



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Dec 10, 2023 – 09:55 pm GMT

PDB ID : 2UX0
Title : Structure of the oligomerisation domain of calcium-calmodulin dependent protein kinase II gamma
Authors : Bunkoczi, G.; Debreczeni, J.E.; Salah, E.; Gileadi, O.; Rellos, P.; Arrowsmith, C.H.; Edwards, A.; Sundstrom, M.; Weigelt, J.; von Delft, F.; Turnbull, A.; Pike, A.C.W.; Knapp, S.
Deposited on : 2007-03-26
Resolution : 2.46 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtrriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.36
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

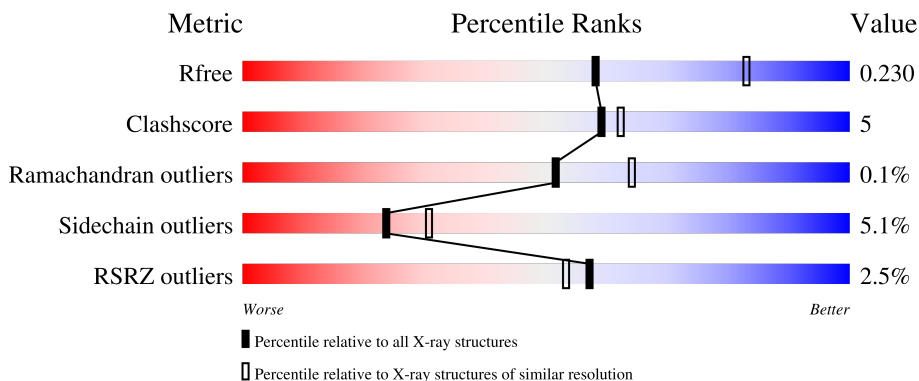
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

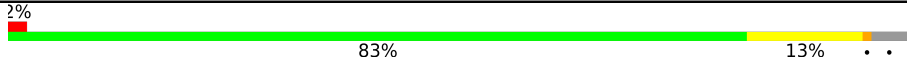



The reported resolution of this entry is 2.46 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	1544 (2.48-2.44)
Clashscore	141614	1613 (2.48-2.44)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1598 (2.48-2.44)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1598 (2.48-2.44)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1523 (2.48-2.44)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	143	 2% 83% 13% . .
1	B	143	 % 84% 10% . 5%
1	C	143	 3% 85% 11% .
1	D	143	 % 84% 11% 5%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	E	143	 2% 80% 13% • 6%
1	F	143	 4% 80% 13% • 6%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	GLY	D	1521	-	X	-	-
2	GLY	E	1521	-	X	-	-

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6484 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

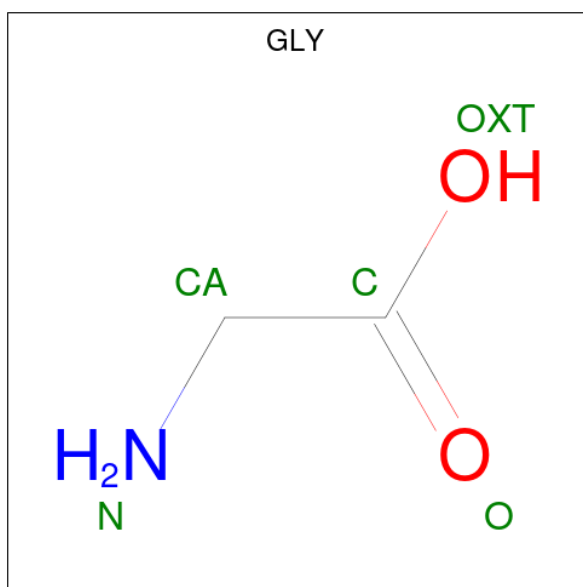
- Molecule 1 is a protein called CALCIUM-CALMODULIN DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE (CAM KINASE) II GAMMA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	137	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1070	677	182	206	5			
1	B	136	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1060	671	178	206	5			
1	C	137	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1074	677	183	210	4			
1	D	136	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1051	667	180	200	4			
1	E	135	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1061	671	179	206	5			
1	F	134	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1044	662	177	201	4			

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	526	ARG	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP Q8N4I3
B	526	ARG	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP Q8N4I3
C	526	ARG	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP Q8N4I3
D	526	ARG	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP Q8N4I3
E	526	ARG	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP Q8N4I3
F	526	ARG	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP Q8N4I3

- Molecule 2 is GLYCINE (three-letter code: GLY) (formula: C₂H₅NO₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
2	A	1	5	2	1	2	0	0
2	B	1	5	2	1	2	0	0
2	C	1	5	2	1	2	0	0
2	D	1	5	2	1	2	0	0
2	E	1	5	2	1	2	0	0


- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
3	A	19	19	19	0	0
3	B	17	17	17	0	0
3	C	14	14	14	0	0
3	D	15	15	15	0	0
3	E	17	17	17	0	0
3	F	17	17	17	0	0

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)


These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

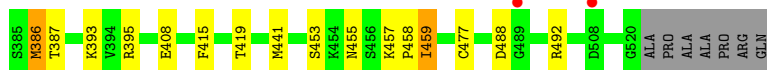
- Molecule 1: CALCIUM-CALMODULIN DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE (CAM KINASE) II GAMMA

Chain A: 




- Molecule 1: CALCIUM-CALMODULIN DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE (CAM KINASE) II GAMMA

Chain B: 




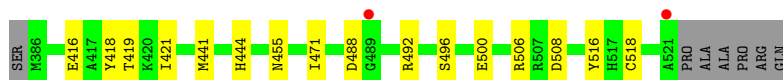
- Molecule 1: CALCIUM-CALMODULIN DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE (CAM KINASE) II GAMMA

Chain C: 




- Molecule 1: CALCIUM-CALMODULIN DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE (CAM KINASE) II GAMMA

Chain D: 

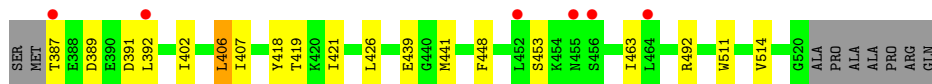
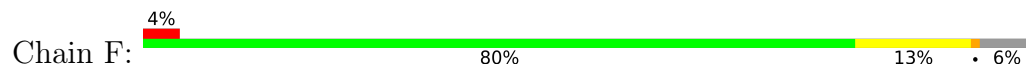


- Molecule 1: CALCIUM-CALMODULIN DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE (CAM KINASE) II GAMMA

Chain E: 



- Molecule 1: CALCIUM-CALMODULIN DEPENDENT PROTEIN KINASE (CAM KINASE) II GAMMA



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	122.95Å 158.36Å 103.94Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	39.68 – 2.46 39.68 – 2.46	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	78.4 (39.68-2.46) 78.5 (39.68-2.46)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.35 (at 2.45Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.184 , 0.224 0.190 , 0.230	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1467 reflections (5.04%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	55.3	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.117	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.30 , 45.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	6484	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	41.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.85% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	0.63	2/1095 (0.2%)	0.67	0/1489
1	B	0.61	1/1085 (0.1%)	0.63	0/1476
1	C	0.56	0/1099	0.66	0/1496
1	D	0.56	0/1076	0.62	0/1466
1	E	0.62	0/1086	0.67	0/1477
1	F	0.55	0/1069	0.65	0/1456
All	All	0.59	3/6510 (0.0%)	0.65	0/8860

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	477	CYS	CB-SG	-6.63	1.71	1.82
1	A	422	CYS	CB-SG	-5.63	1.72	1.81
1	A	477	CYS	CB-SG	-5.40	1.73	1.81

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1070	0	988	10	0
1	B	1060	0	975	9	0
1	C	1074	0	983	8	0
1	D	1051	0	964	9	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	E	1061	0	979	13	0
1	F	1044	0	957	9	0
2	A	5	0	2	0	0
2	B	5	0	2	0	0
2	C	5	0	2	0	0
2	D	5	0	2	0	0
2	E	5	0	2	0	0
3	A	19	0	0	0	0
3	B	17	0	0	0	0
3	C	14	0	0	0	0
3	D	15	0	0	0	0
3	E	17	0	0	1	0
3	F	17	0	0	0	0
All	All	6484	0	5856	58	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (58) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:F:419:THR:HG22	1:F:441:MET:CE	1.95	0.97
1:C:419:THR:HG22	1:C:441:MET:CE	1.95	0.97
1:A:419:THR:HG22	1:A:441:MET:HE1	1.60	0.79
1:F:419:THR:HG22	1:F:441:MET:HE1	1.69	0.74
1:E:390:GLU:HB2	3:E:2001:HOH:O	1.88	0.73
1:F:419:THR:HG22	1:F:441:MET:HE2	1.74	0.69
1:B:419:THR:HG22	1:B:441:MET:CE	2.25	0.66
1:A:419:THR:HG22	1:A:441:MET:CE	2.25	0.66
1:E:407:ILE:HD12	1:E:463:ILE:HD11	1.78	0.65
1:B:415:PHE:O	1:B:419:THR:HG23	1.98	0.63
1:B:386:MET:HE3	1:B:387:THR:H	1.61	0.63
1:C:419:THR:HG22	1:C:441:MET:HE2	1.80	0.61
1:B:419:THR:HG22	1:B:441:MET:HE1	1.81	0.60
1:D:419:THR:HG23	1:D:441:MET:HE2	1.82	0.60
1:A:415:PHE:O	1:A:419:THR:HG23	2.02	0.59
1:D:500:GLU:OE2	1:D:516:TYR:OH	2.21	0.56
1:E:458:PRO:HD2	1:E:487:ILE:HD13	1.86	0.56
1:E:471:ILE:HG22	1:E:471:ILE:O	2.05	0.56
1:A:387:THR:HG22	1:A:389:ASP:H	1.72	0.54
1:A:407:ILE:HD12	1:A:463:ILE:HD11	1.90	0.53

