

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 9, 2024 – 09:58 PM EST

PDB ID : 6VMB

EMDB ID : EMD-21239

Title: Chloroplast ATP synthase (C1, CF1FO)

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Deposited on : 2020-01-27

Resolution : 5.23 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev113

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

 $MapQ \quad : \quad 1.9.13$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

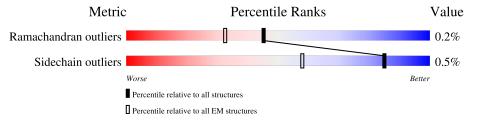
 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) & : & 2.39 \end{tabular}$

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 5.23 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	507	97%	
1	В	507	97%	
1	С	507	98%	
2	D	498	95%	
2	Е	498	96%	
2	F	498	95%	
3	I	184	83%	17%
4	J	222	61% 39%	
5	a	247	90%	10%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
6	d	257	69% 30%	_
7	e	134	7% 95%	
8	g	364	7% 87%	11%
9	M	81	98%	.
9	N	81	98%	
9	О	81	98%	
9	Р	81	98%	
9	Q	81	98%	
9	R	81	98%	
9	S	81	98%	
9	Т	81	98%	
9	U	81	98%	
9	V	81	98%	
9	W	81	98%	
9	X	81	98%	
9	Y	81	98%	
9	Z	81	98%	



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 11 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 35401 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit alpha, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At		AltConf	Trace		
1	A	501	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
1	Λ	301	3850	2421	665	751	13	0	0
1	В	503	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
1	Ъ	505	3862	2430	668	750	14	0	0
1	С	500	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
1	C	300	3843	2417	666	747	13	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit beta, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	AltConf	Trace			
2	D	478	Total 3619	C 2282		O 699	S 16	0	0
2	E	481	Total 3645	C 2299	N 626	O 704	S 16	0	0
2	F	480	Total 3636	C 2294	N 625	O 701	S 16	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit b, chloroplastic.

Mo	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms		AltConf	Trace
3	I	153	Total 756	C 450	N 153	O 153	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit b', chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms		AltConf	Trace
4	J	136	Total 676	C 404	N 136	O 136	0	0

• Molecule 5 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit a, chloroplastic.



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms		AltConf	Trace
5	a	223	Total 1096	C 650	N 223	O 223	0	0

• Molecule 6 is a protein called ATP synthase delta chain, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
6	J	179	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
0	a	179	1384	876	229	277	2	U	U

• Molecule 7 is a protein called ATP synthase epsilon chain, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
7	0	191	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
'	е	131	1007	621	189	194	3	0	U

• Molecule 8 is a protein called ATP synthase gamma chain, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
8	g	323	Total 2504	C 1578	N 431	O 482	S 13	0	0

• Molecule 9 is a protein called ATP synthase subunit c, chloroplastic.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Aton	ıs		AltConf	Trace
9	Z	79	Total	С	N	О	0	0
9	L	19	384	226	79	79	U	0
9	Y	79	Total	С	N	О	0	0
9	1	19	384	226	79	79	U	0
9	X	79	Total	С	N	О	0	0
9	Λ	19	384	226	79	79	0	U
9	W	79	Total	С	N	О	0	0
9	VV	19	384	226	79	79	U	U
9	V	79	Total	С	N	О	0	0
9	V	19	384	226	79	79	U	U
9	U	79	Total	С	N	О	0	0
9	U	19	384	226	79	79	0	0
9	Т	79	Total	С	N	О	0	0
9	1	19	384	226	79	79	0	0
9	S	79	Total	С	N	О	0	0
9	٥	19	384	226	79	79	U	
9	Р	79	Total	С	N	О	0	0
	1	19	384	226	79	79		0

