



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report i

Apr 8, 2024 – 04:44 PM JST

PDB ID : 8WYD
EMDB ID : EMD-37924
Title : Cryo-EM structure of DSR2-DSAD1 complex
Authors : Zhang, J.T.; Jia, N.; Liu, X.Y.
Deposited on : 2023-10-30
Resolution : 2.56 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the i symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references](#) ①) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev70
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

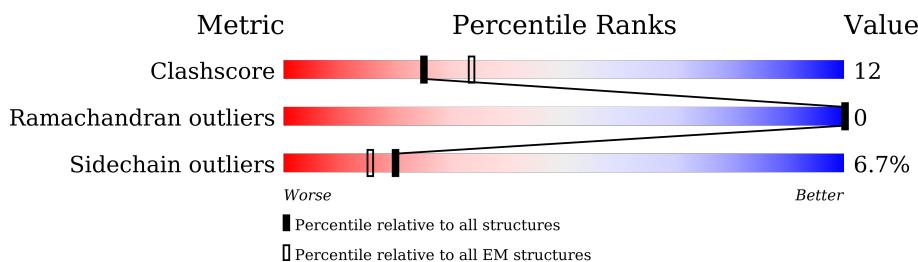
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.56 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 33765 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called SIR2 family protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	953	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			7964	5163	1285	1484	32		
1	B	953	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			7966	5162	1288	1486	30		
1	C	952	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			7955	5157	1283	1483	32		
1	D	953	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			7966	5162	1288	1486	30		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Bacillus phage SPbeta DSAD1 protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	E	116	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			957	625	154	175	3		
2	F	116	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			957	625	154	175	3		

There are 52 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
E	121	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	122	SER	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	123	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	124	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	125	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	126	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	127	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	128	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	129	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	130	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	131	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	132	SER	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	133	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O64191

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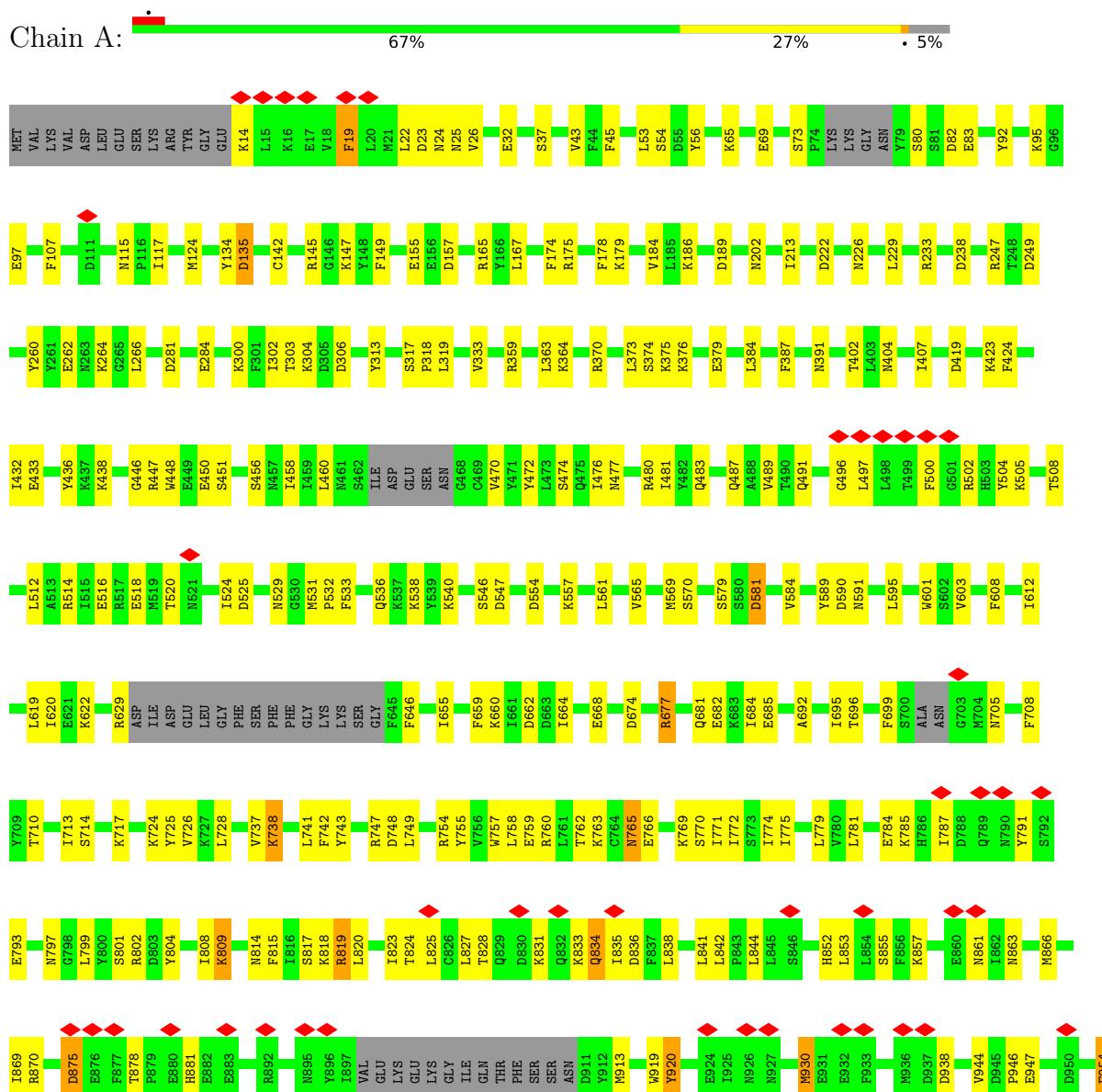
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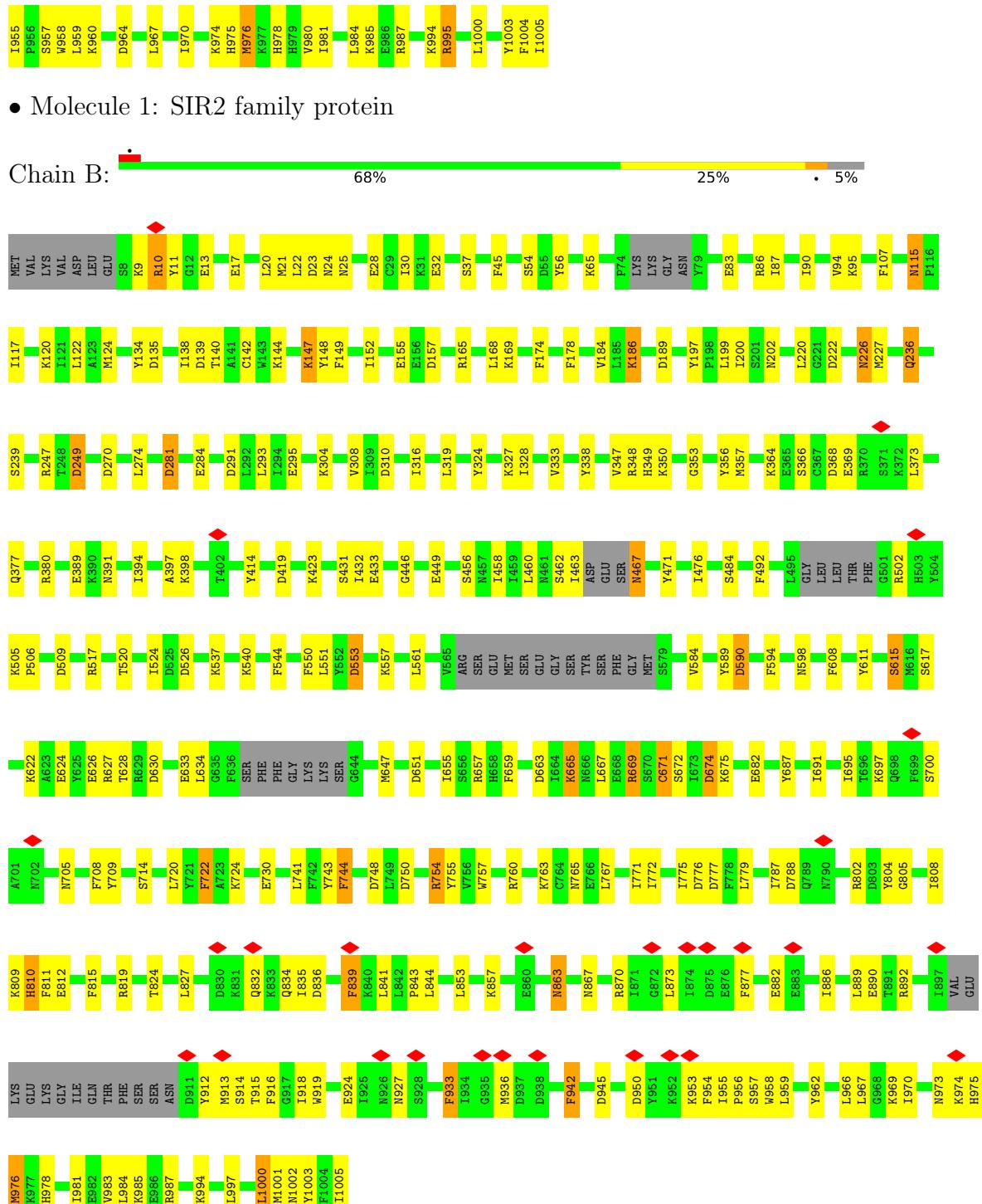
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
E	134	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	135	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	136	SER	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	137	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	138	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	139	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	140	SER	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	141	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	142	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	143	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	144	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	145	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
E	146	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	121	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	122	SER	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	123	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	124	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	125	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	126	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	127	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	128	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	129	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	130	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	131	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	132	SER	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	133	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	134	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	135	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	136	SER	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	137	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	138	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	139	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	140	SER	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	141	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	142	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	143	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	144	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	145	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP O64191
F	146	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP O64191

