W O R L D W I D E
wwPDB
P R O T E I N   D A T A   B A N K

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Apr 26, 2022 – 10:12 am BST

PDB ID	:	7YWF
Title	:	Monocot chimeric jacalin JAC1 from Oryza sativa: dirigent domain with bound galactobiose
Authors	:	Huwa, N.; Classen, T.; Weiergraeber, O.H.
Deposited on	:	2022-02-13
Resolution	:	2.60 Å(reported)

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

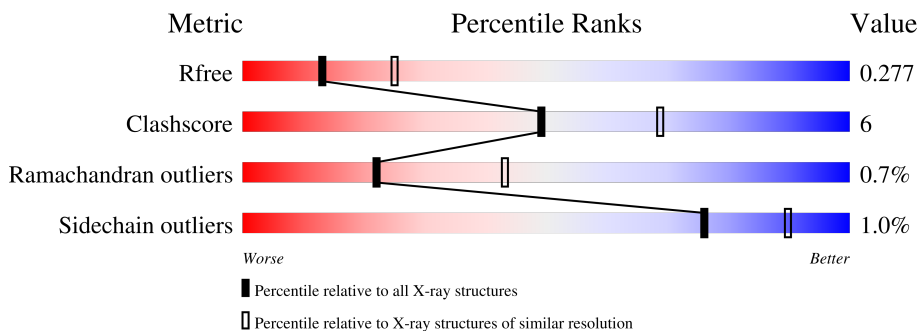|		
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.28
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0267
CCP4	:	7.1.010 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.28

1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	Percentile Ranks	Value
Rfree		0.277
Clashscore		6
Ramachandran outliers		0.7%
Sidechain outliers		1.0%

Worse ← → *Better*

▮ Percentile relative to all X-ray structures

▯ Percentile relative to X-ray structures of similar resolution

Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	3163 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	141614	3518 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3455 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3455 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	161	72% · 13% · 14%
1	B	161	84% · 10% · 6%
1	C	161	75% · 13% · 12%
2	D	2	50% · 50%
2	E	2	50% · 50%
2	F	2	100%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3204 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Dirigent protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	138	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1000	643	168	183	6			
1	B	152	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1084	691	184	202	7			
1	C	142	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1025	660	171	189	5			

There are 21 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

| Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
A	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
A	1	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
A	2	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
A	3	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
A	4	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
A	49	ILE	THR	engineered mutation	UNP Q306J3
B	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
B	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
B	1	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
B	2	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
B	3	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
B	4	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
B	49	ILE	THR	engineered mutation	UNP Q306J3
C	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
C	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
C	1	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
C	2	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
C	3	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
C	4	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q306J3
C	49	ILE	THR	engineered mutation	UNP Q306J3

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-galactopyranos

e.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	D	2	Total 23	C 12	O 11	0	0	0
2	E	2	Total 23	C 12	O 11	0	0	0
2	F	2	Total 23	C 12	O 11	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is 2-AMINO-2-HYDROXYMETHYL-PROPANE-1,3-DIOL (three-letter code: TRS) (formula: $C_4H_{12}NO_3$).
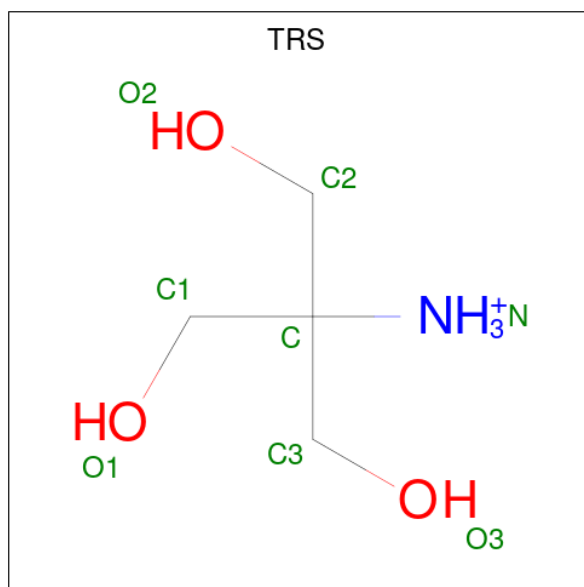
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 8	C 4	N 1	O 3	0	0

- Molecule 4 is PHOSPHATE ION (three-letter code: PO4) (formula: O_4P).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	1	Total 5	O 4	P 1	0	0

