

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Jan 26, 2025 – 10:07 PM JST

PDB ID : 8XGP BMRB ID : 36625

Title: Solution NMR structure of an antiparallel chair-type G-quadruplex from

NOP56 intron

Authors : Yan, Z.; Guo, P.; Han, D.

Deposited on : 2023-12-15

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} wwPDB\text{-}ShiftChecker &: & v1.2 \\ BMRB \ Restraints \ Analysis &: & v1.2 \\ \end{array}$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

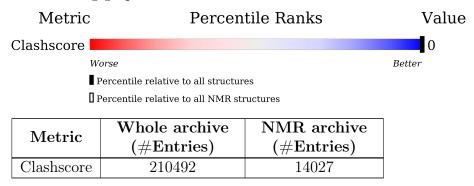
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.40

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 30%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	21	5% 67%	29%				



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 10 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 671 atoms, of which 236 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
1	Λ	01	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
1	A	21	671	204	236	84	127	20	0



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.



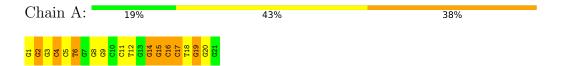
4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2





4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3



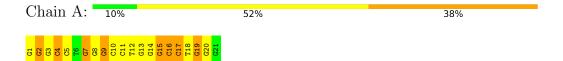
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

 \bullet Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*GP*CP*CP*TP*GP*GP*GP*CP*CP*TP*GP*GP*GP*CP*CP*TP*GP*GP*GP*GP*CP

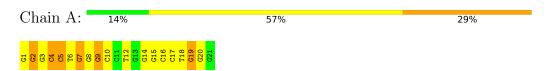


4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

 \bullet Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*GP*CP*CP*TP*GP*GP*GP*CP*CP*TP*GP*GP*GP*CP*CP*TP*GP*GP*GP*GP*CP



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

 \bullet Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*GP*GP*GP*CP*CP*TP*GP*GP*GP*CP*CP*TP*GP*GP*GP*CP*CP*TP*GP*GP*GP*G)-3')





4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 500 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures* with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	136
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	136
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	30%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	E	Sond lengths	Bond angles		
WIOI	Chain	RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	1.30 ± 0.02	$0\pm0/488$ ($0.0\pm~0.0\%$)	2.27 ± 0.06	$29\pm4/754~(~3.8\pm~0.5\%)$	
All	All	1.30	0/4880 (0.0%)	2.27	287/7540 (3.8%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0 ± 0.0	$9.0{\pm}1.3$
All	All	0	90

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	hain Res T		Atoms	\mathbf{z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$	Mod	dels
IVIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms		Observed()	ideai()	Worst	Total
1	A	14	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	16.21	119.34	108.00	2	10
1	A	8	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	14.21	117.95	108.00	2	10
1	A	11	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	13.14	117.20	108.00	7	9
1	A	9	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	11.85	116.30	108.00	1	8
1	A	20	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	10.80	115.56	108.00	8	10
1	A	10	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	10.80	115.56	108.00	9	2
1	A	17	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	10.76	115.53	108.00	9	9
1	A	5	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	9.60	114.72	108.00	7	8
1	A	19	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	8.84	114.18	108.00	2	10
1	A	2	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	8.67	114.07	108.00	4	10
1	A	16	DC	C4'-C3'-C2'	-8.45	95.50	103.10	8	9
1	A	16	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	8.21	113.75	108.00	8	10
1	A	9	DG	O4'-C4'-C3'	-7.90	101.26	106.00	6	2
1	A	15	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	7.85	113.50	108.00	1	9
1	A	14	DG	C1'-O4'-C4'	-7.59	102.50	110.10	9	6

