

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 24, 2024 – 01:18 AM JST

PDB ID : 8XNQ

EMDB ID : EMD-38511

Title: Respiratory complex Peripheral Arm of CI, open form A, focus-refined map of

type IA, Wild type mouse under Cold Acclimation

Authors : Shin, Y.-C.; Liao, M.

Deposited on : 2023-12-30

Resolution : 3.70 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev113

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity : 4.02b-467 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

MapQ : 1.9.13

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

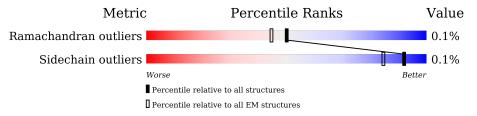
 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) & : & 2.40 \end{tabular}$

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	l
1	A	115	47% 80%	20%
2	В	224	12%	• 30%
3	С	263	10% 75%	25%
4	D	463	14%	• 17%
5	Е	248	73% 83%	• 15%
6	F	464	69%	• 8%
7	G	727	92%	• 6%
8	Н	318	33% 95%	
9	I	212	8%	• 18%

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Mol	Chain	$oxed{ \mathbf{Length} }$	Quality of chain							
			60%							
10	Р	377	90%	• 10%						
11	Q	175	65% •	33%						
12	R	116	53% 72%	28%						
13	S	99	82%	• 16%						
14	Т	156	38% 47% • 52%							
15	V	116	93%							
16	W	131	37% 87%	13%						
17	X	172	40% 81%	• 17%						
18	Z	144	97%	<u>.</u>						
19	a	70	91%	• 6%						
20	b	84	45%	5%						
21	q	145	79% 80%	• 17%						
	Ч		36%	- 1770						
22	r	113	45% 55%							
23	S	104	12% 12% 88%							



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 34 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 33919 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
1	A	92	Total 754	C 523	N 107	O 119	S 5	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 7, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{A}	toms			AltConf	Trace
2	В	157	Total 1258	C 802	N 227	O 215	S 14	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 3, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			AltConf	Trace
3	С	198	Total 1641	C 1060	N 279	O 299	S 3	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 2, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
4	D	385	Total 3088	C 1970	N 533	O 562	S 23	0	0

• Molecule 5 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] flavoprotein 2, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
5	Е	210	Total 1635	C 1039	N 275	O 310	S 11	0	0

• Molecule 6 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] flavoprotein 1, mitochondrial.



Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{At}	oms			AltConf	Trace
6	F	426	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
	1	420	3288	2073	588	605	22	0	U

• Molecule 7 is a protein called NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase 75 kDa subunit, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{A}^{1}	toms			AltConf	Trace
7	G	687	Total 5287	C 3316	N 918	O 1012	S 41	0	0

• Molecule 8 is a protein called NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			AltConf	Trace
8	Н	314	Total 2510	C 1687	N 380	O 421	S 22	0	0

• Molecule 9 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 8, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues		A	toms			AltConf	Trace
9	I	174	Total 1398	C 880	N 240	O 266	S 12	0	0

• Molecule 10 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 9, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{At}	AltConf	Trace			
10	Р	340	Total 2730	C 1765	N 479	O 479	S 7	0	0

• Molecule 11 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 4, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms		AltConf	Trace	
11	Q	118	Total 957	C 608	N 165	O 180	S 4	0	0

• Molecule 12 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 6, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$					AltConf	Trace
12	R	83	Total 660	C 411	N 120	O 126	S 3	0	0



• Molecule 13 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
13	S	83	Total 667	C 419	N 126	O 119	S 3	0	0

• Molecule 14 is a protein called Acyl carrier protein, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms	AltConf	Trace		
14	Т	75	Total 604	C 388	N 89	O 122	S 5	0	0

• Molecule 15 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 5.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms	AltConf	Trace		
15	V	119	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
10	v	112	915	596	152	164	3	0	U

• Molecule 16 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 6.

\mathbf{N}	Iol	Chain	Residues	\mathbf{Atoms}					AltConf	Trace
1	16	W	114	Total 970	C 619	N 180	O 165	S 6	0	0

• Molecule 17 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 8.

Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{A}	toms	AltConf	Trace		
17	X	142	Total 1164		N 209	O 209	S 10	0	0

• Molecule 18 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 13.

Mo	Chain	Residues		At	oms	AltConf	Trace		
18	Z	139	Total 1152	C 741	N 204	O 199	S 8	0	0

• Molecule 19 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 1.



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	ms		AltConf	Trace	
19	0	66	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
19	а	00	539	351	96	88	4	U	U

• Molecule 20 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms	AltConf	Trace		
20	b	80	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
	_		628	414	99	111	4		9

• Molecule 21 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 12.

Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{Atoms}					Trace
21	Q	120	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
21	q	120	1004	645	178	177	4	0	U

• Molecule 22 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 7.

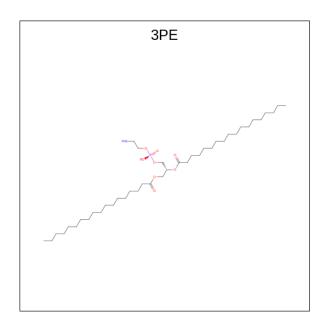
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
22	r	51	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
22	1	91	418	266	78	73	1	0	0

• Molecule 23 is a protein called NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] flavoprotein 3, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
23	s	13	Total 107	C 69		O 23	0	0

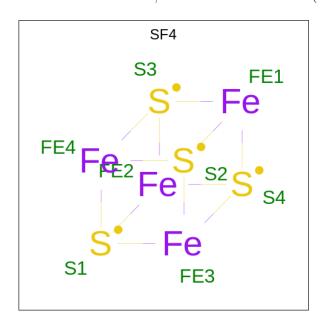
• Molecule 24 is 1,2-Distearoyl-sn-glycerophosphoethanolamine (three-letter code: 3PE) (formula: $C_{41}H_{82}NO_8P$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



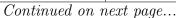


Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					
24	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	n	
24	A	1	46	36	1	8	1	U	
24	Т	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	
24	1	1	51	41	1	8	1	0	
24	h	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	
24	D	1	46	36	1	8	1	0	

 \bullet Molecule 25 is IRON/SULFUR CLUSTER (three-letter code: SF4) (formula: Fe_4S_4).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
25	В	1	Total Fe S 8 4 4	0

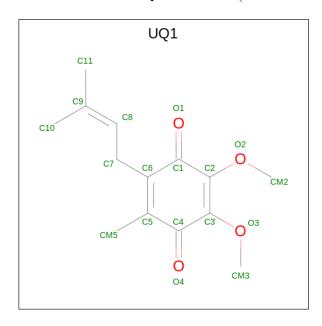




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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
25	F	1	Total Fe S 8 4 4	0
			8 4 4 Total Fe S	_
25	G	1	8 4 4	0
25	G	1	Total Fe S	0
	<u> </u>	_	8 4 4	,
25	Т	1	Total Fe S	0
2.0	1	1	8 4 4	0
25	т	1	Total Fe S	0
25	1	1	8 4 4	U

