

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Sep 17, 2024 – 12:10 PM JST

PDB ID : 8WG3

EMDB ID : EMD-37501

Title: mouse TMEM63b in LMNG-CHS micelle

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M.; Hata, K.; Bamba, T.; Izumi, Y.; Liu, K.; Uemura, T.; Nomura, N.; Iwata,

S.; Nagata, S.; Nishizawa, T.; Segawa, K.

Deposited on : 2023-09-20

Resolution : 3.40 Å(reported)

Based on initial model : .

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev112

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

MapQ : 1.9.13

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

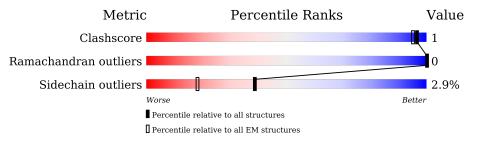
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.38.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
			12%					
1	A	1117		47%	•	51%		



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4585 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called CSC1-like protein 2, Green fluorescent protein.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
1	A	548	Total 4446	C 2963	N 709	O 737	S 37	0	0

There are 52 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	833	GLY	-	linker	UNP Q3TWI9
A	834	THR	_	linker	UNP Q3TWI9
A	835	GLU	-	linker	UNP Q3TWI9
A	836	ASN	-	linker	UNP Q3TWI9
A	837	LEU	-	linker	UNP Q3TWI9
A	838	TYR	-	linker	UNP Q3TWI9
A	839	PHE	-	linker	UNP Q3TWI9
A	840	GLN	-	linker	UNP Q3TWI9
A	841	GLY	-	linker	UNP Q3TWI9
A	842	SER	-	linker	UNP Q3TWI9
A	843	ALA	-	linker	UNP Q3TWI9
A	844	ALA	-	linker	UNP Q3TWI9
A	845	ALA	-	linker	UNP Q3TWI9
A	846	ALA	-	linker	UNP Q3TWI9
A	847	VAL	-	linker	UNP Q3TWI9
A	910	LEU	PHE	engineered mutation	UNP P42212
A	911	THR	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P42212
A	1052	LYS	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P42212
A	1077	LEU	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP P42212
A	1085	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1086	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1087	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1088	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1089	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1090	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1091	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1092	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1093	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P42212

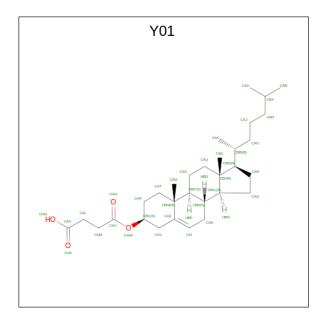
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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1094	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1095	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1096	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1097	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1098	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1099	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1100	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1101	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1102	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1103	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1104	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1105	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1106	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1107	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1108	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1109	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1110	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1111	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1112	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1113	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1114	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1115	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1116	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P42212
A	1117	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P42212

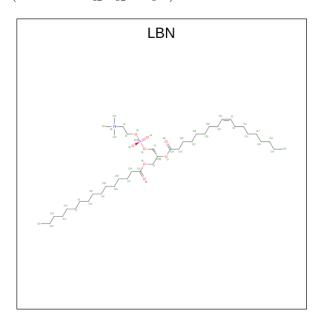
 $\bullet \ \ \text{Molecule 2 is CHOLESTEROL HEMISUCCINATE (three-letter code: Y01) (formula: $C_{31}H_{50}O_4$)}.$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
2	A	1	Total C O 35 31 4	0
2	A	1	Total C O 35 31 4	0
2	A	1	Total C O 35 31 4	0

 \bullet Molecule 3 is 1-palmitoyl-2-oleoyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphocholine (three-letter code: LBN) (formula: $C_{42}H_{82}NO_8P).$