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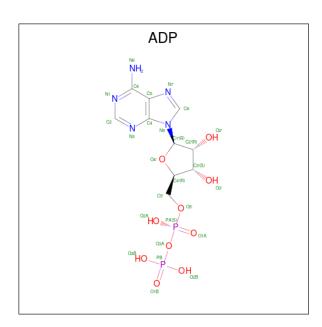
Mol	Chain	Residues		Aton	ıs		AltConf	Trace
9	0	79	Total	С	N	О	0	0
9		19	384	226	79	79	0	U
9	N	79	Total	С	N	О	0	0
9	11	19	384	226	79	79	0	U
9	M	79	Total	С	N	О	0	0
9	IVI	19	384	226	79	79		U
9	0	79	Total	С	N	О	0	0
9	\ \Q	19	384	226	79	79	0	U
9	R	79	Total	С	N	О	0	0
	10	19	384	226	79	79		U

• Molecule 10 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
10	10 A	Δ 1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
10	Λ	1	31	10	5	13	3	0
10	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
10	Б	1	31	10	5	13	3	U
10	С	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
10		1	31	10	5	13	3	U

• Molecule 11 is ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ADP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{10}P_2$).





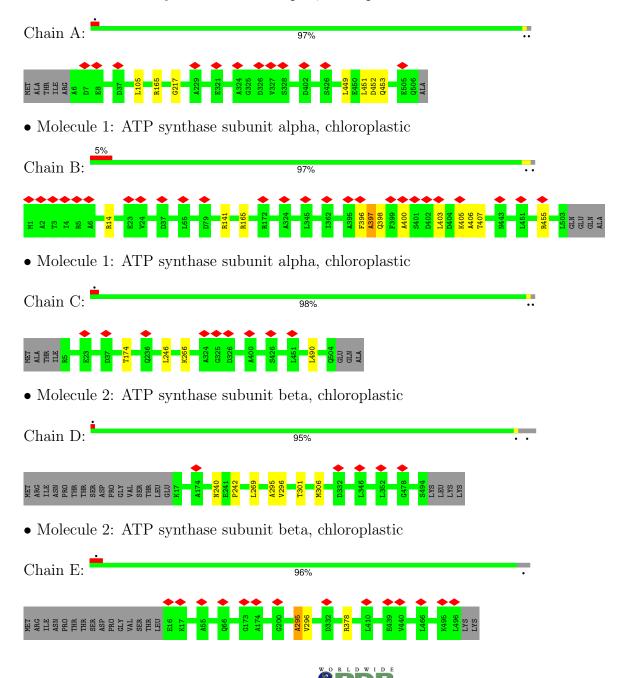
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	
11	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
11	ש	1	27	10	5	10	2	U
11	E	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
11	Г	1	27	10	5	10	2	U

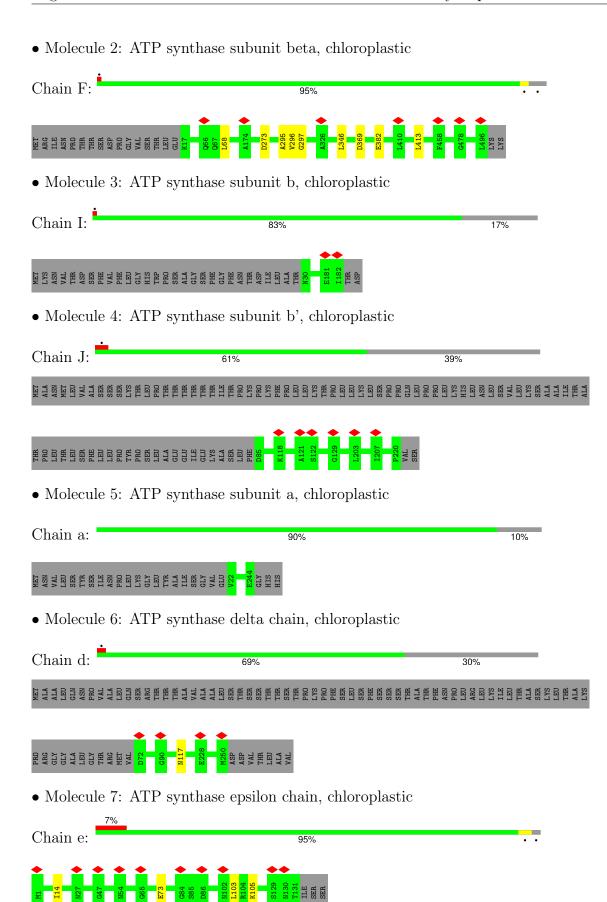


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: ATP synthase subunit alpha, chloroplastic