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:448:PHE:O	1:C:453:SER:OG	2.26	0.53
1:F:407:ILE:HD12	1:F:463:ILE:HD11	1.90	0.53
1:E:402:ILE:HD13	1:E:511:TRP:HB2	1.91	0.52
1:C:419:THR:HG22	1:C:441:MET:HE1	1.87	0.52
1:E:482:ARG:HH21	1:E:482:ARG:HG2	1.74	0.51
1:E:419:THR:HG22	1:E:441:MET:HE2	1.93	0.51
1:E:419:THR:HG22	1:E:441:MET:CE	2.40	0.50
1:E:516:TYR:CZ	1:E:518:CYS:HB2	2.46	0.50
1:D:471:ILE:HG22	1:D:471:ILE:O	2.11	0.50
1:E:387:THR:HG22	1:E:389:ASP:H	1.76	0.50
1:C:421:ILE:HG22	1:C:421:ILE:O	2.13	0.49
1:C:392:LEU:HD12	1:C:470:VAL:HG21	1.95	0.48
1:C:419:THR:HG22	1:C:441:MET:HE3	1.92	0.47
1:B:458:PRO:O	1:B:459:ILE:HG22	2.15	0.47
1:B:488:ASP:OD2	1:B:492:ARG:N	2.48	0.46
1:E:419:THR:CG2	1:E:441:MET:HE1	2.46	0.46
1:D:418:TYR:OH	1:D:444:HIS:ND1	2.40	0.45
1:D:419:THR:HG23	1:D:441:MET:CE	2.46	0.45
1:B:455:ASN:OD1	1:B:457:LYS:N	2.50	0.45
1:E:419:THR:CG2	1:E:441:MET:CE	2.95	0.45
1:F:402:ILE:HD13	1:F:511:TRP:HB2	1.99	0.44
1:D:421:ILE:O	1:D:421:ILE:HG22	2.18	0.44
1:D:488:ASP:OD2	1:D:492:ARG:N	2.51	0.44
1:F:421:ILE:O	1:F:421:ILE:HG22	2.19	0.43
1:D:419:THR:HA	1:D:441:MET:HE1	2.00	0.43
1:D:516:TYR:CZ	1:D:518:CYS:HB2	2.54	0.43
1:A:483:LEU:HD22	1:A:495:THR:CG2	2.49	0.42
1:A:387:THR:HG22	1:A:389:ASP:N	2.33	0.42
1:C:516:TYR:CZ	1:C:518:CYS:HB2	2.53	0.42
1:A:471:ILE:HG22	1:A:471:ILE:O	2.19	0.41
1:E:487:ILE:HG23	1:E:491:GLY:O	2.20	0.41
1:F:406:LEU:HD11	1:F:418:TYR:CE1	2.56	0.41
1:F:448:PHE:O	1:F:453:SER:OG	2.37	0.41
1:A:487:ILE:CG2	1:A:491:GLY:O	2.69	0.41
1:A:516:TYR:CZ	1:A:518:CYS:HB2	2.56	0.40
1:B:457:LYS:HA	1:B:458:PRO:HD3	1.97	0.40
1:F:426:LEU:HD12	1:F:514:VAL:C	2.42	0.40
1:B:408:GLU:OE1	1:B:408:GLU:HA	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	135/143 (94%)	129 (96%)	6 (4%)	0	100	100
1	B	134/143 (94%)	130 (97%)	3 (2%)	1 (1%)	22	25
1	C	135/143 (94%)	132 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
1	D	134/143 (94%)	132 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
1	E	133/143 (93%)	131 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
1	F	132/143 (92%)	129 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	803/858 (94%)	783 (98%)	19 (2%)	1 (0%)	51	64

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	453	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	109/125 (87%)	105 (96%)	4 (4%)	34	45
1	B	109/125 (87%)	105 (96%)	4 (4%)	34	45
1	C	110/125 (88%)	103 (94%)	7 (6%)	17	21
1	D	105/125 (84%)	100 (95%)	5 (5%)	25	33
1	E	110/125 (88%)	104 (94%)	6 (6%)	21	27
1	F	106/125 (85%)	99 (93%)	7 (7%)	16	20

