



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 11, 2026 – 03:31 PM JST

PDB ID : 44HP / pdb_000044hp
Title : Drosophila AHR PAS-B (M284C/Y336L)-ARNT PAS-B heterodimer bound to alpha-naphthoflavone
Authors : Dai, S.Y.; Tang, J.M.
Deposited on : 2026-07-29
Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	2.0
EDS	:	3.0
Buster-report	:	wwPDB partial adaption of 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
CCP4	:	9.0.015 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.50

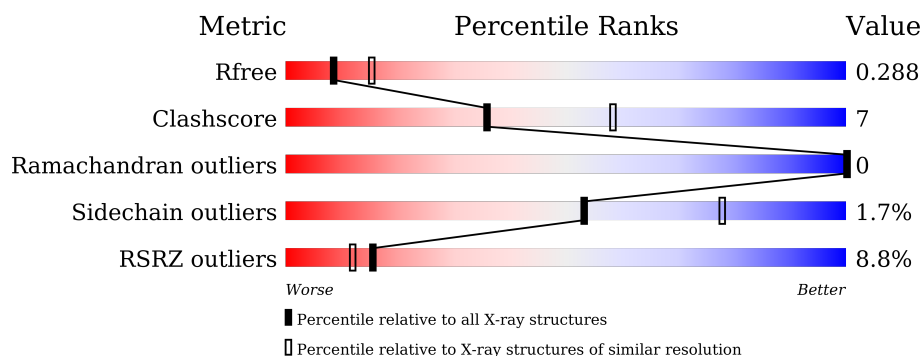
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	180053	4008 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	190562	4347 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	187476	4277 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	187428	4277 (2.60-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	180081	4008 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	120	4% 83% 11% 6%
1	C	120	3% 83% 11% 6%
2	B	107	5% 75% 21% • •
2	D	107	22% 76% 21% •

2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3490 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Ahr homolog spineless.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	113	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			862	549	151	156	6			
1	C	113	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			872	552	150	164	6			

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	262	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O61543
A	263	SER	-	expression tag	UNP O61543
A	284	CYS	MET	engineered mutation	UNP O61543
A	336	LEU	TYR	engineered mutation	UNP O61543
C	262	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP O61543
C	263	SER	-	expression tag	UNP O61543
C	284	CYS	MET	engineered mutation	UNP O61543
C	336	LEU	TYR	engineered mutation	UNP O61543

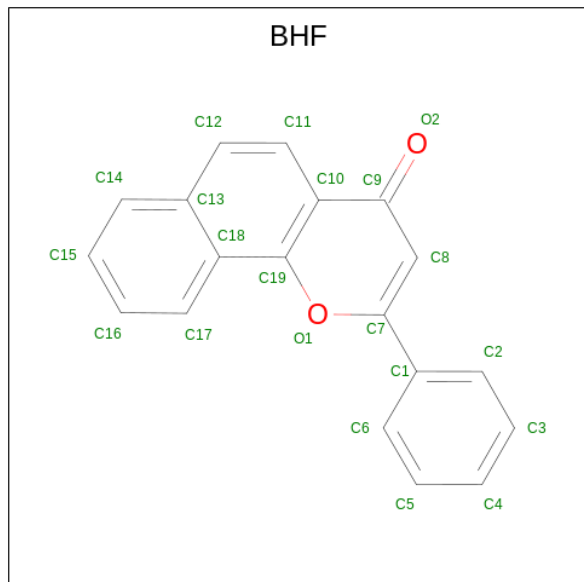
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Aryl hydrocarbon receptor nuclear translocator.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	103	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			861	552	148	156	5			
2	D	103	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			822	531	140	146	5			

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	358	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P53762
B	359	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P53762
D	358	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P53762
D	359	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P53762

- Molecule 3 is 2-PHENYL-4H-BENZO[H]CHROMEN-4-ONE (CCD ID: BHF) (formula: C₁₉H₁₂O₂) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

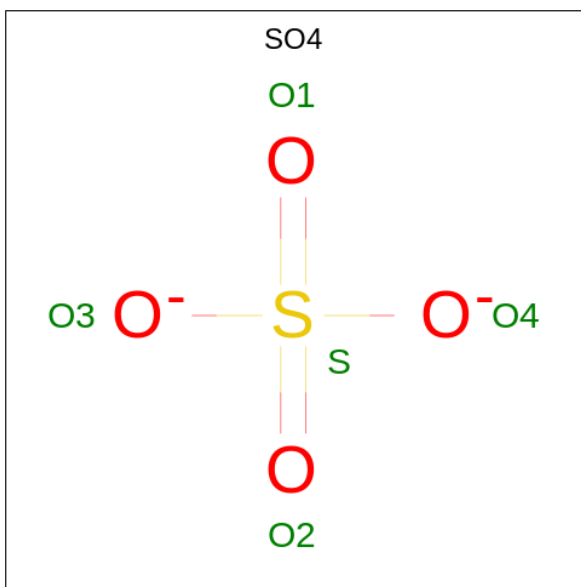


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			21	19	2		
3	C	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			21	19	2		

- Molecule 4 is ZINC ION (CCD ID: ZN) (formula: Zn) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		
4	C	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 5 is SULFATE ION (CCD ID: SO4) (formula: O₄S) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
5	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
5	C	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

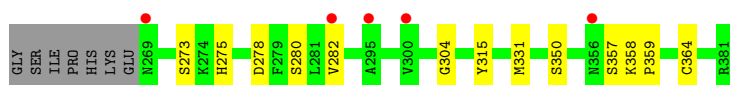
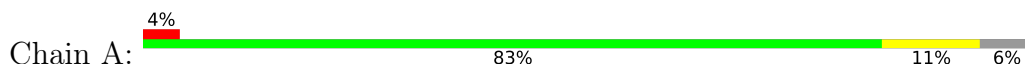
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	2	Total	O	0	0
			2	2		
6	B	6	Total	O	0	0
			6	6		
6	C	5	Total	O	0	0
			5	5		
6	D	1	Total	O	0	0
			1	1		

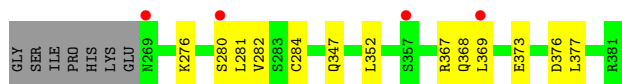
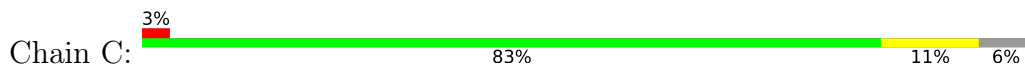
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Ahr homolog spineless



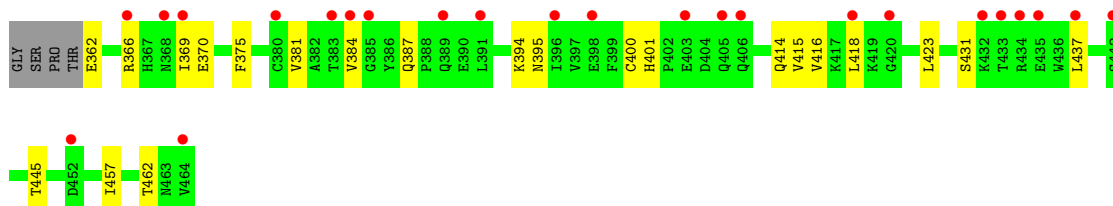
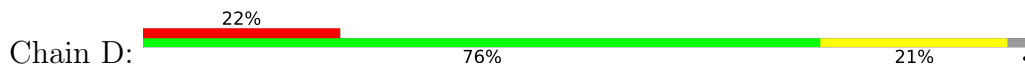
- Molecule 1: Ahr homolog spineless



