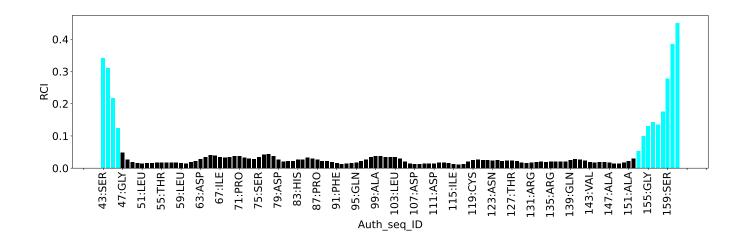
The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:







8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	2205
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	608
Sequential (i-j =1)	511
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	437
Long range $(i-j \ge 5)$	604
Inter-chain	45
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	443
Number of unmapped restraints	4
Number of restraints per residue	20.2
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	4.6

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	1.4	0.17
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	0.5	0.44
>0.5 (Large)	116.0	17.61



8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Bins $(^{\circ})$	Average number of violations per model	Max ($^{\circ}$)
1.0-10.0 (Small)	None	None
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	None	None
>20.0 (Large)	2.0	132.53



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

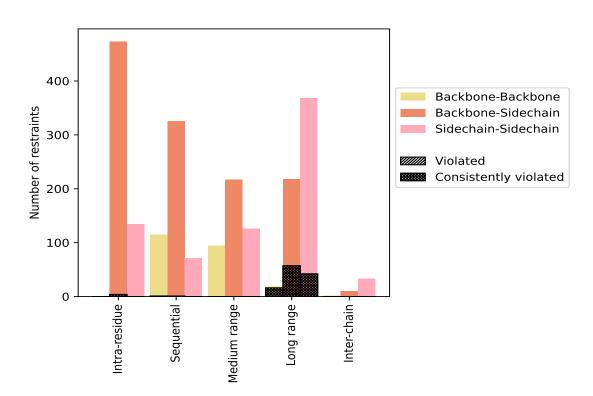
9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Destroints type	Count	$\%^1$	Vie	lated	3	Consis	tently	Violated ⁴
Restraints type	Count	70-	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	608	27.6	4	0.7	0.2	1	0.2	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	1	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	473	21.5	4	0.8	0.2	1	0.2	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	134	6.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (i-j =1)	511	23.2	2	0.4	0.1	1	0.2	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	115	5.2	1	0.9	0.0	1	0.9	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	325	14.7	1	0.3	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	71	3.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ($ i-j > 1 \& i-j < 5$)	437	19.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	94	4.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	217	9.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	126	5.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range $(i-j \ge 5)$	604	27.4	115	19.0	5.2	115	19.0	5.2
Backbone-Backbone	18	0.8	16	88.9	0.7	16	88.9	0.7
Backbone-Sidechain	218	9.9	57	26.1	2.6	57	26.1	2.6
Sidechain-Sidechain	368	16.7	42	11.4	1.9	42	11.4	1.9
Inter-chain	45	2.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	2	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	10	0.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	33	1.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	2205	100.0	121	5.5	5.5	117	5.3	5.3
Backbone-Backbone	230	10.4	17	7.4	0.8	17	7.4	0.8
Backbone-Sidechain	1243	56.4	62	5.0	2.8	58	4.7	2.6
Sidechain-Sidechain	732	33.2	42	5.7	1.9	42	5.7	1.9

 1 percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models





9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)

Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

MadalID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	5	Maan (Å)	Mor (Å)	SD^6 (Å)	Madian (Å)
Model ID	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	$ IC^5 $	Total	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	$SD^{*}(A)$	Median (Å)
1	2	1	0	115	0	118	10.11	16.53	3.32	10.14
2	2	2	0	115	0	119	9.93	15.86	3.38	9.86
3	1	1	0	115	0	117	10.08	16.0	3.14	9.86
4	3	1	0	115	0	119	9.87	16.21	3.41	9.82
5	1	1	0	115	0	117	9.96	17.17	3.19	9.78
6	1	1	0	115	0	117	10.11	15.92	3.09	9.95
7	1	1	0	115	0	117	9.98	16.88	3.24	9.84
8	3	1	0	115	0	119	9.8	16.11	3.38	9.73
9	3	1	0	115	0	119	9.88	16.53	3.46	9.86
10	1	1	0	115	0	117	10.0	15.85	3.14	9.87
11	3	1	0	115	0	119	9.88	16.15	3.3	9.88

