

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jan 14, 2024 – 03:47 am GMT

PDB ID : 6TAK

Title : Crystal structure of Escherichia coli Orotate Phosphoribosyltransferase in

complex with Orotic acid and Sulfate at 1.25 Angstrom resolution

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Deposited on : 2019-10-29

Resolution : 1.25 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

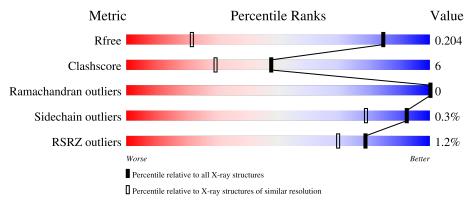
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.25 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	1023 (1.28-1.24)
Clashscore	141614	1060 (1.28-1.24)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1029 (1.28-1.24)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1028 (1.28-1.24)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1004 (1.28-1.24)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	AAA	213	85%	13% •				
1	BBB	213	91%	9%				



# 2 Entry composition (i)

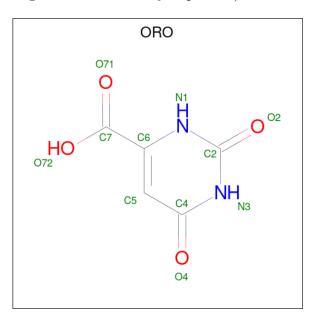
There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7367 atoms, of which 3504 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Orotate phosphoribosyltransferase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	AAA	207	Total 3427	C 1094	H 1732	N 282	O 311	S 8	0	14	0
1	BBB	213	Total 3409	_	H 1719		O 315	S 7	0	7	0

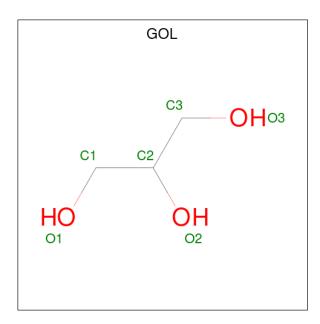
• Molecule 2 is OROTIC ACID (three-letter code: ORO) (formula:  $C_5H_4N_2O_4$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf		
9	AAA	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	0	0	
	AAA	1	14	5	3	2	4	0		
9	BBB	1	Total	С	Н	N	О	0	0	
	מממ	1	14	5	3	2	4		U	

• Molecule 3 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $C_3H_8O_3$ ).

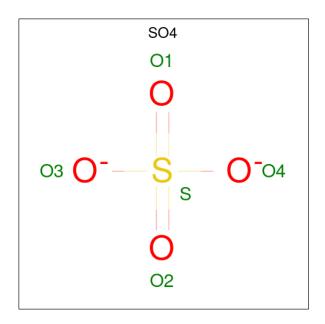




Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	AAA	1	Total C H O 14 3 8 3	0	0
3	AAA	1	Total C H O 13 3 7 3	0	0
3	BBB	1	Total C H O 14 3 8 3	0	0
3	BBB	1	Total C H O 14 3 8 3	0	0
3	BBB	1	Total C H O 14 3 8 3	0	0
3	BBB	1	Total C H O 14 3 8 3	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	
4	AAA	1	Total O S	8 0	0	
4	AAA	1	5 4 1			
4	AAA	1	Total O S	1 ()	0	
- T	717171	1	5 4 1		0	
4	AAA	1	Total O S	1 ()	0	
1	717171	1	5 4 1		Ŭ	
4	AAA	1	Total O S	1 ()	0	
1	717171	1	5 4 1		Ü	
4	BBB	1	Total O S	1 ()	0	
	DDD	-	5 4 1		Ü	
4	BBB	1	Total O S	1 ()	0	
			5 4 1		Ů	
4	BBB	1	Total O S	1 ()	0	
		_	5 4 1		Ů	
4	BBB	1	Total O S	1 ()	0	
			5 4 1			
4	BBB	1	Total O S	1 ()	0	
1		_	5 4 1		U	

#### • Molecule 5 is water.

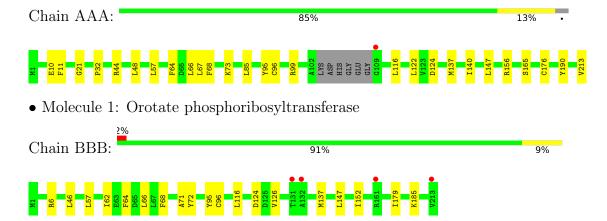
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	AAA	183	Total O 183 183	0	0
5	BBB	192	Total O 192 192	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Orotate phosphoribosyltransferase





