Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 25, 2026 – 02:27 PM JST

PDB ID	:	9V2E / pdb_00009v2e
EMDB ID	:	EMD-64726
Title	:	CTP synthase dDON-condition state 4
Authors	:	Guo, C.J.
Deposited on	:	2025-05-19
Resolution	:	2.99 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

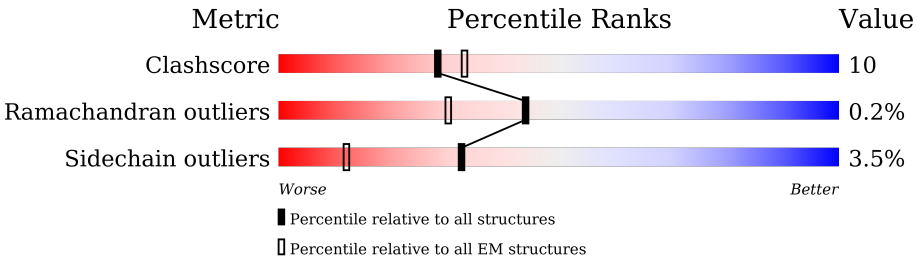
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev133
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.2
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics	:	202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.51

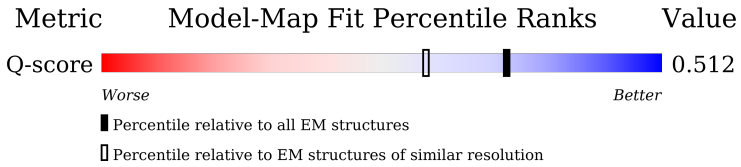
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.99 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.





Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	13287 (2.49 - 3.49)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	556	70% 22% 6%
1	B	556	8% 91%
1	C	556	11% 88%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit crite-

ria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	8WY	A	603	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

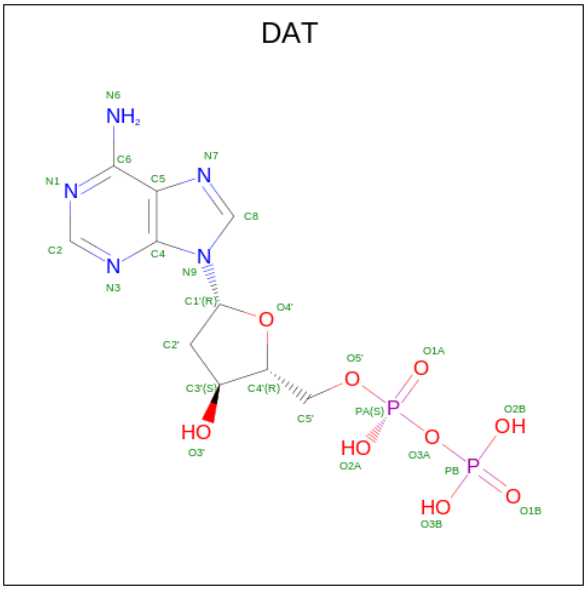
There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5143 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called CTP synthase.

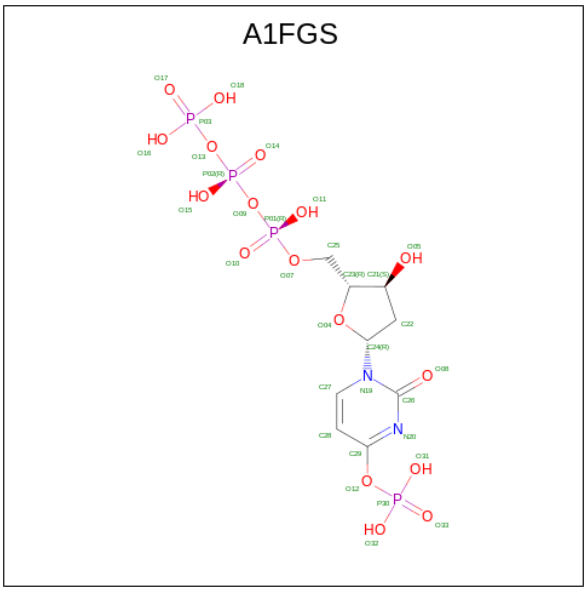
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
1	A	522	Total C N O S 4123 2618 718 765 22	0	0
1	B	52	Total C N O S 436 284 75 76 1	0	0
1	C	67	Total C N O S 513 322 92 96 3	0	0

- Molecule 2 is 2'-DEOXYADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: DAT) (formula: $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_9P_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



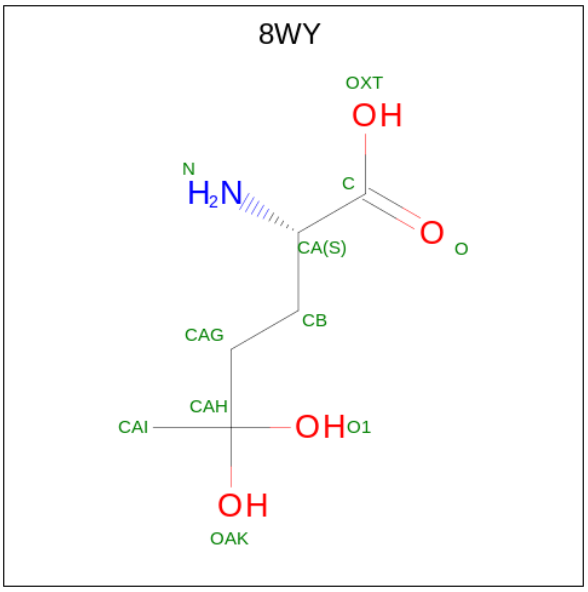
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
2	A	1	Total C N O P 26 10 5 9 2	0

- Molecule 3 is [(2 {R},3 {S},5 {R})-3-oxidanyl-5-(2-oxidanylidene-4-phosphonooxy-pyrimidin-1-yl)oxolan-2-yl]methyl [oxidanyl(phosphonooxy)phosphoryl] hydrogen phosphate (CCD ID: A1FGS) (formula: $C_9H_{16}N_2O_{17}P_4$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			32	9	2	17	4	

- Molecule 4 is 5,5-dihydroxy-L-norleucine (CCD ID: 8WY) (formula: $C_6H_{13}NO_4$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			10	6	1	3	

- Molecule 5 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
5	A	2	Total Mg 2 2	0
5	C	1	Total Mg 1 1	0

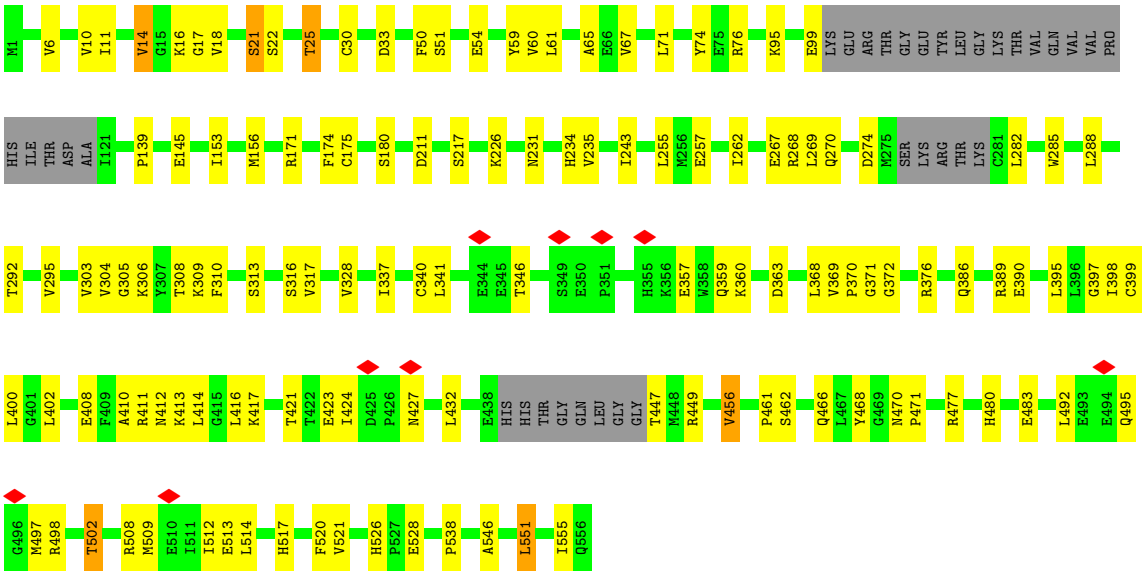
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: CTP synthase

Chain A:

