

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Mar 15, 2021 – 06:28 PM EDT

PDB ID : 5VAN

Title : Crystal Structure of Beta-Klotho

Authors : Lee, S.; Schlessinger, J.

Deposited on : 2017-03-27

Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.17.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

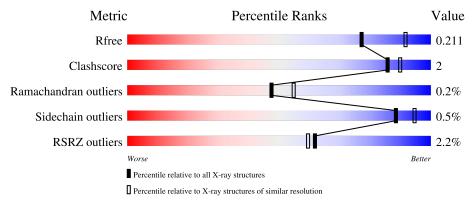
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.17.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# ext{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	4898 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4800 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of ch	ain		
1	٨	054	2%			
1	A	954	85%	<u> </u>	5%	10%
	_		2%			
2	В	134	85%		6%	9%
3	С	2	50%	50%		



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7968 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Beta-klotho.

Mo	Chain	Residues		Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	861	Total 6839	C 4453	N 1157	O 1207	S 22	0	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	308	GLN	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP Q86Z14
A	611	GLN	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP Q86Z14

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Nb914.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	В	122	Total 892	C 565	N 154	O 170	S 3	0	0	0

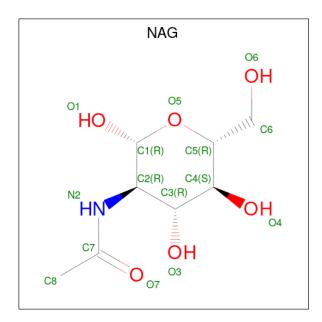
• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	I	Aton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	2	Total 28			O 10	0	0	0

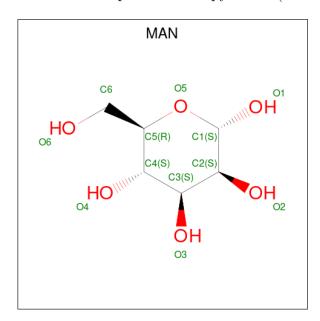
• Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
4	A	1	Total C N O 11 6 1 4	0	0
4	A	1	Total C N O 13 8 1 4	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 5 is alpha-D-mannopyranose (three-letter code: MAN) (formula: $\mathrm{C_6H_{12}O_6}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C () 5	0	0

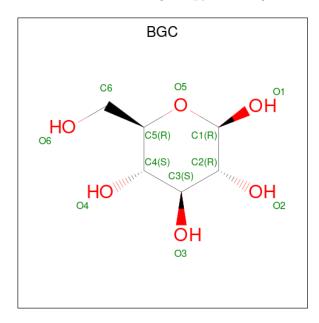
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C O 12 6 6	0	0

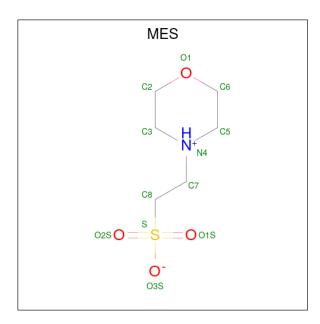
• Molecule 6 is beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: BGC) (formula: $C_6H_{12}O_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total C O 12 6 6	0	0
6	A	1	Total C O 12 6 6	0	0

• Molecule 7 is 2-(N-MORPHOLINO)-ETHANESULFONIC ACID (three-letter code: MES) (formula: $C_6H_{13}NO_4S$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
7	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
'	Α	1	12	6	1	4	1	0	U

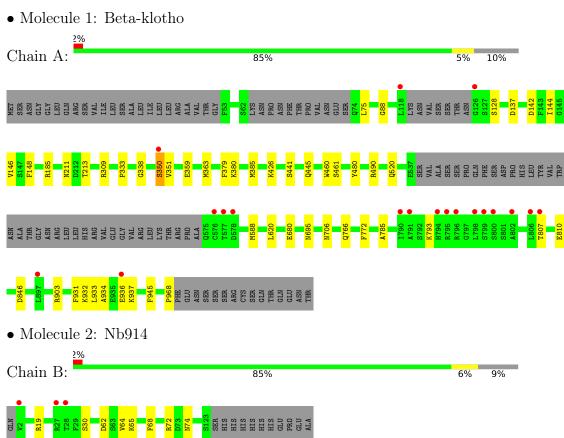
• Molecule 8 is water.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	$\mathbf{ZeroOcc}$	AltConf
8	A	99	Total O 99 99	0	0
8	В	13	Total O 13 13	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



