



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 1, 2024 – 05:47 PM JST

PDB ID : 8JXH
EMDB ID : EMD-36701
Title : rat megalin RAP complex wingA
Authors : Goto, S.; Tsutsumi, A.; Lee, Y.; Hosojima, M.; Kabasawa, H.; Komochi, K.; Yun-san, L.; Nagatoshi, S.; Tsumoto, K.; Nishizawa, T.; Kikkawa, M.; Saito, A.
Deposited on : 2023-06-30
Resolution : 3.50 Å(reported)
Based on initial model : .

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev113
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

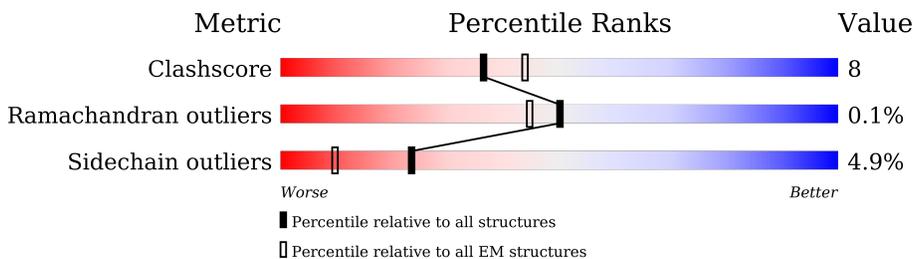
1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	D	332	
2	A	4660	
2	B	4660	
3	Q	6	
4	R	5	
5	C	2	
5	F	2	
6	E	3	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
7	G	5	 <p>A horizontal bar chart representing the quality of chain. The bar is divided into four segments: a green segment on the left (40%), a red segment (40%), a yellow segment (20%), and an orange segment on the right (20%). The total length of the bar is 100%. Above the green segment is the label '60%', and below the green and red segments is the label '40%'. Below the yellow and orange segments is the label '20%'.</p>

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11503 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Alpha-2-macroglobulin receptor-associated protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
1	D	105	895	563	163	169	0	0

There are 5 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	29	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q99068
D	30	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q99068
D	31	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q99068
D	32	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q99068
D	33	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q99068

- Molecule 2 is a protein called LDL receptor related protein 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	A	151	1149	680	202	246	21	0	0
2	B	1166	9047	5545	1608	1786	108	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called unclear peptide.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
3	Q	6	30	18	6	6	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a protein called unclear peptide.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
4	R	5	28	16	6	6	0	0

- Molecule 5 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-2-a

cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



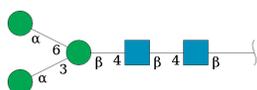
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
5	C	2	28	16	2	10	0	0
5	F	2	28	16	2	10	0	0

- Molecule 6 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



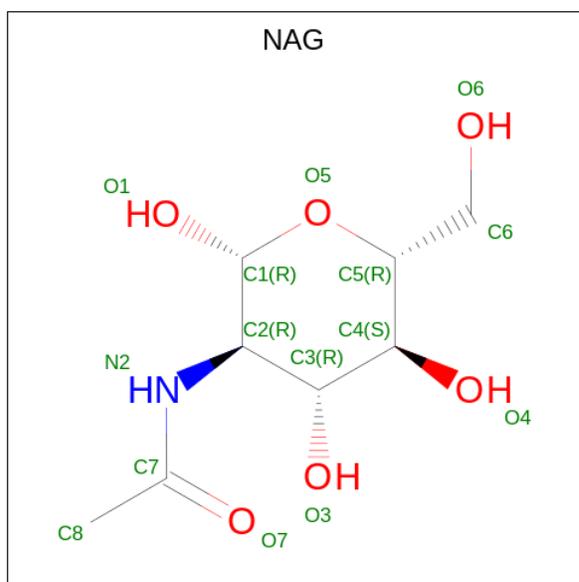
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
6	E	3	39	22	2	15	0	0

