

Dec 17, 2022 - 11:42 am GMT

PDB ID		6Z6F
EMDB ID		EMD-11092
	•	
1 itle	:	HDAC-PC
Authors	:	Lee, JH.; Bollschweiler, D.; Schaefer, T.; Huber, R.
Deposited on	:	2020-05-28
Resolution	:	3.11 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

:	0.0.1. dev 43
:	4.02b-467
:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
:	1.9.9
:	Engh & Huber (2001)
:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
:	2.31.3
	: : : : :

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.11 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f EM} {f structures} \ (\#{f Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	661	87%	11% •
2	В	672	88%	10% •
3	D	543	8%	14% ••
4	С	629	72% 13%	• 14%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 19217 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Histone deacetylase HDA1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace		
1	А	651	Total 5178	C 3303	N 876	0 972	S 27	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Histone deacetylase HDA1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace		
2	В	661	Total 5245	C 3339	N 883	O 995	S 28	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called HDA1 complex subunit 3, HDA1 complex subunit 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace		
3	D	534	Total 4376	C 2765	N 737	0 854	S 20	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called HDA1 complex subunit 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	Trace		
4	С	541	Total 4416	C 2801	N 759	0 843	S 13	0	0

• Molecule 5 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
5	А	1	Total Zn 1 1	0
5	В	1	Total Zn 1 1	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Histone deacetylase HDA1



 Y467

 Y475

 Y475

 Y475

 R475

 R486

 R511

 R512

 R513

 R514

 R515

 R517

 R518

 R517

 R517

 R517

 R518

 R511

 R522

 R523

 R523

 <t



• Molecule 4: HDA1 complex subunit 2



4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	466972	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	TFS GLACIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	200	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{\AA}^2)$	62.1	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.904	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.272	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.020	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.15	Depositor
Map size (Å)	377.91998, 377.91998, 377.91998	wwPDB
Map dimensions	320, 320, 320	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.181, 1.181, 1.181	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.35	0/5301	0.60	1/7189~(0.0%)	
2	В	0.33	0/5366	0.60	2/7277~(0.0%)	
3	D	0.33	0/4449	0.58	3/5997~(0.1%)	
4	С	0.33	0/4486	0.59	1/6037~(0.0%)	
All	All	0.34	0/19602	0.59	7/26500~(0.0%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	А	0	1
2	В	0	2
4	С	0	1
All	All	0	4

There are no bond length outliers.

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	D	272	ILE	CG1-CB-CG2	-6.00	98.19	111.40
2	В	471	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.99	123.69	118.30
2	В	484	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.95	123.66	118.30
4	С	373	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.82	128.68	115.30
3	D	275	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.42	123.18	118.30
1	А	245	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.08	122.87	118.30
3	D	603	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	5.05	119.58	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.



All (4) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Group
1	А	54	SER	Peptide
2	В	32	LEU	Peptide
2	В	54	SER	Peptide
4	С	634	ASN	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	5178	0	5104	38	0
2	В	5245	0	5155	30	0
3	D	4376	0	4380	41	0
4	С	4416	0	4493	40	0
5	А	1	0	0	0	0
5	В	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	19217	0	19132	139	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (139) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:620:ASN:HD21	2:B:622:LEU:HD13	1.60	0.65
4:C:502:LEU:HB3	4:C:522:SER:HB2	1.82	0.62
4:C:464:VAL:HG22	4:C:560:LYS:HB3	1.83	0.60
3:D:156:HIS:HB2	3:D:177:THR:HB	1.84	0.59
3:D:422:ILE:HG13	3:D:617:LEU:HG	1.83	0.59
4:C:31:SER:OG	4:C:424:ARG:NH1	2.36	0.59
3:D:166:LYS:HD2	3:D:168:LYS:HE3	1.83	0.59
4:C:147:SER:OG	4:C:148:ILE:N	2.36	0.59
4:C:521:SER:O	4:C:525:HIS:ND1	2.35	0.59
1:A:644:LYS:O	1:A:671:ARG:NH2	2.38	0.56
2:B:480:LEU:HD21	2:B:572:VAL:HG13	1.87	0.56
3:D:259:SER:OG	3:D:260:ARG:N	2.38	0.56



