



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Jun 25, 2025 – 03:24 am BST

PDB ID : 7Q62 / pdb_00007q62
EMDB ID : EMD-13850
Title : Structure of TEV cleaved A2ML1 dimer (A2ML1-TT dimer)
Authors : Nielsen, N.S.; Zarantonello, A.; Andersen, G.R.
Deposited on : 2021-11-05
Resolution : 3.18 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev118
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.44

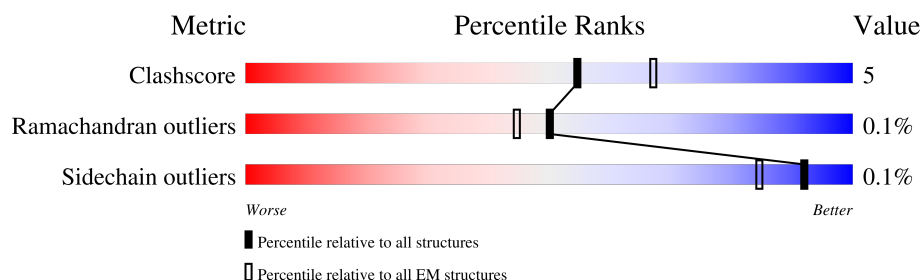
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.18 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	1436	9% 73% 12% 15%
1	B	1436	50% 8% 43%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

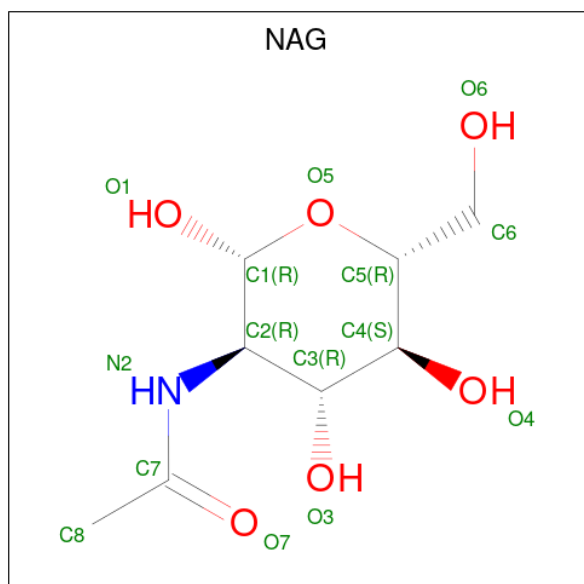
There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 16186 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Alpha-2-macroglobulin-like protein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	1223	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			9560	6117	1573	1824	46		
1	B	822	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			6486	4159	1070	1228	29		

- Molecule 2 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	

- Molecule 1: Alpha-2-macroglobulin-like protein 1

Frequency	Percentage
Daily	50%
Weekly	8%
Monthly	43%



LEU	THR	ILE	HIS	THR	SER	TYR	VAL	GLY	SER	ILE	ARG	SER	SER	SER	ASN	MET	ALA	THR	ILE	VAL	ASN	GLU	VAL	LYS	PRO	ALA	MET	LEU	THR	ILE	SER	GLY	PHE	SER	TYR	ASP	PRO	TYR	MET	GLY	TYR	LEU	PRO	ASP	ASN	GLN	GLU	LEU	ALA	LEU	LEU	GLN	GLN	TYR	PRO	LEU	SER	VAL	LYS	LYS	VAL	GLU	PHE	GLY	THR	ASP	THR	LEU	ASN	ILE	TYR	LEU	ASP	GLU	LEU
ILE	LYS	ASN	THR	GLN	THR	TYR	THR	PHE	THR	THR	ILE	SER	GLN	SER	VAL	LEU	VAL	VAL	ASN	LEU	LYS	PRO	ALA	THR	ILE	LYS	VAL	TYR	ASP	TYR	TYR	LEU	PRO	ASP	ASN	GLN	GLU	GLN	ALA	THR	ILE	GLN	TYR	SER	ASP	PRO	CYS	GLU																											

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	174680	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	61	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	600	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1200	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.244	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.122	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.005	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.035	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	331.264, 331.264, 331.264	wwPDB
Map dimensions	512, 512, 512	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	0.647, 0.647, 0.647	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.27	0/9778	0.63	10/13288 (0.1%)
1	B	0.24	0/6649	0.56	4/9036 (0.0%)
All	All	0.25	0/16427	0.61	14/22324 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (14) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
1	A	279	CYS	CA-CB-SG	16.31	151.91	114.40
1	A	259	CYS	CA-CB-SG	16.20	151.66	114.40
1	A	259	CYS	N-CA-C	8.77	122.76	108.99
1	A	279	CYS	N-CA-C	7.29	119.95	108.79
1	B	103	ASN	CA-C-N	5.74	132.50	121.54
1	B	103	ASN	C-N-CA	5.74	132.50	121.54
1	A	45	PRO	CA-N-CD	-5.74	103.97	112.00
1	B	353	PRO	CA-C-N	5.58	132.21	121.54
1	B	353	PRO	C-N-CA	5.58	132.21	121.54
1	A	353	PRO	CA-C-N	5.32	131.70	121.54
1	A	353	PRO	C-N-CA	5.32	131.70	121.54
1	A	999	ARG	CA-CB-CG	5.27	124.64	114.10
1	A	458	LEU	CA-C-N	5.04	131.17	121.54
1	A	458	LEU	C-N-CA	5.04	131.17	121.54

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	45	PRO	Peptide
1	A	835	GLU	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	9560	0	9437	95	0
1	B	6486	0	6357	64	0
2	A	70	0	65	2	0
2	B	70	0	65	1	0
All	All	16186	0	15924	156	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (156) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:562:VAL:HA	1:A:582:GLN:O	1.71	0.90
1:B:562:VAL:HA	1:B:582:GLN:O	1.73	0.88
1:B:43:LEU:O	1:B:74:ARG:HA	1.90	0.70
1:A:918:LEU:HD21	1:A:927:GLU:HB2	1.82	0.62
1:A:163:PRO:HG2	1:A:192:MET:HE2	1.82	0.61
1:A:54:VAL:HG23	1:A:65:LEU:HB2	1.84	0.58
1:B:53:THR:HA	1:B:66:LEU:O	2.02	0.58
1:A:557:CYS:SG	1:A:558:PHE:N	2.76	0.58
1:A:560:ASN:HB2	1:A:777:GLY:HA3	1.86	0.57
1:B:150:PRO:HG3	1:B:770:THR:HB	1.86	0.57
1:B:592:ARG:O	1:B:765:ALA:HA	2.05	0.57
1:A:451:SER:HB2	1:A:546:VAL:HG21	1.87	0.57
1:B:193:LEU:HD22	1:B:212:GLU:HA	1.85	0.57
1:B:831:GLU:HB3	1:B:866:ILE:HD12	1.86	0.57
1:B:160:LEU:HB3	1:B:169:ALA:HB3	1.86	0.57