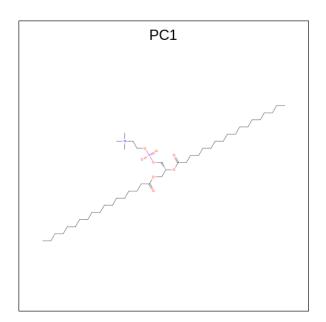
 \bullet Molecule 26 is UBIQUINONE-1 (three-letter code: UQ1) (formula: $\mathrm{C}_{14}\mathrm{H}_{18}\mathrm{O}_4).$



AltConf	Atoms			Residues	Chain	Mol
0	O 1	C 14	Total	1	В	26
	O 4	C 14	Total 18	1	В	26

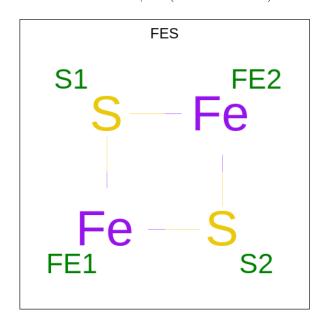
 \bullet Molecule 27 is 1,2-DIACYL-SN-GLYCERO-3-PHOSPHOCHOLINE (three-letter code: PC1) (formula: C44H88NO8P) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



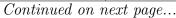


Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					
27	В	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	
21	Ъ	1	35	25	1	8	1	0	
27	Н	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	
21	11	1	42	32	1	8	1	0	
27	Т	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	
21	1	1	47	37	1	8	1	0	

 $\bullet \ \ \ \ Molecule\ 28\ is\ FE2/S2\ (INORGANIC)\ CLUSTER\ (three-letter\ code:\ FES)\ (formula:\ Fe_2S_2).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
20	I.	1	Total	Fe	S	0
20	Ŀ	1	4	2	2	U

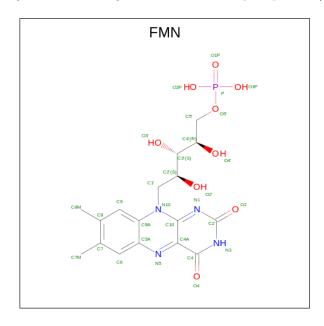




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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
28	G	1	Total Fe S 4 2 2	0

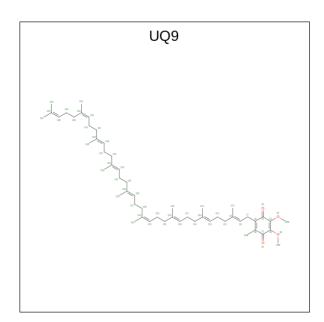
• Molecule 29 is FLAVIN MONONUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FMN) (formula: $C_{17}H_{21}N_4O_9P$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues		AltConf				
20	F	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0
49	I'	1	31	17	4	9	1	0

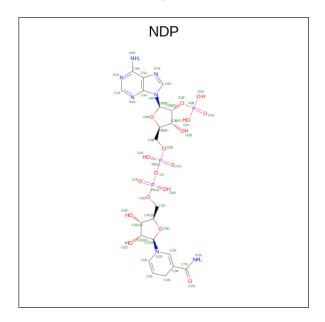
• Molecule 30 is Ubiquinone-9 (three-letter code: UQ9) (formula: $C_{54}H_{82}O_4$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
30	Н	1	Total C O 35 31 4	0

• Molecule 31 is NADPH DIHYDRO-NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: NDP) (formula: $C_{21}H_{30}N_7O_{17}P_3$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



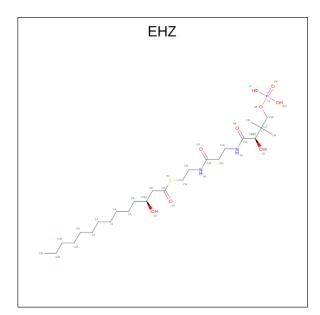
Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					
91	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	
91	Г	1	48	21	7	17	3	U	

• Molecule 32 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
32	R	1	Total Zn 1 1	0

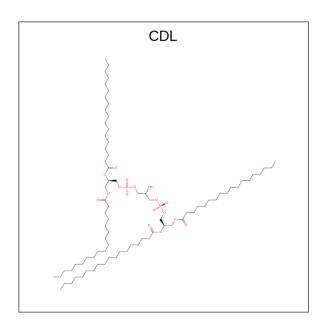
• Molecule 33 is $\{S\}$ -[2-[3-[[(2 $\{R\})$)-3,3-dimethyl-2-oxidanyl-4-phosphonooxy-butanoyl]ami no]propanoylamino]ethyl] (3 $\{S\}$)-3-oxidanyltetradecanethioate (three-letter code: EHZ) (formula: $C_{25}H_{49}N_2O_9PS$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms			AltConf		
33	W	1	Total 32	C 19	N 2	O 9	P 1	S 1	0

• Molecule 34 is CARDIOLIPIN (three-letter code: CDL) (formula: $C_{81}H_{156}O_{17}P_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	
9.4	- C	1	Total	С	О	Р	0
34	q	1	57	38	17	2	U

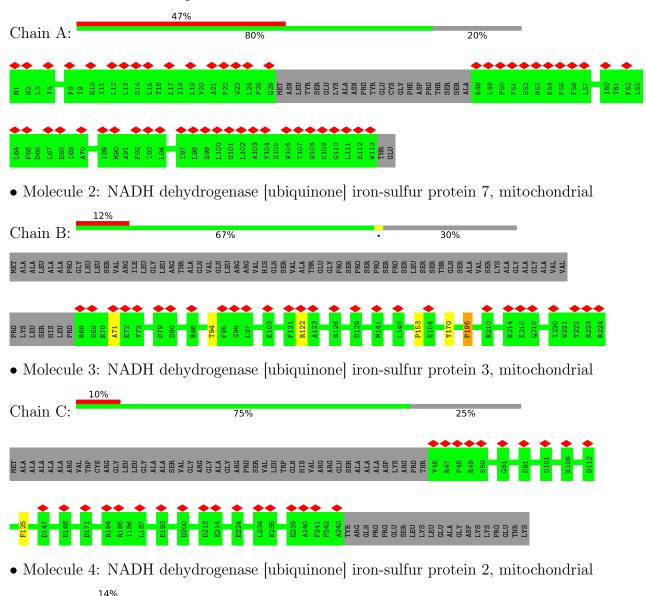


Chain D:

