

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Nov 22, 2023 – 07:12 PM JST

PDB ID : 7XHQ

Title: Small-molecule Allosteric Regulation Mechanism of SHP2

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Deposited on : 2022-04-09

Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

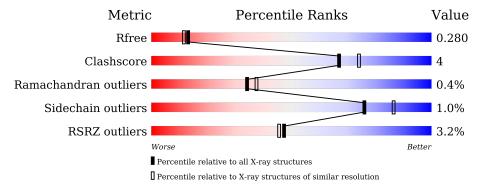
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	4898 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4800 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	525	84%	6%	10%
1	В	525	83%	6%	10%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

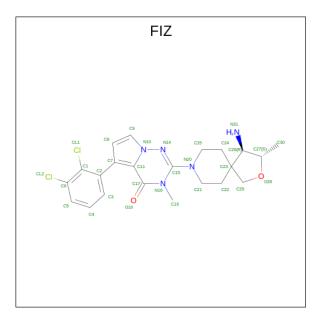
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7664 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 11.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	473	Total 3567	C 2258	N 629	O 664	S 16	0	0	0
1	В	473	Total 3565	C 2251	N 628	O 669	S 17	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is  $2-[(3S,4R)-4-azanyl-3-methyl-2-oxa-8-azaspiro[4.5]decan-8-yl]-5-[2,3-bis(chloranyl)phenyl]-3-methyl-pyrrolo[2,1-f][1,2,4]triazin-4-one (three-letter code: FIZ) (formula: <math>C_{22}H_{25}Cl_2N_5O_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
2	A	1	Total 31		Cl 2			0	0
2	В	1	Total 31	C 22		N 5	O 2	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.



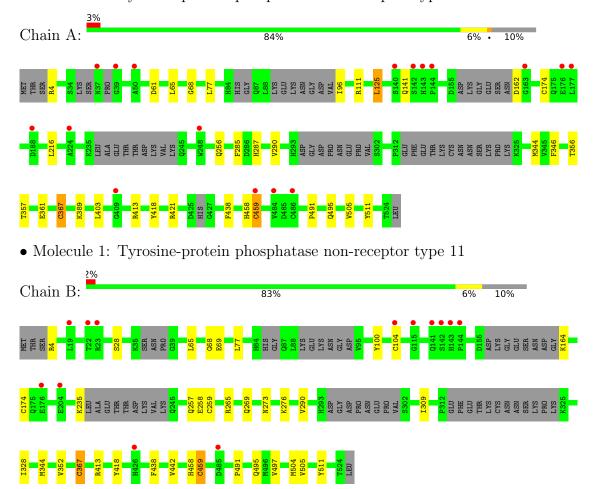
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	246	Total O 246 246	0	0
3	В	224	Total O 224 224	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 11





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	55.69Å 91.39Å 212.98Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.61 - 2.20	Depositor
Resolution (A)	39.51 - 2.20	EDS
% Data completeness	99.3 (38.61-2.20)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.4 (39.51-2.20)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.01 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.19.2_4158	Depositor
D D.	0.239 , 0.275	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.242 , $0.280$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2000 reflections (3.58%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	30.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.479	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35, 64.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.57, < L^2> = 0.42$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	7664	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	34.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 56.97 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 2.5331e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FIZ

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond	angles
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.28	0/3637	0.51	0/4943
1	В	0.27	0/3635	0.52	0/4941
All	All	0.28	0/7272	0.51	0/9884

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3567	0	3269	26	0
1	В	3565	0	3262	26	0
2	A	31	0	0	2	0
2	В	31	0	0	2	0
3	A	246	0	0	7	0
3	В	224	0	0	8	0
All	All	7664	0	6531	52	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (52) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash



magnitude.