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:280:ARG:NH1	1:A:281:ASN:O	2.39	0.56
1:A:22:ASN:H	1:A:44:SER:HG	1.54	0.56
1:A:25:VAL:HB	1:A:41:LEU:HD13	1.88	0.55
1:B:823:GLN:HB2	1:B:875:LEU:HD22	1.88	0.55
1:A:117:ARG:HH21	2:A:1501:NAG:H82	1.70	0.55
1:A:806:PHE:O	1:A:857:ASN:HA	2.06	0.54
1:B:323:THR:HA	1:B:809:THR:HG21	1.89	0.54
1:B:342:MET:HE1	1:B:363:VAL:HG13	1.90	0.54
1:A:819:CYS:HA	1:A:847:CYS:HA	1.90	0.54
1:A:370:PHE:O	1:A:372:LYS:NZ	2.41	0.53
1:A:316:ALA:O	1:A:328:ASN:HA	2.09	0.53
1:A:1268:SER:HB2	1:A:1293:ASN:HD22	1.74	0.53
1:A:412:ASP:N	1:A:412:ASP:OD1	2.41	0.53
1:B:322:GLY:O	1:B:855:HIS:NE2	2.41	0.53
1:B:30:ARG:HE	1:B:624:PRO:HG3	1.74	0.52
1:A:68:TYR:OH	1:A:75:HIS:ND1	2.42	0.52
1:A:1070:GLN:HG2	1:A:1076:TYR:H	1.74	0.52
1:B:338:GLN:NE2	1:B:436:GLN:OE1	2.43	0.52
1:A:128:LYS:NZ	1:A:735:GLU:OE1	2.43	0.51
1:A:828:LYS:NZ	1:A:832:TYR:O	2.43	0.51
1:A:127:ASP:OD1	1:A:131:TYR:OH	2.28	0.51
1:B:277:ASP:N	1:B:277:ASP:OD1	2.44	0.51
1:A:573:PRO:O	1:A:728:GLN:NE2	2.44	0.50
1:A:323:THR:HA	1:A:809:THR:HG21	1.93	0.50
1:A:229:LEU:HD13	1:A:333:ILE:HG21	1.94	0.50
1:A:889:PRO:O	1:A:893:ARG:NH1	2.44	0.50
1:A:338:GLN:NE2	1:A:436:GLN:OE1	2.45	0.49
1:A:1274:ARG:NH1	1:A:1275:THR:O	2.46	0.49
1:B:361:ILE:HB	1:B:399:ALA:HB3	1.95	0.49
1:B:862:LYS:NZ	1:B:863:LEU:O	2.45	0.49
1:B:54:VAL:HG22	1:B:66:LEU:HB2	1.95	0.49
1:B:142:VAL:HG13	1:B:180:ILE:HG22	1.95	0.49
1:A:127:ASP:OD1	1:A:127:ASP:N	2.43	0.48
1:A:57:GLU:HG2	1:A:62:THR:HG23	1.95	0.48
1:A:27:LEU:HD23	1:A:113:VAL:HG11	1.95	0.48
1:A:560:ASN:ND2	1:A:775:GLY:O	2.47	0.48
1:B:122:THR:HA	1:B:142:VAL:O	2.13	0.48
1:A:147:ASN:O	1:A:527:ARG:NH1	2.47	0.48
1:A:342:MET:HG2	1:A:363:VAL:HG22	1.96	0.48
1:B:670:ASP:N	1:B:670:ASP:OD1	2.43	0.48
1:A:496:LYS:H	1:A:529:ALA:HB2	1.79	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:594:VAL:HG23	1:A:736:THR:HG22	1.96	0.47
1:B:42:ASP:OD2	1:B:74:ARG:NH1	2.43	0.47
1:A:1134:LEU:HD23	1:A:1160:LEU:HD23	1.97	0.47
1:B:316:ALA:O	1:B:328:ASN:HA	2.15	0.47
1:A:1194:VAL:HG22	1:A:1224:TRP:HH2	1.80	0.47
1:A:322:GLY:O	1:A:855:HIS:NE2	2.39	0.46
1:A:968:SER:HB2	1:A:977:LEU:HD21	1.97	0.46
1:A:1055:ASP:HB2	1:A:1057:LYS:HD2	1.96	0.46
1:A:160:LEU:HB3	1:A:169:ALA:HB3	1.97	0.46
1:A:1090:GLY:HA3	1:A:1192:VAL:HG13	1.97	0.46
1:B:164:ASN:ND2	1:B:192:MET:SD	2.85	0.46
1:A:256:VAL:HB	1:A:282:LEU:HB2	1.97	0.46
1:A:458:LEU:HB3	1:A:462:LEU:HD21	1.97	0.46
1:A:500:VAL:O	1:B:746:ASN:ND2	2.45	0.46
1:A:1266:VAL:O	1:A:1273:GLN:HA	2.14	0.46
1:B:150:PRO:HB2	1:B:179:GLY:HA3	1.97	0.46
1:A:265:TYR:O	1:A:268:ARG:NH1	2.47	0.46
1:A:117:ARG:NH2	2:A:1501:NAG:O3	2.49	0.46
1:B:111:LYS:HD3	1:B:681:LYS:HD2	1.97	0.46
1:B:31:LEU:HD23	1:B:83:VAL:HG22	1.98	0.46
1:A:130:LEU:HD21	1:A:601:LEU:HD22	1.98	0.45
1:A:131:TYR:HB2	1:A:211:VAL:HG22	1.97	0.45
1:A:823:GLN:O	1:A:872:THR:HA	2.16	0.45
1:A:827:ALA:O	1:A:832:TYR:OH	2.33	0.45
1:A:1238:THR:OG1	1:A:1239:GLN:OE1	2.34	0.45
1:B:45:PRO:HD3	1:B:74:ARG:HB2	1.97	0.45
1:B:416:GLU:HA	1:B:438:ALA:O	2.16	0.45
1:B:729:VAL:HA	1:B:896:THR:HB	1.99	0.45
1:A:936:ASP:OD1	1:A:936:ASP:N	2.49	0.45
1:B:163:PRO:HG2	1:B:192:MET:HE2	1.98	0.45
1:B:99:SER:HA	1:B:107:PHE:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:254:VAL:HG22	1:A:318:VAL:HG22	1.99	0.45
1:A:1113:ASP:N	1:A:1113:ASP:OD1	2.50	0.45
1:B:592:ARG:NH2	1:B:604:ASP:OD2	2.49	0.45
1:B:25:VAL:HG22	1:B:41:LEU:HD13	1.99	0.45
1:A:339:MET:HA	1:A:366:HIS:HB3	1.99	0.45
1:A:865:HIS:HA	1:A:901:VAL:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:1193:ASP:OD1	1:A:1193:ASP:N	2.47	0.45
1:B:389:GLN:NE2	1:B:390:THR:O	2.49	0.45
1:B:737:TRP:NE1	1:B:755:THR:O	2.47	0.45
1:A:983:TYR:HB3	1:A:1245:LEU:HG	2.00	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:380:ILE:HB	1:A:387:PHE:HB2	1.99	0.44
1:B:412:ASP:HB3	1:B:444:PRO:HD3	2.00	0.44
1:A:277:ASP:OD1	1:A:277:ASP:N	2.43	0.44
1:A:77:HIS:HE2	1:B:752:VAL:HA	1.83	0.44
1:A:467:PRO:HA	1:A:522:LEU:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:827:ALA:HB3	1:A:869:THR:HG23	1.99	0.44
1:B:32:ASN:HB3	1:B:118:GLN:HB3	2.00	0.44
1:A:455:ILE:HD11	1:A:536:ILE:HG12	2.00	0.44
1:B:429:GLU:HG2	1:B:430:GLN:HG3	2.00	0.43
1:A:113:VAL:HG12	1:A:681:LYS:HG3	1.99	0.43
1:B:446:TYR:HB3	1:B:670:ASP:HB3	2.00	0.43
1:B:738:LEU:HD11	1:B:754:VAL:HG21	2.01	0.43
1:B:218:LYS:HA	1:B:218:LYS:HD3	1.82	0.43
1:A:743:PRO:HG3	1:B:82:LEU:HG	2.01	0.43
1:B:812:ILE:O	1:B:851:ALA:HA	2.18	0.43
1:A:480:ASP:N	1:A:480:ASP:OD1	2.49	0.43
1:A:1088:LYS:HD2	1:A:1097:LEU:HD21	2.01	0.43
1:B:807:ARG:HE	1:B:855:HIS:CD2	2.36	0.43
1:A:188:ALA:HB3	1:A:191:ALA:HB2	2.00	0.42
1:A:571:GLN:HE21	1:A:571:GLN:HB3	1.71	0.42
1:A:1238:THR:OG1	1:A:1239:GLN:N	2.52	0.42
1:A:874:ILE:HG22	1:A:888:VAL:HG12	2.01	0.42
1:B:557:CYS:SG	1:B:558:PHE:N	2.93	0.42
1:B:595:ASP:HB3	1:B:598:VAL:HG23	2.01	0.42
1:A:1278:ILE:HG23	1:A:1283:ARG:HA	2.01	0.42
1:B:154:LYS:HD2	1:B:154:LYS:HA	1.83	0.42
1:A:794:LEU:HG	1:A:897:LEU:HD23	2.02	0.42
1:A:367:ASP:OD1	1:A:367:ASP:N	2.45	0.42
1:A:1264:LEU:O	1:A:1275:THR:HA	2.19	0.42
1:B:59:LYS:HA	1:B:59:LYS:HD3	1.90	0.42
1:B:585:PRO:HB3	1:B:746:ASN:HA	2.00	0.42
1:A:805:SER:HA	1:A:858:ILE:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:58:THR:HG23	1:A:61:LYS:H	1.84	0.42
1:B:467:PRO:HA	1:B:522:LEU:O	2.20	0.42
1:A:1114:ASP:HB2	1:A:1117:VAL:HG22	2.02	0.42
1:A:255:GLN:HA	1:A:282:LEU:O	2.19	0.41
1:B:254:VAL:HG13	1:B:318:VAL:HG22	2.02	0.41
1:A:1133:ASN:O	1:A:1136:THR:OG1	2.34	0.41
1:A:43:LEU:O	1:A:74:ARG:HA	2.21	0.41
1:A:312:ILE:HG13	1:A:335:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.41
1:B:126:THR:HG23	1:B:605:ARG:HH22	1.85	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:865:HIS:HA	1:B:901:VAL:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:55:THR:HG22	1:A:64:LYS:HA	2.03	0.41
1:B:263:ASN:N	1:B:307:ALA:O	2.52	0.41
1:B:491:TYR:HB3	1:B:536:ILE:HG12	2.02	0.41
1:B:819:CYS:HA	1:B:847:CYS:HA	2.03	0.41
1:A:727:SER:HA	1:A:894:SER:HB2	2.02	0.41
1:A:768:PHE:HB3	1:A:778:LEU:HD13	2.03	0.41
1:A:1032:ASN:HB2	1:A:1079:VAL:CG1	2.50	0.41
1:B:119:GLY:HA2	2:B:1501:NAG:H61	2.02	0.41
1:B:237:LEU:HD11	1:B:293:SER:HB3	2.01	0.41
1:A:27:LEU:HD12	1:A:28:PRO:HD2	2.03	0.40
1:B:140:ARG:HA	1:B:181:VAL:O	2.20	0.40
1:A:1151:ASP:OD1	1:A:1151:ASP:N	2.52	0.40
1:B:491:TYR:CZ	1:B:503:GLY:HA3	2.56	0.40
1:B:807:ARG:HE	1:B:855:HIS:HD2	1.68	0.40
1:A:122:THR:HB	1:A:143:THR:HG23	2.03	0.40
1:A:836:SER:HB2	1:A:839:ASP:HB2	2.04	0.40
1:A:1141:ALA:HB2	1:A:1156:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	1215/1436 (85%)	1154 (95%)	59 (5%)	2 (0%)	44	73
1	B	816/1436 (57%)	779 (96%)	36 (4%)	1 (0%)	48	78
All	All	2031/2872 (71%)	1933 (95%)	95 (5%)	3 (0%)	50	78

