

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Mar 5, 2024 – 02:12 PM EST

PDB ID : 8VTM

Title : Crystal structure of R. sphaeroides Photosynthetic Reaction Center variant Y

(M210)2-bromophenylalanine

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Deposited on : 2024-01-26

Resolution : 3.51 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

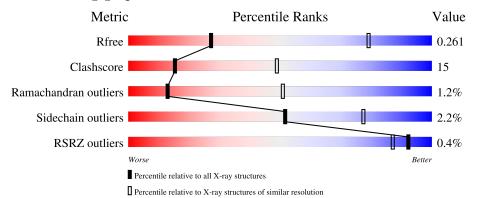
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.51 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	1161 (3.60-3.44)
Clashscore	141614	1244 (3.60-3.44)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1206 (3.60-3.44)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1207 (3.60-3.44)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1080 (3.60-3.44)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	Н	240	68%	30%	
2	L	281	72%	26%	
3	M	301	66%	33%	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
10	CDL	M	407	X	-	_	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 11 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6994 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Reaction center protein H chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Н	240	Total 1829	C 1169	N 314	O 337	S 9	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Reaction center protein L chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{At}	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	L	281	Total 2232	C 1507	N 355	O 362	S 8	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Reaction center protein M chain.

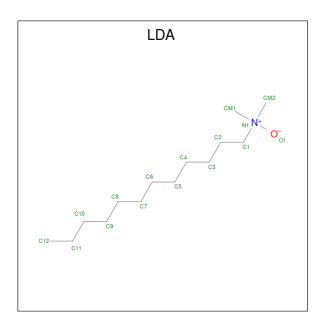
M	lol	Chain	Residues			Ator	ns			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
	3	M	301	Total 2396	Br 1	C 1598	N 392	O 395	S 10	0	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
M	210	6DU	TYR	conflict	UNP P0C0Y9
M	252	VAL	TRP	conflict	UNP P0C0Y9

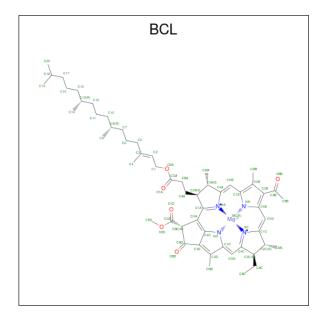
• Molecule 4 is LAURYL DIMETHYLAMINE-N-OXIDE (three-letter code: LDA) (formula: $C_{14}H_{31}NO$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	Н	1	Total C N O 16 14 1 1	0	0
4	M	1	Total C N O 16 14 1 1	0	0
4	M	1	Total C N O 16 14 1 1	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 5 is BACTERIOCHLOROPHYLL A (three-letter code: BCL) (formula: $C_{55}H_{74}MgN_4O_6)$ (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	
5	т	1	Total	С	Mg	N	О	0	0	
9	ь	1	66	55	1	4	6	U		
5	Т	1	Total	С	Mg	N	О	0	0	
	ш	1	66	55	1	4	6	0		
5	M	1	Total	С	Mg	N	О	0	0	
9	IVI	1	66	55	1	4	6	U		
5	M	1	Total	С	Mg	N	О	0	0	
	1V1	1	51	40	1	4	6	U		

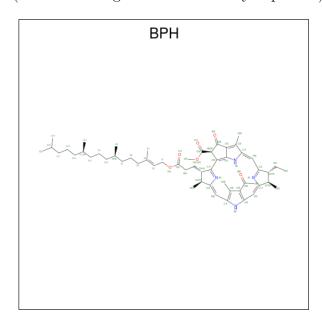
• Molecule 6 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	L	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 7 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	M	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 8 is BACTERIOPHEOPHYTIN A (three-letter code: BPH) (formula: $C_{55}H_{76}N_4O_6$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	M	1	Total 55	C 45	N 1	O 6	0	0