- Molecule 7 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



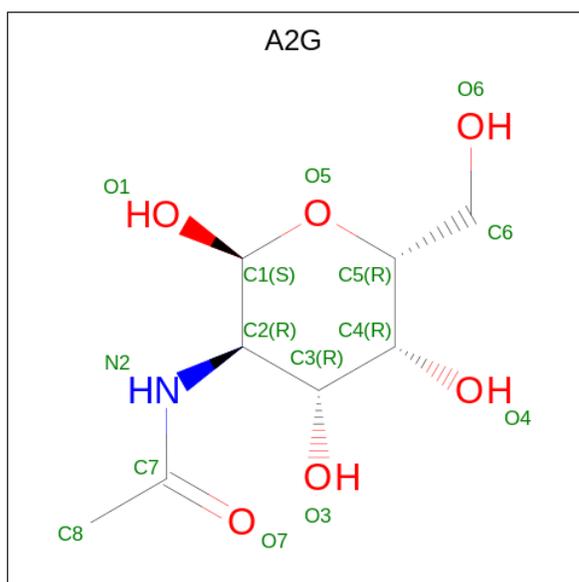
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
7	G	5	61	34	2	25	0	0

- Molecule 8 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	
8	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0
8	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0
8	B	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0
8	B	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0

- Molecule 9 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-alpha-D-galactopyranose (three-letter code: A2G) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
9	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
9	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
9	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
9	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
9	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
9	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	
9	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	

- Molecule 10 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
10	A	4	Total	Ca	0
			4	4	
10	B	12	Total	Ca	0
			12	12	

- Molecule 7: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain G: 



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	67775	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING ONLY	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	600	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1600	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.188	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.100	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.003	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.029	Depositor
Map size (\AA)	366.86002, 366.86002, 366.86002	wwPDB
Map dimensions	260, 260, 260	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (\AA)	1.411, 1.411, 1.411	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: A2G, MAN, CA, NAG, BMA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	D	0.26	0/913	0.46	0/1220
2	A	0.31	0/1176	0.55	0/1603
2	B	0.28	0/9263	0.52	0/12565
4	R	0.19	0/7	0.43	0/8
All	All	0.28	0/11359	0.52	0/15396

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	D	895	0	885	15	0
2	A	1149	0	967	21	0
2	B	9047	0	8299	129	0
3	Q	30	0	8	0	0
4	R	28	0	12	1	0
5	C	28	0	25	0	0
5	F	28	0	25	4	0
6	E	39	0	34	0	0
7	G	61	0	52	1	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	A	28	0	26	1	0
8	B	28	0	26	0	0
9	A	14	0	12	0	0
9	B	112	0	96	7	0
10	A	4	0	0	0	0
10	B	12	0	0	0	0
All	All	11503	0	10467	165	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (165) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:1149:THR:OG1	9:B:4707:A2G:C1	1.73	1.36
2:B:1109:THR:OG1	9:B:4706:A2G:C1	1.78	1.32
2:B:1109:THR:CB	9:B:4706:A2G:C1	2.49	0.90
2:A:2786:GLU:HG2	2:A:2788:THR:H	1.36	0.87
2:A:2805:ASN:HD22	2:A:2812:THR:HG23	1.51	0.74
2:B:353:ILE:HG12	2:B:356:ILE:HB	1.70	0.74
2:A:2827:PHE:HB3	2:A:2836:CYS:HB2	1.69	0.73
2:B:715:LYS:HB2	2:B:955:SER:HB2	1.77	0.67
1:D:282:GLU:HA	1:D:285:LYS:HZ3	1.60	0.67
2:B:1149:THR:CB	9:B:4707:A2G:C1	2.71	0.67
2:B:1105:ALA:HB3	9:B:4710:A2G:H3	1.75	0.67
2:B:190:CYS:SG	2:B:191:GLY:N	2.70	0.65
2:B:1109:THR:HB	9:B:4706:A2G:C1	2.27	0.65
2:B:343:ARG:HD3	2:B:344:THR:HG23	1.79	0.64
1:D:283:GLU:HG2	1:D:348:LEU:HD21	1.81	0.62
2:B:451:ASP:OD2	2:B:453:ASN:ND2	2.32	0.62
2:B:1045:ASP:HA	2:B:1070:ALA:HB2	1.81	0.62
2:A:2760:ARG:NH2	2:A:2774:ALA:O	2.32	0.62
2:B:766:LYS:HD3	2:B:777:ILE:HD11	1.81	0.61
2:B:811:ARG:NH1	2:B:814:ASP:OD1	2.33	0.61
2:B:807:VAL:HG13	2:B:821:ILE:HB	1.83	0.61
2:B:825:ASN:O	2:B:826:ASN:ND2	2.34	0.60
2:B:616:THR:HG22	2:B:623:VAL:HG22	1.83	0.60
2:B:534:GLN:N	2:B:534:GLN:OE1	2.33	0.59
2:B:574:ASP:OD1	2:B:577:TYR:N	2.28	0.59
2:B:713:SER:HB3	2:B:745:ILE:HD13	1.85	0.59
2:B:863:ILE:HG22	2:B:864:VAL:HG23	1.83	0.58