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	459	ASN
1	B	459	ASN
1	A	1132	THR

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	1062/1253 (85%)	1062 (100%)	0	100	100
1	B	726/1253 (58%)	725 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	97
All	All	1788/2506 (71%)	1787 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	97

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	485	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (22) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	116	GLN
1	A	152	ASN
1	A	281	ASN
1	A	366	HIS
1	A	420	GLN
1	A	561	GLN
1	A	632	GLN
1	A	965	GLN
1	A	1070	GLN
1	A	1081	ASN
1	A	1263	ASN
1	A	1271	ASN
1	B	77	HIS
1	B	125	GLN
1	B	147	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	186	GLN
1	B	281	ASN
1	B	349	ASN
1	B	366	HIS
1	B	389	GLN
1	B	427	ASN
1	B	551	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

10 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	NAG	A	1501	1	14,14,15	0.48	0	17,19,21	0.83	1 (5%)
2	NAG	A	1504	1	14,14,15	0.78	0	17,19,21	0.44	0
2	NAG	B	1501	1	14,14,15	0.60	0	17,19,21	0.54	0
2	NAG	A	1503	1	14,14,15	0.71	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.48	0
2	NAG	B	1502	1	14,14,15	0.47	0	17,19,21	0.61	1 (5%)
2	NAG	B	1505	1	14,14,15	0.51	0	17,19,21	0.59	1 (5%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	NAG	B	1503	1	14,14,15	0.83	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.33	2 (11%)
2	NAG	A	1502	1	14,14,15	0.44	0	17,19,21	0.70	1 (5%)
2	NAG	B	1504	1	14,14,15	0.54	0	17,19,21	0.72	0
2	NAG	A	1505	1	14,14,15	1.00	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.46	3 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	A	1501	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	A	1504	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	1501	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	A	1503	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	1502	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	1505	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	1503	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	A	1502	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	1504	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	A	1505	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	1505	NAG	C1-C2	2.90	1.56	1.52
2	B	1503	NAG	C1-C2	2.48	1.56	1.52
2	A	1503	NAG	C1-C2	2.27	1.55	1.52

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	1505	NAG	C2-N2-C7	8.63	135.19	122.90
2	A	1505	NAG	C1-C2-N2	3.97	117.27	110.49
2	B	1503	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.47	127.85	122.90
2	B	1503	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.38	116.77	112.19
2	A	1501	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.67	115.82	112.19
2	A	1502	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.59	115.69	112.19
2	A	1505	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.36	120.10	116.10
2	B	1502	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.17	115.14	112.19

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	1505	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.11	115.05	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (22) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	1505	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	A	1501	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	A	1501	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	B	1505	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	A	1501	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	A	1501	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
2	A	1505	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	A	1505	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
2	B	1504	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	B	1504	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
2	A	1502	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	B	1502	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	B	1504	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	A	1502	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	B	1503	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	B	1502	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	A	1505	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	A	1503	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	B	1501	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	B	1503	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	A	1505	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
2	B	1503	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	1501	NAG	2	0
2	B	1501	NAG	1	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

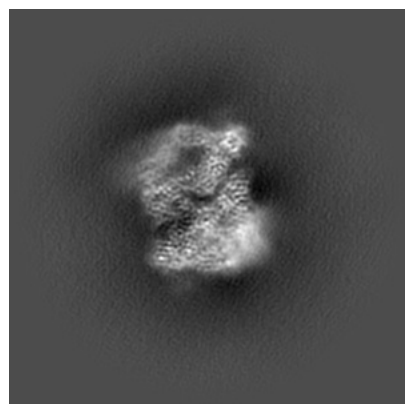
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-13850. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

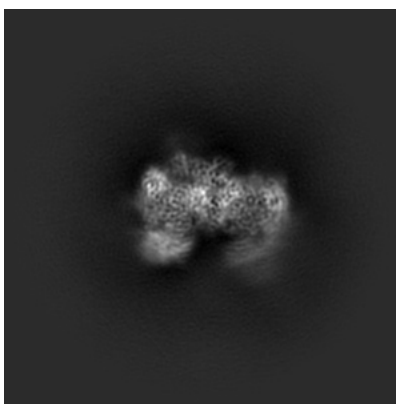
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