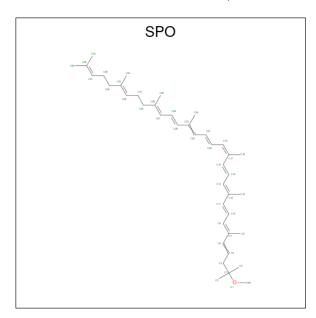
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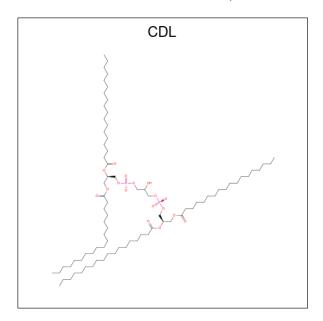
\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	M	1	Total 65	C 55		O 6	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 9 is SPHEROIDENE (three-letter code: SPO) (formula: $\mathrm{C_{41}H_{60}O}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
9	Μ	1	Total 42	C 41	O 1	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 10 is CARDIOLIPIN (three-letter code: CDL) (formula: $\mathrm{C_{81}H_{156}O_{17}P_2}).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	М	1	Total	С	О	Р	0	0
10	1/1	1	69	50	17	2		

$\bullet\,$ Molecule 11 is water.

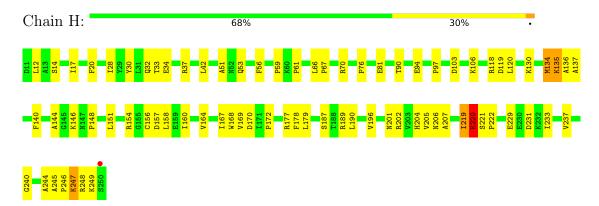
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	Н	2	Total O 2 2	0	0
11	L	3	Total O 3 3	0	0
11	M	2	Total O 2 2	0	0



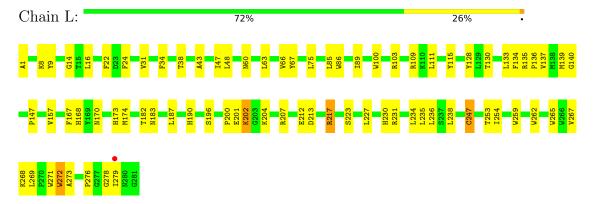
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

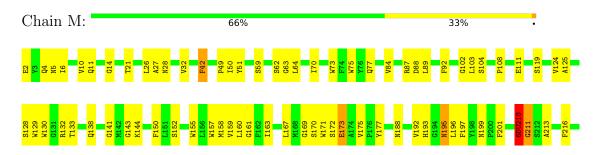
• Molecule 1: Reaction center protein H chain



• Molecule 2: Reaction center protein L chain



• Molecule 3: Reaction center protein M chain









4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	141.79Å 141.79Å 187.71Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	39.99 - 3.51	Depositor
Resolution (A)	39.99 - 3.51	EDS
% Data completeness	99.7 (39.99-3.51)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	89.4 (39.99-3.51)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.34	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.45 (at 3.48Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.19.2_4158: ???)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.220 , 0.261	Depositor
it, it free	0.220 , 0.261	DCC
R_{free} test set	1387 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	71.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.148	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.27, 41.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.035 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.88	EDS
Total number of atoms	6994	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (\mathring{A}^2)	69.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.76% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 6DU, SPO, FE, LDA, BCL, CL, BPH, CDL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond	angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	Н	0.37	0/1877	0.58	0/2553
2	L	0.26	0/2320	0.46	0/3175
3	M	0.41	0/2472	0.52	0/3372
All	All	0.35	0/6669	0.52	0/9100

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
3	M	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

N	Лol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
	3	M	210	6DU	Peptide, Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Н	1829	0	1836	65	17
2	L	2232	0	2187	65	0
3	M	2396	0	2302	97	17
4	Н	16	0	31	1	0
4	M	32	0	62	0	0
5	L	132	0	146	10	0
5	M	117	0	112	7	0
6	L	1	0	0	0	0
7	M	1	0	0	0	0
8	M	120	0	126	7	0
9	M	42	0	54	7	0
10	M	69	0	82	2	0
11	Н	2	0	0	0	0
11	L	3	0	0	0	0
11	M	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	6994	0	6938	207	17

The all-atom clash score is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clash score for this structure is 15.