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:262:ASP:OD1	1:D:263:LEU:N	2.36	0.58
2:B:503:LEU:HD13	2:B:543:ASP:HA	1.86	0.58
2:A:2737:CYS:HA	2:A:2740:HIS:HB3	1.84	0.58
2:B:381:GLY:O	2:B:382:GLN:HG3	2.03	0.58
2:B:486:LYS:HG2	2:B:736:THR:HG21	1.85	0.57
2:B:431:HIS:HD2	2:B:434:LYS:H	1.50	0.57
2:B:886:VAL:HG12	2:B:893:ILE:HG12	1.86	0.56
1:D:283:GLU:OE1	1:D:344:HIS:NE2	2.34	0.56
2:B:738:SER:HB3	2:B:739:PRO:HD3	1.87	0.56
2:B:1088:ARG:HH11	2:B:1088:ARG:HB3	1.71	0.56
2:B:616:THR:HB	2:B:644:PRO:HB2	1.88	0.55
2:A:2810:ASN:HB2	8:A:4702:NAG:O5	2.07	0.55
2:B:272:CYS:HB2	2:B:295:ASP:HB3	1.88	0.55
2:B:738:SER:HB3	2:B:739:PRO:CD	2.37	0.55
2:B:349:ASP:OD1	2:B:364:ARG:NH1	2.40	0.54
2:B:299:ASN:OD1	2:B:301:THR:OG1	2.25	0.54
2:B:725:LEU:HD11	2:B:949:ILE:HD12	1.91	0.53
2:B:1064:ASN:HB2	5:F:1:NAG:H2	1.89	0.53
2:B:543:ASP:OD1	2:B:545:SER:OG	2.26	0.53
2:B:318:TYR:CG	2:B:332:PRO:HD3	2.44	0.53
2:B:963:ASP:HB3	2:B:966:LEU:HD23	1.90	0.53
2:B:526:SER:HB2	2:B:558:PRO:HB2	1.91	0.53
2:B:1003:MET:HG2	2:B:1012:CYS:HB3	1.90	0.52
1:D:324:LYS:O	1:D:328:VAL:HG22	2.10	0.52
2:B:735:VAL:HG11	2:B:756:TYR:CZ	2.45	0.52
5:F:1:NAG:O4	5:F:2:NAG:N2	2.41	0.51
2:B:928:THR:HG21	2:B:957:MET:O	2.10	0.51
2:B:214:GLU:OE1	2:B:219:TYR:OH	2.29	0.51
2:B:1040:SER:O	2:B:1042:PHE:N	2.44	0.50
2:B:1157:CYS:HB3	2:B:1160:HIS:HB3	1.93	0.50
2:A:2779:ARG:NH1	2:A:2794:CYS:SG	2.69	0.50
2:B:426:MET:HB3	2:B:442:PRO:HD3	1.93	0.50
2:B:257:GLU:OE2	2:B:260:GLN:HB3	2.11	0.50
2:B:1188:CYS:HB2	2:B:1194:LYS:HE2	1.93	0.50
2:B:872:ASN:OD1	4:R:2:ASN:ND2	2.40	0.49
2:A:2747:PHE:HB3	2:A:2755:VAL:HG13	1.95	0.49
1:D:304:SER:HA	1:D:307:LYS:HB2	1.95	0.48
2:B:431:HIS:CD2	2:B:434:LYS:H	2.32	0.48
2:B:475:TRP:CZ2	2:B:656:PRO:HD2	2.48	0.48
1:D:311:VAL:HA	1:D:314:ILE:HD12	1.96	0.48
2:B:433:GLN:HE22	7:G:1:NAG:H5	1.78	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:206:ASN:OD1	2:B:211:ASN:ND2	2.27	0.48
2:B:779:ALA:HB1	2:B:1036:LYS:HG2	1.94	0.48
2:B:793:ILE:HG21	2:B:971:ASN:OD1	2.14	0.47
2:B:1024:GLN:O	2:B:1025:CYS:HB3	2.15	0.47
2:B:1140:ASP:OD1	2:B:1140:ASP:N	2.41	0.47
2:B:341:ASP:HB2	2:B:343:ARG:HG3	1.97	0.47
2:B:538:GLU:HA	2:B:550:LEU:H	1.80	0.47
2:B:852:ARG:NH1	2:B:898:LEU:O	2.44	0.47
2:B:1124:PRO:HD2	2:B:1127:TRP:CE3	2.50	0.47
2:B:331:CYS:HB2	2:B:332:PRO:HD2	1.97	0.47
2:B:846:ARG:HB3	2:B:847:PRO:HD3	1.97	0.47
2:B:474:ASP:HB3	2:B:479:LYS:HB2	1.97	0.47
2:B:407:ASP:N	2:B:407:ASP:OD1	2.36	0.47
2:B:1236:PHE:N	2:B:1245:ILE:O	2.39	0.47
2:B:266:TYR:HB3	2:B:267:PRO:HD2	1.96	0.46
2:A:2830:CYS:HB2	2:A:2835:ILE:HD11	1.97	0.46
2:B:1134:ASP:N	2:B:1134:ASP:OD1	2.49	0.46
2:A:2785:THR:HA	2:A:2796:PRO:HA	1.97	0.46
2:B:1275:THR:HA	2:B:1287:LYS:HE3	1.97	0.46
2:B:396:ILE:HG22	2:B:405:VAL:HG22	1.97	0.46
2:B:609:PHE:HB2	2:B:649:VAL:HG11	1.97	0.46
2:B:1091:ASP:OD1	2:B:1091:ASP:N	2.48	0.45
2:B:562:THR:HG23	2:B:608:LEU:HD23	1.98	0.45
2:B:263:HIS:HB3	2:B:265:CYS:SG	2.57	0.45
2:B:781:ARG:NH2	2:B:1023:GLN:O	2.50	0.45
1:D:293:LYS:NZ	2:B:203:ASP:OD2	2.45	0.45
2:B:426:MET:HB3	2:B:442:PRO:CD	2.47	0.45
2:B:1226:ARG:HG3	2:B:1232:HIS:CE1	2.52	0.45
1:D:273:THR:HG22	1:D:275:LYS:H	1.82	0.45
2:A:2787:PHE:CZ	2:A:2814:ASP:HA	2.51	0.45
2:B:237:GLN:HE21	2:B:539:ARG:HH21	1.65	0.45
2:B:266:TYR:CE2	2:B:353:ILE:HA	2.52	0.45
