



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report

Dec 16, 2023 – 12:19 pm GMT

PDB ID : 2YGV  
Title : Conserved N-terminal domain of the yeast Histone Chaperone Asf1 in complex with the C-terminal fragment of Rad53  
Authors : Jiao, Y.; Seeger, K.; Murciano, B.; Ledu, M.H.; Charbonnier, J.B.; Legrand, P.; Lautrette, A.; Gaubert, A.; Mousson, F.; Guerois, R.; Mann, C.; Ochsenbein, F.  
Deposited on : 2011-04-21  
Resolution : 2.94 Å (reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the  symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references](#) ) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtrriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.36  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

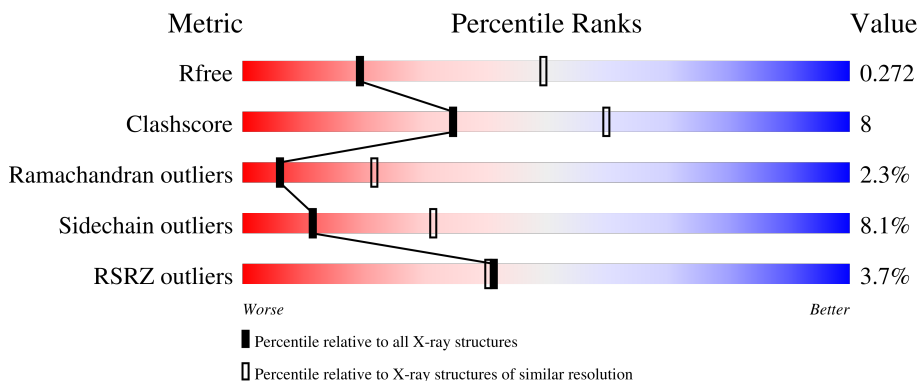
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.94 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.




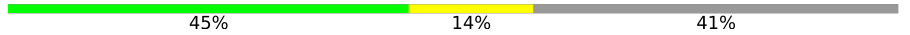
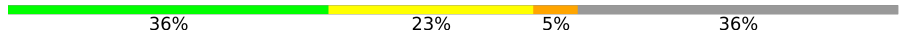

Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	2969 (2.98-2.90)
Clashscore	141614	3218 (2.98-2.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3122 (2.98-2.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3124 (2.98-2.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2902 (2.98-2.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	158	 5% 76% 18% . .
1	B	158	 6% 72% 23% . .
1	C	158	 2% 73% 21% . .
1	D	158	 3% 73% 20% . .

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
2	E	22	
2	F	22	
2	G	22	
2	H	22	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	GOL	B	1157	-	-	X	-

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5400 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called HISTONE CHAPERONE ASF1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	154	1231	791	200	238	2	0	0	0
1	B	155	1239	796	201	239	3	0	0	0
1	C	155	1239	796	201	239	3	0	0	0
1	D	152	1216	783	196	234	3	0	0	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P32447
A	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P32447
B	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P32447
B	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P32447
C	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P32447
C	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P32447
D	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P32447
D	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P32447

- Molecule 2 is a protein called SERINE/THREONINE-PROTEIN KINASE RAD53.

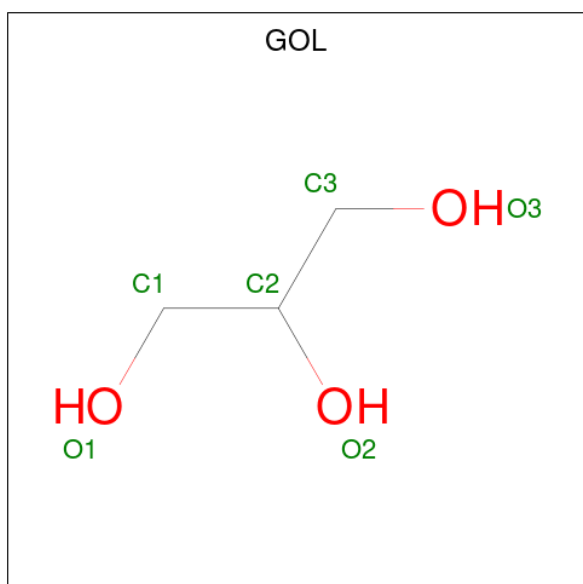
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
2	E	19	150	93	28	29	0	0	0
2	F	13	96	60	19	17	0	0	0
2	G	14	109	68	20	21	0	0	0
2	H	10	77	49	15	13	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	C	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	D	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 4 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