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor	
Cell constants	53.66Å 69.47Å 104.38Å	Donositor	
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	47.72 - 1.25	Depositor	
Resolution (A)	47.72 - 1.25	EDS	
% Data completeness	92.8 (47.72-1.25)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	93.5 (47.72-1.25)	EDS	
$R_{merge}$	0.05	Depositor	
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.09 (at 1.25Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.17_3644	Depositor	
D D.	0.181 , 0.206	Depositor	
$R, R_{free}$	0.182 , 0.204	DCC	
$R_{free}$ test set	2000 reflections (1.96%)	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.1	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.233	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.40 , 42.2	EDS	
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.98	EDS	
Total number of atoms	7367	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	28.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 36.62 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 4.8632e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, GOL, ORO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	AAA	0.58	0/1758	0.75	1/2367 (0.0%)	
1	BBB	0.59	0/1740	0.76	0/2343	
All	All	0.59	0/3498	0.76	1/4710 (0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	AAA	156	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.65	117.48	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	AAA	1695	1732	1719	27	0
1	BBB	1690	1719	1719	14	0
2	AAA	11	3	3	0	0
2	BBB	11	3	3	1	0
3	AAA	12	15	15	2	0
3	BBB	24	32	32	2	0
4	AAA	20	0	0	2	0
4	BBB	25	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	AAA	183	0	0	1	0
5	BBB	192	0	0	3	0
All	All	3863	3504	3491	43	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 43 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	
1:AAA:137:MET:SD	1:AAA:147:LEU:HD22	2.26	0.74	
1:BBB:68:PHE:HD1	1:BBB:96[B]:CYS:HG	1.33	0.74	
1:BBB:137:MET:SD	1:BBB:147:LEU:HD22	2.28	0.74	
2:BBB:302:ORO:H5	5:BBB:558:HOH:O	1.91	0.69	
1:AAA:147:LEU:CD2	1:AAA:176[B]:CYS:SG	2.82	0.67	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

# 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	AAA	217/213 (102%)	215 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	BBB	218/213 (102%)	216 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	435/426 (102%)	431 (99%)	4 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers		Percentiles		
1	AAA	179/171 (105%)	179 (100%)	0		100	100	
1	BBB	177/171 (104%)	176 (99%)	1 (1%)		86	62	
All	All	356/342 (104%)	355 (100%)	1 (0%)		92	79	

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
1	BBB	95	TYR	

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

# 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

# 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

# 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

17 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond



length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	В	ond leng	$_{ m gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	SO4	BBB	304	-	4,4,4	0.21	0	6,6,6	0.59	0
4	SO4	BBB	306	-	4,4,4	0.13	0	6,6,6	0.11	0
2	ORO	BBB	302	-	9,11,11	1.55	2 (22%)	8,15,15	3.83	3 (37%)
4	SO4	AAA	305	-	4,4,4	0.15	0	6,6,6	0.65	0
4	SO4	BBB	301	_	4,4,4	0.17	0	6,6,6	0.20	0
3	GOL	AAA	302	-	5,5,5	0.90	0	5,5,5	0.96	0
3	GOL	BBB	310	-	5,5,5	0.86	0	5,5,5	1.02	0
3	GOL	AAA	307	_	5,5,5	1.13	0	5,5,5	0.76	0
4	SO4	AAA	306	-	4,4,4	0.14	0	6,6,6	0.06	0
4	SO4	BBB	307	_	4,4,4	0.31	0	6,6,6	0.44	0
3	GOL	BBB	309	-	5,5,5	1.18	0	5,5,5	0.95	0
4	SO4	AAA	304	-	4,4,4	0.20	0	6,6,6	0.52	0
4	SO4	AAA	303	_	4,4,4	0.27	0	6,6,6	0.68	0
3	GOL	BBB	308	_	5,5,5	0.88	0	5,5,5	0.91	0
2	ORO	AAA	301	_	9,11,11	1.37	1 (11%)	8,15,15	3.46	3 (37%)
3	GOL	BBB	303	-	5,5,5	0.88	0	5,5,5	1.02	0
4	SO4	BBB	305	-	4,4,4	0.14	0	6,6,6	0.09	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	ORO	BBB	302	_	-	4/4/4/4	0/1/1/1
3	GOL	AAA	302	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
3	GOL	BBB	310	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
3	GOL	AAA	307	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
3	GOL	BBB	309	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
3	GOL	BBB	308	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
2	ORO	AAA	301	-	-	4/4/4/4	0/1/1/1
3	GOL	BBB	303	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

$\mathbf{M}$	ol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$Ideal(\AA)$
2	2	BBB	302	ORO	C6-N1	2.80	1.38	1.34

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
2	AAA	301	ORO	C4-N3	2.71	1.37	1.33
2	BBB	302	ORO	C4-N3	2.70	1.37	1.33

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	BBB	302	ORO	C5-C4-N3	-8.06	114.67	124.08
2	AAA	301	ORO	C5-C4-N3	-7.68	115.11	124.08
2	BBB	302	ORO	C6-C5-C4	6.45	120.90	116.73
2	AAA	301	ORO	C6-C5-C4	5.08	120.01	116.73
2	BBB	302	ORO	C7-C6-N1	2.42	120.05	116.48

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 18 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	AAA	301	ORO	N1-C6-C7-O71
2	AAA	301	ORO	C5-C6-C7-O71
2	AAA	301	ORO	C5-C6-C7-O72
2	BBB	302	ORO	N1-C6-C7-O71
2	BBB	302	ORO	N1-C6-C7-O72

There are no ring outliers.