3 Residue-property plots

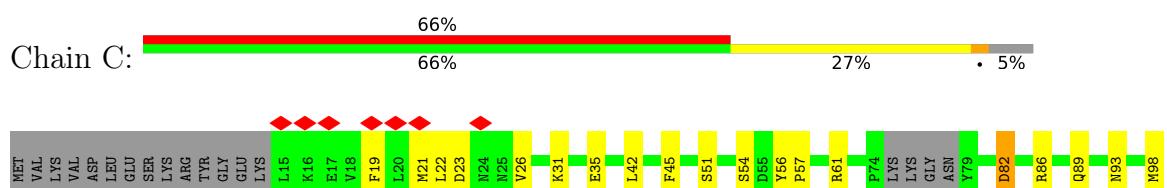
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

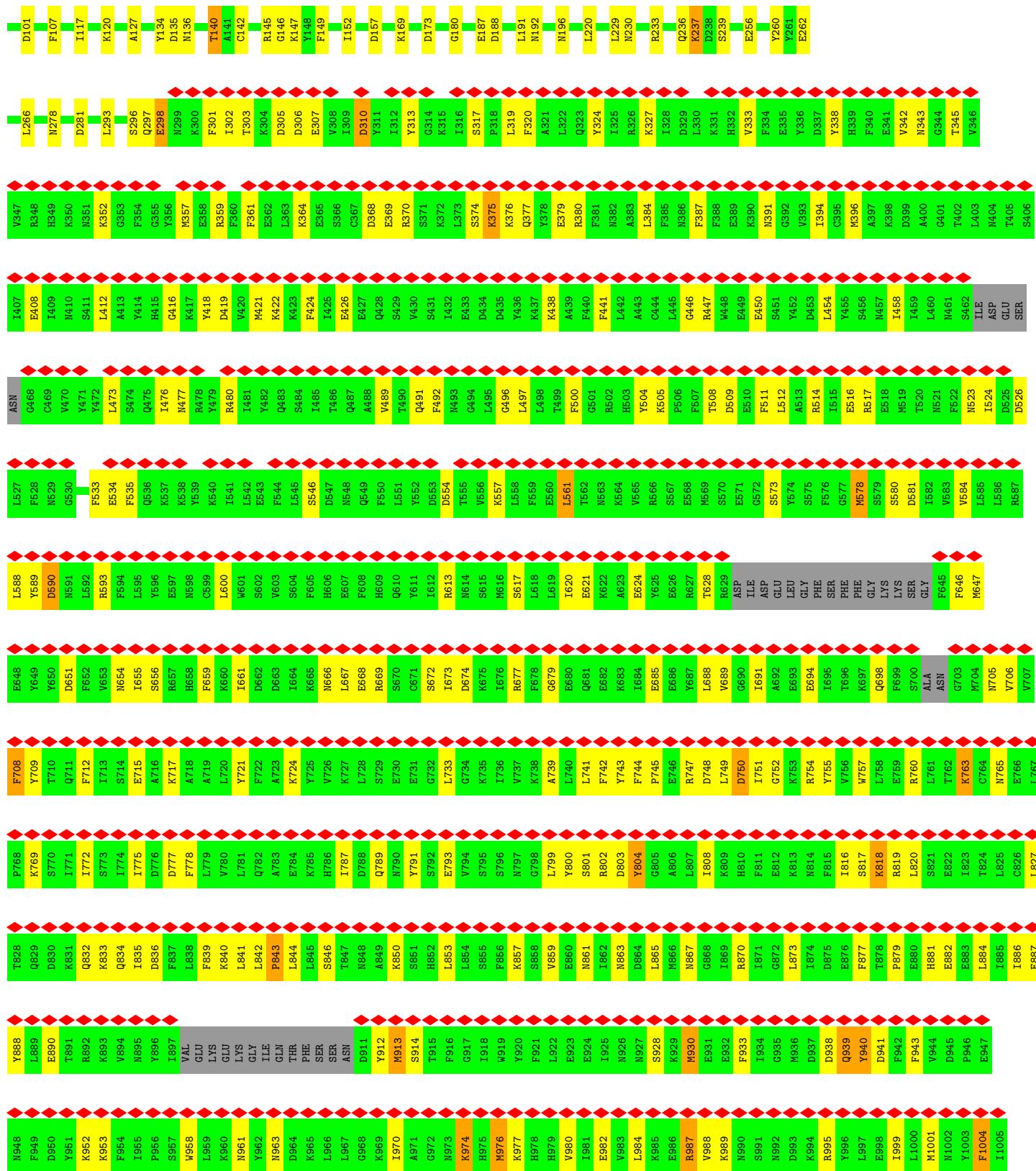
- Molecule 1: SIR2 family protein





- Molecule 1: SIR2 family protein





- Molecule 1: SIR2 family protein

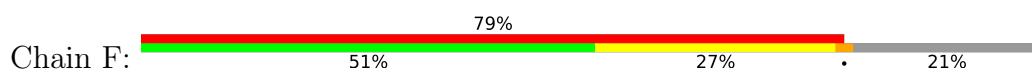


Y951	K831	Q711	D651	F652	F528	Y286	K20
R892	K893	Q832	I772	F712	S287		
K893	K833	S773	I713	M123			
Y894	Q834	I774	S714	M124			
N895	I835	I775	E715	M125			
Y896	D836	D776	A716	M126			
I897	F897	D777	K717	M127			
VAL	VAL	F778	A718	M128			
GLU	GLU	F778	A719	M129			
L1959	F839	L779	K59	M129			
L1959	R360	K660	K59	M130			
GLU	K840	V780	K59	M131			
L1959	L1959	L781	Y721	K59	M132		
GLY	L842	Q782	F722	K59	M133		
I1966	V962	V726	D662	S602	M134		
ILE	A783	A723	D663	V603	M135		
G1N	P843	A783	K724	V604	M136		
THR	L644	E784	K724	K664	M137		
PHE	L645	K725	V725	K665	M138		
SER	S846	H786	V726	N666	M139		
I1966	T847	I787	K727	L667	M140		
ASN	D911	N668	L728	E668	M141		
D911	N668	D788	E789	R669	M142		
K869	Y912	N668	N790	S670	M143		
Y912	I1970	K785	E730	Q610	M144		
M913	K650	A971	S731	Y52	M145		
S914	S851	S972	G732	Y611	M146		
H915	H652	S972	S792	D563	M147		
L853	E793	L733	I673	D554	M148		
F915	L654	Q973	G734	R555	M149		
Q917	I1918	K974	K735	S615	M150		
V918	H975	V980	L740	K557	M151		
V919	H976	S801	L741	I676	M152		
Y920	K957	Y977	V737	R677	M153		
I925	S858	G798	K738	F678	M154		
F921	V978	L799	A739	G679	M155		
L922	V979	E923	E680	E680	M156		
E924	E924	E924	L740	I620	M157		
R802	I925	I925	Q681	E621	M158		
N926	N926	N926	R682	K622	M159		
D803	D863	D863	K683	A623	M160		
D864	D864	D864	I684	E624	M161		
V980	V980	V980	E685	Y625	M162		
L865	L865	L865	P745	E685	M163		
M866	M866	M866	E746	E686	M164		
A806	A806	A806	F747	E686	M165		
N935	N935	N935	L807	R747	M166		
M936	M936	M936	K936	Y687	M167		
E931	E931	E931	E808	L688	M168		
E932	E932	E932	K809	V689	M169		
F933	F933	F933	H810	D750	M170		
S934	I934	I934	F811	I751	M171		
G935	G935	G935	G882	I751	M172		
M936	M936	M936	G882	G882	M173		
E937	E937	E937	D870	E812	M174		
I874	I874	I874	D870	K813	M175		
N893	N893	N893	D876	K813	M176		
B895	B895	B895	F815	R754	M177		
Y996	Y996	Y996	E876	E876	M178		
Q939	Q939	Q939	E876	E876	M179		
Y940	D993	D993	E876	E876	M180		
D941	D941	D941	E876	E876	M181		
F942	F942	F942	D876	E876	M182		
E947	E947	E947	D876	E876	M183		
N948	N948	N948	D876	E876	M184		
F949	F949	F949	D876	E876	M185		
D950	D950	D950	D876	E876	M186		

- Molecule 2: Bacillus phage SPbeta DSAD1 protein



- Molecule 2: Bacillus phage SPbeta DSAD1 protein



4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	101402	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING ONLY	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	4.225	Depositor
Minimum map value	-2.195	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.070	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.4	Depositor
Map size (Å)	463.12003, 463.12003, 463.12003	wwPDB
Map dimensions	560, 560, 560	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.827, 0.827, 0.827	Depositor

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	0.27	0/8148	0.46	0/10973
1	B	0.28	0/8148	0.47	0/10973