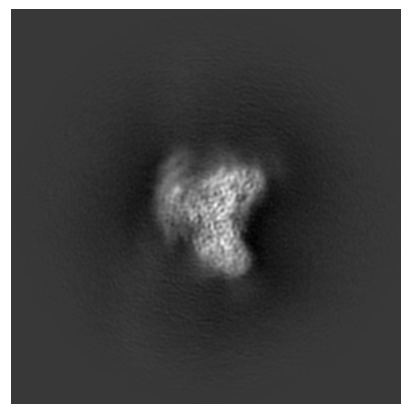
6.1.1 Primary map



X

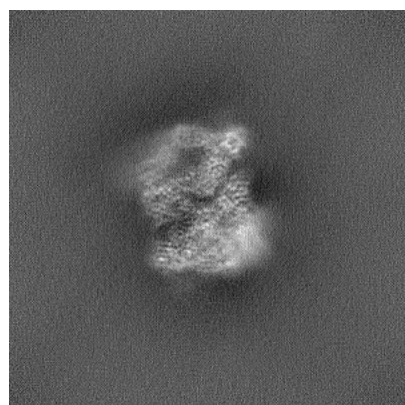


Y

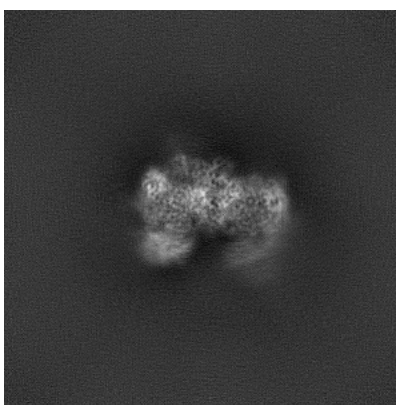


Z

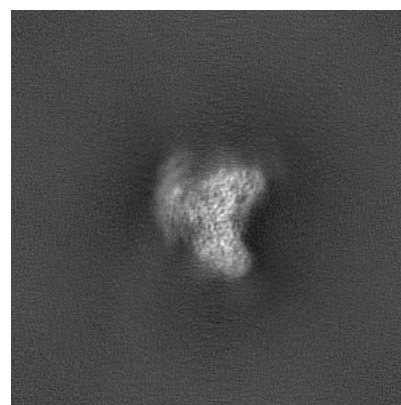
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

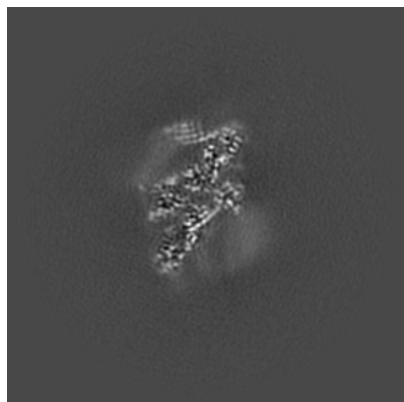


Z

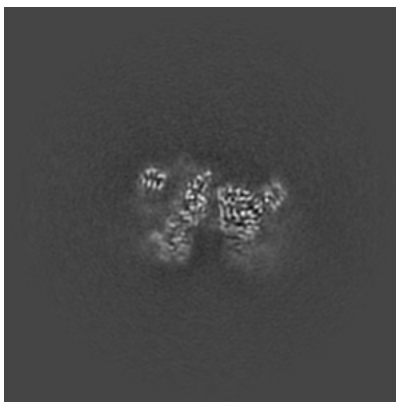
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

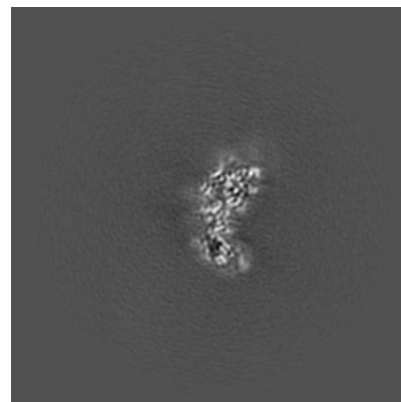
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 256

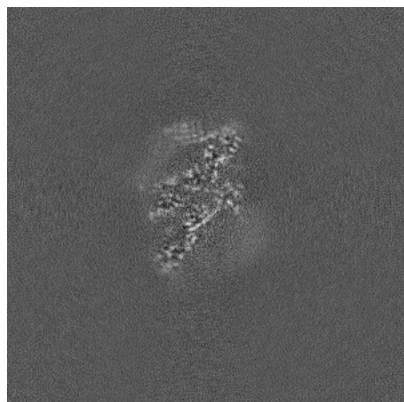


Y Index: 256

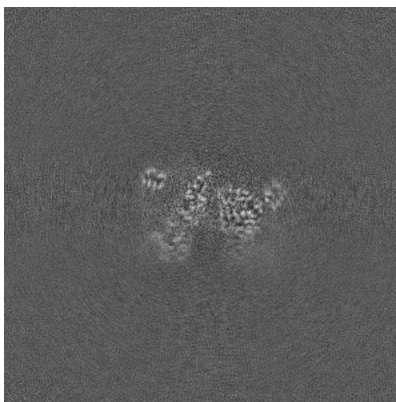


Z Index: 256

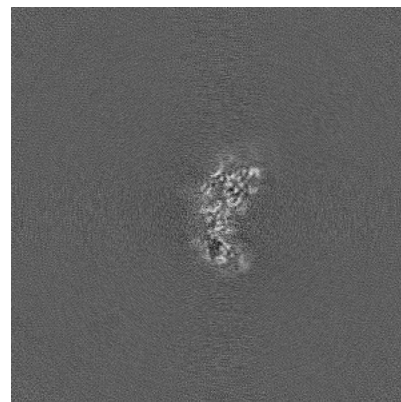
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 256



Y Index: 256

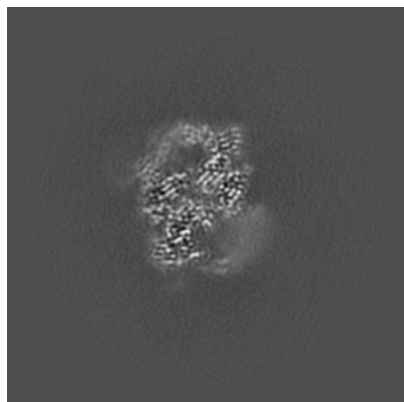


Z Index: 256

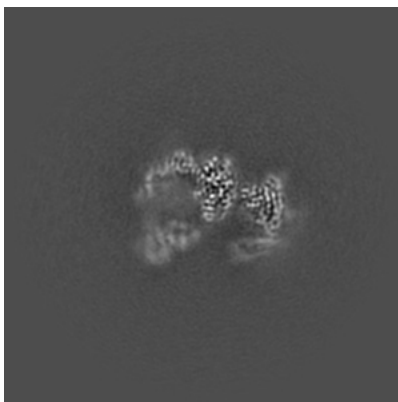
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

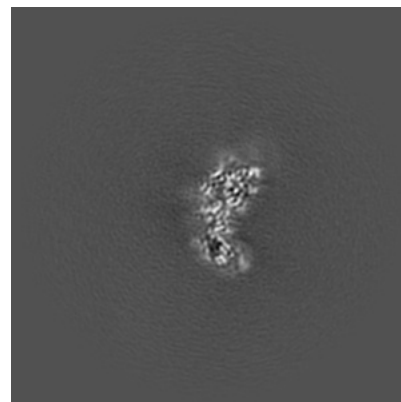
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 275