- Molecule 2: Aryl hydrocarbon receptor nuclear translocator



- Molecule 2: Aryl hydrocarbon receptor nuclear translocator



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	109.64Å 107.29Å 62.27Å 90.00° 123.67° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	21.20 – 2.60 21.20 – 2.61	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.2 (21.20-2.60) 99.1 (21.20-2.61)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.28 (at 2.60Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.21.2	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.230 , 0.290 0.237 , 0.288	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	837 reflections (4.57%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	51.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.195	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.31 , 29.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.026 for -h-2*k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	3490	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	53.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.33% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BHF, SO4, ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.10	0/880	0.27	0/1186
1	C	0.10	0/890	0.27	0/1200
2	B	0.19	0/882	0.43	1/1193 (0.1%)
2	D	0.20	0/842	0.40	0/1144
All	All	0.15	0/3494	0.35	1/4723 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	432	LYS	N-CA-C	-5.83	105.00	111.36

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	862	0	816	13	0
1	C	872	0	817	9	0
2	B	861	0	829	13	0
2	D	822	0	774	19	0
3	A	21	0	12	1	0
3	C	21	0	12	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	C	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	10	0	0	0	0
5	C	5	0	0	0	0
6	A	2	0	0	0	0
6	B	6	0	0	1	0
6	C	5	0	0	0	0
6	D	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	3490	0	3260	49	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (49) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:282:VAL:HG13	2:D:370:GLU:HG3	1.53	0.90
1:A:282:VAL:HG13	2:D:370:GLU:CG	2.21	0.70
1:A:273:SER:HG	1:A:275:HIS:HE2	1.31	0.70
2:D:431:SER:HB3	2:D:437:LEU:HD11	1.75	0.69
2:D:415:VAL:HG12	2:D:445:THR:HG23	1.77	0.65
1:C:369:LEU:HG	1:C:373:GLU:OE1	1.97	0.65
1:A:358:LYS:HE3	1:A:359:PRO:HD2	1.79	0.64
2:B:383:THR:HG22	2:B:383:THR:O	1.97	0.63
1:C:347:GLN:OE1	1:C:367:ARG:NH1	2.32	0.62
1:C:281:LEU:HD11	1:C:284:CYS:HB2	1.82	0.61
2:B:409:ARG:NE	6:B:501:HOH:O	2.29	0.60
2:D:381:VAL:HG12	2:D:387:GLN:HA	1.85	0.58
1:A:278:ASP:OD1	1:A:280:SER:OG	2.22	0.57
1:A:282:VAL:HG13	2:D:370:GLU:CD	2.30	0.56
2:D:415:VAL:HG22	2:D:423:LEU:HD13	1.88	0.56
2:D:370:GLU:O	2:D:395:ASN:ND2	2.38	0.55
2:D:366:ARG:HG3	2:D:375:PHE:HB3	1.90	0.52
2:B:429:PHE:HB2	2:B:439:MET:HG3	1.91	0.52
2:D:369:ILE:HG23	2:D:416:VAL:HG21	1.93	0.51
1:A:315:TYR:CE2	1:A:331:MET:HG2	2.46	0.51
2:B:364:ILE:N	2:B:377:ASP:OD1	2.41	0.51
1:A:357:SER:O	1:A:357:SER:OG	2.30	0.50
2:D:362:GLU:HB3	2:D:462:THR:HG23	1.94	0.49
2:D:400:CYS:SG	2:D:401:HIS:N	2.86	0.49
1:A:273:SER:HG	1:A:275:HIS:CD2	2.31	0.49

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:404:ASP:CG	2:B:428:ARG:HH21	2.21	0.49
1:A:350:SER:HB3	1:A:364:CYS:SG	2.55	0.47
2:D:416:VAL:HA	2:D:445:THR:HG21	1.95	0.47
2:B:383:THR:O	2:B:383:THR:CG2	2.61	0.47
2:B:366:ARG:HG2	2:B:375:PHE:HB3	1.97	0.47
2:D:384:VAL:O	2:D:431:SER:HB2	2.17	0.45
1:C:276:LYS:HD3	1:C:280:SER:OG	2.17	0.44
1:A:273:SER:OG	1:A:275:HIS:NE2	2.27	0.44
2:B:397:VAL:HG21	2:B:409:ARG:HG2	1.99	0.44
2:B:369:ILE:HA	2:B:457:ILE:HD11	2.00	0.43
1:C:352:LEU:HD12	1:C:352:LEU:HA	1.82	0.43
2:D:394:LYS:HE3	2:D:394:LYS:HB2	1.75	0.43
2:D:414:GLN:O	2:D:418:LEU:HD12	2.18	0.42
1:A:304:GLY:O	3:A:401:BHF:H2	2.19	0.42
2:B:426:MET:HE2	2:B:426:MET:HB3	1.81	0.42
1:A:282:VAL:CG1	2:D:370:GLU:CD	2.92	0.42
1:C:376:ASP:OD1	1:C:376:ASP:C	2.63	0.42
2:B:389:GLN:H	2:B:389:GLN:CD	2.28	0.42
2:B:405:GLN:O	2:B:409:ARG:HG3	2.19	0.42
1:C:368:GLN:C	1:C:369:LEU:HD12	2.45	0.41
2:D:415:VAL:HG22	2:D:423:LEU:HB2	2.03	0.41
2:B:370:GLU:HG2	1:C:282:VAL:CG2	2.51	0.41
1:C:369:LEU:CD2	1:C:377:LEU:HD12	2.50	0.41
2:D:445:THR:HG22	2:D:457:ILE:HG12	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	111/120 (92%)	110 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100 100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	111/120 (92%)	109 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
2	B	101/107 (94%)	98 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
2	D	101/107 (94%)	97 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	424/454 (93%)	414 (98%)	10 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	84/103 (82%)	84 (100%)	0	100	100
1	C	87/103 (84%)	87 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	96/101 (95%)	90 (94%)	6 (6%)	16	36
2	D	87/101 (86%)	87 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	354/408 (87%)	348 (98%)	6 (2%)	53	78

All (6) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	430	ARG
2	B	431	SER
2	B	432	LYS
2	B	433	THR
2	B	434	ARG
2	B	447	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	301	ASN
2	B	463	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	344	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 5 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
5	SO4	A	403	-	4,4,4	0.14	0	6,6,6	0.07	0
3	BHF	A	401	-	24,24,24	1.75	5 (20%)	34,34,34	1.14	4 (11%)
5	SO4	A	404	-	4,4,4	0.14	0	6,6,6	0.04	0
5	SO4	C	403	-	4,4,4	0.14	0	6,6,6	0.05	0
3	BHF	C	401	-	24,24,24	1.74	5 (20%)	34,34,34	1.11	3 (8%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	BHF	A	401	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/4/4/4
3	BHF	C	401	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/4/4/4

