



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 11, 2023 – 02:55 pm BST

PDB ID : 7ZJL
EMDB ID : EMD-14750
Title : Delta SARS-CoV-2 spike protein in complex with REGN10987 Fab homologue.
Authors : Pichkur, E.B.; Lyukmanova, E.N.; Shenkarev, Z.O.
Deposited on : 2022-04-11
Resolution : 2.60 Å (reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev50
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.32.2

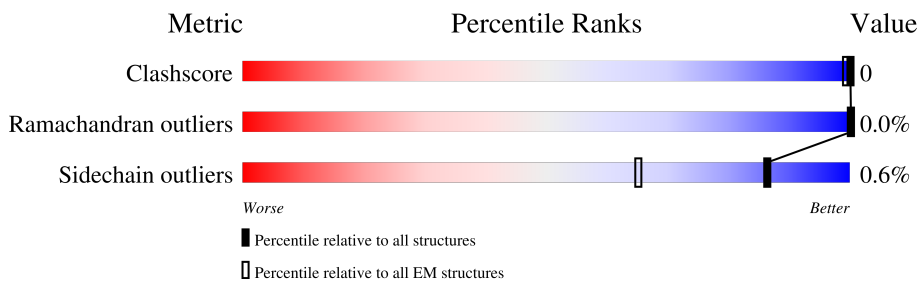
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



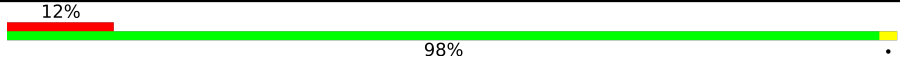
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	1130	 12% 93% 5%
1	B	1130	 12% 93% 5%
1	C	1130	 11% 93% 5%
2	g	218	 18% 97% 5%
2	i	218	 31% 97% 5%
2	k	218	 8% 96% 5%
3	h	223	 15% 99% 5%
3	j	223	 26% 98% 5%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
3	1	223	 <p>A horizontal bar chart representing the quality of the chain. The bar is divided into two segments: a red segment on the left labeled '12%' and a green segment on the right labeled '98%'. A small yellow segment is visible at the far right end of the bar.</p>

2 Entry composition i

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 69412 atoms, of which 34272 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Spike glycoprotein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S		
1	A	1078	16630	5361	8217	1410	1604	38	0	0
1	B	1077	16631	5359	8223	1410	1601	38	0	0
1	C	1073	16569	5340	8189	1405	1597	38	0	0

There are 27 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	21	ARG	THR	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	144	ASP	GLY	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	?	-	GLU	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
A	?	-	PHE	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
A	158	GLY	ARG	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	452	ARG	LEU	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	478	LYS	THR	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	614	GLY	ASP	variant	UNP P0DTC2
A	950	ASN	ASP	variant	UNP P0DTC2
B	21	ARG	THR	variant	UNP P0DTC2
B	144	ASP	GLY	variant	UNP P0DTC2
B	?	-	GLU	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
B	?	-	PHE	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
B	158	GLY	ARG	variant	UNP P0DTC2
B	452	ARG	LEU	variant	UNP P0DTC2
B	478	LYS	THR	variant	UNP P0DTC2
B	614	GLY	ASP	variant	UNP P0DTC2
B	950	ASN	ASP	variant	UNP P0DTC2
C	21	ARG	THR	variant	UNP P0DTC2
C	144	ASP	GLY	variant	UNP P0DTC2
C	?	-	GLU	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
C	?	-	PHE	deletion	UNP P0DTC2
C	158	GLY	ARG	variant	UNP P0DTC2
C	452	ARG	LEU	variant	UNP P0DTC2

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	478	LYS	THR	variant	UNP P0DTC2
C	614	GLY	ASP	variant	UNP P0DTC2
C	950	ASN	ASP	variant	UNP P0DTC2

- Molecule 2 is a protein called REGN10987 Fab homologue (Light chain).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O			S
2	i	218	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			3218	1016	1579	276	341	6		
2	g	218	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			3219	1016	1580	276	341	6		
2	k	218	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			3218	1016	1579	276	341	6		

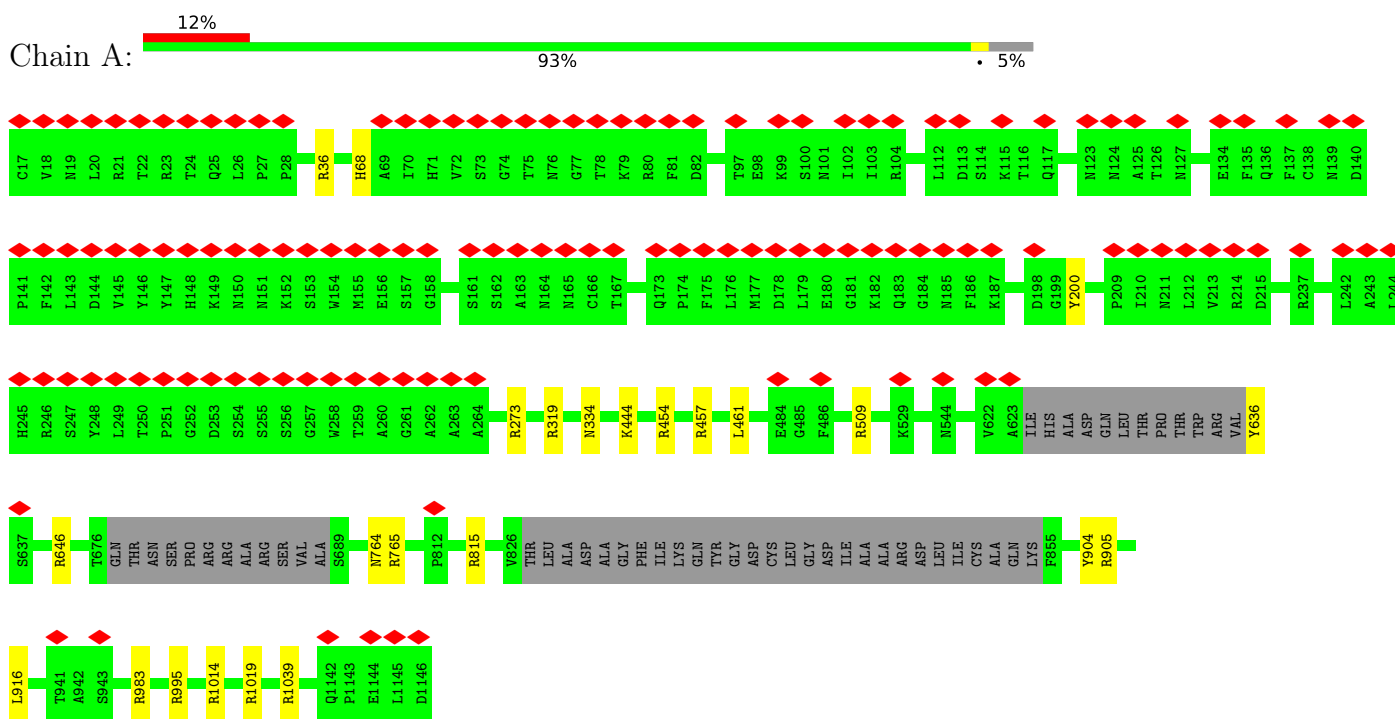
- Molecule 3 is a protein called REGN10987 Fab homologue (Heavy chain).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O			S
3	j	223	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			3309	1057	1635	278	332	7		
3	h	223	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			3309	1057	1635	278	332	7		
3	l	223	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			3309	1057	1635	278	332	7		