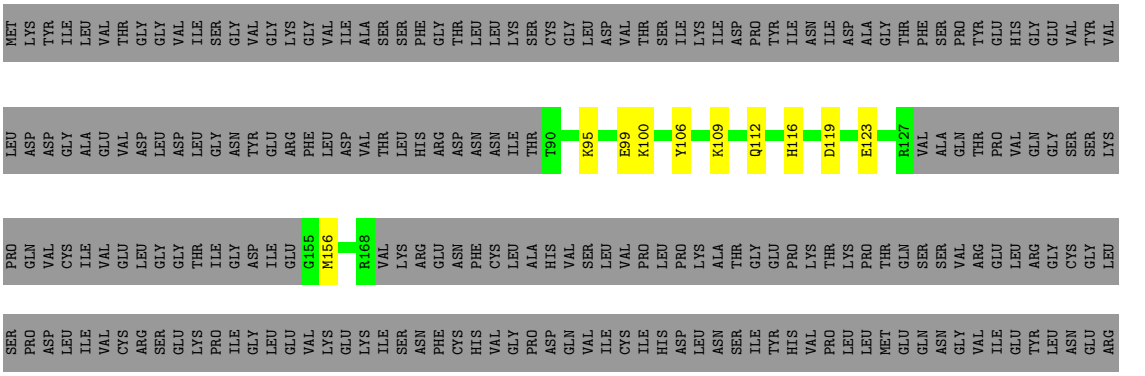


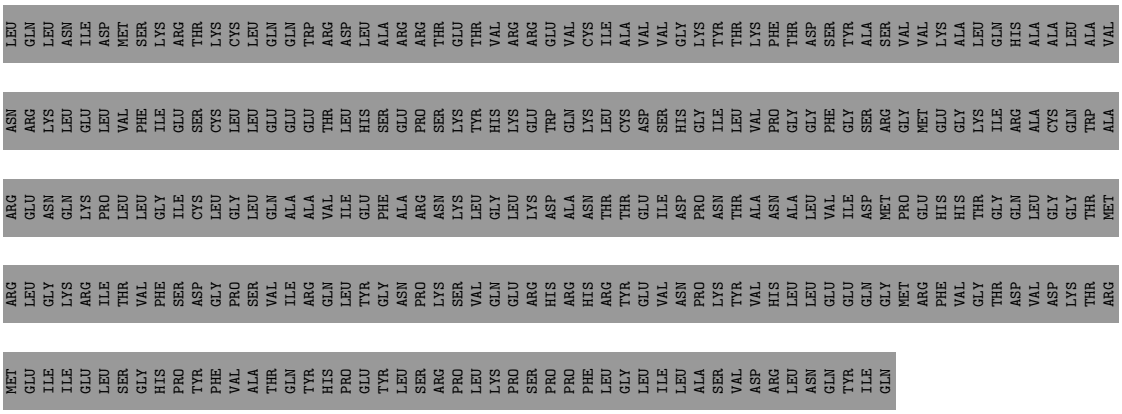


- Molecule 1: CTP synthase

Chain B:



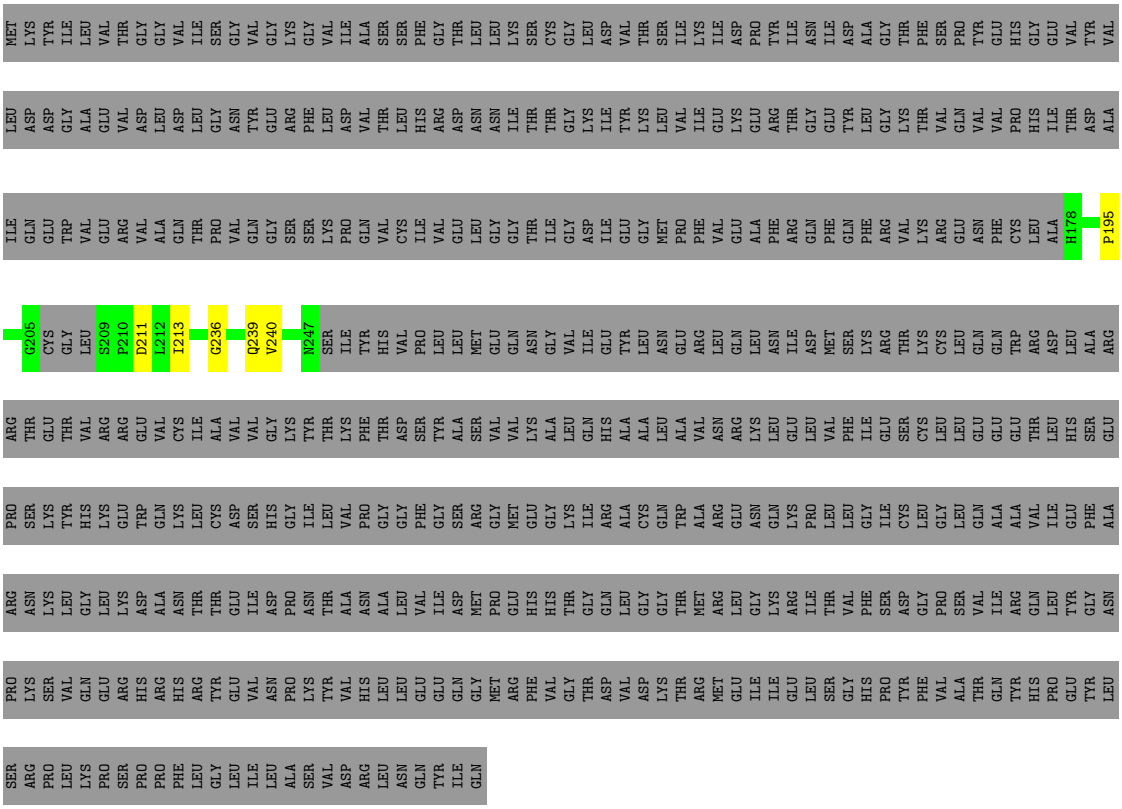




- Molecule 1: CTP synthase

Chain C:





4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	423774	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	60	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.877	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.570	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.012	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.05	Depositor
Map size (Å)	262.4, 262.4, 262.4	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.025, 1.025, 1.025	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 8WY, DAT, MG, A1FGS

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$
1	A	0.15	0/4204	0.31	0/5687
1	B	0.15	0/445	0.29	0/597
1	C	0.15	0/522	0.27	0/706
All	All	0.15	0/5171	0.30	0/6990

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4123	0	4161	89	0
1	B	436	0	438	8	0
1	C	513	0	531	5	0
2	A	26	0	12	1	0
3	A	32	0	0	0	0
4	A	10	0	0	12	0
5	A	2	0	0	0	0
5	C	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	5143	0	5142	98	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including

hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (98) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:399:CYS:SG	4:A:603:8WY:CAH	2.68	0.81
1:A:399:CYS:SG	4:A:603:8WY:CAI	2.70	0.80
1:A:234:HIS:O	1:A:234:HIS:ND1	2.25	0.70
1:A:371:GLY:HA3	4:A:603:8WY:OAK	1.93	0.69
1:A:526:HIS:NE2	4:A:603:8WY:CAI	2.58	0.66
1:A:50:PHE:HE1	1:A:54:GLU:HB3	1.62	0.65
1:B:95:LYS:O	1:B:99:GLU:HG3	1.96	0.65
1:A:337:ILE:HD11	1:A:360:LYS:HG2	1.80	0.63
1:A:341:LEU:HD23	1:A:357:GLU:HG3	1.81	0.63
1:C:236:GLY:H	1:C:239:GLN:HE21	1.48	0.61
1:A:412:ASN:OD1	1:A:413:LYS:N	2.34	0.60
1:A:304:VAL:HG12	1:A:337:ILE:HB	1.84	0.60
1:A:50:PHE:HD1	1:A:51:SER:H	1.50	0.58
1:A:174:PHE:O	1:A:268:ARG:NH2	2.37	0.58
1:A:421:THR:HG22	1:A:423:GLU:H	1.68	0.58
1:A:243:ILE:HG23	1:A:255:LEU:HD23	1.85	0.58
1:A:449:ARG:HE	1:A:480:HIS:CE1	2.22	0.57
1:A:410:ALA:HA	1:A:414:LEU:HB2	1.86	0.56
1:A:399:CYS:HB3	4:A:603:8WY:CAI	2.36	0.56
1:A:316:SER:HB3	1:A:528:GLU:HG3	1.89	0.55
1:C:213:ILE:HB	1:C:240:VAL:HG22	1.89	0.54
1:A:341:LEU:HA	1:A:346:THR:HG21	1.89	0.54
1:A:59:TYR:HB3	1:A:67:VAL:HG23	1.90	0.54
1:A:11:ILE:HG13	1:A:14:VAL:HG13	1.88	0.53
1:A:282:LEU:HB3	1:A:285:TRP:HB2	1.90	0.53
1:A:340:CYS:O	1:A:346:THR:OG1	2.25	0.53
1:A:369:VAL:HG23	1:A:397:GLY:HA2	1.91	0.53
1:A:492:LEU:HA	1:A:495:GLN:NE2	2.24	0.53
1:A:399:CYS:SG	4:A:603:8WY:CAG	2.97	0.52
1:A:359:GLN:O	1:A:363:ASP:N	2.39	0.52
1:A:389:ARG:HA	1:A:517:HIS:HE1	1.74	0.52
1:A:303:VAL:HG22	1:A:368:LEU:HB3	1.92	0.51
1:A:449:ARG:HH21	1:A:480:HIS:HE1	1.57	0.51
1:A:74:TYR:OH	1:A:145:GLU:OE1	2.29	0.51
1:A:456:VAL:N	1:A:502:THR:O	2.38	0.51
1:A:153:ILE:HG13	1:B:156:MET:HE2	1.93	0.51
1:A:21:SER:O	1:A:25:THR:OG1	2.25	0.51
1:A:33:ASP:HB3	1:A:139:PRO:HA	1.93	0.51

