Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 10, 2025 – 01:37 pm GMT

PDB ID	:	8RXI
Title	:	Desulfovibrio desulfuricans [FeFe] hydrogenase in Hinact state derivatized with krypton
Authors	:	Bikbaev, K.; Harand, T.; Scheuenstuhl, L.; Carpentier, P.; Span, I.
Deposited on	:	2024-02-07
Resolution	:	1.48 Å(reported)

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

|		
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	3.0
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
CCP4	:	9.0.003 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.40

1   Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.48 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.
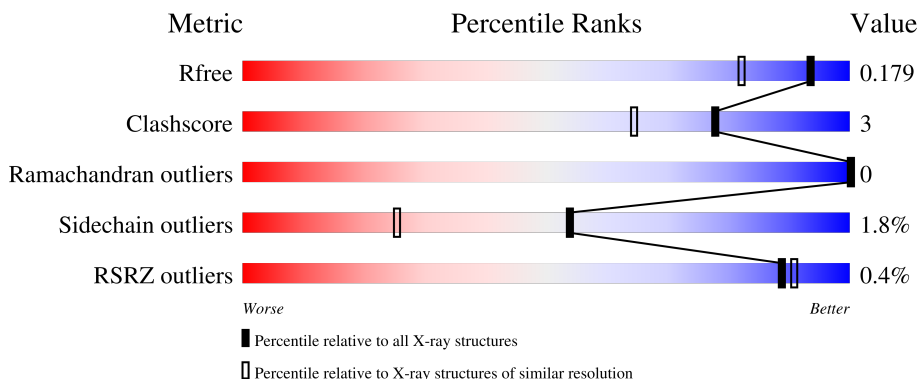
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	164625	6131 (1.50-1.46)
Clashscore	180529	6623 (1.50-1.46)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	6521 (1.50-1.46)
Sidechain outliers	177891	6518 (1.50-1.46)
RSRZ outliers	164620	6132 (1.50-1.46)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	405	88% 8% · ·
2	B	88	93% 7%

2 Entry composition ⓘ

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7961 atoms, of which 3786 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Periplasmic [Fe] hydrogenase large subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	393	Total 6061	C 1929	H 3027	N 502	O 564	S 39	255	9	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	398	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP P07598
A	399	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P07598
A	400	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P07598
A	401	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P07598
A	402	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P07598
A	403	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P07598
A	404	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P07598
A	405	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P07598

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Periplasmic [Fe] hydrogenase small subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	88	Total 1472	C 473	H 737	N 124	O 137	S 1	54	5	0

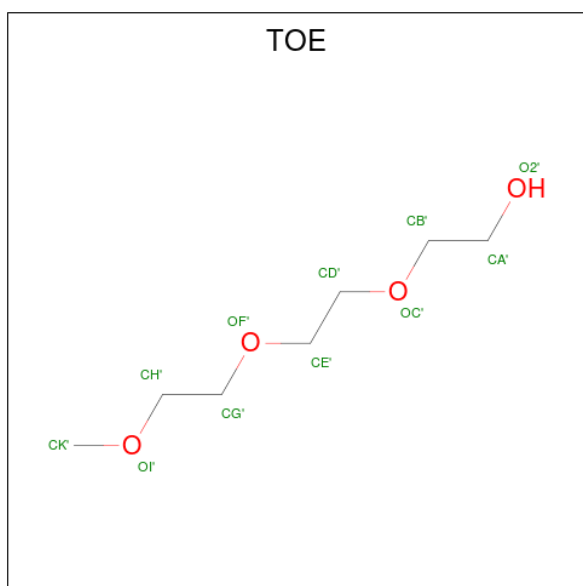- Molecule 3 is KRYPTON (three-letter code: KR) (formula: Kr) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	2	Total 2	Kr 2	0	0

- Molecule 4 is IRON/SULFUR CLUSTER (three-letter code: SF4) (formula: Fe_4S_4) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

SF4

S3 FE1
S Fe
FE4 Fe S
FE2 S2
Fe S
S4
S Fe
S1 FE3

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total 8	Fe 4	S 4	0	0
4	A	1	Total 8	Fe 4	S 4	0	0
4	A	1	Total 7	Fe 3	S 4	0	0

- Molecule 5 is 2-[2-(2-METHOXY-ETHOXY)-ETHOXY]-ETHOXYL (three-letter code: TOE) (formula: $C_7H_{16}O_4$).

TOE

O2'
OH
CB'
CA'
CD'
O
OC'
OF'
O
CE'
CH'
CG'
CK' O
OI'

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total 26	C 7	H 15	O 4	3	0

- Molecule 6 is dicarbonyl[bis(cyanide-kappaC)]-mu-(iminodimethanethiolatato-1kappa S:2kappaS)-mu-(oxomethylidene)diiron(2+) sulphide (three-letter code: LFH) (formula: $C_7H_5Fe_2N_3O_3S_3$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).
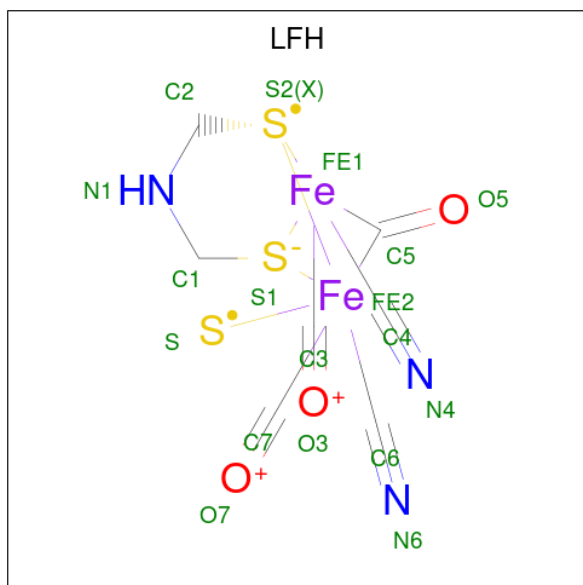
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms							ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total 25	C 7	Fe 2	H 7	N 3	O 3	S 3	1	0

- Molecule 7 is water.

| Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	258	Total 258	O 258	0	0
7	B	94	Total 94	O 94	0	0

3 Residue-property plots ⓘ

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Periplasmic [Fe] hydrogenase large subunit