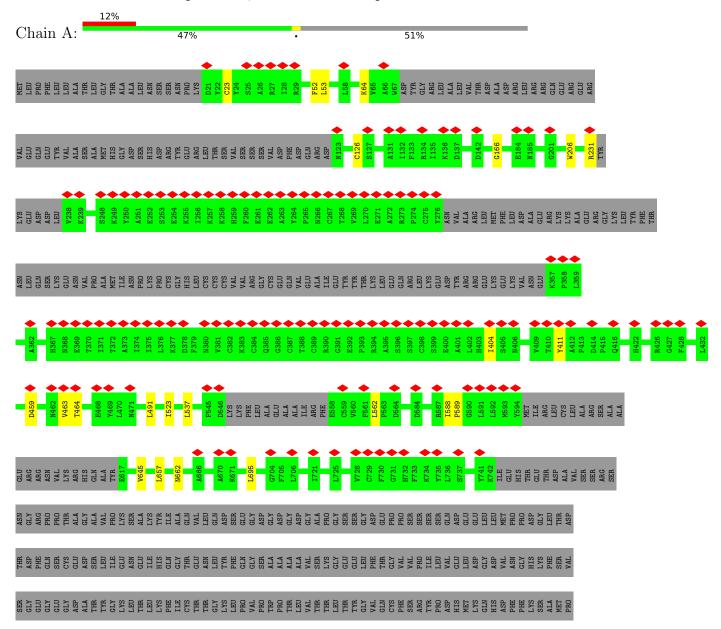
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	
2	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
3	A	1	34	24	1	8	1	U



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: CSC1-like protein 2, Green fluorescent protein





 ASP
 VAL
 GLJU

 PRO
 TTR
 GLJU

 ASP
 ATA
 GLJU

 ASP
 GLJA
 ARP

 ASP
 LVS
 ARD

 ALA
 ASN
 PHE

 LEU
 LVS
 ASP

 GLJ
 ASP
 LVA

 GLJ
 LVS
 ASP

 GLJ
 ASP
 LVA

 GLJ
 ASP
 LVA





4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	110878	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING ONLY	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1600	Depositor
Magnification	105000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	3.469	Depositor
Minimum map value	-2.308	Depositor
Average map value	-0.002	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.074	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.671	Depositor
Map size (Å)	249.0, 249.0, 249.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	160, 160, 160	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.55625, 1.55625, 1.55625	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: LBN, Y01, P1L

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bond	lengths	Bond	\mathbf{angles}
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.38	0/4551	0.69	0/6185

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4446	0	4500	5	0
2	A	105	0	147	1	0
3	A	34	0	0	0	0
All	All	4585	0	4647	6	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 6 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:562:LEU:HD12	1:A:562:LEU:H	1.82	0.45

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:588:ILE:HG23	1:A:589:PRO:HD3	2.03	0.41
2:A:1201:Y01:CAI	2:A:1202:Y01:HAD3	2.50	0.41
1:A:463:VAL:HG22	1:A:464:THR:H	1.87	0.40
1:A:166:GLY:HA2	1:A:645:VAL:HG11	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percer	ntiles
1	A	535/1117 (48%)	505 (94%)	30 (6%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	485/969 (50%)	471 (97%)	14 (3%)	37 61	

5 of 14 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	411	TYR
1	A	459	ASP

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	695	LEU
1	A	537	LEU
1	A	662	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	403	HIS
1	A	511	ASN
1	A	662	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain Res I		Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	P1L	A	126	1	21,22,23	0.41	0	18,23,25	2.20	3 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	P1L	A	126	1	-	5/20/22/24	-

There are no bond length outliers.