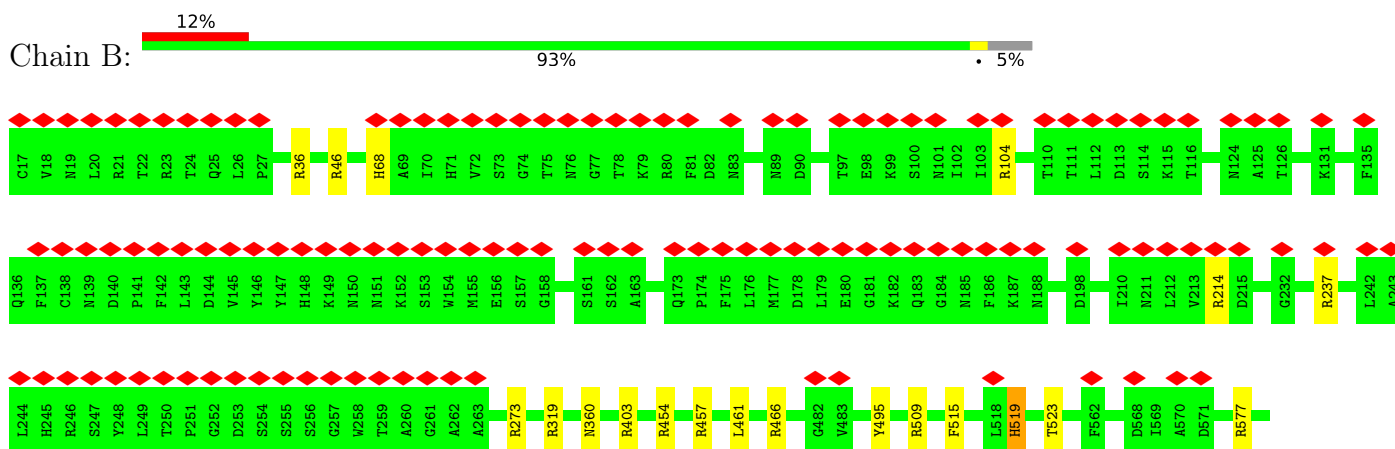
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

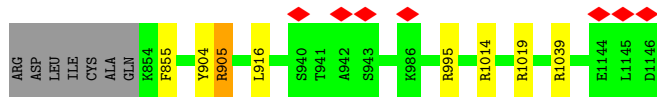
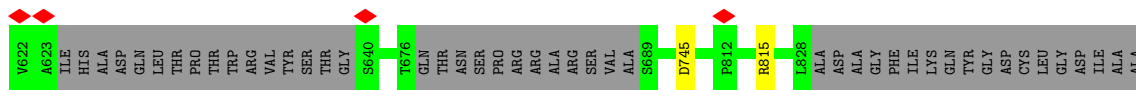
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Spike glycoprotein

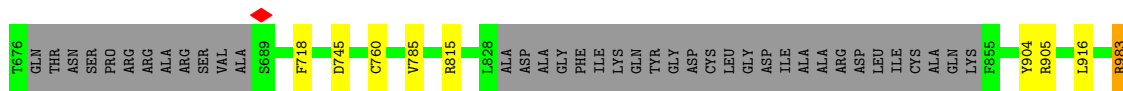
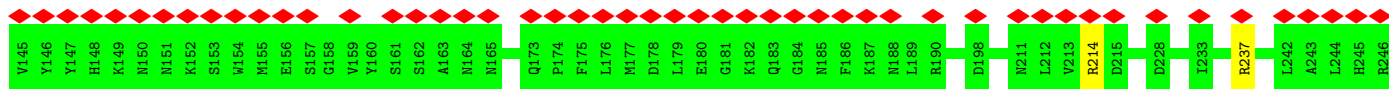
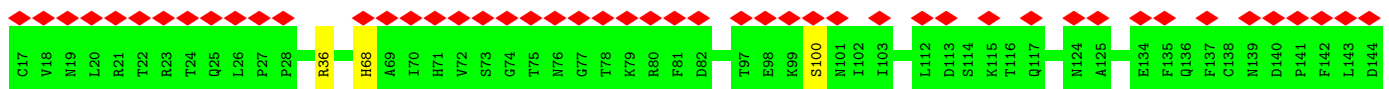
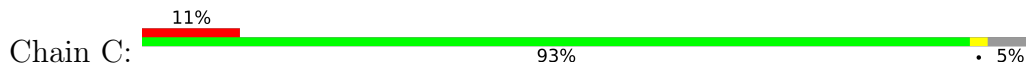


- Molecule 1: Spike glycoprotein

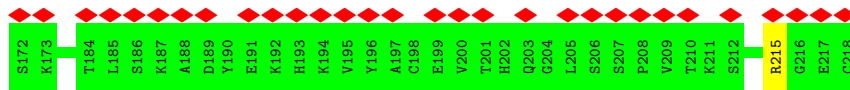
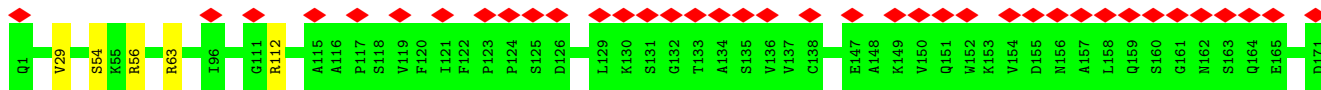




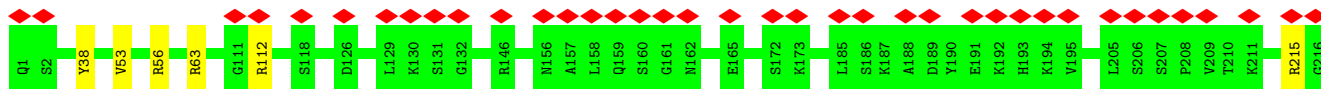
• Molecule 1: Spike glycoprotein



• Molecule 2: REGN10987 Fab homologue (Light chain)

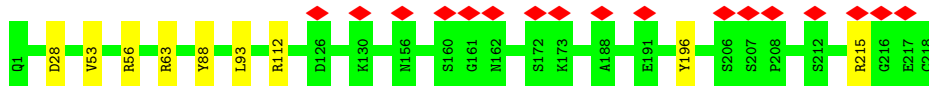


• Molecule 2: REGN10987 Fab homologue (Light chain)

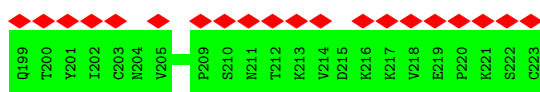
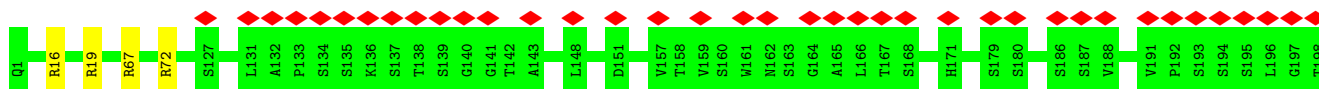




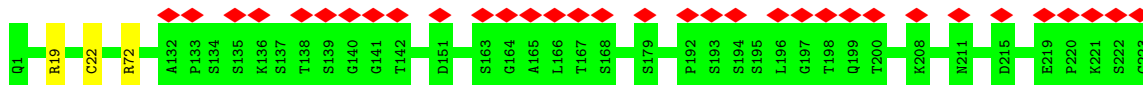
- Molecule 2: REGN10987 Fab homologue (Light chain)



- Molecule 3: REGN10987 Fab homologue (Heavy chain)



- Molecule 3: REGN10987 Fab homologue (Heavy chain)



- Molecule 3: REGN10987 Fab homologue (Heavy chain)



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	44323	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1600	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	5.396	Depositor
Minimum map value	-3.567	Depositor
Average map value	0.006	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.090	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.4	Depositor
Map size (Å)	356.73602, 356.73602, 356.73602	wwPDB
Map dimensions	384, 384, 384	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.9290001, 0.9290001, 0.9290001	Depositor

5 Model quality i

5.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.65	0/8608	0.96	16/11714 (0.1%)
1	B	0.66	0/8602	0.96	22/11705 (0.2%)
1	C	0.65	0/8573	0.95	19/11665 (0.2%)
2	g	0.62	0/1673	0.91	4/2271 (0.2%)
2	i	0.63	0/1673	0.96	4/2271 (0.2%)
2	k	0.62	0/1673	0.92	4/2271 (0.2%)
3	h	0.65	0/1714	0.94	2/2334 (0.1%)
3	j	0.66	0/1714	0.94	3/2334 (0.1%)
3	l	0.65	0/1714	0.95	3/2334 (0.1%)
All	All	0.65	0/35944	0.95	77/48899 (0.2%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3
1	B	0	4
1	C	0	4
2	g	0	1
2	i	0	1
2	k	0	2
All	All	0	15

There are no bond length outliers.