All (10) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	401	BHF	C10-C9	-5.43	1.38	1.48
3	C	401	BHF	C10-C9	-5.37	1.39	1.48
3	A	401	BHF	C1-C7	-3.88	1.39	1.48
3	C	401	BHF	C1-C7	-3.82	1.39	1.48
3	A	401	BHF	C8-C9	-2.70	1.38	1.44
3	C	401	BHF	C8-C9	-2.65	1.38	1.44
3	A	401	BHF	C19-C18	-2.13	1.38	1.43
3	C	401	BHF	C18-C13	-2.09	1.39	1.43
3	A	401	BHF	C18-C13	-2.07	1.39	1.43
3	C	401	BHF	C19-C18	-2.05	1.39	1.43

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	401	BHF	C7-C8-C9	-3.63	118.34	122.25
3	C	401	BHF	C7-C8-C9	-3.55	118.43	122.25
3	A	401	BHF	O1-C19-C18	2.19	117.17	114.58
3	C	401	BHF	O1-C19-C18	2.14	117.11	114.58
3	A	401	BHF	O1-C7-C8	2.14	123.77	121.68
3	A	401	BHF	C17-C18-C13	2.11	120.62	117.89
3	C	401	BHF	C17-C18-C13	2.10	120.61	117.89

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

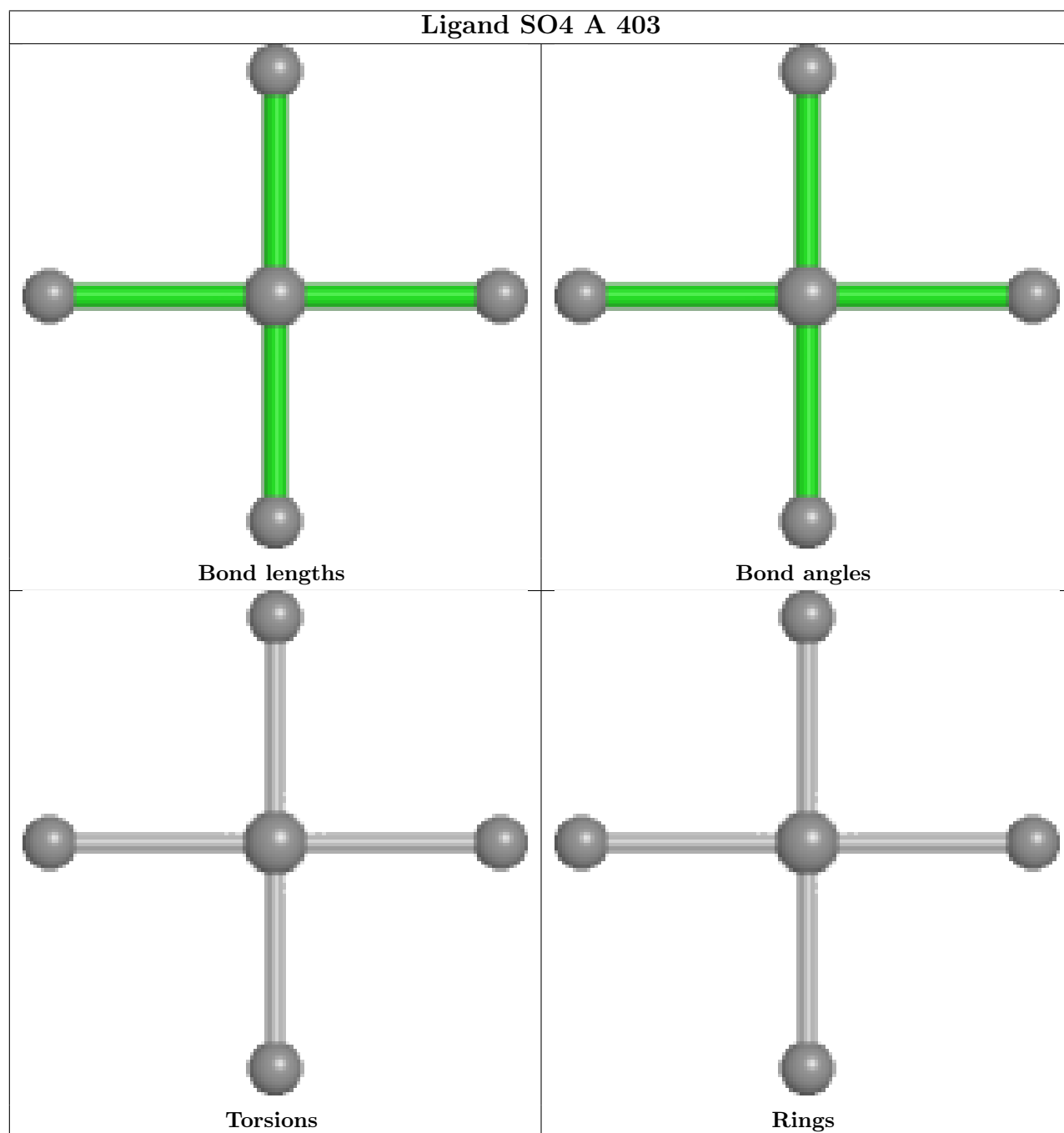
There are no ring outliers.

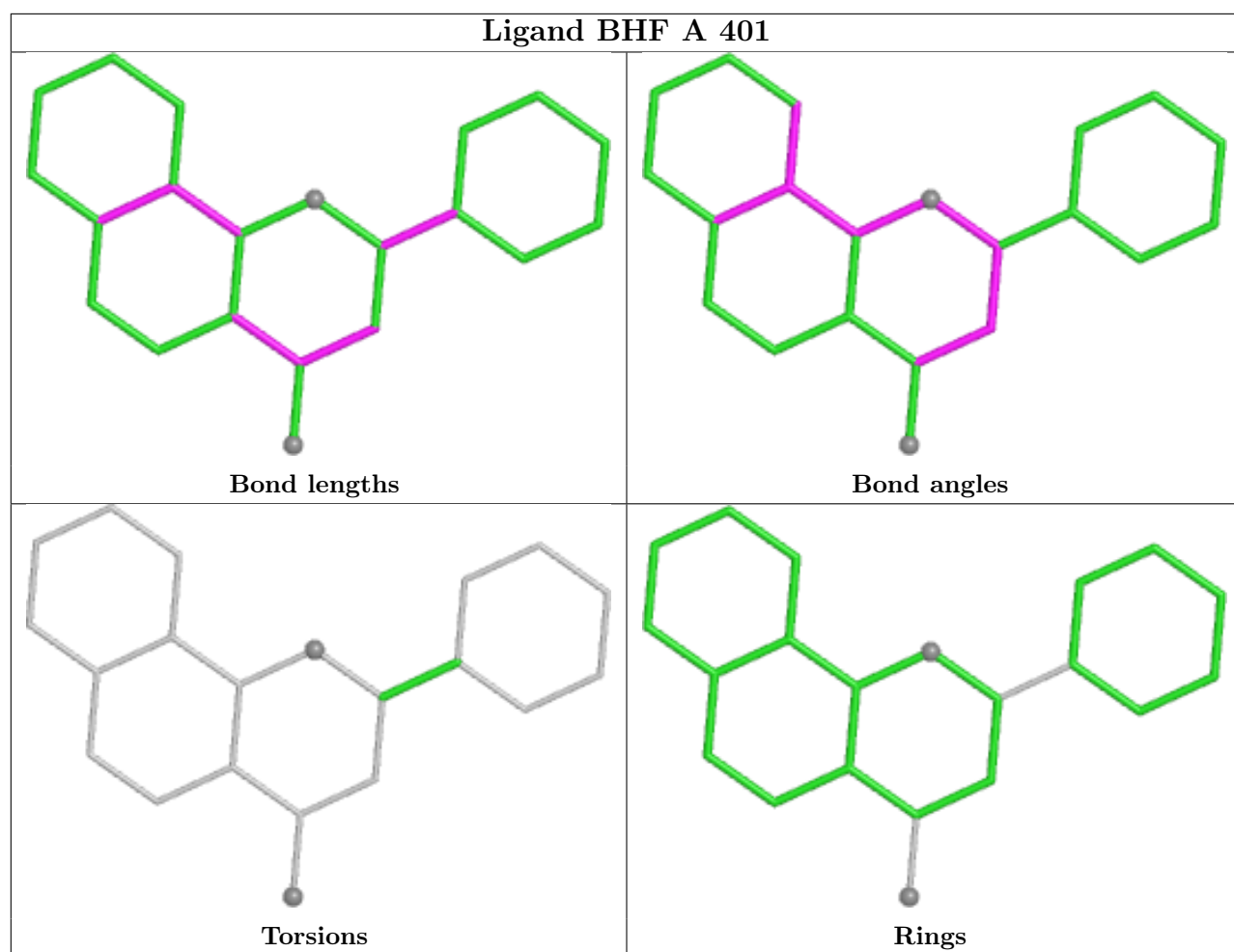
1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