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:17:GLY:O	1:A:21:SER:OG	2.27	0.51
1:A:371:GLY:CA	4:A:603:8WY:OAK	2.59	0.50
1:A:389:ARG:NH1	1:A:390:GLU:OE2	2.42	0.49
1:A:483:GLU:OE2	1:A:508:ARG:NE	2.40	0.49
1:B:119:ASP:O	1:B:123:GLU:HG3	2.12	0.49
1:A:546:ALA:HB2	1:A:551:LEU:HD12	1.94	0.49
1:A:305:GLY:O	1:A:308:THR:OG1	2.25	0.49
1:A:10:VAL:HG12	1:C:195:PRO:HG3	1.95	0.48
1:A:95:LYS:O	1:A:99:GLU:HG2	2.13	0.48
1:A:513:GLU:HG3	1:A:521:VAL:HG12	1.96	0.48
1:A:274:ASP:OD1	1:A:274:ASP:N	2.47	0.48
1:A:156:MET:HG3	1:B:156:MET:HE1	1.95	0.48
1:A:461:PRO:O	1:A:498:ARG:NH2	2.44	0.48
1:A:526:HIS:CE1	4:A:603:8WY:CAI	2.98	0.47
1:A:18:VAL:O	1:A:22:SER:OG	2.28	0.47
1:A:360:LYS:HA	1:A:363:ASP:HB3	1.95	0.47
1:A:16:LYS:HB2	1:A:16:LYS:HE2	1.75	0.46
1:A:175:CYS:HB2	1:A:269:LEU:HD21	1.97	0.46
1:A:399:CYS:CB	4:A:603:8WY:CAI	2.94	0.46
1:A:61:LEU:HD12	1:A:65:ALA:HB3	1.97	0.46
1:A:449:ARG:HD3	1:A:508:ARG:NH2	2.31	0.46
1:A:368:LEU:HD11	1:A:398:ILE:HD11	1.98	0.45
1:A:417:LYS:HE2	1:A:417:LYS:HB2	1.75	0.45
1:A:399:CYS:HB3	4:A:603:8WY:CAH	2.47	0.45
1:B:109:LYS:HB2	1:B:109:LYS:HE2	1.64	0.45
1:A:309:LYS:HB3	1:A:309:LYS:HE3	1.54	0.45
1:A:304:VAL:HA	1:A:337:ILE:O	2.18	0.44
1:A:497:MET:HA	1:A:514:LEU:HA	1.99	0.44
1:A:30:CYS:SG	1:A:262:ILE:HD11	2.58	0.44
1:A:402:LEU:HD13	1:A:512:ILE:HG12	2.00	0.44
1:A:257:GLU:HG3	1:A:262:ILE:HG21	2.00	0.44
1:A:267:GLU:O	1:A:270:GLN:NE2	2.50	0.43
1:A:462:SER:HA	1:A:498:ARG:HH22	1.83	0.43
1:A:411:ARG:HD2	1:A:417:LYS:HA	2.01	0.43
1:B:100:LYS:HG2	1:B:106:TYR:CE2	2.53	0.43
1:A:337:ILE:HG23	1:A:357:GLU:HB3	2.01	0.42
1:A:386:GLN:HA	1:A:408:GLU:OE2	2.19	0.42
1:A:399:CYS:CB	4:A:603:8WY:CAH	2.97	0.42
1:C:211:ASP:N	1:C:211:ASP:OD1	2.52	0.42
1:A:306:LYS:HE2	1:A:372:GLY:HA3	2.01	0.42
1:A:60:VAL:O	1:A:477:ARG:NH1	2.50	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:100:LYS:HB2	1:B:100:LYS:HE3	1.81	0.42
1:A:288:LEU:O	1:A:292:THR:HG23	2.20	0.42
1:A:310:PHE:HB3	1:A:313:SER:HB2	2.02	0.42
1:A:410:ALA:HB3	1:A:432:LEU:HD11	2.01	0.42
1:A:414:LEU:HB3	1:A:416:LEU:HD13	2.01	0.42
1:A:11:ILE:HG22	1:C:195:PRO:HD3	2.02	0.41
1:A:483:GLU:CD	1:A:508:ARG:HE	2.23	0.41
1:A:466:GLN:HE21	1:A:555:ILE:HD12	1.84	0.41
1:A:468:TYR:CD2	1:A:538:PRO:HG2	2.56	0.41
1:B:106:TYR:CE1	1:B:116:HIS:HD2	2.39	0.41
1:A:18:VAL:HG21	2:A:601:DAT:C8	2.50	0.41
1:A:470:ASN:N	1:A:471:PRO:HD3	2.36	0.41
1:A:395:LEU:HD22	1:A:520:PHE:CZ	2.56	0.41
1:A:76:ARG:NH2	1:A:316:SER:OG	2.54	0.40
1:A:370:PRO:HA	1:A:398:ILE:HB	2.03	0.40
1:A:400:LEU:HB2	4:A:603:8WY:OAK	2.21	0.40
1:A:211:ASP:OD2	1:A:268:ARG:NE	2.51	0.40
1:A:231:ASN:OD1	1:A:231:ASN:C	2.65	0.40
1:A:306:LYS:HD3	1:A:376:ARG:O	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	514/556 (92%)	492 (96%)	21 (4%)	1 (0%)	43 76
1	B	48/556 (9%)	47 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100 100
1	C	63/556 (11%)	62 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100 100
All	All	625/1668 (38%)	601 (96%)	23 (4%)	1 (0%)	44 76

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	171	ARG

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	458/486 (94%)	439 (96%)	19 (4%)	27 61
1	B	46/486 (10%)	45 (98%)	1 (2%)	45 74
1	C	62/486 (13%)	62 (100%)	0	100 100
All	All	566/1458 (39%)	546 (96%)	20 (4%)	32 65

All (20) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	6	VAL
1	A	14	VAL
1	A	21	SER
1	A	25	THR
1	A	71	LEU
1	A	180	SER
1	A	217	SER
1	A	226	LYS
1	A	235	VAL
1	A	295	VAL
1	A	317	VAL
1	A	328	VAL
1	A	424	ILE
1	A	427	ASN
1	A	447	THR
1	A	456	VAL
1	A	502	THR
1	A	509	MET
1	A	551	LEU
1	B	112	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (14)

such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	87	ASN
1	A	197	GLN
1	A	239	GLN
1	A	251	HIS
1	A	270	GLN
1	A	272	ASN
1	A	329	ASN
1	A	391	ASN
1	A	392	GLN
1	A	427	ASN
1	A	430	ASN
1	A	517	HIS
1	B	164	GLN
1	C	239	GLN

5.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>2$
4	8WY	A	603	-	8,9,10	1.76	1 (12%)	9,11,14	1.91	3 (33%)
2	DAT	A	601	5	26,28,28	1.34	5 (19%)	40,43,43	1.98	10 (25%)
3	A1FGS	A	602	5	29,33,33	3.15	12 (41%)	41,52,52	1.08	3 (7%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	8WY	A	603	-	-	1/9/9/10	-
2	DAT	A	601	5	-	3/16/28/28	0/3/3/3
3	A1FGS	A	602	5	-	7/25/39/39	0/2/2/2

All (18) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	602	A1FGS	O08-C26	8.71	1.39	1.23
3	A	602	A1FGS	O04-C23	6.88	1.60	1.45
3	A	602	A1FGS	C21-C23	-6.12	1.36	1.53
3	A	602	A1FGS	O04-C24	-5.22	1.30	1.42
4	A	603	8WY	OAK-CAH	-4.53	1.23	1.43
3	A	602	A1FGS	C28-C29	-4.28	1.37	1.43
3	A	602	A1FGS	C26-N19	-3.92	1.31	1.40
2	A	601	DAT	C5-C4	3.87	1.46	1.39
3	A	602	A1FGS	O12-C29	3.80	1.41	1.37
3	A	602	A1FGS	C27-N19	-2.72	1.31	1.38
3	A	602	A1FGS	O05-C21	2.62	1.48	1.43
2	A	601	DAT	C5-N7	-2.55	1.34	1.39
3	A	602	A1FGS	P30-O12	2.33	1.62	1.59
3	A	602	A1FGS	C22-C24	2.29	1.58	1.52
3	A	602	A1FGS	C26-N20	-2.24	1.31	1.36
2	A	601	DAT	C8-N7	2.22	1.35	1.31
2	A	601	DAT	C4-N9	-2.13	1.32	1.37
2	A	601	DAT	C5-C6	2.13	1.47	1.41

All (16) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	A	601	DAT	C5-C4-N3	-6.11	118.78	126.75
2	A	601	DAT	N3-C4-N9	4.80	134.99	127.08

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	A	601	DAT	C2-N3-C4	3.86	120.87	111.75
2	A	601	DAT	PA-O3A-PB	-3.80	119.79	132.83
2	A	601	DAT	N3-C2-N1	-3.23	123.55	128.60
4	A	603	8WY	OXT-C-O	-3.17	116.89	124.09
3	A	602	A1FGS	P02-O13-P03	-3.12	122.12	132.83
2	A	601	DAT	C4-C5-N7	-3.08	106.86	110.62
2	A	601	DAT	C4-N9-C8	2.83	108.79	105.73
4	A	603	8WY	OAK-CAH-CAG	2.82	123.25	109.80
3	A	602	A1FGS	C28-C29-N20	-2.80	120.65	124.91
4	A	603	8WY	OAK-CAH-CAI	2.79	121.46	109.38
2	A	601	DAT	C5-N7-C8	2.67	107.30	103.51
3	A	602	A1FGS	P02-O09-P01	-2.27	125.02	132.83
2	A	601	DAT	N9-C8-N7	-2.27	110.81	113.91
2	A	601	DAT	C6-C5-N7	2.14	136.01	132.02

There are no chirality outliers.

