

Full wwPDB EM Validation Report (i)

Dec 18, 2023 – 10:12 AM EST

PDB ID : 8U0T

EMDB ID : EMD-41784

Title: PRD-0038 RBD bound to Rhinolophus alcyone ACE2 (local refinement)

Authors: Park, Y.J.; Veesler, D.; Seattle Structural Genomics Center for Infectious Dis-

ease (SSGCID)

Deposited on : 2023-08-29

Resolution : 3.20 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at $\frac{\text{https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp}}{\text{with specific help available everywhere you see the } (i) symbol.$

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev70

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

MapQ : 1.9.9

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

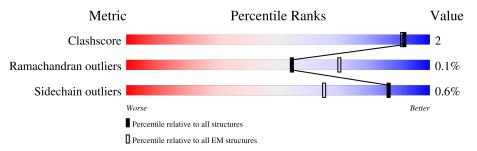
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	A	767	85% • 12%						
2	В	258	7% 64% · 33%	_					



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6761 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Angiotensin-converting enzyme.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
1	A	675	Total 5342	C 3463	N 907	O 940	S 32	0	0

There are 27 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

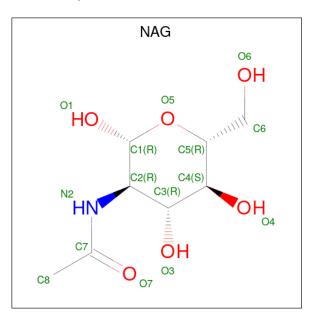
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	741	HIS	ricuai	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	741	HIS	_	1 0	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
	743	HIS	-	expression tag	
A			-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	744	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	745	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	746	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	747	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	748	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	749	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	750	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	751	SER	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	752	SER	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	753	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	754	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	755	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	756	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	757	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	758	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	759	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	760	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	761	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	762	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	763	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	764	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	765	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	766	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6
A	767	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0N7IQX6



• Molecule 2 is a protein called PRD-0038.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
9	D	174	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
	Б	174	1292	842	218	226	6	U	U

 \bullet Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $\rm C_8H_{15}NO_6).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
3	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
3	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
3	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
3	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
3	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
3	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
3	В	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
3	В	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0



 \bullet Molecule 4 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues Atoms		AltConf
4	A	1	Total Zr 1 1	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Angiotensin-converting enzyme





4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	284934	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	60	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	6.567	Depositor
Minimum map value	-4.701	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.094	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.6	Depositor
Map size (Å)	320.0, 320.0, 320.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	320, 320, 320	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.0, 1.0, 1.0	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain		nd lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.79	$10/5501 \; (0.2\%)$	0.61	1/7487 (0.0%)	
2	В	0.59	0/1329	0.71	1/1812 (0.1%)	
All	All	0.76	10/6830 (0.1%)	0.63	2/9299 (0.0%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

All (10) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	Ideal(A)
1	A	402	GLU	C-O	-10.50	1.03	1.23
1	A	402	GLU	CA-CB	-9.49	1.33	1.53
1	A	402	GLU	CG-CD	-8.37	1.39	1.51
1	A	402	GLU	CD-OE1	-7.30	1.17	1.25
1	A	546	ASN	C-O	6.48	1.35	1.23
1	A	134	ARG	CD-NE	6.26	1.57	1.46
1	A	134	ARG	CB-CG	5.89	1.68	1.52
1	A	375	GLU	CD-OE2	-5.83	1.19	1.25
1	A	402	GLU	CB-CG	-5.76	1.41	1.52
1	A	402	GLU	CD-OE2	-5.36	1.19	1.25

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	${f Atoms}$	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	В	475	LEU	CD1-CG-CD2	7.75	133.75	110.50

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	351	LEU	CD1-CG-CD2	7.65	133.46	110.50