• Molecule 8: ATP synthase gamma chain, chloroplastic









• Molecule 9: ATP synthase subunit c, chloroplastic

Chain T: 98%



• Molecule 9: ATP synthase subunit c, chloroplastic

Chain S: 98%



• Molecule 9: ATP synthase subunit c, chloroplastic

Chain P: 98%



• Molecule 9: ATP synthase subunit c, chloroplastic

Chain O: 98%



• Molecule 9: ATP synthase subunit c, chloroplastic

Chain N: 98%



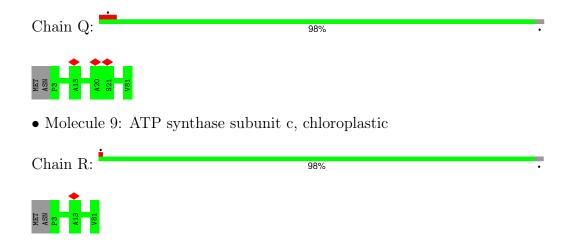
• Molecule 9: ATP synthase subunit c, chloroplastic

Chain M: 98% .



• Molecule 9: ATP synthase subunit c, chloroplastic







4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	127760	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	43.5	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	-1500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	-4000	Depositor
Magnification	48077	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.030	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.009	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.002	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.009	Depositor
Map size (Å)	339.84, 339.84, 339.84	wwPDB
Map dimensions	288, 288, 288	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.18, 1.18, 1.18	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ADP, ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

N.T. 1	GI ·	Bond	lengths	В	ond angles
Mol	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.37	0/3899	0.63	2/5275~(0.0%)
1	В	0.37	0/3911	0.64	2/5291~(0.0%)
1	С	0.36	0/3892	0.60	1/5265~(0.0%)
2	D	0.37	0/3676	0.61	$1/4983 \; (0.0\%)$
2	Е	0.36	0/3702	0.57	0/5017
2	F	0.37	0/3693	0.63	4/5005 (0.1%)
3	I	0.26	0/755	0.32	0/1050
4	J	0.26	0/675	0.34	0/941
5	a	0.26	0/1095	0.42	0/1520
6	d	0.34	0/1400	0.60	0/1898
7	е	0.32	0/1016	0.71	1/1377~(0.1%)
8	g	0.37	0/2533	0.66	$1/3422 \ (0.0\%)$
9	M	0.28	0/383	0.36	0/528
9	N	0.28	0/383	0.36	0/528
9	О	0.27	0/383	0.35	0/528
9	P	0.28	0/383	0.35	0/528
9	Q	0.28	0/383	0.36	0/528
9	R	0.28	0/383	0.36	0/528
9	S	0.27	0/383	0.35	0/528
9	Т	0.28	0/383	0.36	0/528
9	U	0.28	0/383	0.35	0/528
9	V	0.28	0/383	0.36	0/528
9	W	0.28	0/383	0.36	0/528
9	X	0.28	0/383	0.36	0/528
9	Y	0.28	0/383	0.35	0/528
9	Z	0.28	0/383	0.35	0/528
All	All	0.34	0/35609	0.57	12/48436 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a



sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	4
1	В	0	4
2	D	0	3
2	Е	0	1
2	F	0	2
6	d	0	1
7	е	0	2
8	g	0	5
All	All	0	22

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 12 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	451	LEU	CA-CB-CG	7.79	133.21	115.30
2	F	413	LEU	CA-CB-CG	7.67	132.94	115.30
2	F	369	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.29	123.97	118.30
2	F	346	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-6.21	101.02	115.30
1	A	105	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.00	129.09	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 22 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	217	GLY	Peptide
1	A	449	LEU	Peptide
1	A	452	ASP	Peptide
1	A	453	GLN	Peptide
1	В	396	PHE	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

Due to software issues we are unable to calculate clashes - this section is therefore empty.