Chain A:
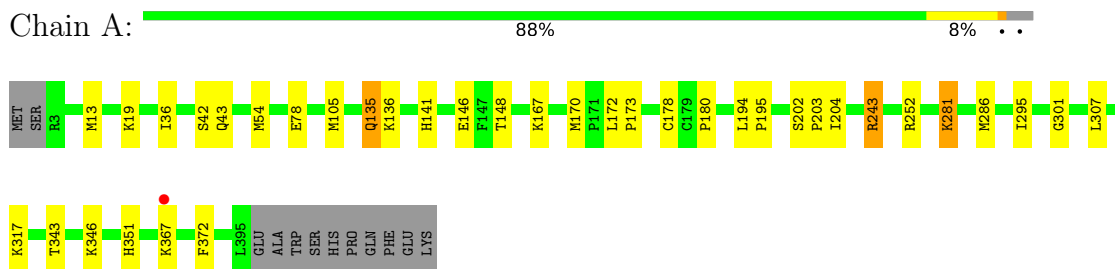
• Molecule 2: Periplasmic [Fe] hydrogenase small subunit

Chain B:
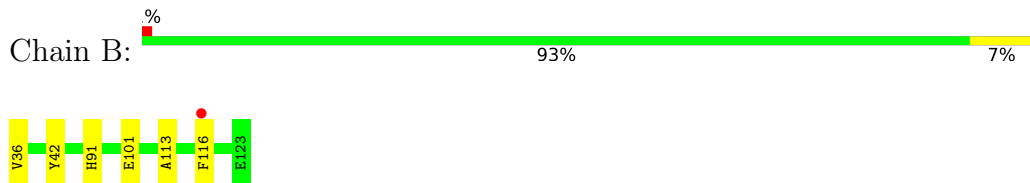
4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	49.60Å 87.97Å 89.71Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	44.90 – 1.48 44.90 – 1.48	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.3 (44.90-1.48) 99.1 (44.90-1.48)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.11	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	1.06 (at 1.48Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0425	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.154 , 0.181 0.152 , 0.179	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3301 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	15.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.345	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.41 , 35.2	EDS
L-test for twinning [2]	$< |L| > = 0.50, < L^2 > = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.011 for -h,l,k	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	7961	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.59% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

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[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.
[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SF4, KR, TOE, LFH

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$|Z|$ >5	RMSZ	#$|Z|$ >5
1	A	0.72	7/3140 (0.2%)	0.99	16/4247 (0.4%)
2	B	2.34	1/778 (0.1%)	1.45	3/1051 (0.3%)
All	All	1.23	8/3918 (0.2%)	1.10	19/5298 (0.4%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

All (8) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	101	GLU	CD-OE1	63.50	1.95	1.25
1	A	367	LYS	C-O	-15.93	0.93	1.23
1	A	135	GLN	CD-OE1	-11.17	0.99	1.24
1	A	367	LYS	N-CA	9.57	1.65	1.46
1	A	367	LYS	CA-C	6.19	1.69	1.52
1	A	281	LYS	CB-CG	-5.56	1.37	1.52
1	A	54[A]	MET	CG-SD	5.04	1.94	1.81
1	A	54[B]	MET	CG-SD	5.04	1.94	1.81

All (19) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	101	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-33.22	83.44	123.30
2	B	101	GLU	CG-CD-OE2	17.26	152.83	118.30
1	A	135	GLN	OE1-CD-NE2	-14.31	88.99	121.90

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	367	LYS	CB-CA-C	-10.20	90.01	110.40
1	A	54[A]	MET	CG-SD-CE	-9.31	85.31	100.20
1	A	54[B]	MET	CG-SD-CE	-9.31	85.31	100.20
1	A	367	LYS	CA-C-N	-7.61	100.46	117.20
1	A	136	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	6.36	126.33	111.70
1	A	13	MET	CG-SD-CE	-5.98	90.63	100.20
1	A	252	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.86	117.37	120.30
1	A	286	MET	CG-SD-CE	-5.73	91.04	100.20
1	A	243	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.66	123.13	120.30
1	A	367	LYS	N-CA-C	5.57	126.03	111.00
1	A	243	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.56	117.52	120.30
2	B	42	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.37	117.78	121.00
1	A	146	GLU	CG-CD-OE2	-5.30	107.70	118.30
1	A	141	HIS	CB-CA-C	-5.18	100.03	110.40
1	A	146	GLU	CG-CD-OE1	5.07	128.44	118.30
1	A	167	LYS	CB-CA-C	5.02	120.45	110.40

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	135	GLN	Sidechain
1	A	243	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3034	3027	2992	17	2
2	B	735	737	720	4	2
3	A	2	0	0	1	0
4	A	23	0	0	1	0
5	A	11	15	16	0	0
6	A	18	7	0	4	0
7	A	258	0	0	2	0
7	B	94	0	0	2	0
All	All	4175	3786	3728	20	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (20) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:178[B]:CYS:SG	1:A:203:PRO:HD2	2.22	0.79
2:B:91:HIS:CE1	7:B:201:HOH:O	2.41	0.72
1:A:43:GLN:OE1	7:A:602:HOH:O	2.10	0.70
1:A:178[A]:CYS:HB2	6:A:507:LFH:S	2.35	0.67
2:B:91:HIS:NE2	7:B:201:HOH:O	2.29	0.65
1:A:178[B]:CYS:SG	1:A:202:SER:HB2	2.41	0.61
1:A:105:MET:HE3	1:A:204:ILE:HD11	1.83	0.59
1:A:42:SER:HB3	2:B:116:PHE:CE1	2.41	0.56
1:A:178[A]:CYS:CB	6:A:507:LFH:S	2.95	0.54
1:A:178[A]:CYS:SG	6:A:507:LFH:S	3.08	0.51
1:A:295:ILE:O	1:A:301:GLY:HA3	2.10	0.51
1:A:203:PRO:HD2	6:A:507:LFH:S	2.51	0.51
1:A:307:LEU:HD23	3:A:501:KR:KR	2.75	0.47
1:A:194:LEU:N	1:A:195[B]:PRO:CD	2.79	0.45
1:A:170[B]:MET:HG3	7:A:796:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:172:LEU:HA	1:A:173:PRO:C	2.39	0.42
2:B:113:ALA:HA	2:B:116:PHE:CD2	2.55	0.42
1:A:36:ILE:HG12	1:A:78:GLU:HG3	2.02	0.40
1:A:180:PRO:HD2	4:A:504:SF4:S3	2.61	0.40

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:343:THR:HG1	2:B:36:VAL:H2[3_645]	1.20	0.40
1:A:343:THR:OG1	2:B:36:VAL:H2[3_645]	1.59	0.01

