



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 6, 2026 – 06:58 PM UTC

PDB ID : 3LRV / pdb\_00003lrv  
Title : The Prp19 WD40 Domain Contains a Conserved Protein Interaction Region Essential for its Function.  
Authors : Vander Kooi, C.W.; Chazin, W.J.  
Deposited on : 2010-02-11  
Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

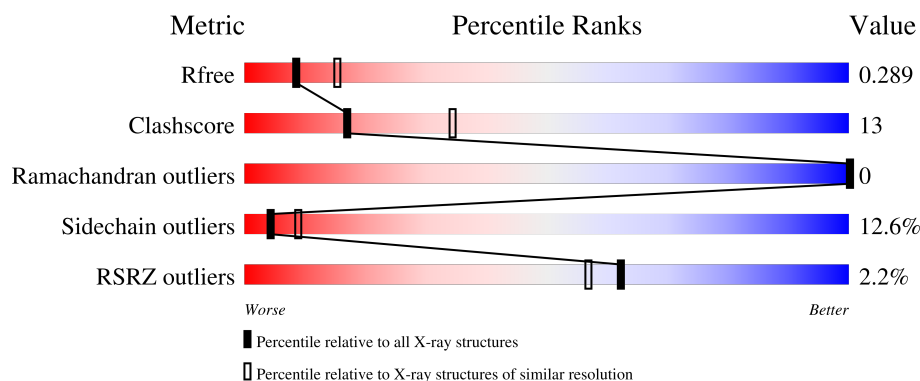
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*


The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	180053	4008 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	190562	4347 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	4277 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	187428	4277 (2.60-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	180081	4008 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	343	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2629 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Pre-mRNA-splicing factor 19.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	321	2549	1616	413	506	14	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (CCD ID: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O	S		
2	A	1	5	4	1	0	0
2	A	1	5	4	1	0	0
2	A	1	5	4	1	0	0

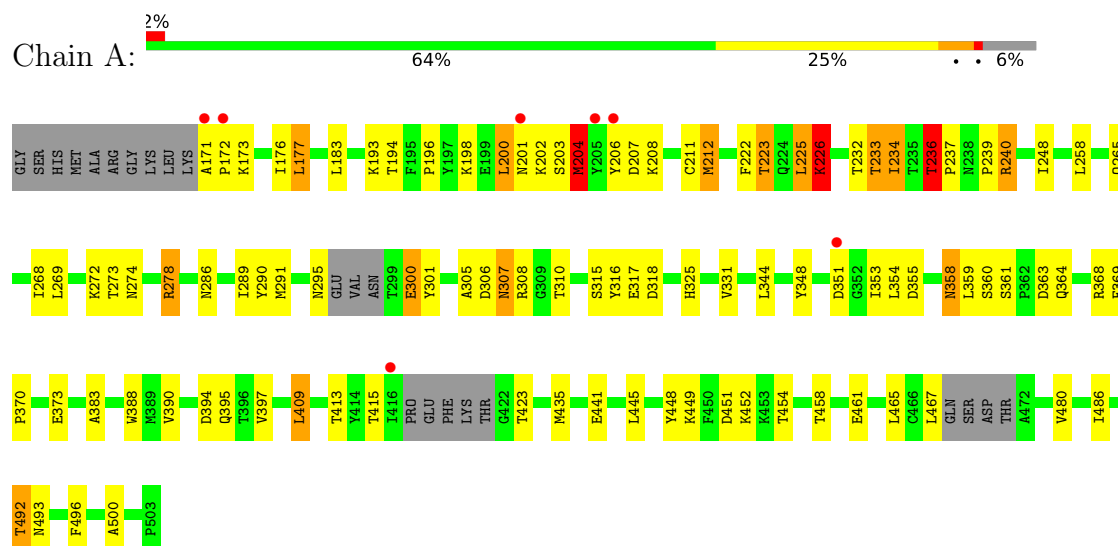
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	65	Total	O	0	0
			65	65		