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

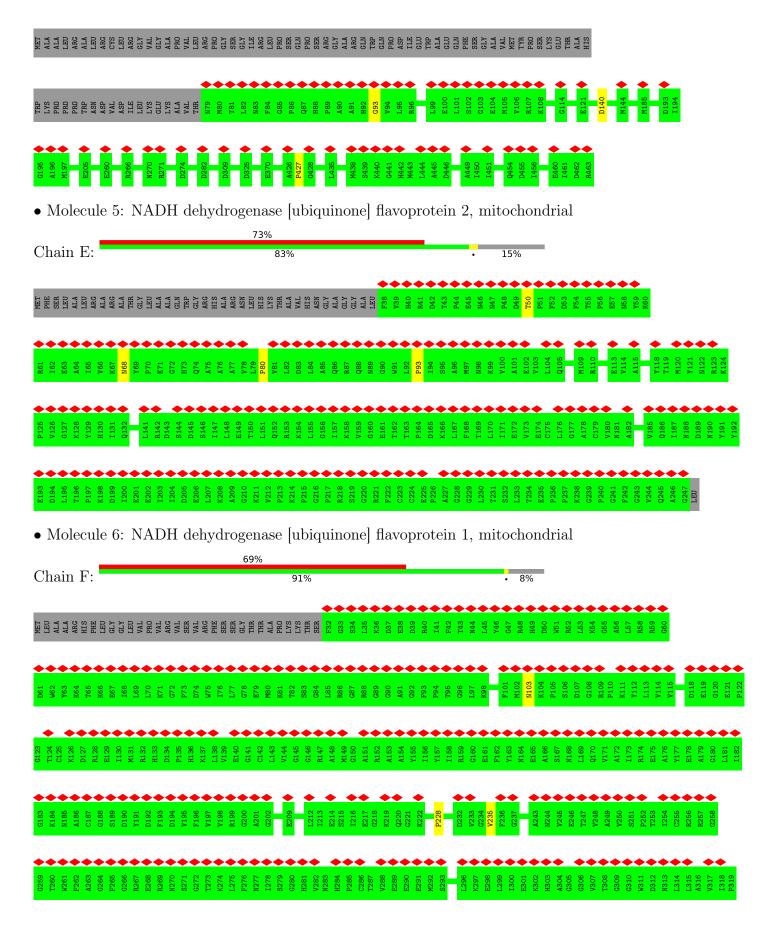
• Molecule 1: NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 3





17%

83%



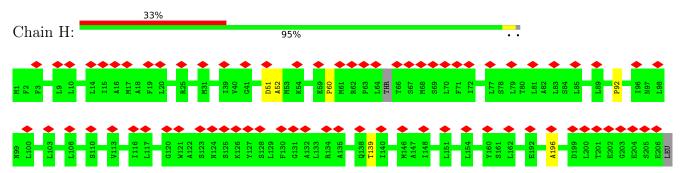




• Molecule 7: NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase 75 kDa subunit, mitochondrial



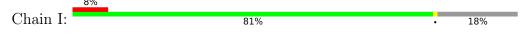
 \bullet Molecule 8: NADH-ubiquinone oxidoreductase chain 1







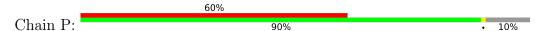
• Molecule 9: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 8, mitochondrial

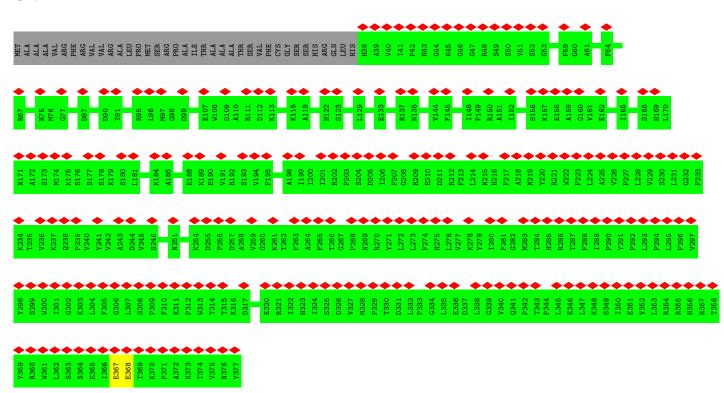






• Molecule 10: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 9, mitochondrial



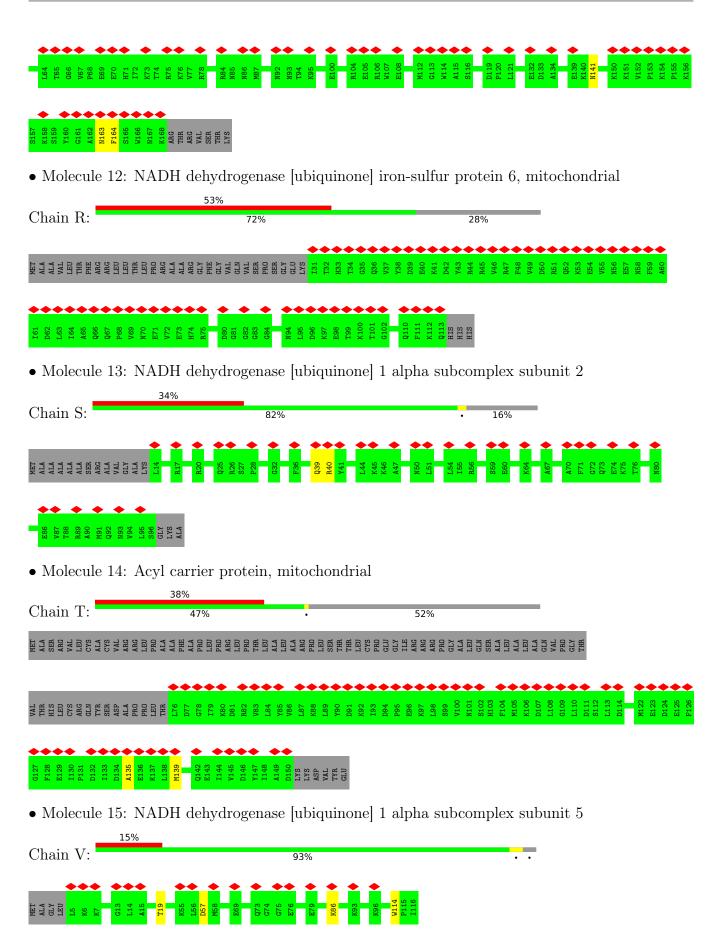


• Molecule 11: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] iron-sulfur protein 4, mitochondrial