The worst 5 of 207 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:H:240:GLY:O	1:H:244:ALA:HB2	1.66	0.96
2:L:231:ARG:NE	3:M:6:ILE:O	2.03	0.91
1:H:248:ARG:CZ	1:H:248:ARG:HB2	1.98	0.91
1:H:156:CYS:SG	1:H:206:ASN:HA	2.11	0.90
1:H:30:TYR:OH	3:M:267:ARG:NH1	2.08	0.86

The worst 5 of 17 symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:H:135:LYS:CE	3:M:295:TYR:CZ[4_565]	0.51	1.69
1:H:135:LYS:NZ	3:M:295:TYR:CG[4_565]	0.83	1.37
1:H:135:LYS:CD	3:M:295:TYR:CE1[4_565]	0.85	1.35
1:H:135:LYS:CE	3:M:295:TYR:CE2[4_565]	1.00	1.20
1:H:135:LYS:NZ	3:M:295:TYR:CD2[4_565]	1.06	1.14



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Pe	erce	entiles
1	Н	238/240 (99%)	220 (92%)	14 (6%)	4 (2%)		9	44
2	L	279/281 (99%)	263 (94%)	13 (5%)	3 (1%)		14	53
3	M	298/301 (99%)	276 (93%)	19 (6%)	3 (1%)		15	54
All	All	815/822 (99%)	759 (93%)	46 (6%)	10 (1%)		13	51

5 of 10 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Н	245	ALA
3	M	5	ASN
1	Н	136	ALA
3	M	211	GLY
2	L	276	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	neric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	Н	195/195 (100%)	189 (97%)	6 (3%)	40	70		
2	L	220/220 (100%)	215 (98%)	5 (2%)	50	77		
3	M	235/235 (100%)	232 (99%)	3 (1%)	69	86		
All	All	650/650 (100%)	636 (98%)	14 (2%)	52	77		

5 of 14 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	L	207	ARG
2	L	217	ARG
3	M	195	ASN
3	M	2	GLU
3	M	42	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Н	201	ASN
2	L	170	ASN
3	M	195	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			$ \hspace{.05cm} {f B}$	ond ang	les
IVIOI	Туре		nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	6DU	M	210	3	11,12,13	0.86	1 (9%)	12,15,17	0.38	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	\mathbf{Type}	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	6DU	M	210	3	-	2/5/6/8	0/1/1/1



All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
3	M	210	6DU	O-C	2.77	1.31	1.19

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	M	210	6DU	CA-CB-CG-CD1
3	M	210	6DU	CA-CB-CG-CD2

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	M	210	6DU	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 13 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 11 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mo	1 Trme	Clasia	Dag	Res Link	Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIC	l Type	Chain	rtes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
4	LDA	M	402	-	12,15,15	2.06	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.66	0	
8	BPH	M	405	-	41,60,70	0.94	2 (4%)	40,89,101	1.09	4 (10%)	
8	BPH	M	408	-	51,70,70	0.87	1 (1%)	52,101,101	1.04	3 (5%)	
5	BCL	L	301	-	64,74,74	1.24	6 (9%)	78,115,115	1.54	11 (14%)	