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	400/405 (99%)	391 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100
2	B	91/88 (103%)	88 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	491/493 (100%)	479 (98%)	12 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2   Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	328/330 (99%)	321 (98%)	7 (2%)	48	19
2	B	81/76 (107%)	81 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	409/406 (101%)	402 (98%)	7 (2%)	54	27

All (7) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	19	LYS
1	A	148	THR
1	A	281	LYS
1	A	317	LYS
1	A	346	LYS
1	A	351	HIS
1	A	372	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	174	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 5 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$
5	TOE	A	506	-	10,10,10	0.19	0	9,9,9	0.60	0
4	SF4	A	504	1	0,12,12	-	-	-		
4	SF4	A	503	1	0,12,12	-	-	-		
6	LFH	A	507	1	12,20,20	4.80	5 (41%)	2,41,41	0.17	0
4	SF4	A	505	1	0,9,12	-	-	-		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	TOE	A	506	-	-	0/8/8/8	-
4	SF4	A	504	1	-	-	0/6/5/5
4	SF4	A	503	1	-	-	0/6/5/5
6	LFH	A	507	1	-	-	0/5/3/3
4	SF4	A	505	1	-	-	0/3/2/5

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	A	507	LFH	C1-S1	-10.48	1.66	1.85
6	A	507	LFH	C2-S2	-9.61	1.67	1.85
6	A	507	LFH	O5-C5	6.38	1.28	1.17
6	A	507	LFH	S1-FE1	-3.98	2.20	2.26
6	A	507	LFH	O7-C7	2.19	1.19	1.14

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	504	SF4	1	0
6	A	507	LFH	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand SF4 A 504