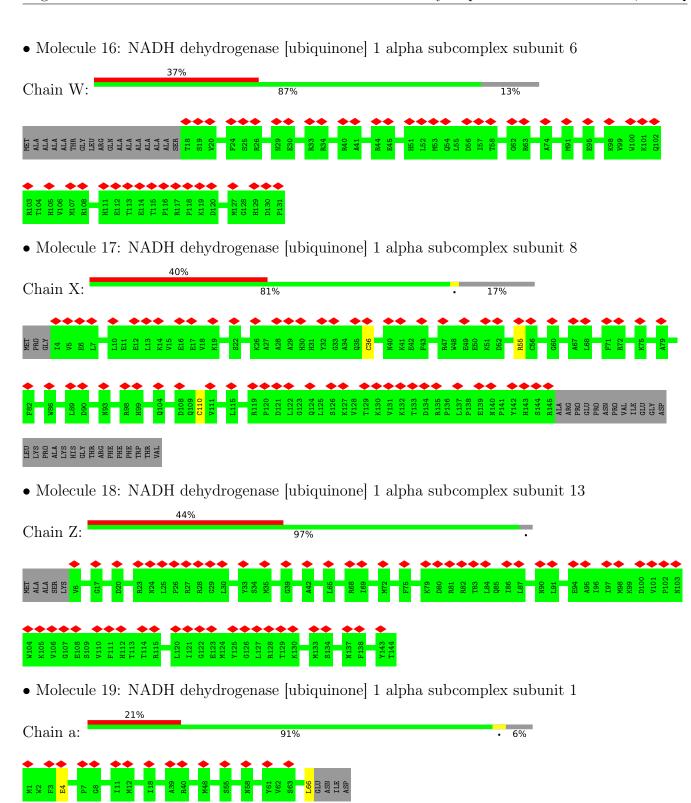








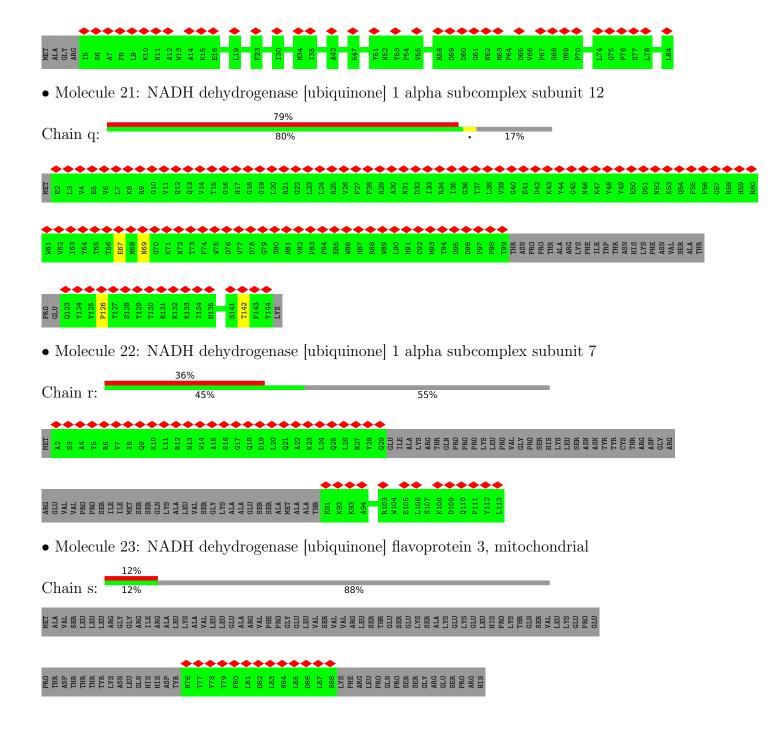




• Molecule 20: NADH dehydrogenase [ubiquinone] 1 alpha subcomplex subunit 3

Chain b: 95% 5%







4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	31517	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TALOS ARCTICA	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	46.1, 45.9	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2200	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k), GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	4.506	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1.026	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.071	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.55	Depositor
Map size (Å)	422.40002, 422.40002, 422.40002	wwPDB
Map dimensions	384, 384, 384	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.1, 1.1, 1.1	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SF4, FES, EHZ, UQ9, CDL, 3PE, NDP, ZN, UQ1, PC1, FMN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

N/L-1	Chain	Во	nd lengths	В	ond angles
Mol	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.53	0/774	0.78	0/1056
2	В	0.62	0/1289	0.87	4/1744~(0.2%)
3	С	0.55	0/1687	0.81	1/2297~(0.0%)
4	D	0.61	0/3162	0.83	3/4276~(0.1%)
5	Е	0.54	2/1675~(0.1%)	0.74	$2/2282 \ (0.1\%)$
6	F	0.58	1/3363~(0.0%)	0.83	4/4543 (0.1%)
7	G	0.59	1/5374~(0.0%)	0.98	17/7281 (0.2%)
8	Н	0.62	1/2585~(0.0%)	0.89	9/3529~(0.3%)
9	I	0.59	0/1427	0.89	2/1927~(0.1%)
10	Р	0.52	0/2804	0.74	$2/3802 \ (0.1\%)$
11	Q	0.58	1/980 (0.1%)	0.80	4/1324 (0.3%)
12	R	0.42	0/671	0.70	0/903
13	S	0.62	0/678	0.96	2/915 (0.2%)
14	Т	0.59	0/613	0.84	2/826 (0.2%)
15	V	0.57	0/937	0.85	4/1270 (0.3%)
16	W	0.53	0/993	0.72	0/1335
17	X	0.54	0/1191	0.89	5/1605 (0.3%)
18	Z	0.50	0/1183	0.63	0/1597
19	a	0.54	0/552	0.74	1/743 (0.1%)
20	b	0.47	0/651	0.53	0/895
21	q	0.65	1/1037 (0.1%)	0.91	3/1408~(0.2%)
22	r	0.64	0/426	0.96	0/573
23	s	0.50	0/108	0.61	0/147
All	All	0.57	7/34160 (0.0%)	0.84	$65/46278 \; (0.1\%)$

The worst 5 of 7 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	Ideal(A)
5	Е	93	PRO	N-CD	-6.00	1.39	1.47
6	F	235	VAL	N-CA	-5.85	1.34	1.46
8	Н	60	PRO	N-CD	5.71	1.55	1.47

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
5	Е	80	PRO	N-CD	5.61	1.55	1.47
7	G	683	PRO	N-CD	-5.50	1.40	1.47

The worst 5 of 65 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
7	G	174	THR	N-CA-C	-8.11	89.11	111.00
11	Q	60	ASP	N-CA-C	-7.66	90.32	111.00
17	X	55	ARG	N-CA-CB	-7.46	97.18	110.60
7	G	204	MET	N-CA-C	-7.26	91.40	111.00
17	X	55	ARG	N-CA-C	7.03	129.97	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

Due to software issues we are unable to calculate clashes - this section is therefore empty.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percei	ntiles
1	A	88/115~(76%)	79 (90%)	9 (10%)	0	100	100
2	В	155/224~(69%)	144 (93%)	10 (6%)	1 (1%)	22	54
3	С	196/263 (74%)	184 (94%)	12 (6%)	0	100	100
4	D	383/463~(83%)	355 (93%)	27 (7%)	1 (0%)	37	67
5	E	208/248~(84%)	188 (90%)	20 (10%)	0	100	100
6	F	424/464~(91%)	404 (95%)	20 (5%)	0	100	100
7	G	685/727 (94%)	627 (92%)	58 (8%)	0	100	100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
8	Н	308/318 (97%)	286 (93%)	21 (7%)	1 (0%)	37	67
9	I	170/212 (80%)	169 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
10	Р	338/377 (90%)	315 (93%)	23 (7%)	0	100	100
11	Q	116/175~(66%)	114 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
12	R	81/116 (70%)	76 (94%)	5 (6%)	0	100	100
13	S	81/99 (82%)	78 (96%)	3 (4%)	0	100	100
14	Т	73/156 (47%)	72 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
15	V	110/116 (95%)	107 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
16	W	112/131 (86%)	106 (95%)	6 (5%)	0	100	100
17	X	140/172 (81%)	129 (92%)	11 (8%)	0	100	100
18	Z	137/144 (95%)	129 (94%)	8 (6%)	0	100	100
19	a	64/70 (91%)	60 (94%)	4 (6%)	0	100	100
20	b	78/84 (93%)	68 (87%)	10 (13%)	0	100	100
21	q	116/145 (80%)	114 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
22	r	47/113 (42%)	43 (92%)	4 (8%)	0	100	100
23	S	11/104 (11%)	11 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	4121/5036 (82%)	3858 (94%)	260 (6%)	3 (0%)	50	78