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	402	GLU	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5342	0	4989	13	0
2	В	1292	0	1128	7	0
3	A	98	0	91	0	0
3	В	28	0	26	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	6761	0	6234	20	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (20) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:487:THR:CG2	2:B:488:PRO:HD2	1.81	1.10
2:B:487:THR:HG23	2:B:488:PRO:HD2	1.38	1.03
2:B:487:THR:HG22	2:B:488:PRO:HD2	1.60	0.83
2:B:487:THR:CG2	2:B:488:PRO:CD	2.61	0.76
2:B:487:THR:HG23	2:B:488:PRO:CD	2.22	0.65
2:B:487:THR:HG22	2:B:488:PRO:CD	2.29	0.62
2:B:345:ARG:HD3	2:B:389:ASP:OD1	2.04	0.57
1:A:450:LEU:N	1:A:451:PRO:HD2	2.25	0.52
1:A:499:ASP:N	1:A:500:PRO:HD2	2.27	0.49
1:A:279:TYR:N	1:A:280:PRO:CD	2.76	0.49

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:177:ARG:N	1:A:178:PRO:HD2	2.30	0.46
1:A:697:ARG:N	1:A:698:PRO:CD	2.78	0.46
1:A:589:GLU:N	1:A:590:PRO:CD	2.79	0.45
1:A:134:ARG:HA	1:A:135:PRO:HD3	1.86	0.43
1:A:582:GLY:N	1:A:583:PRO:CD	2.83	0.42
1:A:137:ASN:OD1	1:A:137:ASN:C	2.58	0.42
1:A:402:GLU:HA	1:A:402:GLU:OE1	2.21	0.41
1:A:20:THR:N	1:A:21:PRO:HD2	2.35	0.41
1:A:279:TYR:HB3	1:A:280:PRO:HD3	2.01	0.41
1:A:697:ARG:HB3	1:A:698:PRO:HD3	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Perce	\mathbf{ntiles}	
1	A	671/767 (88%)	653 (97%)	18 (3%)	0	100	100
2	В	168/258~(65%)	162 (96%)	5 (3%)	1 (1%)	25	64
All	All	839/1025 (82%)	815 (97%)	23 (3%)	1 (0%)	54	83

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	471	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.



The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	alysed Rotameric Out		Percentiles
1	A	529/684 (77%)	528 (100%)	1 (0%)	93 98
2	В	114/224 (51%)	111 (97%)	3 (3%)	46 76
All	All	643/908 (71%)	639 (99%)	4 (1%)	86 94

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	381	TYR
2	В	360	ASN
2	В	368	PHE
2	В	387	TYR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	378	HIS
1	A	401	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 10 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 9 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and



the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAG	A	805	1	14,14,15	1.19	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.36	3 (17%)
3	NAG	В	602	2	14,14,15	1.22	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.97	1 (5%)
3	NAG	A	806	1	14,14,15	1.16	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.40	2 (11%)
3	NAG	A	803	1	14,14,15	1.28	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.07	1 (5%)
3	NAG	A	801	1	14,14,15	1.21	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.14	2 (11%)
3	NAG	A	802	1	14,14,15	1.24	2 (14%)	17,19,21	0.97	1 (5%)
3	NAG	В	601	2	14,14,15	1.07	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.98	1 (5%)
3	NAG	A	804	1	14,14,15	1.22	2 (14%)	17,19,21	0.98	1 (5%)
3	NAG	A	807	1	14,14,15	1.36	2 (14%)	17,19,21	1.87	4 (23%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	A	805	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	В	602	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	806	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	803	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	801	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	802	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	В	601	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	804	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	807	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (12) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
3	A	803	NAG	C1-C2	3.80	1.58	1.52
3	В	602	NAG	C1-C2	3.47	1.57	1.52
3	A	801	NAG	C1-C2	3.37	1.57	1.52
3	A	802	NAG	C1-C2	3.32	1.57	1.52
3	A	807	NAG	C1-C2	3.07	1.56	1.52

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
3	A	804	NAG	C1-C2	3.04	1.56	1.52
3	A	805	NAG	C1-C2	3.04	1.56	1.52
3	В	601	NAG	C1-C2	2.88	1.56	1.52
3	A	807	NAG	O5-C5	2.75	1.49	1.43
3	A	806	NAG	C1-C2	2.54	1.56	1.52
3	A	802	NAG	O5-C5	2.19	1.47	1.43
3	A	804	NAG	O5-C5	2.10	1.47	1.43

