



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 26, 2024 – 10:15 AM EDT

PDB ID : 8VY3
EMDB ID : EMD-43628
Title : Human DNA polymerase alpha/primase - AavLEA1 (1:40 molar ratio)
Authors : Abe, K.M.; Li, G.; Grant, T.; Lim, C.J.
Deposited on : 2024-02-06
Resolution : 2.98 Å (reported)
Based on initial model : 5EXR

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev112
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.38.3

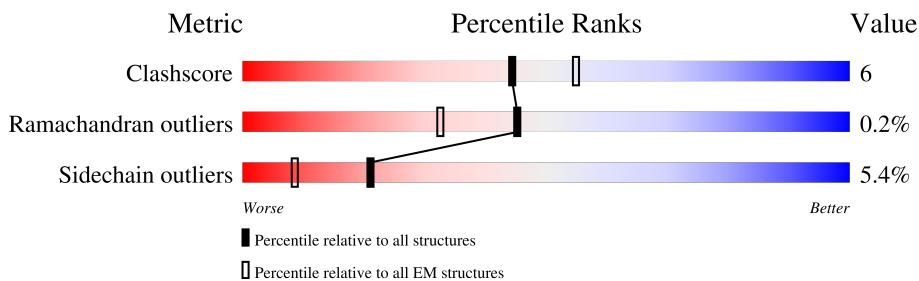
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.98 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	412	
2	B	434	
3	C	1119	
4	D	444	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 18829 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called DNA primase small subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	389	3261	2099	564	583	15	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called DNA primase large subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	434	3562	2280	616	653	13	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called DNA polymerase alpha catalytic subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	C	1057	8544	5477	1433	1578	56	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	516	ALA	VAL	conflict	UNP P09884

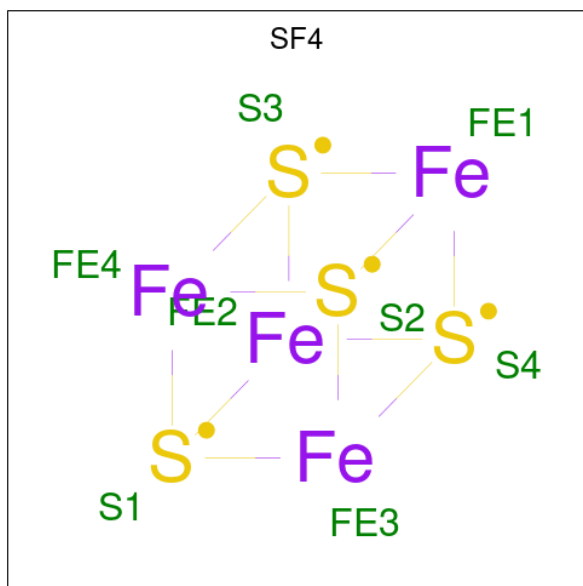
- Molecule 4 is a protein called DNA polymerase alpha subunit B.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	D	444	3451	2194	576	666	15	0	0

- Molecule 5 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
5	A	1	Total	Zn	0
			1	1	
5	C	2	Total	Zn	0
			2	2	

- Molecule 6 is IRON/SULFUR CLUSTER (three-letter code: SF4) (formula: Fe₄S₄).

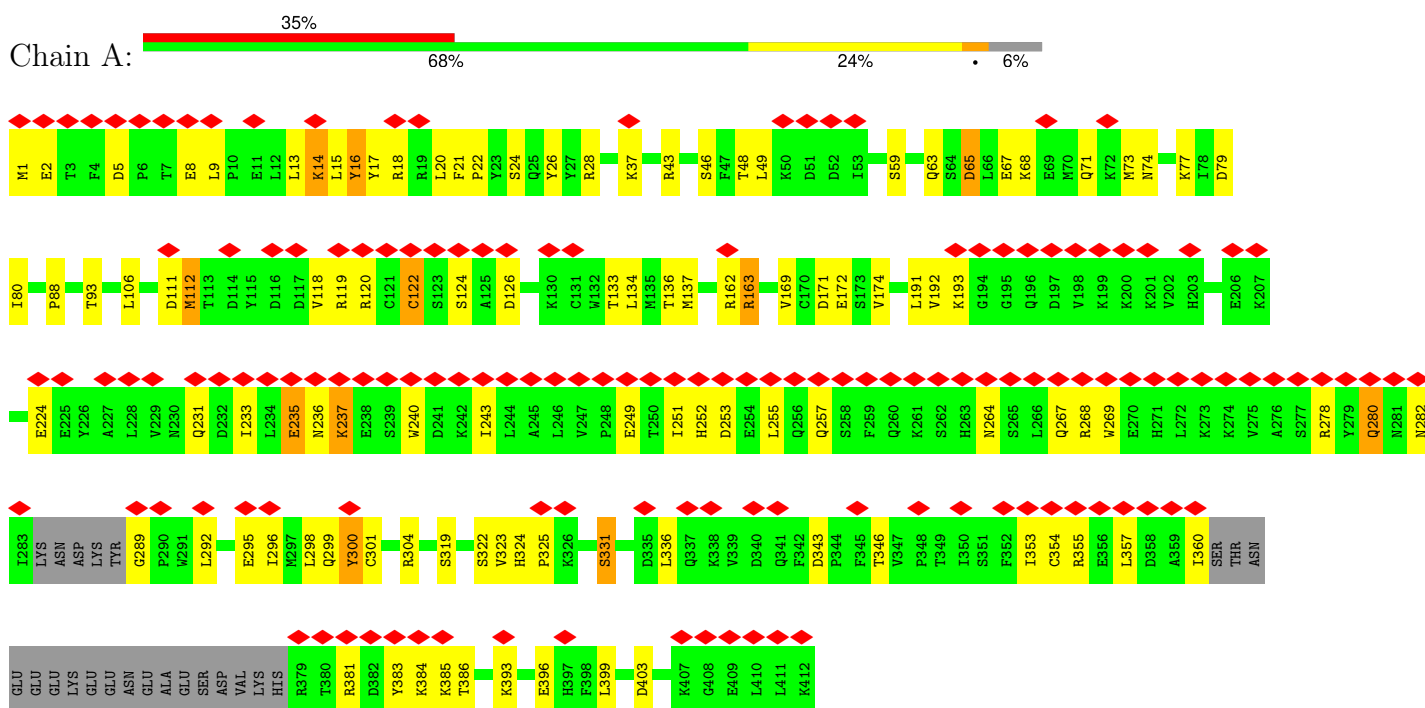


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
			Total	Fe	S	
6	B	1	8	4	4	0

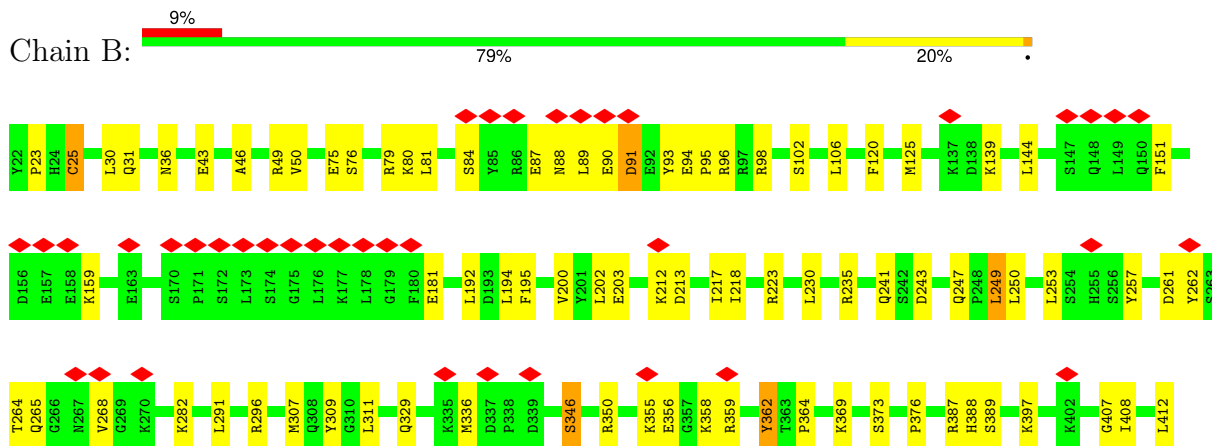
3 Residue-property plots

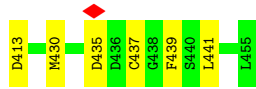
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: DNA primase small subunit

