

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 19, 2024 – 10:24 AM JST

PDB ID : 8X7E

Title : Crystal Structure of the mutant Human ROR gamma Ligand Binding Domain

With JTE-151

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Deposited on : 2023-11-24

Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 3.0

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.003 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.11

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

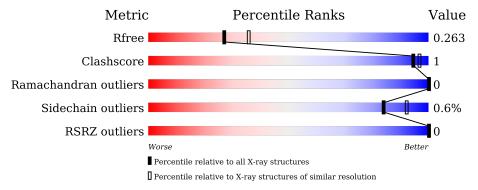
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

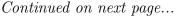
Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution		
Menic	$(\# ext{Entries})$	$(\# { m Entries, resolution range(\AA)})$		
R_{free}	164625	5963 (2.30-2.30)		
Clashscore	180529	6698 (2.30-2.30)		
Ramachandran outliers	177936	6640 (2.30-2.30)		
Sidechain outliers	177891	6640 (2.30-2.30)		
RSRZ outliers	164620	5963 (2.30-2.30)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	258	83%	5%	12%
1	С	258	87%	·	12%
1	Е	258	86%	•	12%
1	G	258	83%	5%	12%
2	В	22	64%	36%	
2	D	22	68%	32%	





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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
2	F	22	68%	32%				
2	Н	22	55% 9%	36%				



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8177 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Nuclear receptor ROR-gamma.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	227	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	221	1850	1173	333	330	14	0	0	
1	С	228	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	
1		220	1863	1181	335	332	15	0	1	
1	Е	E 227	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	15	221	1850	1173	333	330	14	0	0	
1	1 G	228	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	G	220	1857	1178	334	331	14	U	U	U

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

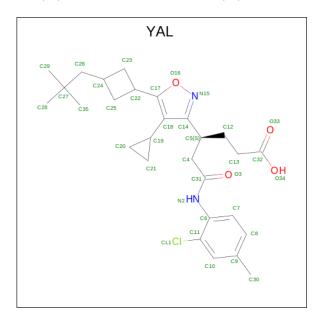
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	469	ALA	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P51449
A	473	ALA	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P51449
С	469	ALA	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P51449
С	473	ALA	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P51449
Е	469	ALA	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P51449
Е	473	ALA	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P51449
G	469	ALA	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P51449
G	473	ALA	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P51449

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Nuclear receptor corepressor 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	В	1.4	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	Б	14	106	67	19	18	2	U		
2	D	15	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	D	10	110	69	20	19	2		U	
2	F	15	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	F 15	110	69	20	19	2	U	U	U	
2 H	TT 14	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0	
	11	14	106	67	19	18	2	0	U	U



• Molecule 3 is $(4 \{S\})$ -6-[(2-chloranyl-4-methyl-phenyl)amino]-4-[4-cyclopropyl-5-[3-(2,2-dimethylpropyl)cyclobutyl]-1,2-oxazol-3-yl]-6-oxidanylidene-hexanoic acid (three-letter code: YAL) (formula: $C_{28}H_{37}ClN_2O_4$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	
3	A	1	Total	С	Cl	N	О	0	0	
3	Λ		35	28	1	2	4	U		
3	С	1	Total	С	Cl	N	О	0	0	
3		1	35	28	1	2	4	U		
3	Е	1	Total	С	Cl	N	О	0	0	
3) E	1	35	28	1	2	4	U	U	
2	С	1	Total	С	Cl	N	О	0	0	
3	G	1	35	28	1	2	4	U		

• Molecule 4 is water.

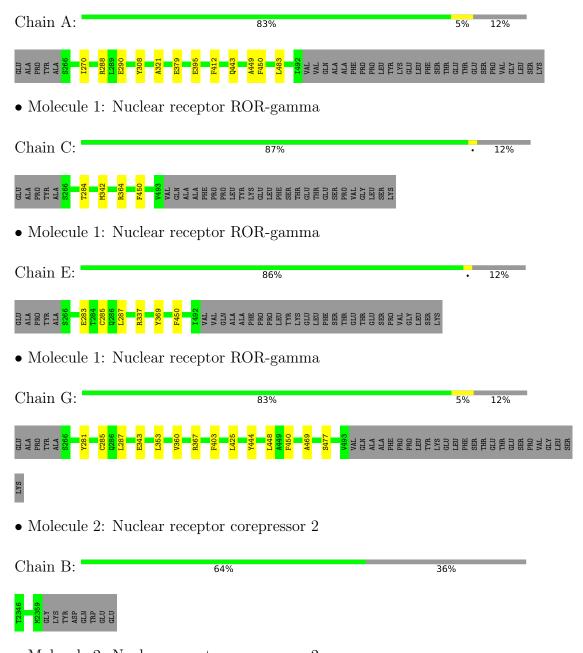
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	49	Total O 49 49	0	0
4	С	55	Total O 55 55	0	0
4	D	3	Total O 3 3	0	0
4	E	47	Total O 47 47	0	0
4	F	1	Total O 1 1	0	0
4	G	30	Total O 30 30	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