- Molecule 5 is (2R,3S)-1,4-DIMERCAPTOBUTANE-2,3-DIOL (three-letter code: DTU) (formula: $C_4H_{10}O_2S_2$).
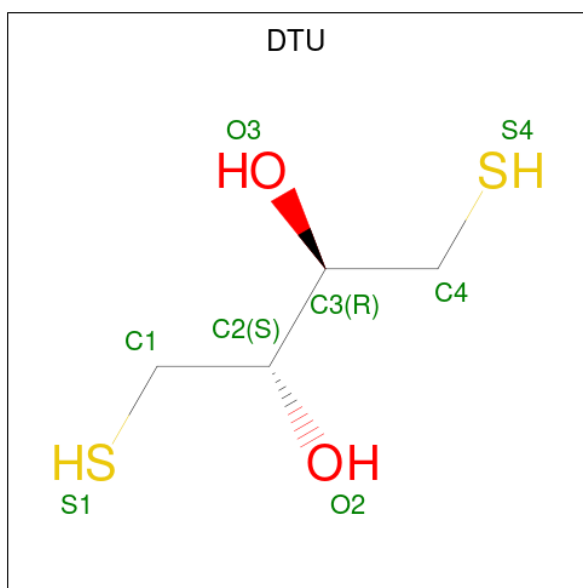
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total 8	C 4	O 2	S 2	0	0

- Molecule 6 is water.

| Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	2	Total 2	O 2	0	1
6	B	2	Total 2	O 2	0	0
6	C	1	Total 1	O 1	0	0

3   Residue-property plots ⓘ

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.
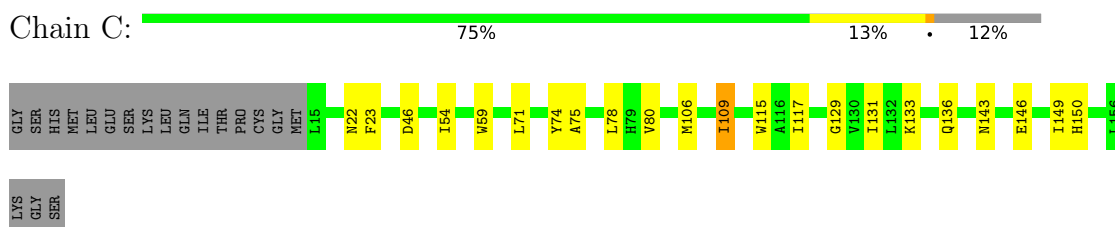
• Molecule 1: Dirigent protein
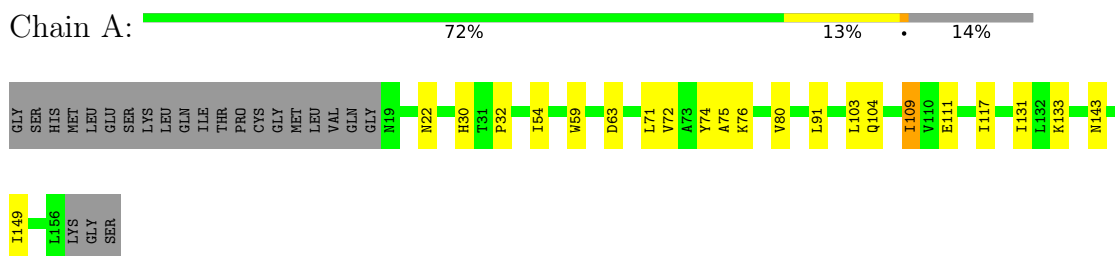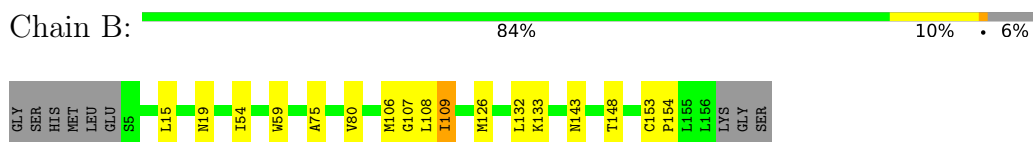
Chain A:

• Molecule 1: Dirigent protein

Chain B:

• Molecule 1: Dirigent protein

Chain C:

• Molecule 2: beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-galactopyranose

Chain D:

• Molecule 2: beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-galactopyranose

Chain E:

• Molecule 2: beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-galactopyranose

Chain F:
100%

GAL1
GAL2

4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	158.05Å 158.05Å 48.72Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.90 – 2.60 45.90 – 2.60	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.7 (45.90-2.60) 99.9 (45.90-2.60)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	0.99 (at 2.61Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.19.2_4158	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.242 , 0.278 0.242 , 0.277	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	976 reflections (7.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	85.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.516	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	(Not available) , (Not available)	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< |L| > = 0.50, < L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.004 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	3204	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	111.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.94% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

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[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.
[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DTU, TRS, PO4, GAL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$|Z|$ >5	RMSZ	#$|Z|$ >5
1	A	0.25	0/1023	0.47	0/1396
1	B	0.25	0/1107	0.47	0/1512
1	C	0.25	0/1048	0.46	0/1430
All	All	0.25	0/3178	0.47	0/4338

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1000	0	928	16	0
1	B	1084	0	998	11	0
1	C	1025	0	947	14	0
2	D	23	0	21	2	0
2	E	23	0	21	0	0
2	F	23	0	21	0	0
3	A	8	0	12	0	0
4	B	5	0	0	0	0
5	B	8	0	10	1	0
6	A	2	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	B	2	0	0	0	0
6	C	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	3204	0	2958	36	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 36 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:59:TRP:HB2	1:A:75:ALA:HB3	1.69	0.75
1:B:59:TRP:HB2	1:B:75:ALA:HB3	1.76	0.68
1:B:126:MET:HG2	1:C:129:GLY:HA2	1.76	0.68
1:C:59:TRP:HB2	1:C:75:ALA:HB3	1.78	0.65
1:C:23:PHE:HB2	1:C:149:ILE:HB	1.86	0.57

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3   Torsion angles   ⓘ

5.3.1   Protein backbone   ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	137/161 (85%)	131 (96%)	5 (4%)	1 (1%)	22	43
1	B	151/161 (94%)	142 (94%)	8 (5%)	1 (1%)	22	43
1	C	140/161 (87%)	134 (96%)	5 (4%)	1 (1%)	22	43
All	All	428/483 (89%)	407 (95%)	18 (4%)	3 (1%)	22	43

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	109	ILE

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	109	ILE
1	C	109	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	95/131 (72%)	94 (99%)	1 (1%)	73	88
1	B	103/131 (79%)	102 (99%)	1 (1%)	76	90
1	C	96/131 (73%)	95 (99%)	1 (1%)	76	90
All	All	294/393 (75%)	291 (99%)	3 (1%)	76	90

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	143	ASN
1	B	143	ASN
1	C	143	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

6 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#|Z| > 2	Counts	RMSZ	#|Z| > 2
2	GAL	D	1	2	12,12,12	0.43	0	17,17,17	0.79	0
2	GAL	D	2	2	11,11,12	0.41	0	15,15,17	1.16	1 (6%)
2	GAL	E	1	2	12,12,12	0.45	0	17,17,17	0.46	0
2	GAL	E	2	2	11,11,12	0.42	0	15,15,17	1.05	1 (6%)
2	GAL	F	1	2	12,12,12	0.52	0	17,17,17	1.37	3 (17%)
2	GAL	F	2	2	11,11,12	0.31	0	15,15,17	1.36	2 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GAL	D	1	2	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	GAL	D	2	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	GAL	E	1	2	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	GAL	E	2	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	GAL	F	1	2	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	GAL	F	2	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	F	2	GAL	C1-O5-C5	4.12	117.77	112.19
2	D	2	GAL	O5-C1-C2	-3.14	105.93	110.77
2	E	2	GAL	O5-C1-C2	-2.92	106.26	110.77
2	F	1	GAL	O4-C4-C5	2.86	116.39	109.30
2	F	1	GAL	C3-C4-C5	-2.63	105.54	110.24

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

| Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	F	2	GAL	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	D	1	GAL	1	0
2	D	2	GAL	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