1	C	0.28	1/8139 (0.0%)	0.48	5/10962 (0.0%)
1	D	0.27	0/8148	0.46	0/10973
2	E	0.26	0/983	0.53	1/1333 (0.1%)
2	F	0.26	0/983	0.46	0/1333
All	All	0.27	1/34549 (0.0%)	0.47	6/46547 (0.0%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	C	745	PRO	CG-CD	-5.36	1.32	1.50

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	843	PRO	CA-N-CD	-11.87	94.88	111.50
1	C	745	PRO	N-CD-CG	-9.97	88.24	103.20
2	E	50	PRO	CA-N-CD	-6.07	103.00	111.50
1	C	745	PRO	CA-CB-CG	-5.53	93.50	104.00
1	C	745	PRO	CA-N-CD	-5.29	104.09	111.50

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	7964	0	7812	183	0
1	B	7966	0	7811	181	0
1	C	7955	0	7799	182	0
1	D	7966	0	7811	193	0
2	E	957	0	942	40	0
2	F	957	0	942	30	0
All	All	33765	0	33117	773	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

The worst 5 of 773 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:E:52:ARG:HH21	2:E:54:ASN:HA	1.32	0.93
1:C:297:GLN:NE2	1:D:521:ASN:HD21	1.74	0.85
1:C:297:GLN:NE2	1:D:521:ASN:ND2	2.25	0.83
2:F:88:HIS:HD2	2:F:91:THR:H	1.25	0.83
1:C:772:ILE:HD11	1:C:808:ILE:HG23	1.62	0.81

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [\(i\)](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	941/1005 (94%)	925 (98%)	16 (2%)	0	100 100
1	B	939/1005 (93%)	921 (98%)	18 (2%)	0	100 100
1	C	940/1005 (94%)	928 (99%)	12 (1%)	0	100 100
1	D	939/1005 (93%)	921 (98%)	18 (2%)	0	100 100
2	E	114/146 (78%)	111 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100 100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
2	F	114/146 (78%)	108 (95%)	6 (5%)	0	100 100
All	All	3987/4312 (92%)	3914 (98%)	73 (2%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	878/923 (95%)	821 (94%)	57 (6%)	17 22
1	B	877/923 (95%)	820 (94%)	57 (6%)	17 22
1	C	877/923 (95%)	819 (93%)	58 (7%)	16 21
1	D	877/923 (95%)	821 (94%)	56 (6%)	17 22
2	E	111/131 (85%)	99 (89%)	12 (11%)	6 7
2	F	111/131 (85%)	102 (92%)	9 (8%)	11 15
All	All	3731/3954 (94%)	3482 (93%)	249 (7%)	20 21

5 of 249 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	E	18	SER
1	D	714	SER
1	C	491	GLN
1	D	685	GLU
1	D	957	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 16 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	927	ASN
1	C	1002	ASN
1	C	297	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	979	HIS
1	C	196	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [\(i\)](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [\(i\)](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [\(i\)](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [\(i\)](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [\(i\)](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

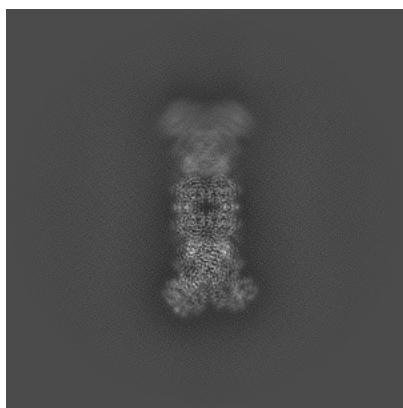
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-37924. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

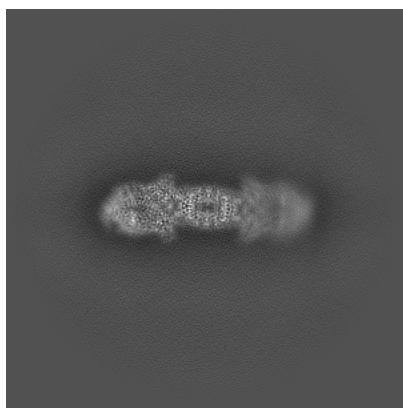
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

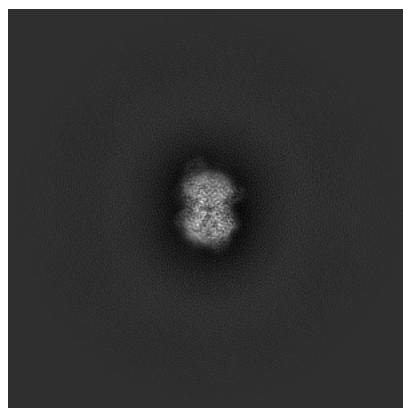
6.1.1 Primary map



X

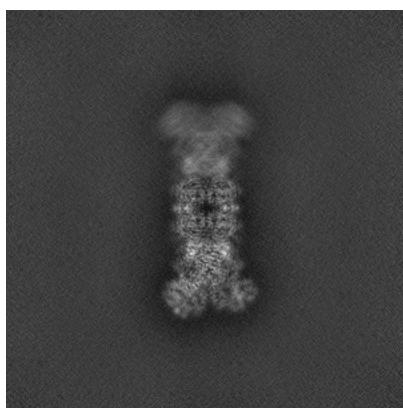


Y

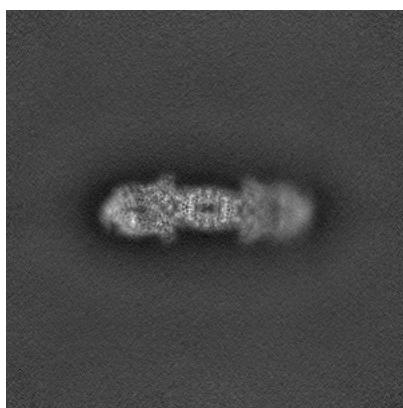


Z

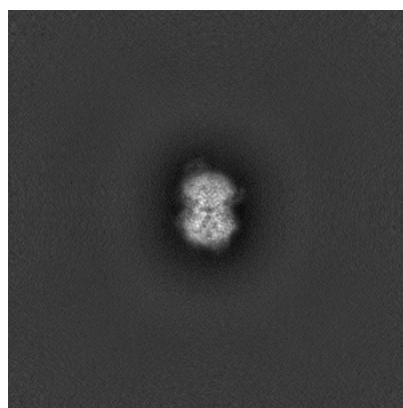
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