All (77) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	905	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.68	124.64	120.30
1	B	273	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.54	124.57	120.30
1	C	36	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.41	124.50	120.30

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	995	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.27	124.43	120.30
1	B	36	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.26	124.43	120.30
1	C	1014	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.18	124.39	120.30
1	A	1019	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.11	124.35	120.30
1	B	457	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.98	124.29	120.30
1	A	1039	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.97	124.29	120.30
1	C	457	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.74	124.17	120.30
1	C	273	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.73	124.16	120.30
1	B	905	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.67	116.47	120.30
1	A	1014	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.53	124.07	120.30
3	l	72	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.49	124.05	120.30
3	h	72	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.48	124.04	120.30
1	C	995	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.40	124.00	120.30
1	B	904	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-7.29	116.63	121.00
3	j	72	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.16	123.88	120.30
1	A	815	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.11	123.86	120.30
1	C	904	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-7.08	116.75	121.00
2	i	63	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.97	123.78	120.30
1	C	237	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.88	123.74	120.30
1	A	36	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.78	123.69	120.30
1	A	904	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-6.76	116.95	121.00
1	B	815	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.73	123.67	120.30
1	C	815	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.68	123.64	120.30
1	C	466	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.66	123.63	120.30
1	A	273	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.64	123.62	120.30
1	C	983	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.59	123.60	120.30
1	B	237	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.56	123.58	120.30
2	k	215	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.39	123.50	120.30
2	i	112	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.36	123.48	120.30
2	k	112	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.32	123.46	120.30
1	B	1039	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.31	117.15	120.30
1	B	509	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.21	123.41	120.30
1	B	1039	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.20	123.40	120.30
1	A	995	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.11	123.35	120.30
2	g	56	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.11	123.35	120.30
1	C	454	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.10	123.35	120.30
1	A	457	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.09	123.35	120.30
2	g	215	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.07	123.34	120.30
1	B	815	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.05	117.28	120.30
2	i	56	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.04	123.32	120.30
1	B	577	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.03	123.31	120.30
1	B	403	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.02	123.31	120.30

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	1039	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.95	117.33	120.30
1	A	1039	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.93	117.33	120.30
1	B	104	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.92	123.26	120.30
1	A	319	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.90	123.25	120.30
1	C	1039	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.87	123.24	120.30
2	g	112	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.86	123.23	120.30
1	B	466	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.83	123.22	120.30
3	j	67	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.77	123.19	120.30
1	C	905	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.76	123.18	120.30
2	g	63	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.74	123.17	120.30
1	A	454	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.67	123.14	120.30
1	C	319	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.64	123.12	120.30
1	B	46	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.59	123.09	120.30
3	j	19	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.56	123.08	120.30
2	k	63	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.54	123.07	120.30
1	C	357	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.48	123.04	120.30
2	i	215	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.43	123.01	120.30
1	B	319	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.41	123.01	120.30
2	k	56	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.33	122.96	120.30
3	l	19	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.29	122.95	120.30
1	B	214	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.29	122.94	120.30
1	B	454	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.28	122.94	120.30
1	A	905	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.20	122.90	120.30
1	A	509	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.17	122.88	120.30
1	C	214	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.15	122.88	120.30
1	B	1014	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.14	122.87	120.30
1	C	509	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.13	122.86	120.30
1	A	765	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.12	122.86	120.30
3	h	19	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.10	122.85	120.30
1	A	646	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.05	122.83	120.30
1	C	815	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.05	117.78	120.30
3	l	38	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.00	122.80	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (15) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	200	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	636	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	983	ARG	Sidechain
1	B	1019	ARG	Sidechain
1	B	495	TYR	Sidechain

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	B	519	HIS	Sidechain
1	B	905	ARG	Sidechain
1	C	265	TYR	Sidechain
1	C	495	TYR	Sidechain
1	C	718	PHE	Sidechain
1	C	983	ARG	Sidechain
2	g	38	TYR	Sidechain
2	i	29	VAL	Peptide
2	k	196	TYR	Sidechain
2	k	88	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	8413	8217	8209	0	0
1	B	8408	8223	8216	2	0
1	C	8380	8189	8182	0	0
2	g	1639	1580	1579	0	0
2	i	1639	1579	1579	0	0
2	k	1639	1579	1579	0	0
3	h	1674	1635	1634	0	0
3	j	1674	1635	1634	0	0
3	l	1674	1635	1634	0	0
All	All	35140	34272	34246	2	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All (2) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:519:HIS:CD2	1:B:519:HIS:H	2.35	0.42
1:B:360:ASN:H	1:B:523:THR:HG22	1.85	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	1070/1130 (95%)	1027 (96%)	43 (4%)	0	100	100
1	B	1069/1130 (95%)	1024 (96%)	45 (4%)	0	100	100
1	C	1065/1130 (94%)	1027 (96%)	38 (4%)	0	100	100
2	g	216/218 (99%)	206 (95%)	9 (4%)	1 (0%)	29	52
2	i	216/218 (99%)	203 (94%)	13 (6%)	0	100	100
2	k	216/218 (99%)	206 (95%)	9 (4%)	1 (0%)	29	52
3	h	221/223 (99%)	214 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
3	j	221/223 (99%)	212 (96%)	9 (4%)	0	100	100
3	l	221/223 (99%)	213 (96%)	8 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	4515/4713 (96%)	4332 (96%)	181 (4%)	2 (0%)	100	100

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	g	53	VAL
2	k	53	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	939/980 (96%)	933 (99%)	6 (1%)	86	95
1	B	939/980 (96%)	933 (99%)	6 (1%)	86	95

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	936/980 (96%)	929 (99%)	7 (1%)	84	94
2	g	188/188 (100%)	188 (100%)	0	100	100
2	i	188/188 (100%)	187 (100%)	1 (0%)	88	96
2	k	188/188 (100%)	186 (99%)	2 (1%)	73	88
3	h	188/188 (100%)	187 (100%)	1 (0%)	88	96
3	j	188/188 (100%)	187 (100%)	1 (0%)	88	96
3	l	188/188 (100%)	187 (100%)	1 (0%)	88	96
All	All	3942/4068 (97%)	3917 (99%)	25 (1%)	86	95

All (25) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	68	HIS
1	A	334	ASN
1	A	444	LYS
1	A	461	LEU
1	A	764	ASN
1	A	916	LEU
1	B	68	HIS
1	B	461	LEU
1	B	515	PHE
1	B	745	ASP
1	B	855	PHE
1	B	916	LEU
1	C	68	HIS
1	C	100	SER
1	C	461	LEU
1	C	745	ASP
1	C	760	CYS
1	C	785	VAL
1	C	916	LEU
2	i	54	SER
3	j	16	ARG
3	h	22	CYS
2	k	28	ASP
2	k	93	LEU
3	l	62	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	655	HIS
1	B	117	GLN
1	C	117	GLN
1	C	151	ASN
3	j	1	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

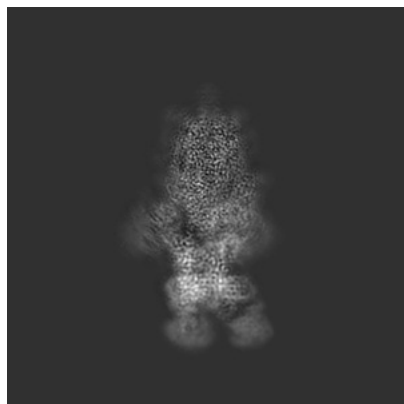
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-14750. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

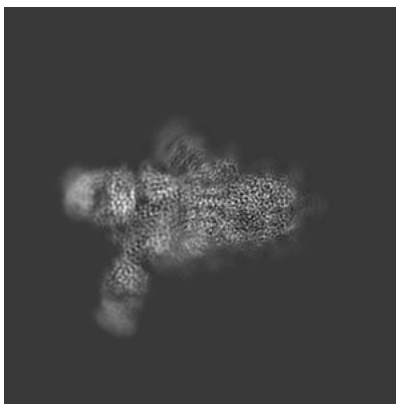
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