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	туре				Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	BCL	M	409	-	49,59,74	1.47	4 (8%)	60,97,115	1.60	9 (15%)
4	LDA	M	403	-	12,15,15	2.07	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.57	0
9	SPO	M	406	-	40,41,41	0.22	0	47,50,50	0.47	0
4	LDA	Н	301	-	12,15,15	2.06	1 (8%)	14,17,17	0.57	0
5	BCL	L	302	-	64,74,74	1.28	4 (6%)	78,115,115	1.41	11 (14%)
5	BCL	M	401	-	64,74,74	1.29	5 (7%)	78,115,115	1.55	11 (14%)
10	CDL	M	407	-	68,68,99	1.07	6 (8%)	74,80,111	0.85	4 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	LDA	M	402	-	-	8/13/13/13	-
8	BPH	M	405	-	-	2/25/93/105	0/5/6/6
8	BPH	M	408	-	-	10/37/105/105	0/5/6/6
5	BCL	L	302	-	-	5/37/137/137	-
5	BCL	L	301	-	-	5/37/137/137	-
5	BCL	M	409	-	-	1/19/119/137	-
4	LDA	M	403	-	-	7/13/13/13	-
9	SPO	M	406	-	-	8/47/47/47	-
4	LDA	Н	301	-	-	6/13/13/13	-
5	BCL	M	401	-	-	7/37/137/137	-
10	CDL	M	407	-	1/1/9/9	34/79/79/110	-

The worst 5 of 31 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	Ideal(Å)
4	M	403	LDA	O1-N1	-7.11	1.25	1.42
4	Н	301	LDA	O1-N1	-7.11	1.25	1.42
4	M	402	LDA	O1-N1	-7.08	1.25	1.42
5	M	401	BCL	MG-NA	5.11	2.18	2.06
5	M	409	BCL	C1B-NB	5.00	1.39	1.35

The worst 5 of 53 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
5	L	301	BCL	CHD-C1D-ND	-5.77	119.15	124.45
5	M	409	BCL	CHD-C1D-ND	-5.24	119.63	124.45
5	M	401	BCL	C4D-CHA-C1A	5.16	127.53	121.25
5	M	401	BCL	CHD-C1D-ND	-5.12	119.75	124.45
5	L	301	BCL	C4D-CHA-C1A	5.02	127.35	121.25

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
10	M	407	CDL	CA4

5 of 93 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	M	402	LDA	C2-C1-N1-O1
4	M	402	LDA	C2-C1-N1-CM1
4	M	402	LDA	C2-C1-N1-CM2
4	M	403	LDA	C2-C1-N1-O1
4	M	403	LDA	C2-C1-N1-CM1

There are no ring outliers.

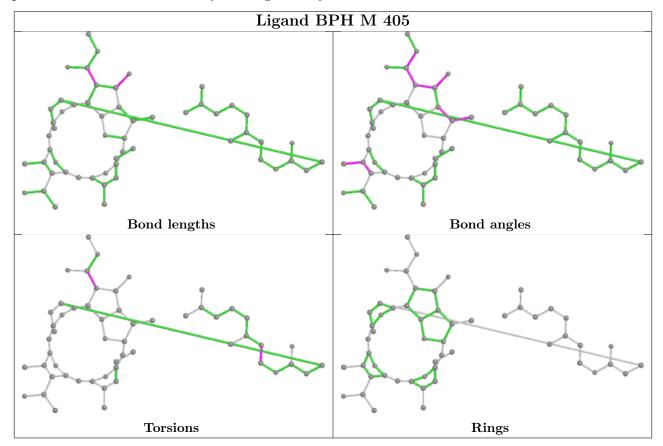
9 monomers are involved in 28 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	M	405	ВРН	6	0
8	M	408	BPH	1	0
5	L	301	BCL	3	0
5	M	409	BCL	3	0
9	M	406	SPO	7	0
4	Н	301	LDA	1	0
5	L	302	BCL	8	0
5	M	401	BCL	4	0
10	M	407	CDL	2	0