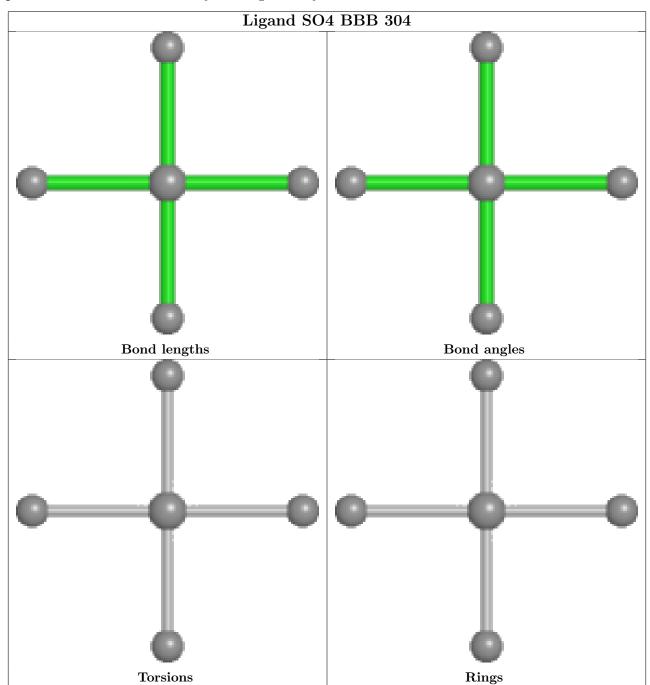
6 monomers are involved in 7 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	BBB	302	ORO	1	0
3	AAA	307	GOL	2	0
3	BBB	309	GOL	1	0
4	AAA	304	SO4	1	0
4	AAA	303	SO4	1	0
3	BBB	308	GOL	1	0

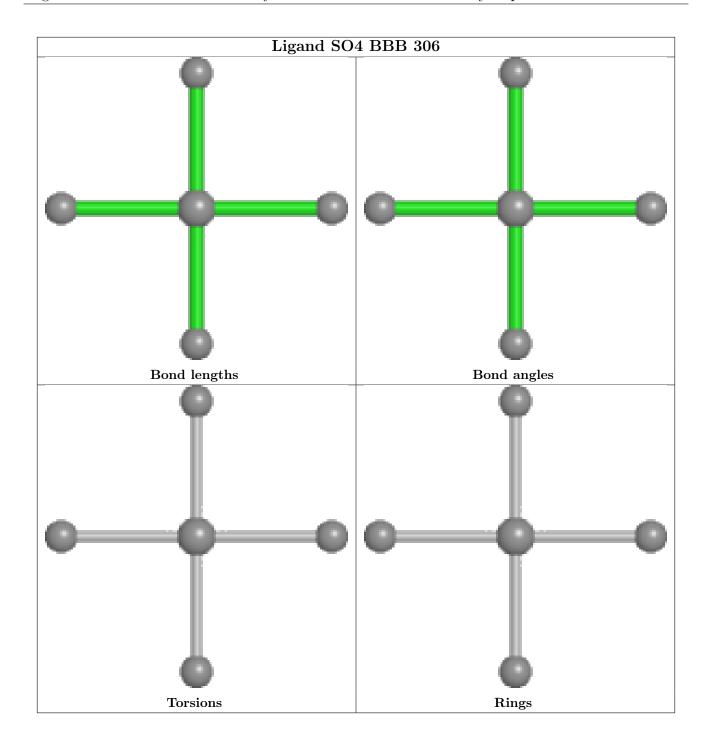
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and



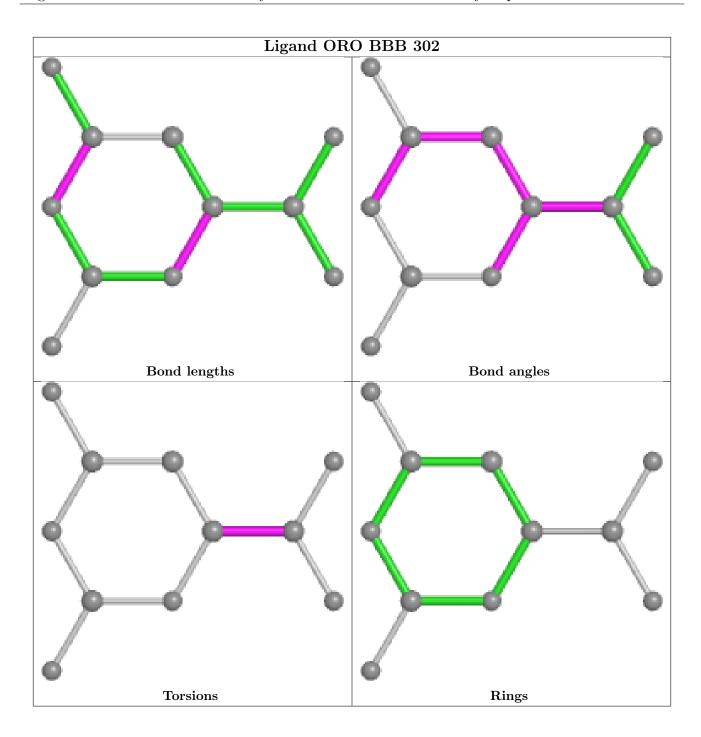
any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