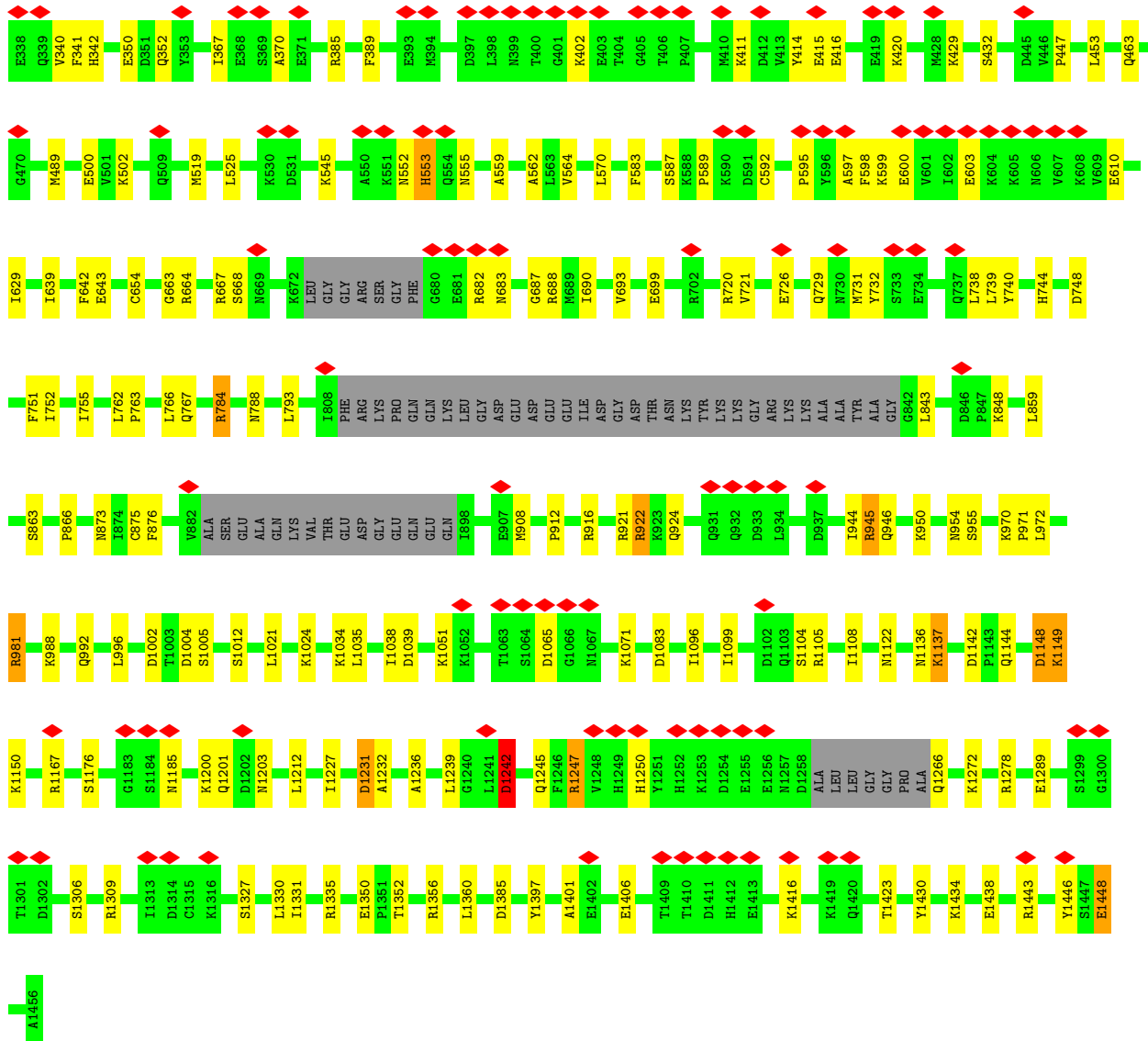
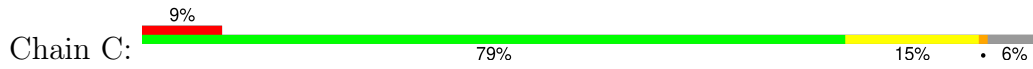


- Molecule 2: DNA primase large subunit

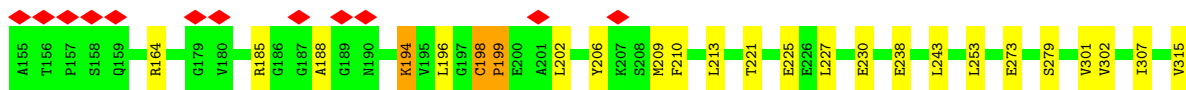
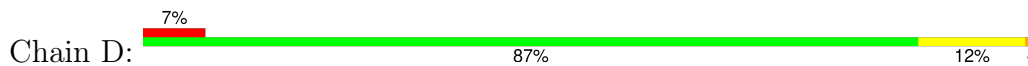


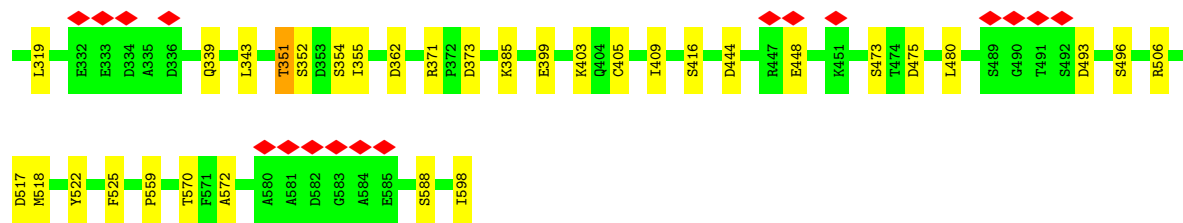


• Molecule 3: DNA polymerase alpha catalytic subunit



• Molecule 4: DNA polymerase alpha subunit B





4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	856205	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TALOS ARCTICA	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	1.762	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1.086	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.030	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.15	Depositor
Map size (\AA)	340.48, 340.48, 340.48	wwPDB
Map dimensions	320, 320, 320	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (\AA)	1.064, 1.064, 1.064	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, SF4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.25	0/3343	0.51	0/4508
2	B	0.27	0/3646	0.50	0/4908
3	C	0.26	0/8724	0.47	0/11788
4	D	0.27	0/3529	0.50	0/4795
All	All	0.26	0/19242	0.49	0/25999

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
3	C	0	2
4	D	0	1
All	All	0	3

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
3	C	1242	ASP	Peptide
3	C	1446	TYR	Peptide
4	D	199	PRO	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3261	0	3247	68	0
2	B	3562	0	3540	54	0
3	C	8544	0	8631	90	0
4	D	3451	0	3425	26	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	C	2	0	0	0	0
6	B	8	0	0	0	0
All	All	18829	0	18843	234	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (234) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:873:ASN:HD21	3:C:908:MET:HA	1.46	0.80
1:A:278:ARG:HH12	1:A:282:ASN:HB2	1.46	0.78
4:D:230:GLU:OE1	4:D:506:ARG:NH1	2.20	0.74
3:C:788:ASN:ND2	3:C:955:SER:OG	2.20	0.74
3:C:667:ARG:NH2	3:C:683:ASN:OD1	2.21	0.73
3:C:598:PHE:HE1	3:C:738:LEU:HD23	1.54	0.72
2:B:358:LYS:HG3	2:B:362:TYR:HD2	1.53	0.72
2:B:407:GLY:HA3	2:B:430:MET:HE1	1.72	0.72
1:A:18:ARG:HA	1:A:71:GLN:HE21	1.55	0.71
2:B:358:LYS:HG2	2:B:359:ARG:H	1.55	0.71
3:C:924:GLN:N	3:C:924:GLN:OE1	2.26	0.68
1:A:112:MET:HB2	1:A:163:ARG:HB2	1.78	0.66
2:B:75:GLU:OE1	2:B:79:ARG:NH2	2.27	0.65
2:B:369:LYS:O	2:B:373:SER:OG	2.15	0.64
3:C:411:LYS:O	3:C:415:GLU:HG2	1.99	0.63
2:B:249:LEU:HD23	2:B:250:LEU:HG	1.80	0.63
3:C:1406:GLU:N	3:C:1406:GLU:OE2	2.32	0.62
1:A:343:ASP:HB3	1:A:346:THR:HG22	1.81	0.62
3:C:587:SER:O	3:C:732:TYR:OH	2.18	0.62
3:C:921:ARG:HH21	3:C:945:ARG:HH22	1.48	0.62

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:20:LEU:HD21	1:A:386:THR:HG21	1.81	0.61
3:C:592:CYS:SG	3:C:729:GLN:NE2	2.71	0.60
2:B:265:GLN:HG3	2:B:362:TYR:CZ	2.36	0.60
3:C:595:PRO:HD2	3:C:598:PHE:HD1	1.66	0.60
1:A:48:THR:HB	1:A:77:LYS:HB2	1.83	0.60
3:C:863:SER:HB2	3:C:866:PRO:HG2	1.83	0.60
1:A:396:GLU:HA	1:A:399:LEU:HB2	1.84	0.60
2:B:389:SER:OG	2:B:397:LYS:NZ	2.35	0.59
4:D:227:LEU:HD23	4:D:301:VAL:HB	1.84	0.59
1:A:133:THR:HA	1:A:136:THR:HG22	1.83	0.59
3:C:720:ARG:NH2	3:C:748:ASP:OD2	2.31	0.59
2:B:87:GLU:HA	2:B:93:TYR:CZ	2.37	0.59
3:C:859:LEU:HD13	3:C:1038:ILE:HG12	1.86	0.58
3:C:1136:ASN:OD1	3:C:1176:SER:OG	2.20	0.58
1:A:278:ARG:O	1:A:278:ARG:NH1	2.33	0.58
1:A:191:LEU:HD21	1:A:298:LEU:HD13	1.86	0.57
4:D:221:THR:O	4:D:225:GLU:HG2	2.04	0.57
3:C:908:MET:SD	3:C:916:ARG:NH2	2.71	0.57
3:C:639:ILE:HD13	3:C:643:GLU:HB2	1.87	0.57
3:C:1212:LEU:HD22	3:C:1239:LEU:HD22	1.85	0.57
2:B:98:ARG:O	2:B:102:SER:OG	2.15	0.56
1:A:122:CYS:HB2	1:A:126:ASP:HB2	1.87	0.56
1:A:253:ASP:O	1:A:257:GLN:HG2	2.06	0.56
2:B:88:ASN:OD1	2:B:89:LEU:N	2.36	0.56
3:C:342:HIS:ND1	3:C:500:GLU:HG3	2.20	0.56
2:B:25:CYS:SG	2:B:84:SER:OG	2.58	0.56
1:A:124:SER:O	1:A:163:ARG:NH2	2.38	0.55
3:C:1245:GLN:N	3:C:1245:GLN:OE1	2.39	0.55
4:D:185:ARG:NH2	4:D:339:GLN:O	2.40	0.55
1:A:233:ILE:HG22	1:A:243:ILE:HD11	1.87	0.55
3:C:552:ASN:O	3:C:553:HIS:ND1	2.28	0.55
4:D:164:ARG:NH2	4:D:362:ASP:OD2	2.40	0.55
2:B:265:GLN:OE1	2:B:265:GLN:N	2.25	0.55
3:C:385:ARG:HH12	3:C:463:GLN:HG3	1.72	0.55
1:A:280:GLN:HE22	1:A:289:GLY:HA3	1.72	0.54
2:B:93:TYR:CD2	2:B:95:PRO:HD2	2.41	0.54
4:D:243:LEU:HD22	4:D:253:LEU:HD13	1.90	0.54
1:A:14:LYS:O	1:A:18:ARG:HG3	2.08	0.54
1:A:192:VAL:HG11	1:A:304:ARG:HE	1.71	0.54
3:C:921:ARG:HH21	3:C:945:ARG:NH2	2.06	0.54
2:B:125:MET:SD	2:B:223:ARG:HB2	2.48	0.54

