

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	5ZEW
BMRB ID	:	36169
Title	:	A ubiquitin-like protein from the hyperthermophilic archaea Caldiarchaeum
		subterraneum
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Deposited on	:	2018-02-28

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

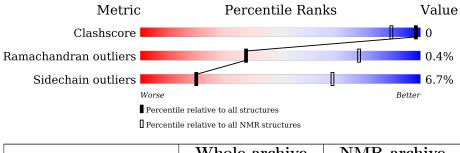
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 68%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} { m archive} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	77	95%	••



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 3 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core	Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model					
1	A:1-A:74 (74)	0.67	3			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20
2	1, 11
Single-model clusters	2; 5; 9



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1177 atoms, of which 611 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Ubiquitin-like protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues			Atom	ıs			Trace
1	٨	77	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	S	0
	A	11	1177	358	611	98	107	3	0

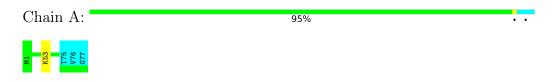


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein



4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

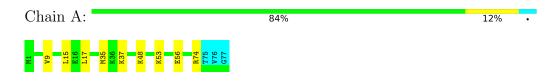
4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein

Chain A: 94% · ·

4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein





4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein

Chain A: 92% · ·

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein

Chain A: 90% 6% •

4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein

Chain A: 92% ·

M1 T24 K31 R31 R44 T75 V76 G77

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein

Chain A:

92%

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. .

. .

M1 L17 K36 R44 T75 V76 G77

- 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein

Chain A:

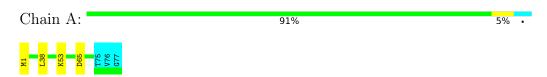






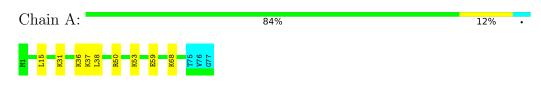
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein

Chain A:	86%	10%	•
M1 K31 K36 K36 K48 K48 R48 K53 K53 K53 K53 K53 K53 K53 K53 K53 K53			

4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein

Chain A: 9% •

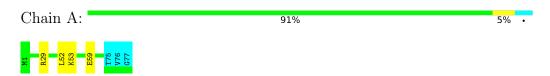
- 4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein

Chain A: 88% 8% •



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein

Chain A: 92% · ·

4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein

Chain A:	87%	9%	•
M1 K31 K48 K48 K53 K53 K53 K48 K53 K53 K75 C77 C77			

4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein

Chain A:

92%

. .

M1 K31 K53 E59 E59 T75 V76 G77

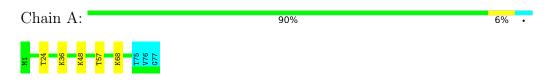
- 4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17
- Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein

Chain A: 90% 6% •



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein

Chain A: 90% 6% •

4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

• Molecule 1: Ubiquitin-like protein

Chain A: 91% 5% •



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 50 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	refinement	14
CYANA	structure solution	3.0
Sparky	structure solution	
NMRDraw	structure solution	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	701
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	700
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	1
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	68%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		B	Sond lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	RMSZ	#Z > 5	
1	А	$0.67 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}0/554~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	$0.93 {\pm} 0.02$	$0{\pm}1/750~(~0.0{\pm}~0.1\%)$	
All	All	0.67	0/11080~(~0.0%)	0.93	6/15000 ($0.0%$)	

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mal	Chain	Dec	Trune	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		Moo	dels		
Mol	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms		Observed(*)	Ideal(*)	Worst	Total
1	А	44	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.66	124.13	120.30	5	3
1	А	74	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.83	123.22	120.30	7	2
1	А	29	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.15	122.88	120.30	17	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

$6.2 \quad \text{Too-close contacts} (i)$

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	547	592	595	0±1
All	All	10940	11840	11900	4

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:1:MET:HB2	1:A:65:ASP:OD1	0.75	1.81	19	2
1:A:1:MET:HB2	1:A:65:ASP:CG	0.47	2.29	19	1
1:A:1:MET:HG2	1:A:2:LYS:H	0.40	1.77	1	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	73/77~(95%)	$69 \pm 1 (95 \pm 1\%)$	$3\pm1~(4\pm1\%)$	$0\pm1~(0\pm1\%)$	38 78
All	All	1460/1540~(95%)	1389 (95%)	65 (4%)	6~(0%)	38 78

All 4 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	56	GLU	3
1	А	9	VAL	1
1	А	62	GLY	1
1	А	53	LYS	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	60/62~(97%)	$56\pm2(93\pm4\%)$	$4\pm2~(7\pm4\%)$	20 68
All	All	1200/1240~(97%)	1120 (93%)	80 (7%)	20 68

All 23 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.