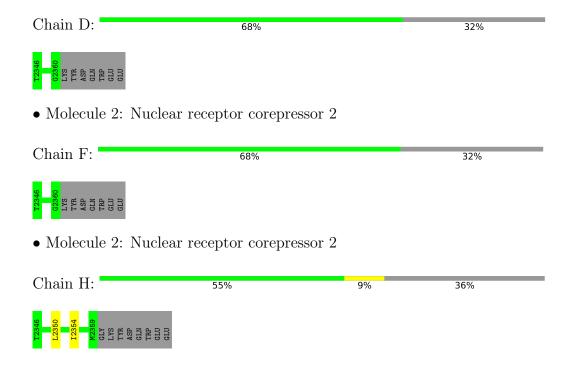
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Nuclear receptor ROR-gamma



• Molecule 2: Nuclear receptor corepressor 2







4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	90.45\AA 79.20Å 97.24Å	Donositon
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 115.67° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.34 - 2.30	Depositor
Resolution (A)	38.34 - 2.30	EDS
% Data completeness	96.2 (38.34-2.30)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	96.0 (38.34-2.30)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.13	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$3.63 \; (at \; 2.29 \text{Å})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.20_4459	Depositor
D.D.	0.219 , 0.263	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.220 , 0.263	DCC
R_{free} test set	2508 reflections $(4.73%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	24.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.572	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 25.5	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.39, < L^2>=0.21$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.076 for h,-k,-h-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	8177	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	38.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 22.28 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 5.8908e-03.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: YAL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.26	0/1888	0.47	0/2542	
1	С	0.25	0/1901	0.47	0/2560	
1	Е	0.25	0/1888	0.47	0/2542	
1	G	0.25	0/1895	0.46	0/2552	
2	В	0.24	0/105	0.51	0/138	
2	D	0.24	0/109	0.51	0/143	
2	F	0.24	0/109	0.50	0/143	
2	Н	0.26	0/105	0.52	0/138	
All	All	0.25	0/8000	0.47	0/10758	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1850	0	1846	6	0
1	С	1863	0	1859	2	0
1	Е	1850	0	1846	3	0
1	G	1857	0	1855	8	0
2	В	106	0	119	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	D	110	0	122	0	0
2	F	110	0	122	0	0
2	Н	106	0	119	2	0
3	A	35	0	0	0	0
3	С	35	0	0	0	0
3	Ε	35	0	0	0	0
3	G	35	0	0	0	0
4	A	49	0	0	1	0
4	С	55	0	0	0	0
4	D	3	0	0	0	0
4	Ε	47	0	0	1	0
4	F	1	0	0	0	0
4	G	30	0	0	0	0
All	All	8177	0	7888	19	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 19 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	
1:G:285:CYS:O	1:G:287:LEU:N	2.40	0.55	
1:G:444:TYR:CE2	1:G:448:LEU:HD11	2.42	0.54	
1:G:343:GLU:N	1:G:343:GLU:OE1	2.43	0.52	
1:G:353:LEU:HD13	2:H:2354:ILE:HG23	1.92	0.50	
1:G:281:TYR:OH	1:G:367:ARG:NE	2.47	0.47	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	225/258~(87%)	219 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100 100
1	\mathbf{C}	$227/258\ (88\%)$	220 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100 100
1	E	$225/258\ (87\%)$	218 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100 100
1	G	$226/258\ (88\%)$	222 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100 100
2	В	12/22~(54%)	12 (100%)	0	0	100 100
2	D	13/22~(59%)	13 (100%)	0	0	100 100
2	F	13/22~(59%)	13 (100%)	0	0	100 100
2	Н	12/22~(54%)	11 (92%)	1 (8%)	0	100 100
All	All	953/1120 (85%)	928 (97%)	25 (3%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentile		
1	A	202/228~(89%)	200 (99%)	2 (1%)	73	85	
1	С	204/228 (90%)	203 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	93	
1	E	202/228~(89%)	201 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	93	
1	G	203/228~(89%)	202 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	93	
2	В	11/18 (61%)	11 (100%)	0	100	100	
2	D	11/18 (61%)	11 (100%)	0	100	100	
2	F	11/18 (61%)	11 (100%)	0	100	100	
2	Н	11/18 (61%)	11 (100%)	0	100	100	
All	All	855/984 (87%)	850 (99%)	5 (1%)	84	92	

