



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Sep 24, 2025 – 08:05 am BST

PDB ID : 2UWN / pdb_00002uwn
Title : Crystal structure of Human Complement Factor H, SCR domains 6-8 (H402 risk variant), in complex with ligand.
Authors : Prosser, B.E.; Johnson, S.; Roversi, P.; Herbert, A.P.; Blaum, B.S.; Tyrrell, J.; Jowitt, T.A.; Clark, S.J.; Terelli, E.; Uhrin, D.; Barlow, P.N.; Sim, R.B.; Day, A.J.; Lea, S.M.
Deposited on : 2007-03-22
Resolution : 2.35 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0
EDS : 3.0
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
CCP4 : 9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness : 1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.46

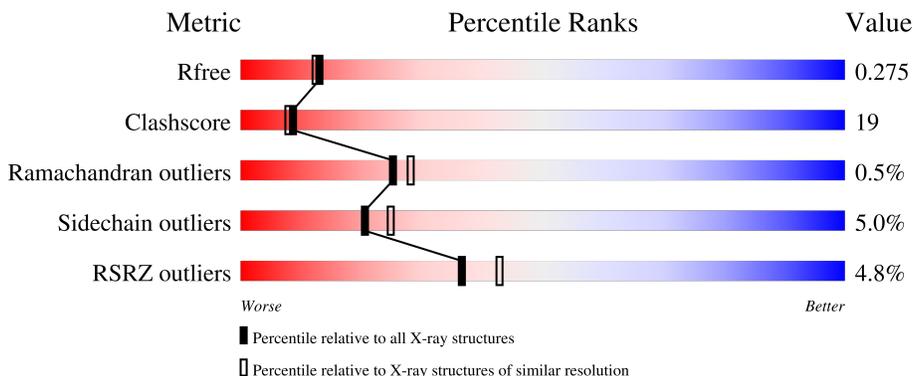
1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.35 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	164625	1460 (2.36-2.36)
Clashscore	180529	1571 (2.36-2.36)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1559 (2.36-2.36)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1559 (2.36-2.36)
RSRZ outliers	164620	1460 (2.36-2.36)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	187	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 5%; height: 10px; background-color: red; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 68%; height: 10px; background-color: green; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 28%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 1%; height: 10px; background-color: red; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 1%; height: 10px; background-color: red;"></div> </div> <p style="text-align: center;">5% 68% 28% ..</p>
2	B	2	<div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background-color: orange;"></div> <p style="text-align: center;">100%</p>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	YYJ	B	2[A]	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition [i](#)

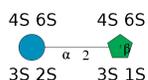
There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1755 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called HUMAN COMPLEMENT FACTOR H.

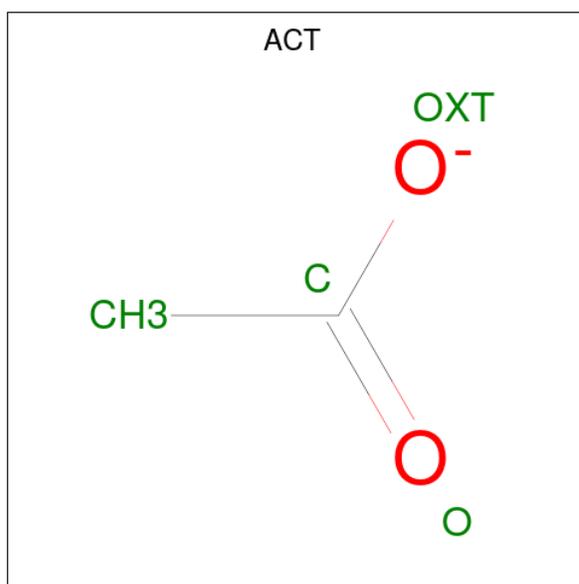
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	187	1489	944	250	281	14	0	2	0

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 1,3,4,6-tetra-O-sulfo-beta-D-fructofuranose-(2-1)-2,3,4,6-tetra-O-sulfonato-alpha-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	O	S			
2	B	2	110	24	70	16	0	2	0

- Molecule 3 is ACETATE ION (CCD ID: ACT) (formula: C₂H₃O₂).