All (16) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	A	807	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-4.41	102.96	110.49
3	A	807	NAG	C1-O5-C5	-3.01	108.11	112.19
3	A	807	NAG	O5-C5-C6	3.00	111.91	107.20
3	A	801	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.89	121.00	116.10
3	A	806	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.85	120.93	116.10
3	A	805	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-2.75	106.98	111.02
3	A	805	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.67	120.61	116.10
3	A	804	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-2.59	106.06	110.49
3	A	807	NAG	O4-C4-C3	-2.58	104.38	110.35
3	A	803	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.52	120.36	116.10
3	A	806	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.41	119.47	122.90
3	В	602	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.41	120.17	116.10
3	A	802	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.38	120.13	116.10
3	В	601	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.38	120.12	116.10
3	A	805	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.24	119.71	122.90
3	A	801	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.12	119.88	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	804	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	A	805	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	A	804	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	A	805	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-41784. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

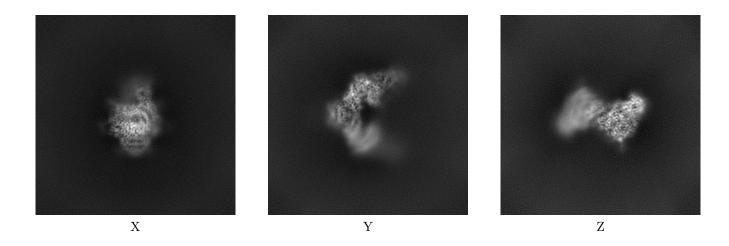
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map

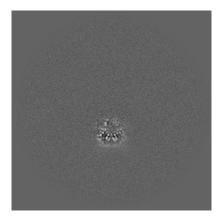


The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

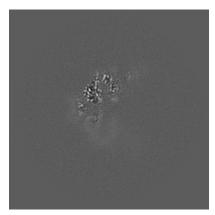


6.2 Central slices (i)

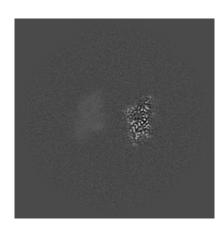
6.2.1 Primary map





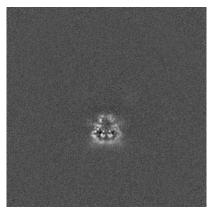


Y Index: 160



Z Index: 160

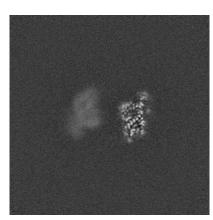
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 160



Y Index: 160



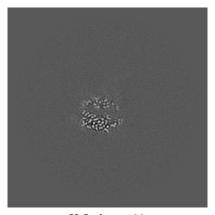
Z Index: 160

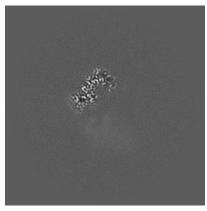
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

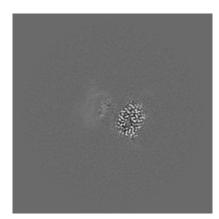


6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map







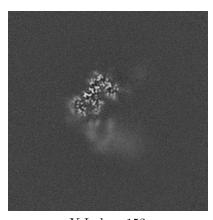
X Index: 190

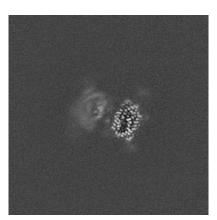
Y Index: 147

Z Index: 134

6.3.2 Raw map







X Index: 194

Y Index: 152

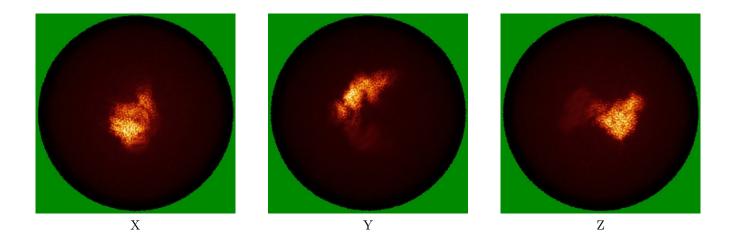
Z Index: 135

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map

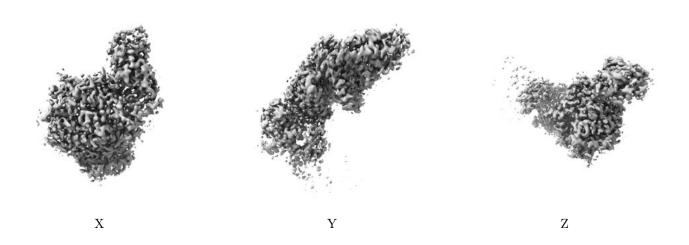


The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.6. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