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	\mathbf{ntiles}
1	A	499/507~(98%)	470 (94%)	29 (6%)	0	100	100
1	В	501/507 (99%)	449 (90%)	49 (10%)	3 (1%)	22	60
1	С	498/507 (98%)	472 (95%)	26 (5%)	0	100	100
2	D	476/498 (96%)	427 (90%)	48 (10%)	1 (0%)	44	78
2	Е	479/498 (96%)	451 (94%)	26 (5%)	2 (0%)	30	68
2	F	478/498 (96%)	437 (91%)	38 (8%)	3 (1%)	22	60
3	I	151/184 (82%)	150 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
4	J	134/222 (60%)	130 (97%)	4 (3%)	0	100	100
5	a	221/247 (90%)	199 (90%)	22 (10%)	0	100	100
6	d	177/257 (69%)	160 (90%)	17 (10%)	0	100	100
7	e	129/134 (96%)	116 (90%)	13 (10%)	0	100	100
8	g	321/364 (88%)	292 (91%)	29 (9%)	0	100	100
9	M	77/81 (95%)	72 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
9	N	77/81 (95%)	72 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
9	О	77/81 (95%)	72 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
9	Р	77/81 (95%)	72 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
9	Q	77/81 (95%)	72 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
9	R	77/81 (95%)	72 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
9	S	77/81 (95%)	72 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
9	Т	77/81 (95%)	72 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
9	U	77/81 (95%)	72 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
9	V	77/81 (95%)	72 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
9	W	77/81 (95%)	72 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
9	X	77/81 (95%)	72 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
9	Y	77/81 (95%)	72 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
9	Z	77/81 (95%)	72 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
All	All	5142/5557 (92%)	4761 (93%)	372 (7%)	9 (0%)	45	78

5 of 9 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	397	ALA
1	В	406	ALA
2	Е	296	VAL
2	F	296	VAL
1	В	398	GLN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	410/414 (99%)	409 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	94
1	В	411/414 (99%)	407 (99%)	4 (1%)	73	82
1	С	409/414~(99%)	406 (99%)	3 (1%)	81	87
2	D	389/408 (95%)	387 (100%)	2 (0%)	86	89
2	E	392/408~(96%)	391 (100%)	1 (0%)	91	92
2	F	391/408 (96%)	391 (100%)	0	100	100
6	d	156/220 (71%)	156 (100%)	0	100	100
7	e	108/112 (96%)	107 (99%)	1 (1%)	75	83
8	g	276/315~(88%)	274 (99%)	2 (1%)	81	87
All	All	2942/3113 (94%)	2928 (100%)	14 (0%)	85	89

5 of 14 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	266	LYS
2	D	301	THR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
8	g	240	CYS
7	е	105	LYS
8	g	178	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 33 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
7	е	79	ASN
8	g	95	ASN
8	g	286	GLN
1	С	214	GLN
1	С	201	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

5 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	$ ag{ths}$	В	ond ang	les
WIOI	Type	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
11	ADP	F	600	-	24,29,29	0.85	0	29,45,45	1.36	2 (6%)



Mol	Trino	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
11	ADP	D	600	-	24,29,29	0.85	0	29,45,45	1.54	5 (17%)
10	ATP	С	600	-	28,33,33	0.80	0	34,52,52	1.34	4 (11%)
10	ATP	В	600	-	28,33,33	0.84	1 (3%)	34,52,52	1.30	2 (5%)
10	ATP	A	600	-	28,33,33	0.84	0	34,52,52	1.20	3 (8%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
11	ADP	F	600	-	-	3/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
11	ADP	D	600	-	-	2/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
10	ATP	С	600	-	-	2/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
10	ATP	В	600	-	-	3/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
10	ATP	A	600	-	-	3/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
10	В	600	ATP	O4'-C1'	2.24	1.43	1.40

The worst 5 of 16 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
10	В	600	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-4.10	123.10	128.67
11	D	600	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-3.89	123.39	128.67
11	D	600	ADP	C4'-O4'-C1'	-3.88	106.37	109.92
10	С	600	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-3.86	123.44	128.67
11	D	600	ADP	O4'-C1'-N9	3.75	113.71	108.75

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 13 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
10	A	600	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
10	A	600	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
10	В	600	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
10	С	600	ATP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'