Oligosaccharide Chain D
Bond lengths
Bond angles
Torsions
Rings

Oligosaccharide Chain E

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Oligosaccharide Chain F

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings
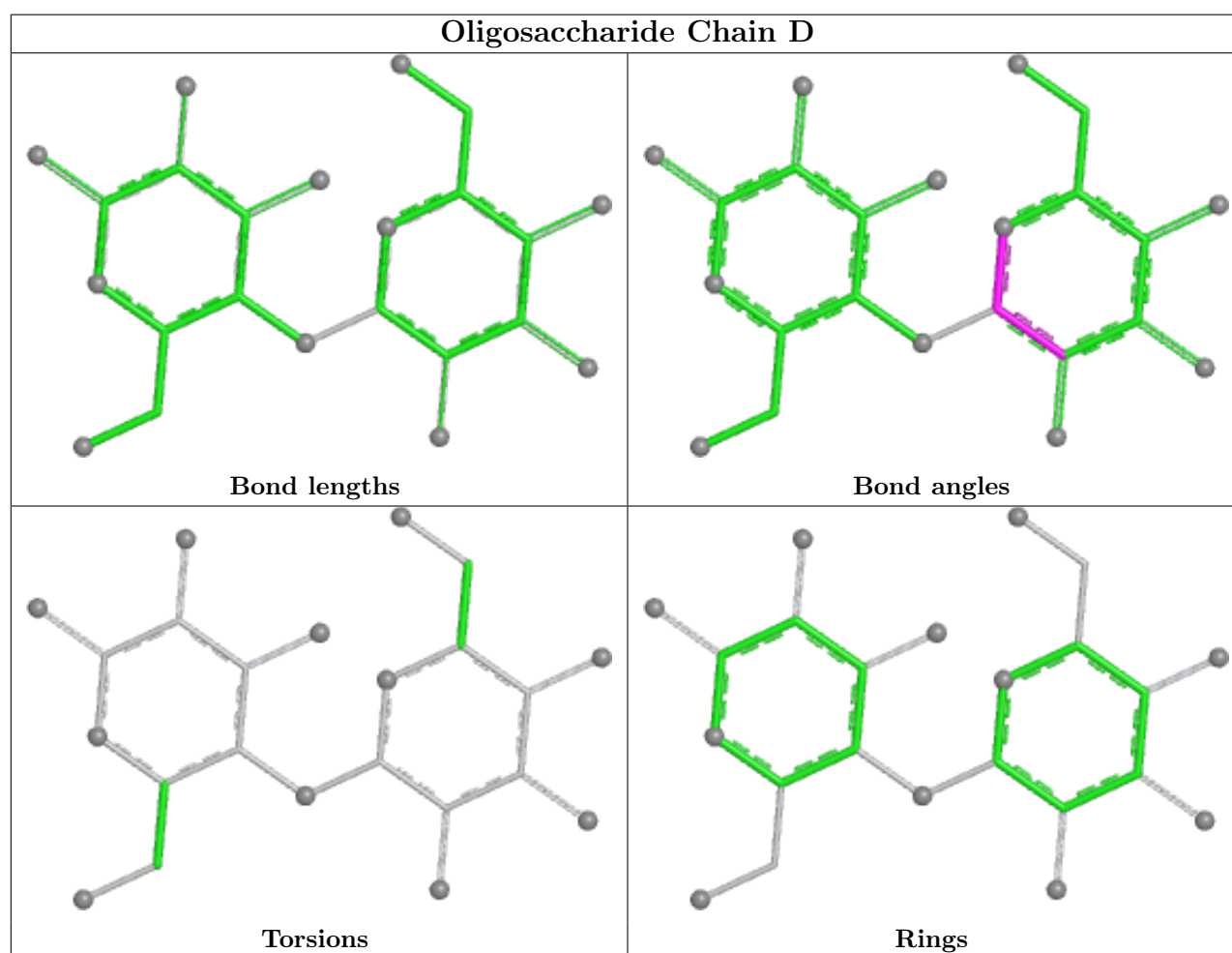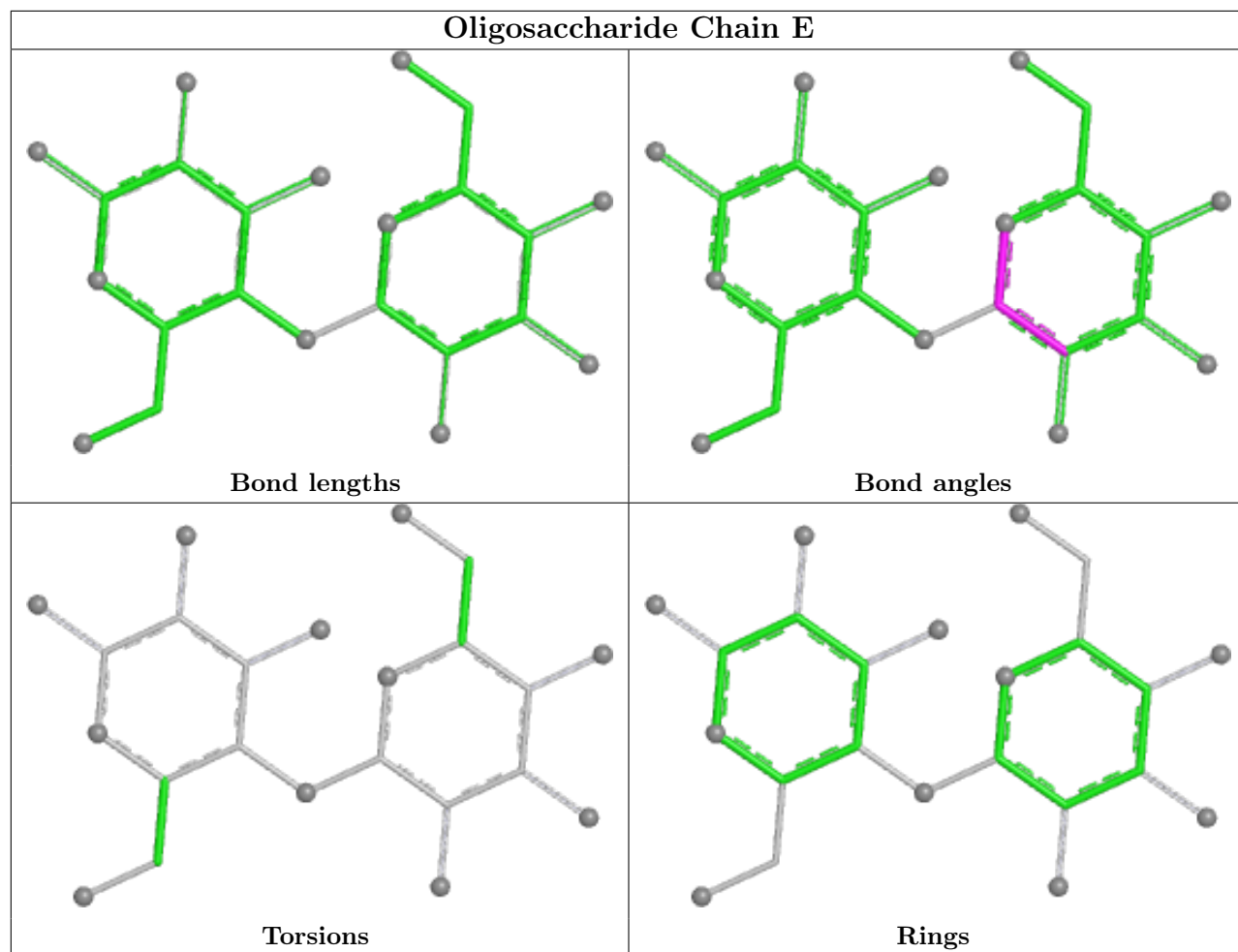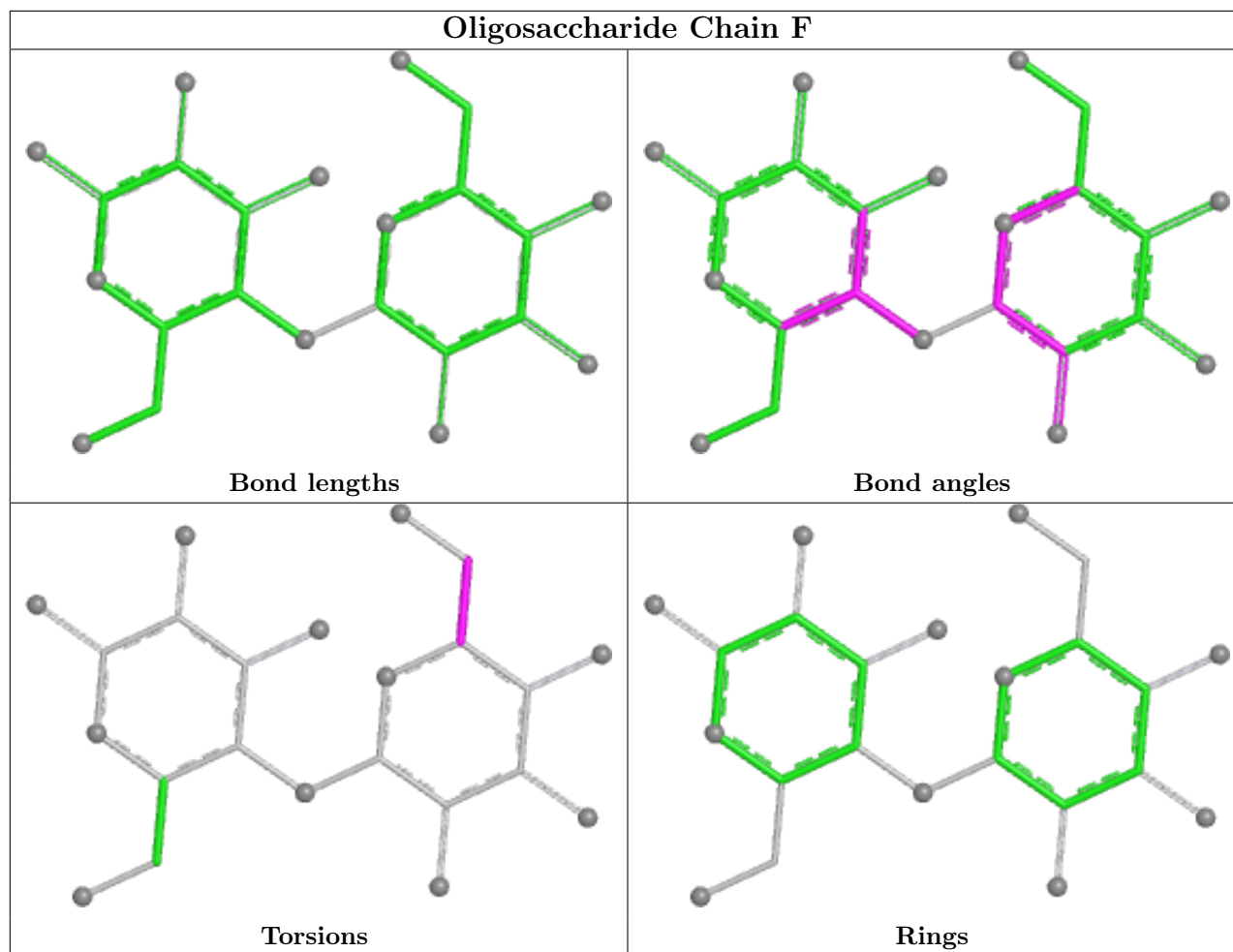
5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#$|Z| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	#$|Z| > 2$
5	DTU	B	202	-	7,7,7	0.23	0	4,8,8	0.58	0
4	PO4	B	201	-	4,4,4	0.91	0	6,6,6	0.42	0
3	TRS	A	201	-	7,7,7	0.34	0	9,9,9	0.32	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	DTU	B	202	-	-	0/8/8/8	-
3	TRS	A	201	-	-	0/9/9/9	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	B	202	DTU	1	0