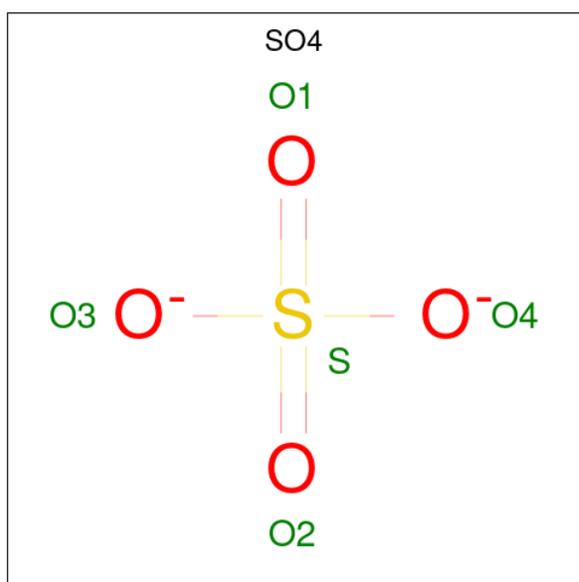


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

- Molecule 4 is CHLORIDE ION (CCD ID: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	2	Total Cl 2 2	0	0

- Molecule 5 is SULFATE ION (CCD ID: SO4) (formula: O₄S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
5	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
5	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

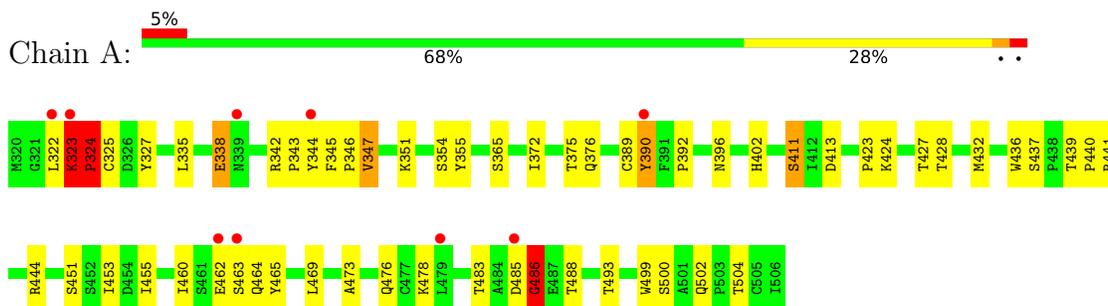
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	135	Total O 135 135	0	0

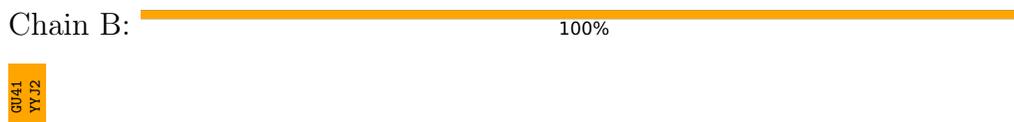
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: HUMAN COMPLEMENT FACTOR H



- Molecule 2: 1,3,4,6-tetra-O-sulfo-beta-D-fructofuranose-(2-1)-2,3,4,6-tetra-O-sulfonato-alpha-D-glucopyranose



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	74.76Å 92.49Å 57.31Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	15.00 – 2.35 15.00 – 2.35	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (15.00-2.35) 97.5 (15.00-2.35)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	3.44 (at 2.35Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program		Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.214 , 0.246 0.229 , 0.275	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	835 reflections (9.75%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	35.1	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.513	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.35 , 67.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	1755	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	42.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.94% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CL, SO4, ACT, GU4, YYJ

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.82	7/1546 (0.5%)	0.89	6/2098 (0.3%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3

All (7) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	324	PRO	C-N	11.68	1.50	1.33
1	A	343	PRO	C-N	-11.03	1.19	1.33
1	A	486	GLY	C-O	9.40	1.42	1.23
1	A	325	CYS	N-CA	7.59	1.54	1.45
1	A	323	LYS	CA-C	-7.52	1.43	1.52
1	A	486	GLY	C-N	-6.63	1.23	1.33
1	A	324	PRO	CA-C	6.47	1.61	1.52

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	323	LYS	CA-C-N	12.28	135.19	119.84
1	A	323	LYS	C-N-CA	12.28	135.19	119.84
1	A	486	GLY	CA-C-N	7.46	137.01	122.03
1	A	486	GLY	C-N-CA	7.46	137.01	122.03
1	A	324	PRO	N-CA-C	-6.52	99.03	112.47
1	A	343	PRO	O-C-N	-6.39	108.95	121.10

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	323	LYS	Peptide,Mainchain
1	A	486	GLY	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1489	0	1381	48	5
2	B	110	0	12	11	5
3	A	4	0	3	1	0
4	A	2	0	0	1	0
5	A	15	0	0	0	0
6	A	135	0	0	15	4
All	All	1755	0	1396	56	9

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 19.