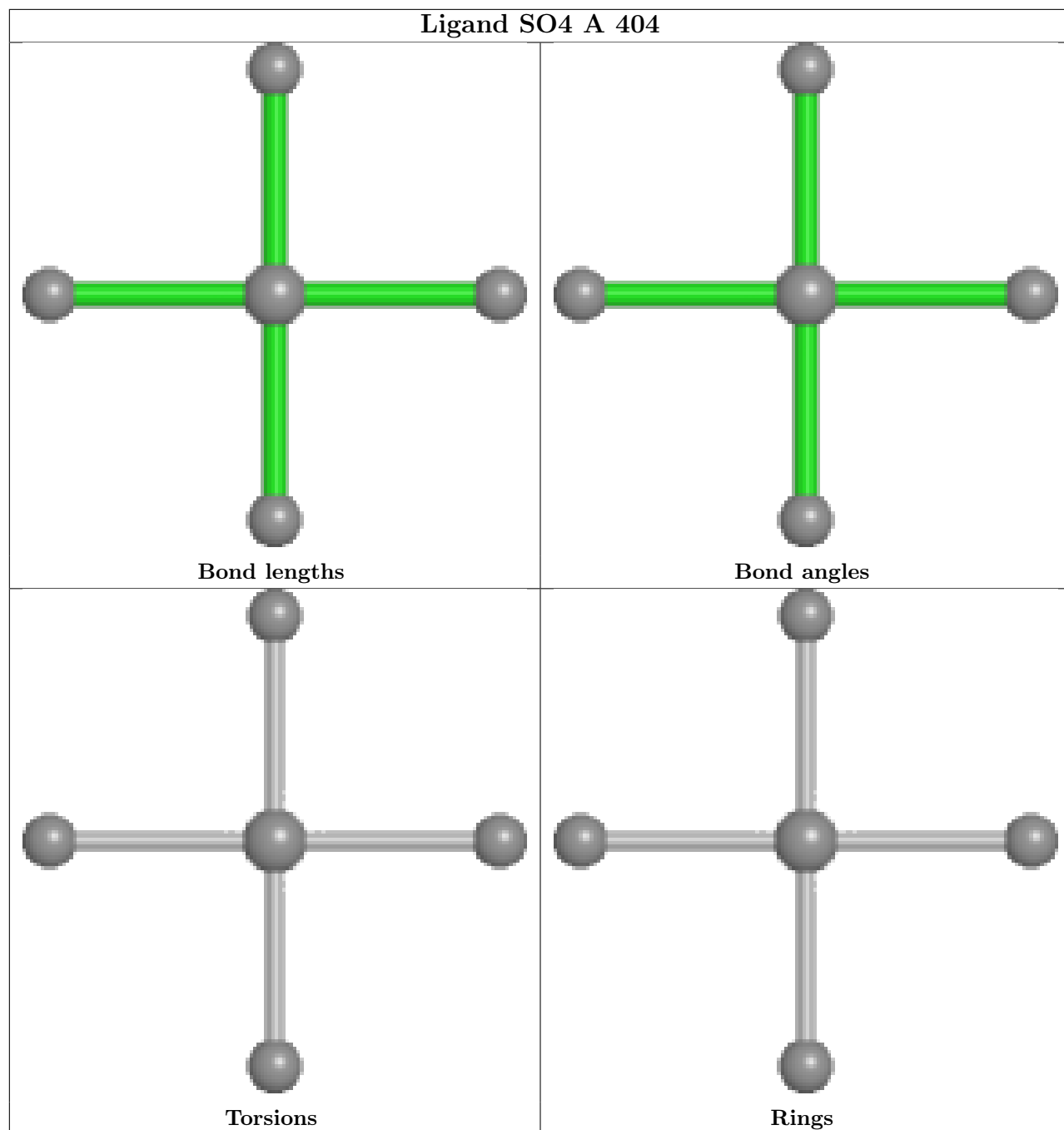
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	401	BHF	1	0