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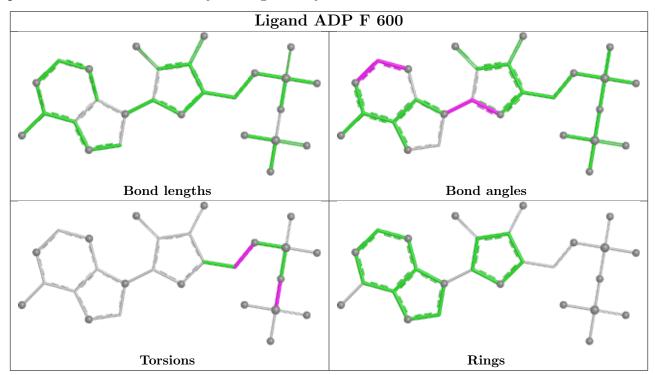
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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
10	С	600	ATP	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'

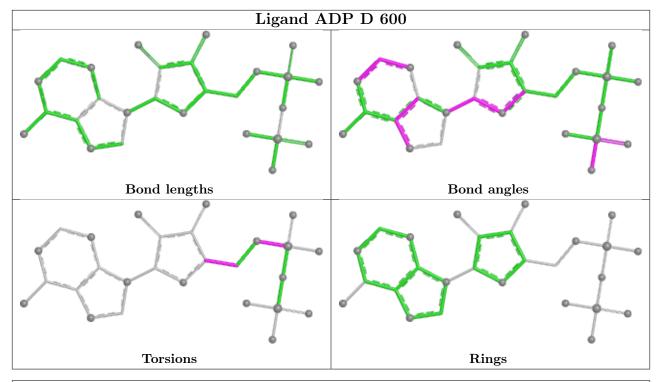
There are no ring outliers.

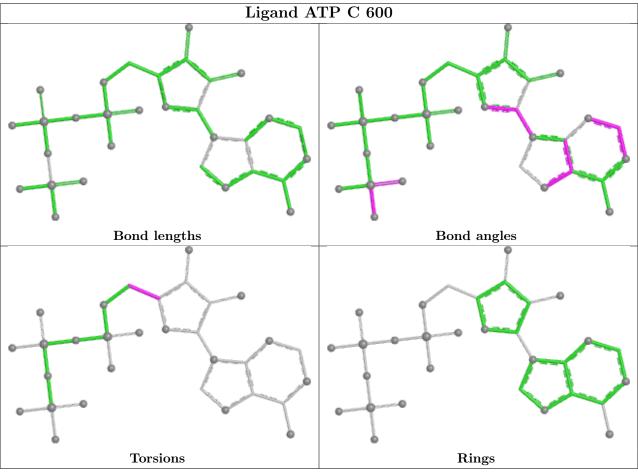
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