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand SF4 A 503

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand LFH A 507

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand SF4 A 505

Bond lengths — Bond angles — Torsions — Rings
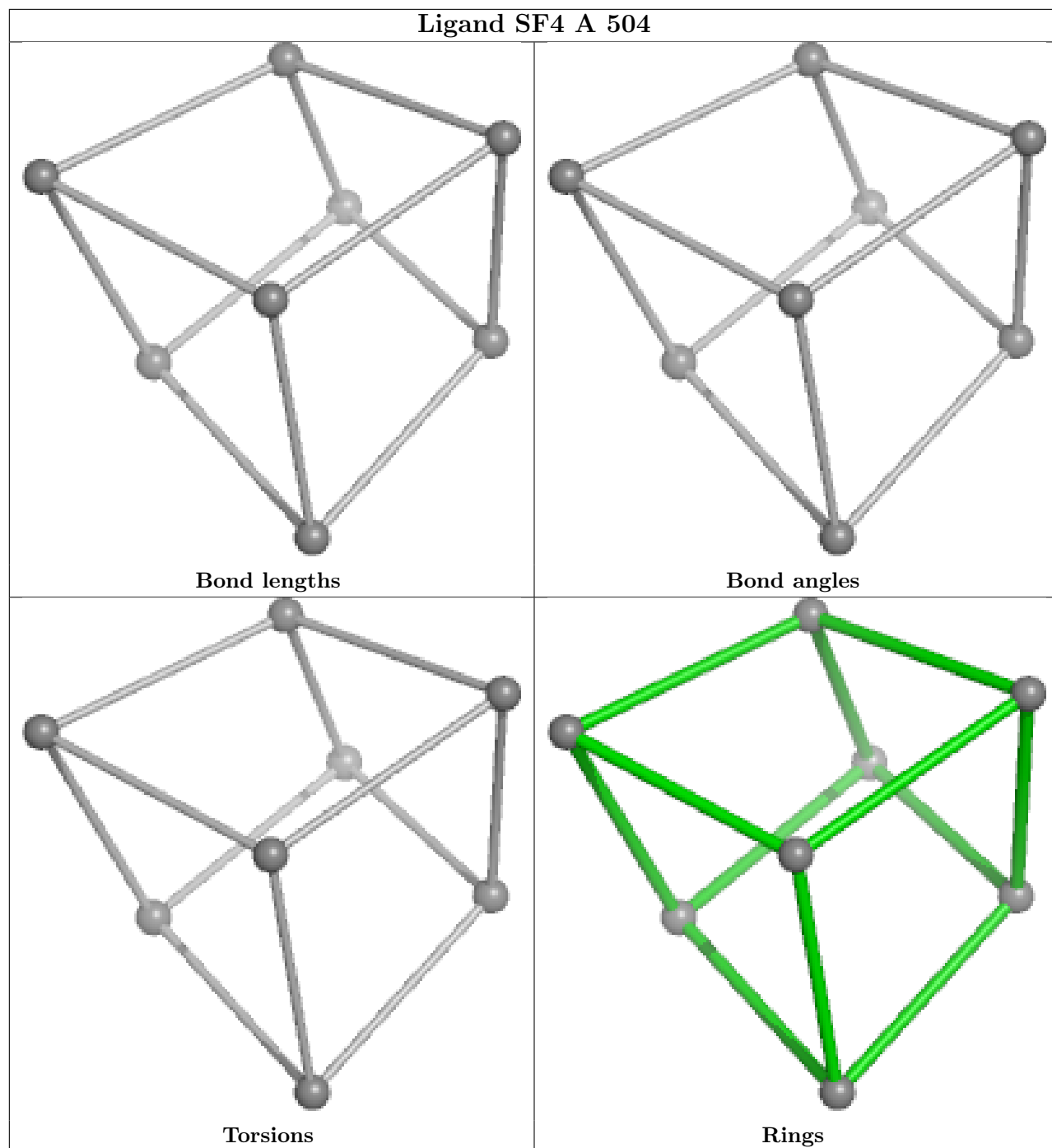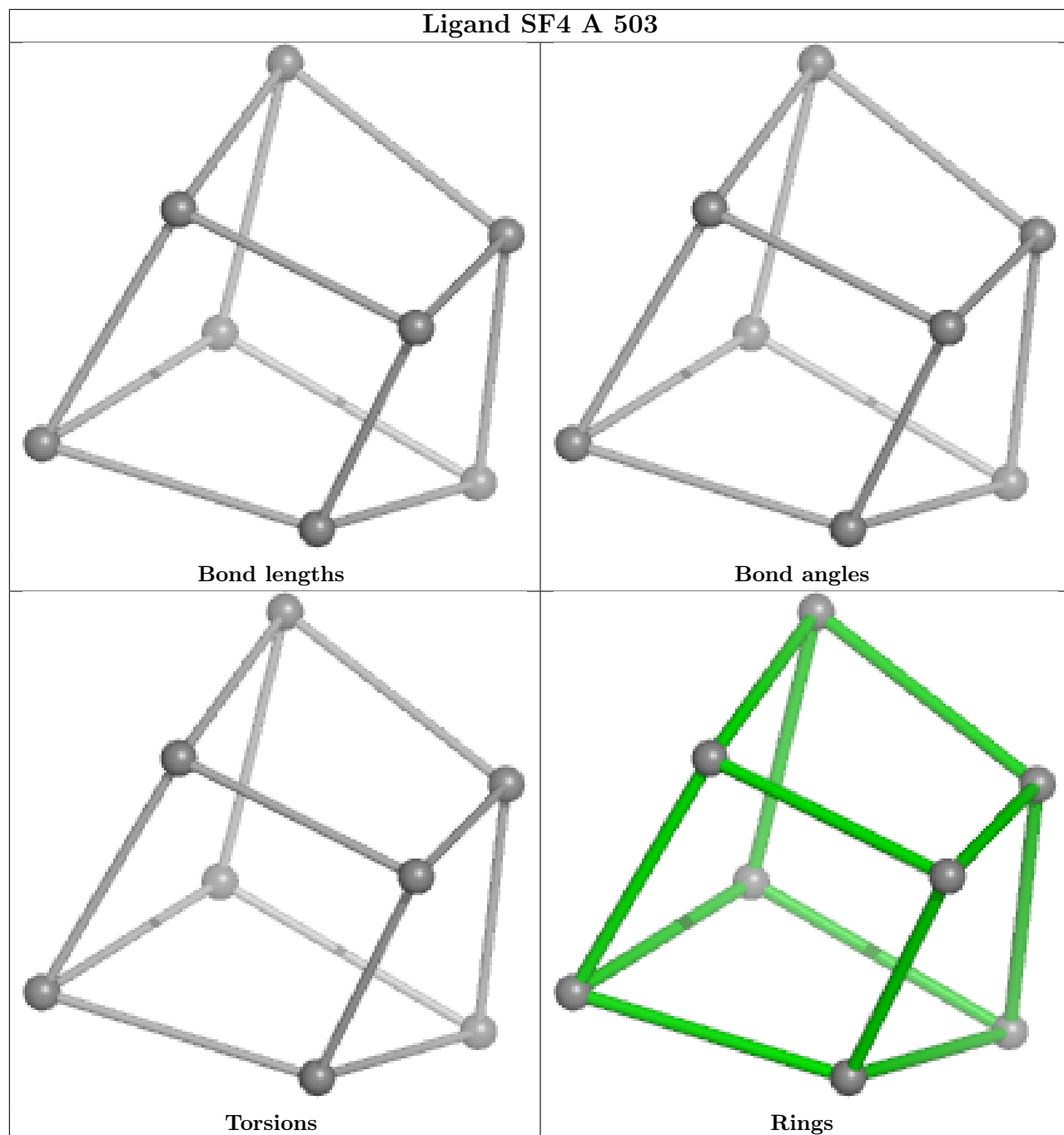