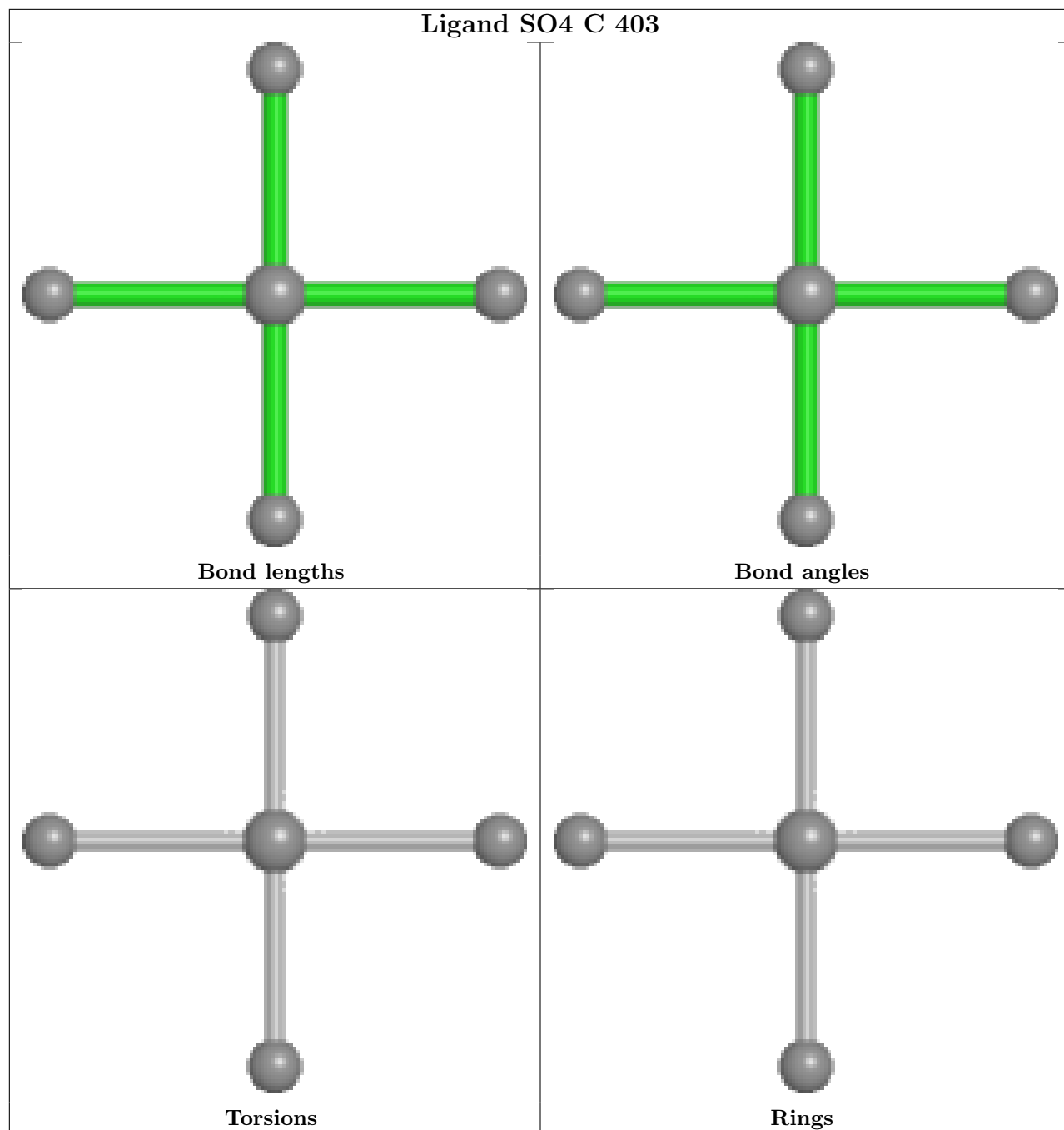
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be

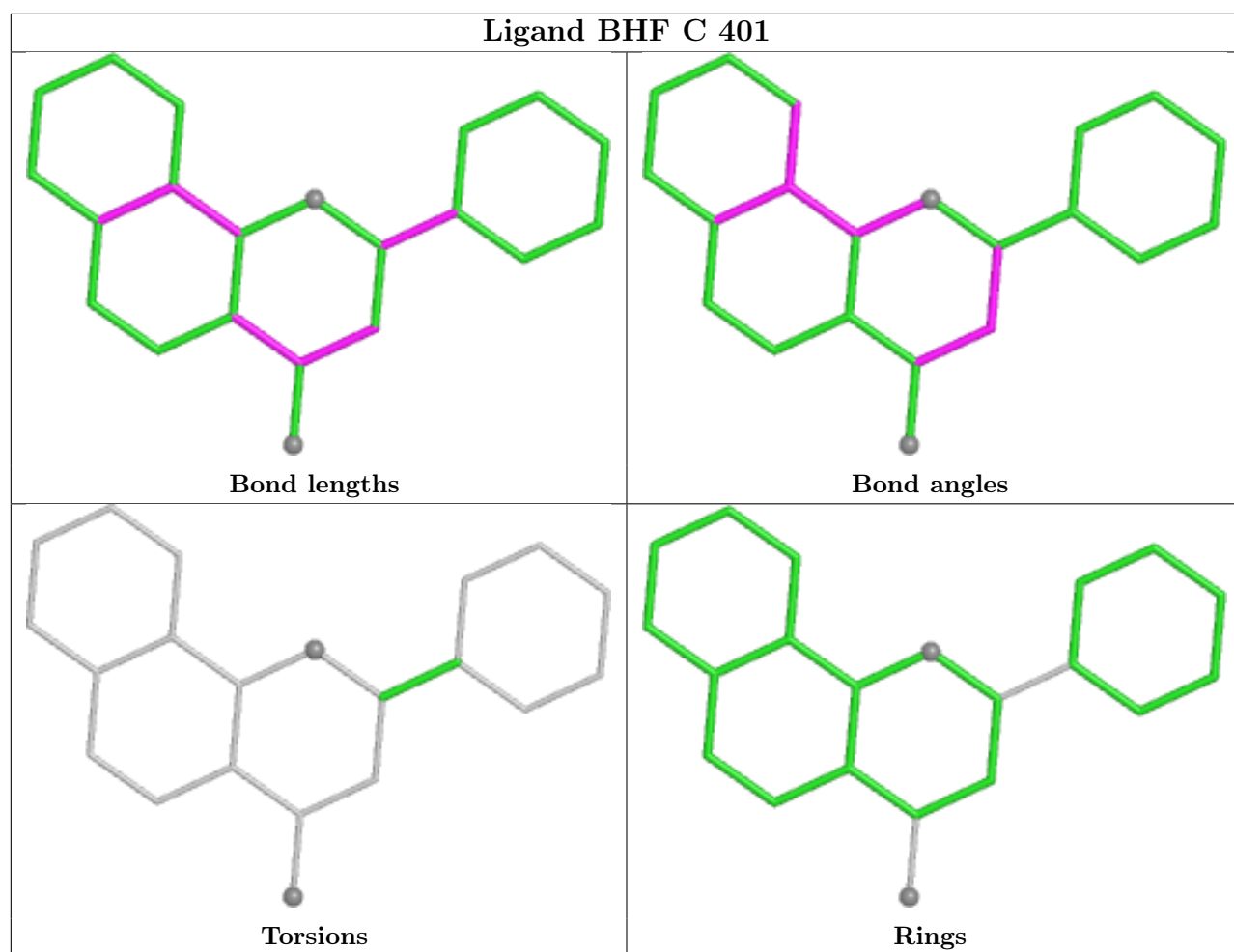
highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.











5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	113/120 (94%)	0.49	5 (4%) 39 33	31, 45, 70, 94	0
1	C	113/120 (94%)	0.43	4 (3%) 47 41	31, 47, 67, 92	0
2	B	103/107 (96%)	0.72	5 (4%) 35 29	35, 47, 59, 68	0
2	D	103/107 (96%)	1.42	24 (23%) 2 1	41, 72, 97, 113	0
All	All	432/454 (95%)	0.75	38 (8%) 15 12	31, 51, 87, 113	0

All (38) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	D	464	VAL	3.8
2	B	378	HIS	3.7
2	D	432	LYS	3.6
1	A	282	VAL	3.5
2	D	383	THR	3.2
1	C	269	ASN	3.1
1	A	269	ASN	3.1
2	D	418	LEU	3.1
2	B	383	THR	3.0
2	D	385	GLY	3.0
2	D	369	ILE	2.9
2	D	380	CYS	2.9
2	D	420	GLY	2.8
2	D	435	GLU	2.7
2	D	434	ARG	2.7
2	B	464	VAL	2.7
2	D	433	THR	2.6
2	D	403	GLU	2.6
2	D	396	ILE	2.5
2	D	384	VAL	2.5
1	C	369	LEU	2.5