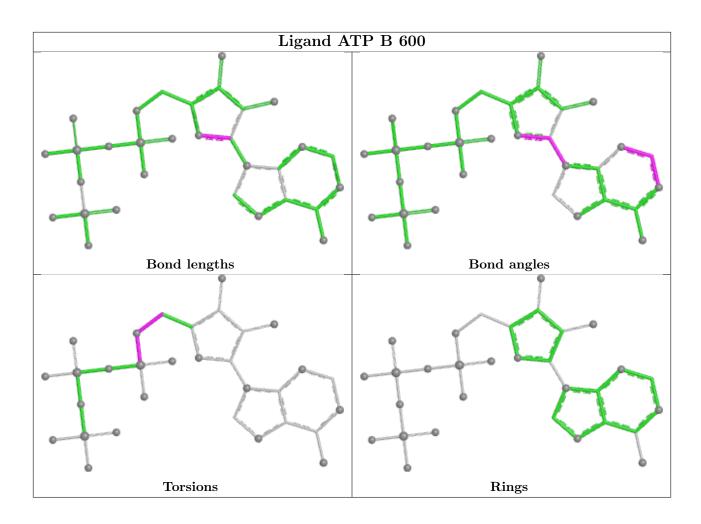




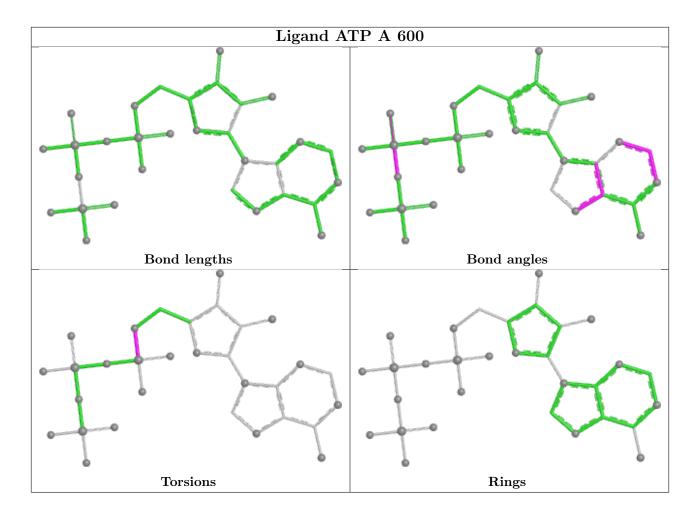












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



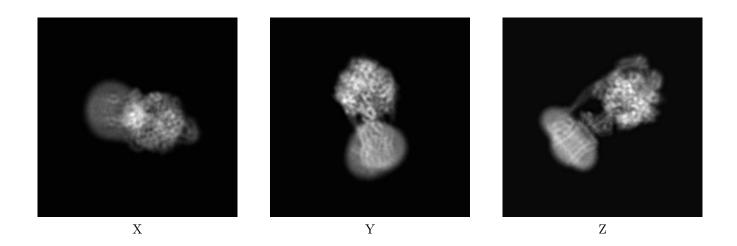
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-21239. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

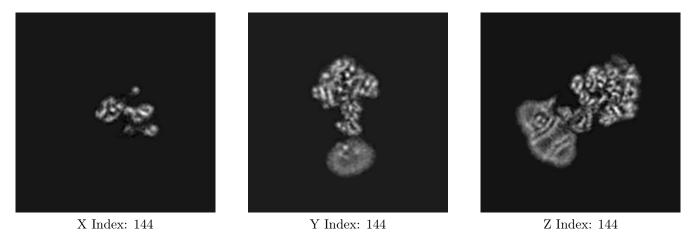
6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map

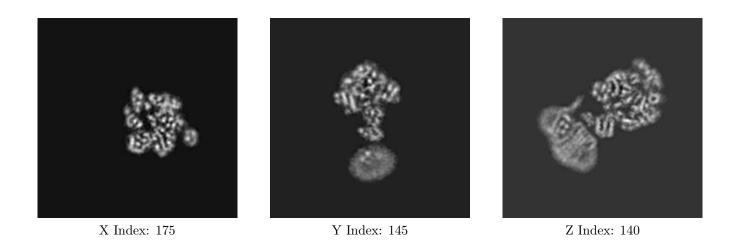




The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

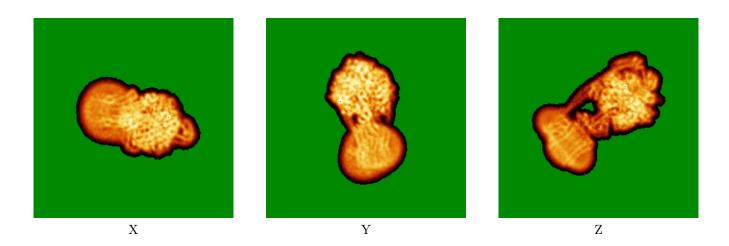
6.3.1 Primary map



The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.009. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

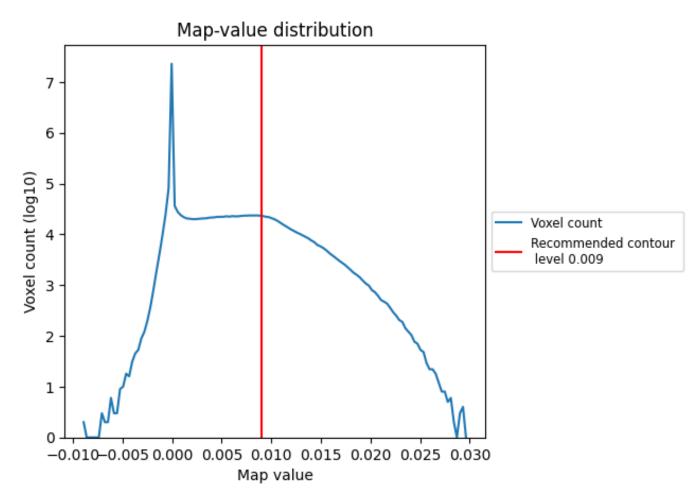
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