All (56) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:462:GLU:HB3	1:A:463:SER:HA	1.30	1.09
1:A:390[A]:TYR:CD1	6:A:765:HOH:O	2.29	0.84
1:A:453:ILE:HG21	1:A:460:ILE:HD11	1.60	0.83
1:A:485:ASP:H	1:A:486:GLY:HA2	1.45	0.79
1:A:344:TYR:HB2	6:A:708:HOH:O	1.83	0.77
2:B:2[A]:YYJ:O5	2:B:2[A]:YYJ:O3S6	2.06	0.74
1:A:402:HIS:NE2	2:B:1[A]:GU4:O21	2.19	0.73
1:A:335:LEU:HD21	1:A:372:ILE:HD11	1.72	0.71
1:A:323:LYS:HB3	1:A:324:PRO:CD	2.20	0.70
1:A:453:ILE:CG2	1:A:460:ILE:HD11	2.21	0.70
1:A:392:PRO:HB3	2:B:2[A]:YYJ:O2S4	1.94	0.68
1:A:390[A]:TYR:CE1	6:A:765:HOH:O	2.46	0.67
1:A:413:ASP:HA	1:A:428:THR:HG22	1.76	0.67

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:462:GLU:CB	1:A:463:SER:HA	2.12	0.66
1:A:323:LYS:HB3	1:A:324:PRO:HD3	1.80	0.63
1:A:322:LEU:C	1:A:323:LYS:HD3	2.24	0.62
1:A:327:TYR:N	6:A:701:HOH:O	1.95	0.62
1:A:347:VAL:HG13	1:A:351:LYS:HD2	1.80	0.61
1:A:462:GLU:HB3	1:A:463:SER:CA	2.18	0.61
1:A:485:ASP:N	1:A:486:GLY:HA2	2.15	0.61
1:A:345:PHE:HA	1:A:346:PRO:C	2.28	0.59
2:B:1[A]:GU4:O12	2:B:2[A]:YYJ:O3S3	2.21	0.59
1:A:342:ARG:NE	6:A:707:HOH:O	2.28	0.58
1:A:323:LYS:HD3	1:A:323:LYS:N	2.19	0.57
2:B:1[A]:GU4:O27	2:B:1[A]:GU4:O2	2.24	0.56
2:B:1[A]:GU4:C1	2:B:2[A]:YYJ:O3	2.52	0.56
2:B:2[A]:YYJ:O3S4	2:B:2[A]:YYJ:O1S3	2.24	0.55
1:A:355:TYR:CE2	1:A:372:ILE:HG23	2.42	0.54
1:A:441:ARG:NH1	3:A:601:ACT:OXT	2.40	0.53
2:B:1[A]:GU4:O5	2:B:2[A]:YYJ:O3	2.25	0.53
1:A:455:ILE:HG23	4:A:603:CL:CL	2.45	0.53
1:A:322:LEU:HD11	1:A:376:GLN:HB2	1.92	0.52
1:A:411[B]:SER:OG	6:A:703:HOH:O	2.18	0.52
1:A:423:PRO:HA	1:A:424:LYS:CG	2.40	0.51
1:A:392:PRO:HB3	2:B:2[B]:YYJ:O3S6	2.10	0.51
1:A:423:PRO:HA	1:A:424:LYS:HG3	1.94	0.50
1:A:389:CYS:HB3	1:A:436:TRP:CE2	2.47	0.49
1:A:375:THR:HG22	1:A:376:GLN:N	2.27	0.49
1:A:483:THR:HA	1:A:504:THR:O	2.13	0.49
1:A:424:LYS:HE2	6:A:751:HOH:O	2.14	0.48
1:A:427:THR:OG1	6:A:704:HOH:O	2.20	0.48
1:A:464:GLN:HB2	6:A:750:HOH:O	2.14	0.47
1:A:342:ARG:CG	6:A:707:HOH:O	2.62	0.47
1:A:396:ASN:ND2	6:A:709:HOH:O	2.30	0.46
2:B:1[A]:GU4:O12	2:B:2[A]:YYJ:S3	2.73	0.46
1:A:502:GLN:HB2	6:A:779:HOH:O	2.14	0.46
1:A:327:TYR:HB2	6:A:701:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:473:ALA:HB2	1:A:499:TRP:CH2	2.51	0.45
1:A:327:TYR:OH	1:A:338:GLU:HG2	2.18	0.44
1:A:439:THR:HA	1:A:440:PRO:HD3	1.91	0.43
1:A:365:SER:N	6:A:711:HOH:O	2.39	0.43
1:A:432:MET:HE2	1:A:437:SER:HB3	2.01	0.42
1:A:478:LYS:NZ	6:A:702:HOH:O	2.13	0.42
1:A:451:SER:HB3	1:A:465:TYR:HE1	1.84	0.41