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	B	418	LEU	2.5
2	D	398	GLU	2.5
2	D	437	LEU	2.5
2	D	405	GLN	2.4
1	A	356	ASN	2.4
1	A	295	ALA	2.4
2	B	423	LEU	2.3
2	D	389	GLN	2.3
2	D	442	SER	2.3
1	C	357	SER	2.2
2	D	452	ASP	2.2
2	D	391	LEU	2.2
2	D	366	ARG	2.2
2	D	368	ASN	2.2
1	C	280	SER	2.1
1	A	300	VAL	2.1
2	D	406	GLN	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

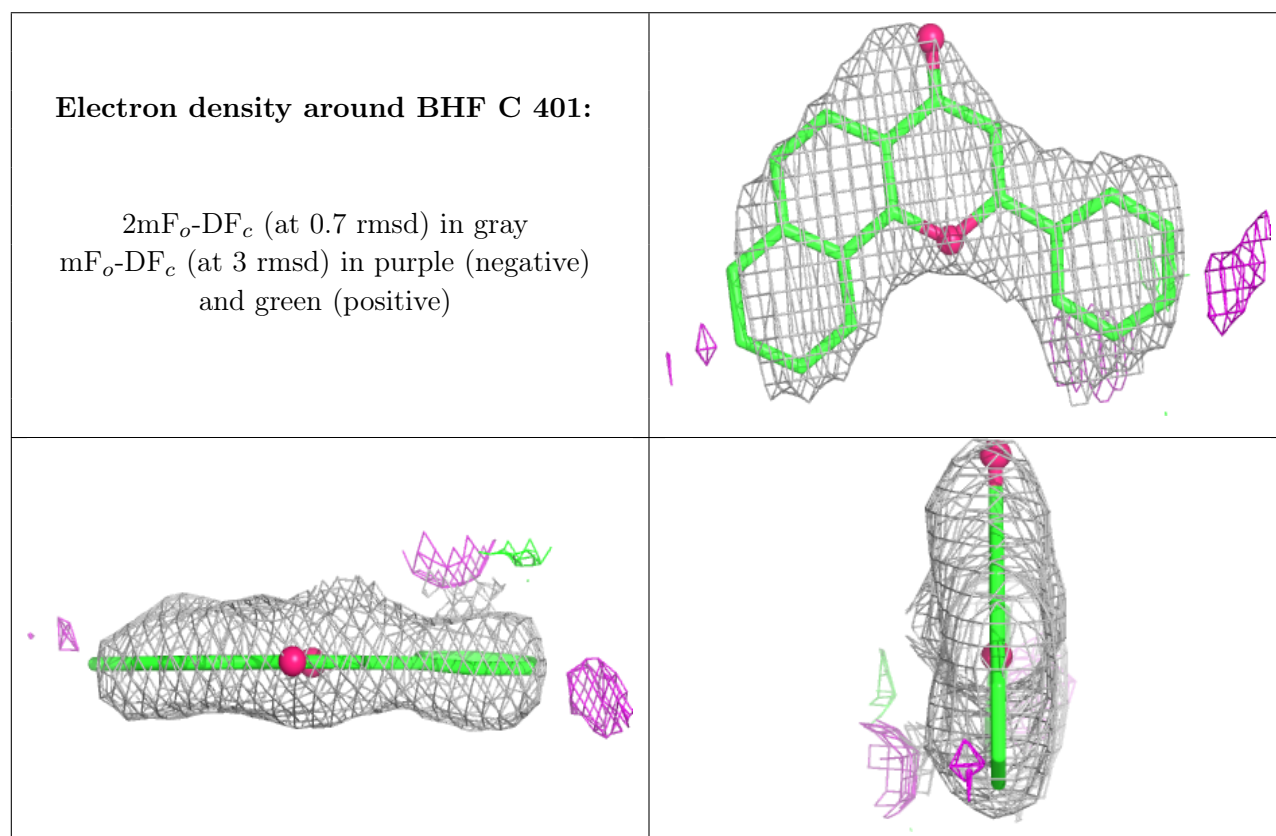
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
3	BHF	C	401	21/21	0.87	0.14	37,53,62,69	0
3	BHF	A	401	21/21	0.89	0.13	43,54,61,66	0
5	SO4	C	403	5/5	0.89	0.11	62,64,68,77	0
5	SO4	A	404	5/5	0.90	0.21	51,53,58,63	0
4	ZN	A	402	1/1	0.92	0.17	26,26,26,26	0
5	SO4	A	403	5/5	0.94	0.12	43,50,55,58	0

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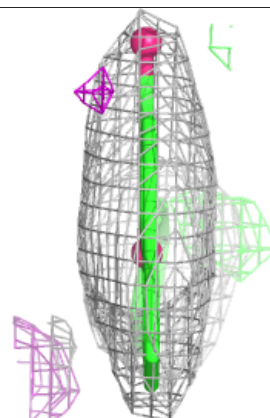
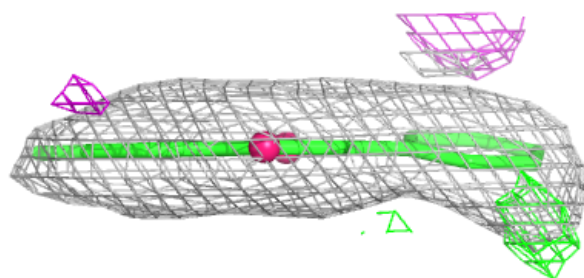
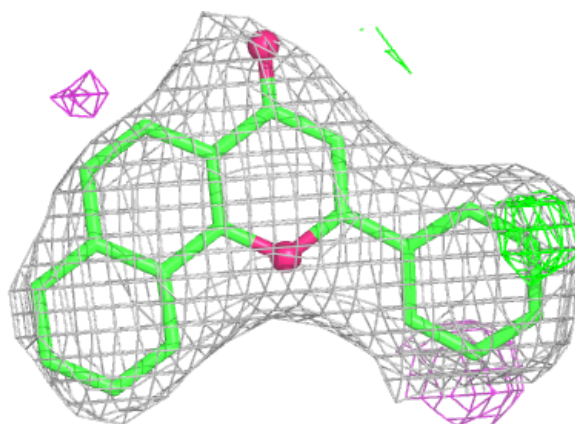
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\text{\AA}^2$)	Q<0.9
4	ZN	C	402	1/1	0.95	0.16	25,25,25,25	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