All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	Α	126	P1L	CB-SG-C7	8.56	112.81	100.84
1	A	126	P1L	O7-C7-SG	-2.45	119.44	122.61
1	A	126	P1L	C8-C7-SG	2.11	115.91	113.46

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	126	P1L	C-CA-CB-SG
1	A	126	P1L	C12-C13-C14-C15
1	A	126	P1L	C11-C12-C13-C14
1	A	126	P1L	C8-C7-SG-CB
1	A	126	P1L	N-CA-CB-SG

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain Res Lin		Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	$\mid \# Z > 2$
2	Y01	A	1201	-	38,38,38	0.50	0	57,57,57	0.89	1 (1%)
2	Y01	A	1202	-	38,38,38	0.50	0	57,57,57	0.66	0
3	LBN	A	1204	-	33,33,51	0.42	0	39,41,59	0.54	0
2	Y01	A	1203	-	38,38,38	0.51	0	57,57,57	0.86	1 (1%)



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	Y01	A	1201	-	-	1/19/77/77	0/4/4/4
2	Y01	A	1202	-	-	3/19/77/77	0/4/4/4
3	LBN	A	1204	-	-	24/37/37/55	-
2	Y01	A	1203	-	-	4/19/77/77	0/4/4/4

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	A	1203	Y01	CAE-CBI-CBE	-2.19	107.62	111.71
2	A	1201	Y01	CAK-CBD-CBF	2.17	112.35	109.71

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 32 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	1203	Y01	OAG-CAY-OAW-CBC
2	A	1203	Y01	CAM-CAY-OAW-CBC
3	A	1204	LBN	C1-O1-P1-O4
3	A	1204	LBN	O6-C25-O5-C3
3	A	1204	LBN	C35-C34-O7-C2

There are no ring outliers.

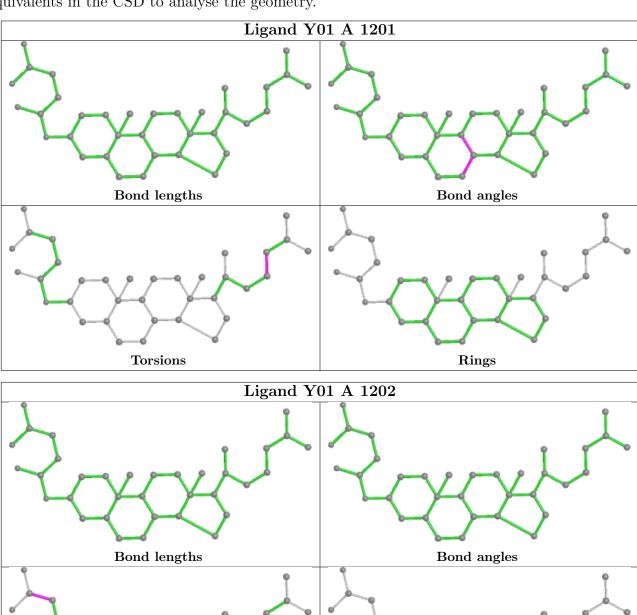
2 monomers are involved in 1 short contact:

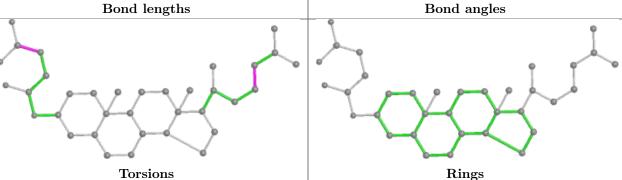
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	1201	Y01	1	0
2	A	1202	Y01	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the

