

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Feb 20, 2018 – 10:52 pm GMT

PDB ID : 1SS3

Title : Solution structure of Ole e 6, an allergen from olive tree pollen

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Deposited on : 2004-03-23

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)

NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20171227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2017)

RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

ShiftChecker: trunk30686

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

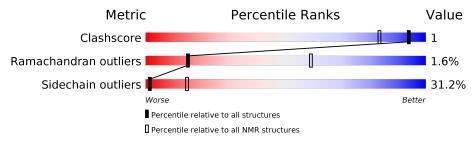
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk30686

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 58%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m NMR}$ archive $(\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	136279	12091
Ramachandran outliers	132675	10835
Sidechain outliers	132484	10811

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mo	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	50	48%	16%	36%			



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 25 models. Model 8 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model			
1 A:3-A:34 (32)		0.12	8			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 5 clusters and 4 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	7, 8, 9, 11, 14, 16, 18, 20, 21, 22
2	5, 6, 15, 17
3	3, 10, 12
4	13, 19
5	1, 4
Single-model clusters	2; 23; 24; 25



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 772 atoms, of which 369 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Pollen allergen Ole e 6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
1	Λ	50	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
1	A	50	772	245	369	65	86	7	U

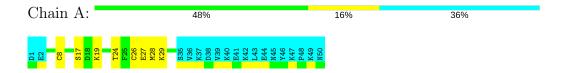


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6



4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

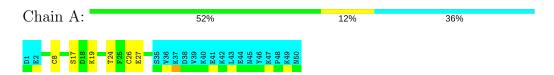
Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2





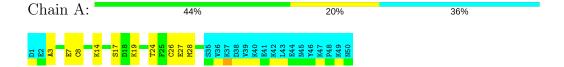
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6



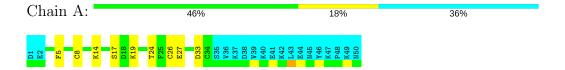
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6



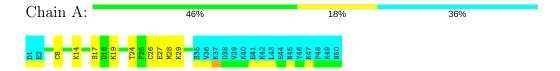
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6

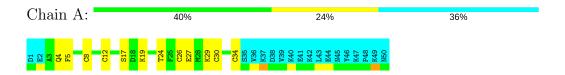


4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6



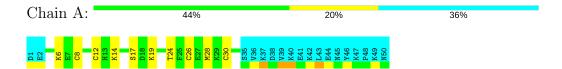
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7





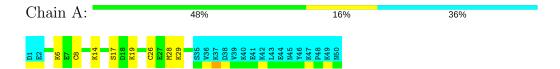
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6



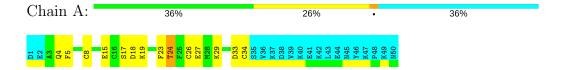
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6



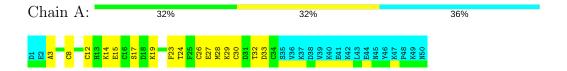
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6

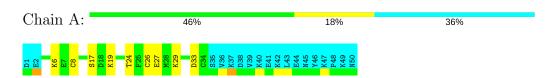


4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6



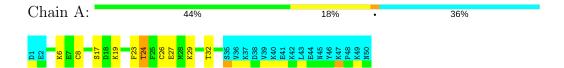
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12





4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6



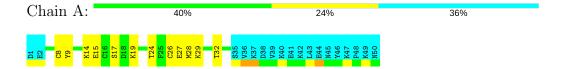
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6

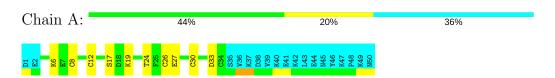


4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6



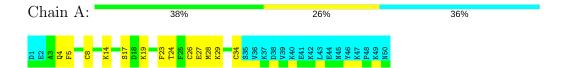
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17





4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6



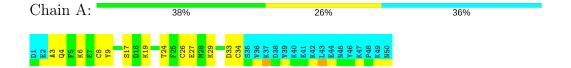
4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6

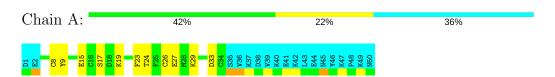


4.2.21 Score per residue for model 21

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6



4.2.22 Score per residue for model 22





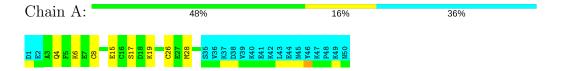
4.2.23 Score per residue for model 23

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6

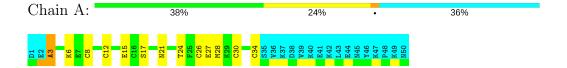


4.2.24 Score per residue for model 24

• Molecule 1: Pollen allergen Ole e 6



4.2.25 Score per residue for model 25





Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing, torsion angle dynamics.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 25 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version		
DYANA	structure solution	1.5		
DYANA	refinement	1.5		
AMBER	refinement	7		