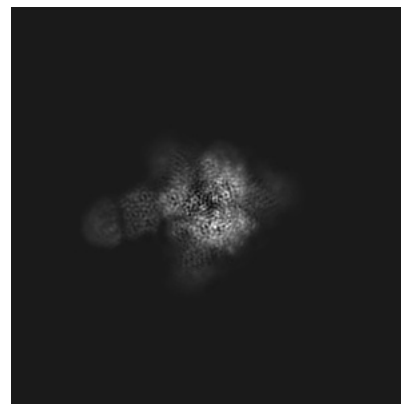
6.1.1 Primary map



X

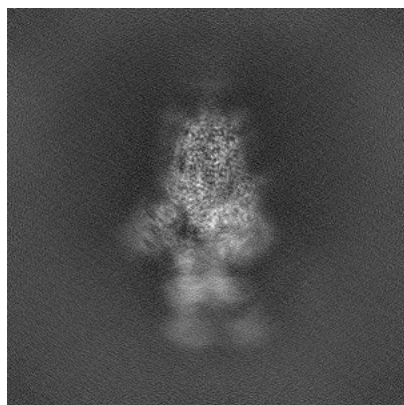


Y

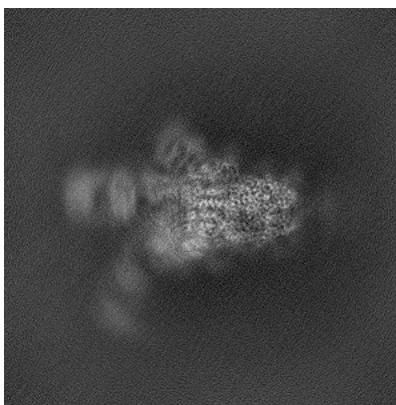


Z

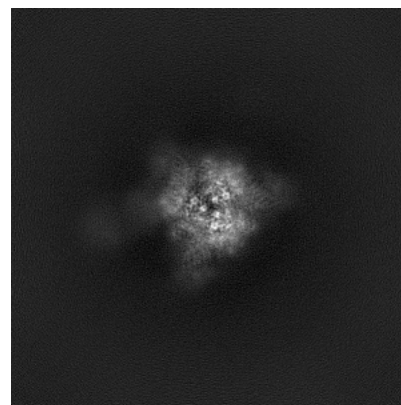
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

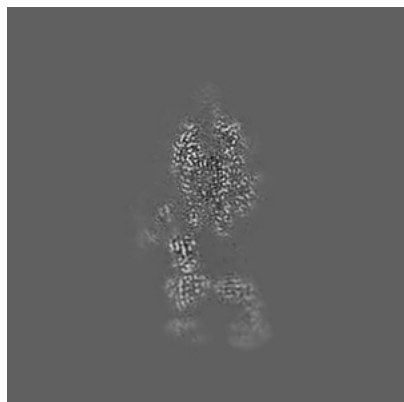


Z

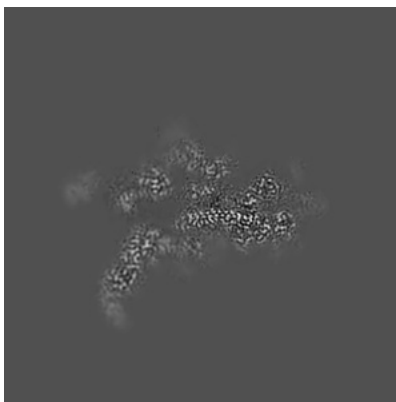
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

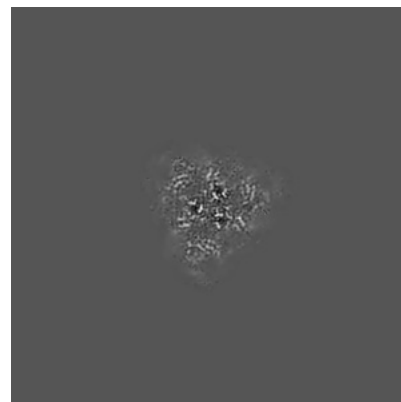
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 192

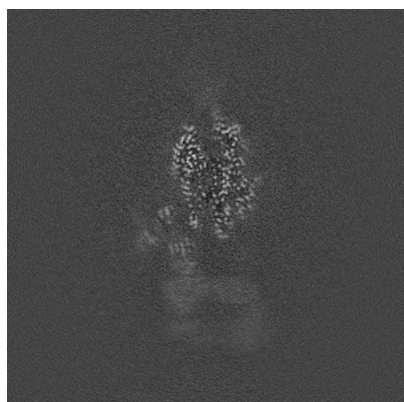


Y Index: 192

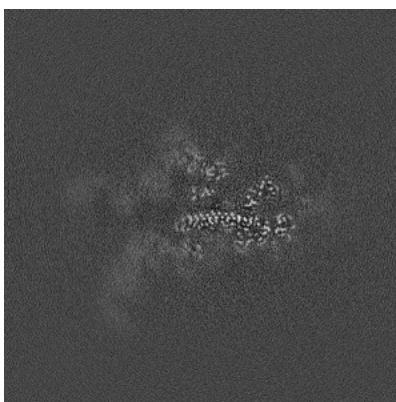


Z Index: 192

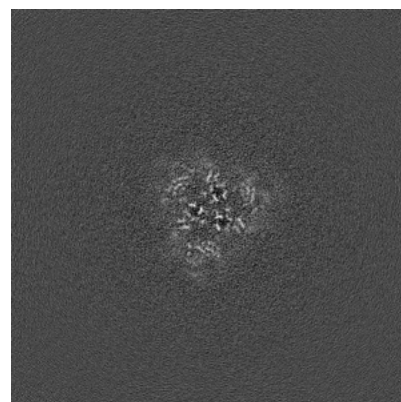
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 192



Y Index: 192

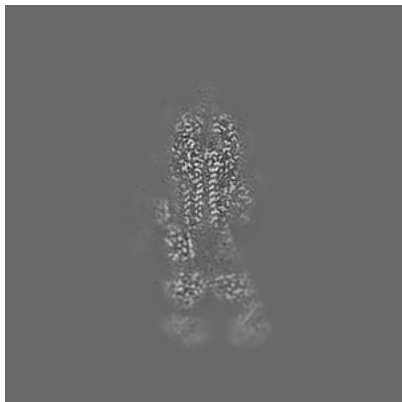


Z Index: 192

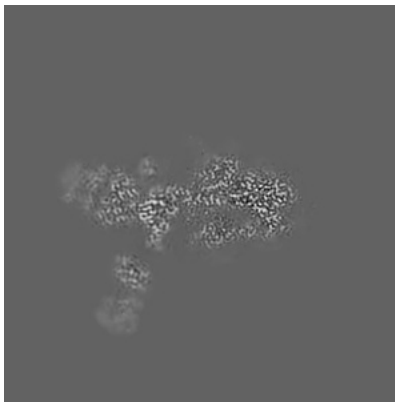
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

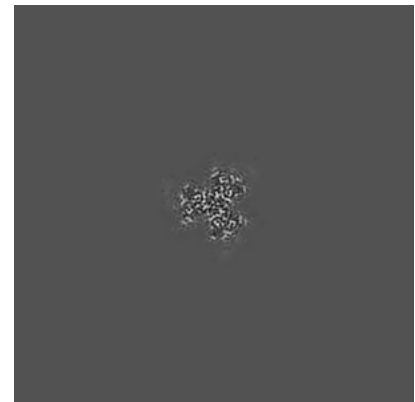
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 197

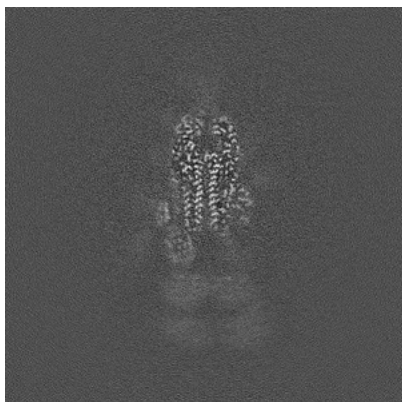


Y Index: 175

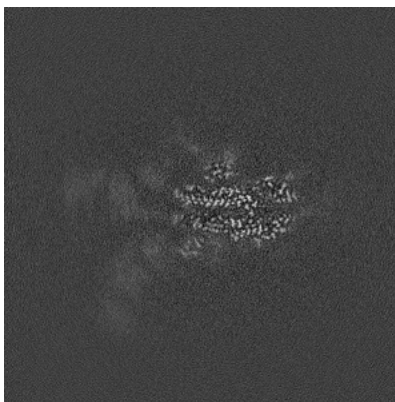


Z Index: 235

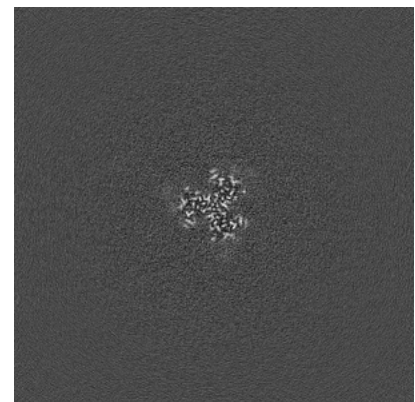
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 197