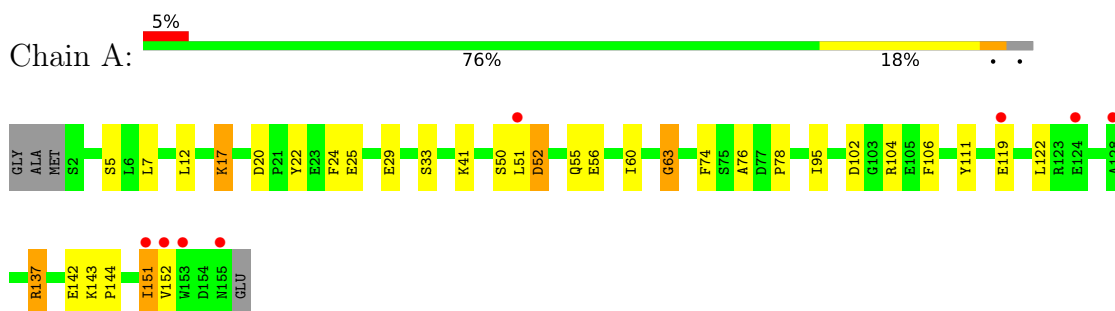
- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	6	Total	O	0	0
			6	6		
5	B	6	Total	O	0	0
			6	6		
5	C	4	Total	O	0	0
			4	4		
5	D	1	Total	O	0	0
			1	1		

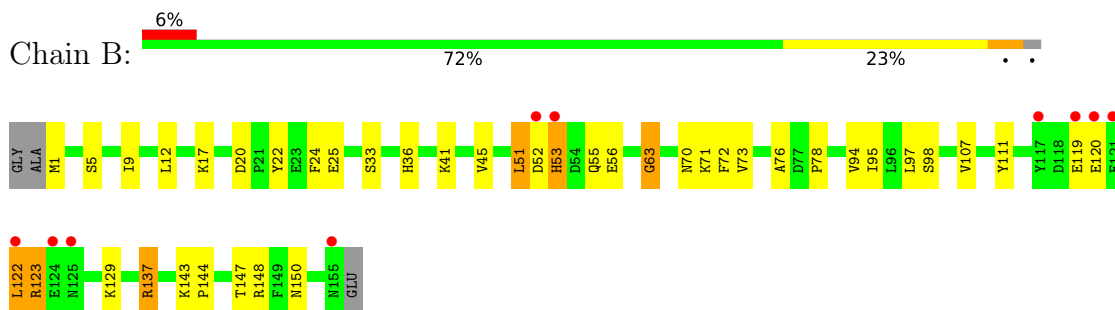
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