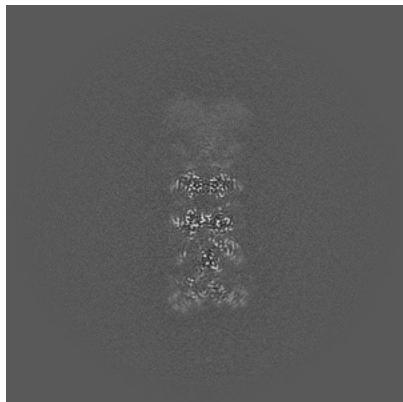


Z

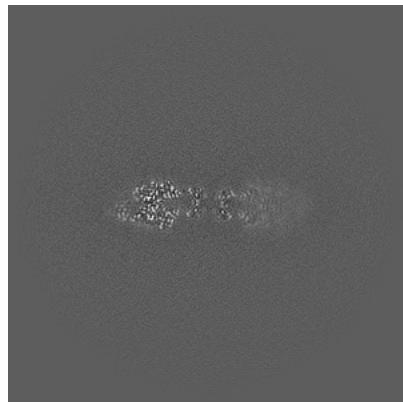
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [\(i\)](#)

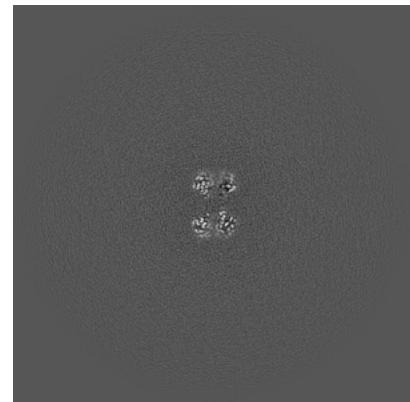
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 280

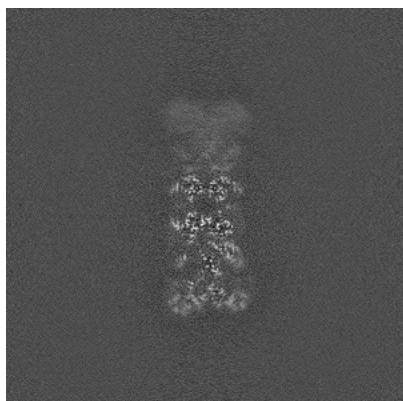


Y Index: 280

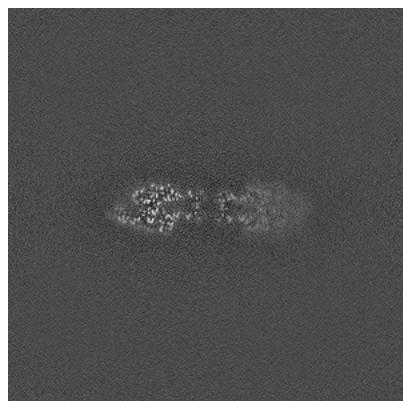


Z Index: 280

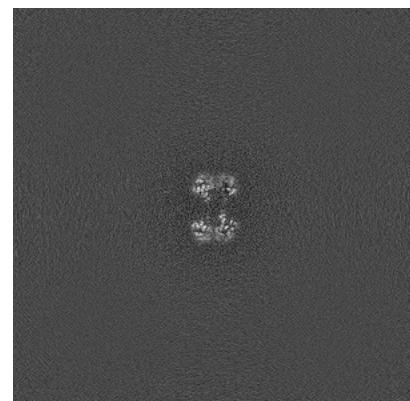
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 280



Y Index: 280

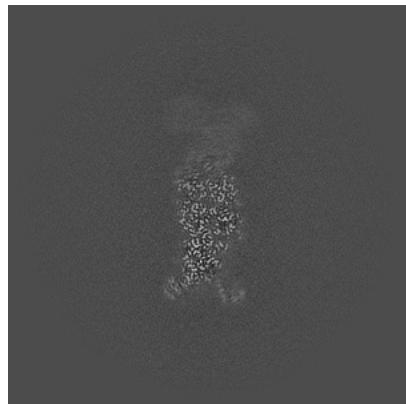


Z Index: 280

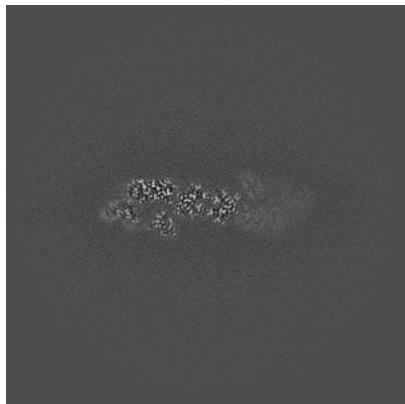
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [\(i\)](#)

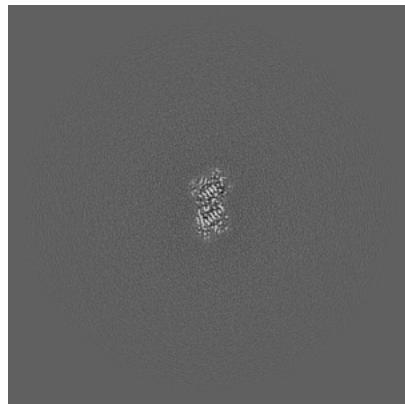
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 295

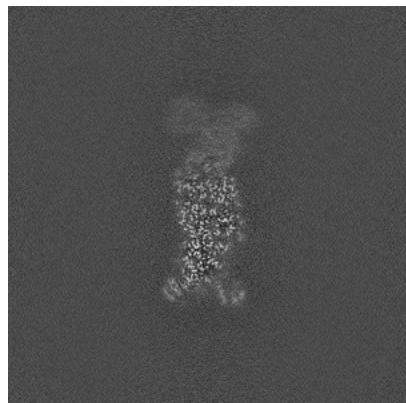


Y Index: 265

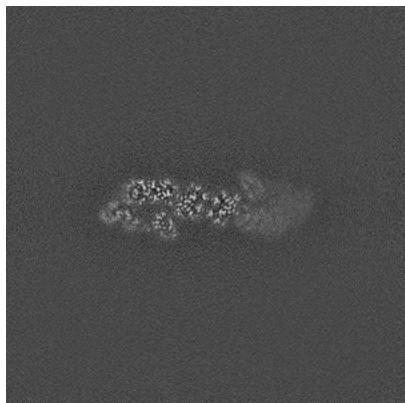


Z Index: 257

6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 295



Y Index: 265

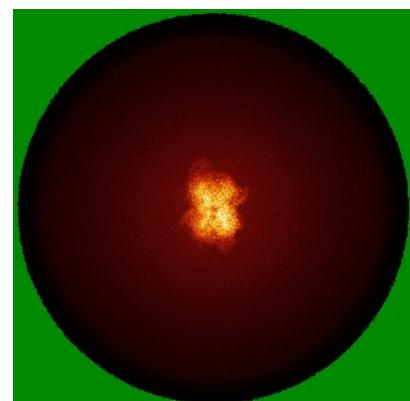
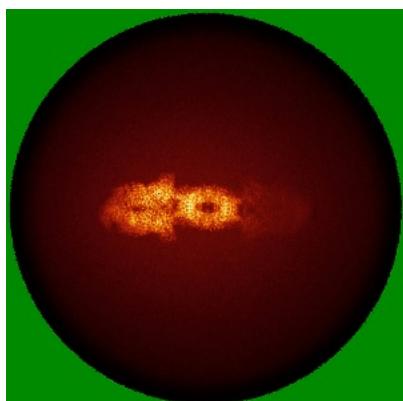
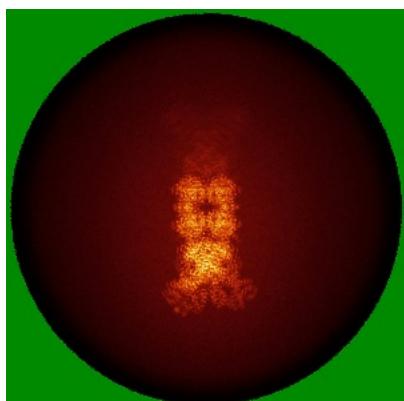