2:B:844:TRP:HB2	2:B:870:TRP:HA	1.99	0.45
2:B:866:THR:OG1	2:B:1257:CYS:O	2.35	0.45
2:B:1081:PRO:HD2	2:B:1084:TRP:CE3	2.52	0.45
2:B:573:VAL:HB	2:B:603:PRO:HB2	2.00	0.44
2:B:367:ARG:NE	2:B:367:ARG:HA	2.32	0.44
2:B:990:VAL:HG21	2:B:996:VAL:HG13	1.98	0.44
1:D:296:HIS:O	1:D:300:GLN:HG3	2.17	0.44
2:A:2772:ASP:OD1	2:A:2772:ASP:N	2.50	0.44
2:B:699:ASP:OD2	2:B:702:ARG:NH1	2.50	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:1064:ASN:HB2	5:F:1:NAG:C2	2.47	0.44
2:B:1207:ARG:NH1	2:B:1219:ASP:O	2.37	0.44
2:B:781:ARG:HB2	2:B:817:ARG:NH2	2.33	0.44
2:B:681:ASN:ND2	2:B:686:TYR:O	2.49	0.44
2:B:1088:ARG:HB3	2:B:1088:ARG:NH1	2.31	0.44
2:B:308:MET:HG3	2:B:322:GLN:HB3	2.00	0.43
2:A:2827:PHE:CE2	2:A:2838:PRO:HG3	2.53	0.43
2:A:2829:LYS:HA	2:A:2835:ILE:O	2.18	0.43
2:B:451:ASP:HB3	2:B:454:GLY:O	2.19	0.43
2:A:2828:THR:O	2:A:2836:CYS:HA	2.18	0.43
2:B:244:ASP:N	2:B:253:GLU:OE1	2.51	0.43
1:D:333:LYS:NZ	2:B:206:ASN:O	2.46	0.43
2:B:270:TRP:CH2	2:B:272:CYS:HA	2.54	0.42
2:B:1172:ASP:OD1	2:B:1172:ASP:N	2.51	0.42
2:B:1194:LYS:H	2:B:1194:LYS:HG2	1.63	0.42
2:B:421:ASN:ND2	2:B:444:GLN:OE1	2.52	0.42
5:F:1:NAG:H82	5:F:2:NAG:H61	2.01	0.42
2:B:1234:ASP:O	2:B:1247:ASN:HB2	2.20	0.42
2:A:2767:CYS:HB2	2:A:2772:ASP:OD1	2.19	0.42
2:B:818:ARG:NH2	2:B:1000:PRO:O	2.52	0.42
2:B:931:ARG:NH2	2:B:1213:ASP:OD1	2.53	0.42
2:B:510:HIS:HB3	2:B:528:TRP:NE1	2.35	0.42
2:B:1281:ASN:HD21	2:B:1283:ASN:HD21	1.67	0.42
2:B:367:ARG:HH11	2:B:367:ARG:HG2	1.85	0.42
2:B:780:ASN:CG	2:B:781:ARG:HG3	2.41	0.42
2:A:2827:PHE:HE2	2:A:2838:PRO:HG3	1.85	0.41
2:B:405:VAL:HG23	2:B:416:LEU:HB2	2.01	0.41
2:B:1040:SER:C	2:B:1042:PHE:N	2.73	0.41
2:B:318:TYR:CD2	2:B:319:GLN:HB2	2.55	0.41
1:D:268:GLN:HE21	1:D:268:GLN:HB3	1.59	0.41
2:A:2779:ARG:CZ	2:A:2779:ARG:HB3	2.50	0.41
2:A:2837:VAL:HG21	2:A:2849:CYS:HA	2.01	0.41
2:B:424:MET:O	2:B:441:ASP:HA	2.20	0.41
2:B:826:ASN:HB3	2:B:844:TRP:NE1	2.35	0.41
2:B:738:SER:CB	2:B:739:PRO:CD	2.98	0.41
2:B:1109:THR:HB	9:B:4706:A2G:C5	2.51	0.41
1:D:336:GLU:HG3	1:D:340:LYS:NZ	2.36	0.41
2:B:739:PRO:HG2	2:B:761:LYS:NZ	2.36	0.41
2:B:1046:GLY:HA3	2:B:1081:PRO:HD3	2.01	0.41
2:B:846:ARG:O	2:B:846:ARG:NE	2.54	0.41
2:B:357:CYS:HB3	2:B:370:CYS:HB3	1.97	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:413:PHE:CZ	2:B:638:HIS:HB2	2.56	0.41
2:B:1281:ASN:HD21	2:B:1283:ASN:ND2	2.18	0.41
2:A:2779:ARG:NH1	2:A:2779:ARG:HB3	2.36	0.41
2:B:442:PRO:HA	2:B:468:PRO:HD2	2.02	0.41
2:B:476:ILE:HG22	2:B:660:ASN:HB3	2.02	0.41
2:B:197:LEU:HD12	2:B:200:TYR:CE2	2.56	0.41
2:B:473:VAL:HG12	2:B:480:LEU:HD13	2.02	0.41
2:B:890:PHE:HB2	2:B:892:LYS:HE2	2.03	0.41
2:B:372:CYS:HB3	2:B:376:TYR:HB3	2.02	0.40
2:B:790:PHE:CE2	2:B:792:TRP:HA	2.56	0.40
2:A:2825:PRO:C	2:A:2827:PHE:H	2.24	0.40
2:B:444:GLN:O	2:B:445:GLU:HB2	2.21	0.40
1:D:301:LEU:O	1:D:305:HIS:HB2	2.21	0.40
2:B:1227:PRO:HB2	2:B:1230:MET:HB2	2.03	0.40
1:D:271:ASN:ND2	1:D:355:ALA:O	2.32	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	D	103/332 (31%)	101 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
2	A	149/4660 (3%)	135 (91%)	14 (9%)	0	100	100
2	B	1162/4660 (25%)	1084 (93%)	77 (7%)	1 (0%)	48	79
4	R	1/5 (20%)	1 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	1415/9657 (15%)	1321 (93%)	93 (7%)	1 (0%)	50	79