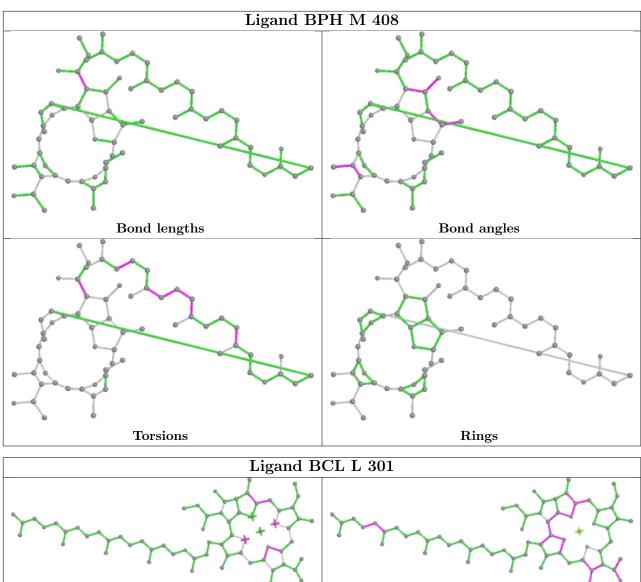
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and

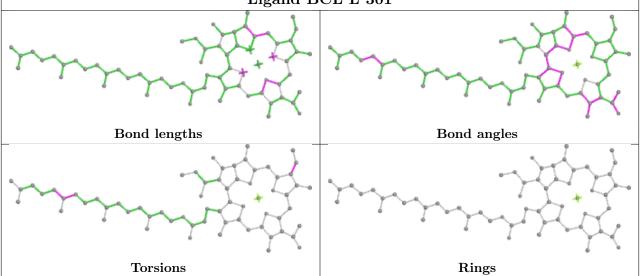


any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

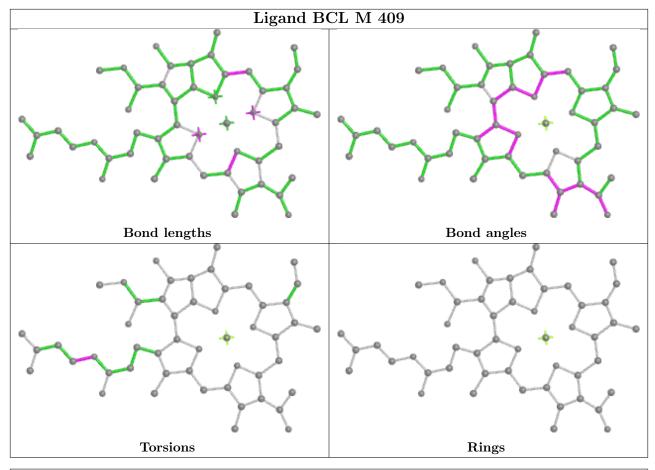


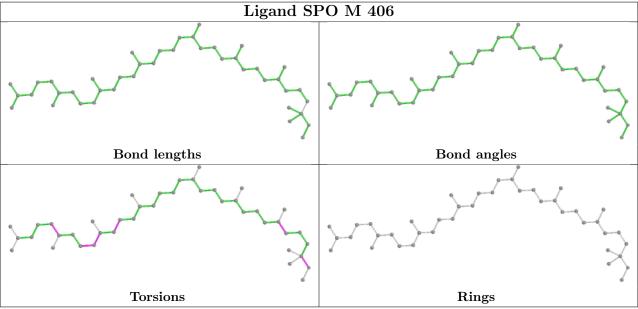




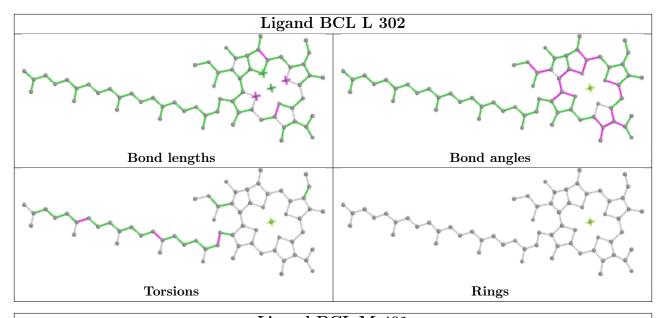


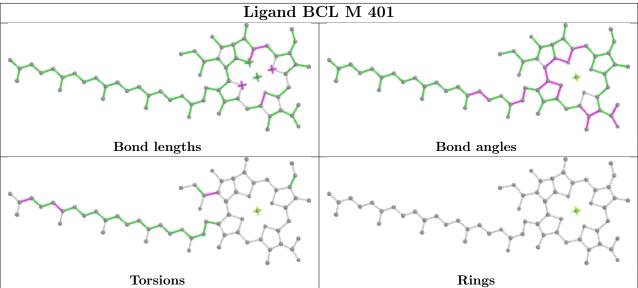




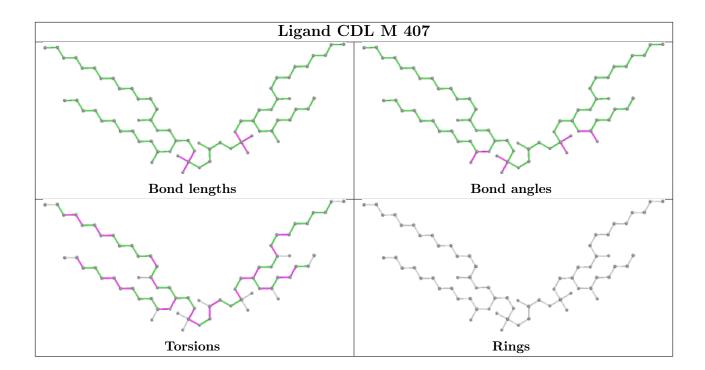












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	RSRZ> #RSRZ>2		$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	Н	240/240 (100%)	-0.54	1 (0%)	92 87	54, 68, 103, 206	0