Y Index: 185

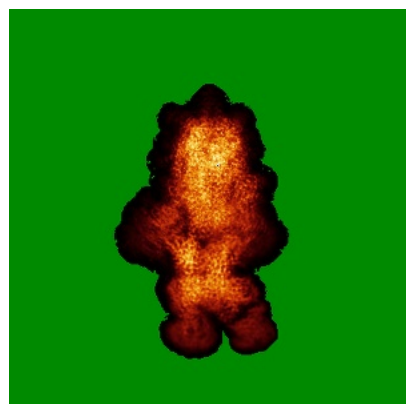


Z Index: 234

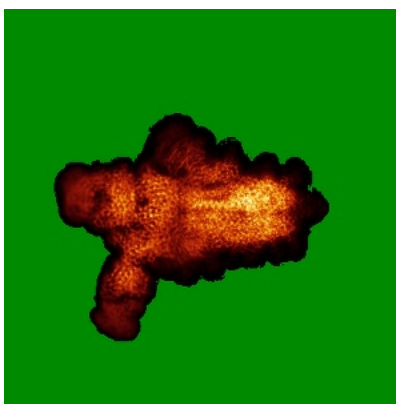
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

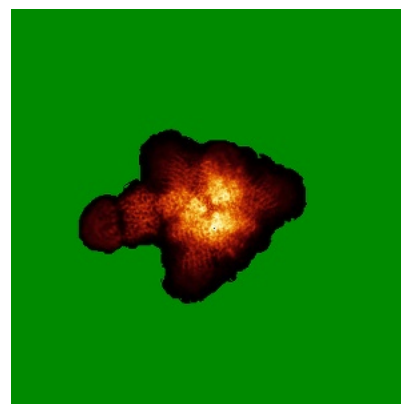
6.4.1 Primary map



X

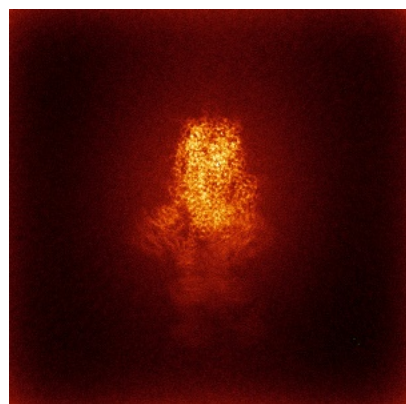


Y

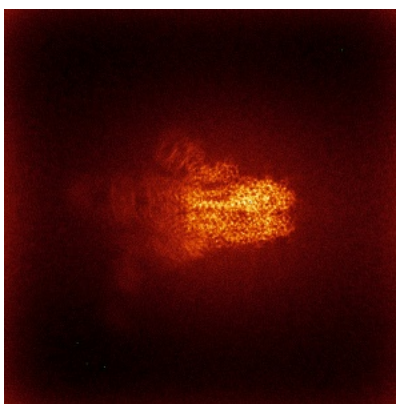


Z

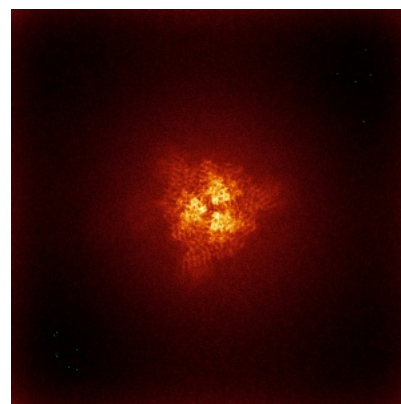
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

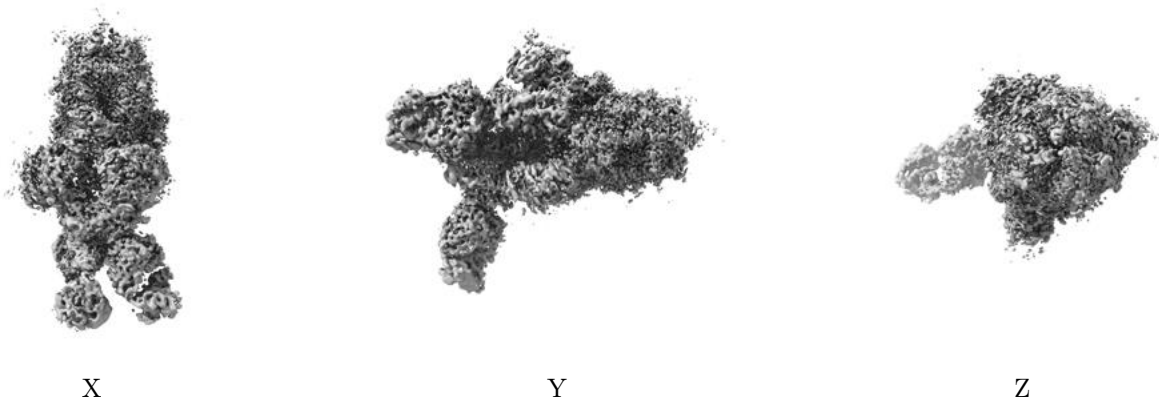


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

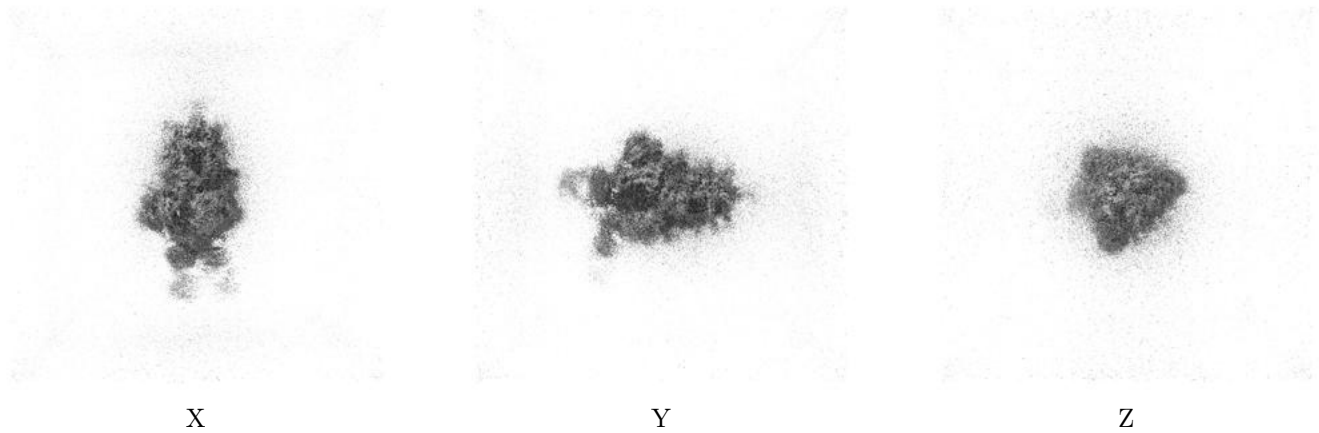
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.4. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

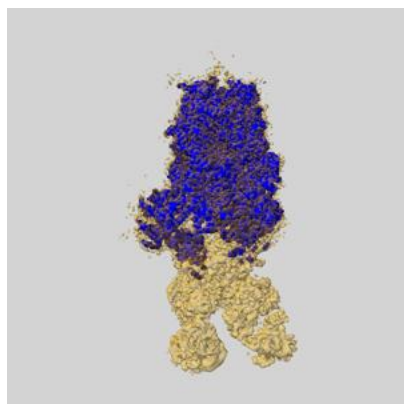
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

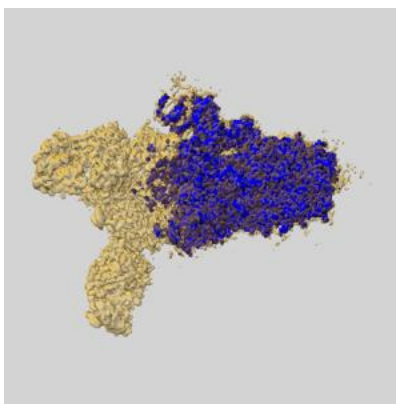
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

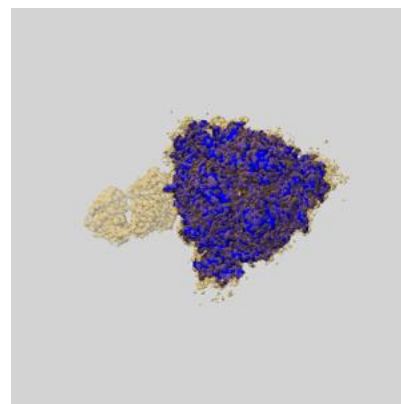
6.6.1 emd_14750_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