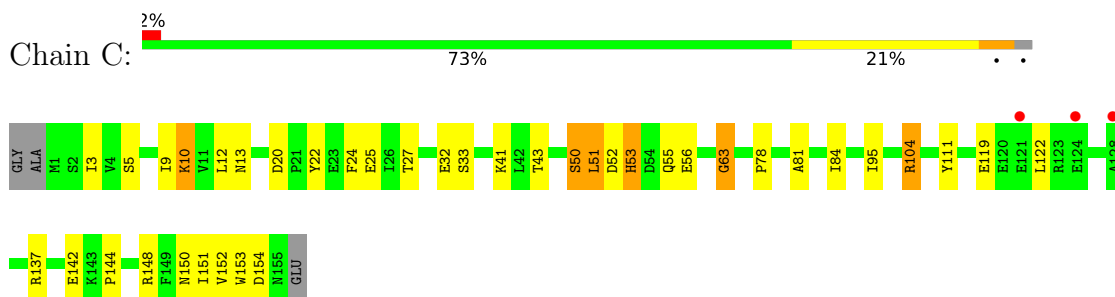
- Molecule 1: HISTONE CHAPERONE ASF1



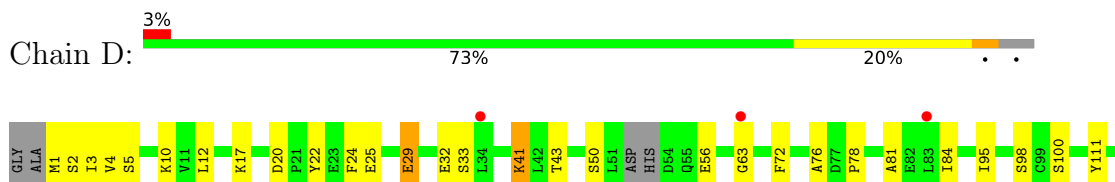
- Molecule 1: HISTONE CHAPERONE ASF1



- Molecule 1: HISTONE CHAPERONE ASF1



- Molecule 1: HISTONE CHAPERONE ASF1





- Molecule 2: SERINE/THREONINE-PROTEIN KINASE RAD53



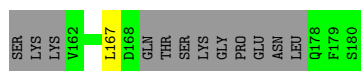
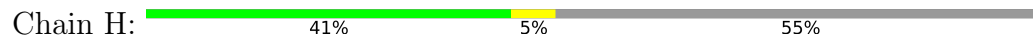
- Molecule 2: SERINE/THREONINE-PROTEIN KINASE RAD53



- Molecule 2: SERINE/THREONINE-PROTEIN KINASE RAD53



- Molecule 2: SERINE/THREONINE-PROTEIN KINASE RAD53





## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	125.24Å 98.18Å 86.49Å 90.00° 132.49° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.90 – 2.94 38.60 – 2.94	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (38.90-2.94) 99.6 (38.60-2.94)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.02	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.58 (at 2.95Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	BUSTER 2.8.0	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.188 , 0.257 0.199 , 0.272	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	809 reflections (4.94%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	47.1	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	1.080	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.35 , 65.9	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.087 for -h-2*1,-k,l	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	5400	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	54.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.67% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$
1	A	0.52	0/1260	0.81	0/1719
1	B	0.49	0/1268	0.78	0/1729
1	C	0.51	0/1268	0.83	1/1729 (0.1%)
1	D	0.52	0/1243	0.77	0/1693
2	E	0.60	0/151	0.99	0/200
2	F	0.58	0/95	0.68	0/123
2	G	0.65	0/108	1.16	0/142
2	H	0.53	0/76	0.71	0/97
All	All	0.52	0/5469	0.81	1/7432 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed( $^{\circ}$ )	Ideal( $^{\circ}$ )
1	C	52	ASP	C-N-CA	6.26	137.36	121.70

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1231	0	1209	19	0
1	B	1239	0	1221	30	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	C	1239	0	1221	22	0
1	D	1216	0	1207	18	0
2	E	150	0	155	3	0
2	F	96	0	87	6	0
2	G	109	0	102	8	0
2	H	77	0	75	1	0
3	A	5	0	0	0	0
3	B	5	0	0	1	0
3	C	5	0	0	0	0
3	D	5	0	0	0	0
4	B	6	0	8	4	0
5	A	6	0	0	1	0
5	B	6	0	0	0	0
5	C	4	0	0	1	0
5	D	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	5400	0	5285	89	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (89) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:63:GLY:HA2	2:E:164:ARG:HH22	1.31	0.93
1:D:119:GLU:HB2	1:D:122:LEU:HB2	1.51	0.91
1:B:120:GLU:HA	1:B:123:ARG:NH1	1.91	0.85
1:B:63:GLY:HA2	2:F:164:ARG:NH2	1.93	0.83
1:B:63:GLY:HA2	2:F:164:ARG:HH21	1.42	0.82
1:C:27:THR:HG21	2:G:176:ASN:HB2	1.64	0.80
2:G:175:GLU:HG2	2:G:176:ASN:N	2.03	0.73
1:A:119:GLU:HB2	1:A:122:LEU:HB2	1.71	0.72
1:B:12:LEU:HD13	1:C:12:LEU:HD13	1.70	0.71
1:A:106:PHE:HB3	1:A:151:ILE:HG12	1.75	0.68
1:C:119:GLU:HB2	1:C:122:LEU:HB2	1.75	0.68
1:B:5:SER:HA	1:B:148:ARG:HH22	1.58	0.67
1:C:5:SER:HA	1:C:148:ARG:HH22	1.62	0.64
1:B:119:GLU:HB2	1:B:122:LEU:HB2	1.80	0.63
2:G:175:GLU:HG2	2:G:176:ASN:H	1.65	0.60
1:C:10:LYS:HE3	2:G:180:SER:HA	1.82	0.60
1:D:5:SER:HA	1:D:148:ARG:HH22	1.65	0.59
1:B:36:HIS:CD2	4:B:1157:GOL:H31	2.38	0.59