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Mol Chain		Type
8	Н	92	PRO
4	4 D		GLY
2	В	195	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	84/104 (81%)	84 (100%)	0	100 100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
2	В	133/185 (72%)	131 (98%)	2 (2%)	60	75
3	С	180/227 (79%)	180 (100%)	0	100	100
4	D	332/395 (84%)	332 (100%)	0	100	100
5	E	182/206 (88%)	182 (100%)	0	100	100
6	F	341/370 (92%)	341 (100%)	0	100	100
7	G	579/610 (95%)	579 (100%)	0	100	100
8	Н	276/280 (99%)	276 (100%)	0	100	100
9	I	148/178 (83%)	148 (100%)	0	100	100
10	Р	297/325 (91%)	297 (100%)	0	100	100
11	Q	105/153 (69%)	105 (100%)	0	100	100
12	R	70/96 (73%)	70 (100%)	0	100	100
13	S	74/80 (92%)	74 (100%)	0	100	100
14	Т	69/135 (51%)	69 (100%)	0	100	100
15	V	100/102 (98%)	100 (100%)	0	100	100
16	W	108/114 (95%)	108 (100%)	0	100	100
17	X	129/154 (84%)	129 (100%)	0	100	100
18	Z	120/123 (98%)	120 (100%)	0	100	100
19	a	56/60 (93%)	55 (98%)	1 (2%)	54	71
20	b	71/73 (97%)	71 (100%)	0	100	100
21	q	108/131 (82%)	108 (100%)	0	100	100
22	r	44/96 (46%)	44 (100%)	0	100	100
23	S	13/95 (14%)	13 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	3619/4292 (84%)	3616 (100%)	3 (0%)	92	96

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	122	ARG
2	В	170	TYR
19	a	66	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 77 such sidechains are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
10	Р	275	HIS
21	q	54	GLN
11	Q	51	GLN
17	X	143	HIS
22	r	110	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 21 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 20 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
25	SF4	G	801	7	0,12,12	-	-	-		
31	NDP	Р	401	-	45,52,52	0.95	2 (4%)	53,80,80	1.21	4 (7%)
25	SF4	F	502	6	0,12,12	-	-	-		
28	FES	Е	301	5	0,4,4	-	-	-		
30	UQ9	Н	401	-	35,35,58	0.81	2 (5%)	42,45,73	0.50	0
34	CDL	q	201	-	56,56,99	1.19	4 (7%)	62,68,111	1.29	6 (9%)
25	SF4	В	301	2	0,12,12	-	-	-		
24	3PE	I	301	-	50,50,50	0.90	2 (4%)	53,55,55	1.03	3 (5%)
33	EHZ	W	201	-	27,31,37	1.89	7 (25%)	37,41,47	1.86	11 (29%)



Mol	Trmo	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
25	SF4	I	303	9	0,12,12	-	-	-		
27	PC1	I	302	-	46,46,53	1.00	2 (4%)	52,54,61	1.07	3 (5%)
24	3PE	b	201	-	45,45,50	0.95	2 (4%)	48,50,55	1.09	3 (6%)
25	SF4	G	802	7	0,12,12	-	-	=		
27	PC1	Н	402	-	41,41,53	1.05	2 (4%)	47,49,61	1.06	4 (8%)
29	FMN	F	501	-	33,33,33	1.40	5 (15%)	48,50,50	1.21	6 (12%)
25	SF4	I	304	9	0,12,12	-	-	-		
27	PC1	В	303	-	34,34,53	1.15	2 (5%)	40,42,61	1.15	3 (7%)
24	3PE	A	401	-	45,45,50	0.93	2 (4%)	48,50,55	1.01	2 (4%)
28	FES	G	803	7	0,4,4	-	-	=		
26	UQ1	В	302	-	18,18,18	2.04	2 (11%)	22,25,25	1.75	5 (22%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
25	SF4	G	801	7	-	-	0/6/5/5
31	NDP	Р	401	-	-	6/30/77/77	0/5/5/5
25	SF4	F	502	6	-	-	0/6/5/5
28	FES	E	301	5	-	-	0/1/1/1
34	CDL	q	201	_	-	14/67/67/110	-
30	UQ9	Н	401	-	-	13/30/54/81	0/1/1/1
25	SF4	В	301	2	-	-	0/6/5/5
24	3PE	I	301	-	-	17/54/54/54	-
33	EHZ	W	201	-	-	22/39/39/45	-
25	SF4	I	303	9	-	-	0/6/5/5
27	PC1	I	302	-	-	13/50/50/57	-
24	3PE	b	201	-	-	8/49/49/54	-
25	SF4	G	802	7	-	-	0/6/5/5
27	PC1	Н	402	-	-	15/45/45/57	-
29	FMN	F	501	-	-	4/18/18/18	0/3/3/3
25	SF4	I	304	9	-	-	0/6/5/5
27	PC1	В	303	-	-	11/38/38/57	-
24	3PE	A	401	-	-	14/49/49/54	-
28	FES	G	803	7	-	-	0/1/1/1
26	UQ1	В	302	-	-	0/9/33/33	0/1/1/1



The worst	5	of	34	bond	length	outliers	are	listed	below:
TIIC WOID	\mathbf{O}	$O_{\mathbf{I}}$	$\mathbf{O}_{\mathbf{I}}$	Ollu	10115011	Outiloid	COL C	IIDUCA	OCIOW.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
26	В	302	UQ1	C6-C5	7.56	1.49	1.35
33	W	201	EHZ	C15-N2	5.40	1.45	1.33
33	W	201	EHZ	C12-N1	5.14	1.45	1.33
29	F	501	FMN	C9A-C5A	4.76	1.49	1.41
27	I	302	PC1	O31-C31	4.20	1.45	1.33

The worst 5 of 50 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
33	W	201	EHZ	C8-C9-S1	6.26	121.38	113.63
26	В	302	UQ1	CM2-O2-C2	5.28	135.19	116.47
34	q	201	CDL	OA6-CA5-C11	4.36	120.89	111.50
27	I	302	PC1	O21-C21-C22	4.24	120.63	111.50
34	q	201	CDL	OB6-CB5-C51	4.12	120.38	111.50

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 137 torsion outliers are listed below:

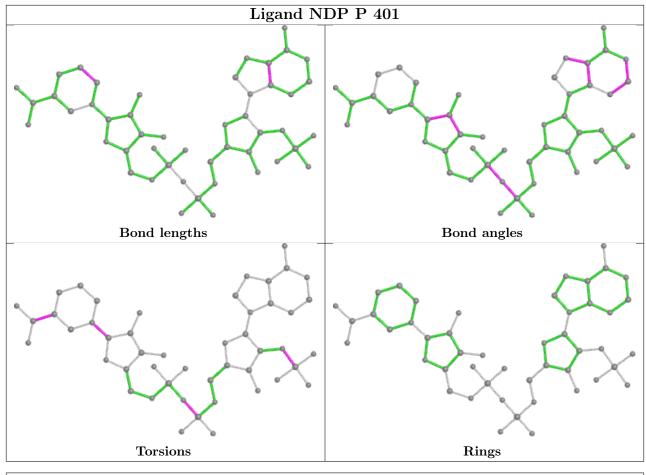
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
24	A	401	3PE	C12-C11-O13-P
24	A	401	3PE	O32-C31-O31-C3
24	A	401	3PE	C32-C31-O31-C3
24	I	301	3PE	C11-O13-P-O12
24	b	201	3PE	O22-C21-O21-C2

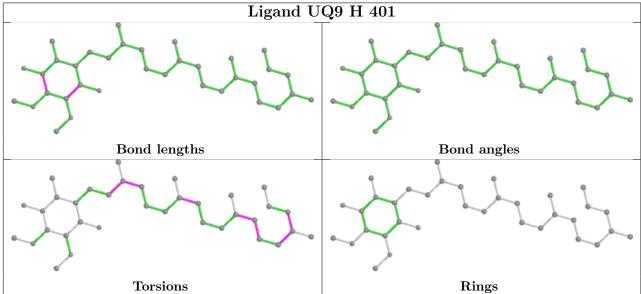
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