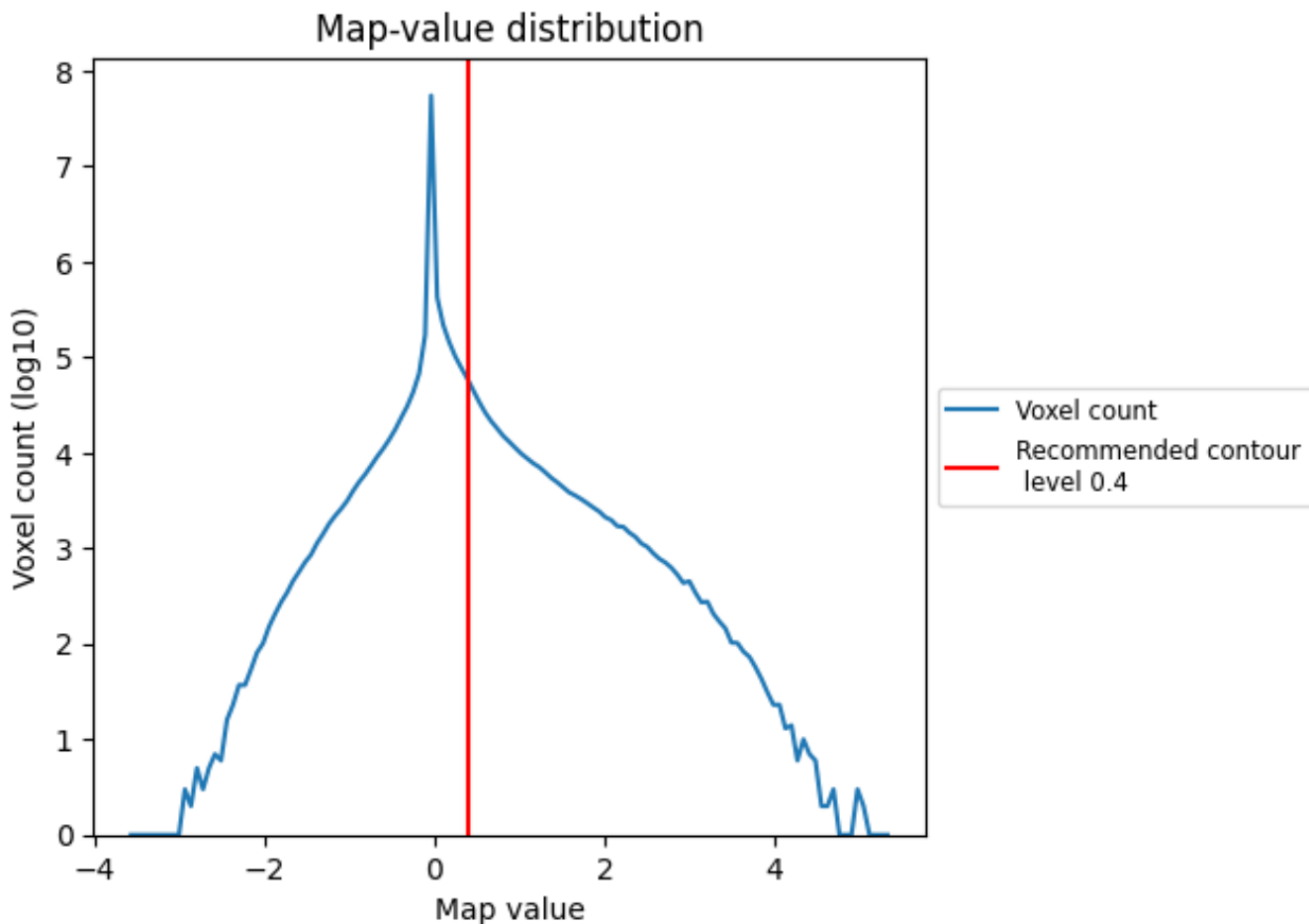


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

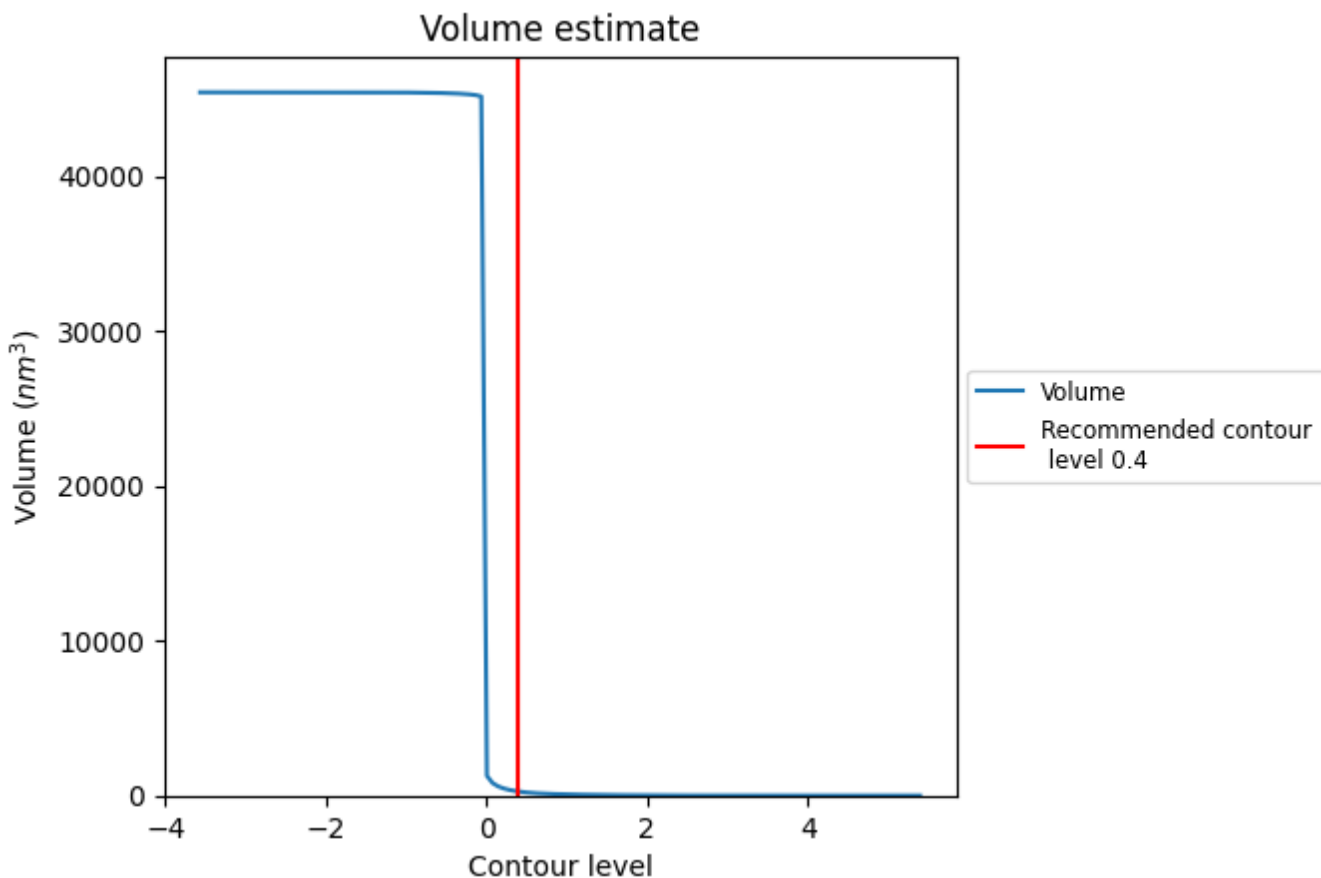
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