A	A., 0	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:A:111:ARG:HD3	2:A:601:FIZ:CL1	2.29	0.69
1:B:164:LYS:N	3:B:705:HOH:O	2.26	0.67
1:A:421:ARG:NH2	3:A:705:HOH:O	2.29	0.66
1:B:367:CYS:HG	1:B:459:CYS:HG	0.63	0.61
1:A:174:CYS:SG	3:A:905:HOH:O	2.56	0.58
1:A:65:LEU:HD22	1:A:68:GLY:HA3	1.84	0.58
1:B:309:ILE:HD13	1:B:328:ILE:HG12	1.86	0.58
1:A:389:LYS:NZ	3:A:710:HOH:O	2.36	0.57
1:B:174:CYS:SG	3:B:873:HOH:O	2.58	0.57
1:A:495:GLN:HG2	2:A:601:FIZ:CL2	2.42	0.55
1:A:367:CYS:HG	1:A:459:CYS:HG	1.55	0.55
1:A:125:LEU:HB3	1:A:216:LEU:HD21	1.89	0.54
1:B:352:VAL:HG11	1:B:442:VAL:HG13	1.92	0.52
1:A:65:LEU:HD12	1:A:77:LEU:HD11	1.92	0.52
1:B:259:CYS:HB2	3:B:746:HOH:O	2.10	0.51
1:A:367:CYS:HG	1:A:459:CYS:HA	1.75	0.51
1:B:65:LEU:HD22	1:B:68:GLY:HA3	1.92	0.51
1:A:491:PRO:HG3	1:A:511:TYR:OH	2.11	0.51
1:B:4:ARG:N	3:B:715:HOH:O	2.44	0.49
1:B:497:VAL:HG12	1:B:504:MET:HG3	1.96	0.48
1:B:495:GLN:HG2	2:B:601:FIZ:CL2	2.51	0.47
1:B:65:LEU:HD12	1:B:77:LEU:HD11	1.97	0.47
1:A:361:GLU:OE2	3:A:701:HOH:O	2.20	0.47
1:A:290:VAL:HG11	1:A:344:MET:HG3	1.97	0.46
1:A:4:ARG:HD3	1:A:256:GLN:HA	1.97	0.46
1:B:367:CYS:SG	1:B:459:CYS:CB	3.03	0.45
1:A:141:GLN:OE1	1:A:141:GLN:N	2.43	0.45
1:B:367:CYS:HG	1:B:459:CYS:CB	2.20	0.45
1:B:418:TYR:HB3	1:B:438:PHE:CE1	2.52	0.45
1:A:141:GLN:HA	3:A:743:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:B:69:GLU:OE1	3:B:702:HOH:O	2.21	0.44
1:A:61:ASP:OD1	3:A:702:HOH:O	2.21	0.43
1:A:356:THR:OG1	1:A:459:CYS:HB2	2.17	0.43
1:B:491:PRO:HG3	1:B:511:TYR:OH	2.18	0.43
1:B:28:SER:HA	1:B:100:TYR:O	2.19	0.43
1:A:285:PHE:HB3	1:A:287:HIS:CD2	2.53	0.43
1:A:367:CYS:SG	1:A:459:CYS:SG	3.09	0.43
1:B:104:CYS:SG	3:B:731:HOH:O	2.62	0.43
1:B:235:LYS:O	3:B:701:HOH:O	2.21	0.43
1:B:4:ARG:HD2	1:B:258:GLU:HG2	2.01	0.42
1:A:418:TYR:HB3	1:A:438:PHE:CE1	2.55	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:273:ASN:HA	1:B:276:LYS:HD2	2.01	0.42
1:A:367:CYS:SG	1:A:459:CYS:HA	2.60	0.42
1:A:357:THR:HG23	1:A:459:CYS:HB3	2.01	0.41
1:B:257:GLN:HG3	2:B:601:FIZ:CL1	2.57	0.41
1:B:265:ARG:NH2	3:B:703:HOH:O	2.25	0.41
1:B:458:HIS:O	1:B:459:CYS:SG	2.78	0.41
1:B:290:VAL:HG11	1:B:344:MET:HG3	2.02	0.41
1:A:357:THR:HG23	1:A:459:CYS:CB	2.51	0.40
1:A:346:PHE:HB2	1:A:403:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.40
1:A:162:ASP:N	3:A:732:HOH:O	2.55	0.40
1:B:265:ARG:O	1:B:269:GLN:HG3	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	454/525~(86%)	440 (97%)	12 (3%)	2 (0%)	34	37
1	В	457/525~(87%)	439 (96%)	16 (4%)	2 (0%)	34	37
All	All	911/1050 (87%)	879 (96%)	28 (3%)	4 (0%)	34	37