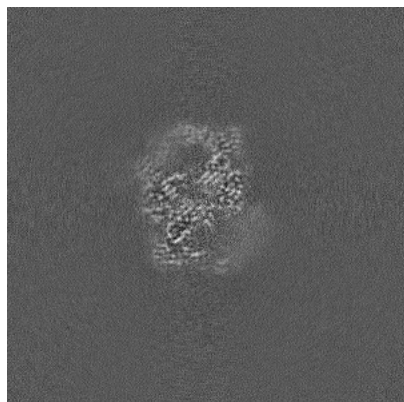


Y Index: 281



Z Index: 256

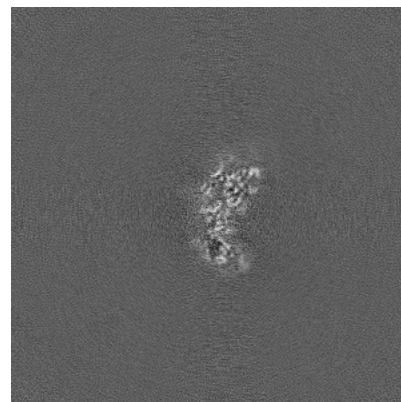
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 276



Y Index: 253

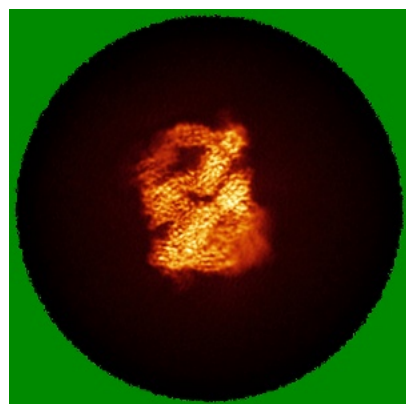


Z Index: 256

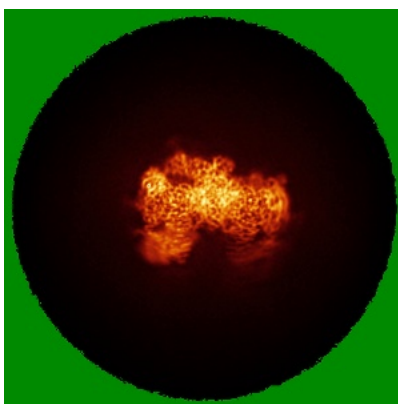
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

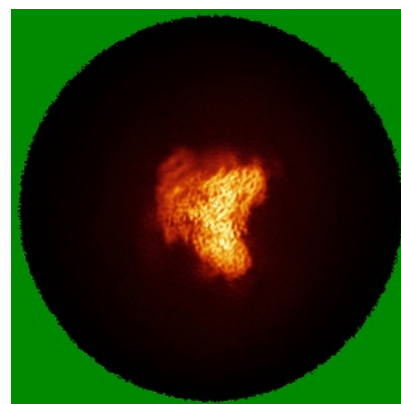
6.4.1 Primary map



X

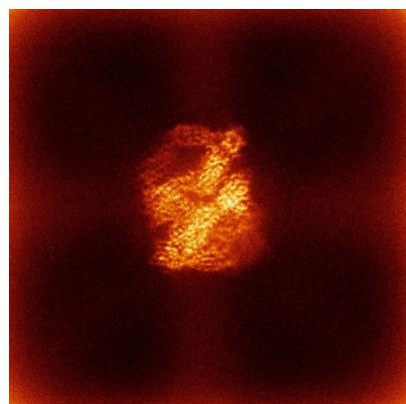


Y

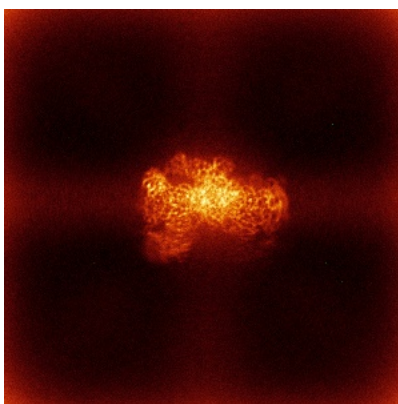


Z

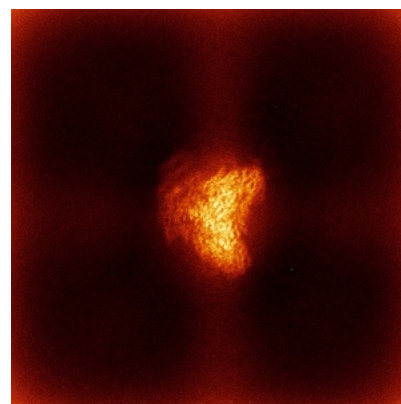
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

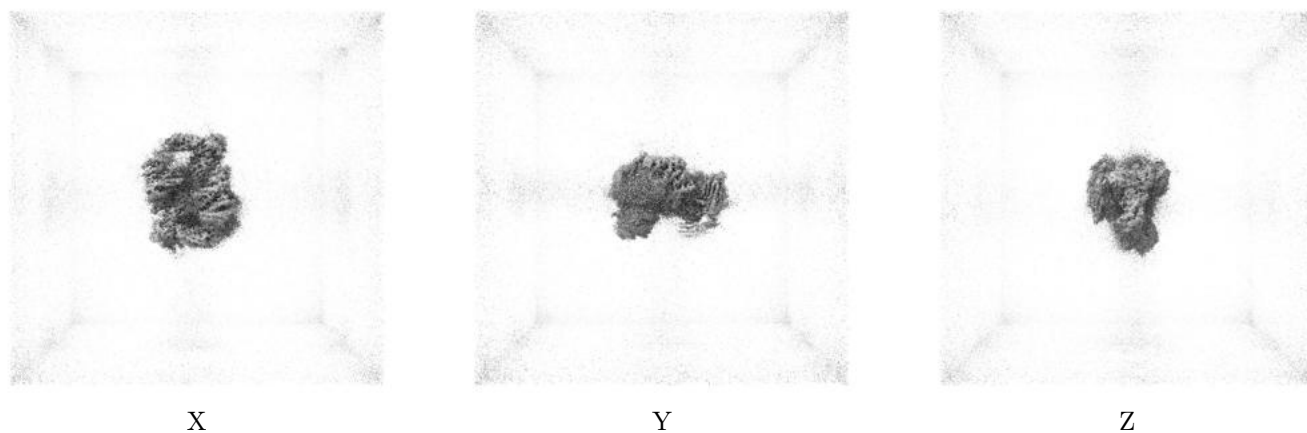
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.035. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