 $\bullet \ \, \text{Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2$





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	48.68Å 144.07Å 215.61Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	47.49 - 2.20	Depositor
Resolution (A)	47.49 - 2.20	EDS
% Data completeness	99.7 (47.49-2.20)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.7 (47.49-2.20)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.11	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.01 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.10_2155	Depositor
D D.	0.186 , 0.211	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.186 , 0.211	DCC
R_{free} test set	3890 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	39.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.405	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 39.5	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.47, < L^2> = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	7968	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	43.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.61% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MAN, BGC, NAG, MES

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.43	0/7046	0.57	0/9576	
2	В	0.41	0/910	0.63	0/1238	
All	All	0.43	0/7956	0.58	0/10814	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res Type		Group	
1	A	309	ARG	Peptide	

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6839	0	6492	30	0
2	В	892	0	839	3	0
3	С	28	0	25	0	0
4	A	38	0	33	1	0
5	A	23	0	22	1	0
6	A	24	0	24	0	0
7	A	12	0	12	0	0
8	A	99	0	0	1	0
8	В	13	0	0	0	0
All	All	7968	0	7447	34	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 34 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{ll} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} \ (ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:807:THR:HG23	1:A:810:GLU:H	1.50	0.76
1:A:588:MET:HE1	1:A:933:LEU:HG	1.71	0.72
2:B:72:ARG:HD3	2:B:74:ASN:OD1	1.90	0.71
1:A:706:ASN:HD22	4:A:1005:NAG:H83	1.57	0.68
1:A:588:MET:CE	1:A:933:LEU:HG	2.28	0.62

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Perce	\mathbf{ntiles}	
1	A	853/954~(89%)	819 (96%)	32 (4%)	2 (0%)	47	55
2	В	120/134~(90%)	114 (95%)	6 (5%)	0	100	100
All	All	973/1088 (89%)	933 (96%)	38 (4%)	2 (0%)	47	55



All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	350	SER
1	A	75	LEU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	680/821 (83%)	678 (100%)	2 (0%)	92 97		
2	В	85/108 (79%)	83 (98%)	2 (2%)	49 62		
All	All	765/929 (82%)	761 (100%)	4 (0%)	88 94		

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	128	SER
1	A	385	MET
2	В	19	ARG
2	В	30	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	383	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain F		nain Res Link		Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Mol Type Chain Res	Res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
3	NAG	С	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.82	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.36	4 (23%)
3	NAG	С	2	3	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	0.49	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	С	1	1,3	-	5/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
3	С	1	NAG	O5-C1	2.35	1.47	1.43

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
3	С	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	6.19	120.58	112.19
3	С	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	4.72	129.63	122.90
3	С	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	3.88	117.12	110.49
3	С	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-2.87	106.82	111.02

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	С	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

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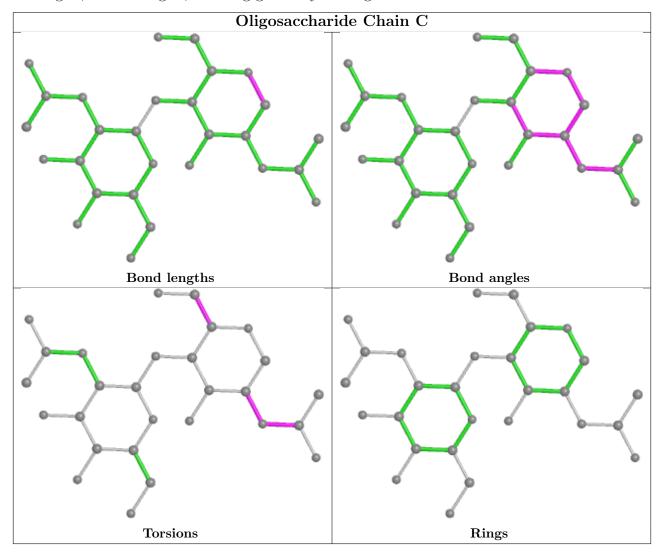
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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	С	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	С	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
3	С	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	С	1	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