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:1[A]:GU4:O5	2:B:2[A]:YYJ:C3	2.68	0.41
1:A:493:THR:H	1:A:500:SER:HB2	1.86	0.41

All (9) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
6:A:753:HOH:O	6:A:766:HOH:O[4_666]	0.35	1.85
1:A:444:ARG:NH1	2:B:2[A]:YYJ:O3S3[3_555]	1.78	0.42
6:A:804:HOH:O	6:A:823:HOH:O[8_456]	1.84	0.36
6:A:757:HOH:O	6:A:802:HOH:O[3_555]	2.02	0.18
1:A:354:SER:OG	2:B:1[A]:GU4:O10[6_455]	2.03	0.17
1:A:444:ARG:NH1	2:B:2[A]:YYJ:S3[3_555]	2.04	0.16
1:A:444:ARG:NH1	2:B:2[A]:YYJ:O1S3[3_555]	2.08	0.12
6:A:731:HOH:O	6:A:812:HOH:O[6_555]	2.15	0.05
1:A:354:SER:OG	2:B:1[B]:GU4:O10[6_455]	2.19	0.01

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	187/187 (100%)	173 (92%)	13 (7%)	1 (0%)	25 28

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	324	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	162/161 (101%)	152 (94%)	10 (6%)	15 17

All (10) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	323	LYS
1	A	338	GLU
1	A	347	VAL
1	A	390[A]	TYR
1	A	390[B]	TYR
1	A	411[A]	SER
1	A	411[B]	SER
1	A	469	LEU
1	A	476	GLN
1	A	488	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	339	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	GU4	B	1[A]	2	27,27,28	1.40	4 (14%)	29,43,45	3.43	15 (51%)
2	GU4	B	1[B]	2	27,27,28	0.92	1 (3%)	29,43,45	2.59	9 (31%)
2	YYJ	B	2[A]	2	27,28,28	1.23	2 (7%)	28,46,46	2.16	9 (32%)
2	YYJ	B	2[B]	2	27,28,28	0.94	1 (3%)	28,46,46	1.69	5 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GU4	B	1[A]	2	-	2/21/38/41	0/1/1/1
2	GU4	B	1[B]	2	-	0/21/38/41	0/1/1/1
2	YYJ	B	2[A]	2	-	8/23/42/42	0/1/1/1
2	YYJ	B	2[B]	2	-	4/23/42/42	0/1/1/1

All (8) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	1[A]	GU4	O5-C1	-3.82	1.37	1.43
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	O2-C2	3.75	1.47	1.40
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	C2-C3	3.12	1.62	1.53
2	B	1[A]	GU4	O2-C2	-2.52	1.43	1.47
2	B	1[A]	GU4	C3-C4	2.38	1.57	1.52
2	B	1[B]	GU4	O2-C2	-2.38	1.43	1.47
2	B	1[A]	GU4	O3-C3	-2.32	1.41	1.46
2	B	2[B]	YYJ	C4-C3	2.02	1.57	1.53

All (38) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	1[A]	GU4	C3-O3-S3	-8.18	103.07	118.88
2	B	1[B]	GU4	C2-O2-S2	-8.00	107.48	117.91