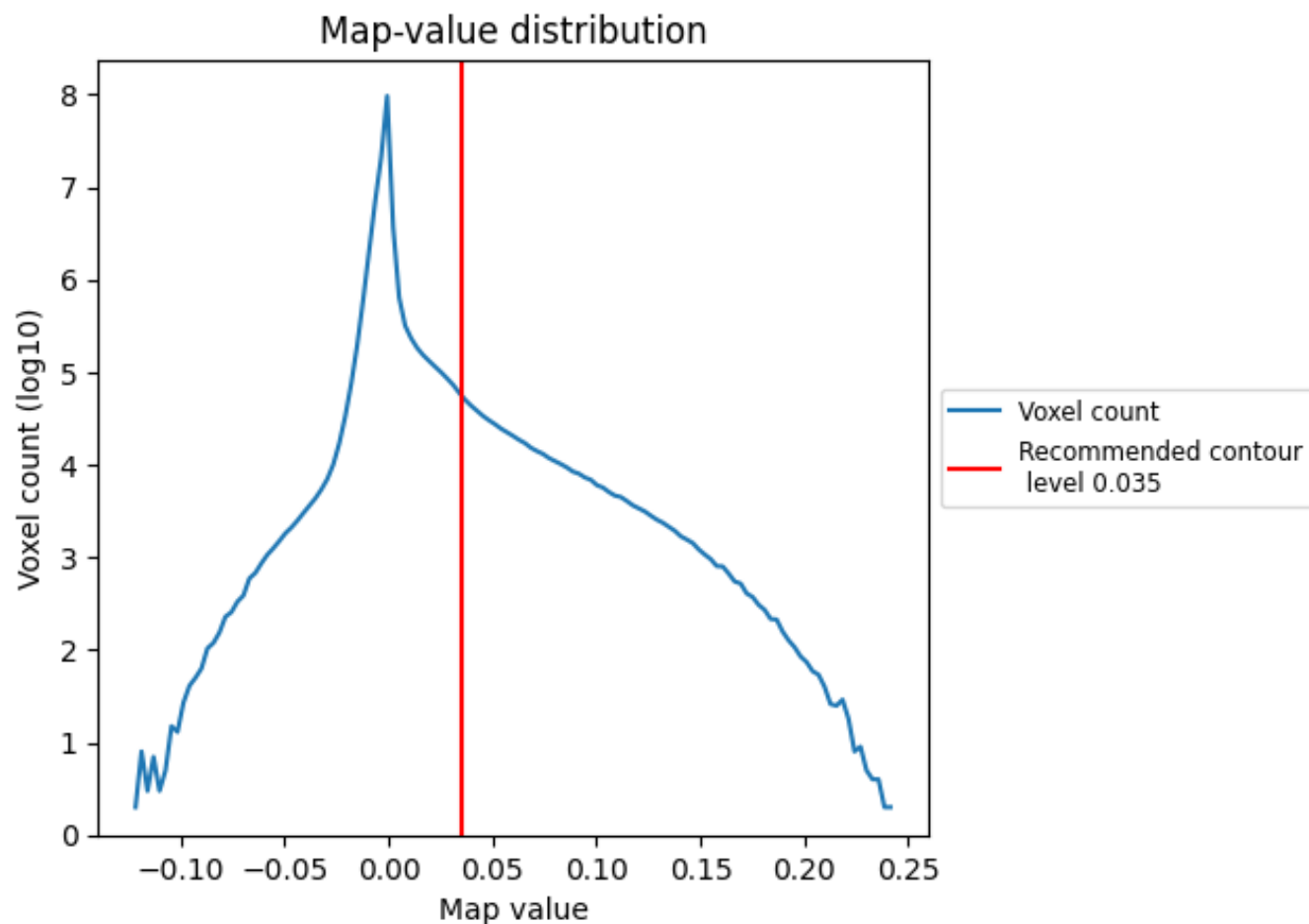
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

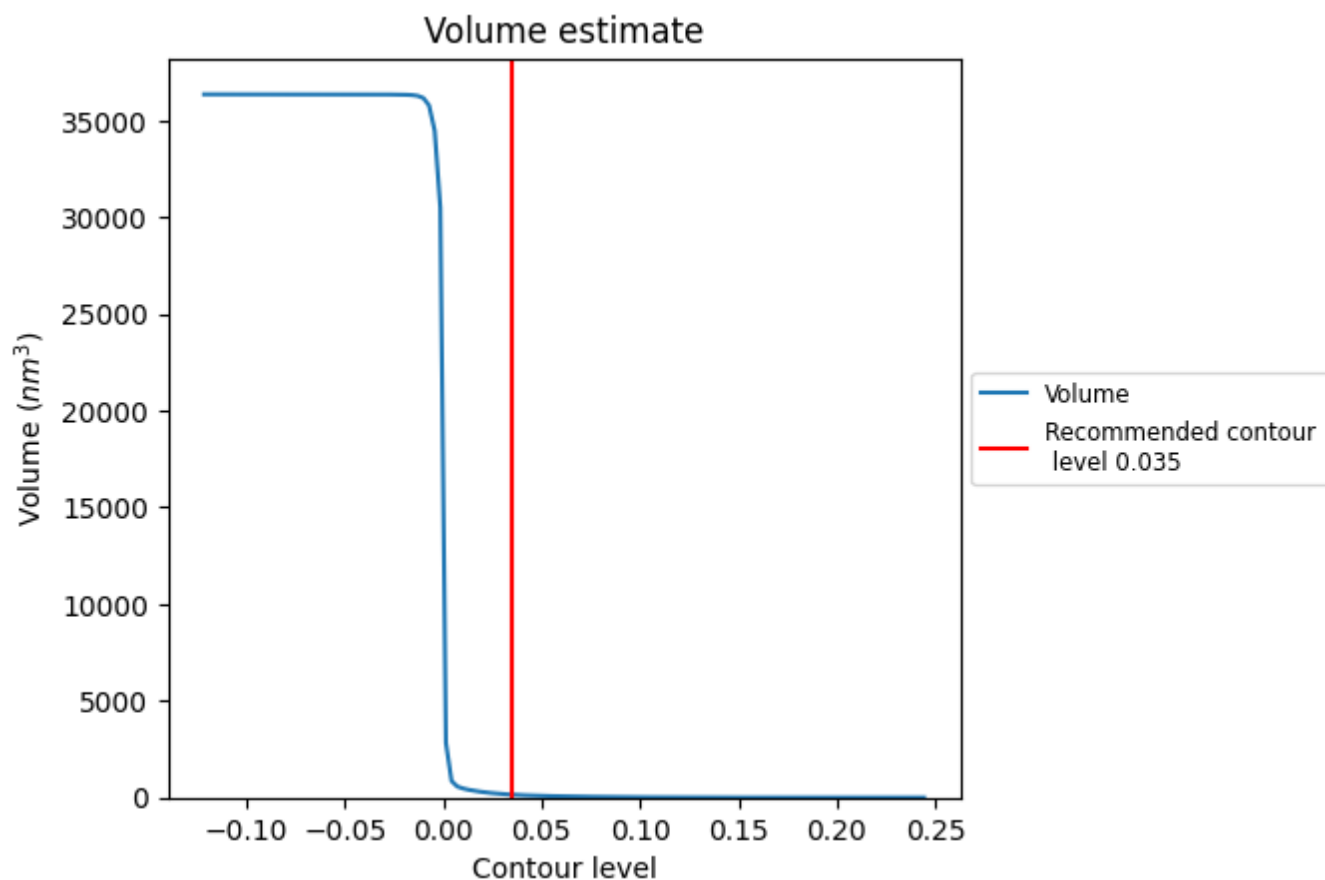
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

