

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Apr 29, 2025 – 11:40 AM EDT

PDB ID : 3HP8 / pdb 00003hp8

Title : Crystal structure of a designed Cyanovirin-N homolog lectin; LKAMG, bound

to sucrose

Authors: Koharudin, L.M.I.; Furey, W.; Gronenborn, A.M.

Deposited on : 2009-06-03

Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0rc1 EDS : 3.0

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.006 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.12

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

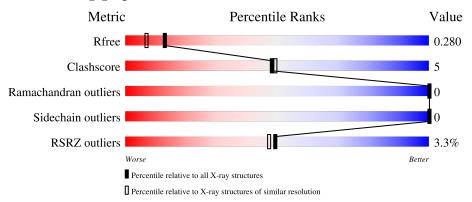
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.43.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}(\mathring{A}))$
$R_{free}$	164625	9409 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	180529	10737 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	10628 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	177891	10627 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	164620	9409 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	110	92%	5% •				
1	В	110	5%	11% •				
2	С	2	100	0%				
2	D	2	50%	50%				
2	Е	2	50%	50%				



Mol	Chain	Length	Quality	of chain
2	F	2	50%	50%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	DTT	В	110	X	-	-	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2067 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Cyanovirin-N-like protein.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	107	10001	С	- '	О	S	0	1	0
1	11	101	858	519	167	169	3		1	O
1	D	107	Total	С	N	O	S	0	1	0
1	Б	107	859	518	167	171	3			U

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q5MK11
A	-1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q5MK11
A	0	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q5MK11
В	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q5MK11
В	-1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q5MK11
В	0	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q5MK11

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-fructofuranose-(2-1)-alpha-D-glucopyranose.

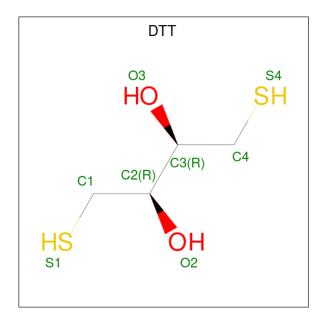


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
2	С	2	Total C O	0	0	0	0
			23 12 11	0	· ·		
2	D	2	Total C O	0	0	0	
	D	Δ	23 12 11	0			
2	E	9	Total C O	0	0	0	
	E	2	23 12 11	0			
2	F	9	Total C O	0	0	0	
2	Т	$\frac{2}{2}$	23 12 11			U	

• Molecule 3 is 2,3-DIHYDROXY-1,4-DITHIOBUTANE (CCD ID: DTT) (formula:



## $C_4H_{10}O_2S_2).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 8		O 2		0	0
3	В	1	Total 8	C 4	O 2	S 2	0	0

#### • Molecule 4 is water.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	159	Total O 159 159	0	0
4	В	83	Total O 83 83	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Cyanovirin-N-like protein • Molecule 1: Cyanovirin-N-like protein Chain B: • Molecule 2: beta-D-fructofuranose-(2-1)-alpha-D-glucopyranose Chain C: • Molecule 2: beta-D-fructofuranose-(2-1)-alpha-D-glucopyranose Chain D: 50% • Molecule 2: beta-D-fructofuranose-(2-1)-alpha-D-glucopyranose Chain E: 50% • Molecule 2: beta-D-fructofuranose-(2-1)-alpha-D-glucopyranose Chain F: 50% 50%







# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	44.50Å 39.30Å 86.13Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $97.64^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	35.70 - 2.00	Depositor
Resolution (A)	35.70 - 2.00	EDS
% Data completeness	98.8 (35.70-2.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	98.8 (35.70-2.00)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.17	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.32 (at 2.00Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0044	Depositor
P. P.	0.224 , 0.277	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.226 , $0.280$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1022 reflections (5.10%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	27.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.225	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.38, 53.6	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.51, < L^2>=0.35$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	2067	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	30.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 11.80% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GLC, DTT, FRU