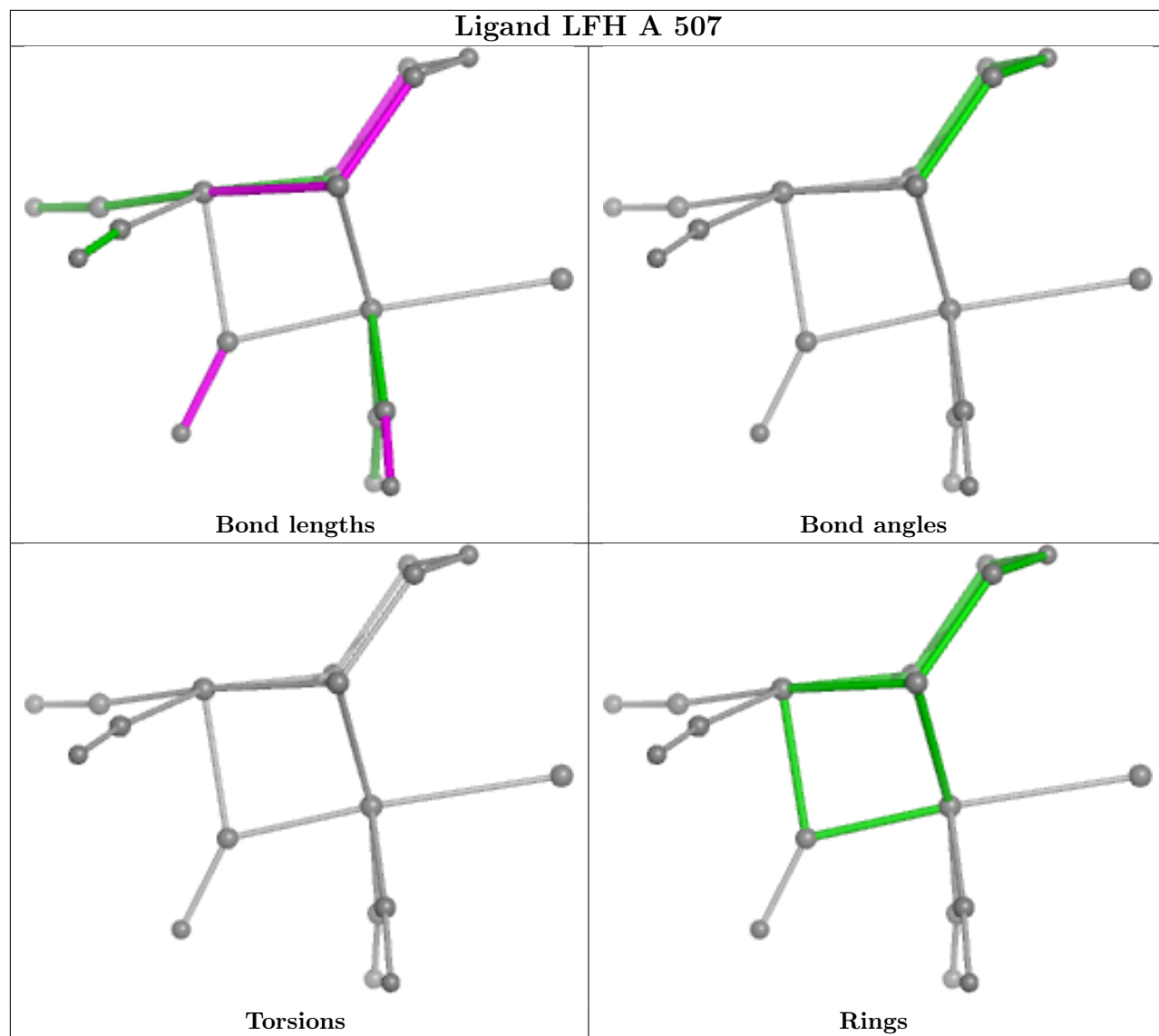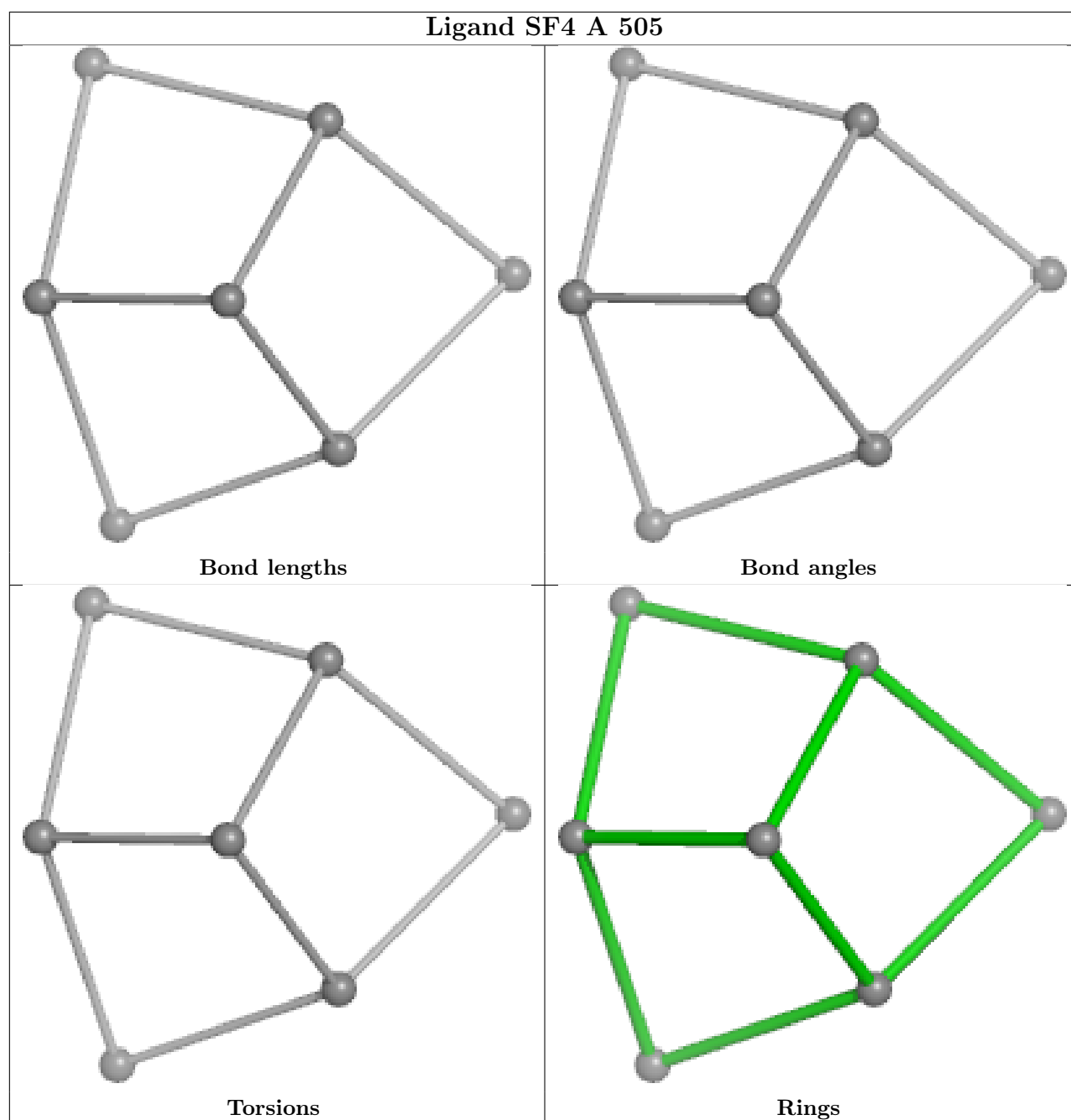
5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å²)	Q<0.9
1	A	393/405 (97%)	-0.46	1 (0%)	90	92	6, 15, 26, 48	32 (8%)
2	B	88/88 (100%)	-0.32	1 (1%)	77	80	8, 17, 24, 32	10 (11%)
All	All	481/493 (97%)	-0.44	2 (0%)	89	91	6, 15, 26, 48	42 (8%)