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 6139
Number of chemical shift lists	2
Total number of shifts	666
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	666
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	58%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	0.68 ± 0.04	$0\pm0/256\ (0.0\pm0.0\%)$	0.97 ± 0.07	$0\pm1/341\ (0.1\pm0.2\%)$	
All	All	0.68	0/6400 (0.0%)	0.97	7/8525 (0.1%)	

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Dec	Type	Atoma	7	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$	Mod	dels
MIOI	Chain	nes	Туре	Atoms	Z Observed() Ide		ideai()	Worst	Total
1	A	9	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.75	117.55	121.00	16	3
1	A	33	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.58	113.28	118.30	5	3
1	A	5	PHE	CB-CG-CD2	-5.38	117.03	120.80	5	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	251	214	215	1±1
All	All	6275	5350	5375	15

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	$Distance(\mathring{A})$	Models		
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total	
1:A:12:CYS:HG	1:A:30:CYS:HG	0.54	1.45	17	3	
1:A:12:CYS:SG	1:A:30:CYS:SG	0.54	3.04	17	4	
1:A:8:CYS:O	1:A:12:CYS:HB2	0.46	2.11	15	1	
1:A:5:PHE:CE2	1:A:34:CYS:O	0.44	2.71	10	3	
1:A:23:PHE:CD1	1:A:24:THR:N	0.43	2.86	3	2	
1:A:23:PHE:CG	1:A:24:THR:N	0.43	2.87	13	2	

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles			
1	A	32/50 (64%)	25±1 (78±4%)	$6\pm1~(20\pm4\%)$	1±1 (2±2%)		15	59
All	All	800/1250 (64%)	628 (78%)	159 (20%)	13 (2%)		15	59

All 2 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	33	ASP	7
1	A	3	ALA	6

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perc	centiles
1	A	29/47 (62%)	20±2 (69±6%)	9±2 (31±6%)	1	15
All	All	725/1175 (62%)	499 (69%)	226 (31%)	1	15

All 18 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	17	SER	25
1	A	26	CYS	24
1	A	8	CYS	24
1	A	19	LYS	24
1	A	24	THR	22
1	A	27	GLU	21
1	A	29	LYS	16
1	A	28	MET	13
1	A	14	LYS	12
1	A	6	LYS	11
1	A	4	GLN	8
1	A	15	GLU	7
1	A	23	PHE	5
1	A	32	THR	4
1	A	7	GLU	4
1	A	34	CYS	3
1	A	18	ASP	2
1	A	21	ASN	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.



6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 58% for the well-defined parts and 58% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 6139

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	409
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	409
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	0		None (insufficient data)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	0		None (insufficient data)
¹³ C′	0		None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	48	-0.73 ± 0.39	None needed (imprecise)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 58%, i.e. 214 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 367. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	96/160 (60%)	64/64 (100%)	0/64 (0%)	32/32 (100%)
Sidechain	97/164 (59%)	95/98 (97%)	0/60 (0%)	2/6 (33%)

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	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Aromatic	21/43 (49%)	21/23 (91%)	0/18 (0%)	0/2~(0%)
Overall	214/367 (58%)	180/185 (97%)	0/142~(0%)	34/40 (85%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 58%, i.e. 355 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 607. 0 out of 3 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	$146/248 \ (59\%)$	98/99~(99%)	0/100 (0%)	48/49 (98%)
Sidechain	184/308 (60%)	180/183 (98%)	0/112 (0%)	4/13 (31%)
Aromatic	25/51~(49%)	25/27~(93%)	0/22~(0%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	355/607~(58%)	303/309 (98%)	0/234~(0%)	52/64 (81%)

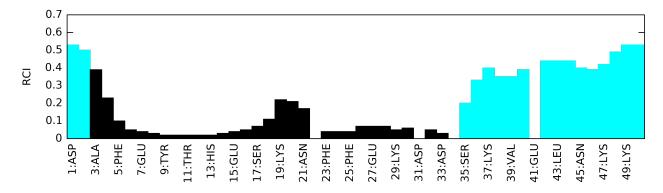
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: BMRB entry 6139



Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_2

7.2.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	257
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	257
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 38%, i.e. 140 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 367. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	29/160 (18%)	29/64 (45%)	0/64~(0%)	0/32 (0%)
Sidechain	90/164 (55%)	90/98 (92%)	0/60 (0%)	0/6 (0%)
Aromatic	21/43 (49%)	21/23 (91%)	0/18 (0%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	140/367 (38%)	140/185 (76%)	0/142 (0%)	0/40 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 38%, i.e. 232 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 607. 0 out of 3 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	46/248 (19%)	46/99~(46%)	0/100 (0%)	0/49 (0%)
Sidechain	161/308 (52%)	161/183~(88%)	0/112 (0%)	0/13 (0%)
Aromatic	25/51 (49%)	25/27~(93%)	0/22~(0%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	232/607 (38%)	$232/309 \ (75\%)$	0/234~(0%)	0/64 (0%)



7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