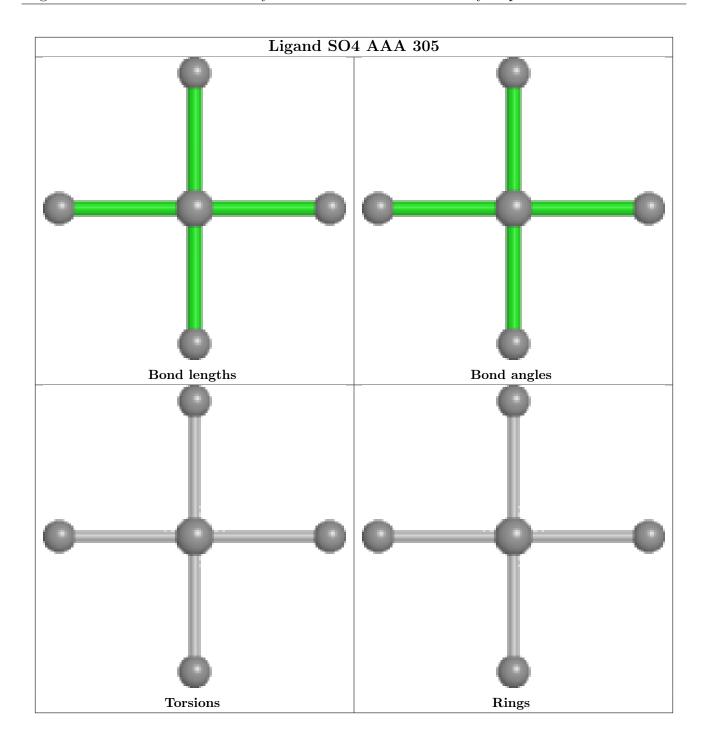




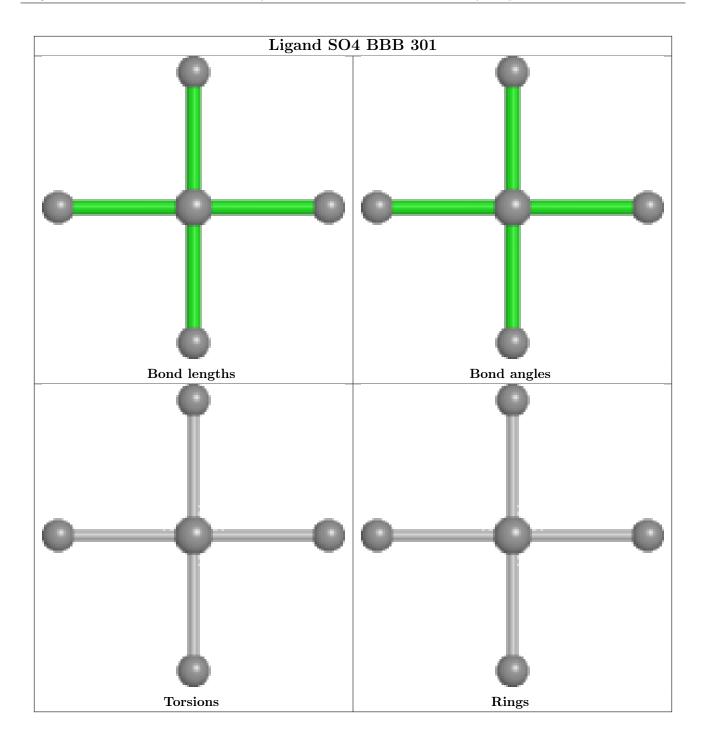




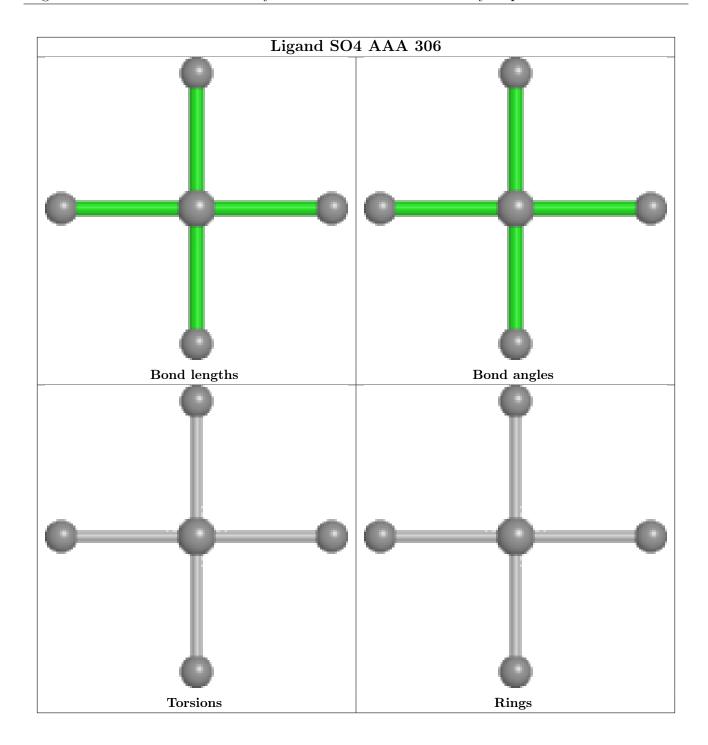




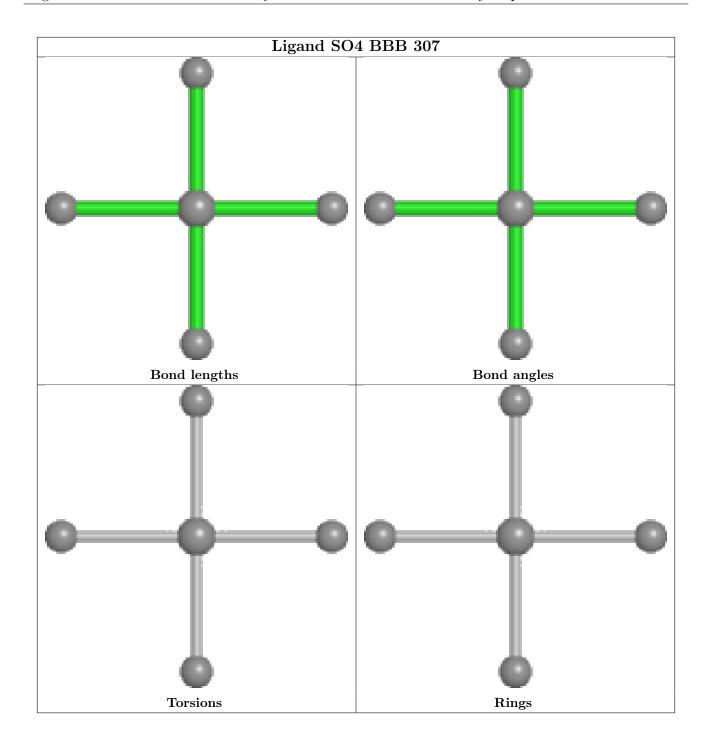




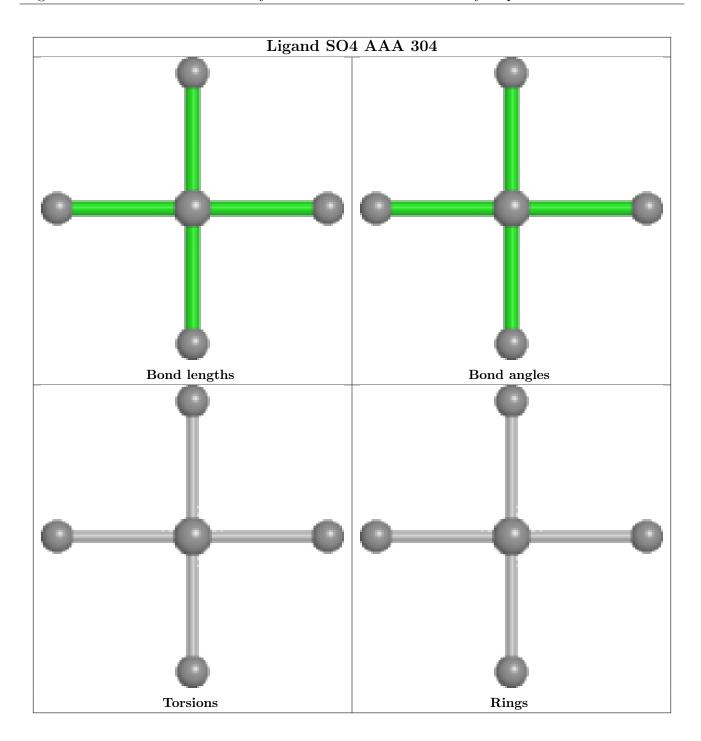




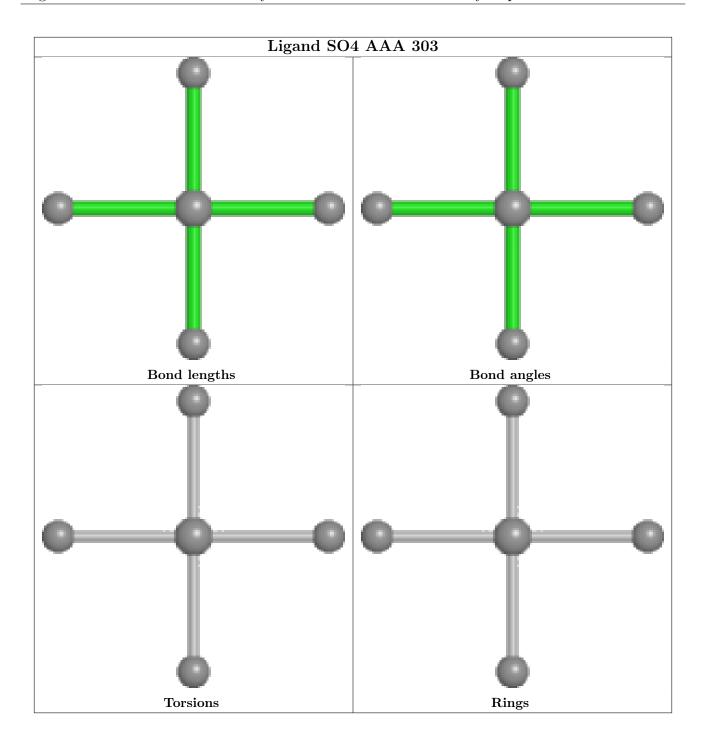