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	412	PHE
1	A	450	PHE

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	450	PHE
1	Е	450	PHE
1	G	450	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	479	HIS
1	С	487	GLN
1	G	347	ASN
1	G	490	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
	3	YAL	G	9000	-	34,38,38	0.71	0	41,56,56	1.07	4 (9%)



Mol Typ	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	Bond angles			
	Туре			Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	YAL	A	9000	-	34,38,38	0.67	0	41,56,56	1.03	3 (7%)
3	YAL	Е	9000	-	34,38,38	0.69	0	41,56,56	1.03	4 (9%)
3	YAL	С	9000	-	34,38,38	0.70	0	41,56,56	0.97	2 (4%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	YAL	G	9000	-	-	5/16/40/40	0/4/4/4
3	YAL	A	9000	-	-	6/16/40/40	0/4/4/4
3	YAL	E	9000	-	-	5/16/40/40	0/4/4/4
3	YAL	С	9000	-	-	4/16/40/40	0/4/4/4

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 13 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	A	9000	YAL	O33-C32-C13	-2.92	113.71	123.08
3	G	9000	YAL	O33-C32-C13	-2.86	113.88	123.08
3	Е	9000	YAL	O33-C32-C13	-2.82	114.03	123.08
3	С	9000	YAL	O33-C32-C13	-2.75	114.25	123.08
3	G	9000	YAL	C6-C11-CL1	2.73	122.65	119.54

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 20 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	9000	YAL	C24-C26-C27-C29
3	Е	9000	YAL	C24-C26-C27-C28
3	С	9000	YAL	C13-C12-C5-C14
3	С	9000	YAL	C13-C12-C5-C4
3	A	9000	YAL	C24-C26-C27-C35

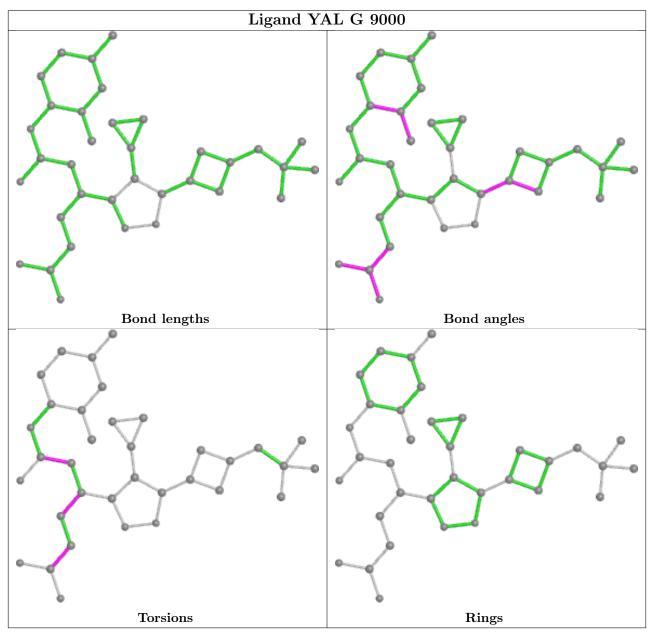
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

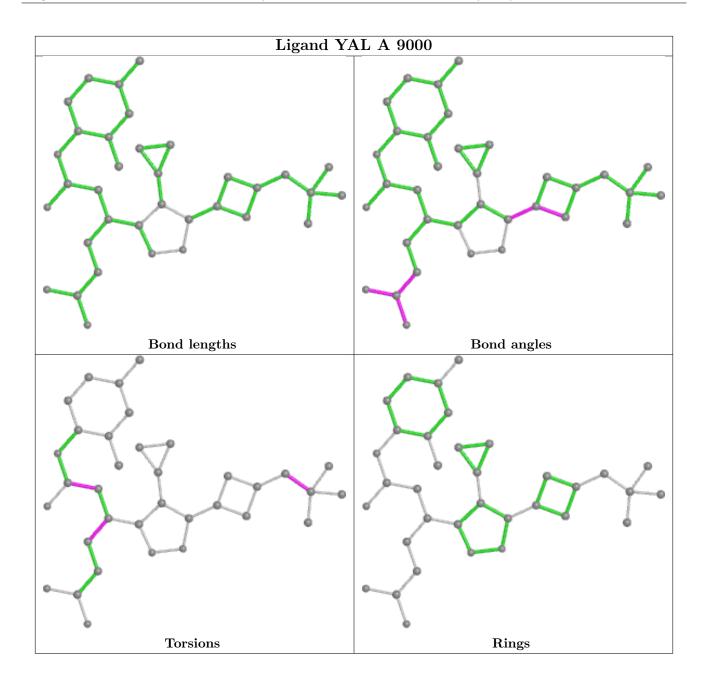
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In



