

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Oct 21, 2024 – 11:22 AM EDT

PDB ID : 1XCW

Title: Acarbose Rearrangement Mechanism Implied by the Kinetic and Structural

Analysis of Human Pancreatic alpha-Amylase in Complex with Analogues and

Their Elongated Counterparts

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Deposited on : 2004-09-03

Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.20.1

EDS: 3.0

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.003 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.11

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

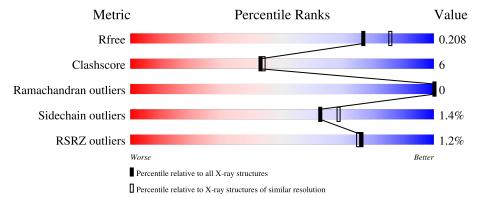
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	164625	9409 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	180529	10737 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	10628 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	177891	10627 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	164620	9409 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	496	88%	11%	•			
2	В	2	50% 50%					



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4159 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Alpha-amylase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	496	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	490	3946	2497	696	733	20	0	0	

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 4,6-dideoxy-4-{[(1S,4R,5S,6S)-4,5,6-trihydroxy-3-(hydroxymethyl)cyclohex-2-en-1-yl]amino}-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	2	Total C N O 33 19 1 13	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

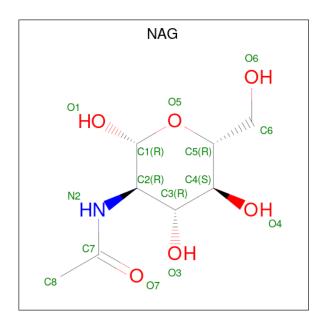
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).





Mo	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf		
5	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

#### • Molecule 6 is water.

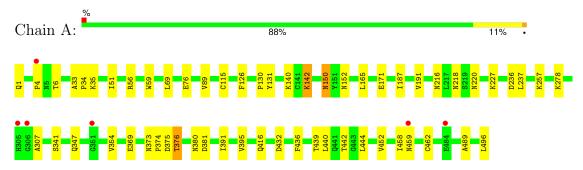
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	164	Total O 164 164	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Alpha-amylase



 $\bullet$  Molecule 2: 4,6-dideoxy-4-{[(1S,4R,5S,6S)-4,5,6-trihydroxy-3-(hydroxymethyl)cyclohex-2-en-1-yl|amino}-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose

Chain B: 50% 50%





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	52.90Å 69.00Å 131.90Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 - 2.00	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	10.00 - 2.00	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) (10.00-2.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	74.9 (10.00-2.00)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.01 (at 1.92Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
D D.	0.174 , 0.215	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.172 , 0.208	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1212 reflections (4.84%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	19.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.133	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.43,64.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	4159	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	19.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.56% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, CL, PCA, NAG, GLC, AC1