Z Index: 257

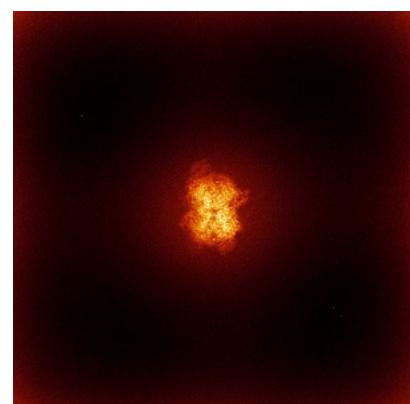
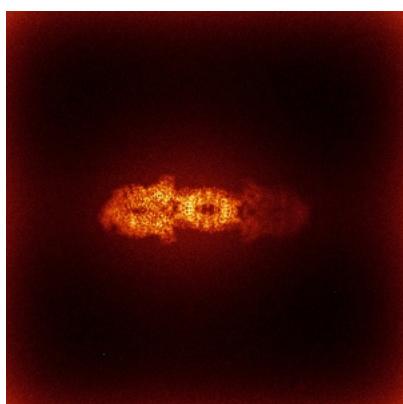
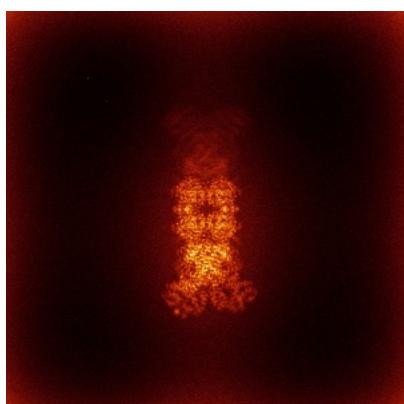
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [\(i\)](#)

6.4.1 Primary map



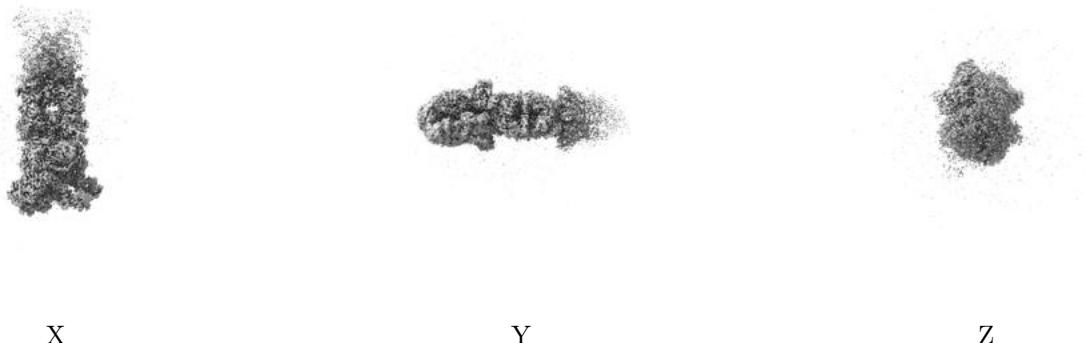
6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

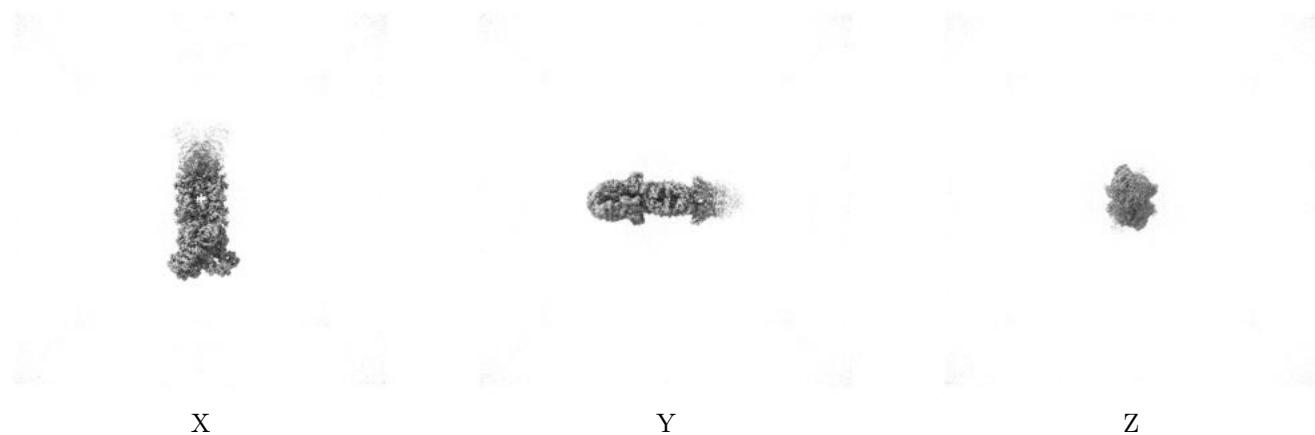
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [\(i\)](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.4. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

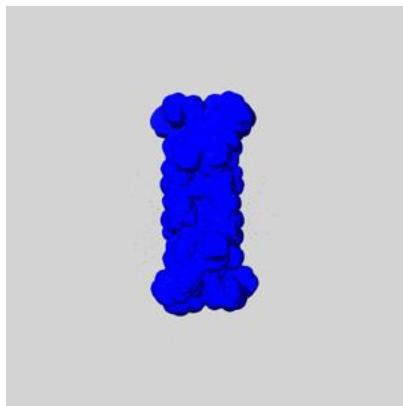
6.6 Mask visualisation [\(i\)](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

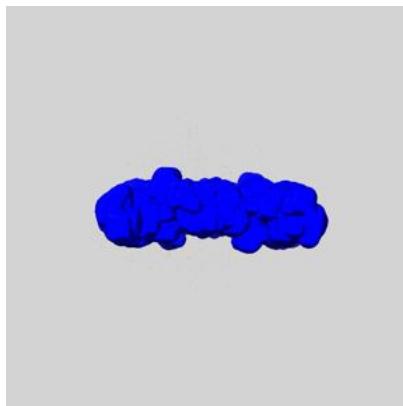
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

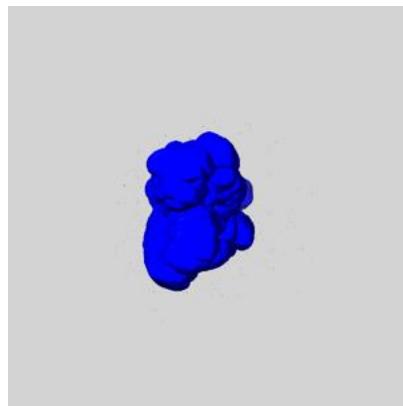
6.6.1 emd_37924_msk_1.map [\(i\)](#)