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		Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)	
1:A:578:ASP:OD2	1:A:609:ARG:NH2	2.38	0.56	
4:C:342:ARG:NH2	4:C:390:PHE:O	2.39	0.56	
4:C:67:THR:OG1	4:C:68:LEU:N	2.37	0.56	
2:B:96:ILE:HG13	2:B:384:ALA:HB1	1.87	0.55	
1:A:150:SER:OG	1:A:151:ARG:N	2.39	0.55	
1:A:310:GLU:HG3	1:A:409:PRO:HB3	1.87	0.55	
1:A:468:TYR:OH	1:A:532:ASP:OD2	2.23	0.55	
1:A:250:ASN:N	1:A:250:ASN:OD1	2.40	0.55	
1:A:457:LEU:O	1:A:460:ALA:HB3	2.07	0.55	
1:A:455:PHE:HB3	2:B:530:ILE:HG23	1.88	0.55	
3:D:58:ARG:NH2	3:D:64:HIS:O	2.40	0.55	
3:D:523:PHE:HA	3:D:526:THR:HG22	1.90	0.54	
4:C:16:VAL:HG11	4:C:115:LYS:HG3	1.90	0.54	
1:A:583:TYR:HB3	3:D:408:VAL:HG11	1.91	0.53	
4:C:443:LEU:HD22	4:C:585:LEU:HD23	1.91	0.53	
3:D:198:ARG:HB3	3:D:223:LYS:HB2	1.90	0.53	
4:C:218:ASP:N	4:C:218:ASP:OD1	2.42	0.52	
1:A:453:LYS:NZ	2:B:536:ASP:OD1	2.42	0.52	
1:A:486:PRO:O	1:A:489:THR:OG1	2.27	0.52	
4:C:33:HIS:HE2	4:C:417:TYR:HH	1.52	0.52	
3:D:41:GLN:HG2	3:D:88:PRO:HG3	1.92	0.52	
4:C:432:ILE:HG21	4:C:595:LEU:HD23	1.92	0.52	
4:C:481:SER:OG	4:C:543:ASN:ND2	2.41	0.52	
1:A:527:SER:HB2	2:B:558:PHE:HB2	1.92	0.51	
4:C:593:LYS:O	4:C:593:LYS:NZ	2.37	0.51	
4:C:403:THR:OG1	4:C:404:GLU:N	2.44	0.51	
4:C:450:GLU:OE2	4:C:453:ARG:NH1	2.44	0.51	
4:C:84:ILE:HG13	4:C:91:LEU:HD13	1.93	0.50	
1:A:651:ASN:HD21	1:A:679:GLY:H	1.60	0.50	
2:B:146:THR:HA	2:B:149:MET:HG3	1.93	0.50	
2:B:510:SER:OG	2:B:511:ASP:N	2.45	0.50	
3:D:113:SER:OG	3:D:114:GLY:N	2.45	0.49	
3:D:565:GLU:O	3:D:568:THR:OG1	2.23	0.49	
3:D:571:LEU:HA	3:D:574:LYS:HD3	1.95	0.48	
1:A:80:ILE:HD11	3:D:92:ILE:HD12	1.95	0.48	
3:D:521:ASP:OD2	3:D:521:ASP:N	2.46	0.48	
4:C:429:LEU:HD22	4:C:599:VAL:HG11	1.95	0.48	
3:D:433:CYS:SG	3:D:437:GLN:NE2	2.87	0.48	
2:B:444:GLU:HB3	2:B:452:SER:HB2	1.96	0.48	
4:C:152:ASP:OD1	4:C:167:ARG:NH2	2.47	0.48	
1:A:169:ASP:O	1:A:173:SER:OG	2.30	0.48	