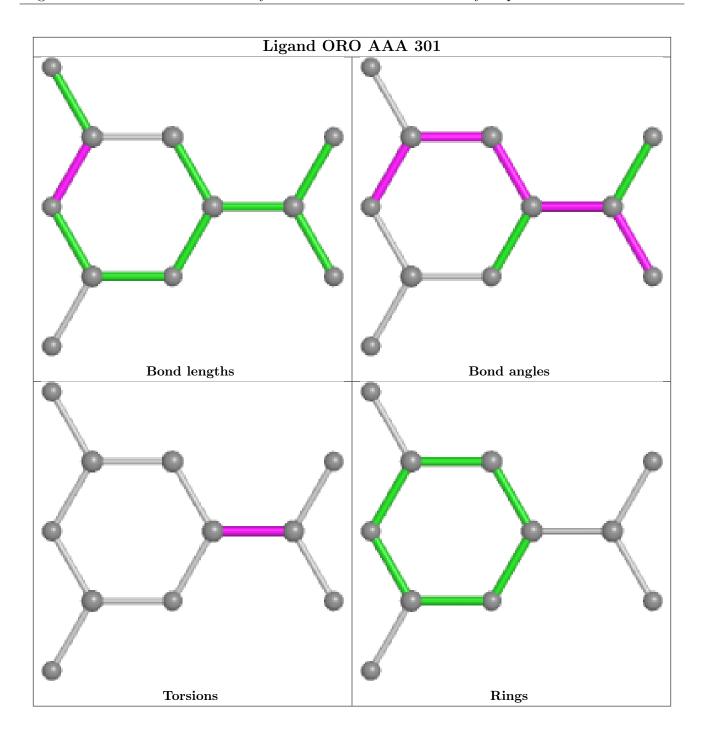




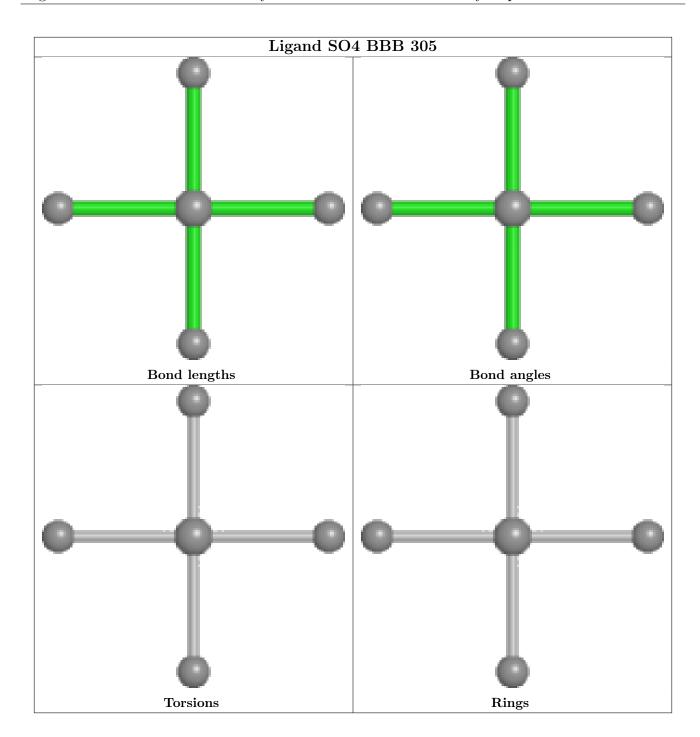












# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\text{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	AAA	207/213 (97%)	-0.04	1 (0%) 91	85	12, 22, 46, 67	0
1	BBB	213/213 (100%)	-0.12	4 (1%) 66	57	12, 21, 42, 62	0
All	All	420/426 (98%)	-0.08	5 (1%) 79	70	12, 22, 44, 67	0

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	BBB	161	ARG	3.2
1	BBB	132	ALA	3.1
1	BBB	213	VAL	2.3
1	AAA	109	GLY	2.1
1	BBB	131	THR	2.1