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	$\mathbf{lengths}$	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.34	0/4053	0.59	0/5506	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3946	0	3717	47	0
2	В	33	0	21	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	14	0	13	0	1
6	A	164	0	0	0	1
All	All	4159	0	3751	47	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (47) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:A:142:LYS:HZ2	1:A:142:LYS:H	1.24	0.84
1:A:69:LEU:HD22	1:A:76:GLU:HG3	1.73	0.70
1:A:218:ASN:HD21	1:A:220:ASN:HD22	1.40	0.69
1:A:33:ALA:HB3	1:A:34:PRO:HD3	1.77	0.64
1:A:187:ILE:HA	1:A:191:VAL:HG22	1.79	0.64
1:A:142:LYS:H	1:A:142:LYS:NZ	1.96	0.63
1:A:218:ASN:ND2	1:A:220:ASN:HB2	2.14	0.62
1:A:373:ASN:HB3	1:A:374:PRO:HD2	1.82	0.61
1:A:218:ASN:HD22	1:A:220:ASN:H	1.49	0.60
1:A:4:PRO:HB2	1:A:6:THR:HG23	1.87	0.57
1:A:375:ASP:C	1:A:376:THR:HG23	2.28	0.54
1:A:458:ILE:HG22	1:A:459:ASN:OD1	2.08	0.54
1:A:440:LEU:N	1:A:440:LEU:HD12	2.23	0.53
1:A:150:ASN:ND2	1:A:152:ASN:H	2.06	0.53
1:A:369:GLU:CD	1:A:369:GLU:H	2.13	0.52
1:A:278:LYS:HB2	1:A:278:LYS:NZ	2.27	0.50
1:A:218:ASN:ND2	1:A:220:ASN:H	2.09	0.50
1:A:142:LYS:HZ2	1:A:142:LYS:N	2.03	0.49
1:A:35:LYS:HD2	1:A:35:LYS:N	2.26	0.49
1:A:51:ILE:HD13	1:A:59:TRP:HZ3	1.78	0.49
1:A:416:GLN:NE2	1:A:436:PHE:HB2	2.26	0.49
1:A:51:ILE:HD13	1:A:59:TRP:CZ3	2.48	0.49
1:A:462:CYS:SG	1:A:496:LEU:HD11	2.53	0.49
1:A:4:PRO:HG2	1:A:4:PRO:O	2.14	0.48
1:A:69:LEU:HD12	1:A:69:LEU:N	2.29	0.48
1:A:416:GLN:HG3	1:A:432:ASP:OD2	2.14	0.48
1:A:216:ASN:HD21	1:A:227:LYS:NZ	2.13	0.46
1:A:439:THR:C	1:A:440:LEU:HD12	2.35	0.46
1:A:51:ILE:O	1:A:56:ARG:HD2	2.16	0.46
1:A:69:LEU:N	1:A:69:LEU:CD1	2.79	0.46
1:A:237:LEU:HD11	1:A:307:ALA:HB1	1.98	0.45
1:A:442:THR:HB	1:A:444:LEU:HD23	1.97	0.45
1:A:4:PRO:C	1:A:6:THR:H	2.20	0.45
1:A:236:ASP:O	1:A:257:LYS:HE3	2.17	0.45
1:A:140:LYS:NZ	1:A:140:LYS:HB2	2.34	0.43
1:A:380:ASN:O	1:A:381:ASP:HB2	2.19	0.43
1:A:140:LYS:HE2	1:A:171:GLU:OE1	2.18	0.43
1:A:126:PHE:HB2	1:A:131:TYR:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:A:347:GLN:O	1:A:354:VAL:HG22	2.18	0.42
1:A:391:ILE:O	1:A:395:VAL:HG23	2.20	0.42
1:A:126:PHE:O	1:A:130:PRO:HA	2.20	0.42
1:A:140:LYS:O	1:A:142:LYS:HE3	2.20	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ (\rm \mathring{A}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:152:ASN:HD22	1:A:152:ASN:HA	1.65	0.41
1:A:33:ALA:CB	1:A:89:VAL:HG22	2.51	0.41
1:A:278:LYS:HB2	1:A:278:LYS:HZ2	1.86	0.40
1:A:452:VAL:HG22	1:A:489:ALA:O	2.21	0.40
1:A:4:PRO:O	1:A:6:THR:N	2.50	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{ll}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
5:A:499:NAG:O6	6:A:594:HOH:O[1_565]	2.16	0.04

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	494/496 (100%)	477 (97%)	17 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
1	A	418/418 (100%)	412 (99%)	6 (1%)	62 68	



A 11	(c)	• 1	• . 1			. 1 1 .		1 1	1 1
$A\Pi$	$\left( \mathbf{b}\right)$	residiles	with	a	non-rotameric	sidechain	are	listed	below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	115	CYS
1	A	142	LYS
1	A	150	ASN
1	A	165	LEU
1	A	341	SER
1	A	376	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (8) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	15	HIS
1	A	105	ASN
1	A	150	ASN
1	A	152	ASN
1	A	216	ASN
1	A	218	ASN
1	A	347	GLN
1	A	415	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA $\stackrel{\bullet}{\text{(i)}}$

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	n Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	туре	Chain			Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	PCA	A	1	1	7,8,9	2.25	3 (42%)	9,10,12	1.99	2 (22%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral



centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	PCA	A	1	1	-	0/0/11/13	0/1/1/1

#### All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	A	1	PCA	CD-N	3.49	1.43	1.34
1	A	1	PCA	CB-CG	-3.46	1.45	1.53
1	A	1	PCA	OE-CD	2.71	1.28	1.23

#### All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	1	PCA	CB-CG-CD	4.76	111.77	104.41
1	A	1	PCA	O-C-CA	-2.23	119.04	124.77