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		Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance $(Å)$	overlap (Å)	
1:A:364:SER:HB2	2:B:360:HIS:CD2	2.49	0.48	
1:A:513:TRP:HB3	1:A:529:VAL:HG22	1.95	0.48	
4:C:222:SER:O	4:C:225:ARG:HB3	2.13	0.48	
1:A:360:HIS:CD2	2:B:364:SER:HB2	2.49	0.47	
2:B:592:PHE:HB2	2:B:618:VAL:HG12	1.96	0.47	
1:A:158:THR:HG22	1:A:166:PHE:H	1.79	0.47	
2:B:150:SER:OG	2:B:151:ARG:N	2.47	0.47	
4:C:176:GLU:OE1	4:C:178:HIS:NE2	2.41	0.47	
1:A:223:VAL:O	1:A:227:ASN:ND2	2.35	0.47	
2:B:309:ALA:HB1	2:B:409:PRO:HG3	1.97	0.47	
2:B:538:ILE:HG23	2:B:548:ILE:HG21	1.95	0.46	
4:C:17:THR:OG1	4:C:18:LEU:N	2.49	0.46	
3:D:475:ASN:O	3:D:479:ASN:ND2	2.49	0.46	
1:A:84:PRO:HA	1:A:378:TYR:HE1	1.81	0.46	
2:B:481:VAL:O	2:B:575:TYR:OH	2.26	0.46	
3:D:28:SER:OG	3:D:29:GLY:N	2.49	0.46	
1:A:503:ILE:HB	1:A:548:ILE:HD13	1.97	0.45	
1:A:647:LEU:HD23	1:A:647:LEU:HA	1.86	0.45	
4:C:509:LEU:HD11	4:C:519:THR:HB	1.98	0.45	
1:A:269:ARG:NH2	1:A:271:GLU:OE2	2.43	0.45	
4:C:633:LYS:H	4:C:633:LYS:HG2	1.64	0.45	
3:D:150:LEU:HD23	3:D:178:VAL:HG21	1.97	0.45	
4:C:509:LEU:HD13	4:C:516:PRO:HD2	1.98	0.45	
3:D:34:PRO:O	3:D:288:TYR:OH	2.31	0.45	
4:C:301:LEU:H	4:C:301:LEU:HG	1.64	0.45	
3:D:165:ILE:HD12	3:D:165:ILE:HA	1.86	0.45	
3:D:436:LYS:HA	3:D:603:LEU:HD23	1.98	0.45	
1:A:624:ASP:OD1	1:A:624:ASP:N	2.50	0.44	
2:B:505:VAL:HG12	2:B:507:HIS:HB3	1.99	0.44	
2:B:677:THR:OG1	2:B:678:ASP:N	2.51	0.44	
4:C:35:LYS:HA	4:C:35:LYS:HD2	1.76	0.44	
2:B:83:HIS:CD2	2:B:85:GLU:H	2.35	0.44	
3:D:602:PHE:HD2	3:D:603:LEU:HD12	1.83	0.44	
3:D:296:VAL:HA	3:D:299:LEU:HD12	1.97	0.44	
3:D:135:ILE:HG21	3:D:146:LEU:HD21	2.00	0.44	
3:D:613:LEU:HD23	3:D:613:LEU:HA	1.86	0.44	
3:D:633:ILE:HD13	3:D:633:ILE:HA	1.84	0.44	
1:A:307:GLY:N	1:A:310:GLU:OE1	2.40	0.44	
4:C:223:VAL:HG13	4:C:224:LYS:HD2	2.00	0.44	
1:A:302:PRO:HG2	1:A:412:GLU:HB3	1.99	0.43	
1:A:462:ARG:O	1:A:465:GLN:HB3	2.18	0.43	