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



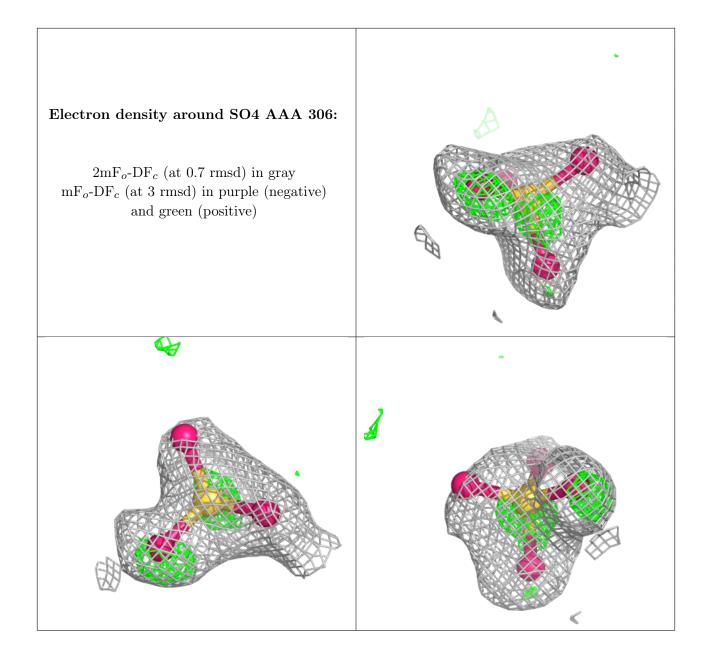
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	GOL	AAA	302	6/6	0.68	0.17	71,86,90,90	0
3	GOL	BBB	309	6/6	0.71	0.21	64,77,79,79	0
3	GOL	BBB	310	6/6	0.72	0.21	45,54,61,62	0
4	SO4	BBB	301	5/5	0.73	0.19	62,62,64,64	5
4	SO4	AAA	306	5/5	0.78	0.18	114,114,114,114	0
3	GOL	BBB	308	6/6	0.83	0.19	71,85,86,86	0
3	GOL	AAA	307	6/6	0.84	0.19	53,58,69,70	0
4	SO4	BBB	305	5/5	0.84	0.14	82,82,83,83	0
4	SO4	BBB	304	5/5	0.88	0.16	51,52,52,53	0
3	GOL	BBB	303	6/6	0.90	0.18	50,61,65,66	0
4	SO4	BBB	306	5/5	0.90	0.13	70,70,70,71	0
4	SO4	AAA	305	5/5	0.94	0.08	25,31,34,34	0
2	ORO	BBB	302	11/11	0.94	0.08	16,20,22,23	0
4	SO4	BBB	307	5/5	0.95	0.13	34,35,36,36	0
4	SO4	AAA	304	5/5	0.96	0.07	23,24,25,27	0
2	ORO	AAA	301	11/11	0.96	0.07	17,22,26,27	0
4	SO4	AAA	303	5/5	0.99	0.08	31,31,34,35	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

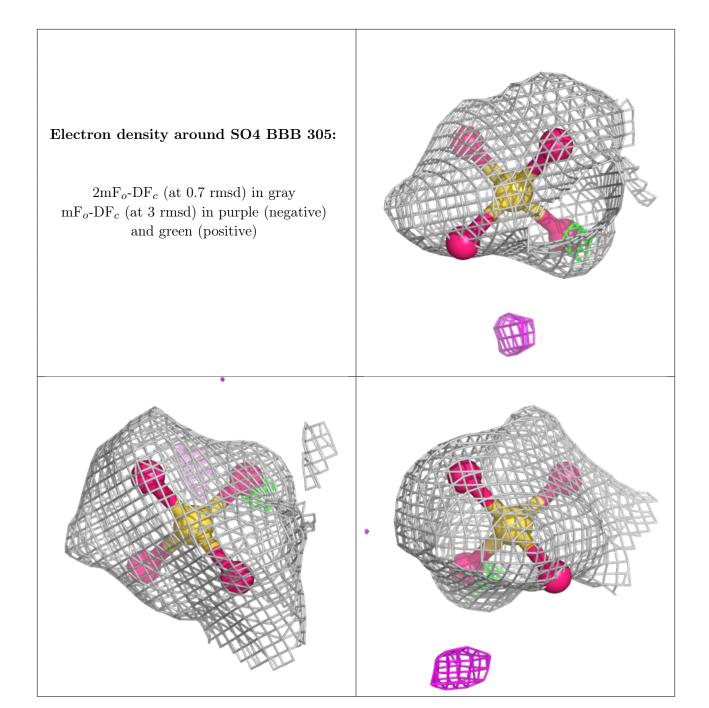


# Electron density around SO4 BBB 301: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_{o}\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_{c}$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









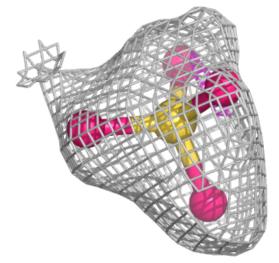


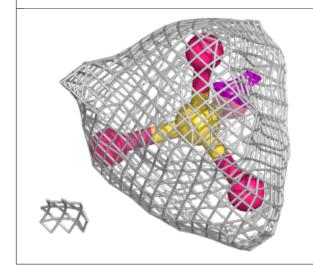
# Electron density around SO4 BBB 304: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

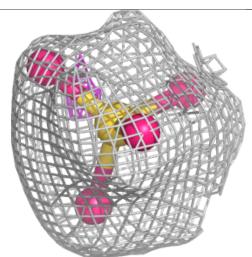


#### Electron density around SO4 BBB 306:

 $2mF_o$ -DF<sub>c</sub> (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $mF_o$ -DF<sub>c</sub> (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