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	1041	PHE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	D	99/299 (33%)	95 (96%)	4 (4%)	27	56
2	A	135/4089 (3%)	125 (93%)	10 (7%)	11	36
2	B	1025/4089 (25%)	977 (95%)	48 (5%)	22	51
4	R	1/1 (100%)	1 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1260/8478 (15%)	1198 (95%)	62 (5%)	23	50

All (62) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	337	LEU
1	D	340	LYS
1	D	344	HIS
1	D	346	GLN
2	A	2741	THR
2	A	2753	ARG
2	A	2779	ARG
2	A	2781	CYS
2	A	2812	THR
2	A	2813	SER
2	A	2823	CYS
2	A	2836	CYS
2	A	2837	VAL
2	A	2854	ASP
2	B	187	GLU
2	B	217	CYS
2	B	221	THR
2	B	229	CYS
2	B	257	GLU
2	B	272	CYS
2	B	278	CYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	343	ARG
2	B	350	ASP
2	B	353	ILE
2	B	368	HIS
2	B	407	ASP
2	B	421	ASN
2	B	466	ASP
2	B	489	ARG
2	B	516	LEU
2	B	563	LEU
2	B	595	ARG
2	B	617	ASP
2	B	643	ARG
2	B	690	CYS
2	B	715	LYS
2	B	741	PHE
2	B	746	ASP
2	B	835	THR
2	B	839	MET
2	B	846	ARG
2	B	849	LYS
2	B	861	MET
2	B	891	ASP
2	B	895	HIS
2	B	899	ASP
2	B	928	THR
2	B	946	MET
2	B	966	LEU
2	B	995	ARG
2	B	1003	MET
2	B	1010	MET
2	B	1088	ARG
2	B	1091	ASP
2	B	1126	ASP
2	B	1134	ASP
2	B	1172	ASP
2	B	1201	CYS
2	B	1300	MET
2	B	1312	HIS
2	B	3169	CYS
2	B	3187	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (15)