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.80	0/872	0.89	0/1177	
1	В	0.61	0/873	0.85	0/1178	
All	All	0.71	0/1745	0.87	0/2355	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	858	0	803	8	0
1	В	859	0	798	9	0
2	С	23	0	21	0	0
2	D	23	0	21	0	0
2	Е	23	0	21	1	0
2	F	23	0	21	0	0
3	A	8	0	9	0	0
3	В	8	0	9	3	0
4	A	159	0	0	3	0
4	В	83	0	0	2	0
All	All	2067	0	1703	19	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (19) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{ll}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} & ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:83:CYS:SG	3:B:110:DTT:S1	2.28	1.31
1:A:100:VAL:CG2	1:A:105[B]:VAL:HG11	2.26	0.66
1:A:100:VAL:HG23	1:A:105[B]:VAL:HG11	1.79	0.65
1:A:79:ARG:NH1	4:A:257:HOH:O	2.32	0.63
3:B:110:DTT:S1	2:E:2:FRU:H12	2.41	0.61
1:A:100:VAL:HG23	1:A:105[B]:VAL:CG1	2.40	0.52
1:A:105[B]:VAL:CG2	4:A:237:HOH:O	2.63	0.47
1:A:3:TYR:CD1	1:A:3:TYR:C	2.95	0.45
1:A:67:LYS:NZ	4:A:271:HOH:O	2.50	0.44
1:B:17:ARG:NH1	4:B:198:HOH:O	2.49	0.44
3:B:110:DTT:H41	3:B:110:DTT:H12	1.69	0.44
1:B:70:ALA:C	1:B:72:GLU:H	2.25	0.43
1:B:12:LEU:HG	1:B:64:PHE:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:B:12:LEU:HG	1:B:64:PHE:CB	2.49	0.42
1:B:2:SER:O	1:B:3:TYR:C	2.63	0.42
1:A:98:GLN:O	1:A:105[B]:VAL:HG12	2.19	0.41
1:B:17:ARG:HG3	1:B:38:ASP:OD2	2.20	0.41
1:B:65:HIS:HA	1:B:66:PRO:HD2	1.80	0.41
1:B:20:ARG:HG2	4:B:128:HOH:O	2.20	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	106/110 (96%)	102 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100	
1	В	106/110 (96%)	95 (90%)	11 (10%)	0	100	100	



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed		Percentiles		
All	All	212/220 (96%)	197 (93%)	15 (7%)	0	100 100		

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percen	tiles
1	A	90/91 (99%)	90 (100%)	0	100	100
1	В	90/91 (99%)	90 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	180/182 (99%)	180 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

8 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the



expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	GLC	С	1	2	11,11,12	0.72	0	15,15,17	2.05	4 (26%)
2	FRU	С	2	2	11,12,12	0.77	0	10,18,18	1.49	2 (20%)
2	GLC	D	1	2	11,11,12	0.56	0	15,15,17	1.42	1 (6%)
2	FRU	D	2	2	11,12,12	0.63	0	10,18,18	1.04	0
2	GLC	Е	1	2	11,11,12	0.50	0	15,15,17	1.32	1 (6%)
2	FRU	Е	2	2	11,12,12	0.73	1 (9%)	10,18,18	0.58	0
2	GLC	F	1	2	11,11,12	0.85	0	15,15,17	1.44	2 (13%)
2	FRU	F	2	2	11,12,12	0.57	0	10,18,18	0.70	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GLC	С	1	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	FRU	С	2	2	-	0/5/24/24	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	D	1	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	FRU	D	2	2	-	2/5/24/24	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	Ε	1	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	FRU	Е	2	2	-	3/5/24/24	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	F	1	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	FRU	F	2	2	-	0/5/24/24	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
2	Ε	2	FRU	O2-C2	2.04	1.44	1.40

All (10) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	С	1	GLC	C1-O5-C5	4.95	118.83	112.19
2	D	1	GLC	C1-O5-C5	3.70	117.14	112.19
2	E	1	GLC	C1-O5-C5	3.67	117.11	112.19
2	F	1	GLC	C1-O5-C5	3.60	117.01	112.19
2	С	1	GLC	C1-C2-C3	-3.48	104.58	109.64



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	С	1	GLC	O3-C3-C4	-3.42	102.32	110.38
2	С	2	FRU	O2-C2-O5	3.10	115.27	109.33
2	С	2	FRU	O1-C1-C2	-2.74	105.61	111.67
2	F	1	GLC	O2-C2-C3	-2.20	105.60	110.15
2	С	1	GLC	O4-C4-C3	-2.19	105.21	110.38

There are no chirality outliers.

