PDB ID : 4XRG
Title : Crystal Structure of the Homospermidine Synthase (HSS) variant H296S from Blastochloris viridis in Complex with NAD, Putrescine and Agmatine
Authors : Krossa, S.
Deposited on : 2015-01-21
Resolution : 1.30 Å (reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
with specific help available everywhere you see the symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.3 (157068), CSD as539be (2018)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : trunk30967
Percentile statistics : (not set)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk30967
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Metric</th>
<th>Whole archive (#Entries)</th>
<th>Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R_free</td>
<td>111664</td>
<td>1286 (1.32-1.28)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clashscore</td>
<td>122126</td>
<td>1332 (1.32-1.28)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ramachandran outliers</td>
<td>120053</td>
<td>1282 (1.32-1.28)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sidechain outliers</td>
<td>120020</td>
<td>1282 (1.32-1.28)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for &gt;=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions &lt;=5%

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Length</th>
<th>Quality of chain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>474</td>
<td>97%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>474</td>
<td>96%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2  Entry composition

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 16326 atoms, of which 7462 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Homospermidine synthase.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Residues</th>
<th>Atoms</th>
<th>ZeroOcc</th>
<th>AltConf</th>
<th>Trace</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>474</td>
<td>Total C  H  N  O  S</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>7424 2387 3656 655 708 18</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>474</td>
<td>Total C  H  N  O  S</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>7444 2393 3663 655 715 18</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Residue</th>
<th>Modelled</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Comment</th>
<th>Reference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>296</td>
<td>SER</td>
<td>HIS</td>
<td>engineered mutation</td>
<td>UNP O32323</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>296</td>
<td>SER</td>
<td>HIS</td>
<td>engineered mutation</td>
<td>UNP O32323</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

• Molecule 2 is NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: NAD) (formula: $C_{21}H_{27}N_{7}O_{14}P_{2}$).

![NAD]

2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Residues</th>
<th>Atoms</th>
<th>ZeroOcc</th>
<th>AltConf</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Total C  H  N  O  P</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>70 21 26 7 14 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Continued on next page...
• Molecule 3 is AGMATINE (three-letter code: AG2) (formula: C₅H₁₄N₄).

- Molecule 4 is 1,4-DIAMINOBUTANE (three-letter code: PUT) (formula: C₄H₁₂N₂).
- Molecule 5 is 3-PYRIDINIUM-1-YLPROPANE-1-SULFONATE (three-letter code: 1PS) (formula: C₈H₁₁NO₃S).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Residues</th>
<th>Atoms</th>
<th>ZeroOcc</th>
<th>AltConf</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Total C H N</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Total C H N</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Residues</th>
<th>Atoms</th>
<th>ZeroOcc</th>
<th>AltConf</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Total C H N O S</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Continued on next page...*
Continued from previous page...

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Residues</th>
<th>Atoms</th>
<th>ZeroOcc</th>
<th>AltConf</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Total C H N O S</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>48 16 22 2 6 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Molecule 6 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula: C$_2$H$_3$O$_2$).

![ACT molecule diagram](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Residues</th>
<th>Atoms</th>
<th>ZeroOcc</th>
<th>AltConf</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Total C H O</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>7 2 3 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Total C H O</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>7 2 3 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Molecule 7 is water.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Residues</th>
<th>Atoms</th>
<th>ZeroOcc</th>
<th>AltConf</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>594</td>
<td>Total O</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>594 594</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>556</td>
<td>Total O</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>556 556</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Homospermidine synthase

Chain A:

- Molecule 1: Homospermidine synthase

Chain B:
4 Data and refinement statistics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Source</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Space group</td>
<td>P 2 2 21</td>
<td>Depositor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cell constants</td>
<td>60.03Å 110.23Å 157.47Å</td>
<td>Depositor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a, b, c, α, β, γ</td>
<td>90.00° 90.00° 90.00°</td>
<td>Depositor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resolution (Å)</td>
<td>10.00 – 1.30</td>
<td>Depositor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>90.31 – 1.06</td>
<td>EDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Data completeness (in</td>
<td>99.0 (10.00-1.30)</td>
<td>Depositor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>resolution range)</td>
<td>70.7 (90.31-1.06)</td>
<td>EDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rmerge</td>
<td>(Not available)</td>
<td>Depositor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rsym</td>
<td>0.18</td>
<td>Depositor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&lt; I/σ(I) &gt; ¹</td>
<td>-0.03 (at 1.06Å)</td>
<td>Xtriage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refinement program</td>
<td>PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.9_1692)</td>
<td>Depositor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R, R_free</td>
<td>0.160 , 0.198</td>
<td>Depositor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.166 , 0.201</td>
<td>DCC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R_free test set</td>
<td>22106 reflections (5.02%)</td>
<td>wwPDB-VP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wilson B-factor (Å²)</td>
<td>9.8</td>
<td>Xtriage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anisotropy</td>
<td>0.111</td>
<td>Xtriage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å³), B_{sol}(Å²)</td>
<td>0.44 , 54.4</td>
<td>EDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L-test for twinning²</td>
<td>&lt;</td>
<td>L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estimated twinning fraction</td>
<td>No twinning to report.</td>
<td>Xtriage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fα,Fc correlation</td>
<td>0.96</td>
<td>EDS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total number of atoms</td>
<td>16326</td>
<td>wwPDB-VP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Average B, all atoms (Å²)</td>
<td>24.0</td>
<td>wwPDB-VP</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Xtriage’s analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.80% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.
²Theoretical values of < |L| >, < L^2 > for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.
5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PUT, 1PS, AG2, NAD, ACT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Bond lengths</th>
<th>Bond angles</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>RMSZ</td>
<td>#:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>0.47</td>
<td>0/3875</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>0.43</td>
<td>0/3893</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>0.45</td>
<td>0/7768</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Res</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Atoms</th>
<th>Z</th>
<th>Observed(°)</th>
<th>Ideal(°)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>211</td>
<td>ARG</td>
<td>NE-CZ-NH2</td>
<td>-5.26</td>
<td>117.67</td>
<td>120.30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Non-H</th>
<th>H(model)</th>
<th>H(added)</th>
<th>Clashes</th>
<th>Symm-Clashes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>3768</td>
<td>3656</td>
<td>3651</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>3781</td>
<td>3663</td>
<td>3650</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Continued on next page...