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:72:PHE:HB3	2:F:167:LEU:HD23	1.86	0.57
1:D:20:ASP:O	1:D:137:ARG:NH2	2.38	0.57
1:D:111:TYR:CE1	1:D:144:PRO:HB3	2.39	0.57
1:A:102:ASP:HB2	1:A:104:ARG:HH22	1.70	0.57
1:B:20:ASP:O	1:B:137:ARG:NH2	2.37	0.57
1:C:111:TYR:CE1	1:C:144:PRO:HB3	2.39	0.57
1:B:120:GLU:HA	1:B:123:ARG:HH12	1.65	0.57
1:B:36:HIS:HB3	4:B:1157:GOL:H31	1.86	0.56
1:B:111:TYR:CE1	1:B:144:PRO:HB3	2.40	0.56
1:C:63:GLY:HA2	2:G:164:ARG:HH11	1.71	0.56
1:D:1:MET:HG2	1:D:2:SER:H	1.70	0.56
1:C:63:GLY:HA2	2:G:164:ARG:NH1	2.21	0.56
1:B:45:VAL:HB	1:B:94:VAL:HG12	1.87	0.55
1:B:51:LEU:C	1:B:53:HIS:H	2.09	0.55
3:B:1156:SO4:O4	1:D:145:ARG:NH1	2.39	0.55
1:A:111:TYR:CE1	1:A:144:PRO:HB3	2.42	0.55
1:C:3:ILE:HG23	1:C:32:GLU:H	1.72	0.54
1:D:22:TYR:HB3	1:D:24:PHE:HE1	1.73	0.54
1:A:60:ILE:HD11	2:E:165:ALA:HB2	1.90	0.53
1:C:20:ASP:O	1:C:137:ARG:NH2	2.41	0.53
1:A:104:ARG:NH2	1:A:152:VAL:O	2.39	0.53
1:D:3:ILE:HG23	1:D:32:GLU:H	1.74	0.53
1:A:20:ASP:O	1:A:137:ARG:NH2	2.42	0.53
1:C:9:ILE:O	2:G:179:PHE:HA	2.10	0.52
1:D:22:TYR:HB3	1:D:24:PHE:CE1	2.44	0.52
1:B:70:ASN:HB3	2:F:167:LEU:HD22	1.92	0.52
1:B:120:GLU:HG3	1:B:123:ARG:HH12	1.74	0.52
1:C:63:GLY:HA3	5:C:2003:HOH:O	2.10	0.52
1:A:41:LYS:HE2	1:A:56:GLU:HG3	1.92	0.52
1:D:72:PHE:HB3	2:H:167:LEU:HD23	1.91	0.51
1:B:22:TYR:HB3	1:B:24:PHE:CE1	2.46	0.51
1:C:41:LYS:HE2	1:C:56:GLU:HG3	1.92	0.51
1:A:17:LYS:HB3	5:A:2001:HOH:O	2.10	0.51
1:B:22:TYR:HB3	1:B:24:PHE:HE1	1.76	0.50
1:B:63:GLY:CA	2:F:164:ARG:HH21	2.18	0.50
1:C:9:ILE:HD12	2:G:179:PHE:HE2	1.76	0.50
1:B:41:LYS:HE2	1:B:56:GLU:HG3	1.93	0.50
1:A:12:LEU:HD11	1:A:25:GLU:HB2	1.94	0.49
1:D:22:TYR:HB2	1:D:76:ALA:HB3	1.94	0.49
1:D:41:LYS:HE2	1:D:56:GLU:HG3	1.95	0.48
1:A:7:LEU:HD11	1:A:29:GLU:HB3	1.94	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:36:HIS:CB	4:B:1157:GOL:H31	2.43	0.48