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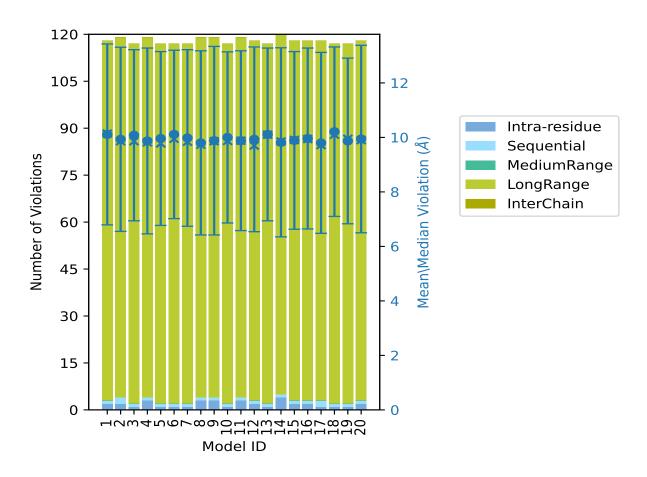


J										
Model ID			nber o				Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD^{6} (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	$ IC^5 $	Total				
12	2	1	0	115	0	118	9.93	16.14	3.39	9.7
13	1	1	0	115	0	117	10.11	15.9	3.17	10.1
14	4	1	0	115	0	120	9.82	16.35	3.47	9.85
15	2	1	0	115	0	118	9.89	16.2	3.26	9.91
16	2	1	0	115	0	118	9.96	16.13	3.32	9.94
17	1	2	0	115	0	118	9.8	17.61	3.32	9.72
18	1	1	0	115	0	117	10.21	15.61	3.11	10.1
19	1	1	0	115	0	117	9.87	15.43	3.04	9.95
20	2	1	0	115	0	118	9.94	16.06	3.44	9.9

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 1 Intra-residue restraints,
²Sequential restraints,
³Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints,
 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Standard deviation





The mean(dot), median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right



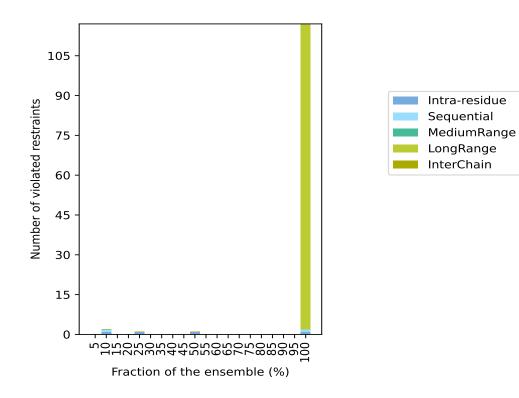
9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 2084(IR:604, SQ:509, MR:437, LR:489, IC:45) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Nu	mber	of vio	lated	restra	aints	Fractio	n of the ensemble
IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total	Count^6	%
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	5.0
1	1	0	0	0	2	2	10.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	3	15.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	20.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	5	25.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
1	1	0	115	0	117	20	100.0

 1 Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Number of models with violations





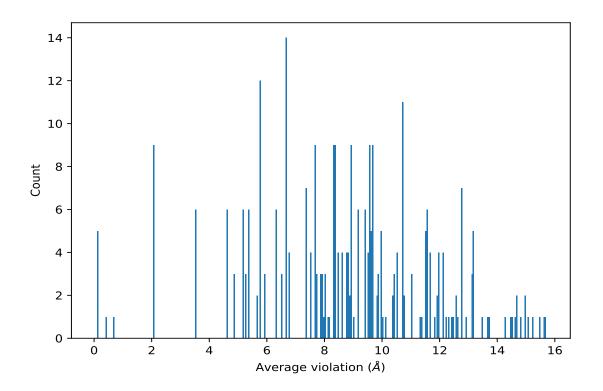
9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble





9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean (Å)	SD^1 (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,562)	2:46:B:SER:HA	2:59:B:LEU:HB2	20	15.68	0.31	15.73
(1,868)	2:46:B:SER:HA	2:59:B:LEU:HG	20	15.63	0.32	15.72
(1,890)	2:110:B:GLU:HA	2:123:B:ASN:HB2	20	15.47	0.79	15.51
(1,65)	2:112:B:PHE:H	2:123:B:ASN:H	20	15.23	0.44	15.34
(1,410)	2:112:B:PHE:HB2	2:123:B:ASN:H	20	15.06	0.46	15.2
(1,408)	2:110:B:GLU:HA	2:123:B:ASN:H	20	14.96	0.39	15.07
(1,592)	2:110:B:GLU:HA	2:123:B:ASN:HB3	20	14.96	0.59	14.96
(1,889)	2:110:B:GLU:HA	2:123:B:ASN:HD21	20	14.82	1.34	14.87
(1,848)	2:46:B:SER:HB3	2:59:B:LEU:HG	20	14.66	0.74	14.71
(1,732)	2:46:B:SER:HB3	2:59:B:LEU:HB2	20	14.66	0.76	14.65

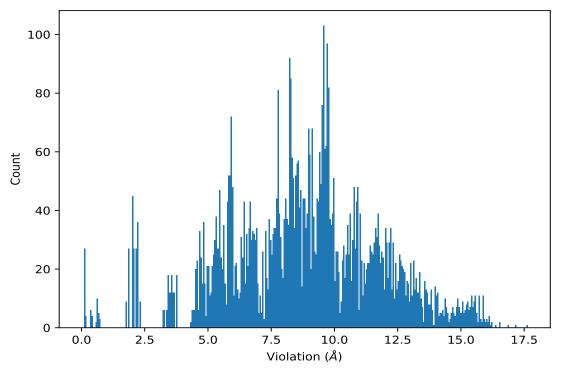
¹Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation



9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,889)	2:110:B:GLU:HA	2:123:B:ASN:HD21	17	17.61
(1,889)	2:110:B:GLU:HA	2:123:B:ASN:HD21	5	17.17
(1,889)	2:110:B:GLU:HA	2:123:B:ASN:HD21	7	16.88
(1,890)	2:110:B:GLU:HA	2:123:B:ASN:HB2	1	16.53
(1,890)	2:110:B:GLU:HA	2:123:B:ASN:HB2	9	16.53
(1,890)	2:110:B:GLU:HA	2:123:B:ASN:HB2	14	16.35
(1,890)	2:110:B:GLU:HA	2:123:B:ASN:HB2	4	16.21
(1,890)	2:110:B:GLU:HA	2:123:B:ASN:HB2	15	16.2
(1,890)	2:110:B:GLU:HA	2:123:B:ASN:HB2	11	16.15
(1,890)	2:110:B:GLU:HA	2:123:B:ASN:HB2	12	16.14



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

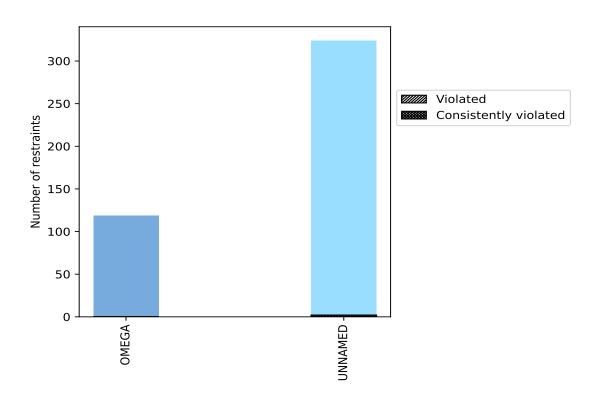
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