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
All	All	649/750 (86%)	616 (95%)	33 (5%)	24	31

All (33) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	455	ASN
1	A	456	SER
1	A	459	ILE
1	A	477	CYS
1	B	386	MET
1	B	393	LYS
1	B	395	ARG
1	B	459	ILE
1	C	387	THR
1	C	391	ASP
1	C	397	GLN
1	C	439	GLU
1	C	487	ILE
1	C	496	SER
1	C	513	ASN
1	D	416	GLU
1	D	455	ASN
1	D	496	SER
1	D	506	ARG
1	D	508	ASP
1	E	390	GLU
1	E	419	THR
1	E	453	SER
1	E	455	ASN
1	E	459	ILE
1	E	508	ASP
1	F	387	THR
1	F	389	ASP
1	F	391	ASP
1	F	392	LEU
1	F	406	LEU
1	F	439	GLU
1	F	492	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	455	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

5 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
2	GLY	D	1521	-	4,4,4	0.94	0	3,4,4	1.95	2 (66%)
2	GLY	E	1521	-	4,4,4	1.03	0	3,4,4	2.00	2 (66%)
2	GLY	B	1521	-	4,4,4	1.14	1 (25%)	3,4,4	2.02	2 (66%)
2	GLY	A	1521	-	4,4,4	1.10	1 (25%)	3,4,4	1.73	1 (33%)
2	GLY	C	1521	-	4,4,4	0.95	0	3,4,4	1.73	1 (33%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '2' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GLY	D	1521	-	-	2/2/2/2	-
2	GLY	E	1521	-	-	2/2/2/2	-
2	GLY	B	1521	-	-	0/2/2/2	-
2	GLY	A	1521	-	-	0/2/2/2	-
2	GLY	C	1521	-	-	2/2/2/2	-

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	1521	GLY	OXT-C	-2.23	1.23	1.30
2	A	1521	GLY	OXT-C	-2.07	1.23	1.30

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	1521	GLY	OXT-C-O	-2.86	116.17	123.30
2	E	1521	GLY	OXT-C-O	-2.67	116.64	123.30
2	D	1521	GLY	OXT-C-O	-2.45	117.20	123.30
2	D	1521	GLY	OXT-C-CA	2.27	122.47	113.45
2	A	1521	GLY	OXT-C-O	-2.24	117.71	123.30
2	C	1521	GLY	OXT-C-O	-2.23	117.74	123.30
2	E	1521	GLY	OXT-C-CA	2.19	122.15	113.45
2	B	1521	GLY	OXT-C-CA	2.02	121.50	113.45

There are no chirality outliers.

All (6) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	D	1521	GLY	O-C-CA-N
2	D	1521	GLY	OXT-C-CA-N
2	E	1521	GLY	O-C-CA-N
2	E	1521	GLY	OXT-C-CA-N
2	C	1521	GLY	O-C-CA-N
2	C	1521	GLY	OXT-C-CA-N

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	137/143 (95%)	-0.15	3 (2%) 62 58	29, 39, 62, 76	0
1	B	136/143 (95%)	-0.03	2 (1%) 73 71	28, 39, 61, 67	0
1	C	137/143 (95%)	-0.07	4 (2%) 51 47	28, 39, 65, 81	0
1	D	136/143 (95%)	-0.06	2 (1%) 73 71	28, 39, 60, 77	0
1	E	135/143 (94%)	-0.16	3 (2%) 62 58	29, 39, 59, 71	0
1	F	134/143 (93%)	0.06	6 (4%) 33 30	28, 39, 57, 67	0
All	All	815/858 (94%)	-0.07	20 (2%) 57 53	28, 39, 61, 81	0

All (20) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	F	456	SER	3.5
1	C	521	ALA	3.3
1	E	386	MET	3.3
1	B	489	GLY	3.1
1	D	489	GLY	3.1
1	A	385	SER	3.0
1	C	454	LYS	2.9
1	C	453	SER	2.8
1	A	455	ASN	2.8
1	C	385	SER	2.8
1	A	453	SER	2.8
1	F	392	LEU	2.8
1	D	521	ALA	2.6
1	E	489	GLY	2.5
1	F	452	LEU	2.2
1	E	390	GLU	2.1
1	F	464	LEU	2.1
1	F	387	THR	2.1
1	F	455	ASN	2.1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	508	ASP	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	GLY	C	1521	5/5	0.90	0.13	51,56,62,63	0
2	GLY	B	1521	5/5	0.91	0.16	51,57,65,66	0
2	GLY	D	1521	5/5	0.91	0.11	52,60,65,65	0
2	GLY	E	1521	5/5	0.92	0.14	63,67,70,75	0
2	GLY	A	1521	5/5	0.94	0.16	54,59,59,60	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.