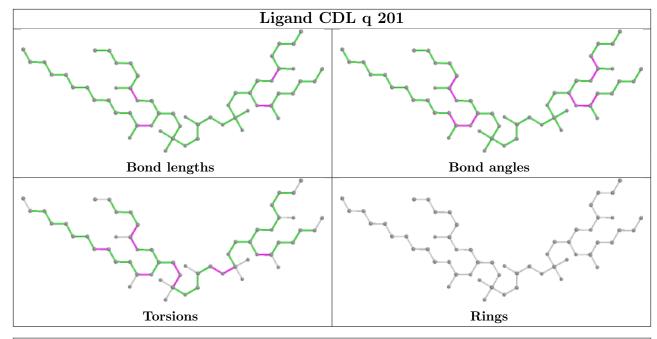
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

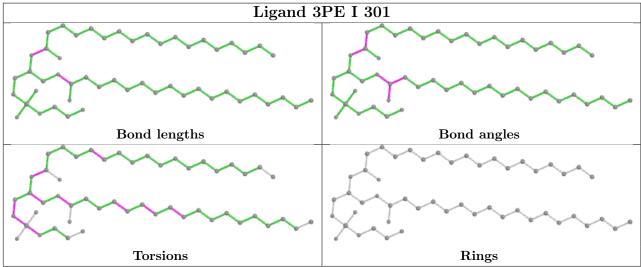




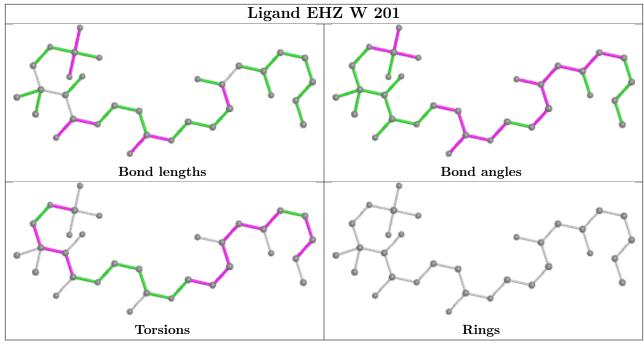


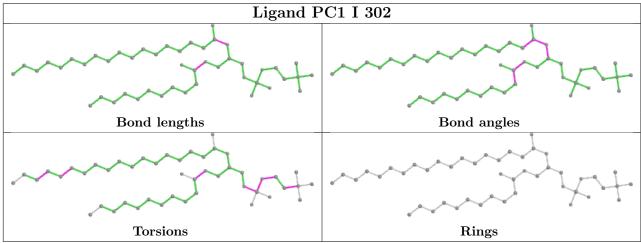


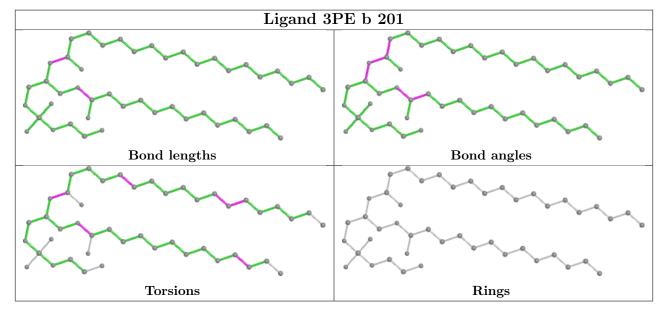




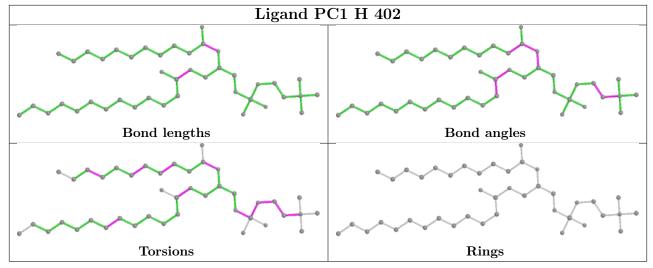


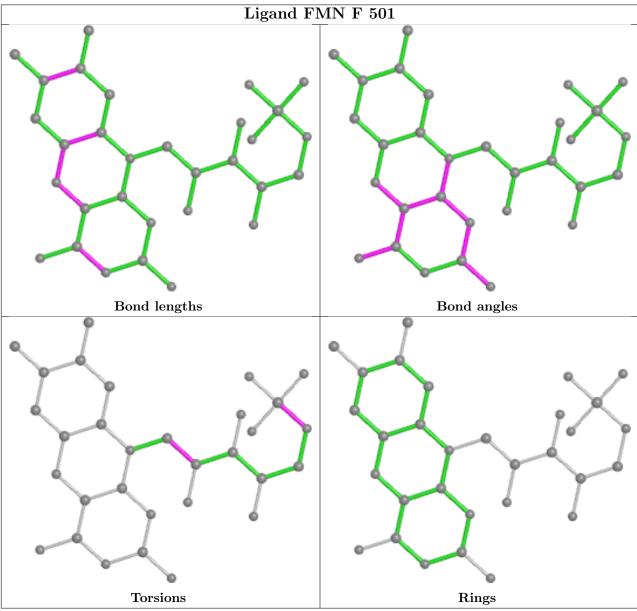




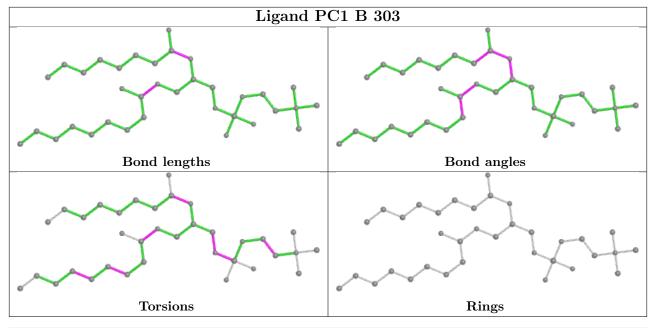


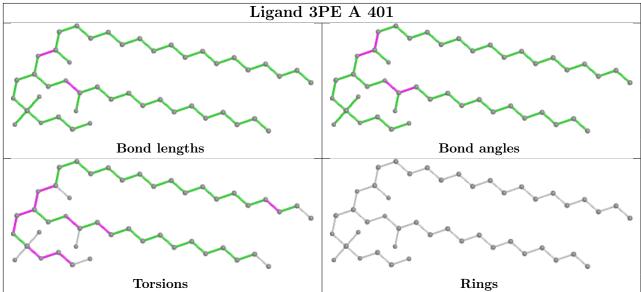




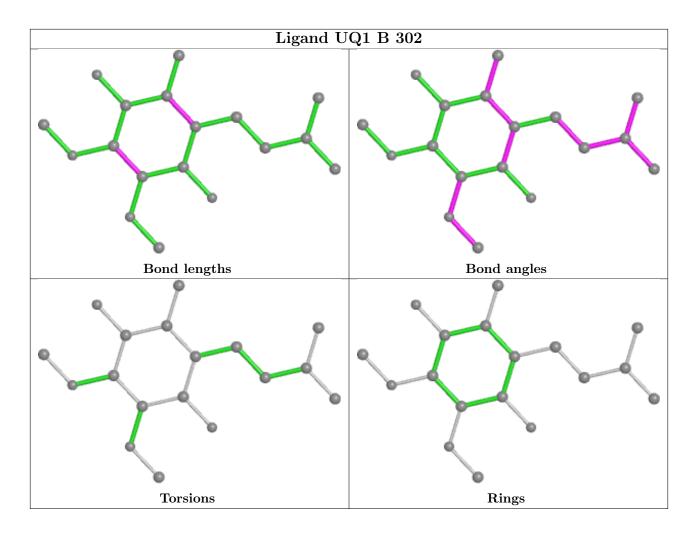












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



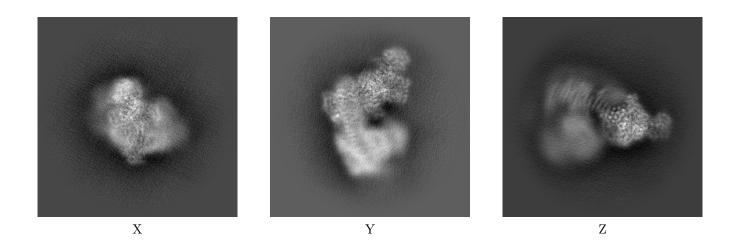
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-38511. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

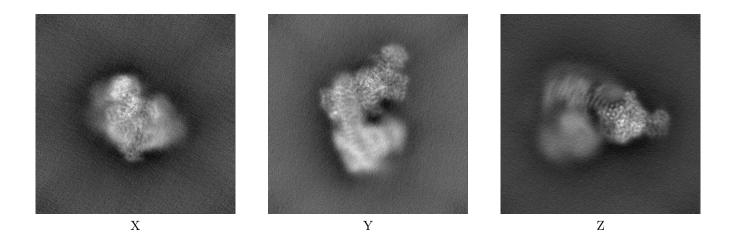
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map

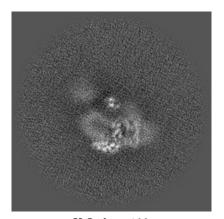


The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.



6.2 Central slices (i)

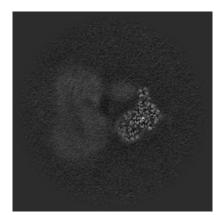
6.2.1 Primary map





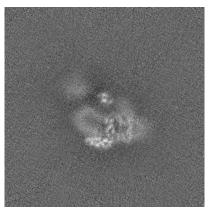


Y Index: 192



Z Index: 192