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	lous page	Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)	
1:A:172:ALA:HB1	2:B:30:ASN:HD21	1.82	0.43	
4:C:29:LEU:HD23	4:C:29:LEU:HA	1.85	0.43	
2:B:195:ASN:OD1	2:B:195:ASN:N	2.51	0.43	
3:D:487:GLU:OE1	3:D:547:LYS:NZ	2.51	0.43	
4:C:123:ILE:HD13	4:C:158:ILE:HD12	2.00	0.43	
4:C:172:SER:OG	4:C:173:LEU:N	2.52	0.43	
2:B:88:ARG:O	2:B:91:TYR:HB3	2.18	0.43	
3:D:530:GLN:HA	3:D:533:ILE:HG22	2.01	0.43	
3:D:83:LEU:HD23	3:D:83:LEU:HA	1.89	0.42	
1:A:646:SER:OG	1:A:670:GLY:O	2.36	0.42	
3:D:476:GLU:HA	3:D:479:ASN:HD22	1.84	0.42	
3:D:558:VAL:HA	3:D:561:ILE:HG22	2.02	0.42	
2:B:462:ARG:HA	2:B:462:ARG:HD2	1.86	0.42	
4:C:25:LEU:HD23	4:C:25:LEU:HA	1.88	0.42	
4:C:257:ASP:OD2	4:C:257:ASP:N	2.50	0.42	
3:D:306:TRP:HA	3:D:307:PRO:HD3	1.93	0.42	
2:B:90:ILE:HD11	2:B:201:ARG:HG2	2.02	0.42	
3:D:333:LYS:HD2	3:D:333:LYS:HA	1.82	0.42	
1:A:230:LYS:HE3	1:A:230:LYS:HB3	1.84	0.42	
1:A:85:GLU:OE2	1:A:201:ARG:NE	2.45	0.42	
1:A:511:ASP:N	1:A:511:ASP:OD1	2.53	0.42	
1:A:542:LEU:HD23	1:A:542:LEU:HA	1.89	0.42	
2:B:343:ASP:OD1	2:B:344:THR:N	2.45	0.42	
4:C:596:GLU:O	4:C:600:ASN:HB2	2.20	0.42	
3:D:407:ASN:OD1	3:D:407:ASN:N	2.52	0.41	
4:C:478:ILE:HD11	4:C:547:PHE:HD1	1.84	0.41	
2:B:652:ASN:ND2	2:B:676:ASP:O	2.43	0.41	
4:C:131:ARG:NH2	4:C:137:GLU:O	2.50	0.41	
2:B:237:ARG:NE	4:C:634:ASN:OD1	2.46	0.41	
3:D:548:LYS:HA	3:D:548:LYS:HD3	1.87	0.41	
4:C:236:ASP:OD1	4:C:236:ASP:N	2.53	0.41	
1:A:382:ALA:O	1:A:386:SER:OG	2.32	0.41	
2:B:582:LYS:HE3	3:D:453:LEU:HD11	2.03	0.41	
1:A:522:THR:OG1	1:A:523:ILE:N	2.54	0.41	
1:A:675:CYS:SG	1:A:687:ARG:HD2	2.61	0.41	
2:B:470:SER:HA	2:B:475:PHE:H	1.86	0.41	
3:D:49:VAL:HG11	3:D:271:VAL:HG13	2.03	0.41	
3:D:306:TRP:NE1	3:D:308:LEU:HB2	2.36	0.41	
1:A:107:THR:O	1:A:107:THR:OG1	2.39	0.41	
3:D:204:CYS:HB2	3:D:237:ARG:HG2	2.03	0.41	
4:C:29:LEU:HD12	4:C:84:ILE:HD12	2.03	0.40	