such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	268	GLN
1	D	294	HIS
2	A	2740	HIS
2	A	2808	HIS
2	B	315	ASN
2	B	363	ASN
2	B	412	ASN
2	B	421	ASN
2	B	431	HIS
2	B	433	GLN
2	B	444	GLN
2	B	507	ASN
2	B	826	ASN
2	B	1192	GLN
2	B	1283	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

12 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
5	NAG	C	1	5,2	14,14,15	0.35	0	17,19,21	1.17	2 (11%)
5	NAG	C	2	5	14,14,15	0.33	0	17,19,21	0.78	1 (5%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	NAG	E	1	6,2	14,14,15	0.28	0	17,19,21	0.80	0
6	NAG	E	2	6	14,14,15	0.46	0	17,19,21	1.26	4 (23%)
6	BMA	E	3	6	11,11,12	0.29	0	15,15,17	1.09	2 (13%)
5	NAG	F	1	5,2	14,14,15	0.79	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.93	3 (17%)
5	NAG	F	2	5	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	0.67	1 (5%)
7	NAG	G	1	7,2	14,14,15	0.49	0	17,19,21	1.63	2 (11%)
7	NAG	G	2	7	14,14,15	0.49	0	17,19,21	1.30	3 (17%)
7	BMA	G	3	7	11,11,12	0.45	0	15,15,17	1.08	1 (6%)
7	MAN	G	4	7	11,11,12	0.34	0	15,15,17	0.92	0
7	MAN	G	5	7	11,11,12	0.22	0	15,15,17	0.60	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. ^{1,2} means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	C	1	5,2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	C	2	5	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	E	1	6,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	E	2	6	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	BMA	E	3	6	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	F	1	5,2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	F	2	5	-	5/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	G	1	7,2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	G	2	7	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	BMA	G	3	7	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
7	MAN	G	4	7	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
7	MAN	G	5	7	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	F	1	NAG	C1-C2	2.52	1.56	1.52

All (19) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	F	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	5.96	120.27	112.19

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
7	G	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-3.92	105.27	111.02
7	G	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.97	116.21	112.19
7	G	3	BMA	C1-C2-C3	2.92	113.25	109.67
5	F	1	NAG	C3-C4-C5	-2.90	105.07	110.24
6	E	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.72	115.87	112.19
7	G	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.53	119.29	122.90
7	G	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.42	107.47	111.29
6	E	3	BMA	C1-C2-C3	2.41	112.63	109.67
5	C	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.41	115.46	112.19
6	E	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	2.39	115.43	112.19
6	E	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.35	119.56	122.90
7	G	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.29	119.64	122.90
6	E	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.28	107.68	111.29
5	C	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.24	115.22	112.19
5	F	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6	2.23	110.70	107.20
5	C	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-2.21	107.78	111.02
5	F	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	2.07	114.55	111.29
6	E	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2	2.02	113.94	110.49

There are no chirality outliers.