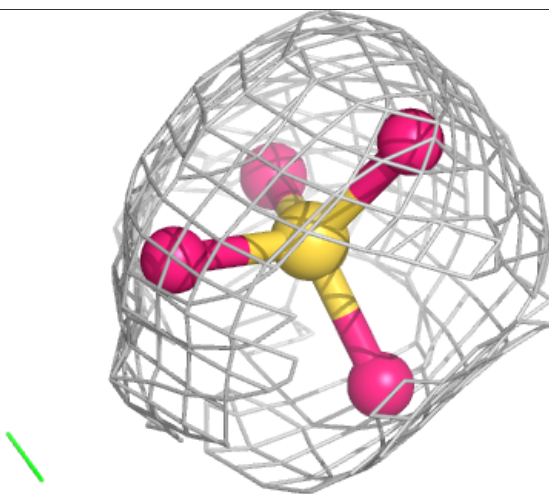
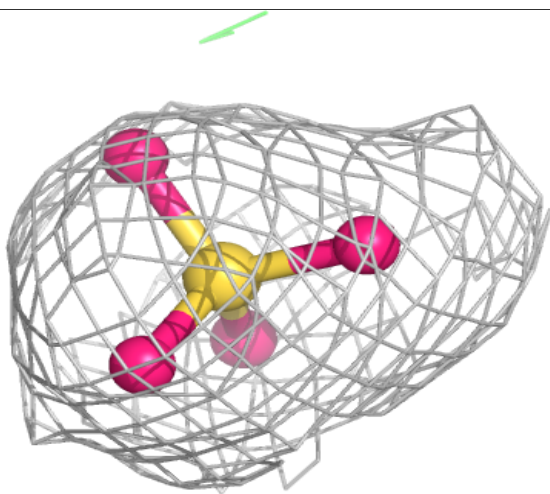
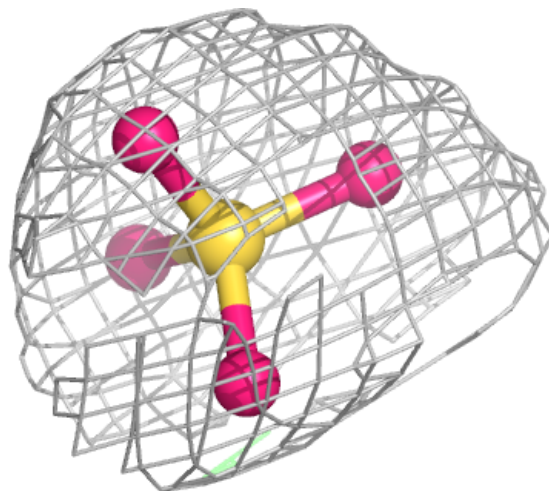
Electron density around BHF A 401:

$2mF_o - DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 $mF_o - DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



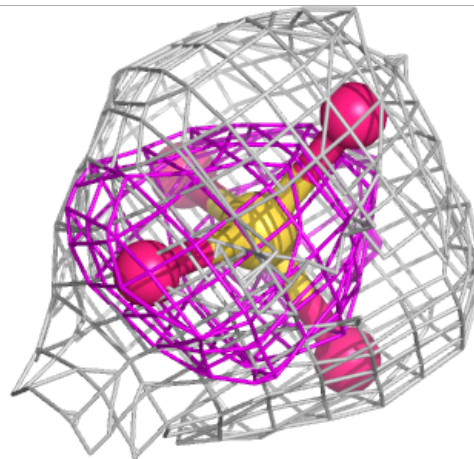
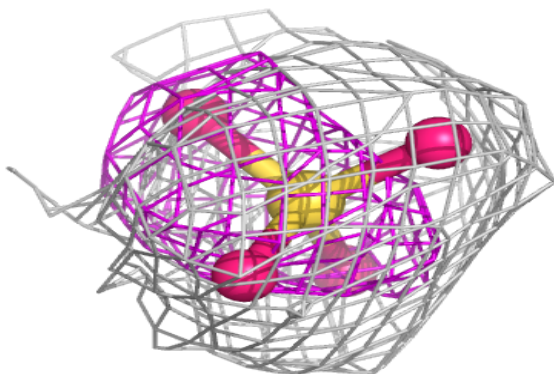
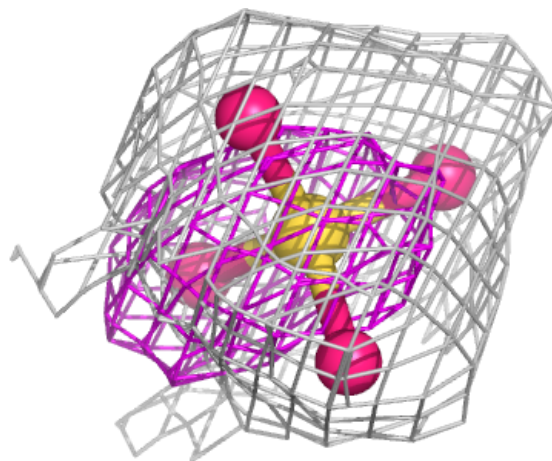
Electron density around SO4 C 403:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



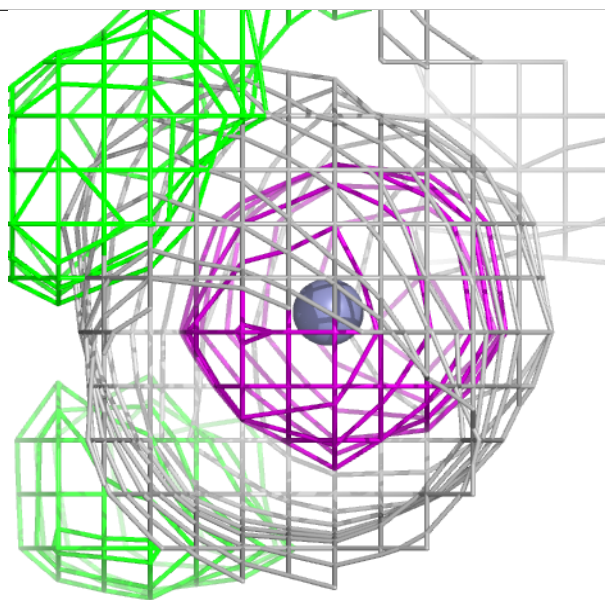
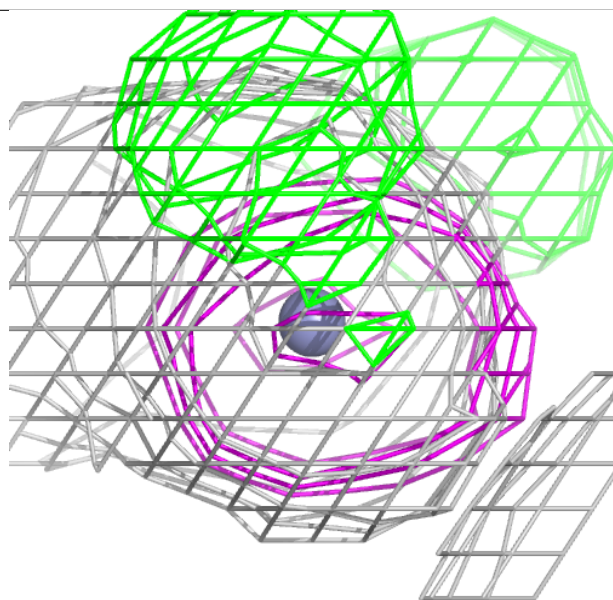
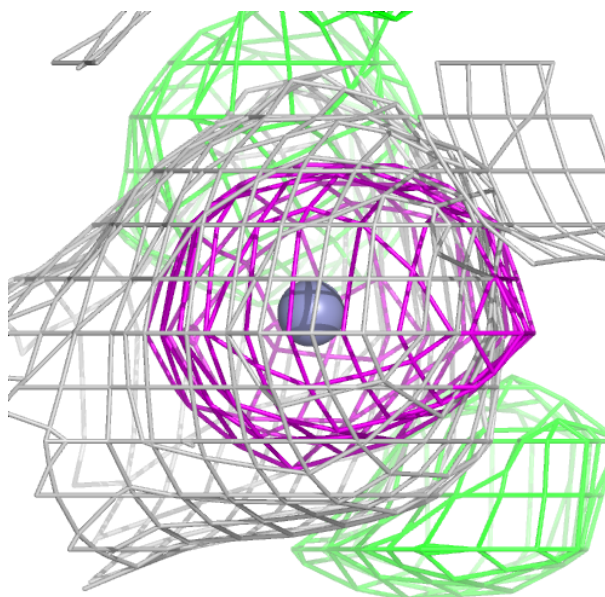
Electron density around SO4 A 404:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