8 ligands are modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	NAG	A	1002	-	11,11,15	0.80	1 (9%)	12,15,21	0.87	0
5	MAN	A	1007	-	12,12,12	1.23	1 (8%)	17,17,17	1.12	2 (11%)
5	MAN	A	1006	-	11,11,12	1.21	2 (18%)	15,15,17	1.59	3 (20%)
4	NAG	A	1005	1	13,13,15	0.38	0	14,17,21	0.37	0
6	BGC	A	1008	-	12,12,12	0.52	0	17,17,17	0.89	0
7	MES	A	1010	-	12,12,12	2.03	1 (8%)	14,16,16	2.47	7 (50%)
6	BGC	A	1009	-	12,12,12	0.56	0	17,17,17	1.95	4 (23%)
4	NAG	A	1001	1	14,14,15	0.67	0	17,19,21	2.02	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	1002	-	-	1/2/19/26	0/1/1/1
5	MAN	A	1007	-	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
5	MAN	A	1006	-	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	1005	1	-	2/6/19/26	0/1/1/1
6	BGC	A	1008	_	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
7	MES	A	1010	-	-	4/6/14/14	0/1/1/1
6	BGC	A	1009	-	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	1001	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
7	A	1010	MES	C8-S	-6.63	1.68	1.77
5	A	1006	MAN	C2-C3	2.77	1.56	1.52
5	A	1007	MAN	C1-C2	2.74	1.58	1.52
4	A	1002	NAG	C1-C2	2.29	1.55	1.52
5	A	1006	MAN	C1-C2	2.19	1.57	1.52



The worst	5	of	17	bond	angle	outliers	are	listed	below:
TITO WOLDS	$\overline{}$	O.		OIIG	WII 510	Catheren	COL C	IIDCC	CIC III.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
4	A	1001	NAG	C1-O5-C5	7.49	122.34	112.19
7	A	1010	MES	C5-N4-C3	4.91	119.88	108.83
6	A	1009	BGC	C1-C2-C3	-4.56	100.84	110.31
5	A	1006	MAN	C1-O5-C5	3.76	117.29	112.19
6	A	1009	BGC	O5-C1-C2	-3.68	103.72	110.28

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 13 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	A	1010	MES	C7-C8-S-O1S
7	A	1010	MES	C7-C8-S-O3S
5	A	1006	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	A	1001	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	A	1001	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	1006	MAN	1	0
4	A	1005	NAG	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	861/954 (90%)	-0.06	19 (2%) 62 59	26, 41, 63, 80	0
2	В	122/134 (91%)	0.02	3 (2%) 57 55	33, 45, 59, 84	0
All	All	983/1088 (90%)	-0.05	22 (2%) 62 59	26, 42, 63, 84	0

The worst 5 of 22 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	В	2	VAL	5.6
2	В	28	THR	4.9
1	A	798	LEU	4.0
1	A	795	ARG	3.6
1	A	794	HIS	3.4

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

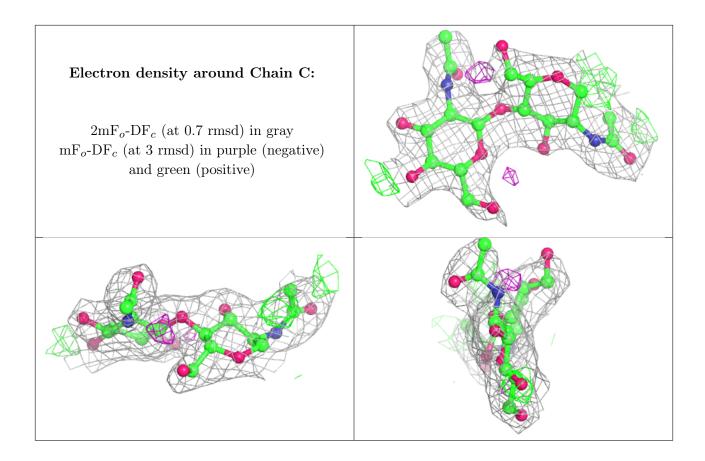
6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.83	0.16	63,69,74,78	0
3	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.92	0.11	58,60,67,69	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	MAN	A	1006	11/12	0.82	0.26	87,96,99,101	0
4	NAG	A	1002	11/15	0.85	0.16	39,52,61,62	0
4	NAG	A	1001	14/15	0.86	0.13	45,53,65,67	0
5	MAN	A	1007	12/12	0.88	0.21	53,61,69,72	0
4	NAG	A	1005	13/15	0.89	0.29	74,76,80,81	0
6	BGC	A	1009	12/12	0.92	0.21	51,60,63,68	0
7	MES	A	1010	12/12	0.93	0.12	56,69,81,83	0
6	BGC	A	1008	12/12	0.94	0.15	45,46,50,54	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