The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (15) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Atom-1</th>
<th>Atom-2</th>
<th>Interatomic distance (Å)</th>
<th>Clash overlap (Å)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1:B:426:ASP:OD1</td>
<td>7:B:1020:HOH:O</td>
<td>2.08</td>
<td>0.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:A:309[B]:ARG: NH2</td>
<td>7:A:1032:HOH:O</td>
<td>2.26</td>
<td>0.68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:B:261:ASP:N</td>
<td>1:B:261:ASP:OD1</td>
<td>2.28</td>
<td>0.66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:B:416:ASN:OD1</td>
<td>7:B:1035:HOH:O</td>
<td>2.17</td>
<td>0.58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:B:385[B]:GLU:OE2</td>
<td>1:B:388:ARG:NH2</td>
<td>2.40</td>
<td>0.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:B:183:VAL:HG21</td>
<td>1:B:201:LEU:HD23</td>
<td>1.90</td>
<td>0.54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:B:447[B]:ASP:OD1</td>
<td>7:B:957:HOH:O</td>
<td>2.19</td>
<td>0.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:B:133[A]:ARG: NH2</td>
<td>7:B:710:HOH:O</td>
<td>2.44</td>
<td>0.51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:B:37:ASP:OD1</td>
<td>1:B:39:SER:OG</td>
<td>2.15</td>
<td>0.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:B:298:GLU:OE2</td>
<td>7:B:743:HOH:O</td>
<td>2.20</td>
<td>0.47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:A:165:MET:HA</td>
<td>1:A:168:TRP:CE3</td>
<td>2.51</td>
<td>0.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:B:385[B]:GLU:OE1</td>
<td>7:B:1066:HOH:O</td>
<td>2.21</td>
<td>0.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:B:165:MET:HA</td>
<td>1:B:168:TRP:CE3</td>
<td>2.55</td>
<td>0.41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1:B:101:MET:HG3</td>
<td>1:B:155:ALA:HB1</td>
<td>2.03</td>
<td>0.40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Atom-1</th>
<th>Atom-2</th>
<th>Interatomic distance (Å)</th>
<th>Clash overlap (Å)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7:A:603:HOH:O</td>
<td>7:A:625:HOH:O[3_555]</td>
<td>2.17</td>
<td>0.03</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Analysed</th>
<th>Favoured</th>
<th>Allowed</th>
<th>Outliers</th>
<th>Percentiles</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>481/474 (102%)</td>
<td>466 (97%)</td>
<td>15 (3%)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>100 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>485/474 (102%)</td>
<td>469 (97%)</td>
<td>16 (3%)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>100 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>966/948 (102%)</td>
<td>935 (97%)</td>
<td>31 (3%)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>100 100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Analysed</th>
<th>Rotameric</th>
<th>Outliers</th>
<th>Percentiles</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>398/388 (103%)</td>
<td>390 (98%)</td>
<td>8 (2%)</td>
<td>58 17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>401/388 (103%)</td>
<td>396 (99%)</td>
<td>5 (1%)</td>
<td>74 40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All</td>
<td>All</td>
<td>799/776 (103%)</td>
<td>786 (98%)</td>
<td>13 (2%)</td>
<td>63 28</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All (13) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Res</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>ARG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>ASP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>PHE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>124</td>
<td>PHE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>LEU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>244</td>
<td>LEU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>293</td>
<td>LEU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>323</td>
<td>TYR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Continued on next page...
Continued from previous page...