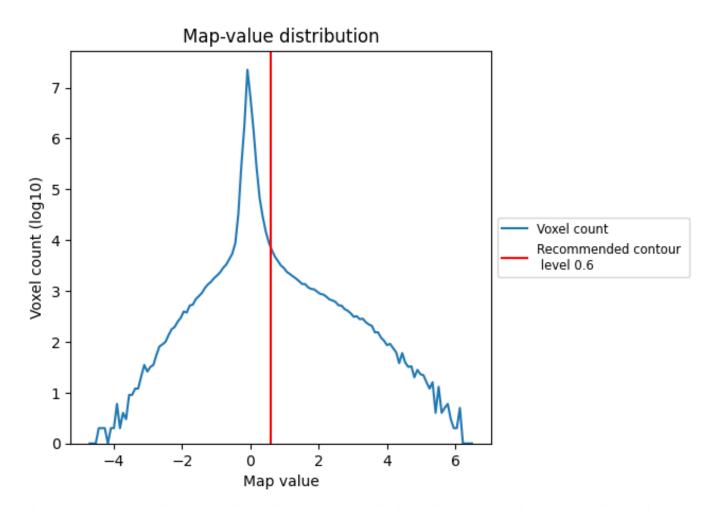
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

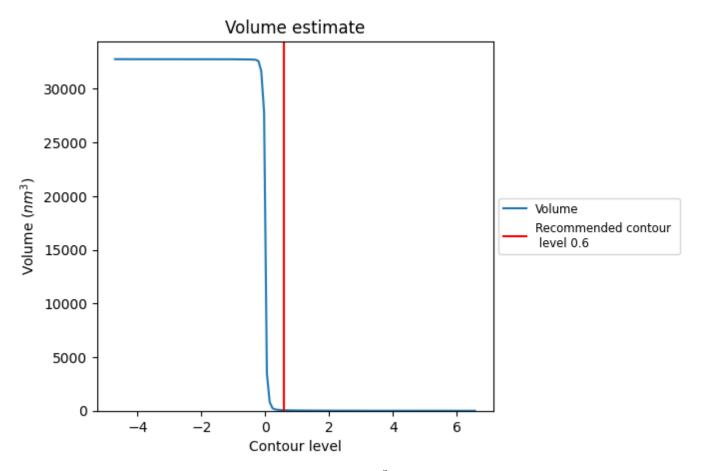
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

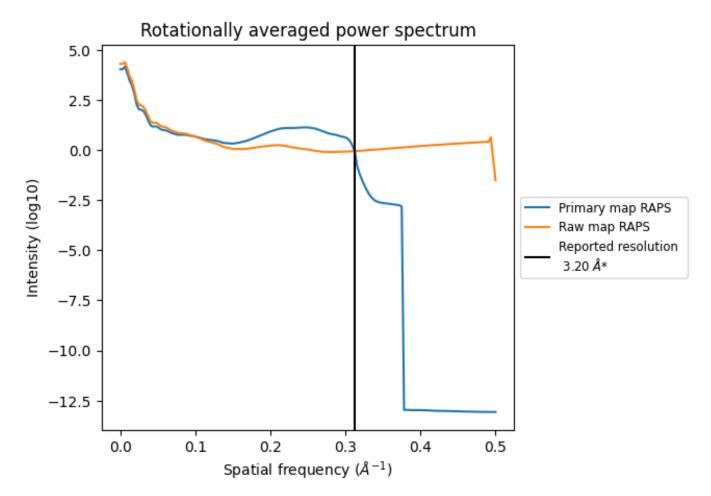


The volume at the recommended contour level is 50 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 45 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