All (7) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	D	2	FRU	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	D	2	FRU	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	D	1	GLC	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	2	FRU	O1-C1-C2-O5
2	D	1	GLC	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	2	FRU	O1-C1-C2-O2
2	Е	2	FRU	O1-C1-C2-C3

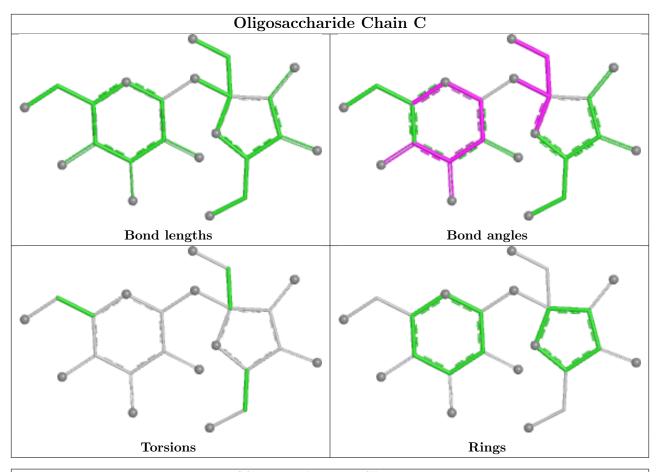
There are no ring outliers.

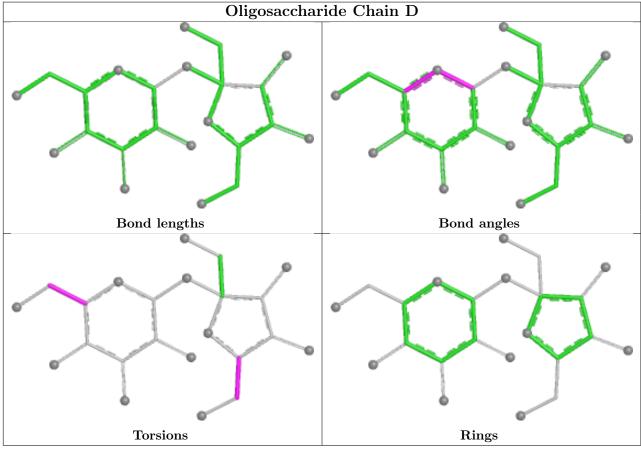
1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	Ε	2	FRU	1	0

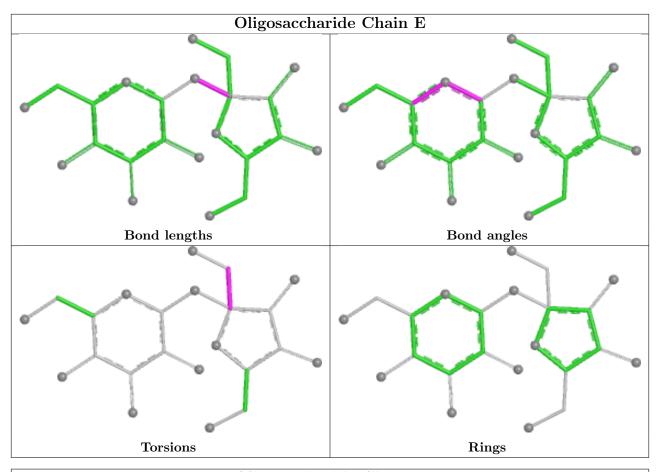
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

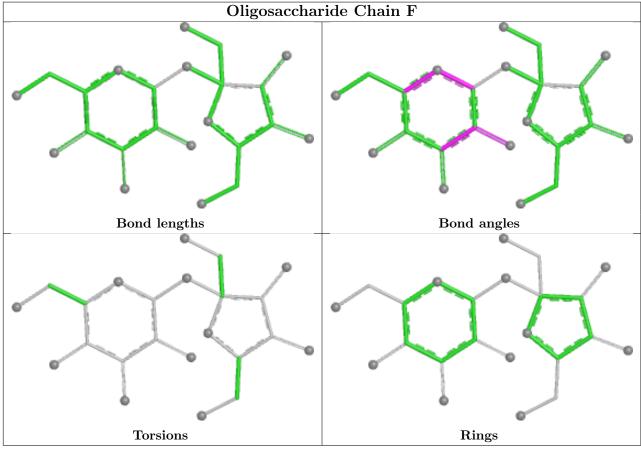














### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Tiple	Bond lengths			Е	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
3	DTT	В	110	-	7,7,7	0.68	0	4,8,8	0.74	0
3	DTT	A	110	-	7,7,7	0.46	0	4,8,8	1.61	1 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