All (11) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	601	DAT	PA-O3A-PB-O2B
3	A	602	A1FGS	C25-O07-P01-O09
3	A	602	A1FGS	C25-O07-P01-O11
3	A	602	A1FGS	O04-C23-C25-O07
3	A	602	A1FGS	C21-C23-C25-O07
4	A	603	8WY	CB-CAG-CAH-OAK
3	A	602	A1FGS	C25-O07-P01-O10
2	A	601	DAT	PA-O3A-PB-O3B
3	A	602	A1FGS	O04-C24-N19-C27
2	A	601	DAT	PA-O3A-PB-O1B
3	A	602	A1FGS	C22-C24-N19-C27

There are no ring outliers.

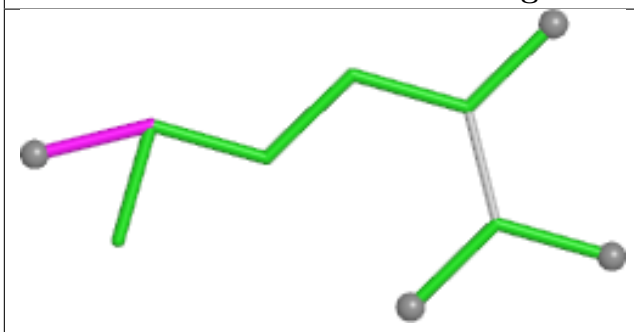
2 monomers are involved in 13 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	603	8WY	12	0
2	A	601	DAT	1	0

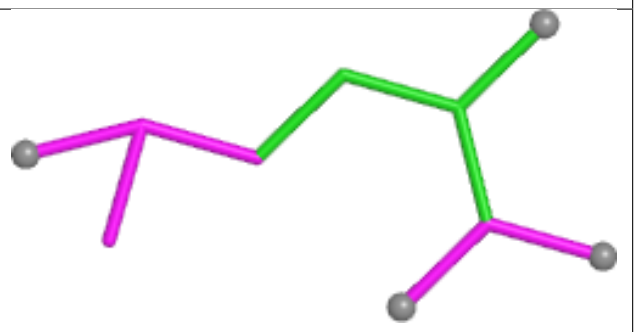
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will

also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

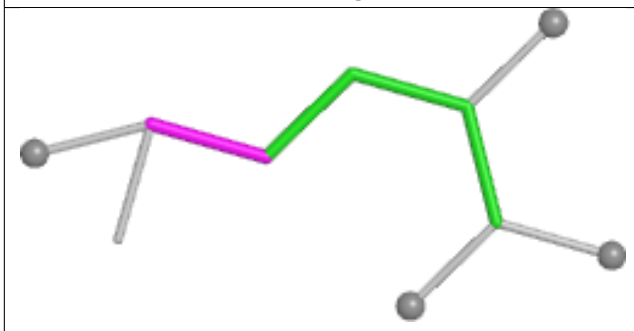
Ligand 8WY A 603



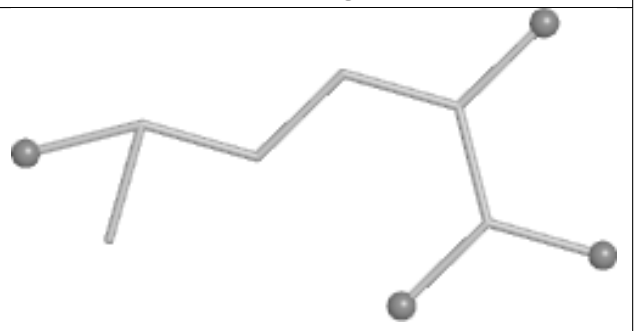
Bond lengths



Bond angles

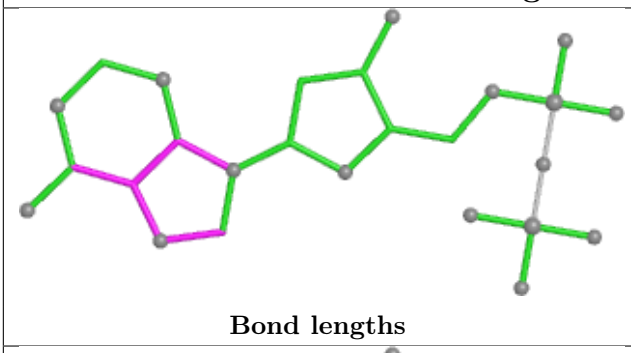


Torsions

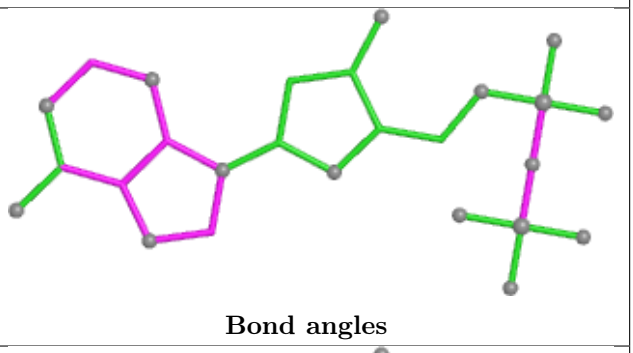


Rings

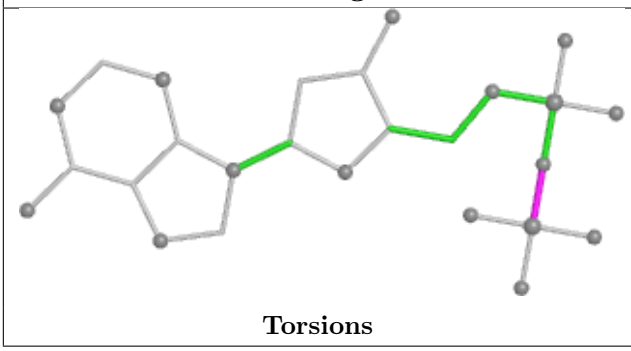
Ligand DAT A 601



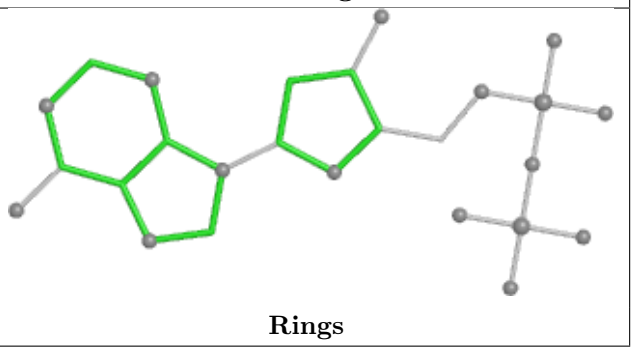
Bond lengths



Bond angles

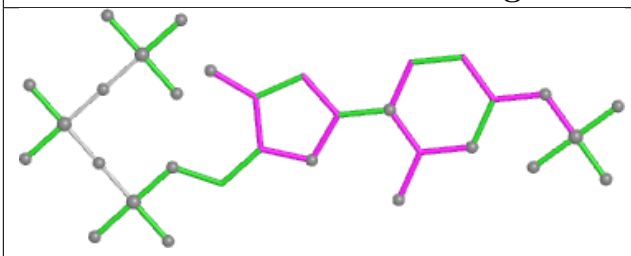


Torsions

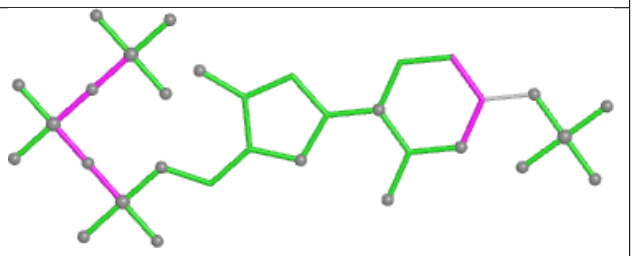


Rings

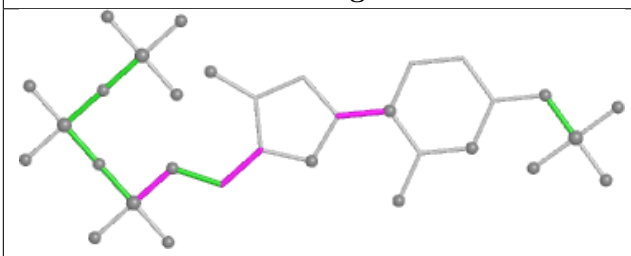
Ligand A1FGS A 602



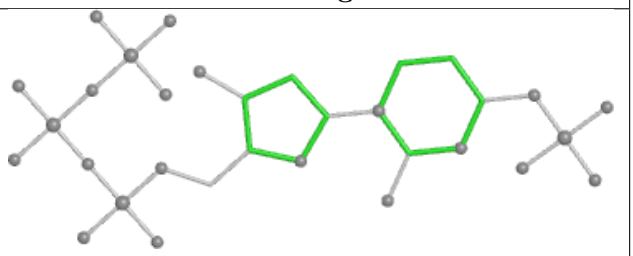
Bond lengths



Bond angles



Torsions



Rings

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

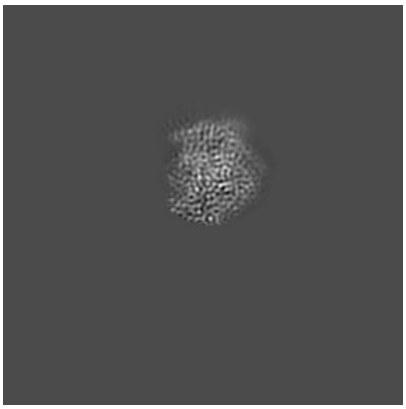
6 Map visualisation

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-64726. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