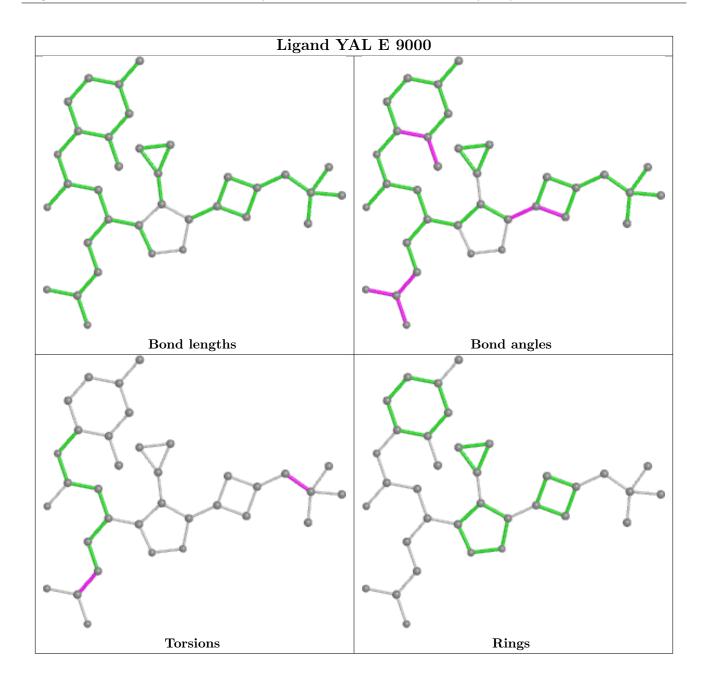
addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



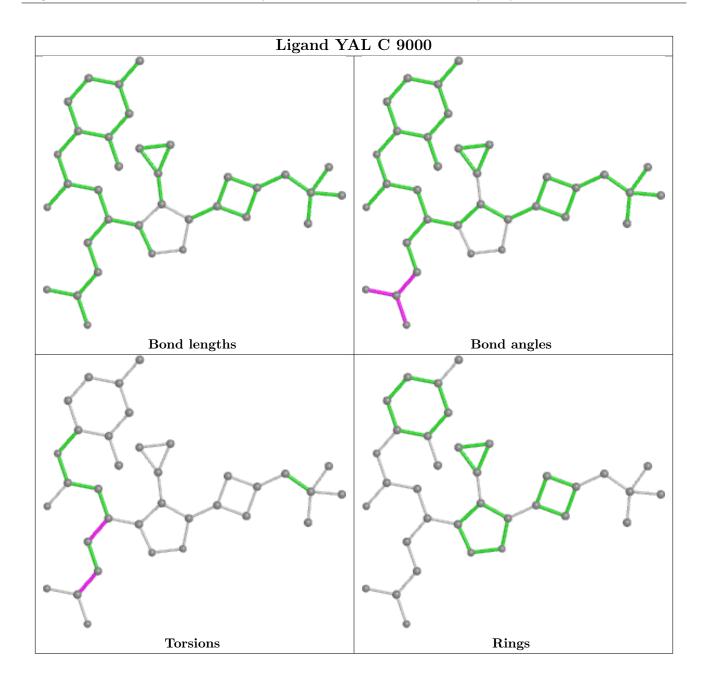












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	#RSRZ>2		ZZ>2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	227/258 (87%)	-1.68	0	100	100	22, 35, 53, 69	0
1	С	228/258~(88%)	-1.66	0	100	100	18, 34, 56, 91	1 (0%)
1	E	227/258 (87%)	-1.69	0	100	100	21, 34, 54, 71	0
1	G	228/258 (88%)	-1.64	0	100	100	25, 39, 61, 94	0
2	В	14/22~(63%)	-1.60	0	100	100	35, 46, 64, 66	0
2	D	15/22 (68%)	-1.58	0	100	100	32, 42, 64, 69	0
2	F	15/22~(68%)	-1.53	0	100	100	35, 46, 70, 74	0
2	Н	14/22 (63%)	-1.59	0	100	100	38, 45, 59, 61	0
All	All	968/1120 (86%)	-1.66	0	100	100	18, 36, 59, 94	1 (0%)