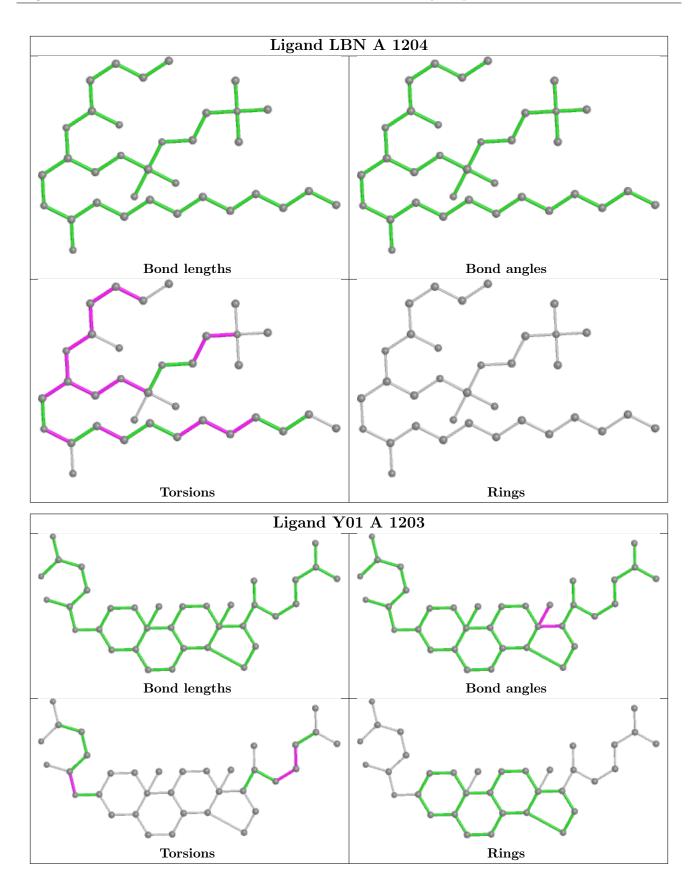


average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.











5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



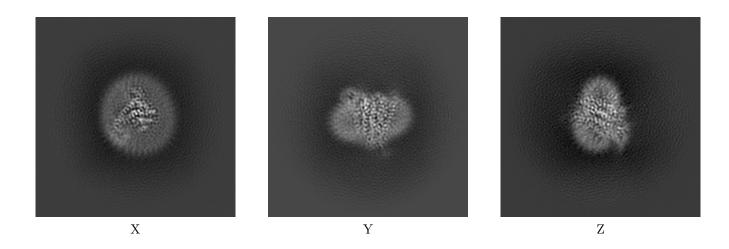
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-37501. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

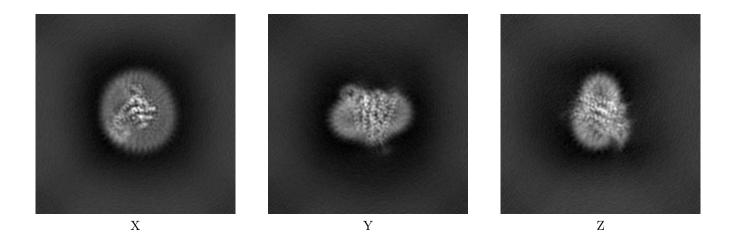
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map

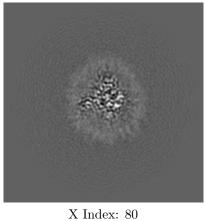


The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.



6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map



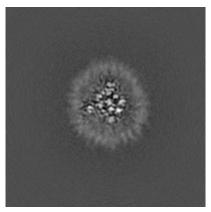


Z Index: 80

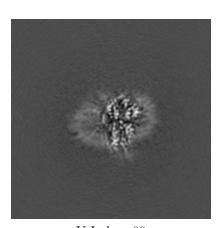
Y Index: 80

Raw map

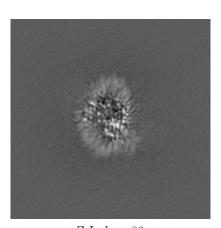
6.2.2







Y Index: 80



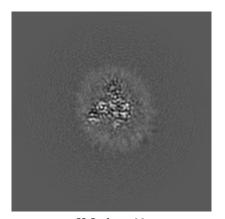
Z Index: 80

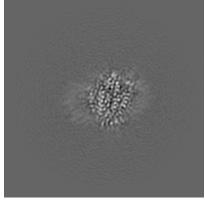
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