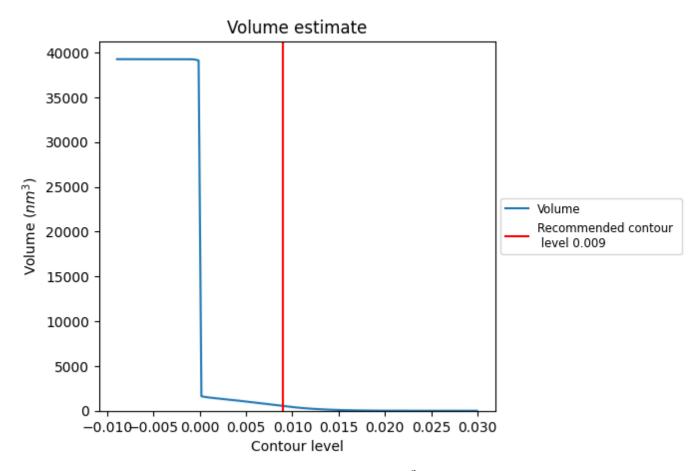
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

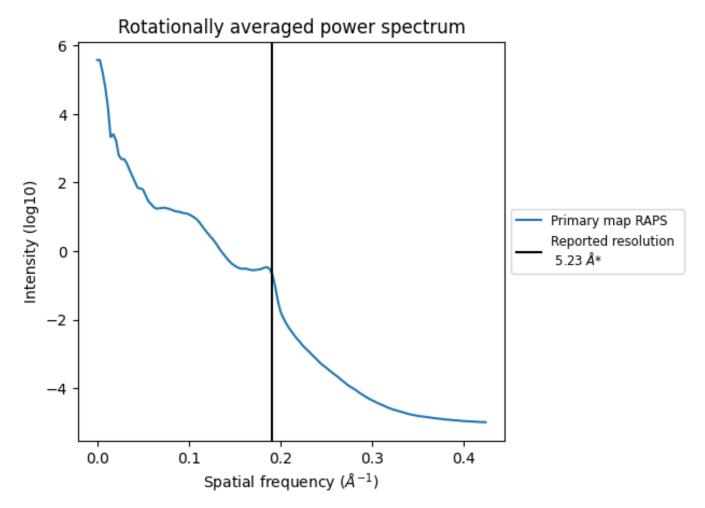


The volume at the recommended contour level is $539~\mathrm{nm}^3$; this corresponds to an approximate mass of $487~\mathrm{kDa}$.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



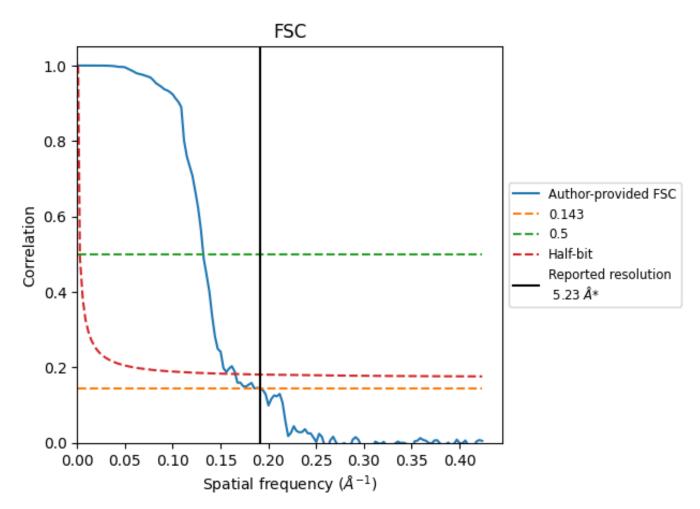
^{*}Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.191 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.191 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estim	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)			
resolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit		
Reported by author	5.23	-	-		
Author-provided FSC curve	5.22	7.58	6.05		
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-		

