



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 13, 2018 – 04:07 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4TK4
Title : GephE in complex with a GABA receptor alpha3 subunit derived double mutant peptide in space group P61
Authors : Kasaragod, V.B.; Maric, H.M.; Schindelin, H.
Deposited on : 2014-05-25
Resolution : 3.60 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : trunk31020
Percentile statistics : 20171227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2017)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk31020

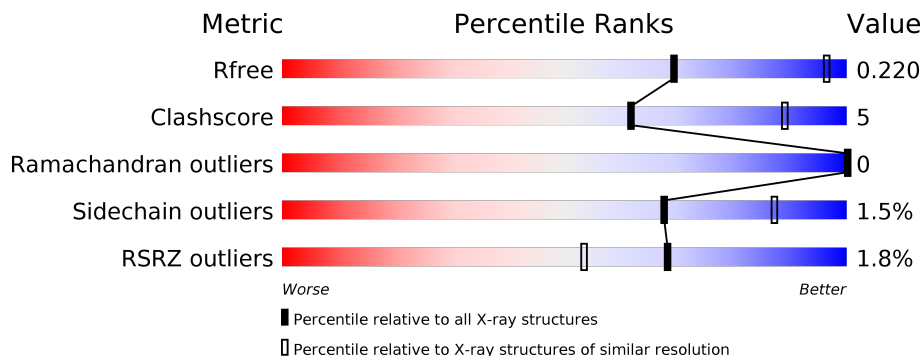
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	111664	1053 (3.70-3.50)
Clashscore	122126	1141 (3.70-3.50)
Ramachandran outliers	120053	1102 (3.70-3.50)
Sidechain outliers	120020	1102 (3.70-3.50)
RSRZ outliers	108989	1009 (3.72-3.48)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	419	<p>2% 86% 12%</p>
1	B	419	<p>0% 82% 14%</p>
2	C	11	<p>55% 27% 18%</p>
2	D	11	<p>55% 18% 9% 18%</p>

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6398 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Gephyrin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	413	3153	1989	548	597	19	0	0	0
1	B	406	3105	1961	540	585	19	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit alpha-3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
2	C	9	70	49	9	12	0	0	0
2	D	9	70	49	9	12	0	0	0

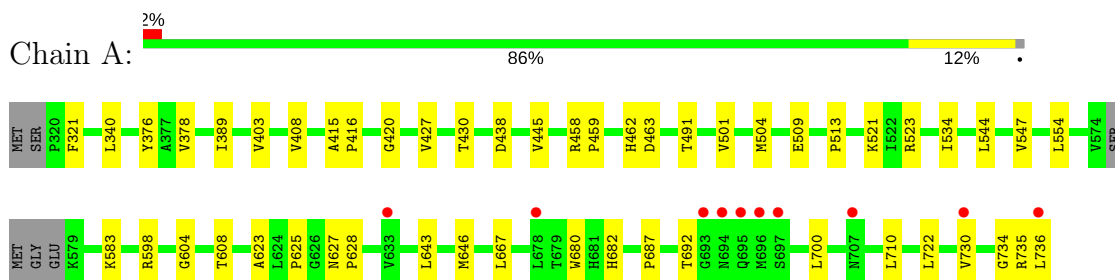
There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	369	SER	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP P20236
C	374	LEU	THR	engineered mutation	UNP P20236
D	369	SER	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP P20236
D	374	LEU	THR	engineered mutation	UNP P20236

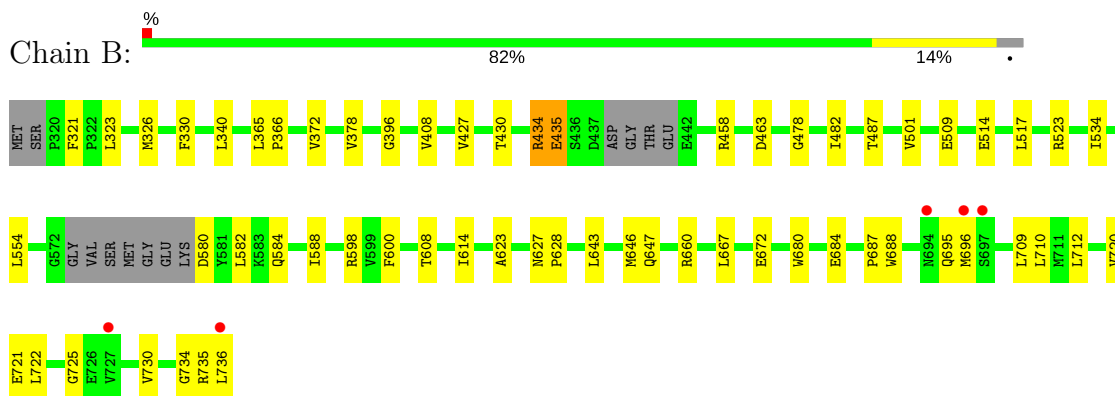
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Gephyrin