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:C:446:LYS:HE3	4:C:446:LYS:HB2	1.86	0.40
2:B:381:ASP:N	2:B:381:ASP:OD2	2.54	0.40
3:D:57:LEU:HD23	3:D:57:LEU:HA	1.93	0.40
3:D:156:HIS:CD2	3:D:174:PHE:HB2	2.56	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	645/661~(98%)	593~(92%)	52 (8%)	0	100	100
2	В	655/672~(98%)	602 (92%)	53 (8%)	0	100	100
3	D	526/543~(97%)	505 (96%)	21 (4%)	0	100	100
4	С	527/629~(84%)	484 (92%)	42 (8%)	1 (0%)	47	79
All	All	2353/2505~(94%)	2184 (93%)	168 (7%)	1 (0%)	100	100

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	С	88	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	575/585~(98%)	560~(97%)	15 (3%)	46 74
2	В	586/596~(98%)	567~(97%)	19 (3%)	39 69
3	D	504/511~(99%)	484 (96%)	20 (4%)	31 64
4	С	504/582~(87%)	483 (96%)	21 (4%)	30 62
All	All	2169/2274~(95%)	2094~(96%)	75~(4%)	39 67

All (75) residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	60	LEU
1	А	75	SER
1	А	91	TYR
1	А	205	HIS
1	А	244	TRP
1	А	257	TYR
1	А	315	PHE
1	А	364	SER
1	А	374	LEU
1	А	470	SER
1	А	481	VAL
1	А	557	LEU
1	А	645	ASN
1	А	657	TRP
1	А	697	ASP
2	В	34	THR
2	В	134	VAL
2	В	195	ASN
2	В	197	LEU
2	В	205	HIS
2	В	244	TRP
2	В	257	TYR
2	В	315	PHE
2	В	364	SER
2	В	370	LEU
2	В	374	LEU
2	В	389	SER
2	В	400	ASP
2	В	438	SER
2	В	450	ILE
2	В	500	ASN
2	В	575	TYR
2	В	600	SER



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	696	LEU
3	D	32	TRP
3	D	38	SER
3	D	50	SER
3	D	95	TYR
3	D	113	SER
3	D	161	ASP
3	D	176	CYS
3	D	177	THR
3	D	243	SER
3	D	259	SER
3	D	274	ARG
3	D	284	LEU
3	D	294	TYR
3	D	304	VAL
3	D	405	SER
3	D	407	ASN
3	D	411	HIS
3	D	419	HIS
3	D	429	TYR
3	D	453	LEU
4	С	31	SER
4	С	74	THR
4	С	77	PHE
4	С	81	ILE
4	С	94	HIS
4	С	165	THR
4	С	211	TYR
4	С	233	ASN
4	С	234	THR
4	C	236	ASP
4	C	280	ASN
4	C	347	ASN
4	С	360	CYS
4	C	481	SER
4	C	539	TYR
4	C	541	ASP
4	C	550	LEU
4	C	571	TYR
4	C	598	GLU
4	С	599	VAL
4	С	606	PHE



Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (25) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	139	HIS
1	А	167	ASN
1	А	195	ASN
1	А	268	HIS
1	А	286	GLN
1	А	465	GLN
1	А	651	ASN
2	В	83	HIS
2	В	454	ASN
2	В	620	ASN
2	В	681	ASN
3	D	156	HIS
3	D	179	HIS
3	D	316	GLN
3	D	404	ASN
3	D	419	HIS
3	D	437	GLN
3	D	458	ASN
3	D	479	ASN
3	D	512	GLN
3	D	564	ASN
4	С	87	HIS
4	С	295	ASN
4	С	497	ASN
4	С	543	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
3	D	1

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	D	334:LYS	С	404:ASN	Ν	82.37



6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-11092. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 160

Y Index: 160



Z Index: 160

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 164

Y Index: 135

Z Index: 171

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.15. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.



6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 167 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 151 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.322 ${\rm \AA^{-1}}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-11092 and PDB model 6Z6F. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 4.

9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.15 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.



9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.15).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 96% of all backbone atoms, 86% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.15) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8646	0.4710
А	0.9274	0.5240
В	0.9108	0.5050
С	0.8326	0.4380
D	0.7675	0.4020