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoma	\mathbf{z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$	Mod	dels
MIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms	L	Observed(*)	Ideal(*)	Worst	Total
1	A	12	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	7.38	113.16	108.00	5	4
1	A	4	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	7.31	113.12	108.00	2	10
1	A	11	DC	N1-C2-O2	7.20	123.22	118.90	3	5
1	A	18	DT	C6-C5-C7	-7.05	118.67	122.90	6	9
1	A	1	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	6.95	112.86	108.00	5	7
1	A	11	DC	N3-C2-O2	-6.90	117.07	121.90	9	4
1	A	17	DC	P-O3'-C3'	6.90	127.98	119.70	2	1
1	A	14	DG	N3-C4-C5	-6.89	125.15	128.60	8	7
1	A	19	DG	P-O3'-C3'	6.86	127.94	119.70	6	10
1	A	10	DC	N3-C2-O2	-6.86	117.10	121.90	3	4
1	A	8	DG	P-O3'-C3'	6.84	127.91	119.70	4	7
1	A	10	DC	N1-C2-O2	6.82	122.99	118.90	3	3
1	A	6	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	6.78	112.75	108.00	3	1
1	A	7	DG	P-O3'-C3'	6.64	127.67	119.70	6	1
1	A	4	DC	N1-C2-O2	6.60	122.86	118.90	7	8
1	A	7	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	6.59	112.61	108.00	6	4
1	A	10	DC	C4'-C3'-C2'	-6.57	97.18	103.10	8	3
1	A	10	DC	O4'-C4'-C3'	-6.37	101.95	104.50	4	3
1	A	14	DG	O4'-C1'-C2'	-6.33	100.83	105.90	8	1
1	A	17	DC	N3-C2-O2	-6.25	117.53	121.90	4	1
1	A	12	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.17	119.20	122.90	3	9
1	A	6	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.14	119.21	122.90	10	9
1	A	13	DG	N3-C4-C5	-5.99	125.61	128.60	8	4
1	A	17	DC	N1-C2-O2	5.93	122.46	118.90	4	2
1	A	5	DC	N3-C2-O2	-5.91	117.77	121.90	8	2
1	A	13	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	5.82	112.08	108.00	1	1
1	A	2	DG	C8-N9-C4	-5.75	104.10	106.40	4	1
1	A	8	DG	C1'-O4'-C4'	-5.74	104.36	110.10	9	1
1	A	5	DC	O4'-C1'-C2'	-5.72	101.33	105.90	7	2
1	A	5	DC	N1-C2-O2	5.70	122.32	118.90	4	3
1	A	18	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	5.65	111.96	108.00	9	3
1	A	11	DC	O4'-C1'-C2'	-5.60	101.42	105.90	1	2
1	A	12	DT	P-O3'-C3'	5.60	126.42	119.70	4	2
1	A	15	DG	N3-C4-C5	-5.54	125.83	128.60	9	6
1	A	16	DC	N1-C2-O2	5.43	122.16	118.90	7	2
1	A	9	DG	P-O3'-C3'	5.41	126.19	119.70	9	2
1	A	1	DG	N3-C4-C5	-5.41	125.90	128.60	6	3
1	A	20	DG	C8-N9-C4	-5.39	104.25	106.40	7	1
1	A	4	DC	N3-C2-O2	-5.34	118.16	121.90	7	1
1	A	3	DG	C4'-C3'-C2'	-5.33	98.30	103.10	3	3
1	A	2	DG	N3-C4-C5	-5.24	125.98	128.60	3	2

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Mal	Mol Chain		$_{ m hain} \mid _{ m Res} \mid _{ m Type} \mid$		\mathbf{z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$	Mod	dels
IVIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms	Atoms		ideai()	Worst	Total
1	A	2	DG	C2-N3-C4	5.16	114.48	111.90	1	2
1	A	8	DG	O4'-C1'-C2'	-5.14	101.79	105.90	9	1
1	A	17	DC	C4'-C3'-C2'	-5.12	98.49	103.10	3	1
1	A	20	DG	N3-C4-C5	-5.11	126.05	128.60	5	2
1	A	10	DC	O4'-C1'-C2'	-5.10	101.82	105.90	10	1
1	A	8	DG	N3-C4-C5	-5.08	126.06	128.60	3	1
1	A	11	DC	C1'-O4'-C4'	-5.08	105.03	110.10	7	1
1	A	8	DG	N3-C2-N2	-5.01	116.39	119.90	6	1
1	A	9	DG	O4'-C1'-C2'	-5.01	101.89	105.90	4	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	15	DG	Sidechain	10
1	A	19	DG	Sidechain	10
1	A	3	DG	Sidechain	9
1	A	4	DC	Sidechain	8
1	A	9	DG	Sidechain	7
1	A	2	DG	Sidechain	7
1	A	7	DG	Sidechain	6
1	A	17	DC	Sidechain	5
1	A	16	DC	Sidechain	5
1	A	5	DC	Sidechain	4
1	A	13	DG	Sidechain	4
1	A	14	DG	Sidechain	4
1	A	1	DG	Sidechain	2
1	A	11	DC	Sidechain	2
1	A	6	DT	Sidechain	2
1	A	18	DT	Sidechain	2
1	A	8	DG	Sidechain	1
1	A	10	DC	Sidechain	1
1	A	12	DT	Sidechain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	4350	2360	2360	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.