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

#### • Molecule 1: Pre-mRNA-splicing factor 19



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 42 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	83.11Å 83.11Å 126.64Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	23.16 – 2.60 23.16 – 2.60	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (23.16-2.60) 99.0 (23.16-2.60)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.08	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	89.85 (at 2.60Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0053	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.220 , 0.270 0.237 , 0.289	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	712 reflections (5.04%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	49.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.479	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.35 , 53.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.91	EDS
Total number of atoms	2629	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.75% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.66	0/2602	0.91	6/3529 (0.2%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	226	LYS	N-CA-C	-5.99	106.58	114.31
1	A	202	LYS	N-CA-C	-5.51	106.52	113.18
1	A	204	MET	N-CA-C	5.42	118.69	112.57
1	A	236	THR	CA-C-N	-5.18	114.90	120.03
1	A	236	THR	C-N-CA	-5.18	114.90	120.03
1	A	348	TYR	N-CA-C	5.12	116.07	108.60

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2549	0	2476	64	0
2	A	15	0	0	0	0
3	A	65	0	0	2	0
All	All	2629	0	2476	64	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

All (64) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:467:LEU:HD12	1:A:467:LEU:O	1.50	1.10
1:A:278:ARG:HH11	1:A:278:ARG:HG3	1.17	1.08
1:A:451:ASP:HB3	1:A:454:THR:HG22	1.47	0.96
1:A:467:LEU:O	1:A:467:LEU:CD1	2.30	0.78
1:A:278:ARG:NH1	1:A:316:TYR:O	2.21	0.74
1:A:492:THR:HG22	1:A:493:ASN:H	1.53	0.73
1:A:358:ASN:HD22	1:A:360:SER:H	1.37	0.72
1:A:278:ARG:HG3	1:A:278:ARG:NH1	1.94	0.71
1:A:200:LEU:HD22	1:A:204:MET:HE1	1.74	0.69
1:A:240:ARG:HH21	1:A:240:ARG:CG	2.04	0.69
1:A:223:THR:HG22	3:A:6:HOH:O	1.93	0.69
1:A:451:ASP:CB	1:A:454:THR:HG22	2.25	0.66
1:A:223:THR:HG21	1:A:496:PHE:HZ	1.62	0.65
1:A:300:GLU:O	1:A:300:GLU:HG3	1.95	0.65
1:A:201:ASN:HB3	1:A:203:SER:H	1.62	0.65
1:A:423:THR:HG21	1:A:441:GLU:HG3	1.79	0.63
1:A:240:ARG:HH21	1:A:240:ARG:HG3	1.63	0.62
1:A:223:THR:HG21	1:A:496:PHE:CZ	2.36	0.60
1:A:358:ASN:ND2	1:A:360:SER:H	2.01	0.59
1:A:194:THR:HG21	1:A:211:CYS:SG	2.43	0.58
1:A:207:ASP:OD2	1:A:226:LYS:HE2	2.02	0.58
1:A:240:ARG:NH1	1:A:265:GLN:NE2	2.52	0.56
1:A:177:LEU:CD2	1:A:486:ILE:HD12	2.36	0.56
1:A:306:ASP:HB3	1:A:308:ARG:H	1.70	0.56
1:A:236:THR:HG22	1:A:237:PRO:O	2.06	0.55
1:A:171:ALA:N	1:A:172:PRO:HD3	2.22	0.54
1:A:449:LYS:NZ	3:A:33:HOH:O	2.40	0.54
1:A:177:LEU:HD21	1:A:486:ILE:HD12	1.90	0.54
1:A:451:ASP:HB3	1:A:454:THR:CG2	2.32	0.54
1:A:198:LYS:HG3	1:A:206:TYR:HB3	1.90	0.54
1:A:300:GLU:HG2	1:A:301:TYR:CE1	2.43	0.53
1:A:196:PRO:HB2	1:A:208:LYS:HD2	1.91	0.53
1:A:286:ASN:HB3	1:A:307:ASN:ND2	2.25	0.52
1:A:315:SER:HB3	1:A:318:ASP:O	2.09	0.52
1:A:225:LEU:N	1:A:225:LEU:HD12	2.25	0.51
1:A:273:THR:O	1:A:274:ASN:HB2	2.10	0.51
1:A:395:GLN:O	1:A:415:THR:HG23	2.10	0.51