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	1[A]	GU4	O2-C2-C3	7.23	114.66	106.65
2	B	1[A]	GU4	C2-O2-S2	-6.56	109.36	117.91
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	C4-O4-S4	-5.58	108.09	118.88
2	B	1[B]	GU4	C3-O3-S3	-5.57	108.12	118.88
2	B	2[B]	YYJ	C4-O4-S4	-5.48	108.28	118.88
2	B	1[B]	GU4	C4-O4-S4	-5.27	108.69	118.88
2	B	1[A]	GU4	O29-S3-O28	5.02	125.95	108.49
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	O6-C6-C5	4.98	116.91	107.62
2	B	1[A]	GU4	O5-C5-C6	-4.63	97.35	107.61
2	B	1[A]	GU4	C4-O4-S4	-3.99	111.16	118.88
2	B	1[A]	GU4	O6-C6-C5	3.87	114.83	107.62
2	B	1[A]	GU4	O5-C1-C2	3.69	116.88	109.41
2	B	1[A]	GU4	O23-S6-O22	3.64	126.85	112.22
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	O2-C2-C3	3.43	120.44	109.74
2	B	1[A]	GU4	O26-S4-O25	3.42	125.94	112.22
2	B	2[B]	YYJ	O3S1-S1-O2S1	3.30	125.48	112.22
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	O3S3-S3-O2S3	3.30	125.47	112.22
2	B	1[B]	GU4	O26-S4-O25	3.29	125.42	112.22
2	B	1[B]	GU4	O23-S6-O22	3.29	125.41	112.22
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	O3S1-S1-O2S1	3.28	125.38	112.22
2	B	2[B]	YYJ	O3S6-S6-O2S6	3.28	125.37	112.22
2	B	1[B]	GU4	O27-S3-O28	3.23	125.17	112.22
2	B	2[B]	YYJ	O3S3-S3-O2S3	3.19	125.02	112.22
2	B	1[B]	GU4	O12-S2-O11	3.18	125.00	112.22
2	B	1[A]	GU4	O3-C3-C4	3.18	115.46	108.48
2	B	1[A]	GU4	C3-C4-C5	-3.11	104.07	110.55
2	B	1[A]	GU4	O12-S2-O11	3.08	124.57	112.22
2	B	2[B]	YYJ	O3S4-S4-O2S4	3.06	124.49	112.22
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	O3S4-S4-O2S4	2.93	123.97	112.22
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	O5-C5-C4	2.76	108.09	103.49
2	B	1[A]	GU4	C6-C5-C4	2.60	119.76	113.33
2	B	1[A]	GU4	C4-C3-C2	-2.33	105.69	110.55
2	B	1[B]	GU4	C6-C5-C4	-2.31	107.62	113.33
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	O3-C3-C2	2.21	117.68	111.50
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	O3S6-S6-O2S6	2.08	120.58	112.22
2	B	1[B]	GU4	C1-O5-C5	-2.05	109.41	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (14) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	O1-C1-C2-C3