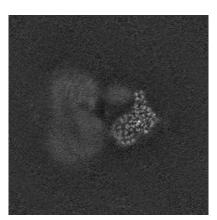
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 192



Y Index: 192



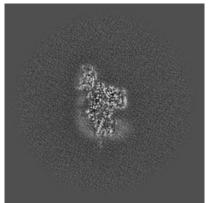
Z Index: 192

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

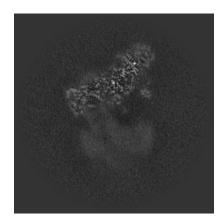


6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

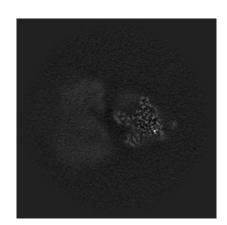
6.3.1 Primary map





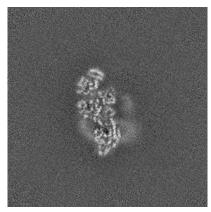


Y Index: 178

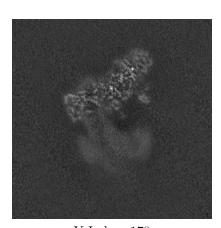


Z Index: 204

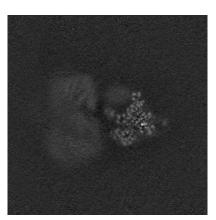
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 232



Y Index: 178



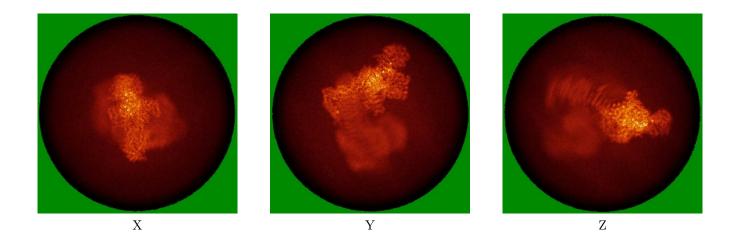
Z Index: 199

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

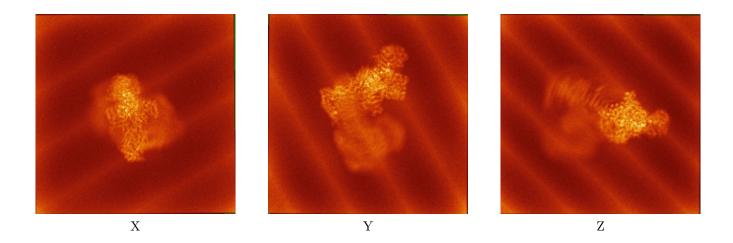


6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map

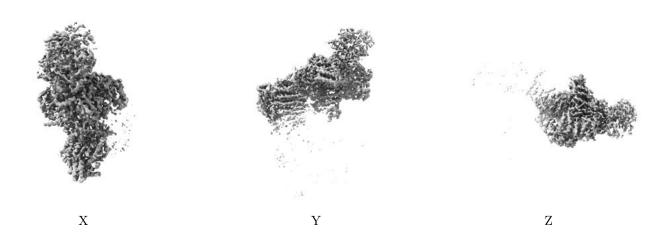


The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.55. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

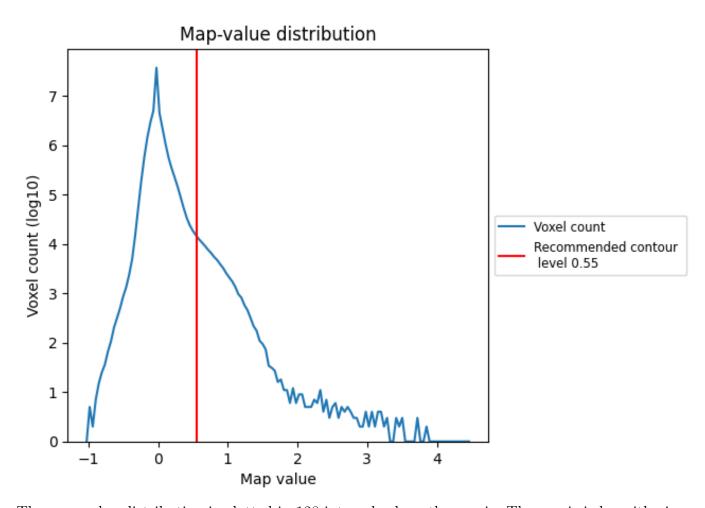
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