1:D:81:ALA:O	1:D:84:ILE:HG13	2.13	0.48
1:A:102:ASP:O	1:A:104:ARG:NH1	2.47	0.47
1:B:12:LEU:HD11	1:B:25:GLU:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:B:51:LEU:HD11	1:B:53:HIS:CD2	2.49	0.47
1:D:4:VAL:HA	1:D:29:GLU:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:22:TYR:HB3	1:A:24:PHE:HE1	1.80	0.47
1:C:12:LEU:HD11	1:C:25:GLU:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:A:22:TYR:HB3	1:A:24:PHE:CE1	2.50	0.47
1:D:43:THR:HG22	1:D:56:GLU:HA	1.97	0.47
1:C:22:TYR:HB3	1:C:24:PHE:CE1	2.50	0.46
1:B:36:HIS:CG	4:B:1157:GOL:H31	2.51	0.46
1:A:50:SER:O	1:A:52:ASP:N	2.49	0.45
1:C:22:TYR:HB3	1:C:24:PHE:HE1	1.82	0.45
1:B:22:TYR:HB2	1:B:76:ALA:HB3	1.99	0.44
1:A:22:TYR:HB2	1:A:76:ALA:HB3	1.99	0.44
1:D:12:LEU:HD11	1:D:25:GLU:HB2	1.99	0.44
1:C:20:ASP:O	1:C:78:PRO:HB3	2.19	0.43
1:B:107:VAL:HA	1:B:147:THR:O	2.19	0.43
1:B:73:VAL:HG21	1:C:12:LEU:HD22	2.00	0.43
1:A:20:ASP:O	1:A:78:PRO:HB3	2.20	0.42
1:B:20:ASP:O	1:B:78:PRO:HB3	2.20	0.42
1:D:3:ILE:HD12	1:D:32:GLU:HG3	2.00	0.41
1:A:60:ILE:CD1	2:E:165:ALA:HB2	2.50	0.41
1:B:9:ILE:HD13	1:B:97:LEU:HD23	2.01	0.41
1:C:104:ARG:HG3	1:C:151:ILE:HG21	2.02	0.41
1:C:50:SER:O	1:C:51:LEU:HG	2.21	0.41
1:B:71:LYS:HB3	2:F:168:ASP:HB2	2.03	0.41
1:D:20:ASP:O	1:D:78:PRO:HB3	2.21	0.41
1:C:81:ALA:O	1:C:84:ILE:HG13	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [\(i\)](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	152/158 (96%)	140 (92%)	9 (6%)	3 (2%)	7	25
1	B	153/158 (97%)	139 (91%)	11 (7%)	3 (2%)	7	25
1	C	153/158 (97%)	137 (90%)	10 (6%)	6 (4%)	3	10
1	D	148/158 (94%)	139 (94%)	8 (5%)	1 (1%)	22	52
2	E	17/22 (77%)	14 (82%)	1 (6%)	2 (12%)	0	1
2	F	9/22 (41%)	8 (89%)	1 (11%)	0	100	100
2	G	10/22 (46%)	9 (90%)	1 (10%)	0	100	100
2	H	6/22 (27%)	6 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	648/720 (90%)	592 (91%)	41 (6%)	15 (2%)	6	22