3		Full w	wPDB NMR Structu	ire V
Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)	
А	53	LYS	11	
А	36	LYS	9	
А	31	LYS	8	
А	37	LYS	5	
А	48	LYS	5	
А	59	GLU	4	
А	38	LEU	4	
А	50	ARG	4	
А	68	LYS	4	
А	15	LEU	3	
А	17	LEU	3	
А	52	LEU	3	
А	71	LEU	3	
А	35	MET	2	
А	74	ARG	2	
А	24	THR	2	
А	29			
А	18	GLU	1	
А	44	ARG	1	
А	1	MET	1	
А	57	THR	1	
	Chain A	Chain Res A 53 A 36 A 31 A 31 A 37 A 48 A 59 A 59 A 50 A 51 A 52 A 71 A 35 A 74 A 24 A 29 A 18 A 44 A 1	Chain Res Type A 53 LYS A 36 LYS A 31 LYS A 37 LYS A 37 LYS A 37 LYS A 37 LYS A 48 LYS A 59 GLU A 59 GLU A 50 ARG A 50 LEU A 50 LEU A 52 LEU A 52 LEU A 52 LEU A 71 LEU A 74 ARG A 24 THR A 24 THR A 18 GLU A 44 ARG A 1 MET	ChainResTypeModels (Total)A 53 LYS11A 36 LYS 9 A 31 LYS 8 A 31 LYS 8 A 37 LYS 5 A 48 LYS 5 A 59 GLU 4 A 59 GLU 4 A 50 ARG 4 A 50 ARG 4 A 50 ARG 4 A 52 LEU 3 A 15 LEU 3 A 52 LEU 3 A 52 LEU 3 A 71 LEU 3 A 22 AE 2 A 17 REU 3 A 15 REU 3 A 15 LEU 3 A 15 REU 3 A 15 REU 3 A 11 RET 2 A 18 GLU 1 A 44 ARG 1 A 11 MET 1

6.3.3RNA (i)

А

А

1

1

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

2

56

LYS

GLU

Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i) 6.4

1

1

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.



6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 68% for the well-defined parts and 68% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *shift2linux.shift2linux4.txt*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	701
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	700
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	1
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

• No matching atom found in the structure. All 1 occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain Boy		Ros Type Atom	Shift DataValueUncertaintyAmbiguity			
	Ullain	nes	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	А	1	MET	H1	8.903	0.008	

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	70	0.04 ± 0.40	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	63	-0.05 ± 0.14	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	0		None (insufficient data)
¹⁵ N	71	0.71 ± 0.55	None needed (imprecise)



7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 68%, i.e. 673 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 992. 0 out of 16 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	15 N
Backbone	275/367~(75%)	140/150~(93%)	67/148~(45%)	$68/69 \ (99\%)$
Sidechain	398/606~(66%)	268/398~(67%)	130/187~(70%)	0/21~(0%)
Aromatic	0/19~(0%)	0/9~(0%)	0/10~(0%)	0/0 (%)
Overall	673/992~(68%)	408/557~(73%)	197/345~(57%)	68/90~(76%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 68%, i.e. 700 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1024. 0 out of 17 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	287/383~(75%)	146/157~(93%)	70/154~(45%)	71/72~(99%)
Sidechain	413/622~(66%)	279/409~(68%)	134/192~(70%)	0/21~(0%)
Aromatic	0/19~(0%)	0/9~(0%)	0/10~(0%)	0/0 (%)
Overall	700/1024~(68%)	425/575~(74%)	204/356~(57%)	71/93~(76%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	48	LYS	CD	41.99	23.50 - 34.42	11.9

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