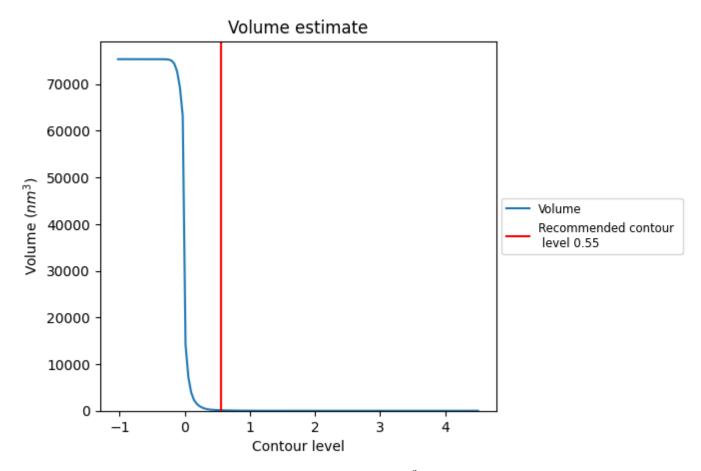
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

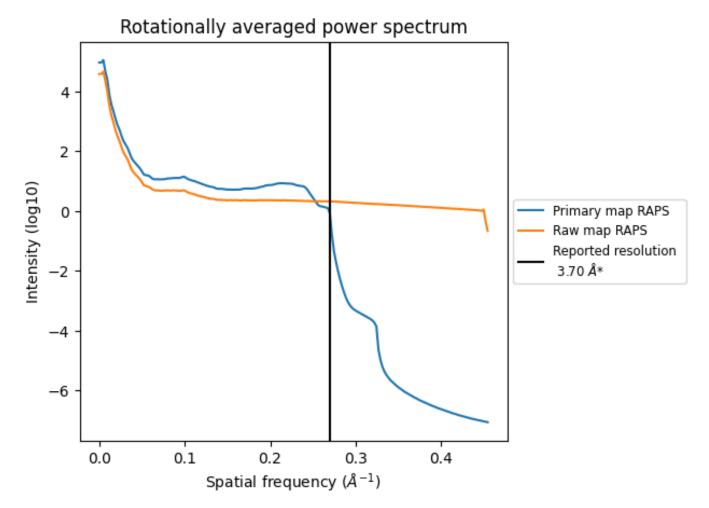


The volume at the recommended contour level is $117~\mathrm{nm}^3$; this corresponds to an approximate mass of $106~\mathrm{kDa}$.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



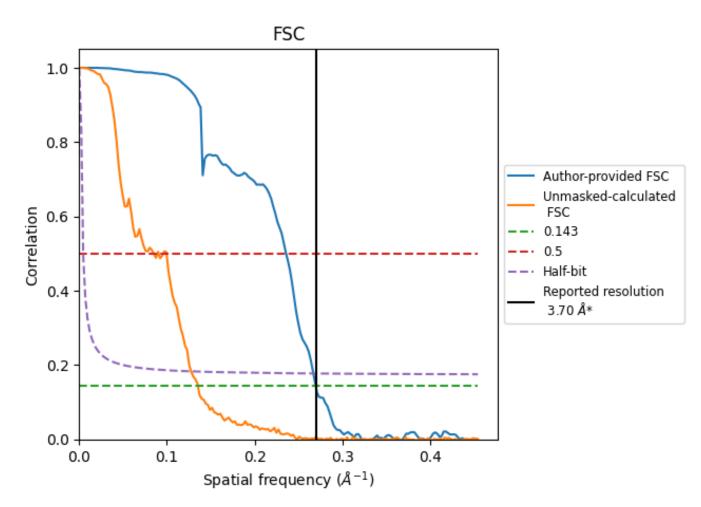
^{*}Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.270 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.270 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.70	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.71	4.24	3.75
Unmasked-calculated*	7.39	11.79	7.84

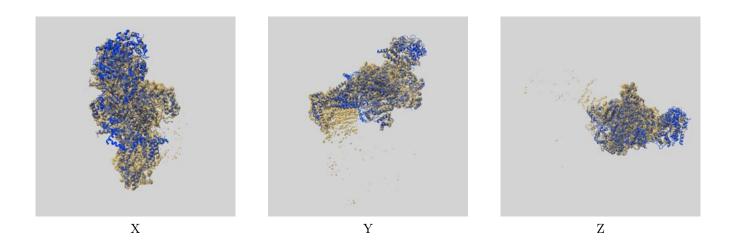
^{*}Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 7.39 differs from the reported value 3.7 by more than 10 %



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-38511 and PDB model 8XNQ. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 15.

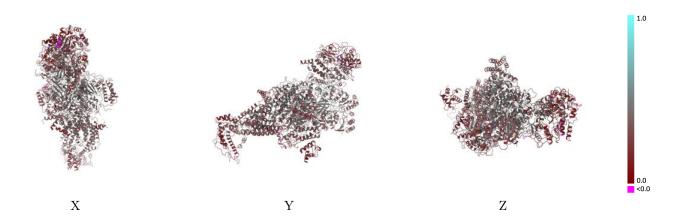
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.55 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

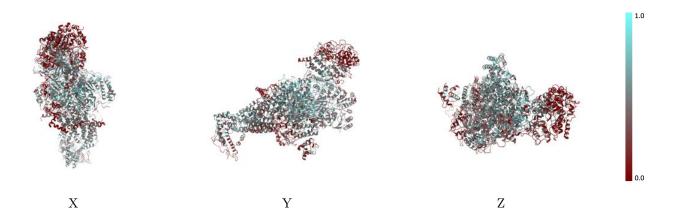


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

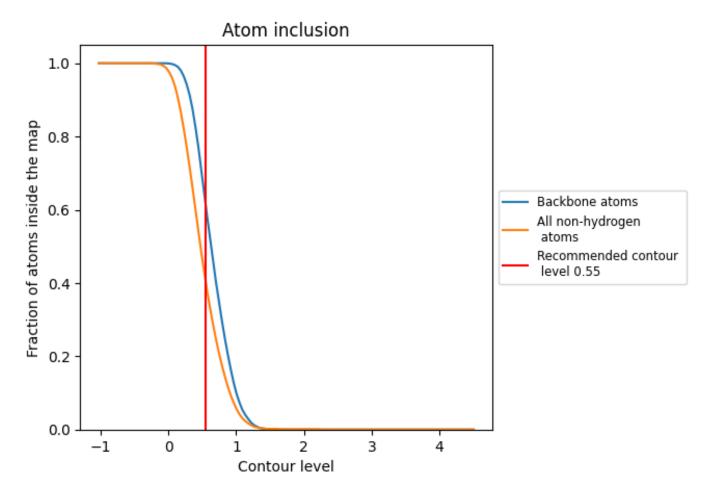
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.55).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 61% of all backbone atoms, 40% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.55) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.4040	0.3450
A	0.3300	0.3340
В	0.5340	0.4150
С	0.5760	0.4210
D	0.5680	0.4250
Е	0.1700	0.2710
F	0.2510	0.2970
G	0.5050	0.3790
Н	0.4440	0.3780
I	0.5700	0.4170
Р	0.2900	0.2930
Q	0.3650	0.3800
R	0.1870	0.2610
S	0.4290	0.3140
Т	0.2490	0.2230
V	0.5470	0.3520
W	0.3800	0.3520
X	0.4080	0.2550
Z	0.4250	0.2830
a	0.5420	0.3630
b	0.3870	0.3080
q	0.0470	0.2820
r	0.1770	0.3070
S	0.0090	0.1520