2	L	281/281 (100%)	-0.75	1 (0%)	92 87	46, 62, 96, 161	0
3	M	300/301 (99%)	-0.74	1 (0%)	94 89	50, 68, 100, 142	0
All	All	821/822 (99%)	-0.69	3 (0%) 9	92 87	46, 66, 101, 206	0

All (3) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	Н	250	SER	2.7
2	L	279	ILE	2.4
3	M	302	GLY	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	6DU	M	210	12/13	0.86	0.30	58,66,80,90	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



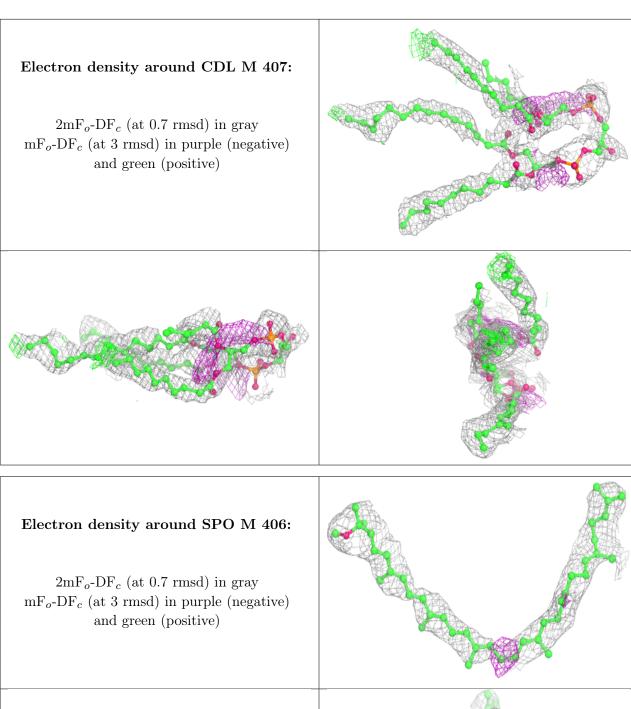
6.4 Ligands (i)

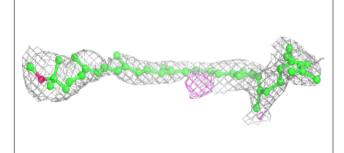
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