X



Y

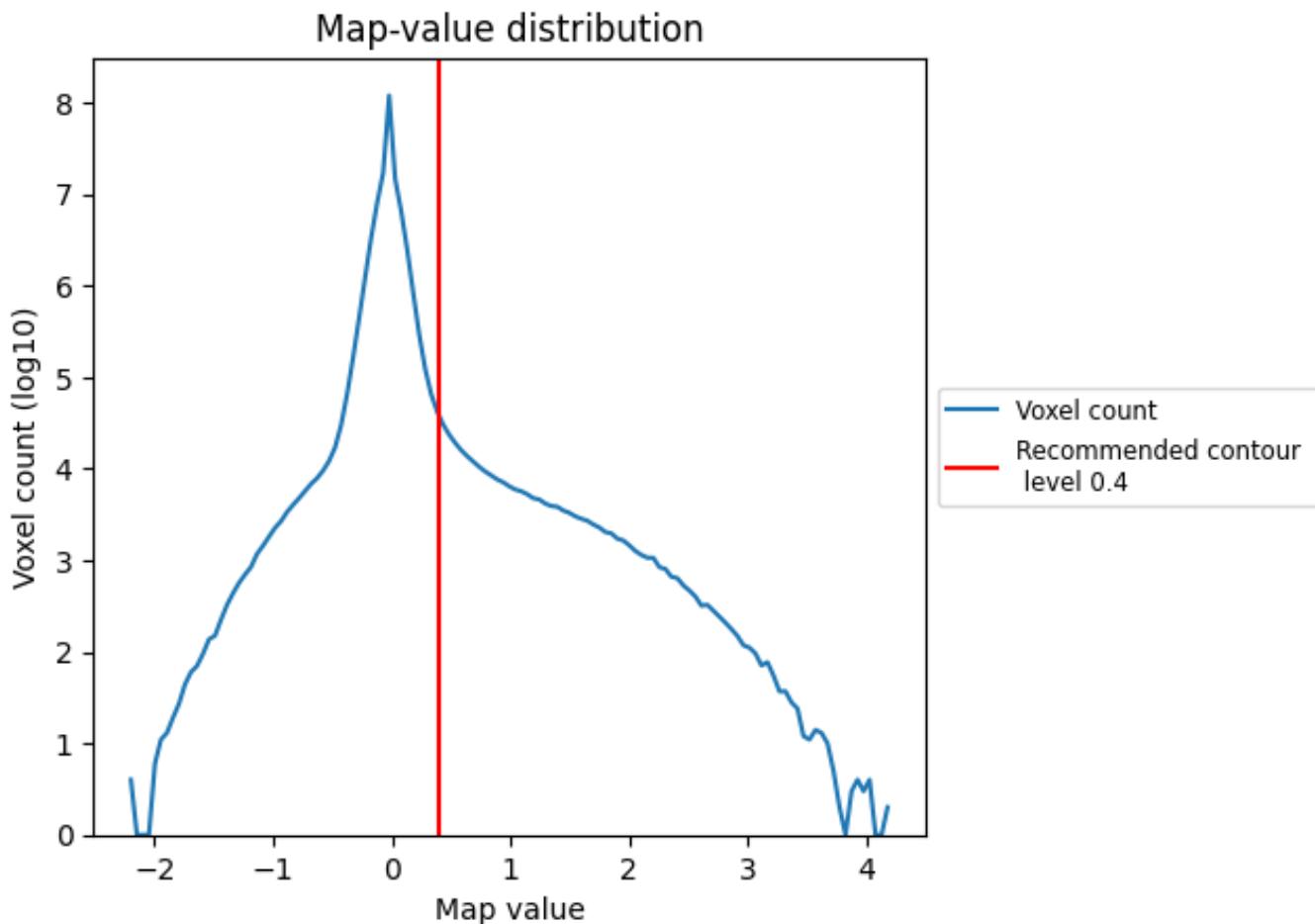


Z

7 Map analysis (i)

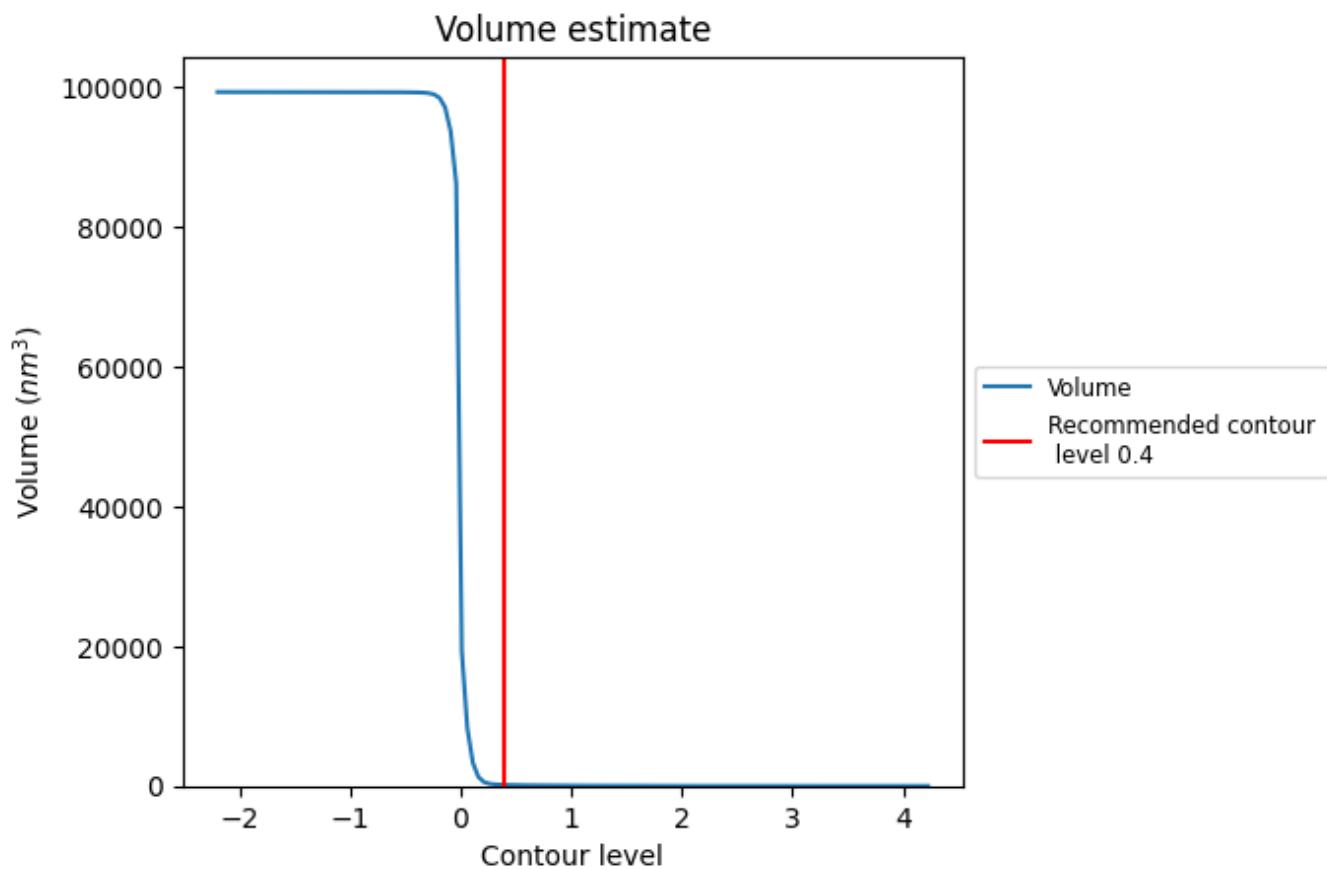
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