5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

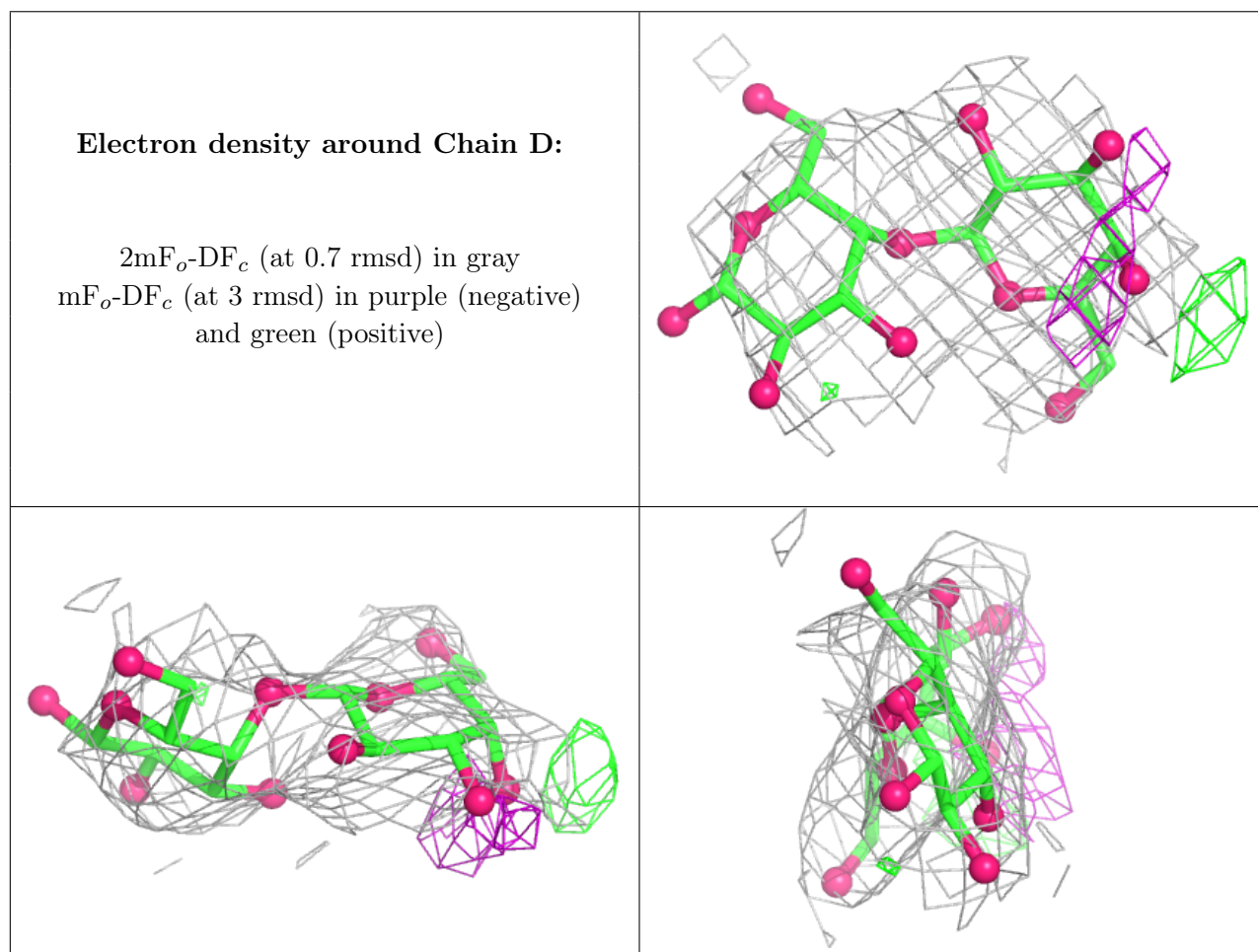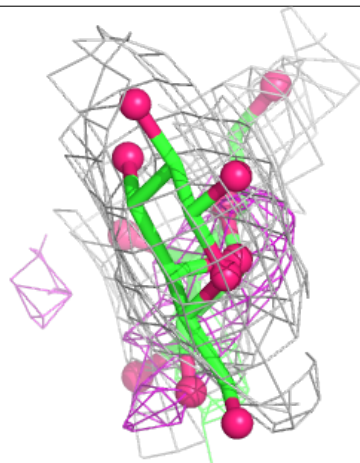Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around Chain D:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

Electron density around Chain E:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