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains i

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

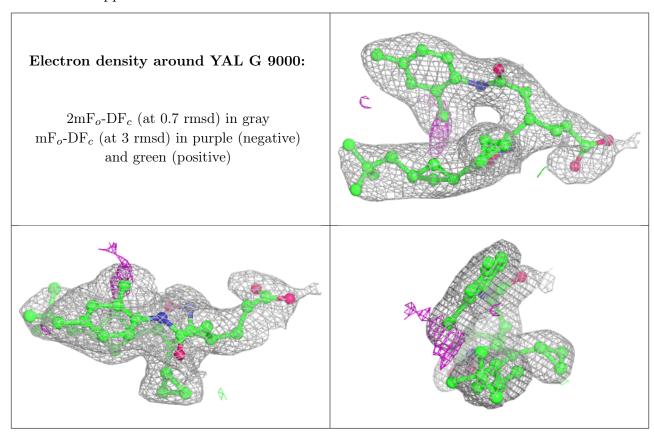
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f \AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	YAL	G	9000	35/35	0.99	0.03	25,33,44,51	0
3	YAL	С	9000	35/35	1.00	0.02	17,26,36,44	0
3	YAL	Е	9000	35/35	1.00	0.03	20,25,38,47	0
3	YAL	A	9000	35/35	1.00	0.03	19,28,44,48	0

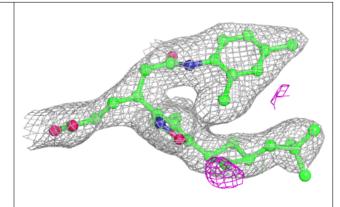
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

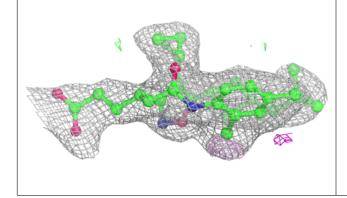


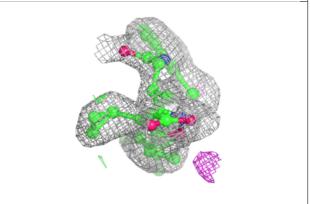


Electron density around YAL C 9000:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

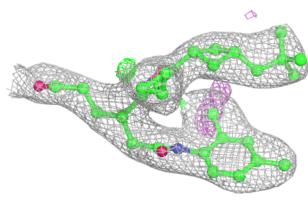


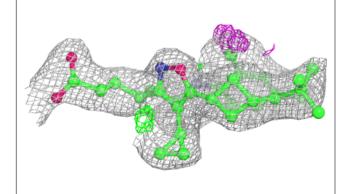


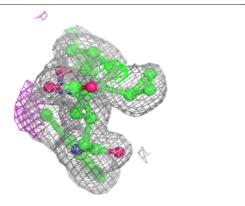


Electron density around YAL E 9000:

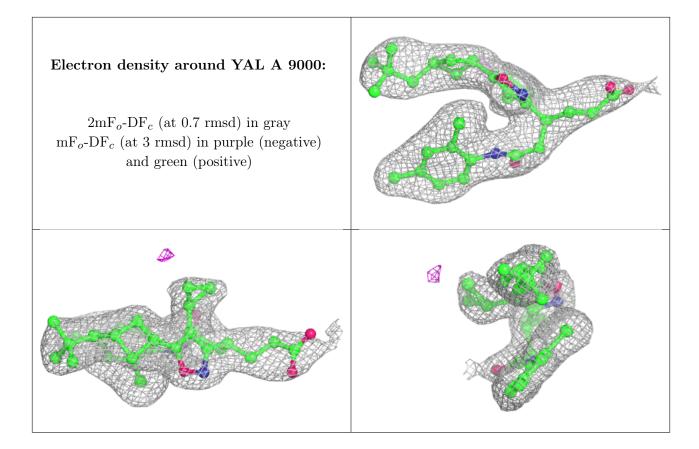
 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)











6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