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

2 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trens	Chain	Dag	Res	Pos	Peg	Bond lengths		В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res Link		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
2	GLC	В	1	2	12,12,12	0.87	0	17,17,17	0.64	0	
2	AC1	В	2	2	21,22,23	2.13	6 (28%)	22,32,34	0.84	0	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral



centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	$\mathbf{Type}$	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GLC	В	1	2	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	AC1	В	2	2	-	3/6/43/46	0/2/2/2

All (6) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
2	В	2	AC1	C4A-C5B	6.53	1.56	1.51
2	В	2	AC1	C7B-C5B	3.55	1.37	1.32
2	В	2	AC1	C1B-C7B	3.32	1.55	1.50
2	В	2	AC1	C2B-C1B	2.60	1.56	1.53
2	В	2	AC1	C1B-N4A	2.20	1.51	1.47
2	В	2	AC1	C3B-C4A	2.16	1.56	1.53

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

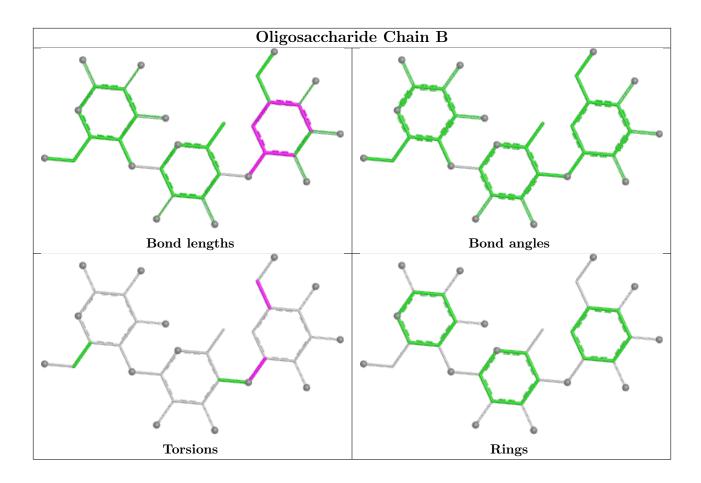
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	2	AC1	C7B-C1B-N4A-C4
2	В	2	AC1	C4A-C5B-C6B-O6B
2	В	2	AC1	C7B-C5B-C6B-O6B

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Ros	Ros	Ros	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond angles	
	туре			Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2			
5	NAG	A	499	1	14,14,15	0.76	0	17,19,21	1.14	2 (11%)			

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	A	499	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
5	A	499	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.78	115.92	112.19
5	A	499	NAG	C8-C7-N2	-2.08	112.67	116.12

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	499	NAG	0	1

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	495/496 (99%)	-0.46	6 (1%) 76 75	10, 18, 31, 44	0

All (6) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	306	GLY	4.7
1	A	4	PRO	3.7
1	A	459	ASN	3.3
1	A	484	GLU	3.0
1	A	351	GLY	2.1
1	A	305	HIS	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	PCA	A	1	8/9	0.71	0.25	39,40,41,41	0

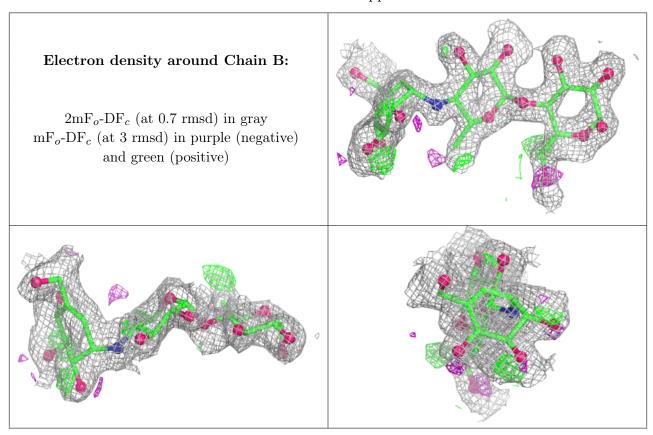
#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	GLC	В	1	12/12	0.89	0.09	17,22,27,29	0
2	AC1	В	2	21/22	0.91	0.08	13,16,19,23	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{ ilde{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	NAG	A	499	14/15	0.55	0.17	38,42,50,51	0
4	CL	A	498	1/1	0.99	0.02	13,13,13,13	0
3	CA	A	497	1/1	0.99	0.06	10,10,10,10	0

#### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