All (2) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	B	116	PHE	4.4
1	A	367	LYS	2.4

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å²)	Q<0.9
5	TOE	A	506	11/11	0.86	0.13	32,36,44,47	3
3	KR	A	502	1/1	0.97	0.07	26,26,26,26	1
6	LFH	A	507	18/18	0.97	0.09	6,13,16,21	25

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
3	KR	A	501	1/1	0.98	0.04	20,20,20,20	1
4	SF4	A	505	7/8	0.99	0.04	18,19,20,22	0
4	SF4	A	504	8/8	1.00	0.02	12,13,13,13	0
4	SF4	A	503	8/8	1.00	0.02	13,13,13,14	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around KR A 502:

$2\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
$\text{mF}_o\text{-DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)
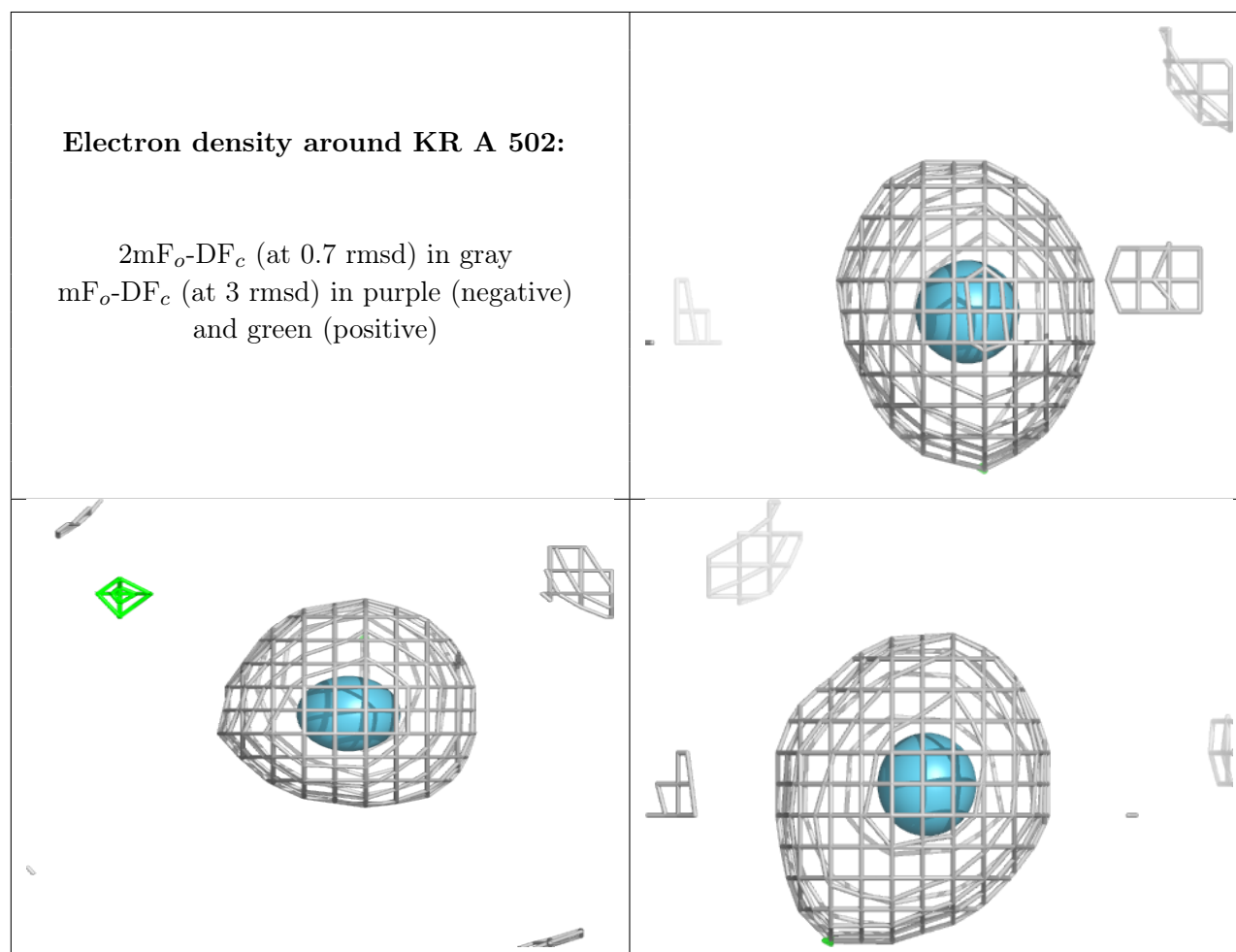
Electron density around LFH A 507:

2mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)
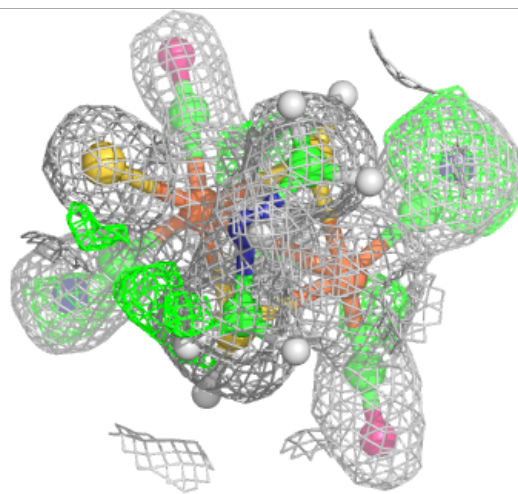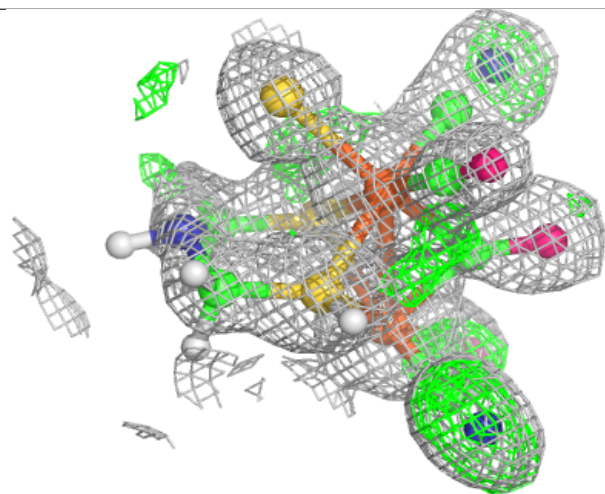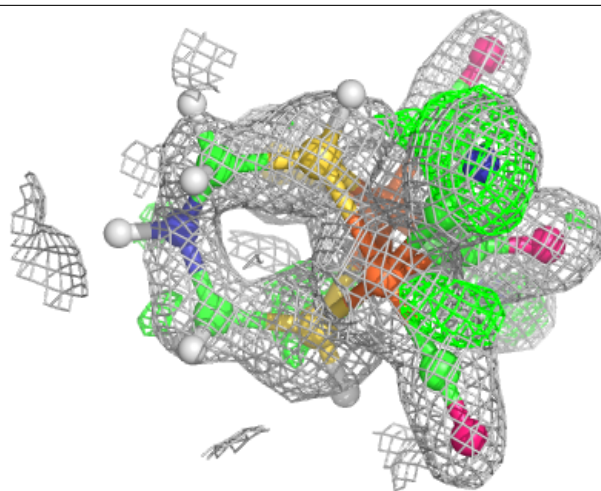
Electron density around KR A 501:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
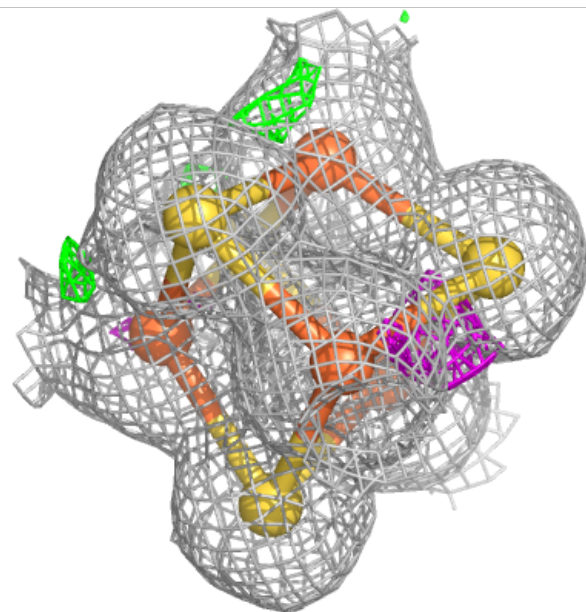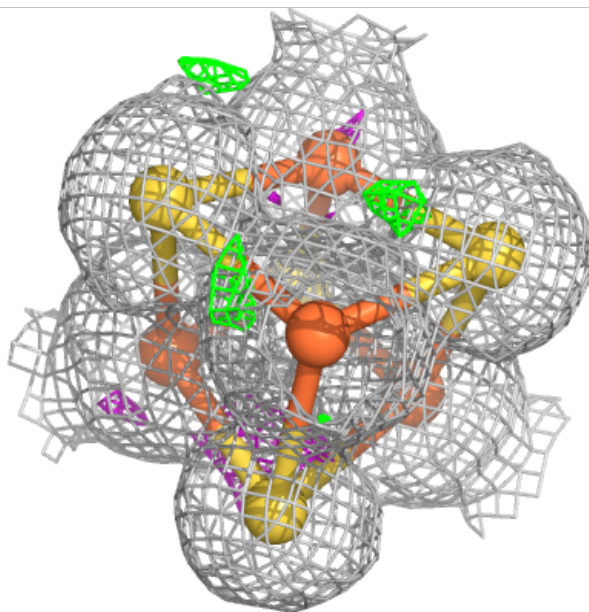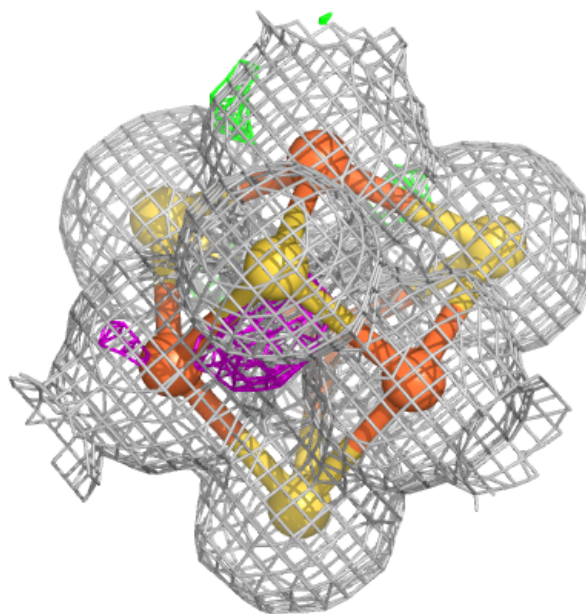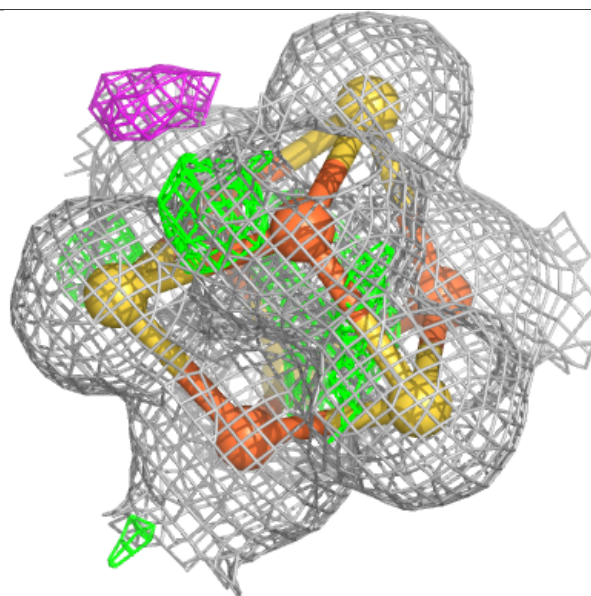mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)
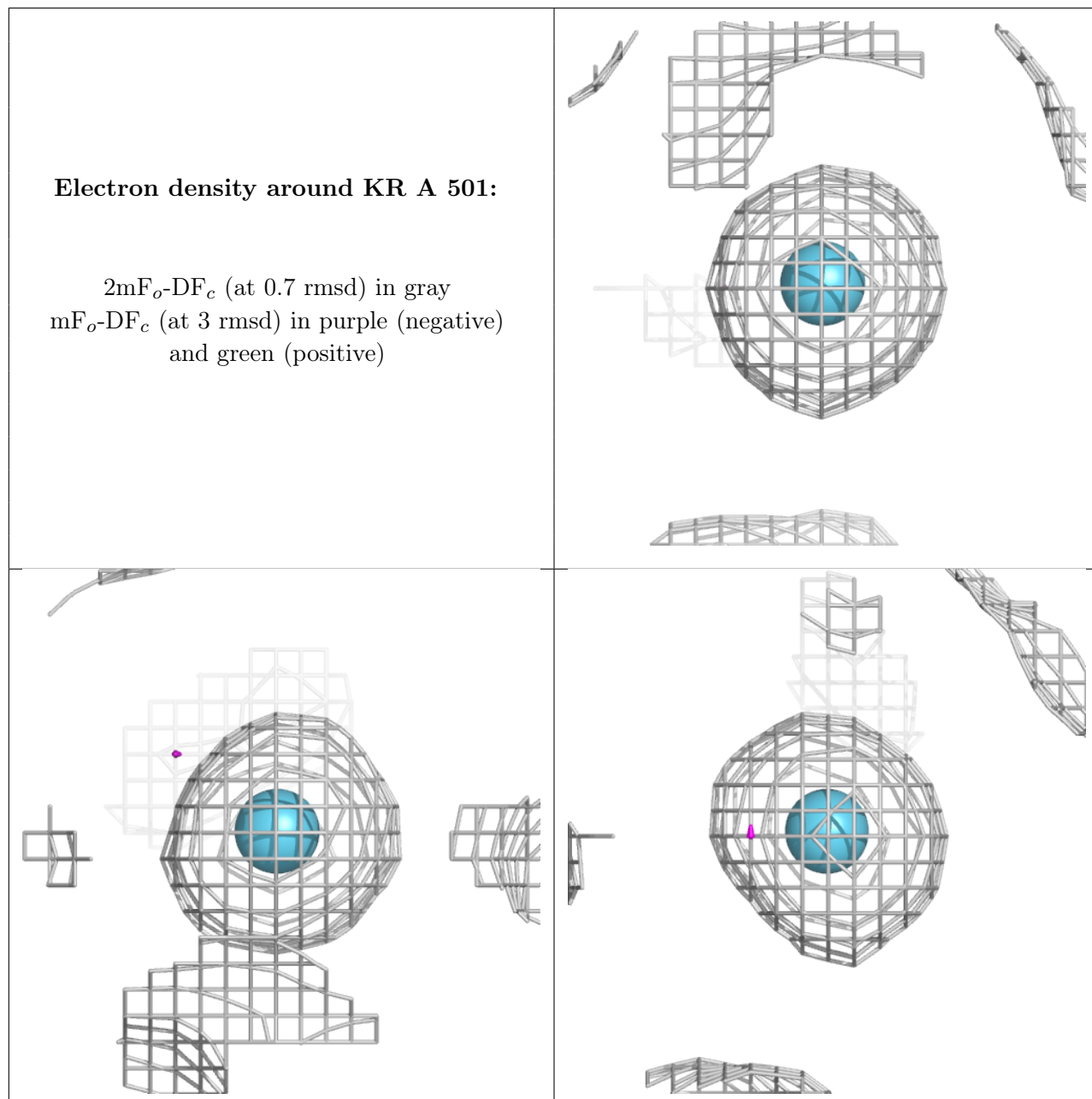