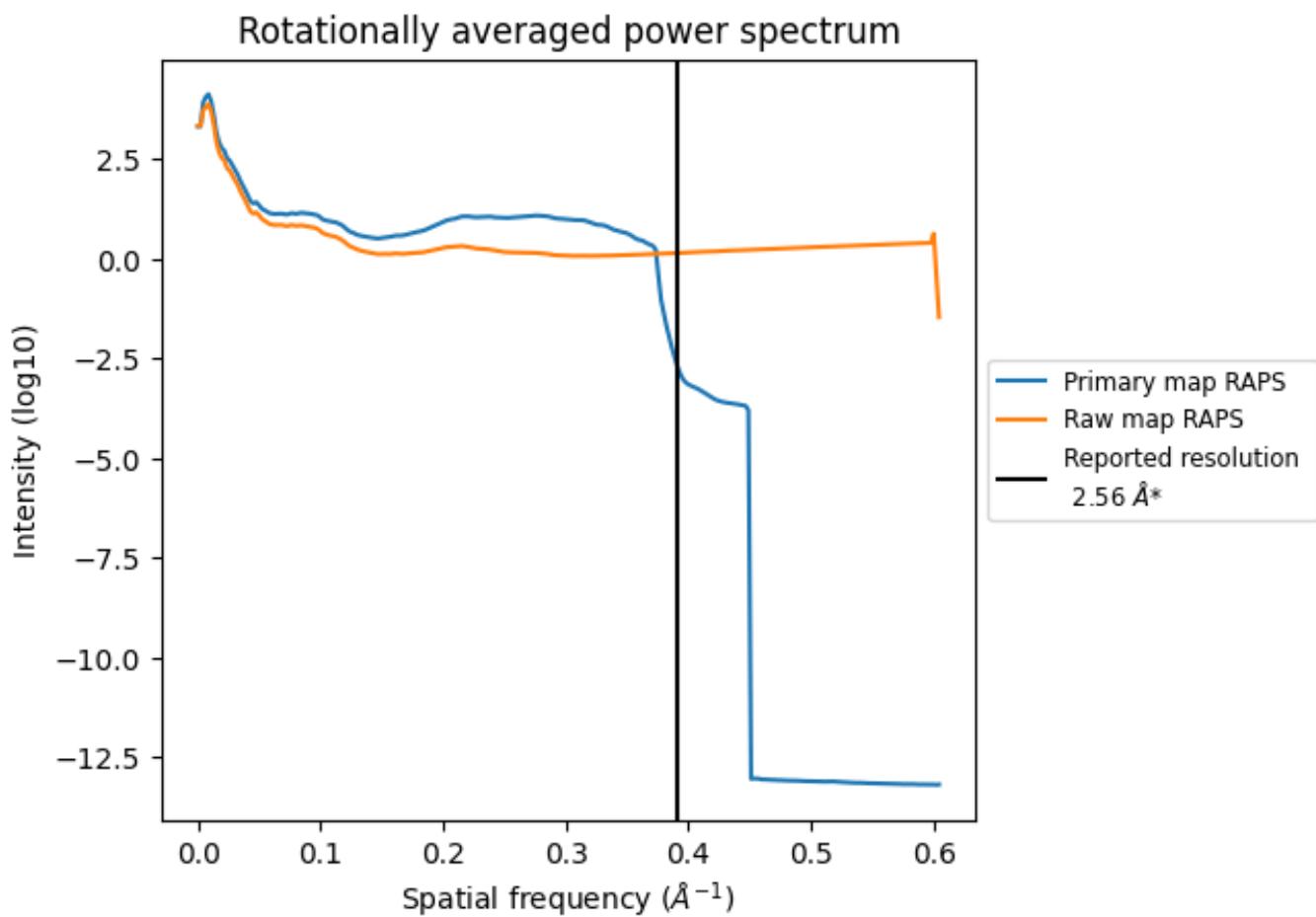
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 153 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 138 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [\(i\)](#)

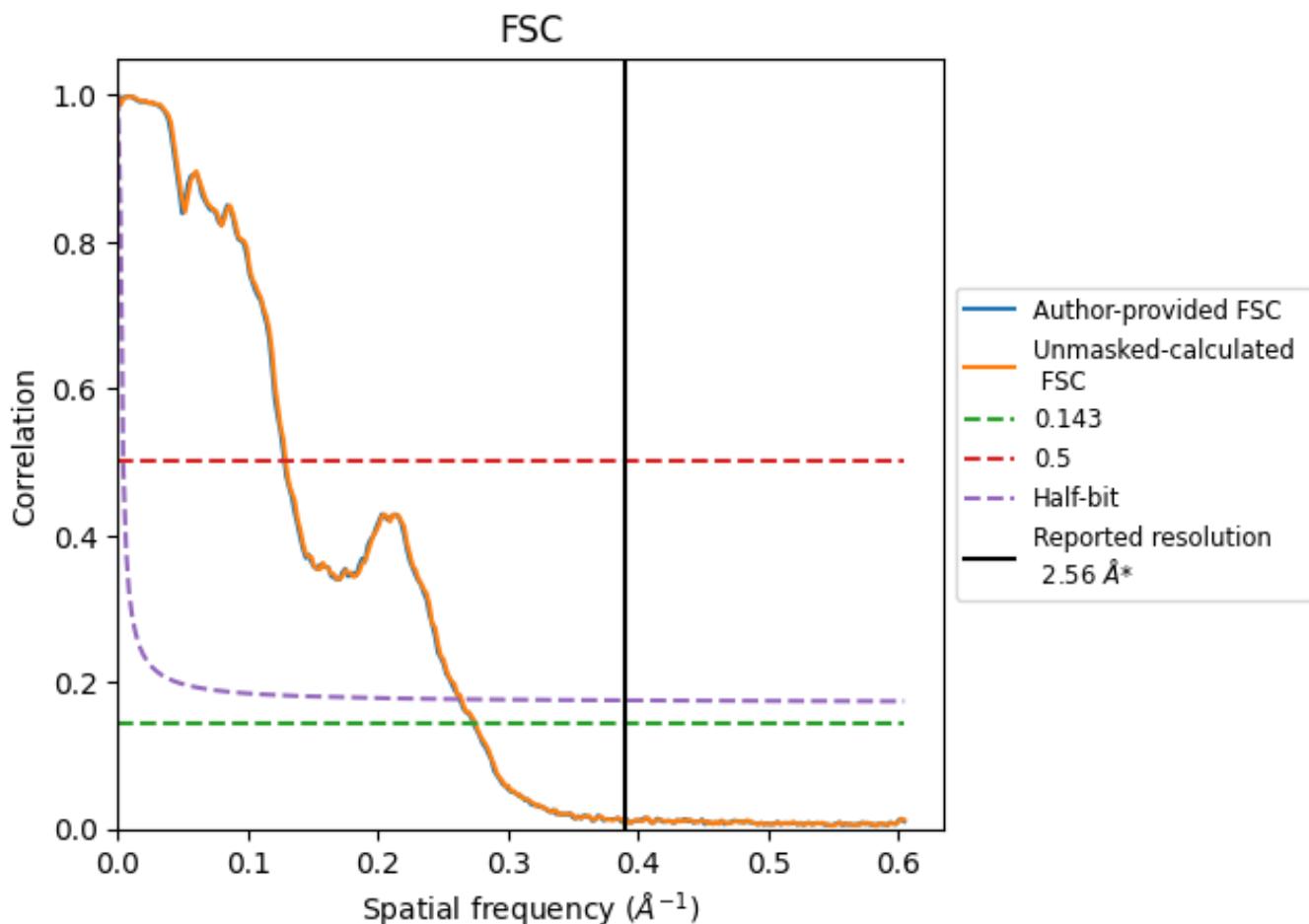


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.391 \AA^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [\(i\)](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [\(i\)](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.391 \AA^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates [\(i\)](#)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.56	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.65	7.80	3.80
Unmasked-calculated*	3.64	7.74	3.78

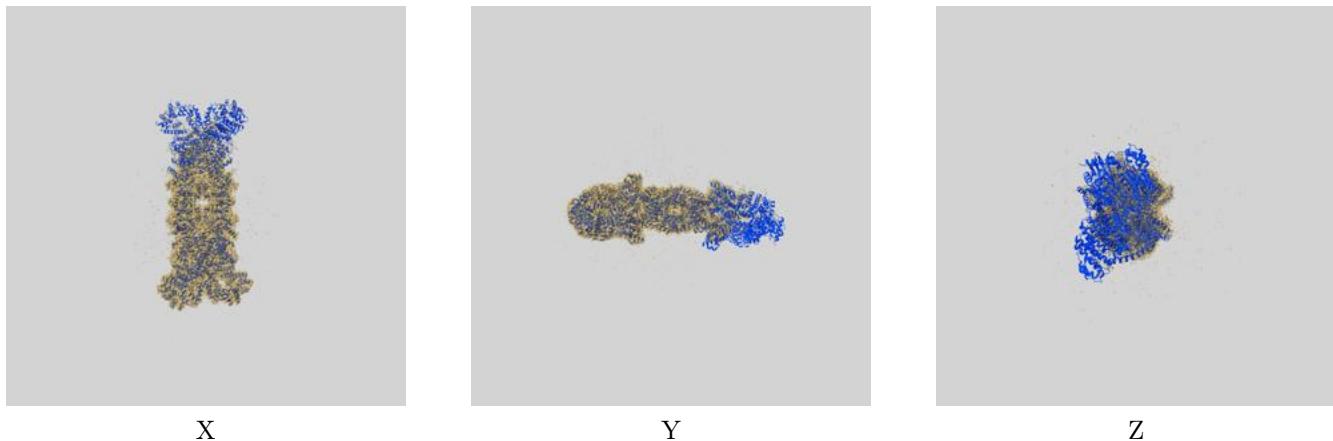
*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from author-provided FSC intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.65 differs from the reported value 2.56 by more than 10 %