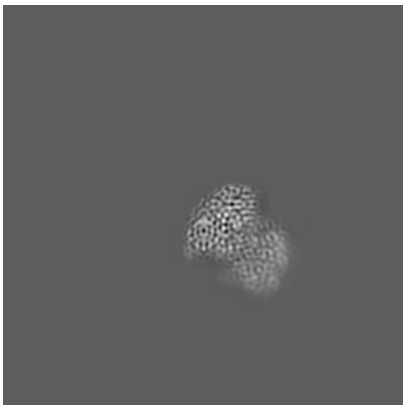
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections

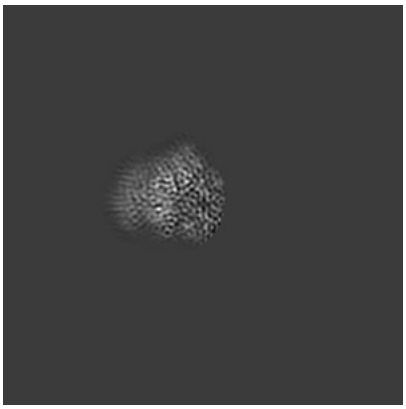
6.1.1 Primary map



X

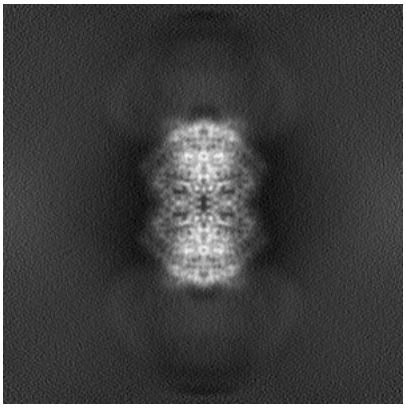


Y

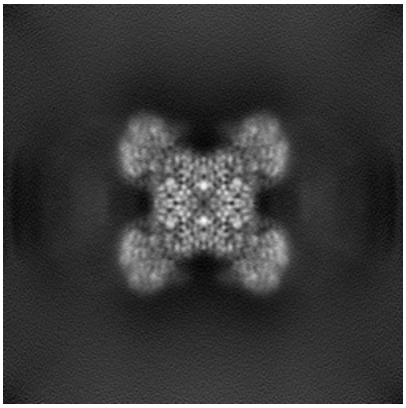


Z

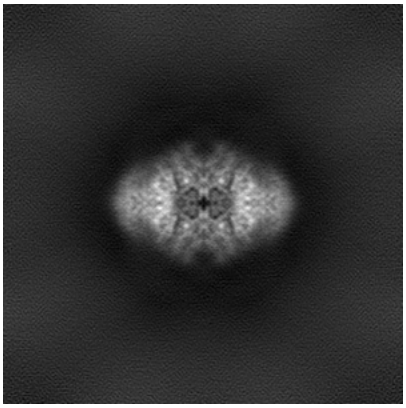
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

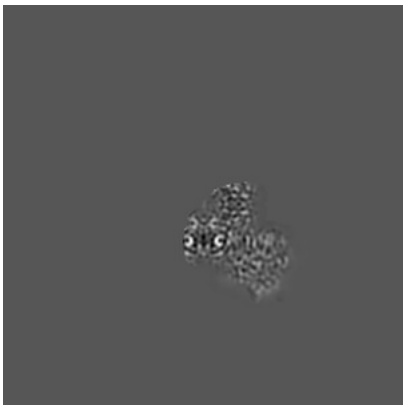
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

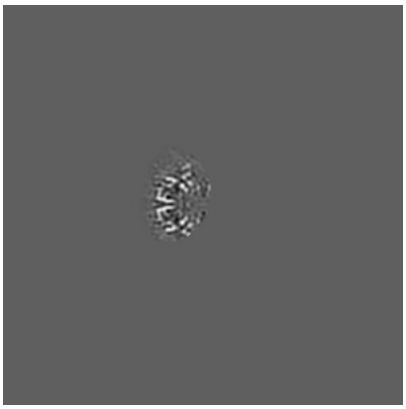
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128

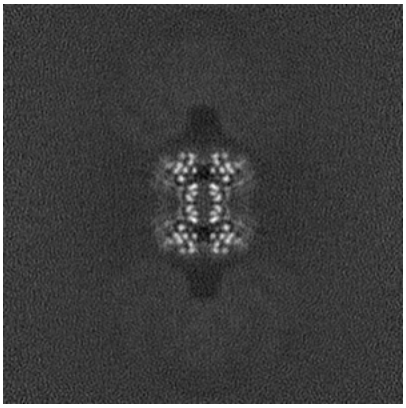


Y Index: 128

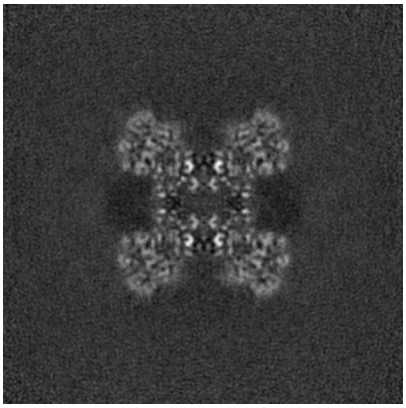


Z Index: 128

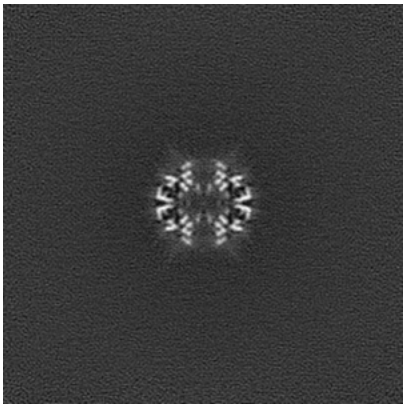
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 128



Z Index: 128

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 105

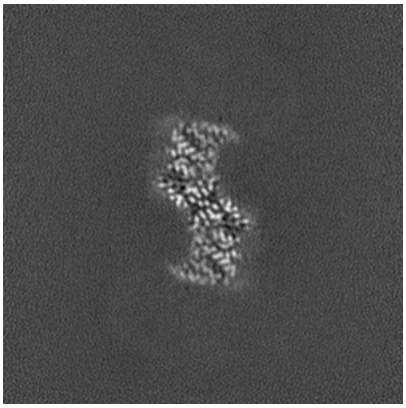


Y Index: 140

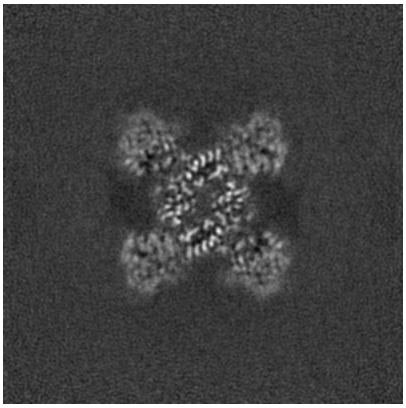


Z Index: 141

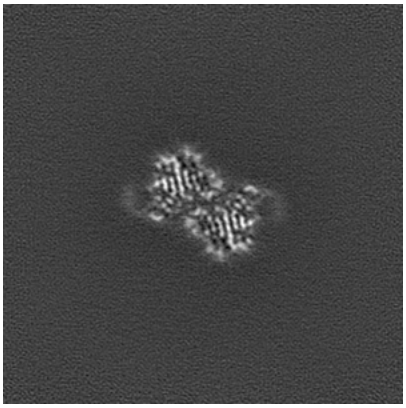
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 151



Y Index: 132

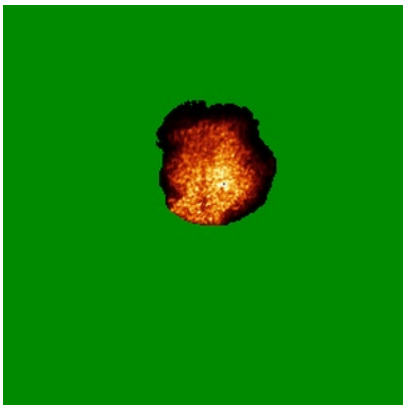


Z Index: 140

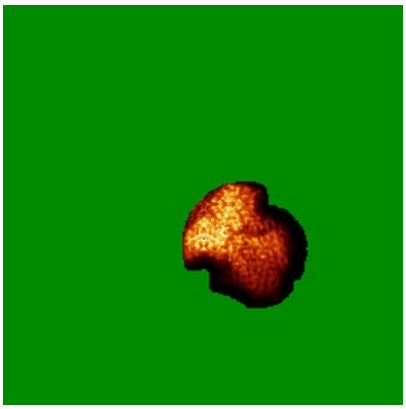
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