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:D:185:ARG:HB3	4:D:188:ALA:HB3	1.90	0.53
2:B:81:LEU:O	2:B:98:ARG:NH2	2.41	0.53
2:B:346:SER:OG	2:B:350:ARG:NH1	2.41	0.53
3:C:1331:ILE:O	3:C:1335:ARG:HG3	2.09	0.53
1:A:162:ARG:HD3	1:A:324:HIS:HE2	1.74	0.53
3:C:367:ILE:HG22	3:C:370:ALA:H	1.73	0.53
4:D:185:ARG:HB2	4:D:185:ARG:NH1	2.24	0.53
4:D:194:LYS:NZ	4:D:194:LYS:HB3	2.23	0.53
4:D:164:ARG:NH1	4:D:598:ILE:O	2.42	0.52
3:C:599:LYS:O	3:C:603:GLU:HG2	2.08	0.52
1:A:15:LEU:HD23	1:A:15:LEU:H	1.74	0.52
1:A:269:TRP:HZ3	1:A:296:ILE:HD11	1.74	0.52
1:A:59:SER:HB2	1:A:88:PRO:HD2	1.92	0.52
2:B:194:LEU:HD11	2:B:213:ASP:HB3	1.92	0.52
2:B:311:LEU:HB3	2:B:364:PRO:HA	1.92	0.52
1:A:240:TRP:HA	1:A:243:ILE:HD12	1.92	0.52
3:C:1266:GLN:OE1	3:C:1266:GLN:HA	2.11	0.51
3:C:416:GLU:O	3:C:420:LYS:HB3	2.10	0.51
2:B:439:PHE:HE2	2:B:441:LEU:HB2	1.75	0.51
3:C:875:CYS:SG	3:C:876:PHE:N	2.84	0.51
1:A:249:GLU:HA	1:A:252:HIS:NE2	2.26	0.51
2:B:93:TYR:HD2	2:B:95:PRO:HD2	1.76	0.51
1:A:353:ILE:HG12	1:A:386:THR:HG22	1.94	0.50
4:D:351:THR:HG1	4:D:354:SER:HG	1.59	0.50
4:D:399:GLU:O	4:D:403:LYS:HG2	2.11	0.50
1:A:237:LYS:HA	1:A:240:TRP:CE2	2.46	0.50
1:A:137:MET:HE1	1:A:301:CYS:HB3	1.92	0.50
1:A:106:LEU:HB3	1:A:169:VAL:HB	1.92	0.50
1:A:111:ASP:OD2	1:A:112:MET:N	2.44	0.50
2:B:241:GLN:O	2:B:247:GLN:NE2	2.45	0.50
3:C:639:ILE:HG21	3:C:690:ILE:HG21	1.93	0.50
1:A:24:SER:O	1:A:28:ARG:HG3	2.12	0.50
3:C:843:LEU:HB2	3:C:981:ARG:HB2	1.93	0.50
3:C:1247:ARG:HA	3:C:1250:HIS:HB2	1.94	0.49
4:D:198:CYS:HB2	4:D:199:PRO:HD3	1.94	0.49
2:B:212:LYS:H	2:B:212:LYS:CD	2.25	0.49
3:C:663:GLY:O	3:C:688:ARG:NH1	2.45	0.49
2:B:247:GLN:HA	2:B:247:GLN:OE1	2.13	0.49
3:C:1236:ALA:HB1	3:C:1242:ASP:HB2	1.94	0.49
2:B:192:LEU:HA	2:B:195:PHE:CD2	2.48	0.49
3:C:489:MET:HE1	3:C:793:LEU:HB3	1.94	0.49

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:43:GLU:HB3	3:C:1266:GLN:HE21	1.78	0.49
3:C:1360:LEU:HD13	4:D:213:LEU:HD22	1.95	0.48
2:B:89:LEU:O	2:B:91:ASP:N	2.46	0.48
1:A:396:GLU:H	1:A:396:GLU:CD	2.17	0.48
2:B:23:PRO:HB2	2:B:96:ARG:HH21	1.78	0.48
1:A:171:ASP:OD2	1:A:172:GLU:N	2.47	0.48
3:C:1104:SER:O	3:C:1108:ILE:HG12	2.14	0.48
1:A:93:THR:HG23	3:C:447:PRO:HB3	1.95	0.48
3:C:1148:ASP:O	3:C:1150:LYS:N	2.46	0.48
1:A:15:LEU:HD11	1:A:354:CYS:SG	2.54	0.48
1:A:235:GLU:HG2	1:A:236:ASN:OD1	2.14	0.48
3:C:693:VAL:HG21	3:C:752:ILE:HG23	1.96	0.48
3:C:922:ARG:HH11	3:C:946:GLN:HG2	1.79	0.47
3:C:564:VAL:HG21	3:C:629:ILE:HD13	1.95	0.47
3:C:1401:ALA:HB2	3:C:1430:TYR:HD2	1.79	0.47
2:B:262:TYR:O	2:B:264:THR:HG23	2.15	0.47
1:A:14:LYS:HG2	1:A:74:ASN:ND2	2.30	0.47
1:A:16:TYR:HE2	1:A:323:VAL:HG23	1.79	0.47
3:C:970:LYS:HB3	3:C:971:PRO:HD3	1.97	0.47
3:C:1434:LYS:NZ	3:C:1438:GLU:OE2	2.47	0.47
3:C:1099:ILE:HD11	3:C:1227:ILE:HD11	1.96	0.47
3:C:1242:ASP:N	3:C:1242:ASP:OD1	2.47	0.47
1:A:49:LEU:HD11	1:A:73:MET:HG3	1.97	0.47
2:B:46:ALA:O	2:B:50:VAL:HG23	2.14	0.47
3:C:340:VAL:HG22	3:C:502:LYS:HG2	1.97	0.47
2:B:144:LEU:HD21	2:B:218:ILE:HD11	1.96	0.46
3:C:598:PHE:CE1	3:C:738:LEU:HD23	2.43	0.46
3:C:699:GLU:HG3	3:C:784:ARG:NH1	2.30	0.46
3:C:763:PRO:HB2	3:C:944:ILE:HD13	1.96	0.46
4:D:559:PRO:HB3	4:D:572:ALA:HB2	1.96	0.46
2:B:282:LYS:HE3	2:B:282:LYS:HB3	1.69	0.46
3:C:352:GLN:H	3:C:352:GLN:CD	2.17	0.46
1:A:5:ASP:OD1	1:A:8:GLU:N	2.48	0.46
2:B:144:LEU:HB3	2:B:151:PHE:HB2	1.96	0.46
3:C:1034:LYS:HB2	3:C:1035:LEU:HD22	1.97	0.46
2:B:408:ILE:HG23	2:B:412:LEU:HD23	1.98	0.45
1:A:80:ILE:HG13	1:A:319:SER:HB2	1.98	0.45
1:A:357:LEU:HD12	1:A:360:ILE:HD12	1.97	0.45
1:A:393:LYS:HA	1:A:393:LYS:HE3	1.98	0.45
3:C:1200:LYS:NZ	3:C:1200:LYS:HB2	2.30	0.45
3:C:1002:ASP:O	3:C:1004:ASP:N	2.49	0.45