]	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
	3	DTT	В	110	-	2/2/2/2	2/8/8/8	_
	3	DTT	A	110	-	-	4/8/8/8	_

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	A	110	DTT	C3-C4-S4	-2.15	108.43	114.43

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
3	В	110	DTT	С3
3	В	110	DTT	C2

All (6) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	110	DTT	S1-C1-C2-O2
3	A	110	DTT	S1-C1-C2-C3



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	В	110	DTT	S1-C1-C2-O2
3	В	110	DTT	S1-C1-C2-C3
3	A	110	DTT	O3-C3-C4-S4
3	A	110	DTT	C2-C3-C4-S4

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	В	110	DTT	3	0

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Chain Analysed		$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	107/110 (97%)	-0.11	1 (0%) 81 80	9, 22, 32, 39	1 (0%)
1	В	107/110 (97%)	0.69	6 (5%) 31 29	20, 33, 52, 58	1 (0%)
All	All	$214/220 \ (97\%)$	0.29	7 (3%) 49 47	9, 27, 47, 58	2 (0%)

All (7) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	1	MET	3.1
1	В	69	GLY	2.9
1	В	70	ALA	2.9
1	В	89	ASP	2.5
1	В	15	GLY	2.4
1	A	101	ASN	2.3
1	В	85	GLY	2.1

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains i

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

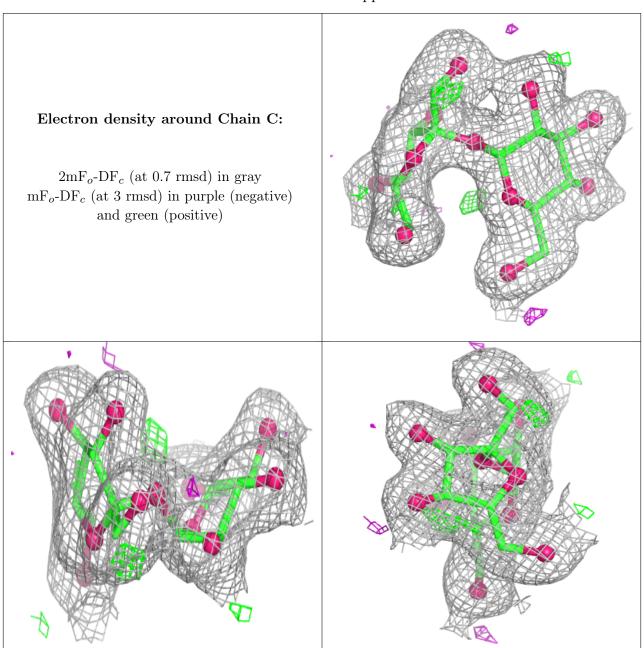
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	FRU	D	2	12/12	0.84	0.13	35,38,40,44	0
2	GLC	F	1	11/12	0.88	0.11	29,36,40,42	0



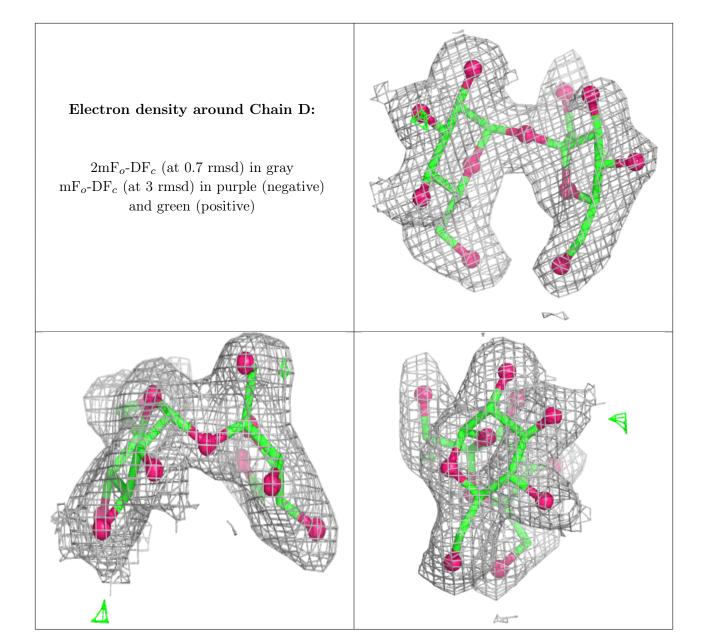
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	FRU	F	2	12/12	0.91	0.10	32,36,39,42	0
2	GLC	D	1	11/12	0.92	0.08	22,27,30,37	0
2	GLC	Ε	1	11/12	0.95	0.07	28,30,31,32	0
2	FRU	Е	2	12/12	0.95	0.07	27,32,35,36	0
2	GLC	С	1	11/12	0.95	0.07	11,18,23,24	0
2	FRU	С	2	12/12	0.95	0.07	13,18,19,20	0