The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.64 differs from the reported value 2.56 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [\(i\)](#)

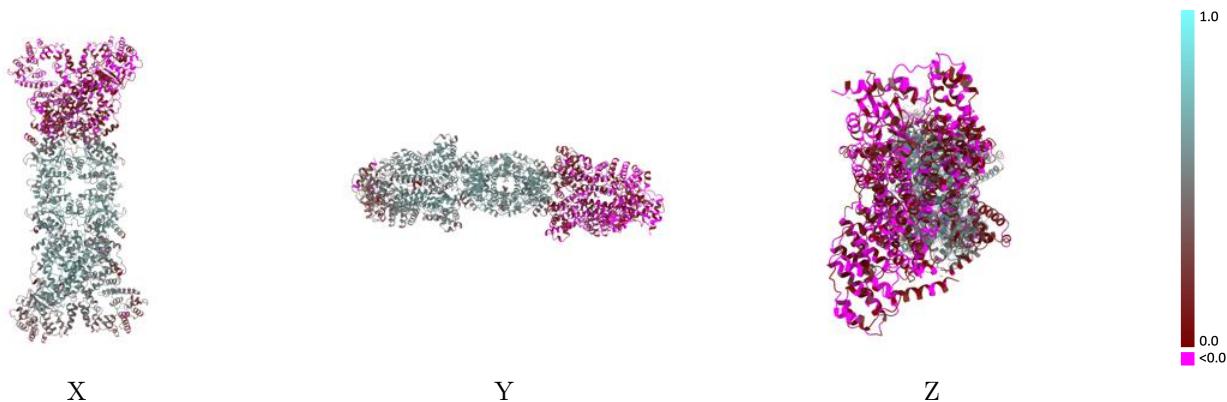
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-37924 and PDB model 8WYD. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [5](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [\(i\)](#)



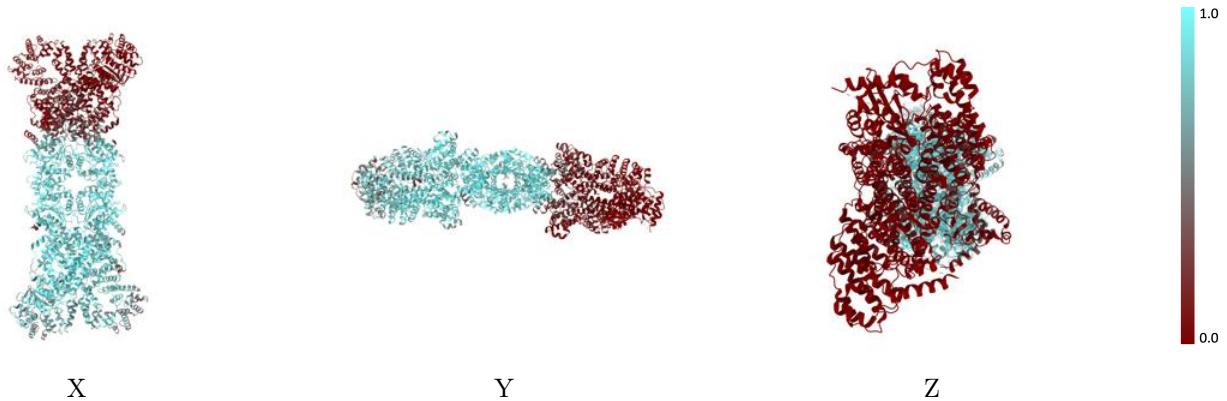
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.4 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



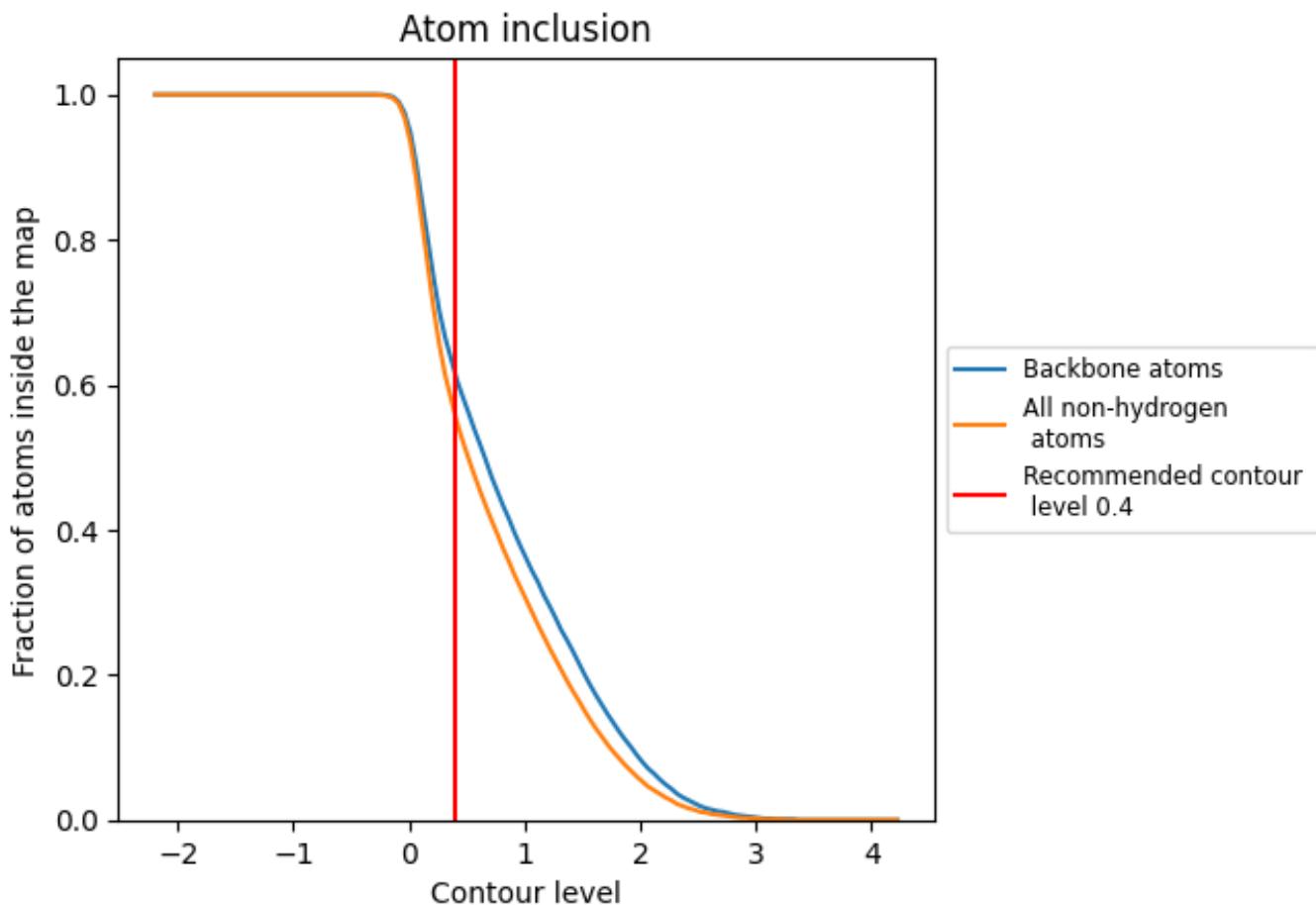
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.4).

9.4 Atom inclusion [\(i\)](#)



At the recommended contour level, 61% of all backbone atoms, 56% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.4) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.5570	0.3520
A	0.8330	0.5110
B	0.8510	0.5300
C	0.2890	0.1860
D	0.3050	0.2140
E	0.6880	0.4290
F	0.0020	0.0130