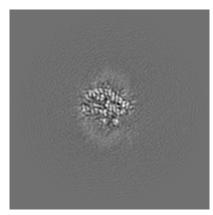


6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map





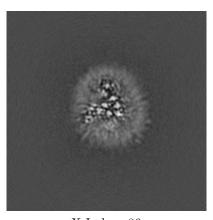


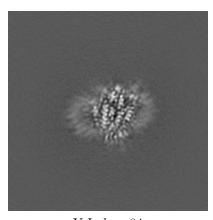
X Index: 83

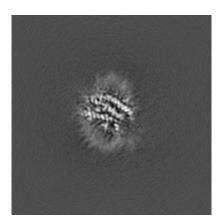
Y Index: 84

Z Index: 84

6.3.2 Raw map







X Index: 86

Y Index: 84

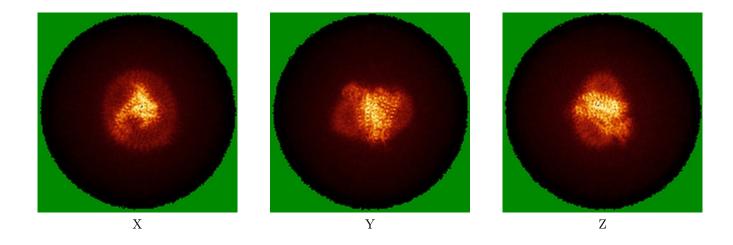
Z Index: 83

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

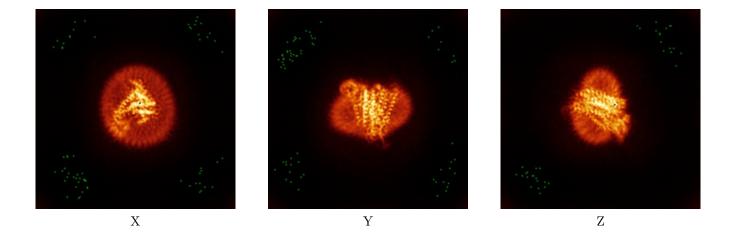


6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



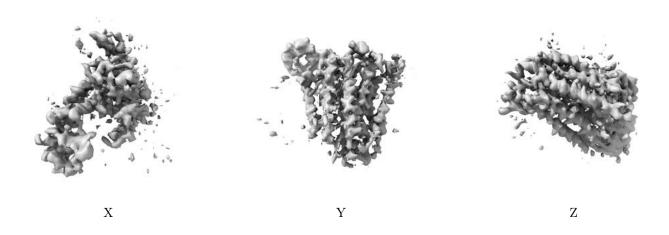
6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.671. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.



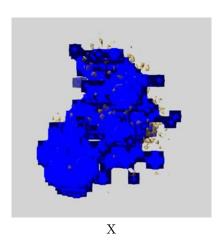
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

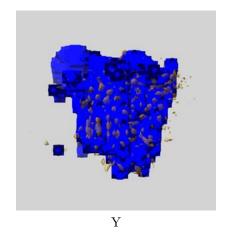
This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

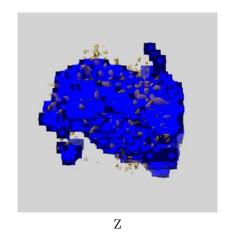
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

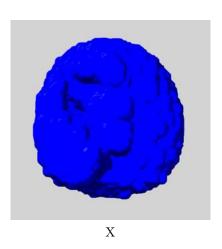
$6.6.1 \quad \mathrm{emd} \quad 37501 \\ \mathrm{msk} \quad 1. \\ \mathrm{map} \quad \boxed{1}$

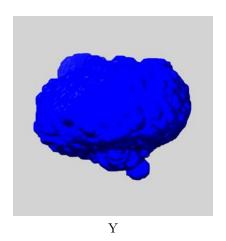


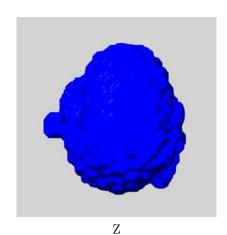




 $6.6.2 \quad \mathrm{emd}_37501_\mathrm{msk}_2.\mathrm{map} \ \ \mathbf{\mathring{1}}$