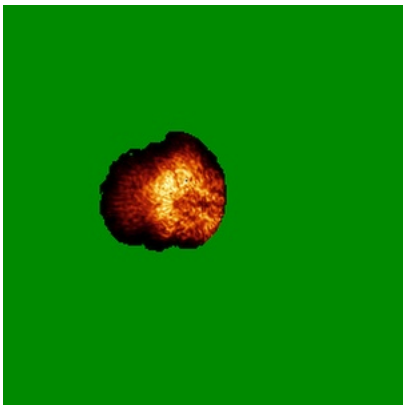
6.4.1 Primary map



X

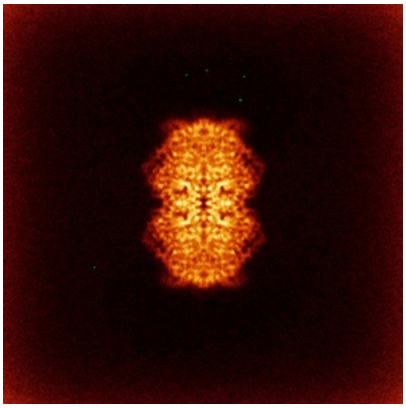


Y

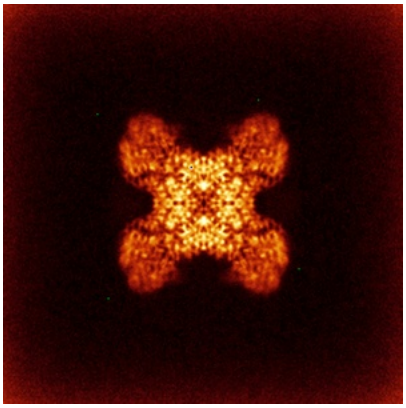


Z

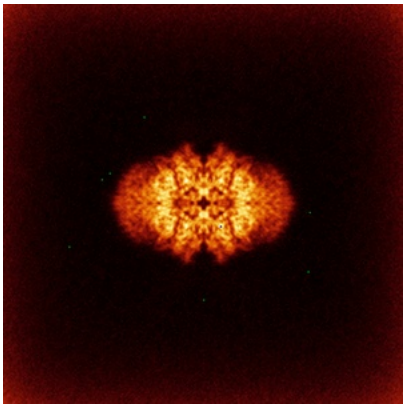
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

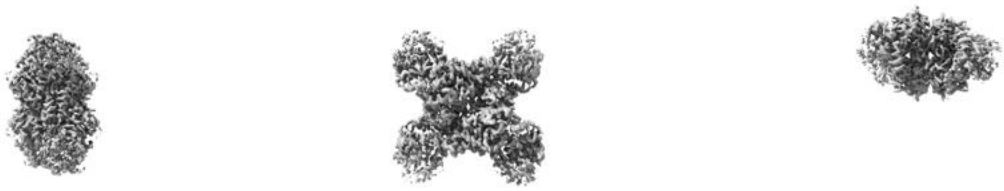
6.5.1 Primary map



X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.05. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



X Y Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

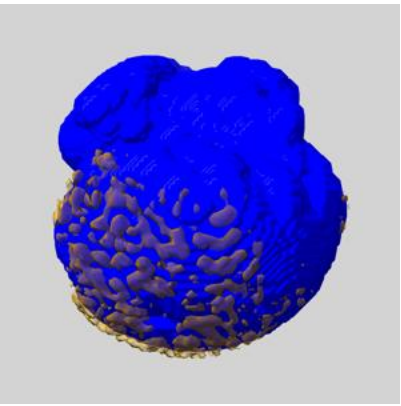
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

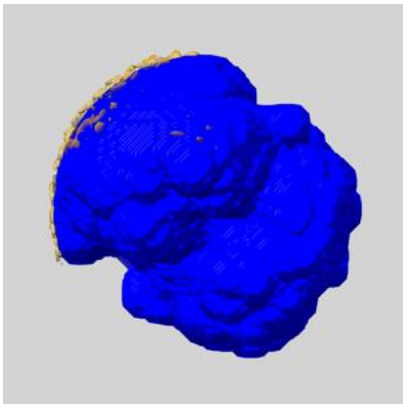
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

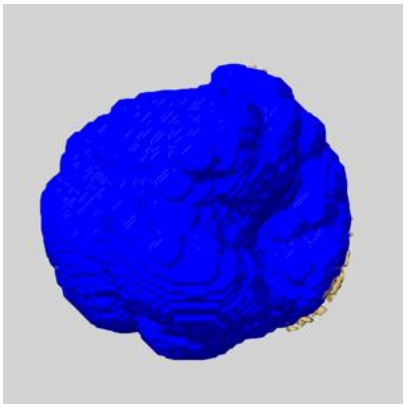
6.6.1 emd_64726_msk_1.map (i)