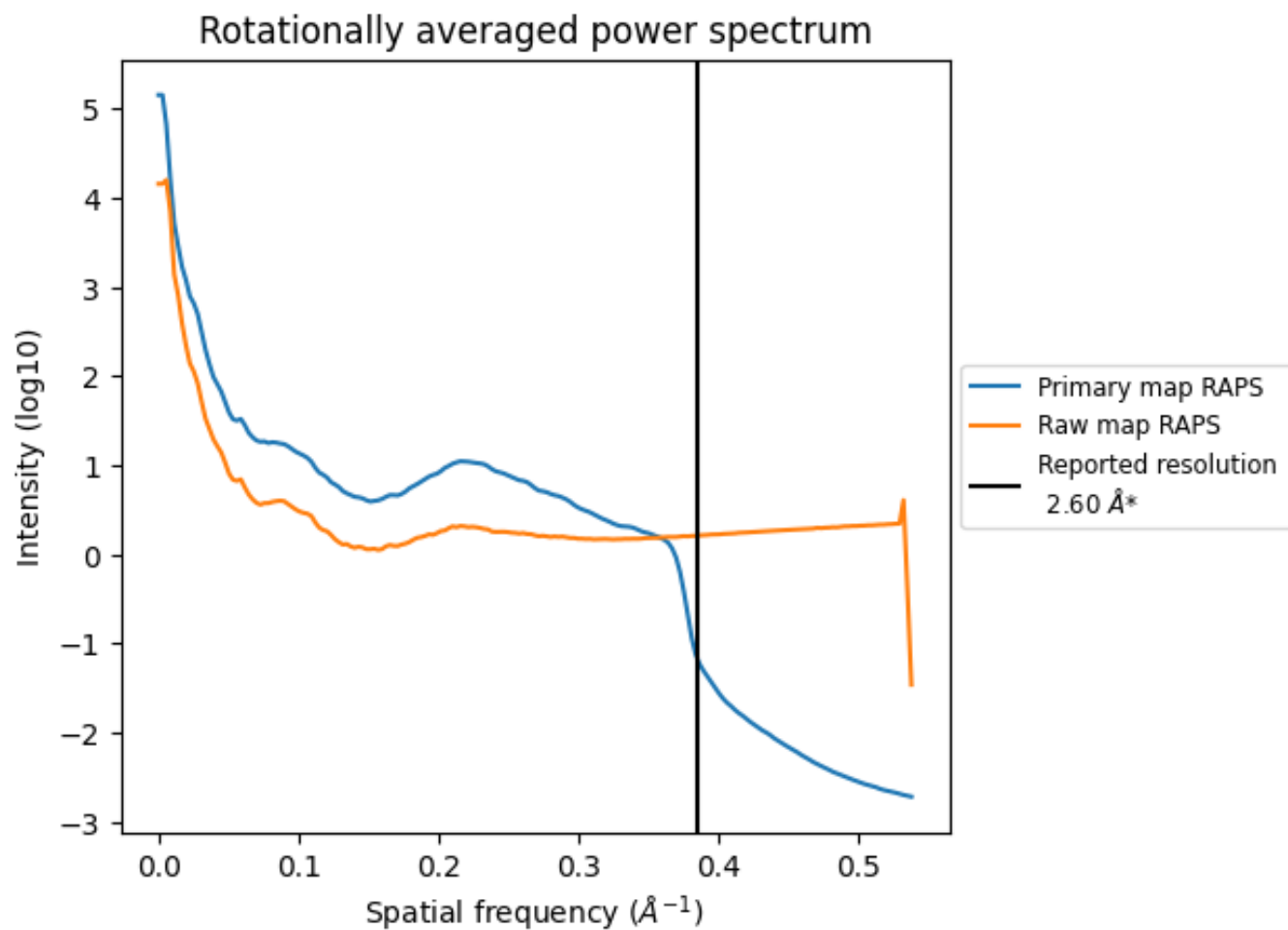
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 260 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 235 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum i

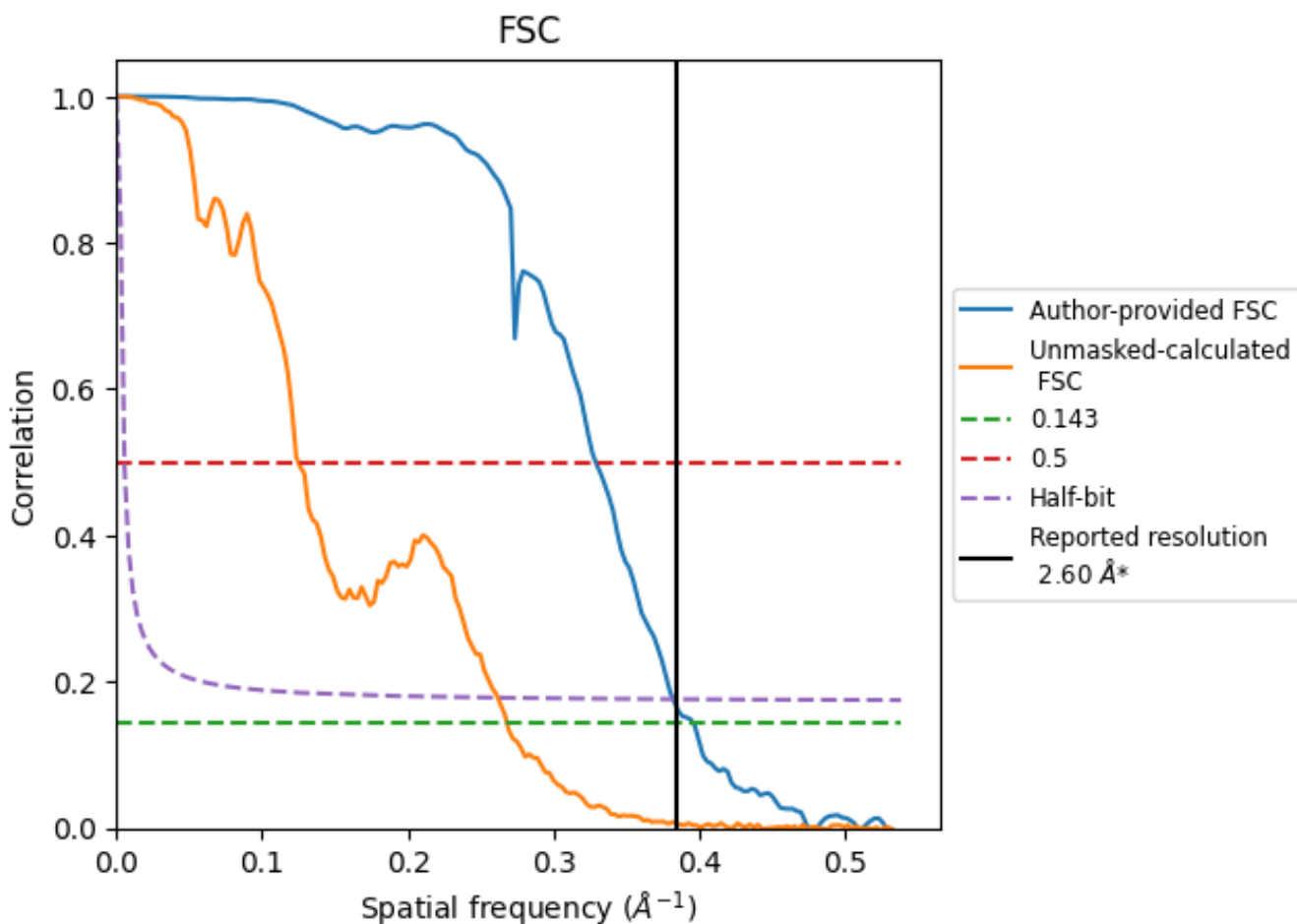


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.385 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.385 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

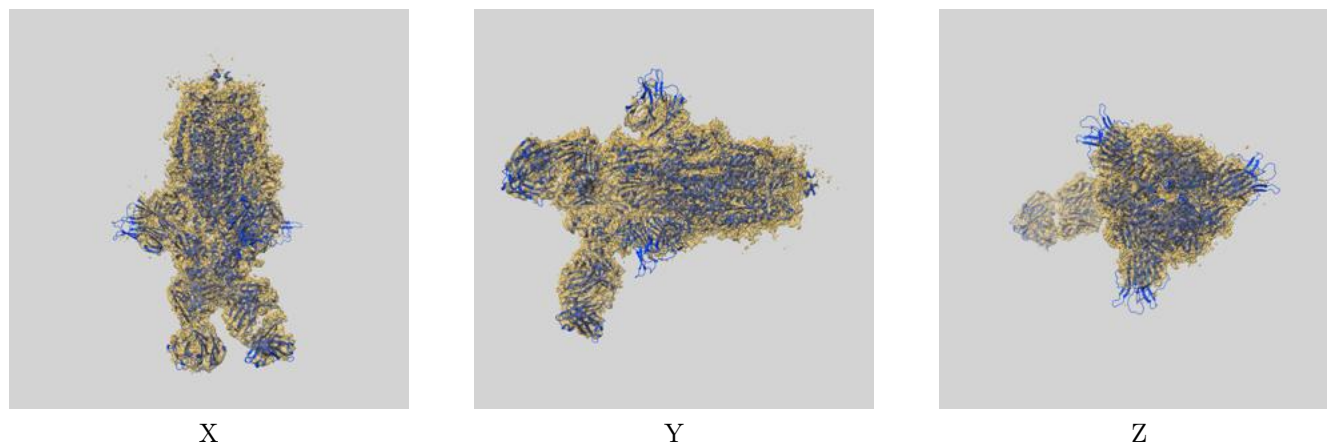
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.60	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.53	3.04	2.62
Unmasked-calculated*	3.73	8.01	3.82