- Molecule 1: Gephyrin



- Molecule 2: Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit alpha-3



- Molecule 2: Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit alpha-3



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 61	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	160.18Å 160.18Å 127.91Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	67.88 – 3.60 94.04 – 3.60	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.5 (67.88-3.60) 100.0 (94.04-3.60)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.15	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.85 (at 3.58Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.9_1692)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.176 , 0.217 0.181 , 0.220	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1135 reflections (5.23%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	117.6	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.119	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.31 , 79.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.43$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.25$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.075 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	6398	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	128.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.90% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.21	0/3213	0.42	0/4370
1	B	0.21	0/3164	0.41	0/4303
2	C	0.24	0/72	0.44	0/98
2	D	0.22	0/72	0.43	0/98
All	All	0.21	0/6521	0.42	0/8869

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3153	0	3198	32	0
1	B	3105	0	3152	35	0
2	C	70	0	70	3	0
2	D	70	0	70	1	0
All	All	6398	0	6490	62	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (62) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:608:THR:HB	1:B:623:ALA:HB3	1.69	0.72
2:D:370:ILE:H	2:D:370:ILE:HD13	1.56	0.70
1:A:340:LEU:HG	1:A:646:MET:HG2	1.73	0.69
1:A:608:THR:HB	1:A:623:ALA:HB3	1.77	0.67
1:B:667:LEU:HD11	1:B:722:LEU:HG	1.80	0.64
1:B:695:GLN:HG2	1:B:696:MET:HG3	1.79	0.64
1:A:376:TYR:HE2	1:A:430:THR:HG21	1.65	0.61
1:B:458:ARG:NH1	1:B:463:ASP:OD2	2.36	0.58
1:A:736:LEU:HD11	1:B:736:LEU:HD11	1.84	0.57
1:A:583:LYS:NZ	1:A:608:THR:OG1	2.37	0.57
1:B:554:LEU:HD21	1:B:582:LEU:HA	1.86	0.57
1:B:340:LEU:HG	1:B:646:MET:HG2	1.88	0.55
1:B:321:PHE:O	1:B:598:ARG:NH2	2.40	0.55
1:B:330:PHE:HB2	2:C:370:ILE:HD11	1.90	0.54
1:A:521:LYS:NZ	1:B:396:GLY:O	2.36	0.54
1:A:378:VAL:HG13	1:A:408:VAL:HG12	1.88	0.54
1:B:580:ASP:OD1	1:B:580:ASP:N	2.40	0.53
1:A:680:TRP:CE2	1:A:687:PRO:HB3	2.44	0.53
1:A:682:HIS:NE2	2:C:373:THR:HG21	2.22	0.53
1:A:403:VAL:HB	1:A:420:GLY:HA3	1.89	0.53
1:B:326:MET:HE3	2:C:370:ILE:HD12	1.92	0.52
1:B:643:LEU:HA	1:B:646:MET:HE3	1.91	0.52
1:A:692:THR:HG23	1:A:700:LEU:HB3	1.92	0.52
1:B:672:GLU:HB3	1:B:712:LEU:HB2	1.92	0.51
1:A:643:LEU:HA	1:A:646:MET:HE3	1.93	0.51
1:A:710:LEU:HD12	1:A:730:VAL:HG22	1.94	0.50
1:B:323:LEU:HD21	1:B:600:PHE:CD1	2.47	0.49
1:B:372:VAL:HG22	1:B:458:ARG:HG3	1.94	0.49