X



Y

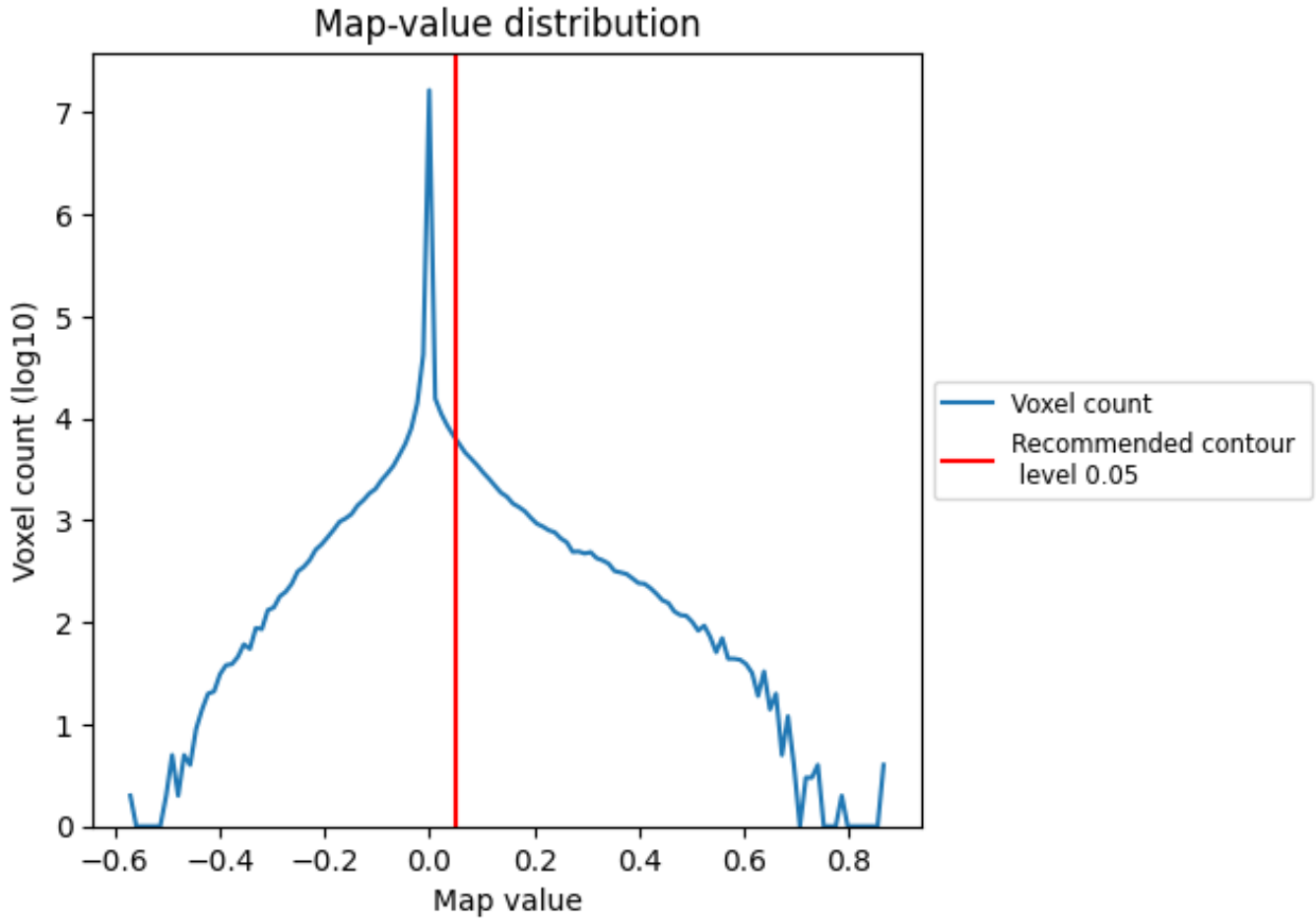


Z

7 Map analysis

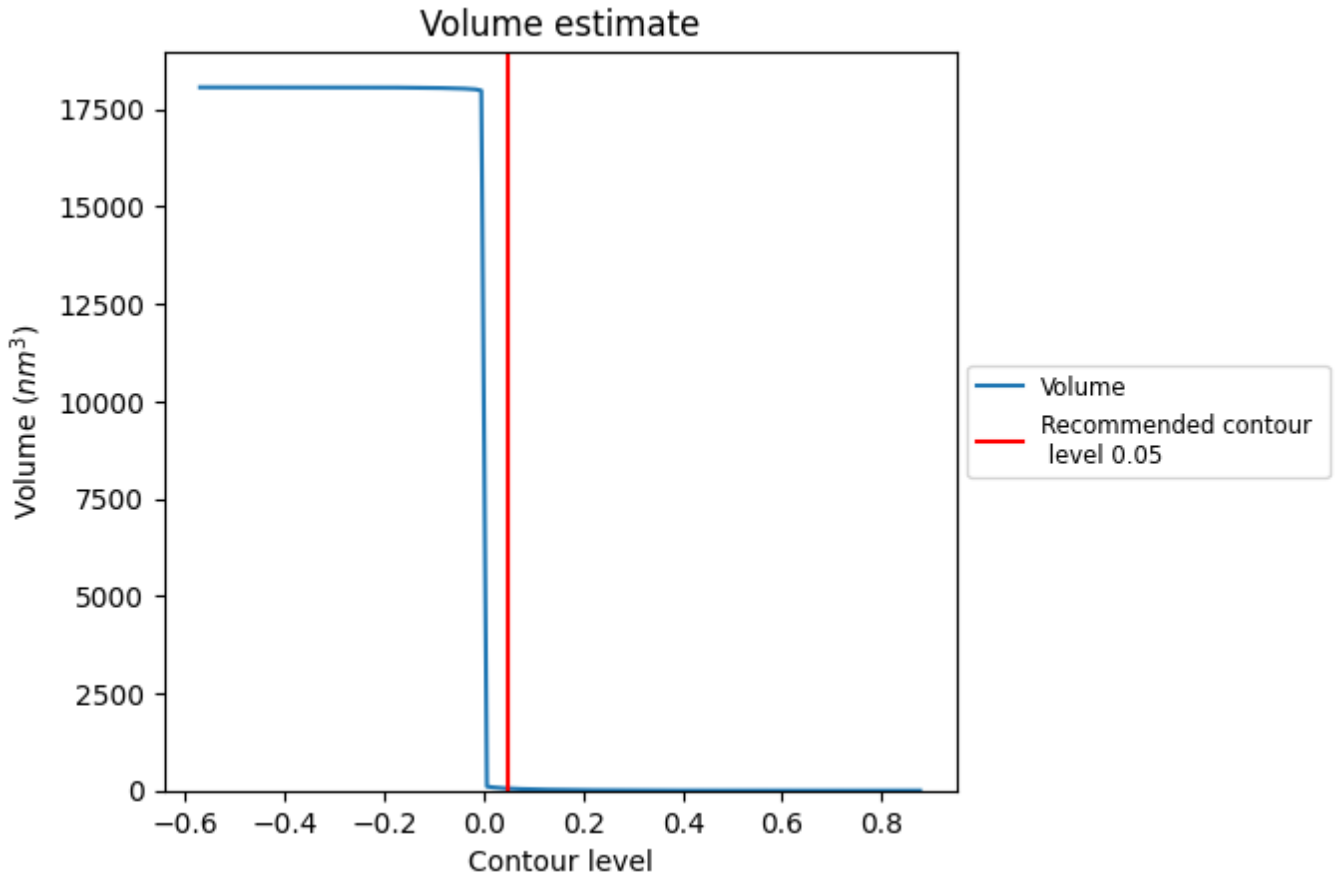
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

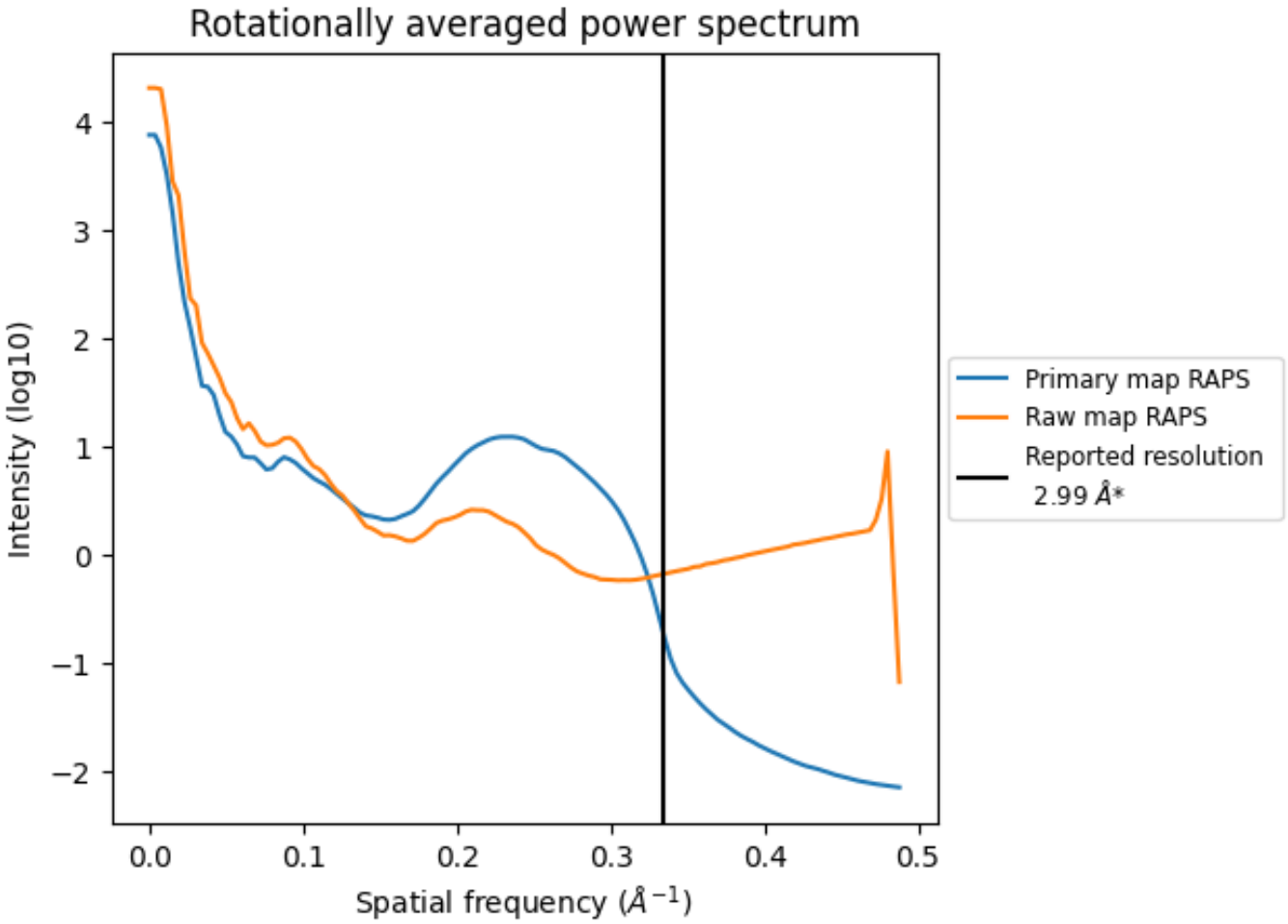
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 53 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 48 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

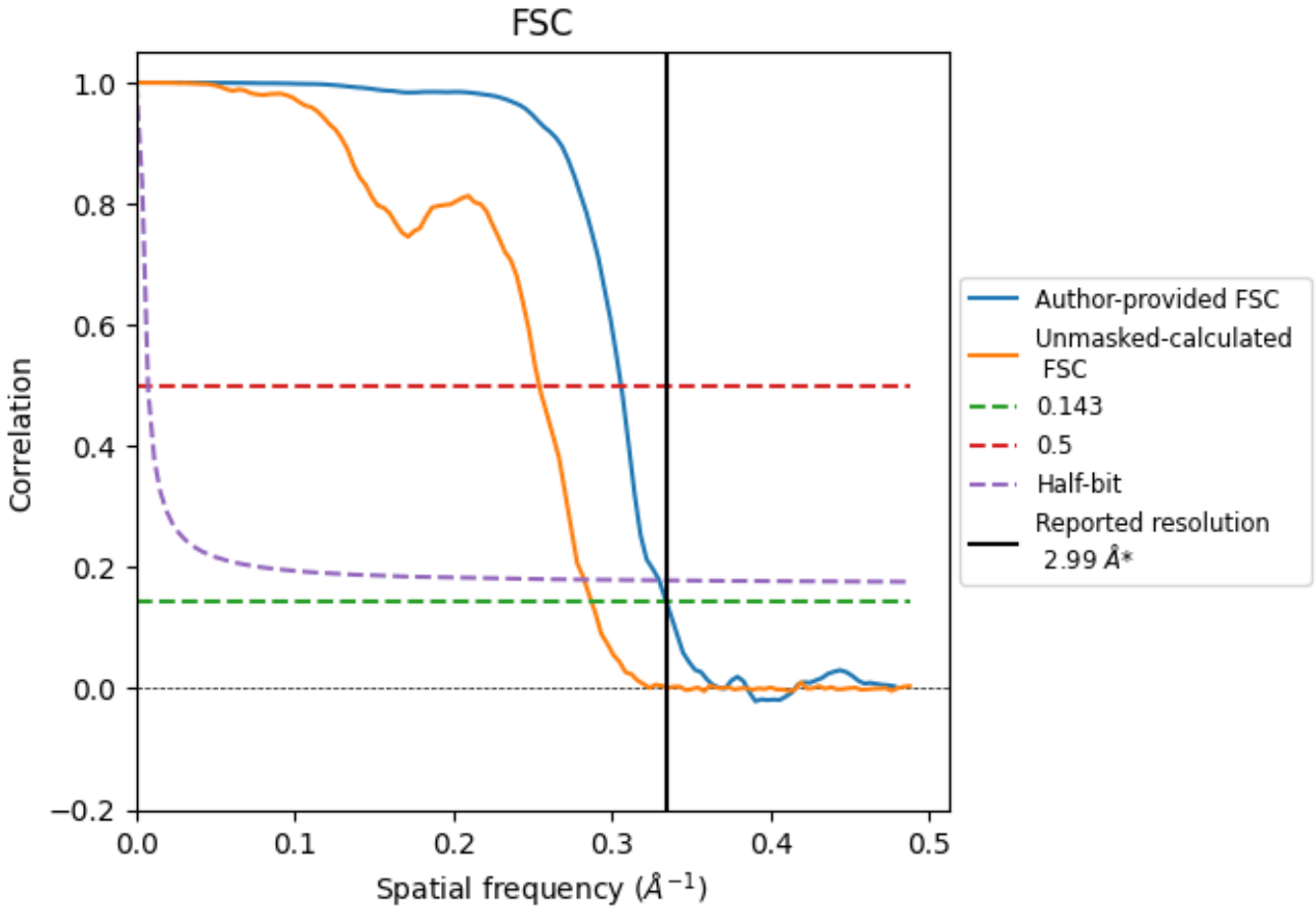


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.334 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.334 Å^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