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

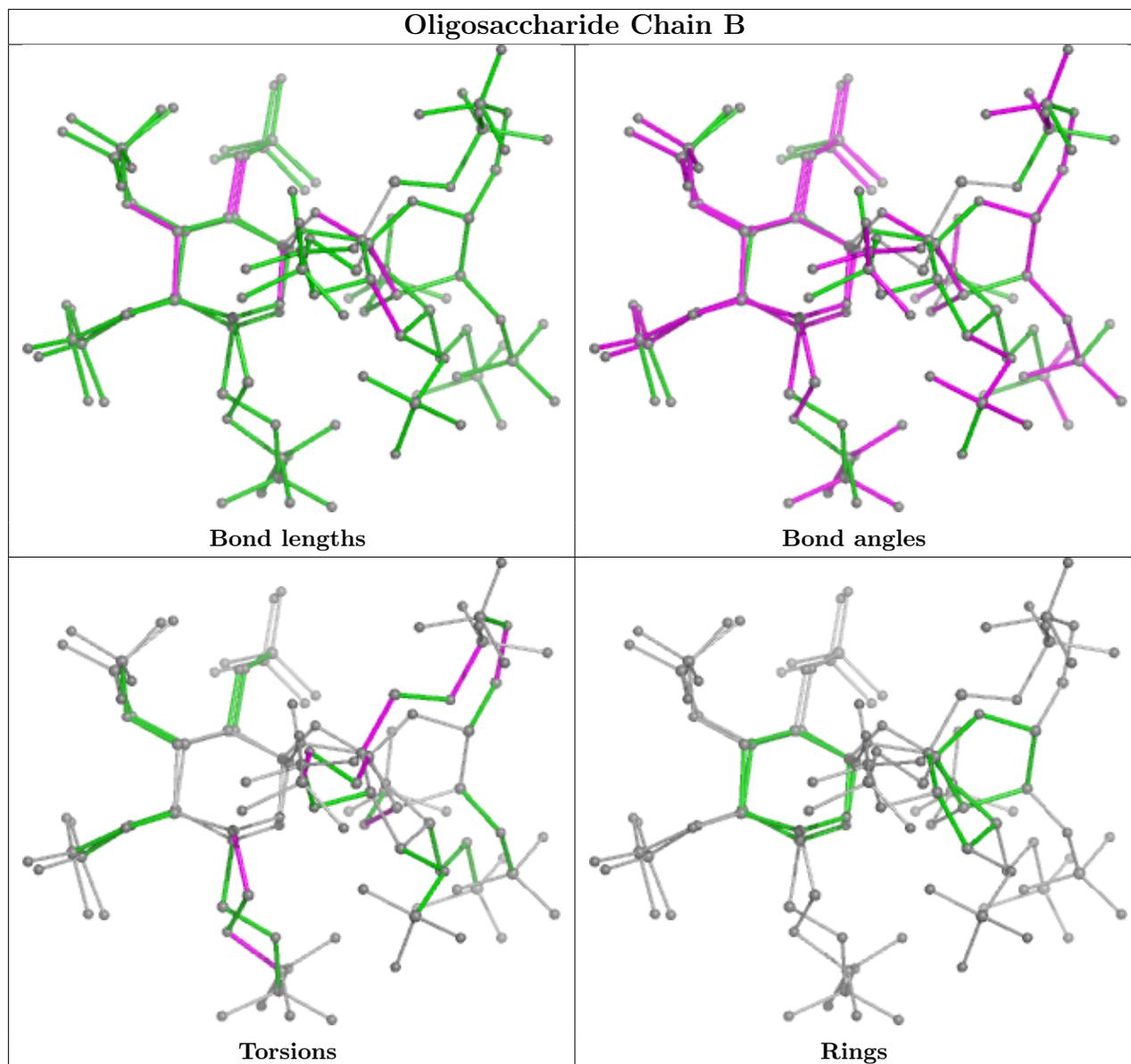
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	O1-C1-C2-O2
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	O1-C1-C2-O5
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	C4-C3-O3-S3
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	C5-C6-O6-S6
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	C1-O1-S1-O1S1
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	C1-O1-S1-O2S1
2	B	2[B]	YYJ	O1-C1-C2-C3
2	B	2[B]	YYJ	O1-C1-C2-O2
2	B	2[B]	YYJ	O1-C1-C2-O5
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	C1-O1-S1-O3S1
2	B	2[B]	YYJ	C1-O1-S1-O2S1
2	B	1[A]	GU4	C6-O6-S6-O22
2	B	1[A]	GU4	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 16 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	1[B]	GU4	0	1
2	B	1[A]	GU4	7	1
2	B	2[B]	YYJ	1	0
2	B	2[A]	YYJ	8	3

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	SO4	A	604	-	4,4,4	0.99	0	6,6,6	1.66	1 (16%)
5	SO4	A	605	-	4,4,4	0.99	0	6,6,6	1.66	1 (16%)
3	ACT	A	601	-	3,3,3	1.95	1 (33%)	3,3,3	0.82	0
5	SO4	A	606	-	4,4,4	0.98	0	6,6,6	1.66	1 (16%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	601	ACT	O-C	2.68	1.34	1.22

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	A	605	SO4	O4-S-O3	3.82	125.37	109.06
5	A	604	SO4	O4-S-O3	3.82	125.35	109.06
5	A	606	SO4	O4-S-O3	3.81	125.34	109.06

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	601	ACT	1	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	A	1

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	A	343:PRO	C	344:TYR	N	1.19

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	187/187 (100%)	0.19	9 (4%) 36 43	16, 36, 60, 70	2 (1%)

All (9) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	390[A]	TYR	3.8
1	A	485	ASP	2.9
1	A	344	TYR	2.9
1	A	463	SER	2.6
1	A	323	LYS	2.3
1	A	322	LEU	2.1
1	A	462	GLU	2.0
1	A	339	ASN	2.0
1	A	479	LEU	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