Electron density around Chain F:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)
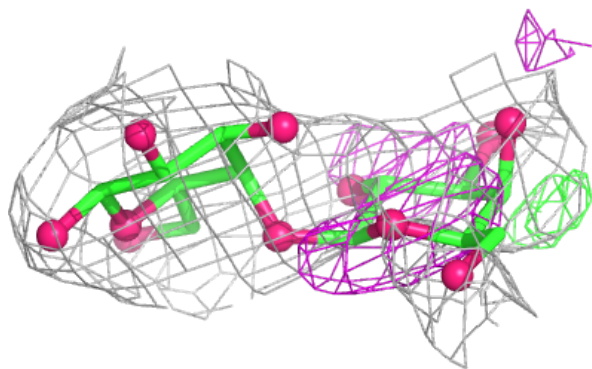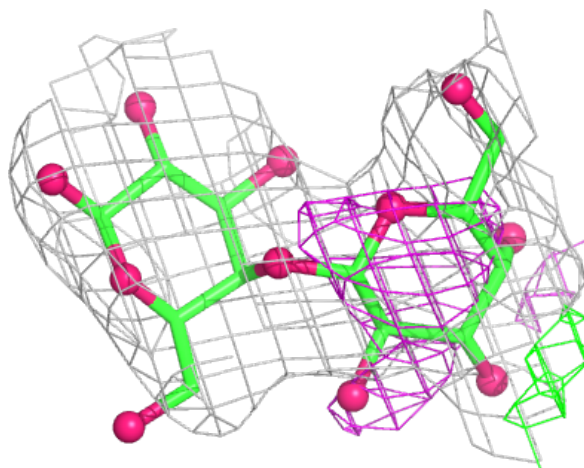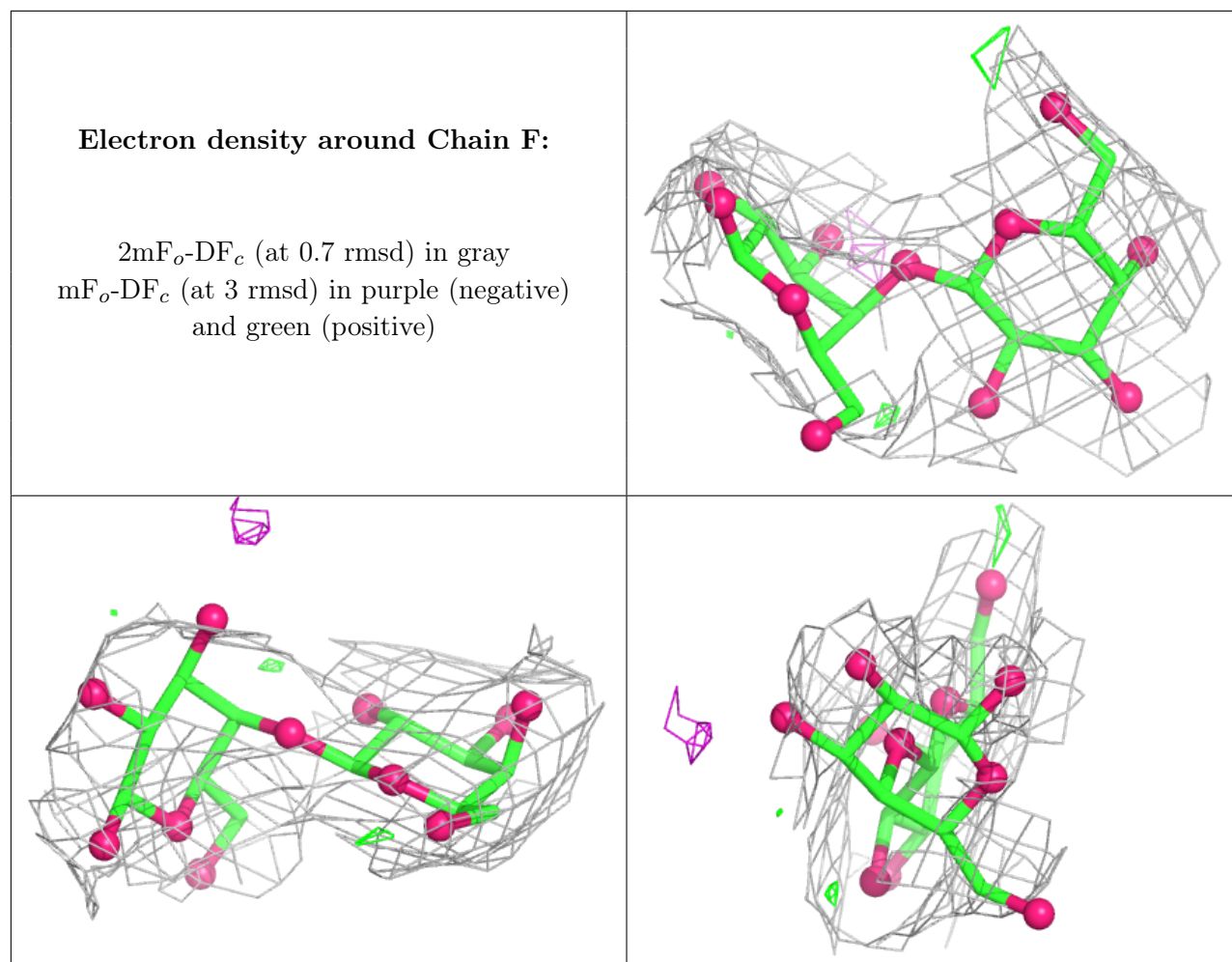
6.4 Ligands ⓘ

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.