6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 30% for the well-defined parts and 30% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chemical_shifts_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	136
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	136
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 30%, i.e. 127 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 426. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Sugar	83/252 (33%)	83/147 (56%)	0/105 (0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	44/174~(25%)	44/111 (40%)	0/30 (0%)	0/33~(0%)
Overall	127/426 (30%)	$127/258 \ (49\%)$	0/135 (0%)	0/33 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 30%, i.e. 127 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 426. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Sugar	83/252 (33%)	83/147~(56%)	0/105 (0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	44/174 (25%)	44/111 (40%)	0/30 (0%)	0/33 (0%)
Overall	127/426 (30%)	$127/258 \ (49\%)$	0/135~(0%)	0/33 (0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

No random coil index(RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list. RCI is only applicable to proteins



8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	282
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	166
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	55
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	12
Long range (i-j ≥5)	23
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	26
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	81
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	17.3
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	1.9

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation. There are no distance violations

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

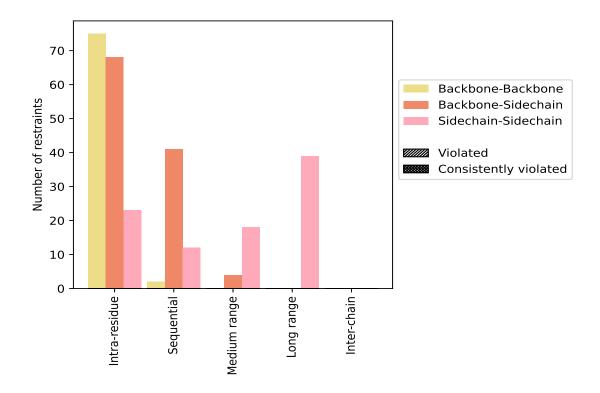
The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1~Å are not included in the statistics.

Dantuninta tema	C	% ¹	${f Violated}^3$			Consistently Violated ⁴		
Restraints type	Count		Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	166	58.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	75	26.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	68	24.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	23	8.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (i-j =1)	55	19.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	2	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	41	14.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	12	4.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ($ i-j >1 \& i-j <5$)	12	4.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	4	1.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	8	2.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range ($ i-j \ge 5$)	23	8.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	23	8.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	26	9.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	282	100.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	77	27.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	113	40.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	92	32.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

¹ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models



9.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

No violations found

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

No violations found

9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

No violations found

9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

No violations found



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

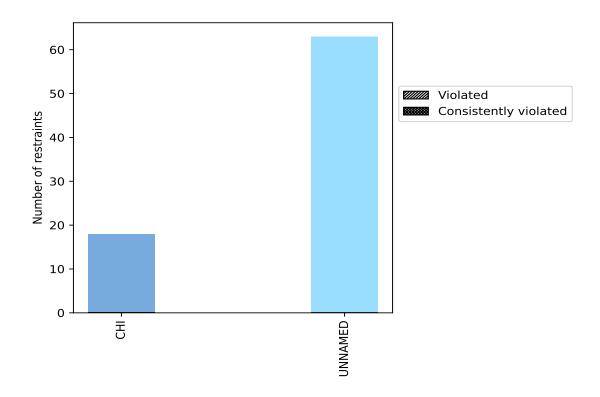
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle tree	Count	% ¹	${f Violated}^3$			Consistently Violated ⁴		
Angle type	Count		Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	% ¹
CHI	18	22.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
UNNAMED	63	77.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	81	100.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0

 $^{^1}$ percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories



10.2	Dihedral-angle	violation	statistics	\mathbf{for}	each model	(i)
10.4	Difficulat-aligic	violation	Statistics	$1\mathbf{O}1$	cacii illuuci	(I)

No violations found

Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble (i) 10.3

No violations found

Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble (i)

No violations found

All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i) 10.5

No violations found