All (15) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	51	LEU
1	B	51	LEU
1	C	50	SER
1	C	53	HIS
1	C	63	GLY
1	A	63	GLY
1	B	63	GLY
1	D	63	GLY
2	E	170	THR
2	E	171	SER
1	C	51	LEU
1	C	153	TRP
1	C	154	ASP
1	B	52	ASP
1	A	52	ASP

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	141/144 (98%)	131 (93%)	10 (7%)	14	38
1	B	142/144 (99%)	129 (91%)	13 (9%)	9	26
1	C	142/144 (99%)	131 (92%)	11 (8%)	13	34
1	D	140/144 (97%)	128 (91%)	12 (9%)	10	29
2	E	17/20 (85%)	16 (94%)	1 (6%)	19	47
2	F	8/20 (40%)	8 (100%)	0	100	100
2	G	11/20 (55%)	9 (82%)	2 (18%)	1	4
2	H	7/20 (35%)	7 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	608/656 (93%)	559 (92%)	49 (8%)	11	31

All (49) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	5	SER
1	A	17	LYS
1	A	33	SER
1	A	55	GLN
1	A	74	PHE
1	A	95	ILE
1	A	137	ARG
1	A	142	GLU
1	A	143	LYS
1	A	151	ILE
1	B	1	MET
1	B	17	LYS
1	B	33	SER
1	B	53	HIS
1	B	55	GLN
1	B	95	ILE
1	B	98	SER
1	B	122	LEU
1	B	123	ARG
1	B	129	LYS
1	B	137	ARG
1	B	143	LYS
1	B	150	ASN
1	C	10	LYS
1	C	13	ASN
1	C	33	SER
1	C	43	THR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	53	HIS
1	C	55	GLN
1	C	95	ILE
1	C	104	ARG
1	C	142	GLU
1	C	150	ASN
1	C	152	VAL
1	D	10	LYS
1	D	17	LYS
1	D	29	GLU
1	D	33	SER
1	D	41	LYS
1	D	50	SER
1	D	95	ILE
1	D	98	SER
1	D	100	SER
1	D	122	LEU
1	D	137	ARG
1	D	150	ASN
2	E	166	LYS
2	G	162	VAL
2	G	175	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	55	GLN
1	A	138	ASN
1	B	53	HIS
1	B	138	ASN
1	C	13	ASN
1	C	138	ASN
1	D	138	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

5 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	SO4	A	1156	-	4,4,4	0.66	0	6,6,6	0.41	0
3	SO4	D	1155	-	4,4,4	0.11	0	6,6,6	0.24	0
3	SO4	B	1156	-	4,4,4	0.76	0	6,6,6	0.62	0
3	SO4	C	1156	-	4,4,4	0.65	0	6,6,6	0.88	0
4	GOL	B	1157	-	5,5,5	0.43	0	5,5,5	1.57	1 (20%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	GOL	B	1157	-	-	3/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	B	1157	GOL	O2-C2-C1	-2.80	96.78	109.12

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	B	1157	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
4	B	1157	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
4	B	1157	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	B	1156	SO4	1	0
4	B	1157	GOL	4	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	154/158 (97%)	0.06	8 (5%) 27 26	25, 46, 83, 114	0
1	B	155/158 (98%)	0.20	10 (6%) 18 17	32, 55, 89, 108	0
1	C	155/158 (98%)	-0.02	3 (1%) 66 67	28, 47, 82, 96	0
1	D	152/158 (96%)	0.04	4 (2%) 56 56	28, 50, 78, 89	0
2	E	19/22 (86%)	-0.49	0 100 100	33, 50, 71, 72	0
2	F	13/22 (59%)	0.25	0 100 100	60, 70, 79, 87	0
2	G	14/22 (63%)	-0.09	0 100 100	37, 51, 67, 72	0
2	H	10/22 (45%)	0.02	0 100 100	63, 68, 78, 81	0
All	All	672/720 (93%)	0.05	25 (3%) 41 40	25, 51, 84, 114	0

All (25) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	124	GLU	4.3
1	B	53	HIS	3.7
1	B	52	ASP	3.6
1	A	155	ASN	3.4
1	C	128	ALA	3.1
1	B	119	GLU	3.1
1	A	119	GLU	3.0
1	D	83	LEU	2.9
1	B	155	ASN	2.9
1	D	34	LEU	2.9
1	A	128	ALA	2.7
1	B	125	ASN	2.6
1	C	124	GLU	2.5
1	D	63	GLY	2.5
1	A	151	ILE	2.5
1	A	153	TRP	2.4

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	D	124	GLU	2.4
1	A	152	VAL	2.4
1	B	122	LEU	2.4
1	B	121	GLU	2.3
1	A	51	LEU	2.2
1	A	124	GLU	2.2
1	B	120	GLU	2.1
1	B	117	TYR	2.0
1	C	121	GLU	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [\(i\)](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [\(i\)](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
3	SO4	B	1156	5/5	0.93	0.13	65,67,69,71	0
4	GOL	B	1157	6/6	0.93	0.29	52,53,53,55	0
3	SO4	C	1156	5/5	0.94	0.15	70,73,76,77	0
3	SO4	A	1156	5/5	0.95	0.16	69,72,75,77	0
3	SO4	D	1155	5/5	0.98	0.14	77,82,82,83	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.