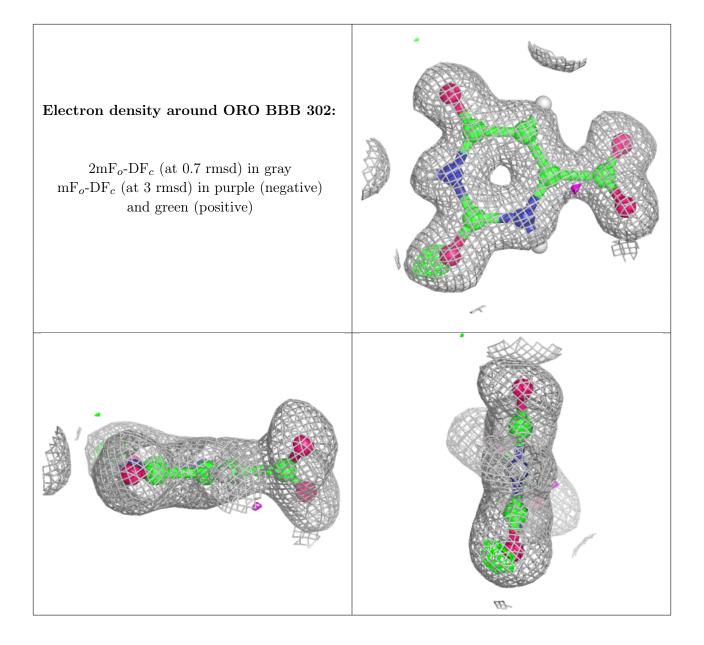






# Electron density around SO4 AAA 305: $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)





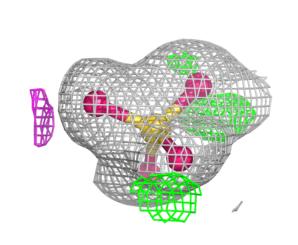


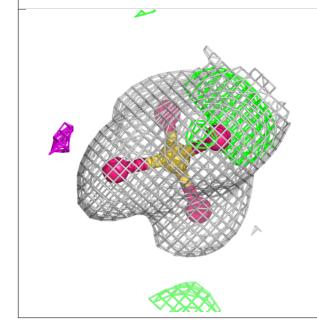
# Electron density around SO4 BBB 307: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive) 5

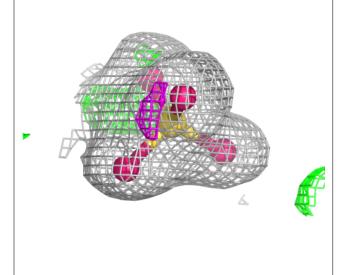


#### Electron density around SO4 AAA 304:

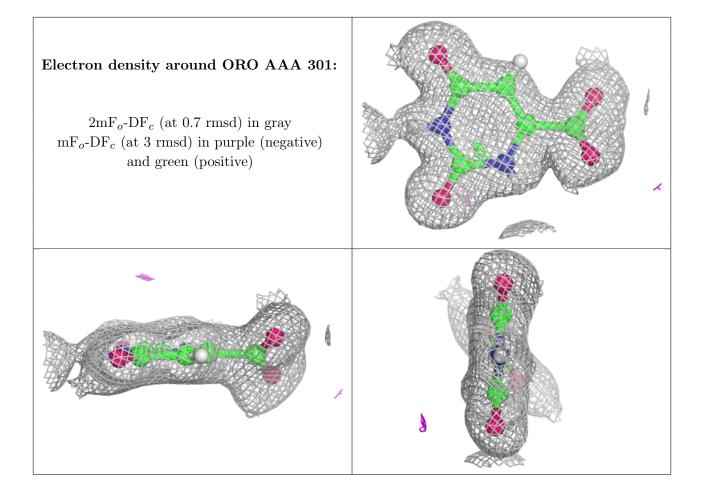
 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



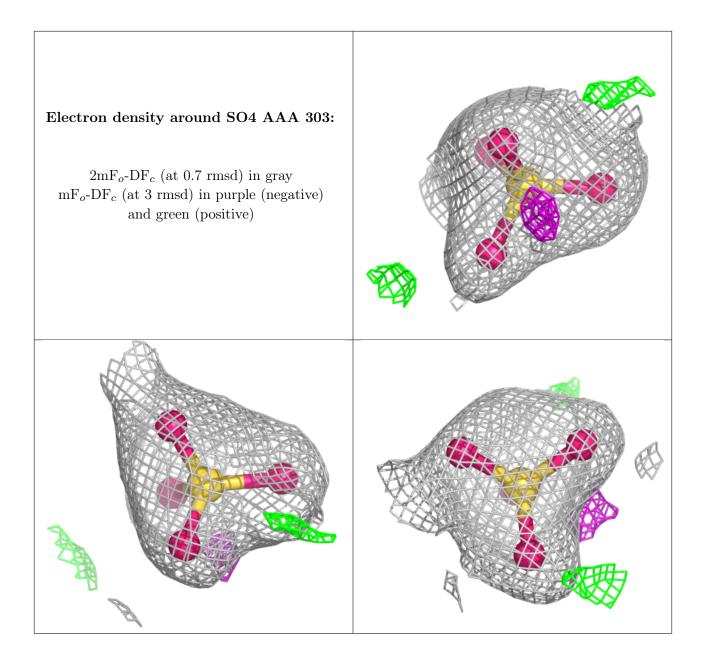












# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