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:120:PHE:HD2	2:B:230:LEU:HD11	1.82	0.45
3:C:950:LYS:NZ	3:C:954:ASN:HD21	2.14	0.45
4:D:405:CYS:O	4:D:409:ILE:HG13	2.15	0.45
1:A:26:TYR:OH	1:A:319:SER:OG	2.21	0.45
3:C:597:ALA:HB1	3:C:600:GLU:HB2	1.98	0.45
3:C:1083:ASP:HB3	3:C:1137:LYS:HD2	1.98	0.45
2:B:36:ASN:ND2	3:C:1448:GLU:OE2	2.50	0.45
2:B:30:LEU:HD23	2:B:31:GLN:N	2.32	0.45
3:C:420:LYS:O	3:C:420:LYS:NZ	2.39	0.44
1:A:24:SER:OG	1:A:381:ARG:NH2	2.50	0.44
1:A:224:GLU:OE2	1:A:224:GLU:N	2.42	0.44
2:B:195:PHE:HB2	2:B:202:LEU:HD11	1.99	0.44
4:D:517:ASP:OD1	4:D:517:ASP:N	2.49	0.44
1:A:171:ASP:HB3	1:A:174:VAL:HG23	1.99	0.44
1:A:383:TYR:O	1:A:386:THR:OG1	2.36	0.44
2:B:94:GLU:HB3	2:B:95:PRO:HD3	1.99	0.44
3:C:1201:GLN:NE2	3:C:1203:ASN:OD1	2.34	0.44
3:C:1330:LEU:HD23	3:C:1330:LEU:HA	1.87	0.44
4:D:238:GLU:H	4:D:238:GLU:CD	2.20	0.44
4:D:522:TYR:HA	4:D:525:PHE:HB3	2.00	0.44
1:A:336:LEU:HD23	1:A:336:LEU:HA	1.81	0.44
3:C:502:LYS:O	3:C:525:LEU:HD22	2.17	0.44
4:D:302:VAL:HG21	4:D:319:LEU:HD11	1.99	0.44
1:A:251:ILE:HG22	1:A:255:LEU:HG	2.00	0.44
2:B:355:LYS:HB3	2:B:356:GLU:H	1.69	0.44
3:C:788:ASN:HD21	3:C:955:SER:HG	1.60	0.44
2:B:291:LEU:HD13	2:B:309:TYR:HB2	2.00	0.43
3:C:570:LEU:HD12	3:C:570:LEU:HA	1.84	0.43
1:A:269:TRP:CZ3	1:A:296:ILE:HD11	2.53	0.43
3:C:385:ARG:NH1	3:C:463:GLN:HG3	2.32	0.43
3:C:555:ASN:N	3:C:555:ASN:OD1	2.50	0.43
1:A:65:ASP:HA	1:A:68:LYS:HE2	2.00	0.43
4:D:493:ASP:OD2	4:D:496:SER:OG	2.36	0.43
4:D:480:LEU:HD12	4:D:480:LEU:HA	1.82	0.43
1:A:9:LEU:HD11	1:A:325:PRO:HA	2.01	0.43
1:A:112:MET:O	1:A:119:ARG:NH1	2.51	0.43
2:B:213:ASP:O	2:B:217:ILE:HG13	2.18	0.43
3:C:1443:ARG:O	3:C:1443:ARG:HG3	2.18	0.43
4:D:355:ILE:HD13	4:D:355:ILE:HA	1.83	0.43
1:A:264:ASN:OD1	1:A:267:GLN:N	2.39	0.43
2:B:88:ASN:HB3	2:B:93:TYR:HA	2.00	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:762:LEU:HD23	3:C:762:LEU:HA	1.88	0.43
2:B:296:ARG:HA	2:B:296:ARG:HD3	1.78	0.42
3:C:875:CYS:HB2	3:C:912:PRO:HD3	2.00	0.42
3:C:1231:ASP:OD1	3:C:1232:ALA:N	2.51	0.42
2:B:30:LEU:HD23	2:B:31:GLN:H	1.84	0.42
2:B:49:ARG:HG3	2:B:106:LEU:HD22	2.02	0.42
2:B:358:LYS:HG2	2:B:359:ARG:N	2.29	0.42
3:C:389:PHE:HB2	3:C:453:LEU:HB3	2.00	0.42
1:A:13:LEU:HD23	1:A:13:LEU:HA	1.94	0.42
3:C:1350:GLU:OE1	3:C:1352:THR:OG1	2.36	0.42
1:A:46:SER:HB3	1:A:79:ASP:HB2	2.02	0.42
2:B:253:LEU:HD23	2:B:253:LEU:HA	1.88	0.42
3:C:562:ALA:HB3	3:C:583:PHE:CE1	2.55	0.42
3:C:570:LEU:HD23	3:C:766:LEU:HD22	2.01	0.42
3:C:1272:LYS:HB3	3:C:1272:LYS:HE2	1.72	0.42
1:A:134:LEU:HD23	1:A:134:LEU:HA	1.86	0.42
1:A:120:ARG:H	1:A:231:GLN:HE22	1.68	0.42
1:A:331:SER:O	1:A:331:SER:OG	2.37	0.42
3:C:340:VAL:HG22	3:C:502:LYS:HA	2.02	0.42
3:C:429:LYS:NZ	3:C:429:LYS:HB2	2.34	0.42
3:C:751:PHE:O	3:C:755:ILE:HG13	2.20	0.42
4:D:307:ILE:HG12	4:D:315:VAL:HB	2.00	0.42
1:A:63:GLN:O	1:A:67:GLU:HG3	2.20	0.41
2:B:192:LEU:HA	2:B:195:PHE:CE2	2.56	0.41
2:B:23:PRO:HB2	2:B:96:ARG:NH2	2.35	0.41
2:B:88:ASN:OD1	2:B:89:LEU:HD12	2.20	0.41
3:C:1142:ASP:HB3	3:C:1144:GLN:NE2	2.35	0.41
3:C:1185:ASN:OD1	3:C:1185:ASN:O	2.38	0.41
4:D:559:PRO:O	4:D:570:THR:OG1	2.36	0.41
1:A:381:ARG:HA	1:A:381:ARG:HD3	1.88	0.41
2:B:75:GLU:O	2:B:79:ARG:HG2	2.20	0.41
2:B:376:PRO:HD2	2:B:388:HIS:CD2	2.55	0.41
3:C:988:LYS:O	3:C:992:GLN:HG3	2.20	0.41
3:C:996:LEU:HD11	3:C:1021:LEU:HD21	2.03	0.41
1:A:13:LEU:HD22	1:A:17:TYR:CE1	2.56	0.41
3:C:552:ASN:OD1	3:C:553:HIS:ND1	2.53	0.41
3:C:489:MET:HE3	3:C:793:LEU:HD23	2.03	0.41
1:A:118:VAL:HG13	1:A:300:TYR:CD1	2.55	0.41
3:C:545:LYS:HB2	3:C:559:ALA:HB3	2.03	0.41
4:D:448:GLU:H	4:D:448:GLU:HG3	1.68	0.41
1:A:21:PHE:HA	1:A:22:PRO:HD3	1.86	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:16:TYR:CD1	1:A:16:TYR:C	2.93	0.41
3:C:1038:ILE:HG13	3:C:1039:ASP:H	1.85	0.41
1:A:264:ASN:O	1:A:268:ARG:HG3	2.21	0.40
1:A:292:LEU:HA	1:A:295:GLU:OE1	2.21	0.40
3:C:721:VAL:O	3:C:744:HIS:NE2	2.53	0.40
1:A:299:GLN:O	1:A:304:ARG:NH2	2.52	0.40
1:A:118:VAL:HG13	1:A:300:TYR:HD1	1.87	0.40
2:B:144:LEU:HD23	2:B:144:LEU:HA	1.90	0.40
3:C:664:ARG:HB2	3:C:687:GLY:HA3	2.02	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	383/412 (93%)	371 (97%)	12 (3%)	0	100	100
2	B	432/434 (100%)	399 (92%)	32 (7%)	1 (0%)	44	74
3	C	1047/1119 (94%)	1010 (96%)	34 (3%)	3 (0%)	37	68
4	D	442/444 (100%)	427 (97%)	14 (3%)	1 (0%)	44	74
All	All	2304/2409 (96%)	2207 (96%)	92 (4%)	5 (0%)	45	74

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	90	GLU
3	C	1149	LYS
3	C	642	PHE
4	D	202	LEU
3	C	589	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	363/385 (94%)	342 (94%)	21 (6%)	17	46
2	B	394/394 (100%)	370 (94%)	24 (6%)	15	44
3	C	962/1007 (96%)	913 (95%)	49 (5%)	20	50
4	D	390/390 (100%)	370 (95%)	20 (5%)	20	50
All	All	2109/2176 (97%)	1995 (95%)	114 (5%)	21	48

All (114) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1	MET
1	A	2	GLU
1	A	14	LYS
1	A	16	TYR
1	A	37	LYS
1	A	43	ARG
1	A	65	ASP
1	A	112	MET
1	A	122	CYS
1	A	163	ARG
1	A	193	LYS
1	A	235	GLU
1	A	237	LYS
1	A	280	GLN
1	A	300	TYR
1	A	322	SER
1	A	331	SER
1	A	355	ARG
1	A	384	LYS
1	A	385	LYS
1	A	403	ASP
2	B	25	CYS
2	B	76	SER
2	B	80	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	91	ASP
2	B	139	LYS
2	B	159	LYS
2	B	181	GLU
2	B	200	VAL
2	B	203	GLU
2	B	235	ARG
2	B	243	ASP
2	B	249	LEU
2	B	257	TYR
2	B	261	ASP
2	B	268	VAL
2	B	307	MET
2	B	329	GLN
2	B	336	MET
2	B	346	SER
2	B	362	TYR
2	B	387	ARG
2	B	413	ASP
2	B	435	ASP
2	B	437	CYS
3	C	341	PHE
3	C	350	GLU
3	C	402	LYS
3	C	414	TYR
3	C	432	SER
3	C	519	MET
3	C	553	HIS
3	C	610	GLU
3	C	654	CYS
3	C	668	SER
3	C	682	ARG
3	C	726	GLU
3	C	731	MET
3	C	739	LEU
3	C	740	TYR
3	C	767	GLN
3	C	784	ARG
3	C	848	LYS
3	C	922	ARG
3	C	945	ARG
3	C	972	LEU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	981	ARG
3	C	1005	SER
3	C	1012	SER
3	C	1024	LYS
3	C	1051	LYS
3	C	1065	ASP
3	C	1071	LYS
3	C	1096	ILE
3	C	1105	ARG
3	C	1122	ASN
3	C	1137	LYS
3	C	1148	ASP
3	C	1149	LYS
3	C	1167	ARG
3	C	1231	ASP
3	C	1242	ASP
3	C	1247	ARG
3	C	1278	ARG
3	C	1289	GLU
3	C	1306	SER
3	C	1309	ARG
3	C	1327	SER
3	C	1356	ARG
3	C	1385	ASP
3	C	1397	TYR
3	C	1416	LYS
3	C	1423	THR
3	C	1448	GLU
4	D	194	LYS
4	D	196	LEU
4	D	198	CYS
4	D	206	TYR
4	D	209	MET
4	D	210	PHE
4	D	273	GLU
4	D	279	SER
4	D	343	LEU
4	D	351	THR
4	D	352	SER
4	D	371	ARG
4	D	373	ASP
4	D	385	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	D	416	SER
4	D	444	ASP
4	D	473	SER
4	D	475	ASP
4	D	518	MET
4	D	588	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (22) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	71	GLN
1	A	280	GLN
1	A	337	GLN
3	C	714	GLN
3	C	754	GLN
3	C	788	ASN
3	C	873	ASN
3	C	880	GLN
3	C	931	GLN
3	C	935	ASN
3	C	954	ASN
3	C	1111	ASN
3	C	1122	ASN
3	C	1181	GLN
3	C	1197	GLN
3	C	1199	GLN
3	C	1209	GLN
3	C	1257	ASN
3	C	1290	ASN
3	C	1312	ASN
3	C	1359	HIS
3	C	1450	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	SF4	B	601	2	0,12,12	-	-	-		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	SF4	B	601	2	-	-	0/6/5/5

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

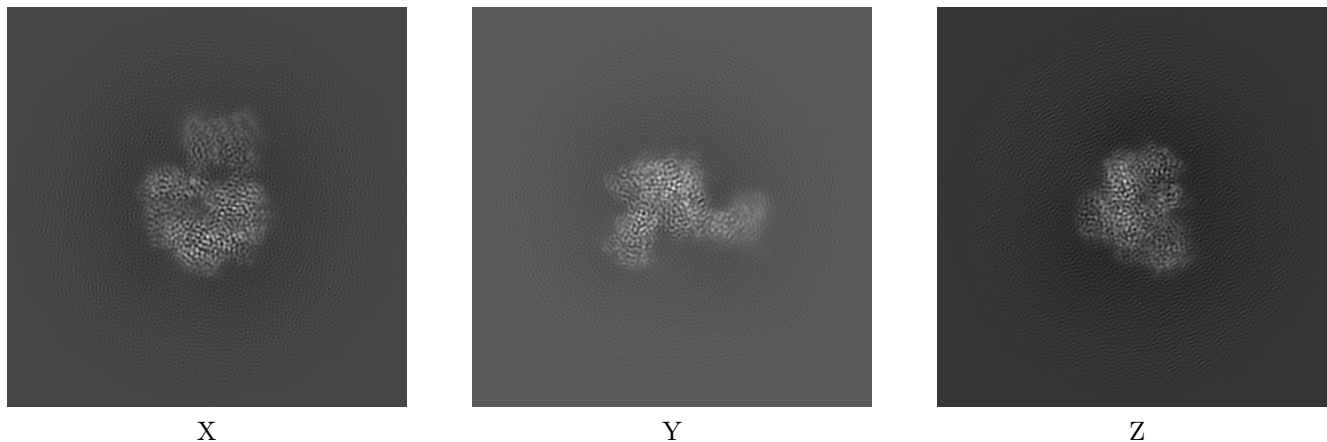
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-43628. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