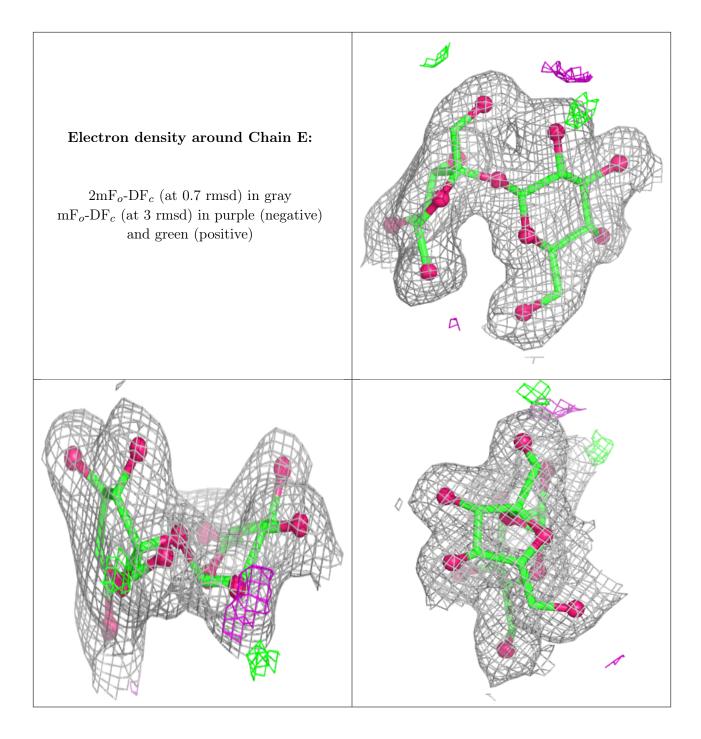
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



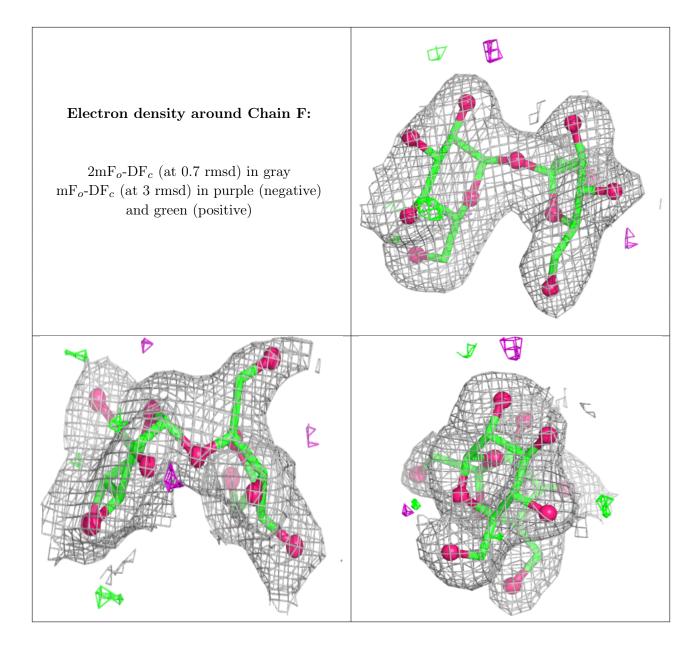












## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f \AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	DTT	В	110	8/8	0.90	0.13	39,52,59,70	0
3	DTT	A	110	8/8	0.93	0.12	30,50,59,70	0



# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