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	459	CYS
1	В	459	CYS
1	A	505	VAL
1	В	505	VAL



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	349/467 (75%)	344 (99%)	5 (1%)	67 80		
1	В	350/467 (75%)	348 (99%)	2 (1%)	86 93		
All	All	699/934 (75%)	692 (99%)	7 (1%)	76 86		

All (7) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	96	ILE
1	A	125	LEU
1	A	367	CYS
1	A	413	ARG
1	A	458	HIS
1	В	367	CYS
1	В	413	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain Re		Res	Res Link	Во	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Cham	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
2	FIZ	A	601	-	31,35,35	2.07	6 (19%)	36,54,54	2.66	13 (36%)	
2	FIZ	В	601	-	31,35,35	1.99	6 (19%)	36,54,54	2.68	13 (36%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	FIZ	A	601	-	-	2/8/36/36	0/4/5/5
2	FIZ	В	601	-	-	2/8/36/36	0/4/5/5

All (12) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
2	A	601	FIZ	C2-C1	6.96	1.47	1.39
2	В	601	FIZ	C2-C1	6.79	1.46	1.39
2	A	601	FIZ	C6-C1	6.34	1.48	1.39
2	В	601	FIZ	C6-C1	5.81	1.47	1.39
2	A	601	FIZ	C1-CL1	3.10	1.79	1.72
2	В	601	FIZ	C1-CL1	2.84	1.79	1.72
2	В	601	FIZ	C15-N16	2.79	1.43	1.39
2	A	601	FIZ	C15-N16	2.76	1.43	1.39
2	В	601	FIZ	C11-N10	-2.55	1.32	1.37
2	A	601	FIZ	C11-N10	-2.41	1.32	1.37
2	A	601	FIZ	C6-CL2	2.39	1.79	1.73
2	В	601	FIZ	C6-CL2	2.24	1.79	1.73

All (26) bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	A	601	FIZ	N16-C15-N14	-7.25	119.65	124.44
2	В	601	FIZ	N16-C15-N14	-7.14	119.72	124.44
2	A	601	FIZ	C22-C23-C29	-6.41	105.78	111.41
2	В	601	FIZ	C22-C23-C29	-6.16	106.00	111.41
2	A	601	FIZ	C11-C17-N16	5.90	118.84	113.57
2	В	601	FIZ	C11-C17-N16	5.65	118.62	113.57
2	A	601	FIZ	C24-C25-N20	-4.56	101.92	110.92
2	В	601	FIZ	C24-C25-N20	-4.55	101.94	110.92
2	В	601	FIZ	C15-N16-C17	-4.53	118.88	120.79
2	В	601	FIZ	C22-C21-N20	-4.48	102.08	110.92
2	A	601	FIZ	C15-N16-C17	-4.34	118.96	120.79
2	A	601	FIZ	C22-C21-N20	-4.06	102.91	110.92
2	В	601	FIZ	C2-C1-C6	-3.09	118.06	120.19
2	В	601	FIZ	C19-N16-C15	2.89	126.23	120.42
2	A	601	FIZ	C2-C1-C6	-2.89	118.20	120.19
2	A	601	FIZ	O18-C17-C11	-2.76	120.79	125.33
2	A	601	FIZ	C19-N16-C15	2.64	125.72	120.42
2	В	601	FIZ	C29-C23-C26	2.58	103.28	100.61
2	В	601	FIZ	O18-C17-C11	-2.52	121.19	125.33
2	A	601	FIZ	C29-C23-C26	2.39	103.08	100.61
2	A	601	FIZ	C6-C1-CL1	2.38	123.08	120.02
2	В	601	FIZ	N20-C15-N14	-2.32	114.72	118.89
2	A	601	FIZ	C7-C2-C1	-2.29	120.30	122.86
2	A	601	FIZ	N20-C15-N14	-2.28	114.78	118.89
2	В	601	FIZ	C1-C6-CL2	-2.28	118.31	120.52
2	В	601	FIZ	C7-C2-C1	-2.13	120.49	122.86