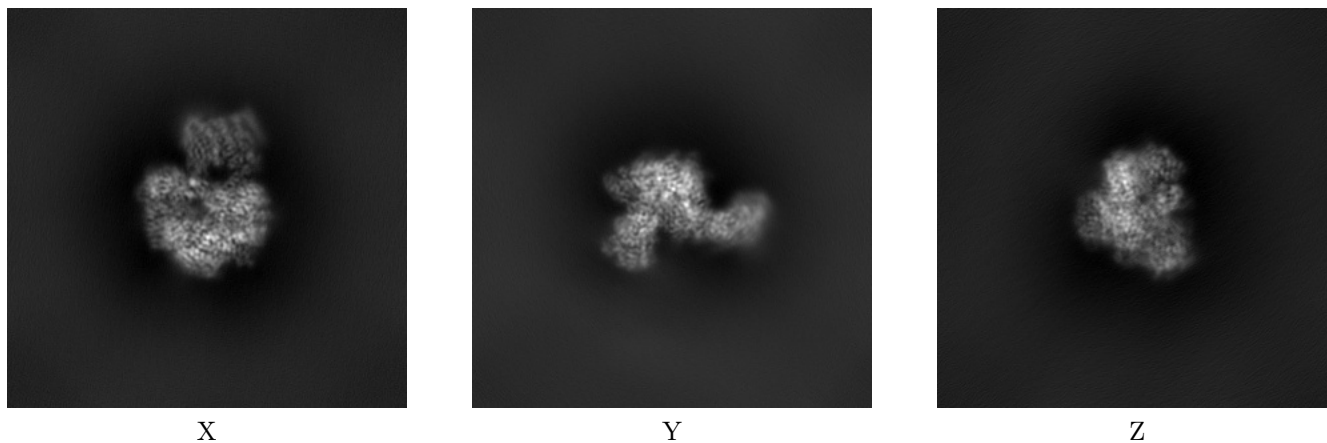
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

6.1.1 Primary map



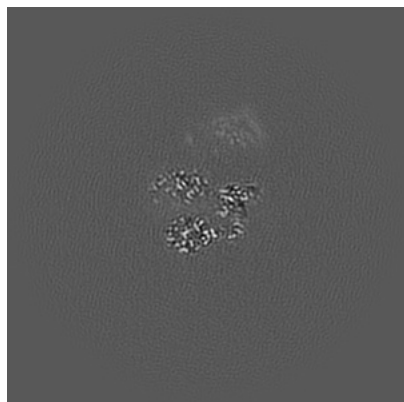
6.1.2 Raw map



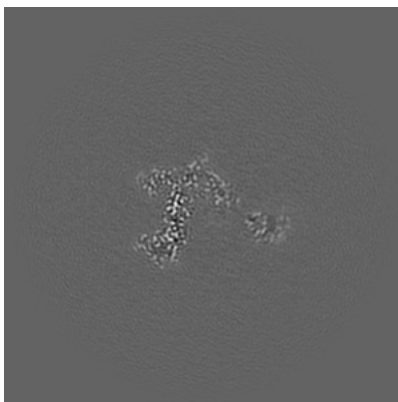
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

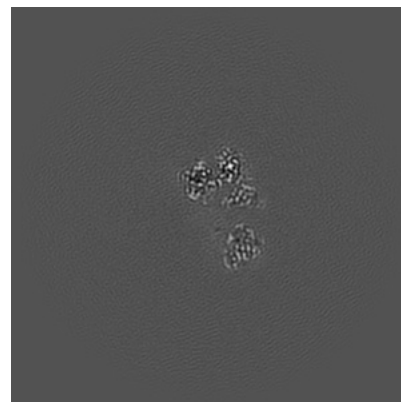
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 160

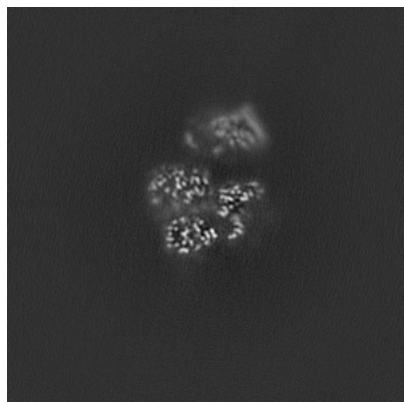


Y Index: 160

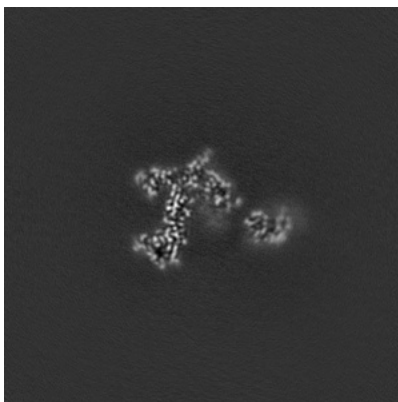


Z Index: 160

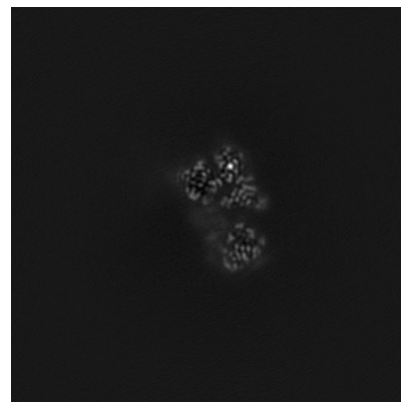
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 160



Y Index: 160

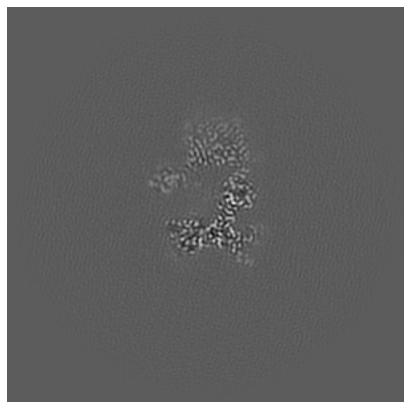


Z Index: 160

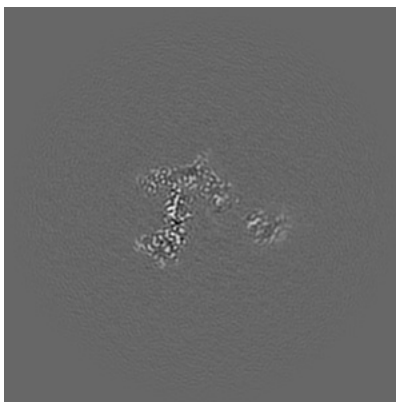
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

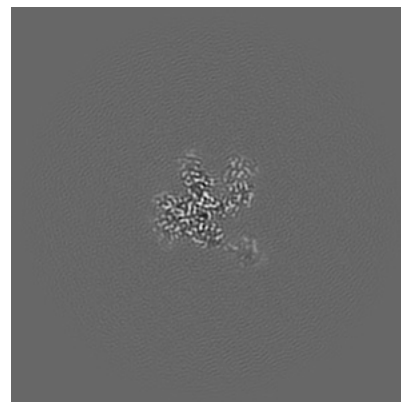
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 150

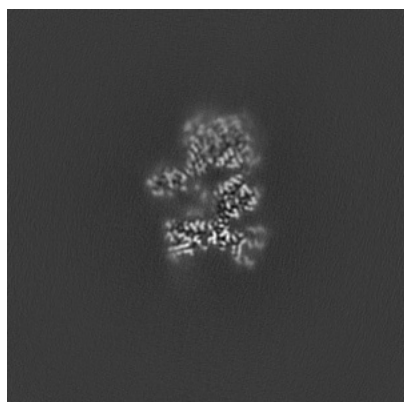


Y Index: 161

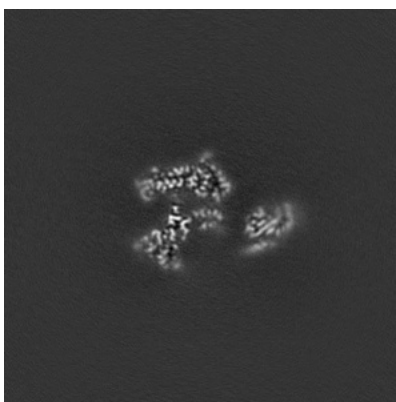


Z Index: 136

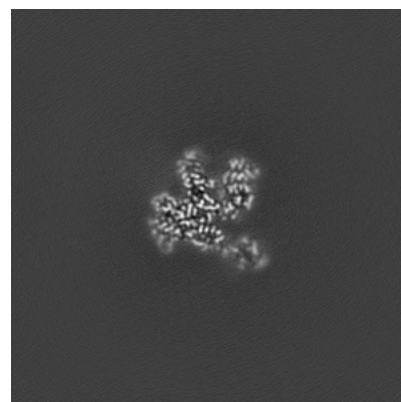
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 152



Y Index: 166

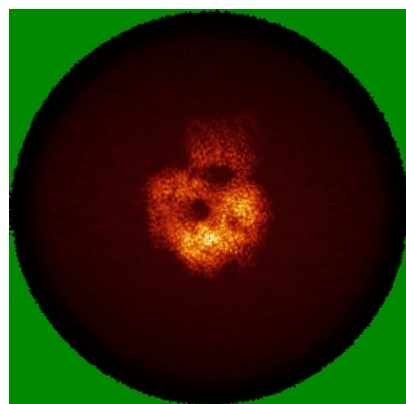


Z Index: 136

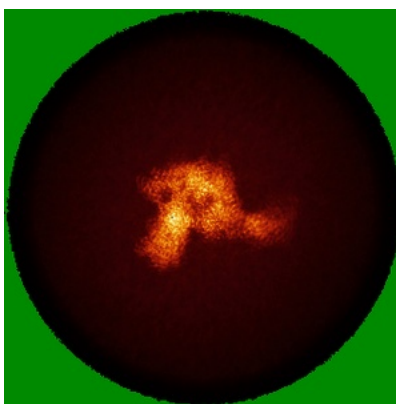
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