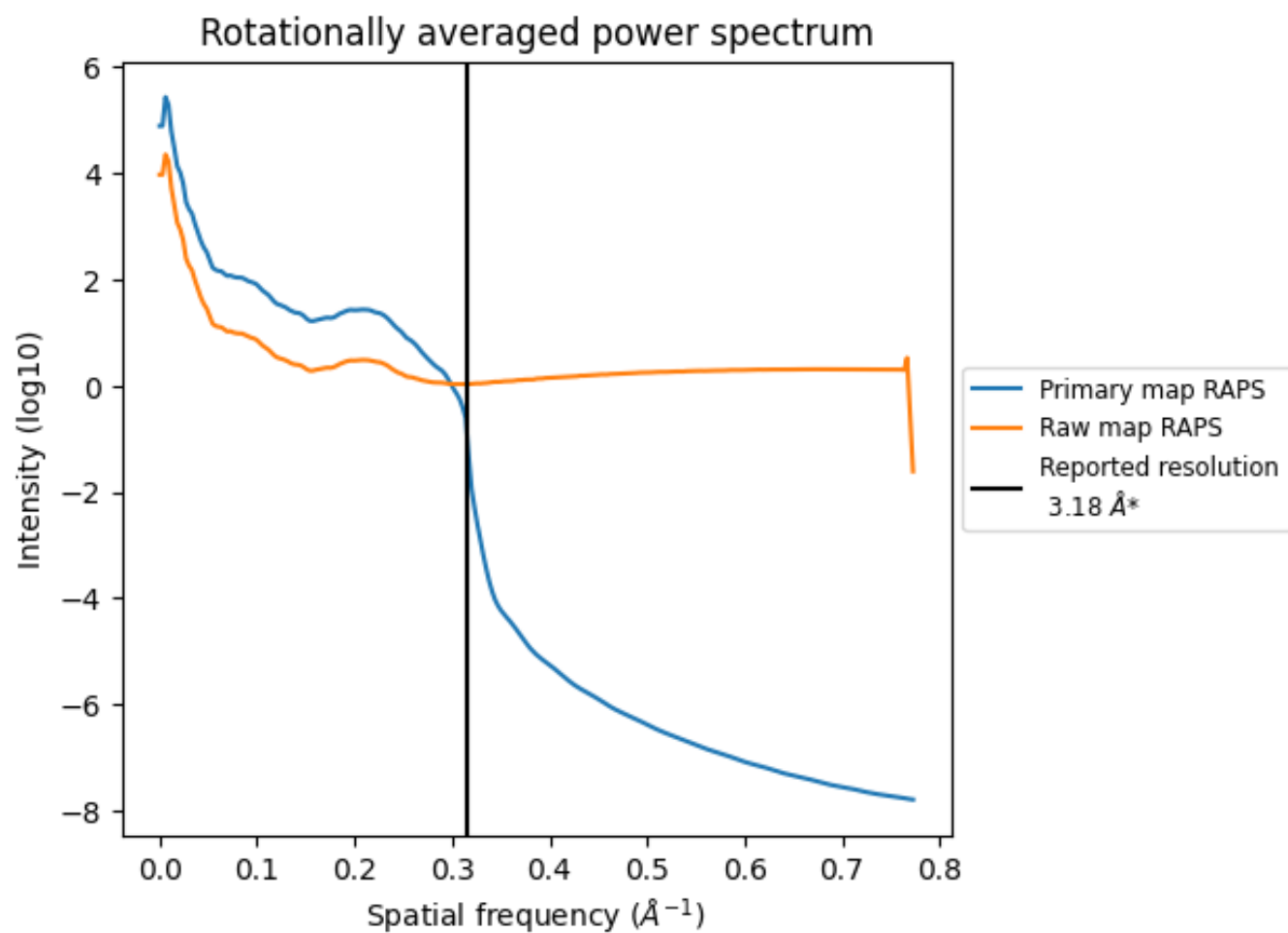
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 148 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 134 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

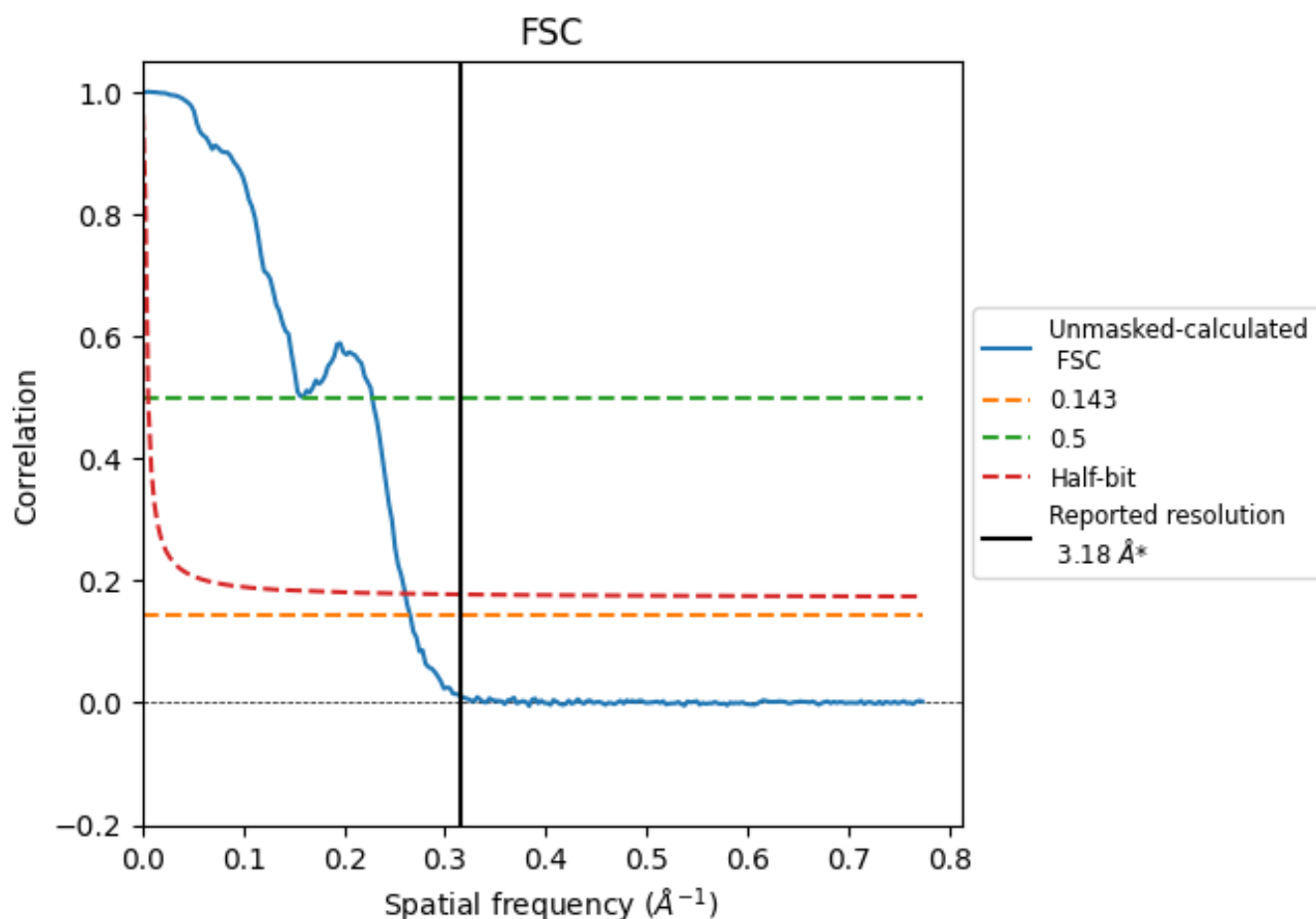


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.314 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of $0.314 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

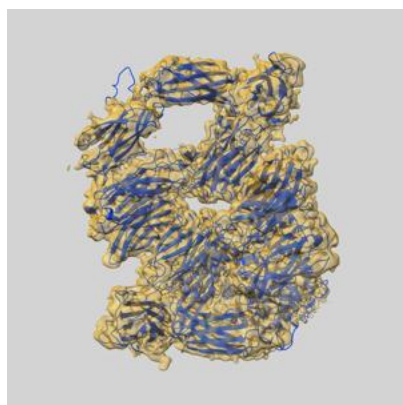
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.18	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	3.77	4.39	3.84

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.77 differs from the reported value 3.18 by more than 10 %

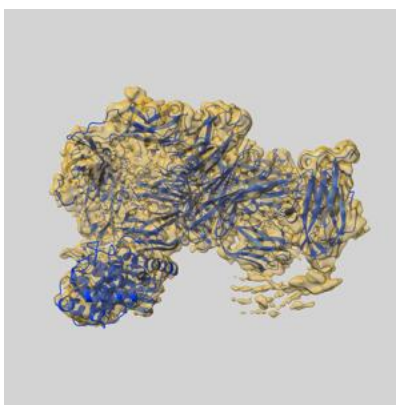
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-13850 and PDB model 7Q62. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [5](#).