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	601	FIZ	N14-C15-N20-C25
2	В	601	FIZ	N14-C15-N20-C25
2	A	601	FIZ	N16-C15-N20-C25
2	В	601	FIZ	N16-C15-N20-C25

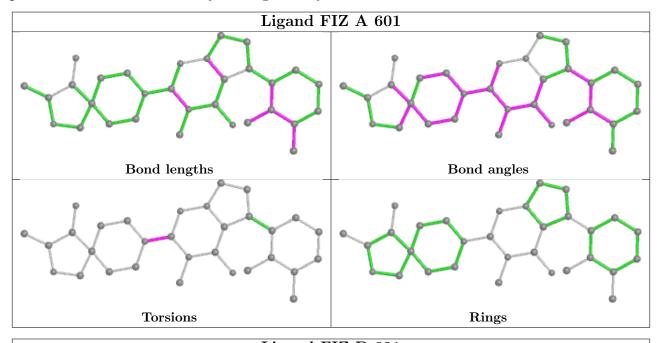
There are no ring outliers.

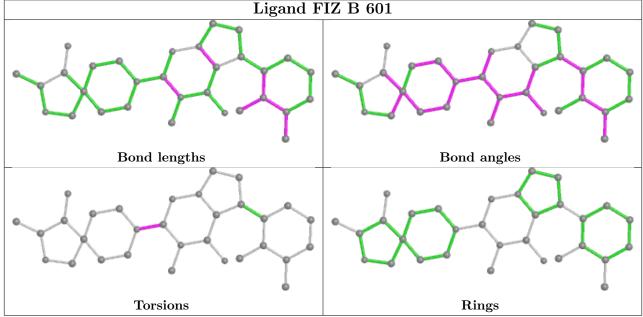
2 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	601	FIZ	2	0
2	В	601	FIZ	2	0



The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed			$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	473/525 (90%)	0.17	17 (3%) 42 41	17, 34, 54, 72	0
1	В	473/525~(90%)	0.07	13 (2%) 54 52	17, 34, 55, 73	0
All	All	946/1050 (90%)	0.12	30 (3%) 47 45	17, 34, 55, 73	0

All (30) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	39	GLY	3.8
1	A	486	CYS	3.8
1	В	426	HIS	3.6
1	A	409	GLY	3.6
1	A	37	ASN	3.4
1	В	142	SER	3.3
1	A	177	LEU	3.2
1	В	485	ASP	3.2
1	A	140	SER	3.0
1	A	188	ASP	2.8
1	A	484	VAL	2.8
1	В	144	PRO	2.6
1	В	104	CYS	2.6
1	A	163	GLY	2.6
1	A	248	TRP	2.6
1	В	22	THR	2.6
1	В	115	GLY	2.6
1	A	144	PRO	2.5
1	A	459	CYS	2.5
1	В	141	GLN	2.4
1	В	176	GLU	2.4
1	В	204	GLU	2.4
1	В	23	ARG	2.3
1	A	176	GLU	2.3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	142	SER	2.3
1	A	224	ALA	2.2
1	В	143	HIS	2.2
1	В	19	LEU	2.1
1	A	50	ALA	2.1
1	A	143	HIS	2.0

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

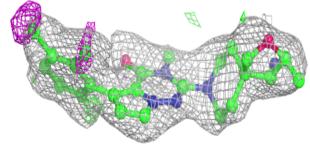
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

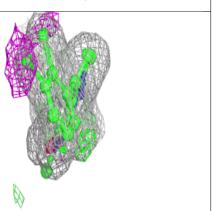
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	FIZ	A	601	31/31	0.88	0.16	26,32,42,53	0
2	FIZ	В	601	31/31	0.90	0.14	25,30,44,54	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



# Electron density around FIZ A 601: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${ m mF}_o{ m -DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive) Electron density around FIZ B 601: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${ m mF}_o ext{-}{ m DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)







# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