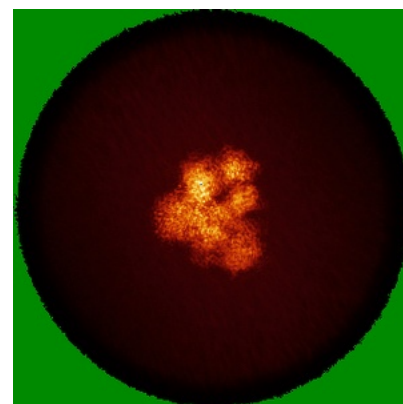
6.4.1 Primary map



X

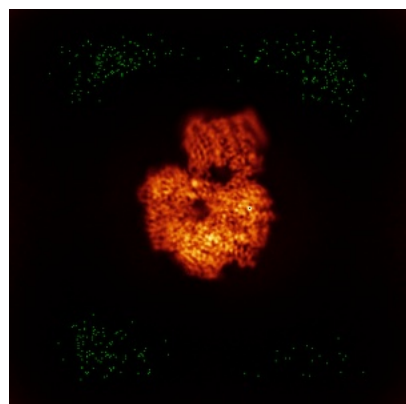


Y

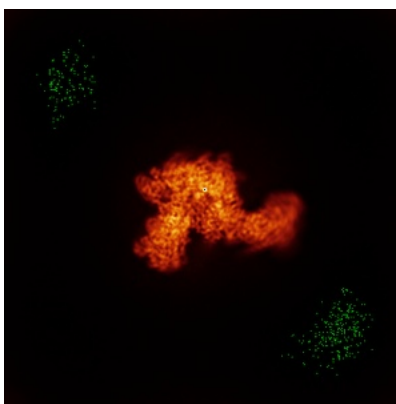


Z

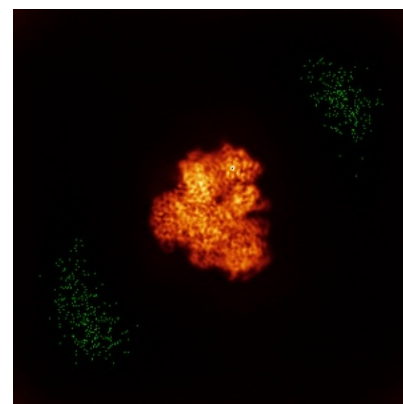
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

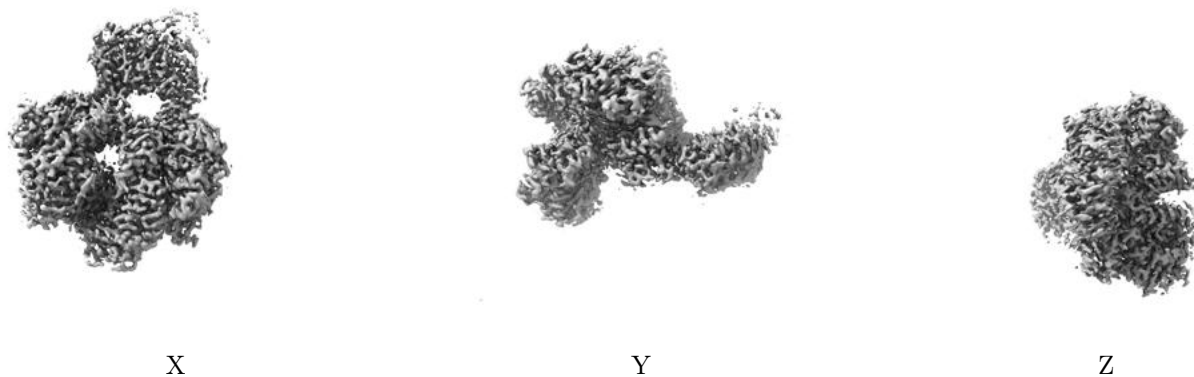


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

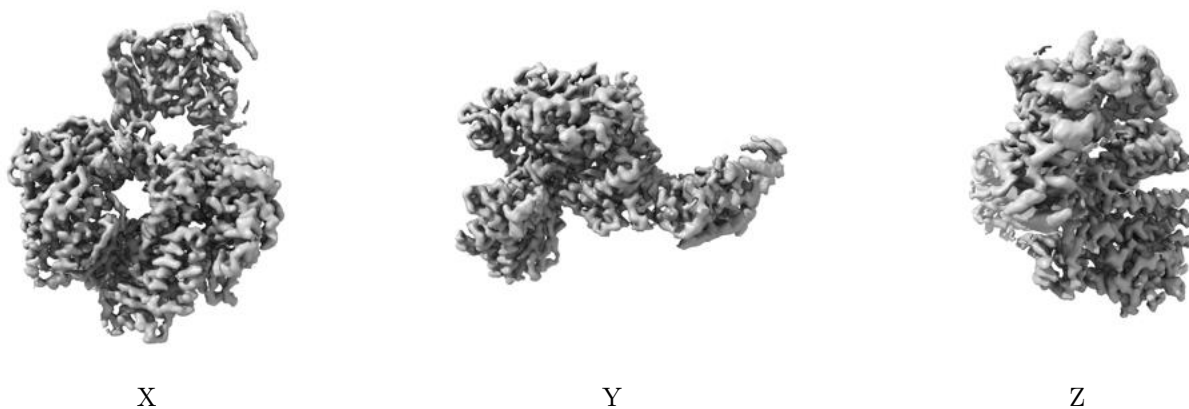
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.15. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

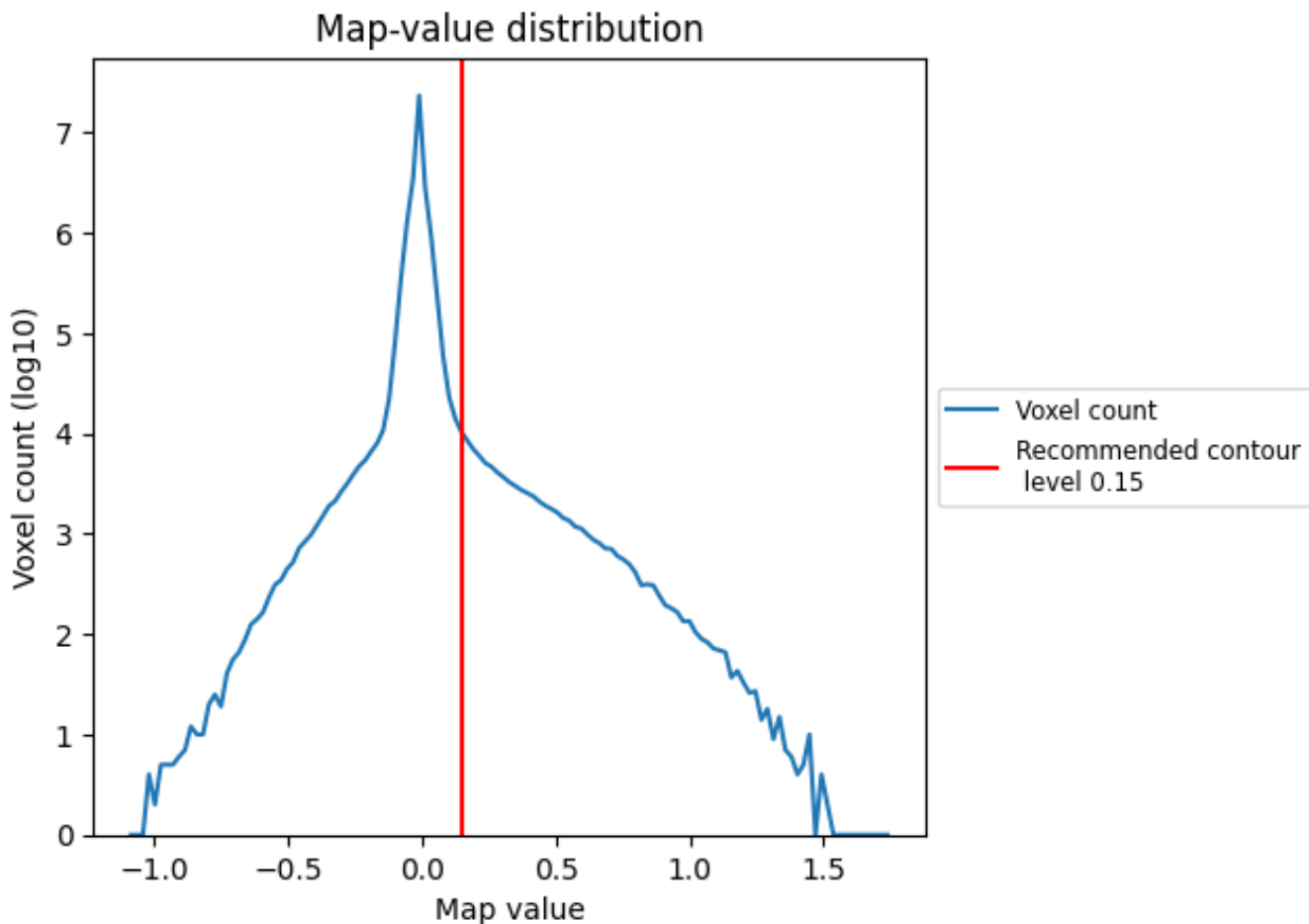
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