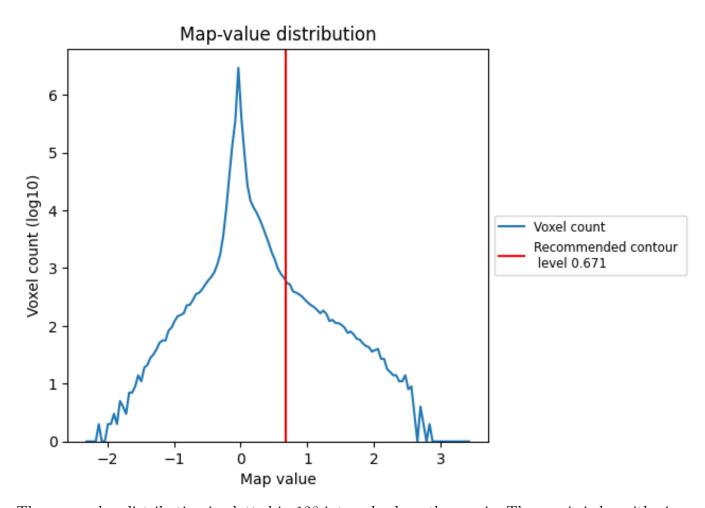




7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

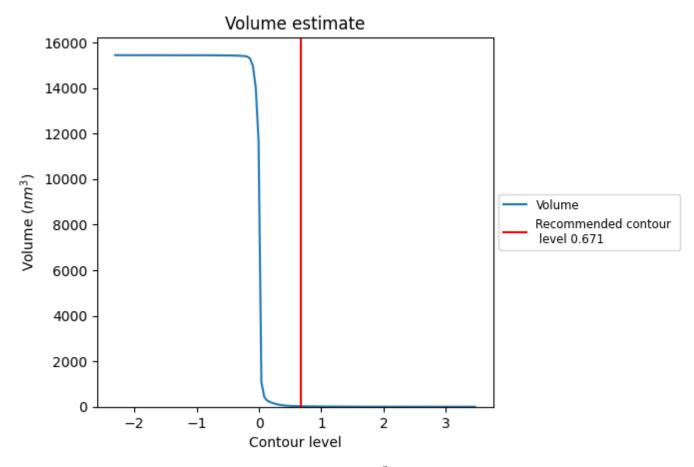
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

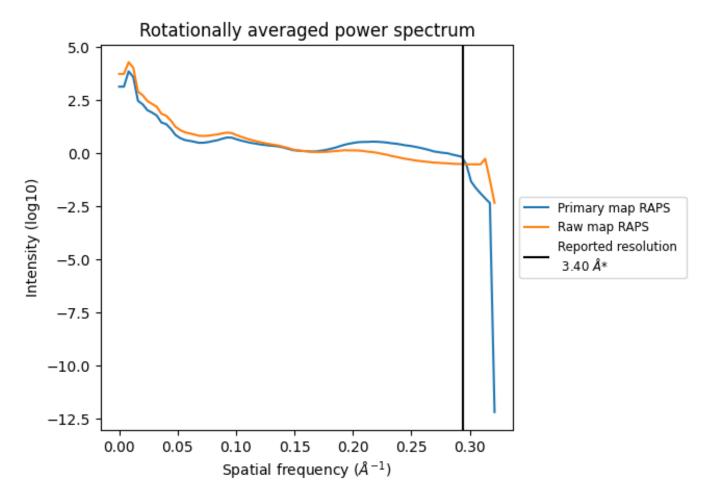


The volume at the recommended contour level is 23 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 20 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