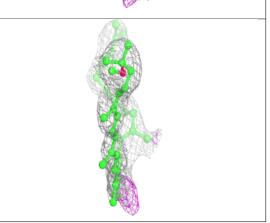
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	LDA	M	403	16/16	0.72	0.32	68,87,118,118	0
4	LDA	M	402	16/16	0.83	0.42	69,78,92,93	0
10	CDL	M	407	69/100	0.83	0.41	72,93,116,118	0
4	LDA	Н	301	16/16	0.88	0.34	75,81,97,99	0
6	CL	L	303	1/1	0.90	0.14	85,85,85,85	0
9	SPO	M	406	42/42	0.94	0.30	54,69,77,79	0
5	BCL	L	302	66/66	0.94	0.19	43,54,63,67	0
8	BPH	M	405	55/65	0.95	0.20	50,59,75,82	0
5	BCL	M	401	66/66	0.96	0.19	45,55,63,71	0
8	BPH	M	408	65/65	0.96	0.18	49,55,59,68	0
5	BCL	M	409	51/66	0.96	0.17	50,56,62,69	0
5	BCL	L	301	66/66	0.96	0.20	48,56,64,70	0
7	FE	M	404	1/1	1.00	0.10	46,46,46,46	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

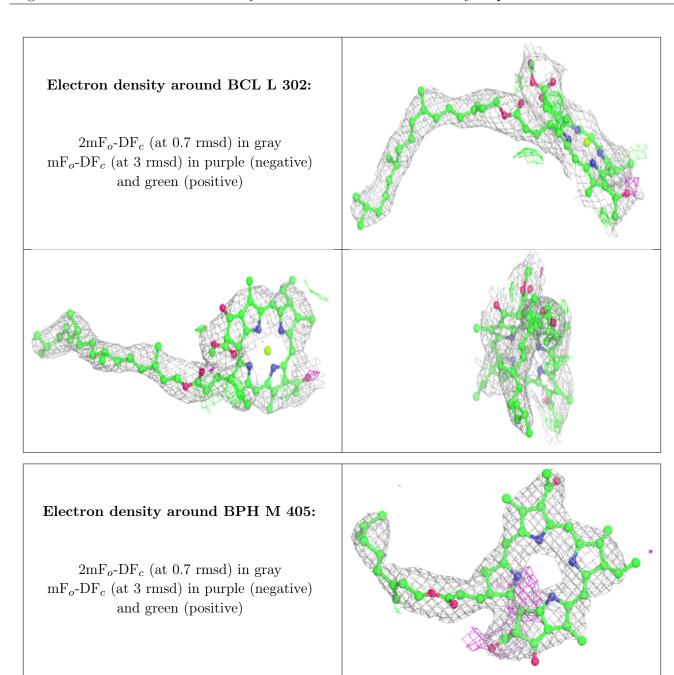




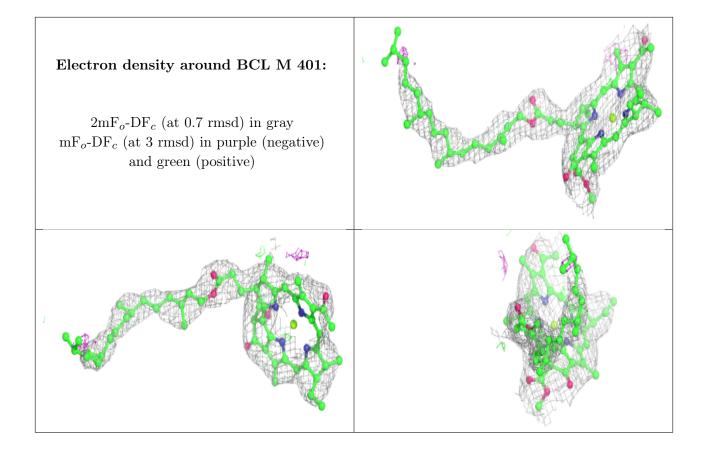




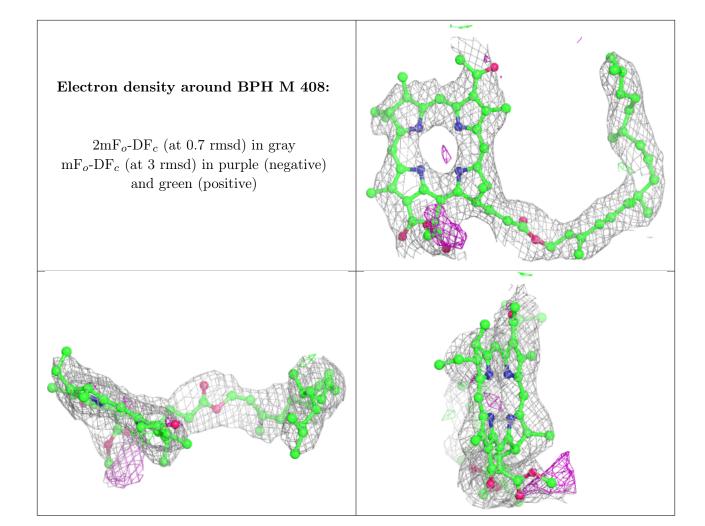




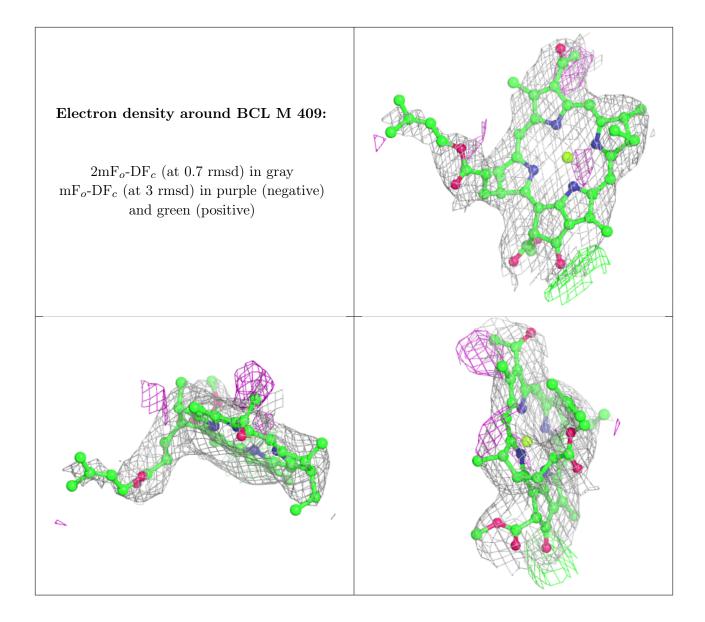




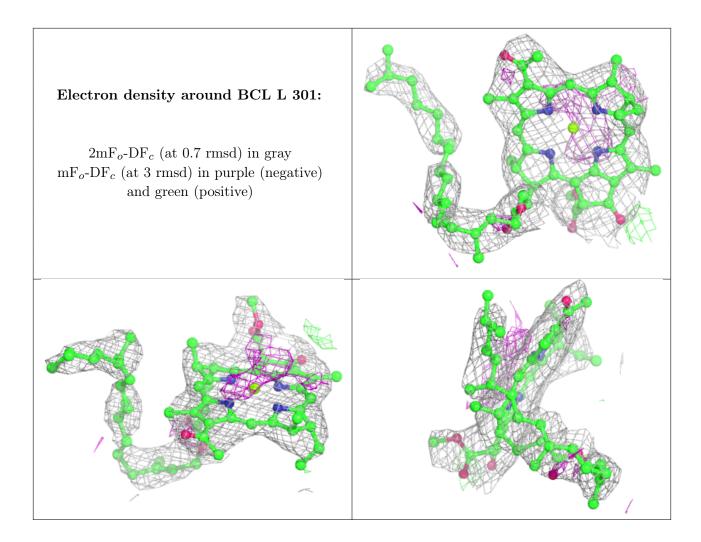












6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