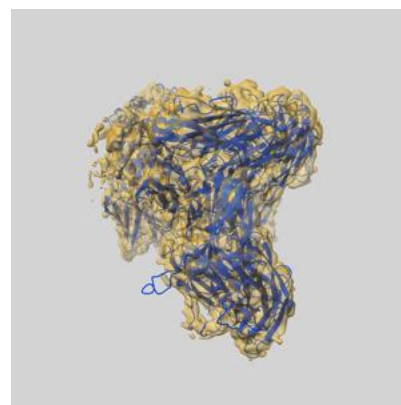
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



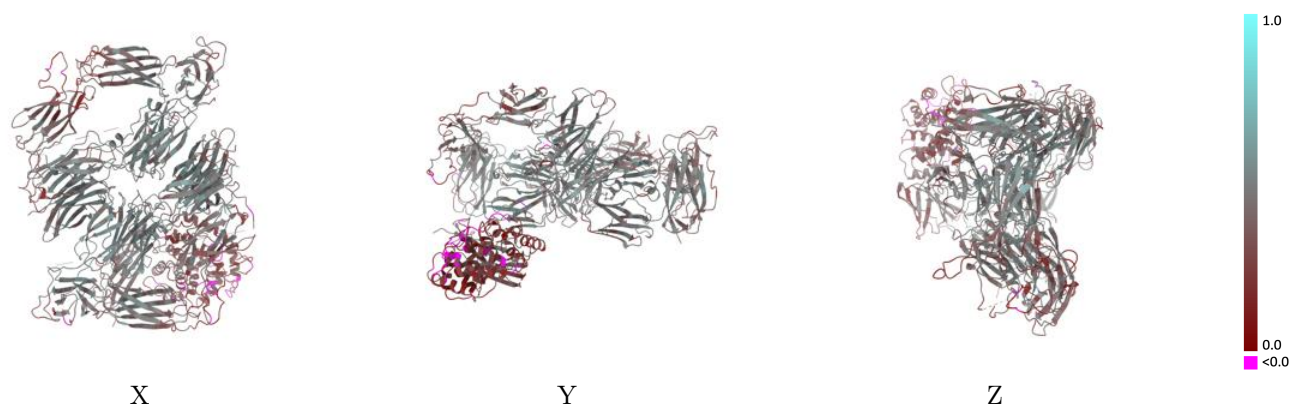
Y



Z

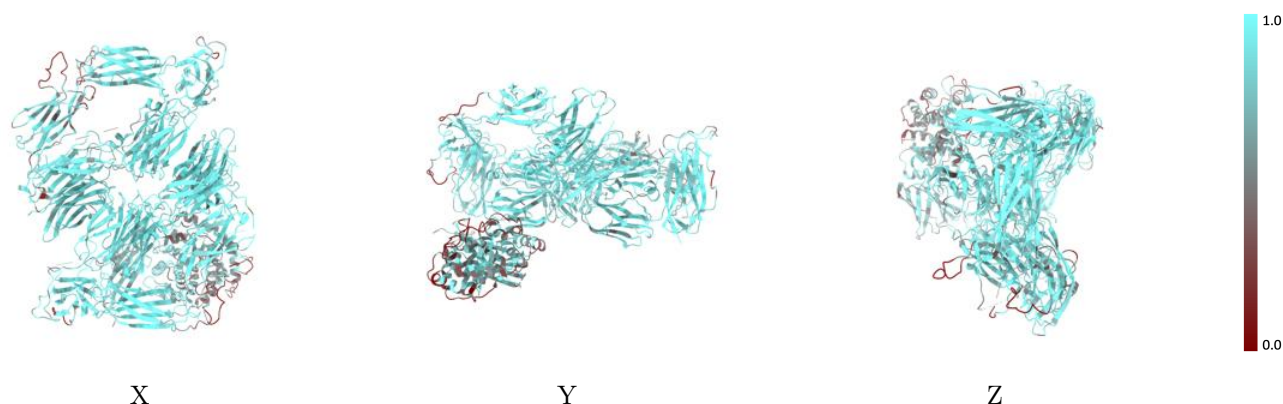
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.035 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



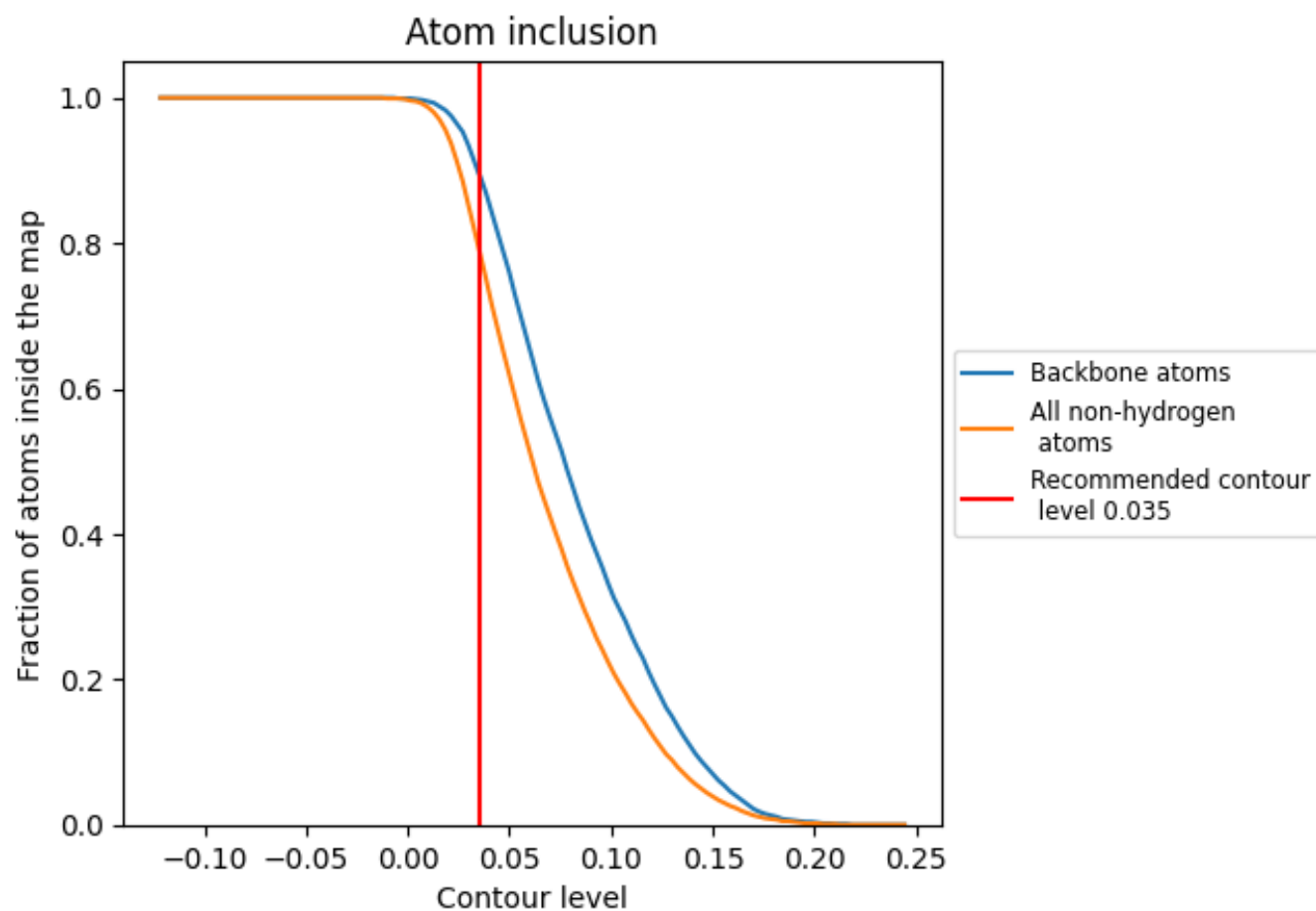
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.035).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 90% of all backbone atoms, 79% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.035) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.7920	0.3930
A	0.7800	0.3740
B	0.8100	0.4210