	C	$\%^1$	$Violated^3$			Consistently Violated ⁴		
Angle type	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
OMEGA	119	26.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
UNNAMED	324	73.1	2	0.6	0.5	2	0.6	0.5
Total	443	100.0	2	0.5	0.5	2	0.5	0.5

 1 percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

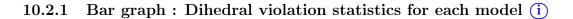


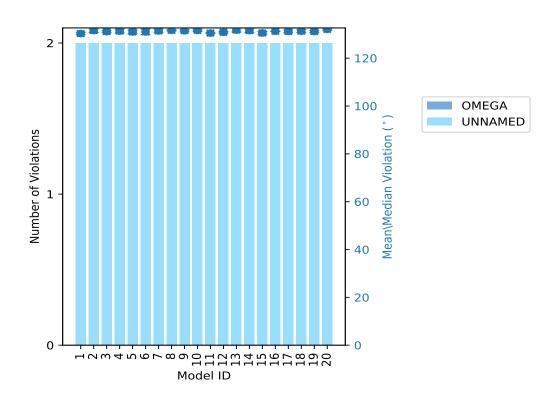
10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations			Mean (°)	Max (°)	SD (°)	Median (°)
Model ID	OMEGA	UNNAMED	Total	Mean ()	Max ()	SD ()	Median ()
1	0	2	2	130.3	130.86	0.56	130.3
2	0	2	2	131.56	132.36	0.81	131.56
3	0	2	2	131.1	131.57	0.47	131.1
4	0	2	2	131.34	132.11	0.78	131.34
5	0	2	2	130.98	131.72	0.74	130.98
6	0	2	2	131.01	132.17	1.16	131.01
7	0	2	2	131.42	132.2	0.78	131.42
8	0	2	2	131.66	131.92	0.26	131.66
9	0	2	2	131.5	131.99	0.5	131.5
10	0	2	2	131.64	132.08	0.45	131.64
11	0	2	2	130.5	130.58	0.09	130.5
12	0	2	2	130.86	131.25	0.39	130.86
13	0	2	2	131.75	132.53	0.78	131.75
14	0	2	2	131.54	132.37	0.83	131.54
15	0	2	2	130.55	131.1	0.55	130.55
16	0	2	2	131.28	131.35	0.07	131.28
17	0	2	2	131.2	131.76	0.56	131.2
18	0	2	2	131.3	131.94	0.64	131.3
19	0	2	2	131.16	131.65	0.49	131.16
20	0	2	2	132.06	132.44	0.39	132.06







The mean(dot), median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Number	of violated re	Fraction of the ensemble			
OMEGA	UNNAMED	Total	Count^1	%	
0	0	0	1	5.0	
0	0	0	2	10.0	
0	0	0	3	15.0	
0	0	0	4	20.0	
0	0	0	5	25.0	
0	0	0	6	30.0	
0	0	0	7	35.0	
0	0	0	8	40.0	
0	0	0	9	45.0	
0	0	0	10	50.0	
0	0	0	11	55.0	

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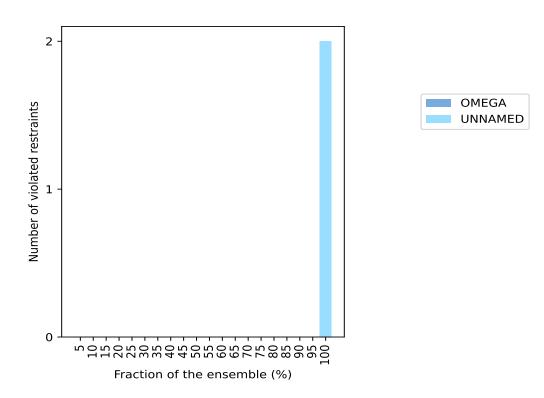


Number	of violated re	Fraction of the ensemble							
OMEGA	UNNAMED	Total	Count^1	%					
0	0	0	12	60.0					
0	0	0	13	65.0					
0	0	0	14	70.0					
0	0	0	15	75.0					
0	0	0	16	80.0					
0	0	0	17	85.0					
0	0	0	18	90.0					
0	0	0	19	95.0					
0	2	2	20	100.0					