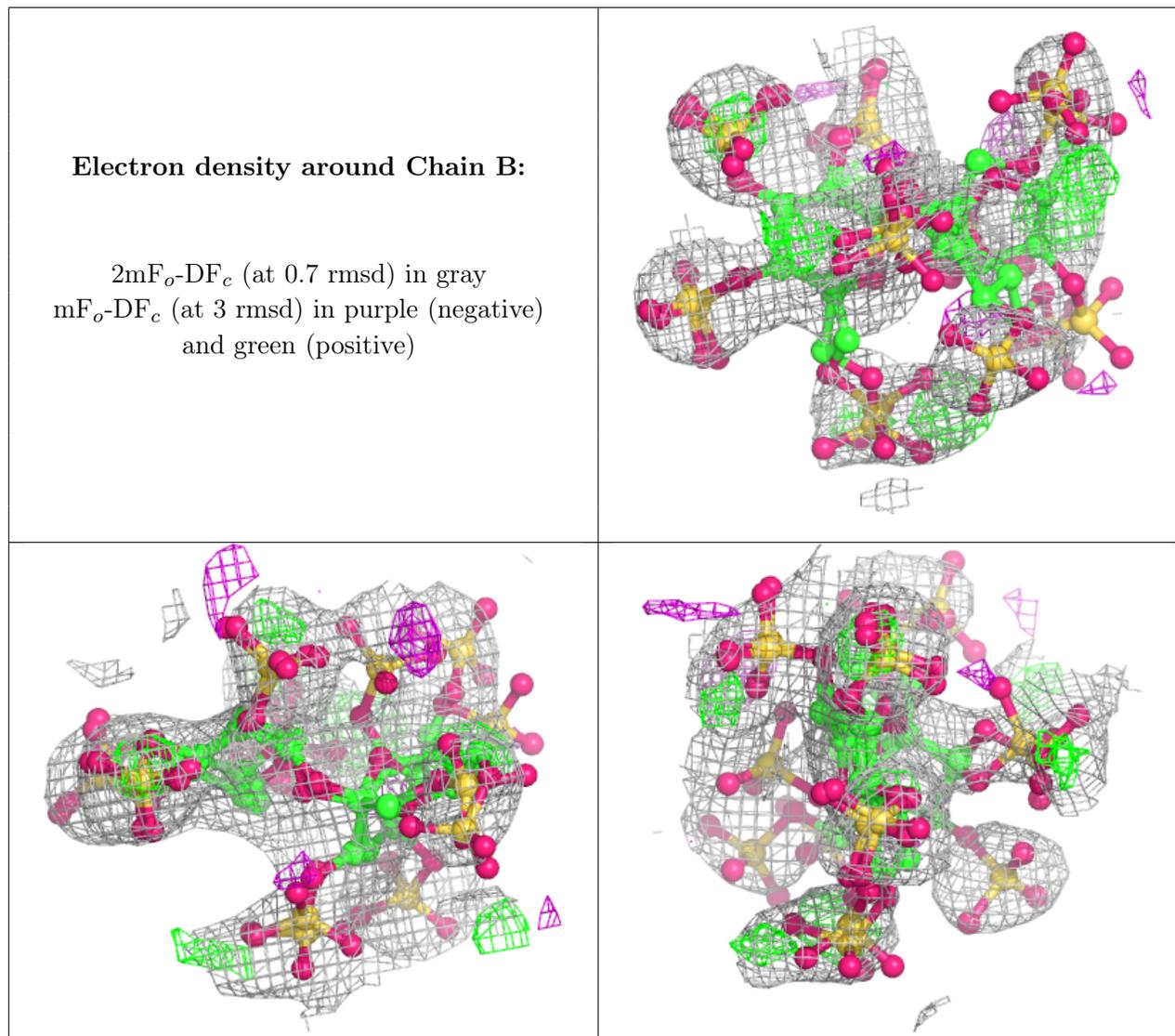
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	YYJ	B	2[A]	28/28	0.57	0.29	100,107,110,110	28
2	YYJ	B	2[B]	28/28	0.57	0.29	52,77,81,81	28
2	GU4	B	1[A]	27/28	0.75	0.24	70,95,98,99	27

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	GU4	B	1[B]	27/28	0.75	0.24	51,70,75,76	27

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.4 Ligands i

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
5	SO4	A	606	5/5	0.64	0.16	102,103,103,103	0
3	ACT	A	601	4/4	0.75	0.11	69,69,69,69	4
5	SO4	A	604	5/5	0.85	0.12	72,72,73,73	0
5	SO4	A	605	5/5	0.87	0.10	91,91,91,91	0
4	CL	A	603	1/1	0.89	0.11	58,58,58,58	0
4	CL	A	602	1/1	0.95	0.09	40,40,40,40	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.