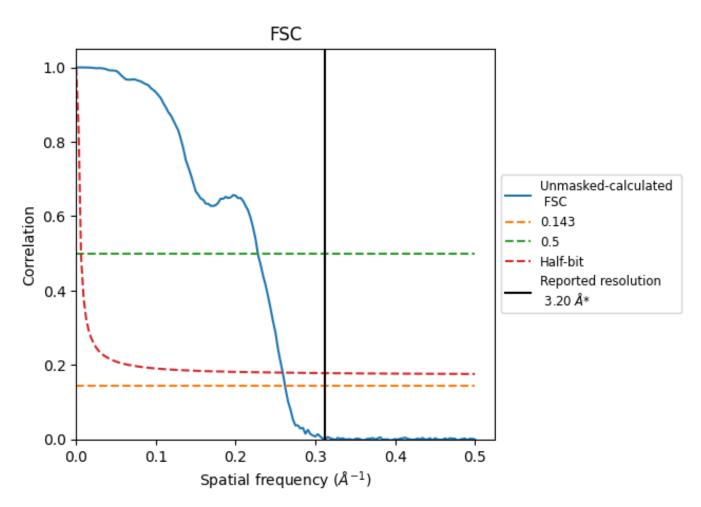
*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.312 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.312 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)			
rtesolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit	
Reported by author	3.20	-	-	
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-	
Unmasked-calculated*	3.82	4.39	3.86	

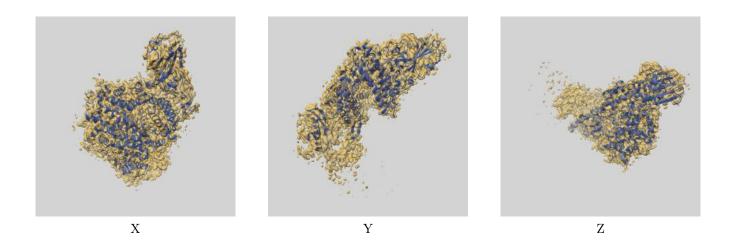
^{*}Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.82 differs from the reported value 3.2 by more than 10 %



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-41784 and PDB model 8U0T. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

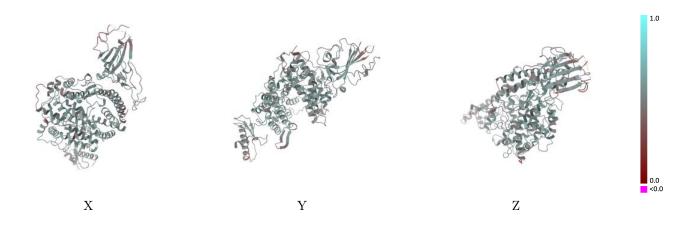
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.6 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

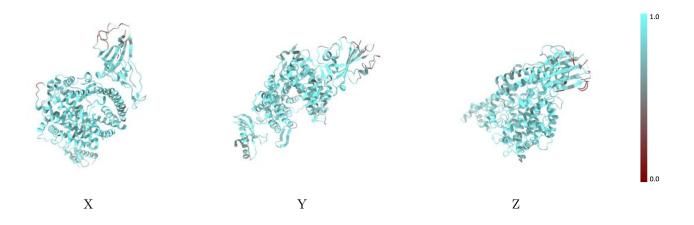


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

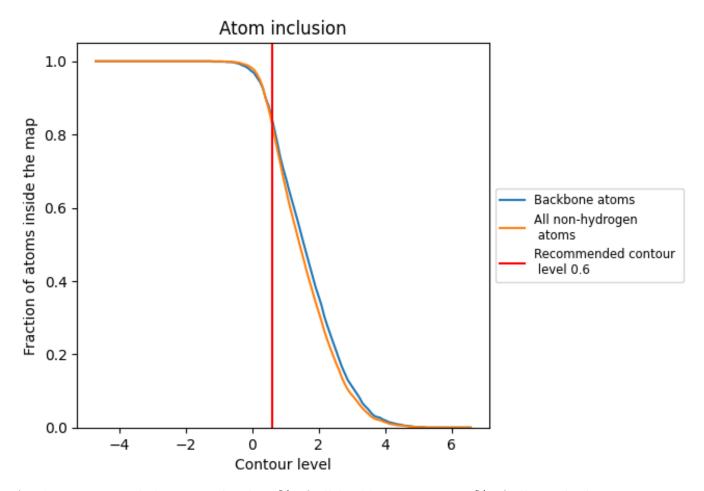
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.6).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 84% of all backbone atoms, 83% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.6) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8290	0.5170
A	0.8470	0.5240
В	0.7520	0.4870