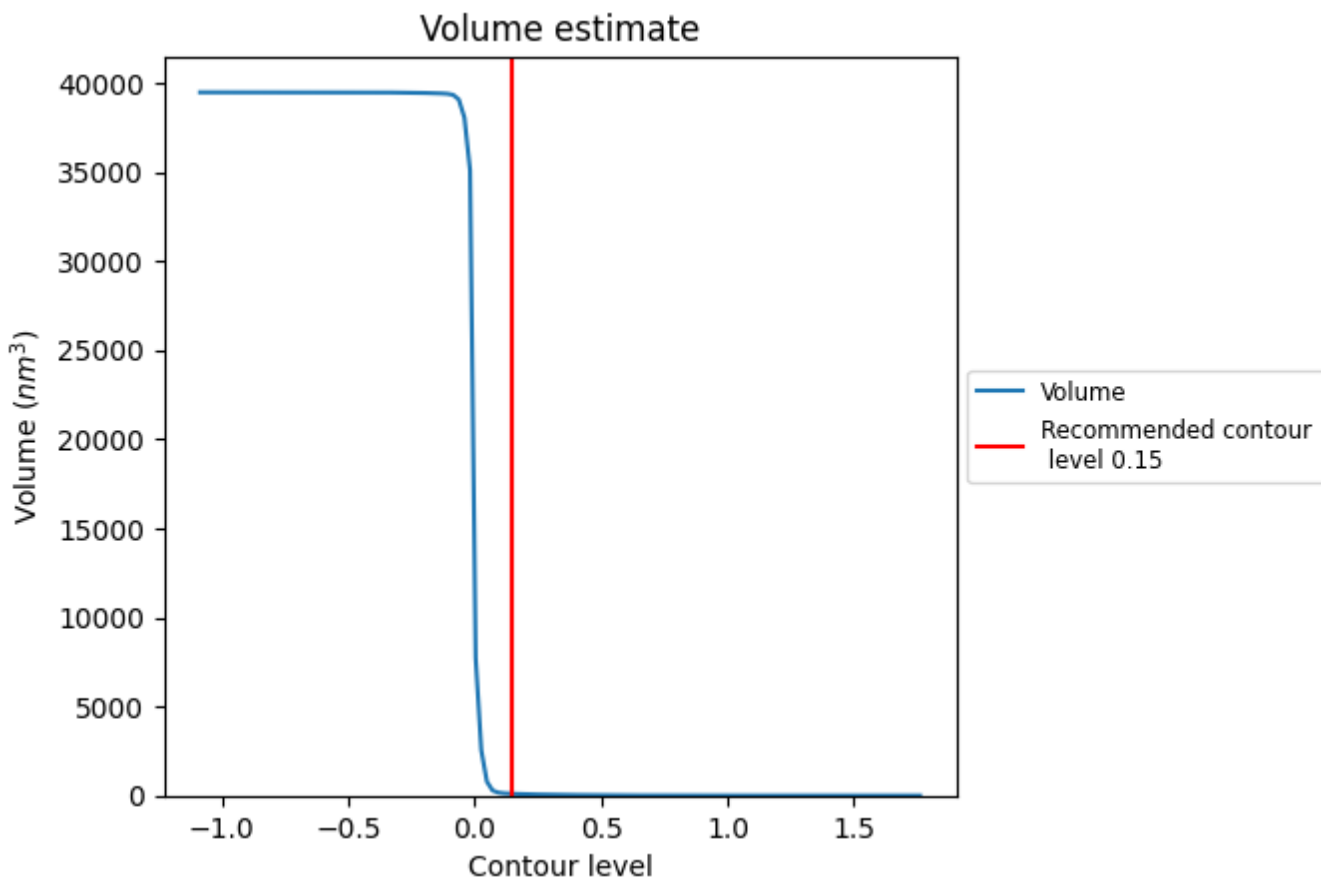
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

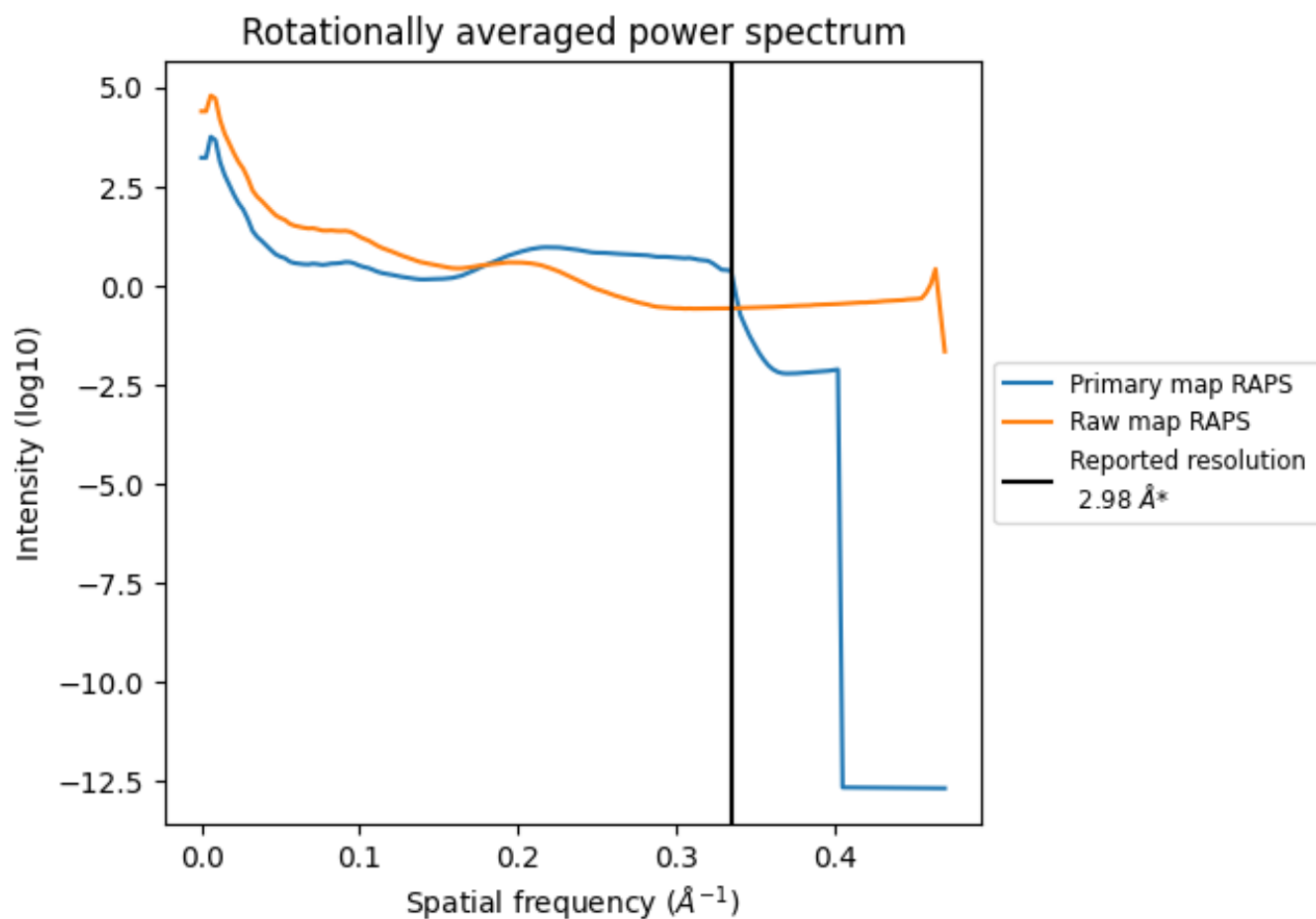
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 101 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 91 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

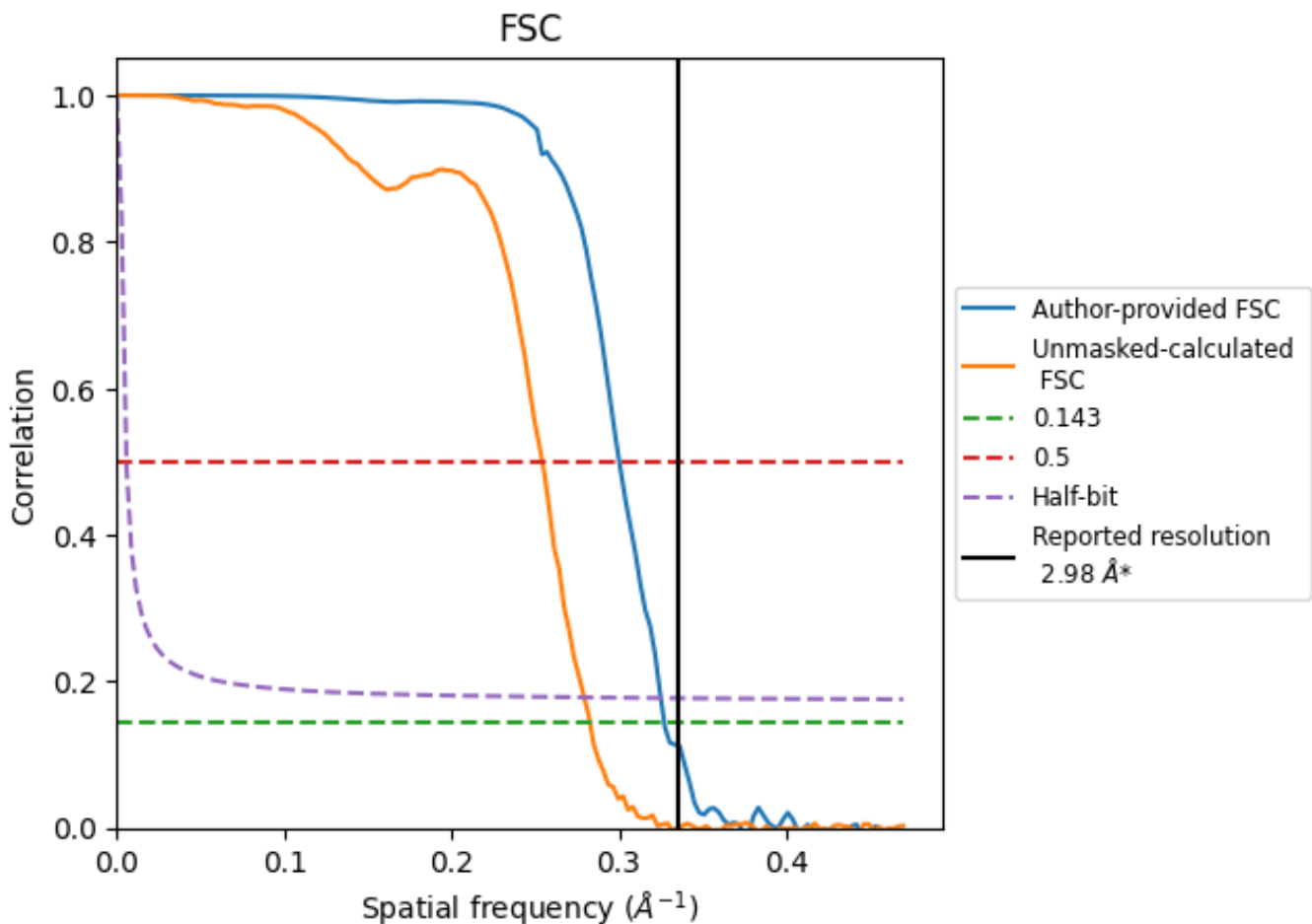


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.336 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [\(i\)](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [\(i\)](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.336\AA^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