1:A:321:PHE:O	1:A:598:ARG:NH2	2.44	0.48
1:A:376:TYR:CE2	1:A:430:THR:HG21	2.47	0.48
1:A:459:PRO:HD2	1:A:462:HIS:HB2	1.95	0.48
1:B:720:VAL:HG23	1:B:721:GLU:HG2	1.96	0.48
1:B:710:LEU:HD12	1:B:730:VAL:HG22	1.96	0.47
1:A:389:ILE:HD11	1:A:445:VAL:HG13	1.98	0.46
1:B:684:GLU:OE2	1:B:688:TRP:NE1	2.23	0.46
1:A:501:VAL:HG11	1:A:534:ILE:HD13	1.97	0.45
1:A:735:ARG:HH12	1:B:734:GLY:HA2	1.82	0.45
1:A:504:MET:HB3	1:A:544:LEU:HB2	1.99	0.44
1:B:365:LEU:HD12	1:B:366:PRO:HA	1.98	0.44
1:B:660:ARG:NH1	1:B:725:GLY:O	2.45	0.44
1:B:584:GLN:HG3	1:B:588:ILE:HD12	2.00	0.44
1:A:458:ARG:NH1	1:A:463:ASP:OD2	2.51	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:680:TRP:CE2	1:B:687:PRO:HB3	2.53	0.44
1:A:604:GLY:HA2	1:A:625:PRO:HG2	1.99	0.44
1:B:501:VAL:HG11	1:B:534:ILE:HD13	2.00	0.44
1:B:434:ARG:NE	1:B:435:GLU:O	2.50	0.43
1:A:513:PRO:HA	1:A:523:ARG:HD3	2.01	0.43
1:B:427:VAL:HA	1:B:430:THR:HG22	2.00	0.43
1:B:378:VAL:HG22	1:B:408:VAL:HG23	2.00	0.43
1:A:427:VAL:O	1:A:430:THR:HG22	2.19	0.43
1:A:734:GLY:HA2	1:B:735:ARG:HH12	1.83	0.43
1:A:523:ARG:HD2	1:B:487:THR:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:667:LEU:HD11	1:A:722:LEU:HG	2.01	0.42
1:A:491:THR:HG21	1:B:514:GLU:HA	2.01	0.42
1:A:547:VAL:HG11	1:A:554:LEU:HA	2.01	0.42
1:B:517:LEU:HD21	1:B:523:ARG:HG3	2.00	0.42
1:A:509:GLU:HA	1:A:521:LYS:HD3	2.02	0.41
1:B:365:LEU:HA	1:B:366:PRO:HA	1.91	0.41
1:A:415:ALA:HA	1:A:416:PRO:HD3	1.97	0.41
1:B:627:ASN:HA	1:B:628:PRO:HD3	1.87	0.40
1:A:627:ASN:HA	1:A:628:PRO:HD3	1.87	0.40
1:B:478:GLY:O	1:B:482:ILE:HG12	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	409/419 (98%)	399 (98%)	10 (2%)	0	100	100
1	B	400/419 (96%)	391 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100
2	C	7/11 (64%)	6 (86%)	1 (14%)	0	100	100
2	D	7/11 (64%)	6 (86%)	1 (14%)	0	100	100
All	All	823/860 (96%)	802 (97%)	21 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	351/356 (99%)	350 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	98
1	B	346/356 (97%)	340 (98%)	6 (2%)	63	86
2	C	8/10 (80%)	7 (88%)	1 (12%)	5	28
2	D	8/10 (80%)	5 (62%)	3 (38%)	0	1
All	All	713/732 (97%)	702 (98%)	11 (2%)	67	87

All (11) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	438	ASP
1	B	434	ARG
1	B	435	GLU
1	B	509	GLU
1	B	614	ILE
1	B	647	GLN
1	B	709	LEU
2	C	375	TYR
2	D	370	ILE
2	D	374	LEU
2	D	375	TYR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	647	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	413/419 (98%)	0.35	10 (2%) 59 43	67, 114, 183, 254	0
1	B	406/419 (96%)	0.27	5 (1%) 79 65	77, 127, 195, 259	0
2	C	9/11 (81%)	0.65	0 100 100	135, 145, 193, 211	0
2	D	9/11 (81%)	0.78	0 100 100	136, 145, 203, 221	0
All	All	837/860 (97%)	0.32	15 (1%) 68 53	67, 120, 192, 259	0

All (15) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	696	MET	6.8
1	B	696	MET	6.7
1	B	736	LEU	6.1
1	A	736	LEU	4.0
1	A	697	SER	4.0
1	A	695	GLN	3.6
1	A	694	ASN	2.5
1	A	730	VAL	2.5
1	B	727	VAL	2.4
1	A	707	ASN	2.3
1	A	678	LEU	2.2
1	A	693	GLY	2.1
1	B	694	ASN	2.0
1	B	697	SER	2.0
1	A	633	VAL	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.