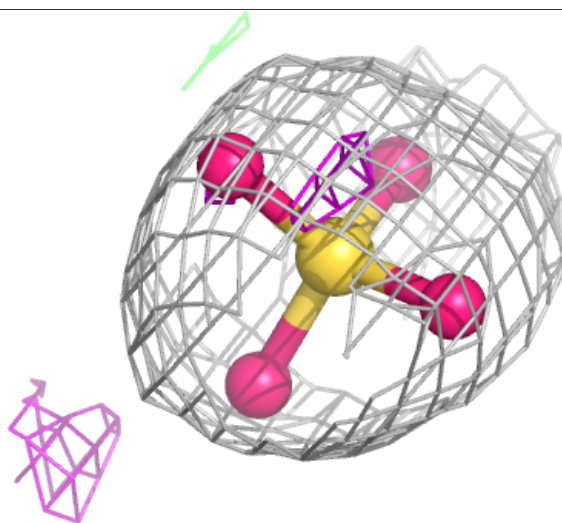
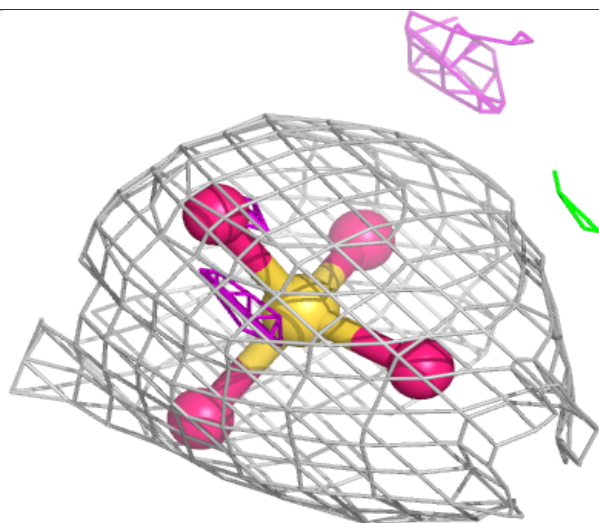
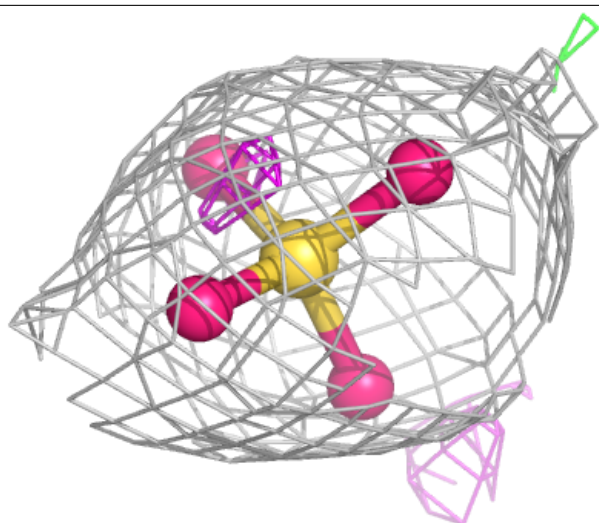
Electron density around ZN A 402:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



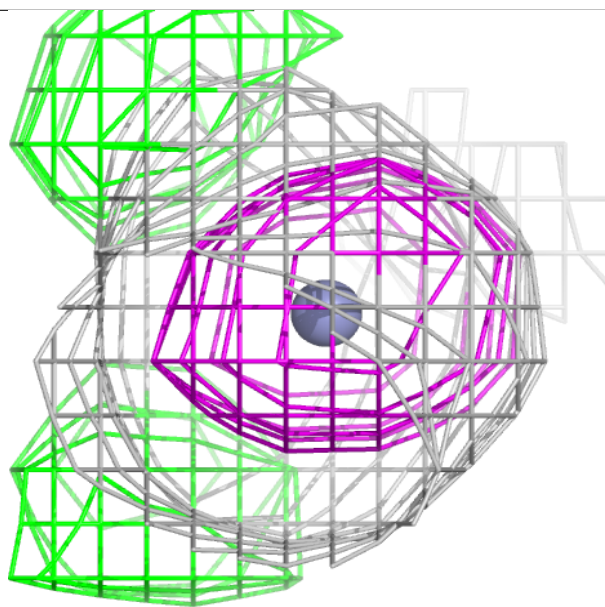
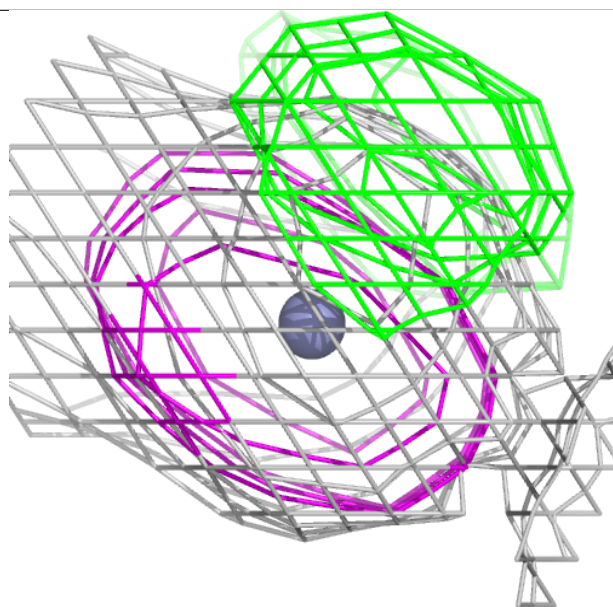
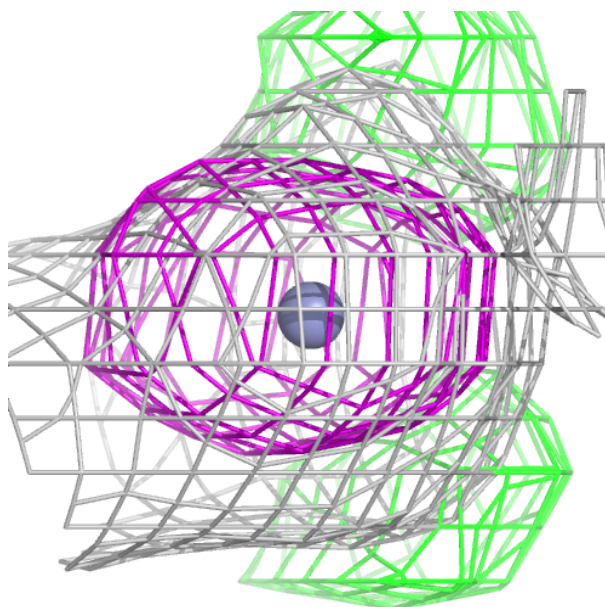
Electron density around SO4 A 403:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around ZN C 402:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.