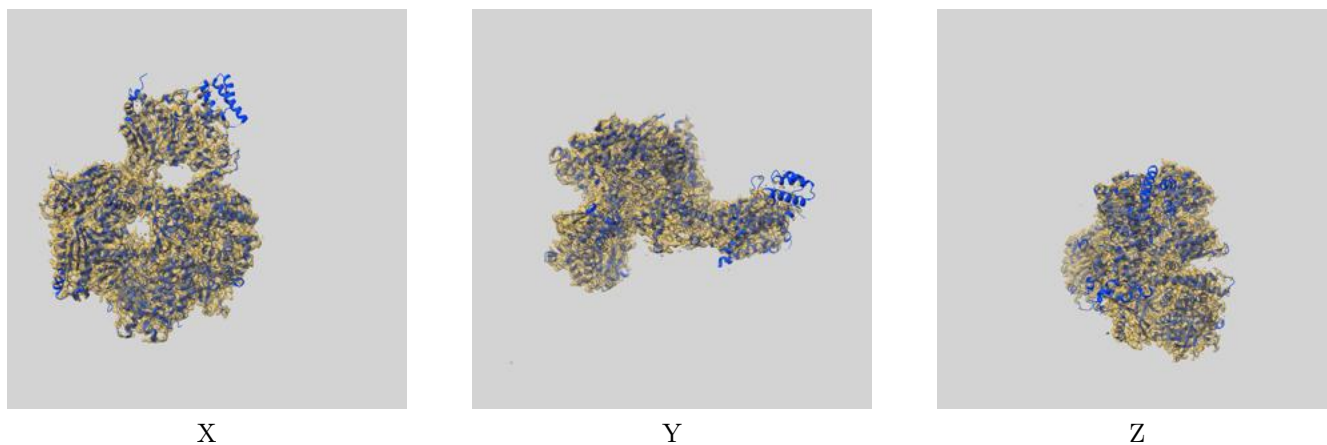
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.98	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.06	3.33	3.08
Unmasked-calculated*	3.54	3.93	3.58

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.54 differs from the reported value 2.98 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

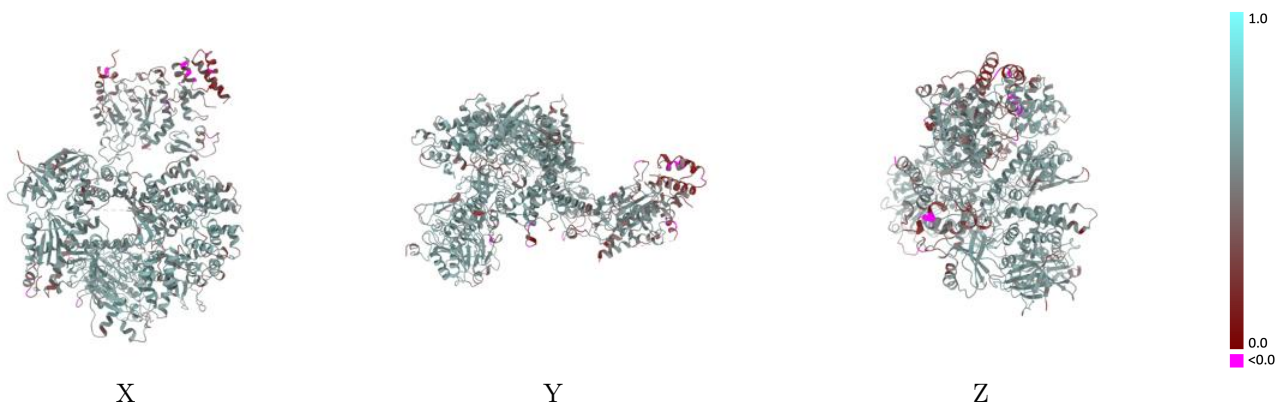
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-43628 and PDB model 8VY3. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



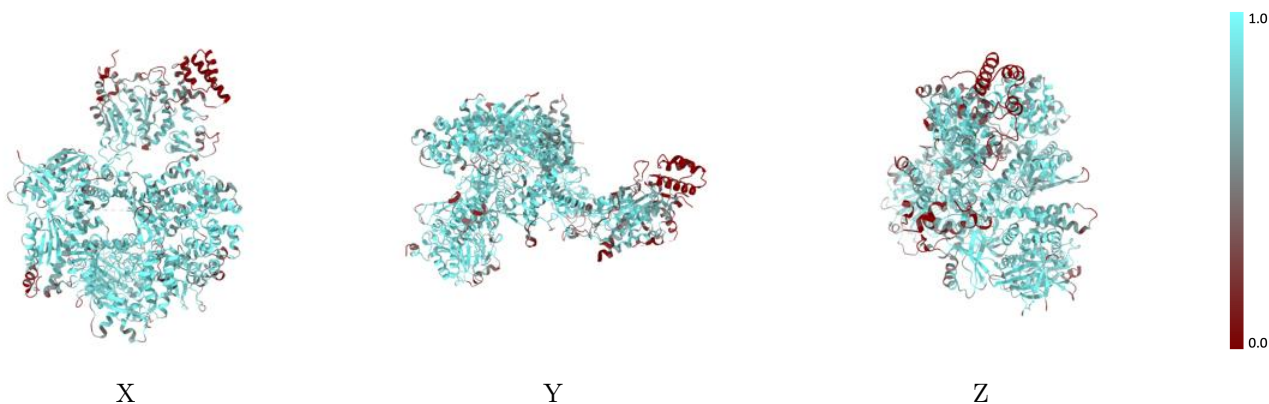
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.15 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



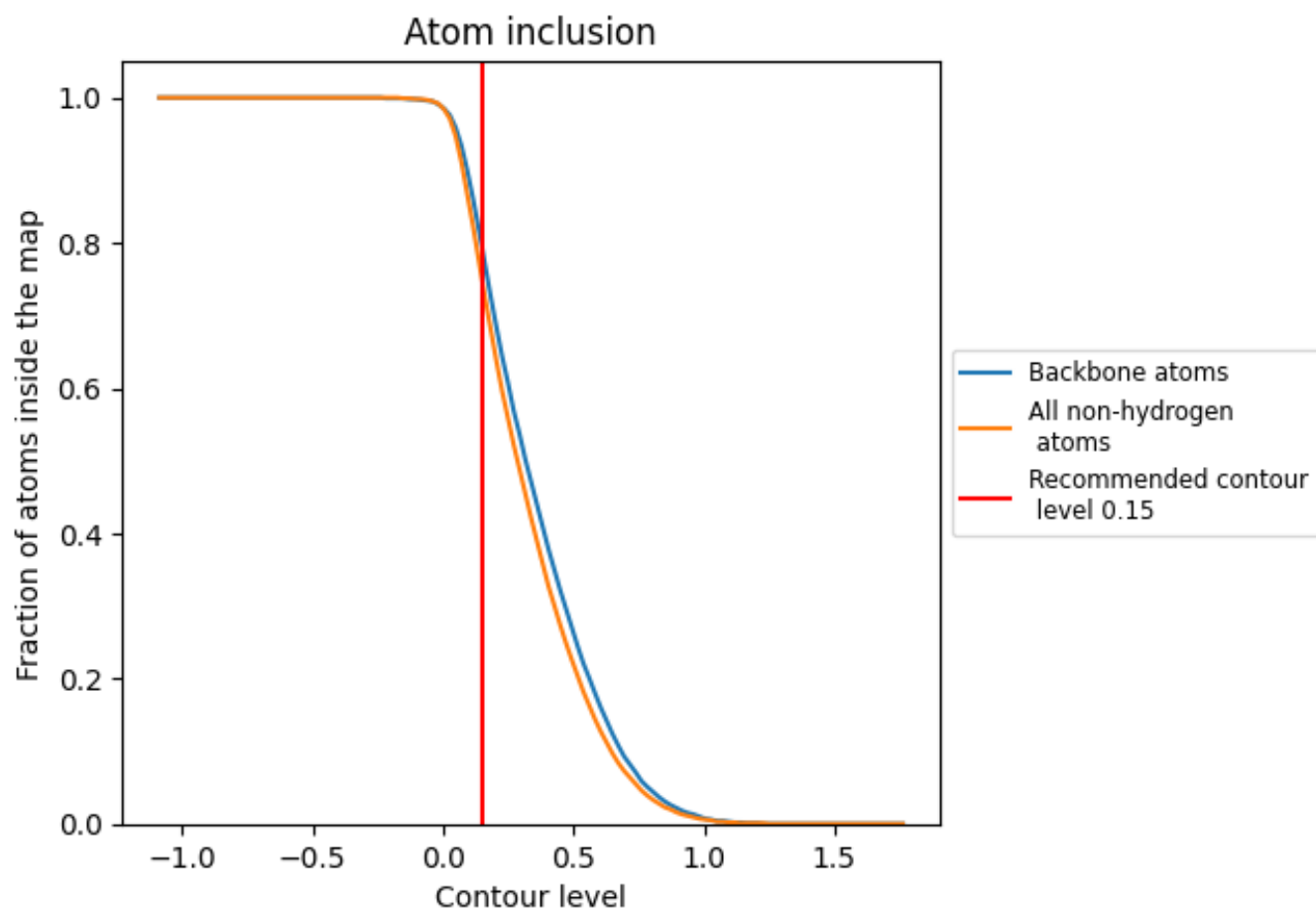
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.15).











9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 79% of all backbone atoms, 75% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary [i](#)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.15) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.7480	 0.5310
A	 0.5240	 0.4470
B	 0.7840	 0.5280
C	 0.7780	 0.5480
D	 0.8470	 0.5730