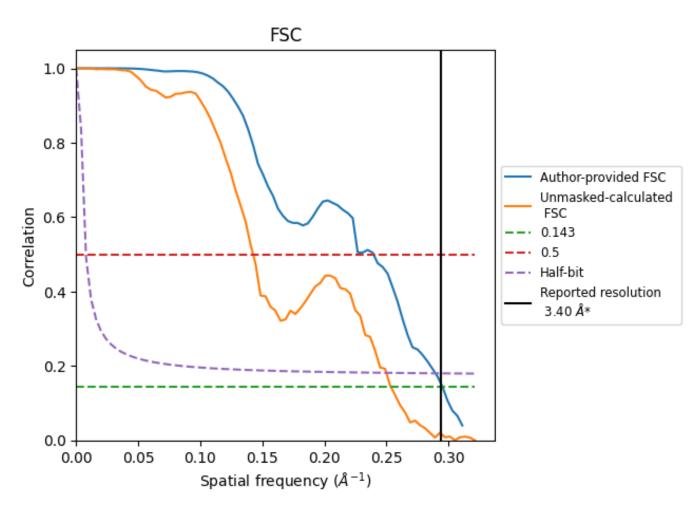
*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.294 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.294 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)			
resolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit	
Reported by author	3.40	-	-	
Author-provided FSC curve	3.39	4.18	3.45	
Unmasked-calculated*	3.94	7.02	4.00	

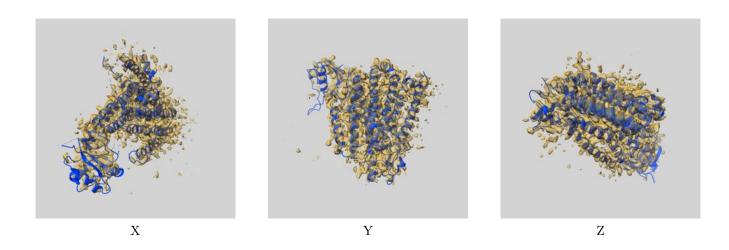
^{*}Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.94 differs from the reported value 3.4 by more than 10 %



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-37501 and PDB model 8WG3. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

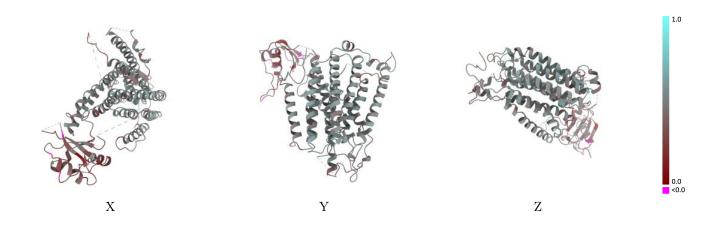
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.671 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

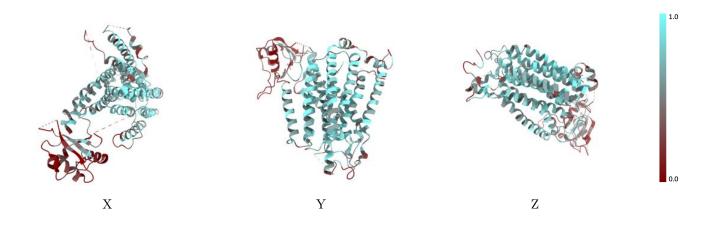


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

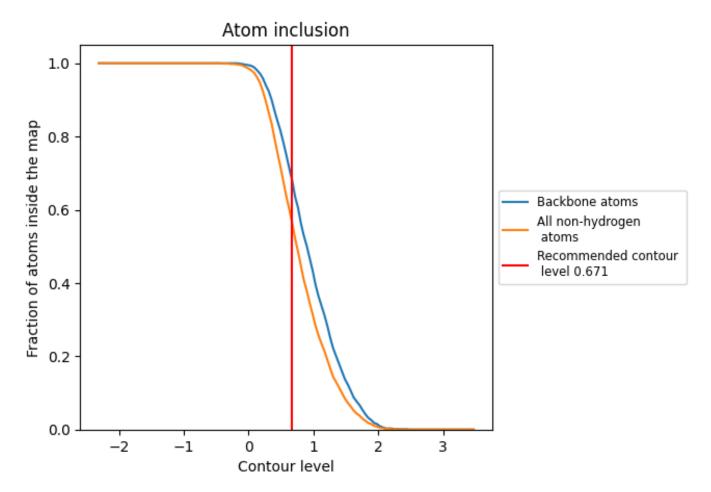
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.671).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 68% of all backbone atoms, 56% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.671) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.5640	0.4560
A	0.5640	0.4560