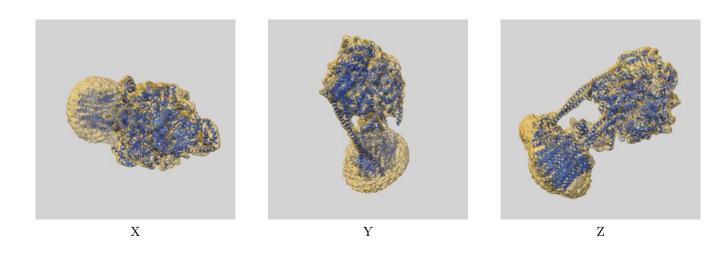
^{*}Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-21239 and PDB model 6VMB. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 8.

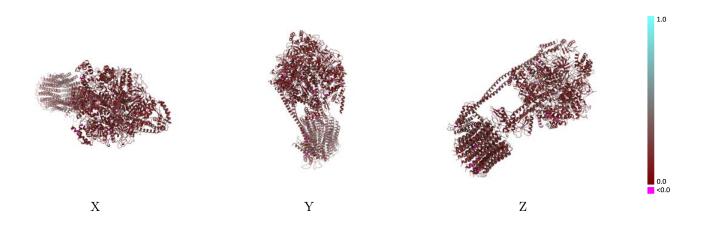
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.009 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

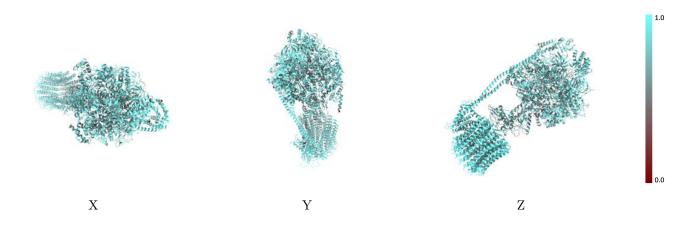


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

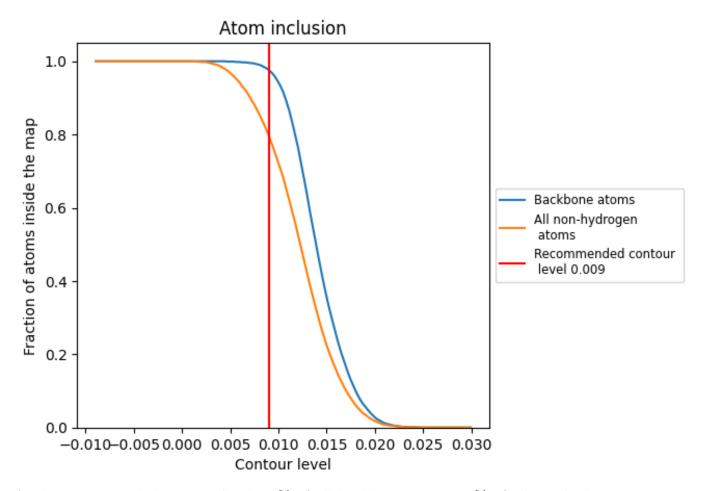
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.009).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 98% of all backbone atoms, 80% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.009) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7970	0.2130
A	0.7640	0.1970
В	0.7670	0.2050
С	0.7620	0.2060
D	0.7830	0.2050
E	0.7660	0.2060
F	0.7660	0.2110
I	0.9470	0.2610
J	0.9190	0.2470
M	0.9450	0.2440
N	0.9140	0.2400
O	0.9040	0.2500
Р	0.9190	0.2430
Q	0.9010	0.2400
R	0.9380	0.2340
S	0.9300	0.2390
T	0.9270	0.2250
U	0.9480	0.2320
V	0.9270	0.2370
W	0.9430	0.2380
X	0.9510	0.2460
Y	0.9480	0.2580
Z	0.9300	0.2410
a	0.9470	0.2400
d	0.8210	0.1890
e	0.6830	0.2100
g	0.6480	0.2050