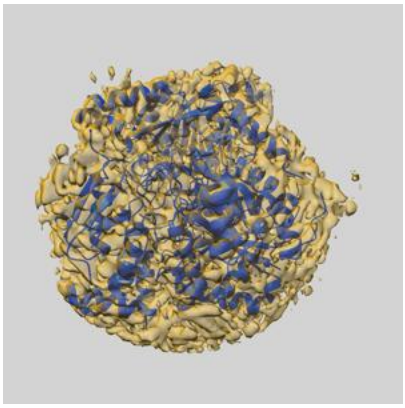
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.99	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.99	3.27	3.03
Unmasked-calculated*	3.48	3.93	3.54

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.48 differs from the reported value 2.99 by more than 10 %

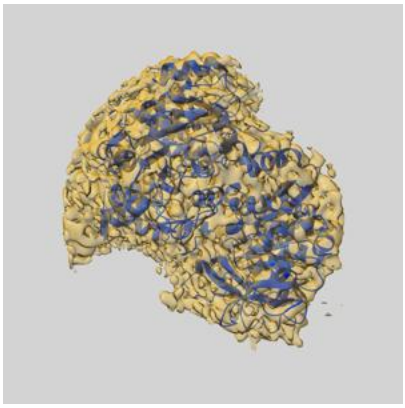
9 Map-model fit

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-64726 and PDB model 9V2E. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

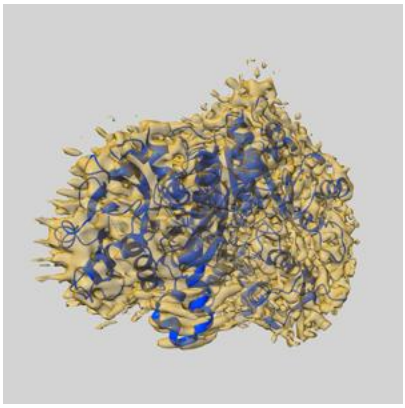
9.1 Map-model overlay



X



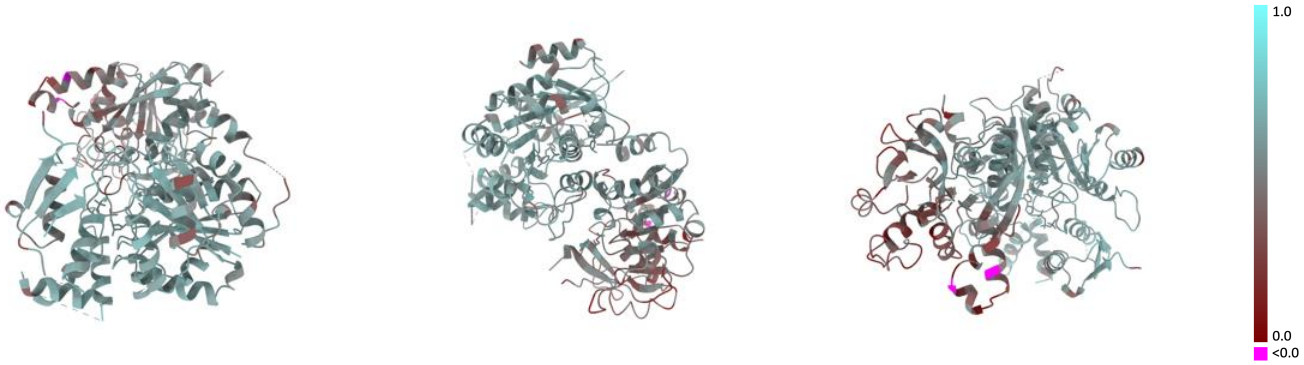
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.05 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

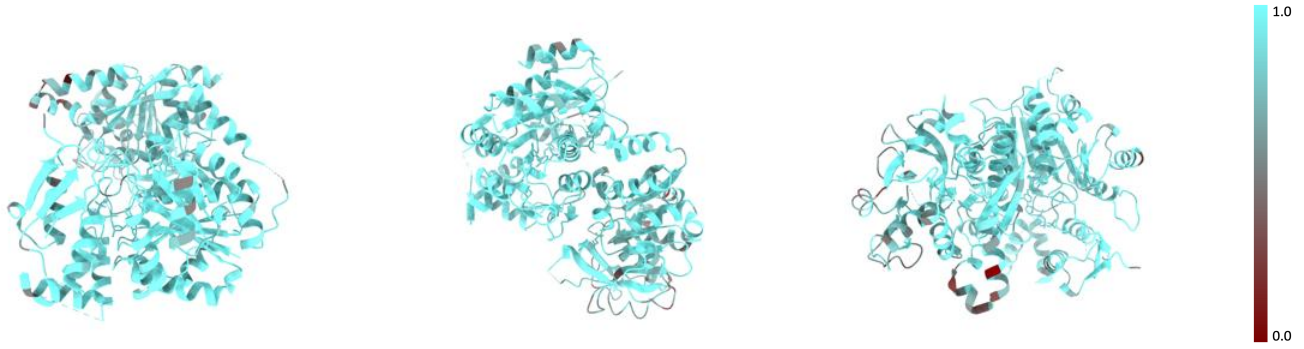
9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

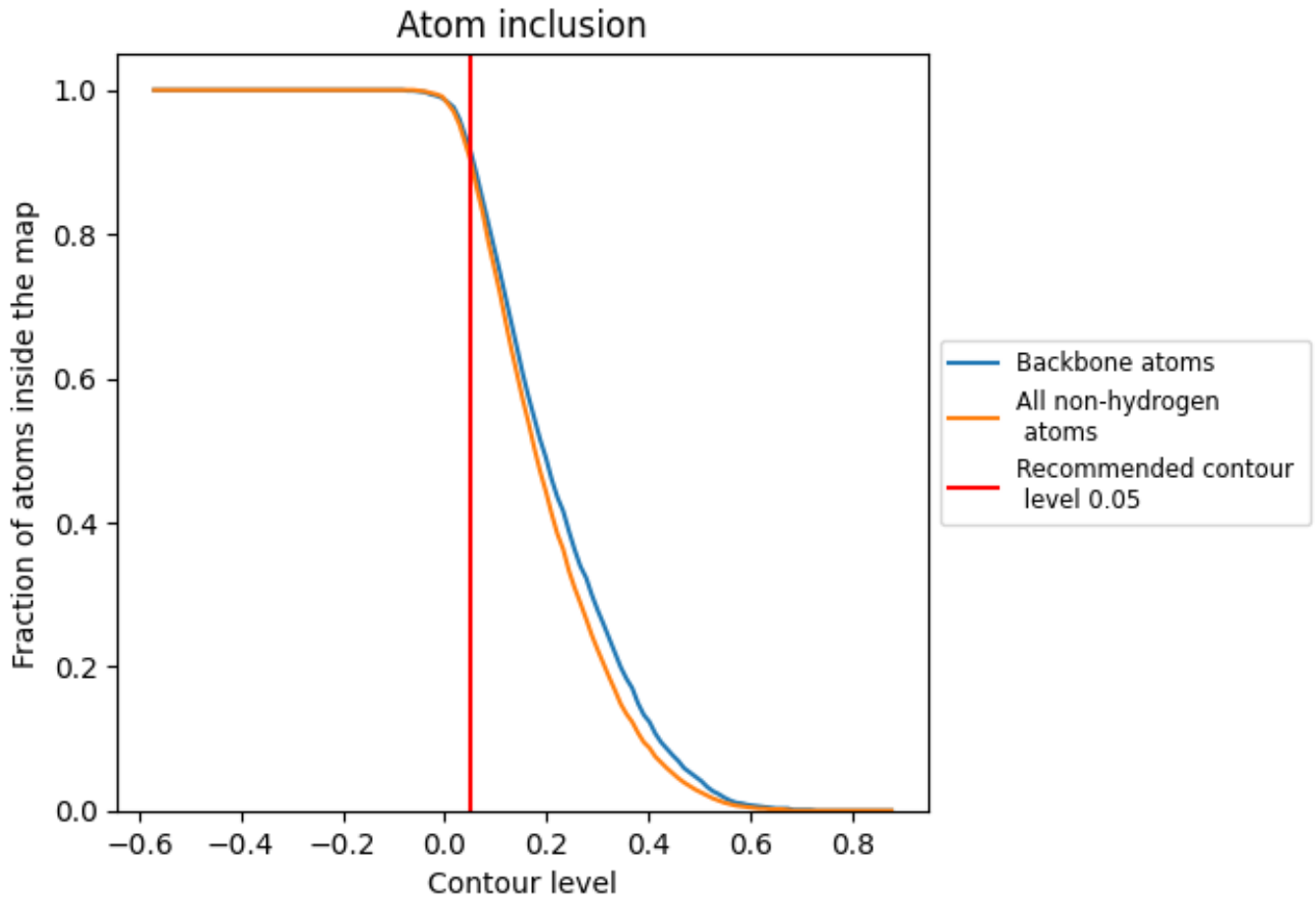
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.05).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 92% of all backbone atoms, 90% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.05) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.



Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.9040	0.5120
A	0.8970	0.4960
B	0.9580	0.5930
C	0.9150	0.5700