Electron density around SF4 A 505:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
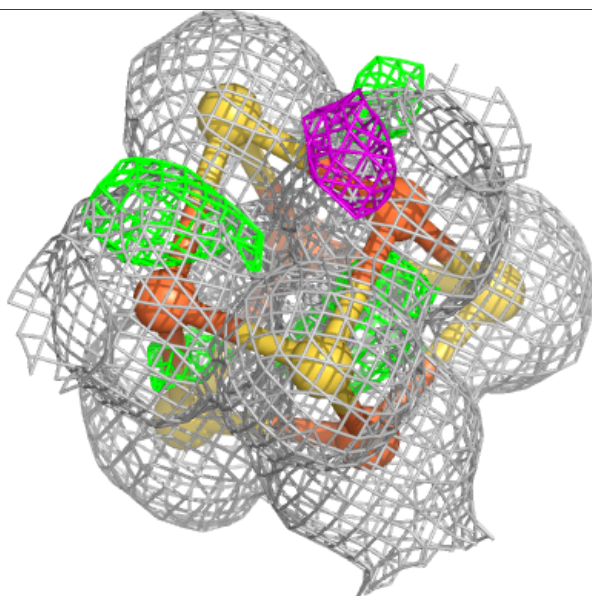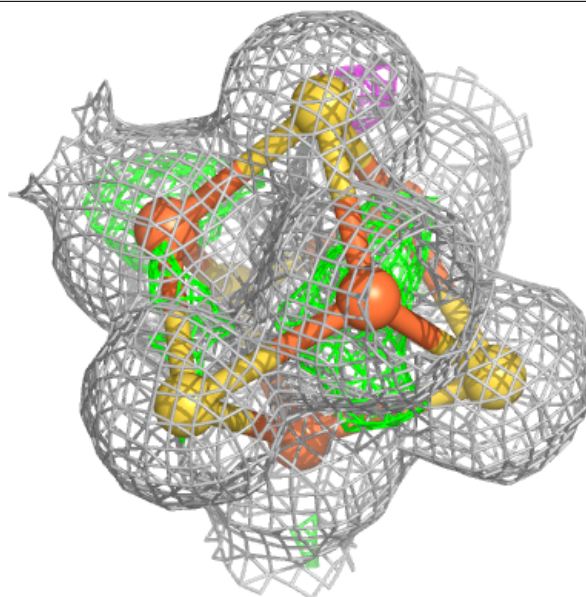mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)
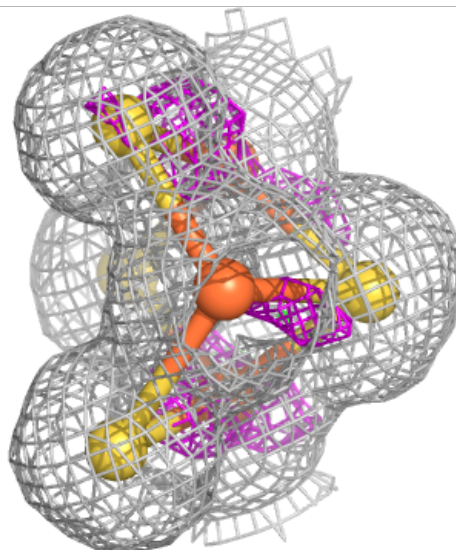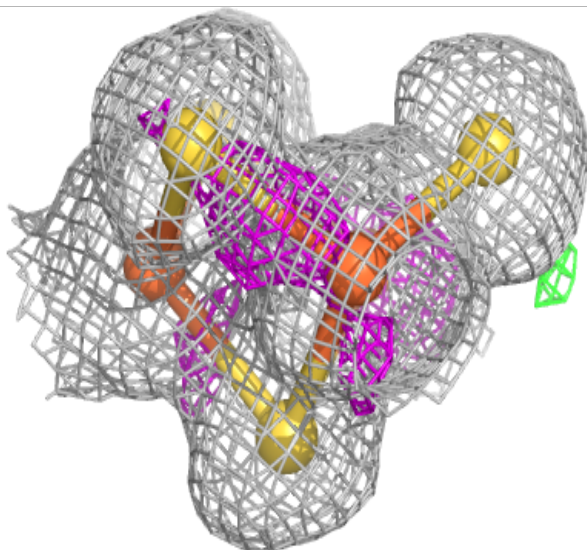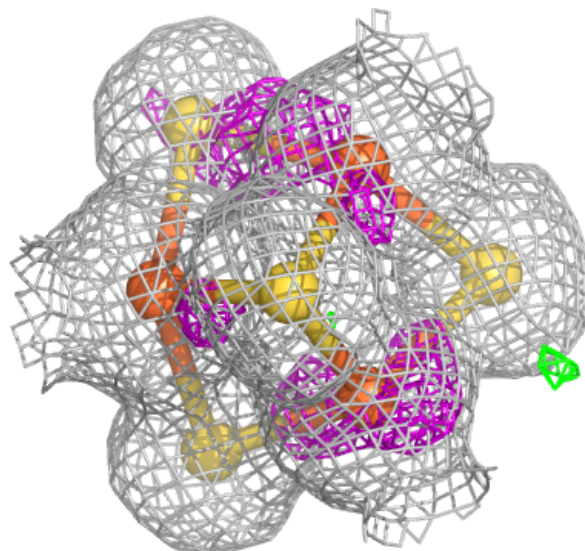
Electron density around SF4 A 504:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

Electron density around SF4 A 503:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.