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 1 Number of models with violations

10.3.1	Bar graph :	Dihedral-angle	Violation	statistics	for the ense	emble (i
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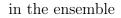


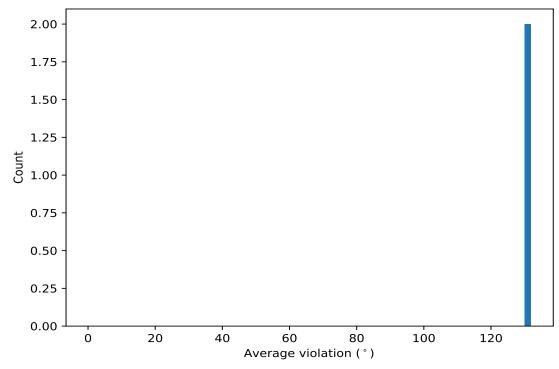
10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble (i)

10.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models







10.4.2 Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean	SD^2	Median
(1,9)	1:5:A:ALY:CA	1:5:A:ALY:CG	1:5:A:ALY:HB3	1:5:A:ALY:HB2	20	131.75	0.53	131.84
(1,11)	1:5:A:ALY:CD	1:5:A:ALY:NZ	1:5:A:ALY:HE3	1:5:A:ALY:HE2	20	130.72	0.58	130.65

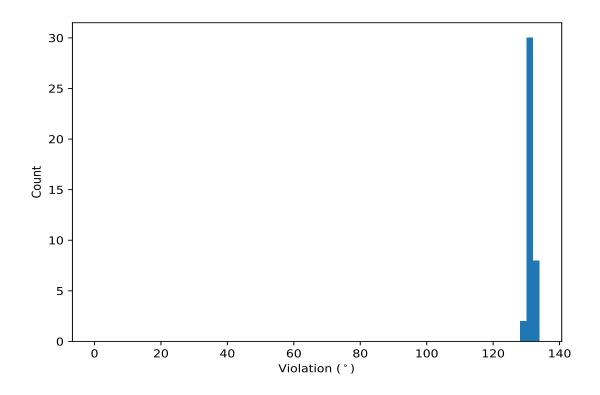
¹ Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation, All angle values are in degree (°)

10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

10.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.





10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the list of violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,9)	1:5:A:ALY:CA	1:5:A:ALY:CG	1:5:A:ALY:HB3	1:5:A:ALY:HB2	13	132.53
(1,11)	1:5:A:ALY:CD	1:5:A:ALY:NZ	1:5:A:ALY:HE3	1:5:A:ALY:HE2	20	132.44
(1,9)	1:5:A:ALY:CA	1:5:A:ALY:CG	1:5:A:ALY:HB3	1:5:A:ALY:HB2	14	132.37
(1,9)	1:5:A:ALY:CA	1:5:A:ALY:CG	1:5:A:ALY:HB3	1:5:A:ALY:HB2	2	132.36
(1,9)	1:5:A:ALY:CA	1:5:A:ALY:CG	1:5:A:ALY:HB3	1:5:A:ALY:HB2	7	132.2
(1,9)	1:5:A:ALY:CA	1:5:A:ALY:CG	1:5:A:ALY:HB3	1:5:A:ALY:HB2	6	132.17
(1,9)	1:5:A:ALY:CA	1:5:A:ALY:CG	1:5:A:ALY:HB3	1:5:A:ALY:HB2	4	132.11
(1,9)	1:5:A:ALY:CA	1:5:A:ALY:CG	1:5:A:ALY:HB3	1:5:A:ALY:HB2	10	132.08
(1,9)	1:5:A:ALY:CA	1:5:A:ALY:CG	1:5:A:ALY:HB3	1:5:A:ALY:HB2	9	131.99
(1,9)	1:5:A:ALY:CA	1:5:A:ALY:CG	1:5:A:ALY:HB3	1:5:A:ALY:HB2	18	131.94