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.73 differs from the reported value 2.6 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

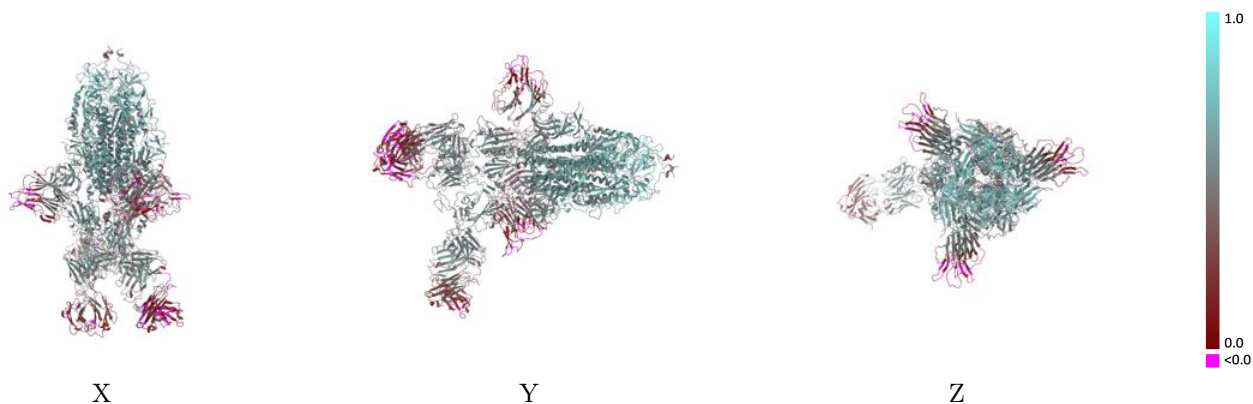
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-14750 and PDB model 7ZJL. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



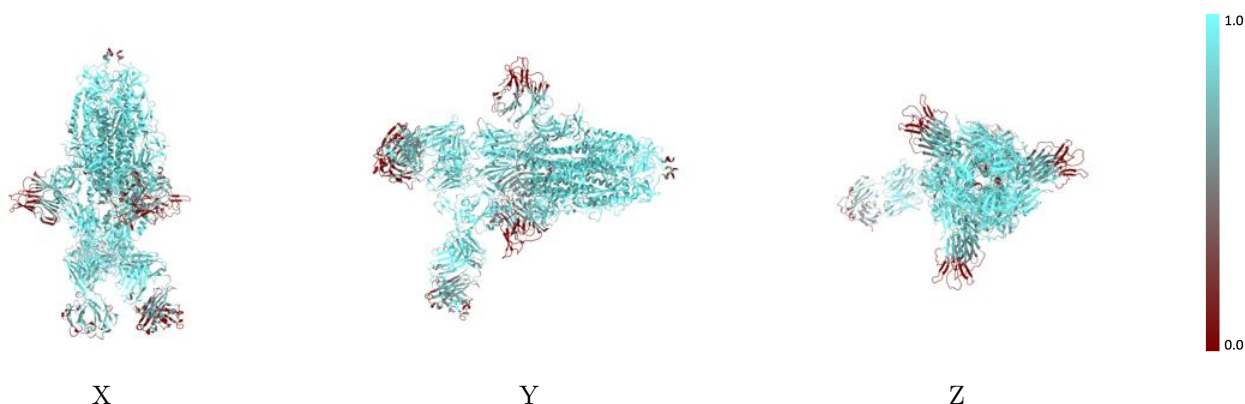
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.4 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



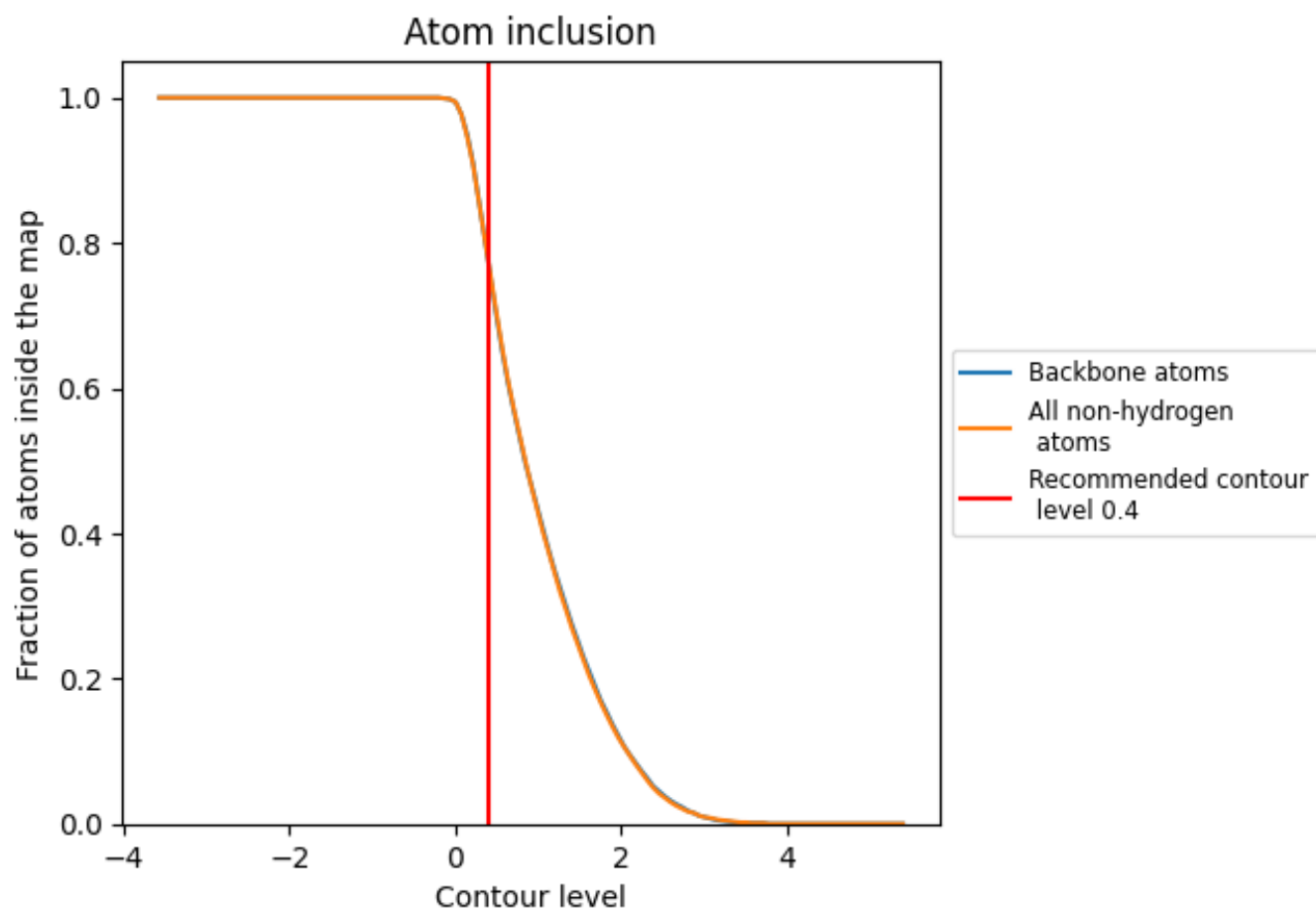
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.4).





















9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 77% of all backbone atoms, 77% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary [i](#)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.4) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.7740	 0.4670
A	 0.8040	 0.5060
B	 0.7900	 0.5000
C	 0.8100	 0.5110
g	 0.6860	 0.3710
h	 0.7310	 0.3940
i	 0.5980	 0.2980
j	 0.6540	 0.3430
k	 0.8040	 0.3990
l	 0.7860	 0.4140