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Res</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>LEU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>PHE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>261</td>
<td>ASP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>293</td>
<td>LEU</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>323</td>
<td>TYR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

11 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Res</th>
<th>Link</th>
<th>Bond lengths</th>
<th>Bond angles</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Counts</td>
<td>RMSZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>40,48,48</td>
<td>0.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>AG2</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>502[A]</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>8,8,8</td>
<td>1.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>PUT</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>503[B]</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5,5,5</td>
<td>0.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1PS</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>504</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>13,13,13</td>
<td>2.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1PS</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>505[A]</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>13,13,13</td>
<td>2.22</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. ‘-‘ means no outliers of that kind were identified.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Res</th>
<th>Link</th>
<th>Chirals</th>
<th>Torsions</th>
<th>Rings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0/22/62/62</td>
<td>0/5/5/5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>AG2</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>502[A]</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0/6/6/6</td>
<td>0/0/0/0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>PUT</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>503[B]</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0/3/3/3</td>
<td>0/0/0/0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1PS</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>504</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0/7/7/7</td>
<td>0/1/1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1PS</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>505[A]</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0/7/7/7</td>
<td>0/1/1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1PS</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>505[B]</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0/7/7/7</td>
<td>0/1/1/1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0/22/62/62</td>
<td>0/5/5/5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>AG2</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>502[A]</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0/6/6/6</td>
<td>0/0/0/0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>PUT</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>503[B]</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0/3/3/3</td>
<td>0/0/0/0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>ACT</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>504</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0/0/0/0</td>
<td>0/0/0/0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>ACT</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>505</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>0/0/0/0</td>
<td>0/0/0/0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All (10) bond length outliers are listed below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Res</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Atoms</th>
<th>Z</th>
<th>Observed(Å)</th>
<th>Ideal(Å)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>505[B]</td>
<td>1PS</td>
<td>C8-S1</td>
<td>-7.72</td>
<td>1.66</td>
<td>1.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>505[A]</td>
<td>1PS</td>
<td>C8-S1</td>
<td>-6.94</td>
<td>1.67</td>
<td>1.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>504</td>
<td>1PS</td>
<td>C8-S1</td>
<td>-6.93</td>
<td>1.67</td>
<td>1.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>C8A-N9A</td>
<td>-2.03</td>
<td>1.34</td>
<td>1.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>C5A-C4A</td>
<td>2.07</td>
<td>1.45</td>
<td>1.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>502[A]</td>
<td>AG2</td>
<td>CZ-NH1</td>
<td>2.26</td>
<td>1.41</td>
<td>1.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>C5A-C4A</td>
<td>2.31</td>
<td>1.45</td>
<td>1.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>502[A]</td>
<td>AG2</td>
<td>CZ-NH1</td>
<td>2.33</td>
<td>1.41</td>
<td>1.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>502[A]</td>
<td>AG2</td>
<td>CZ-NE</td>
<td>4.72</td>
<td>1.42</td>
<td>1.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>502[A]</td>
<td>AG2</td>
<td>CZ-NE</td>
<td>4.83</td>
<td>1.42</td>
<td>1.33</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All (20) bond angle outliers are listed below:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Mol</th>
<th>Chain</th>
<th>Res</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Atoms</th>
<th>Z</th>
<th>Observed(°)</th>
<th>Ideal(°)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>N3A-C2A-N1A</td>
<td>-7.73</td>
<td>122.24</td>
<td>128.86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>N3A-C2A-N1A</td>
<td>-6.71</td>
<td>123.12</td>
<td>128.86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>C4B-O4B-C1B</td>
<td>-3.68</td>
<td>105.99</td>
<td>109.83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>C1B-N9A-C4A</td>
<td>-2.98</td>
<td>121.49</td>
<td>126.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>C4B-O4B-C1B</td>
<td>-2.86</td>
<td>106.84</td>
<td>109.83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>C1B-N9A-C4A</td>
<td>-2.54</td>
<td>122.25</td>
<td>126.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>O7N-C7N-N7N</td>
<td>-2.25</td>
<td>119.32</td>
<td>122.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>O7N-C7N-N7N</td>
<td>-2.08</td>
<td>119.57</td>
<td>122.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>O2A-PA-O1A</td>
<td>2.03</td>
<td>122.44</td>
<td>112.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>505A</td>
<td>1PS</td>
<td>O3-S1-C8</td>
<td>2.07</td>
<td>109.41</td>
<td>106.92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>C2A-N1A-C6A</td>
<td>2.10</td>
<td>122.32</td>
<td>118.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>505A</td>
<td>1PS</td>
<td>O1-S1-C8</td>
<td>2.16</td>
<td>109.26</td>
<td>105.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>N6A-C6A-N1A</td>
<td>2.48</td>
<td>123.71</td>
<td>118.57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>505A</td>
<td>1PS</td>
<td>O2-S1-C8</td>
<td>2.71</td>
<td>110.18</td>
<td>106.92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>N6A-C6A-N1A</td>
<td>2.75</td>
<td>124.28</td>
<td>118.57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>505B</td>
<td>1PS</td>
<td>O2-S1-C8</td>
<td>2.84</td>
<td>110.34</td>
<td>106.92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>C3N-C7N-N7N</td>
<td>3.04</td>
<td>121.29</td>
<td>117.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>504</td>
<td>1PS</td>
<td>O1-S1-C8</td>
<td>3.12</td>
<td>110.82</td>
<td>105.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>B</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>NAD</td>
<td>C3N-C7N-N7N</td>
<td>3.61</td>
<td>121.95</td>
<td>117.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>505B</td>
<td>1PS</td>
<td>O3-S1-C8</td>
<td>4.57</td>
<td>112.41</td>
<td>106.92</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no chirality outliers.
There are no torsion outliers.
There are no ring outliers.
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.
6  Fit of model and data

6.1  Protein, DNA and RNA chains
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2  Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3  Carbohydrates
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4  Ligands
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.5  Other polymers
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.