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:232:THR:HG22	1:A:234:ILE:HD12	1.92	0.50
1:A:307:ASN:HD22	1:A:307:ASN:C	2.18	0.50
1:A:467:LEU:O	1:A:467:LEU:CG	2.58	0.50
1:A:240:ARG:HH12	1:A:265:GLN:NE2	2.11	0.49
1:A:258:LEU:HD23	1:A:268:ILE:HG12	1.95	0.49
1:A:353:ILE:HD12	1:A:368:ARG:NH2	2.28	0.49
1:A:355:ASP:OD2	1:A:368:ARG:NE	2.46	0.48
1:A:183:LEU:HD11	1:A:500:ALA:HB2	1.94	0.48
1:A:200:LEU:HD12	1:A:200:LEU:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:361:SER:OG	1:A:364:GLN:HB2	2.15	0.47
1:A:435:MET:HB3	1:A:448:TYR:HB2	1.98	0.46
1:A:445:LEU:HG	1:A:465:LEU:HD11	1.96	0.46
1:A:222:PHE:O	1:A:233:THR:HA	2.16	0.46
1:A:248:ILE:HG22	1:A:291:MET:HE2	1.98	0.45
1:A:240:ARG:CG	1:A:240:ARG:NH2	2.71	0.45
1:A:212:MET:HE3	1:A:212:MET:HB2	1.83	0.45
1:A:236:THR:HG23	1:A:269:LEU:HD21	1.98	0.44
1:A:310:THR:HA	1:A:325:HIS:O	2.17	0.43
1:A:237:PRO:O	1:A:239:PRO:HD3	2.19	0.43
1:A:240:ARG:HD2	1:A:240:ARG:HA	1.78	0.42
1:A:290:TYR:HB3	1:A:305:ALA:HB3	2.01	0.42
1:A:307:ASN:ND2	1:A:307:ASN:C	2.77	0.42
1:A:409:LEU:HD21	1:A:413:THR:HG23	2.02	0.42
1:A:369:PHE:HA	1:A:370:PRO:HD3	1.96	0.41
1:A:383:ALA:HB3	1:A:388:TRP:HB2	2.02	0.41
1:A:225:LEU:N	1:A:225:LEU:CD1	2.84	0.41
1:A:351:ASP:O	1:A:373:GLU:HG3	2.21	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	313/343 (91%)	309 (99%)	4 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	286/305 (94%)	250 (87%)	36 (13%)	4	9

All (36) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	173	LYS
1	A	176	ILE
1	A	177	LEU
1	A	193	LYS
1	A	200	LEU
1	A	204	MET
1	A	212	MET
1	A	223	THR
1	A	225	LEU
1	A	226	LYS
1	A	233	THR
1	A	234	ILE
1	A	236	THR
1	A	240	ARG
1	A	272	LYS
1	A	278	ARG
1	A	289	ILE
1	A	295	ASN
1	A	300	GLU
1	A	307	ASN
1	A	317	GLU
1	A	331	VAL
1	A	344	LEU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	354	LEU
1	A	358	ASN
1	A	359	LEU
1	A	363	ASP
1	A	390	VAL
1	A	394	ASP
1	A	397	VAL
1	A	409	LEU
1	A	452	LYS
1	A	458	THR
1	A	461	GLU
1	A	480	VAL
1	A	492	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (10) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	201	ASN
1	A	221	HIS
1	A	224	GLN
1	A	255	ASN
1	A	265	GLN
1	A	307	ASN
1	A	325	HIS
1	A	358	ASN
1	A	364	GLN
1	A	395	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	SO4	A	69	-	4,4,4	0.42	0	6,6,6	0.26	0
2	SO4	A	68	-	4,4,4	0.29	0	6,6,6	0.17	0
2	SO4	A	67	-	4,4,4	0.23	0	6,6,6	0.17	0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	321/343 (93%)	-0.11	7 (2%) 62 57	3, 17, 31, 62	0

All (7) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	171	ALA	4.8
1	A	205	TYR	3.4
1	A	172	PRO	3.3
1	A	201	ASN	2.6
1	A	206	TYR	2.5
1	A	416	ILE	2.3
1	A	351	ASP	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
2	SO4	A	69	5/5	0.75	0.23	91,92,93,94	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
2	SO4	A	68	5/5	0.83	0.12	86,86,86,87	0
2	SO4	A	67	5/5	0.94	0.10	80,81,81,81	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.