All (14) torsion outliers are listed below:

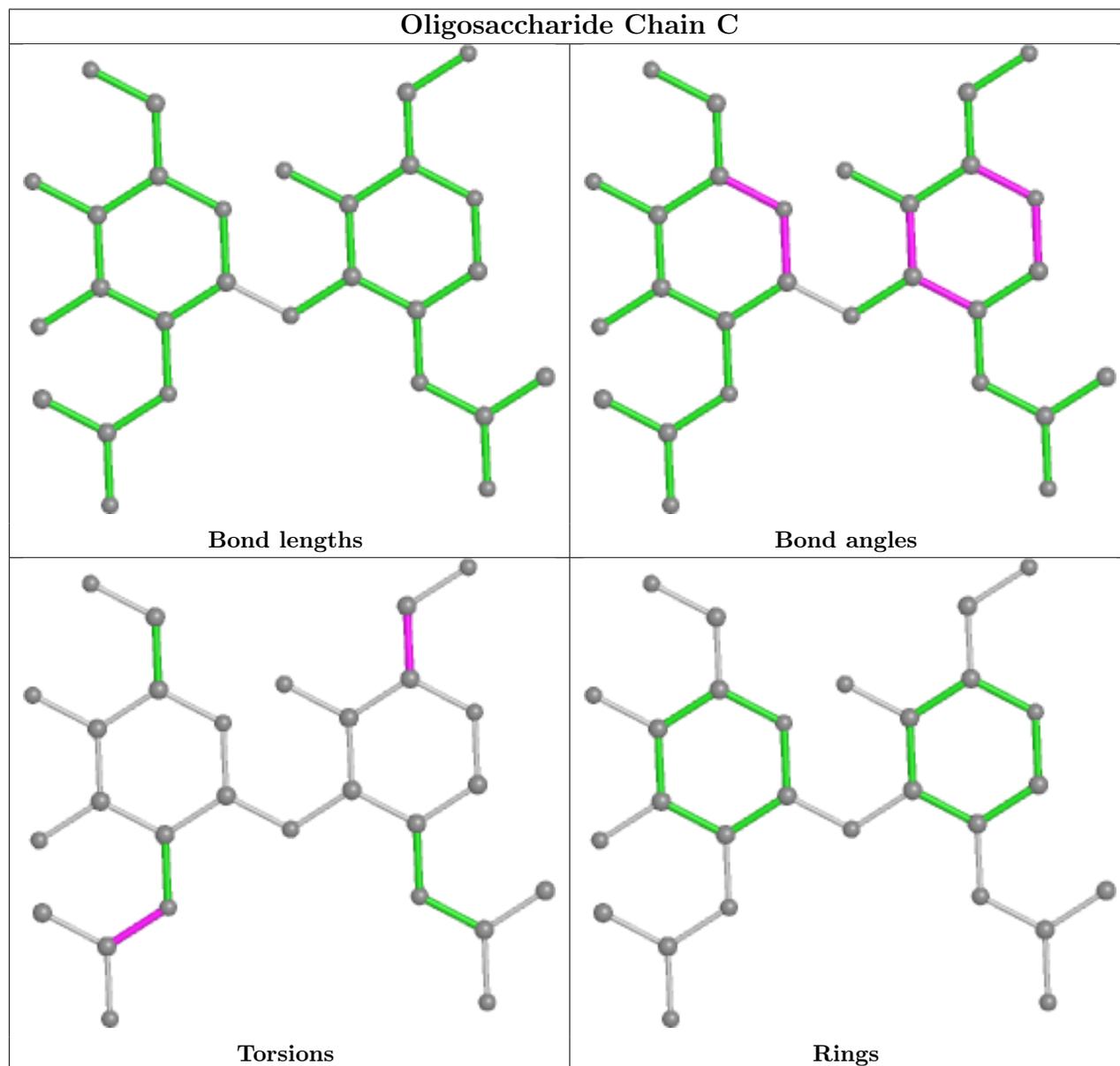
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	F	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
5	F	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
5	F	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
5	C	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
5	C	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
7	G	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
7	G	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
7	G	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	F	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	F	1	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
7	G	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
5	C	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
7	G	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	F	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

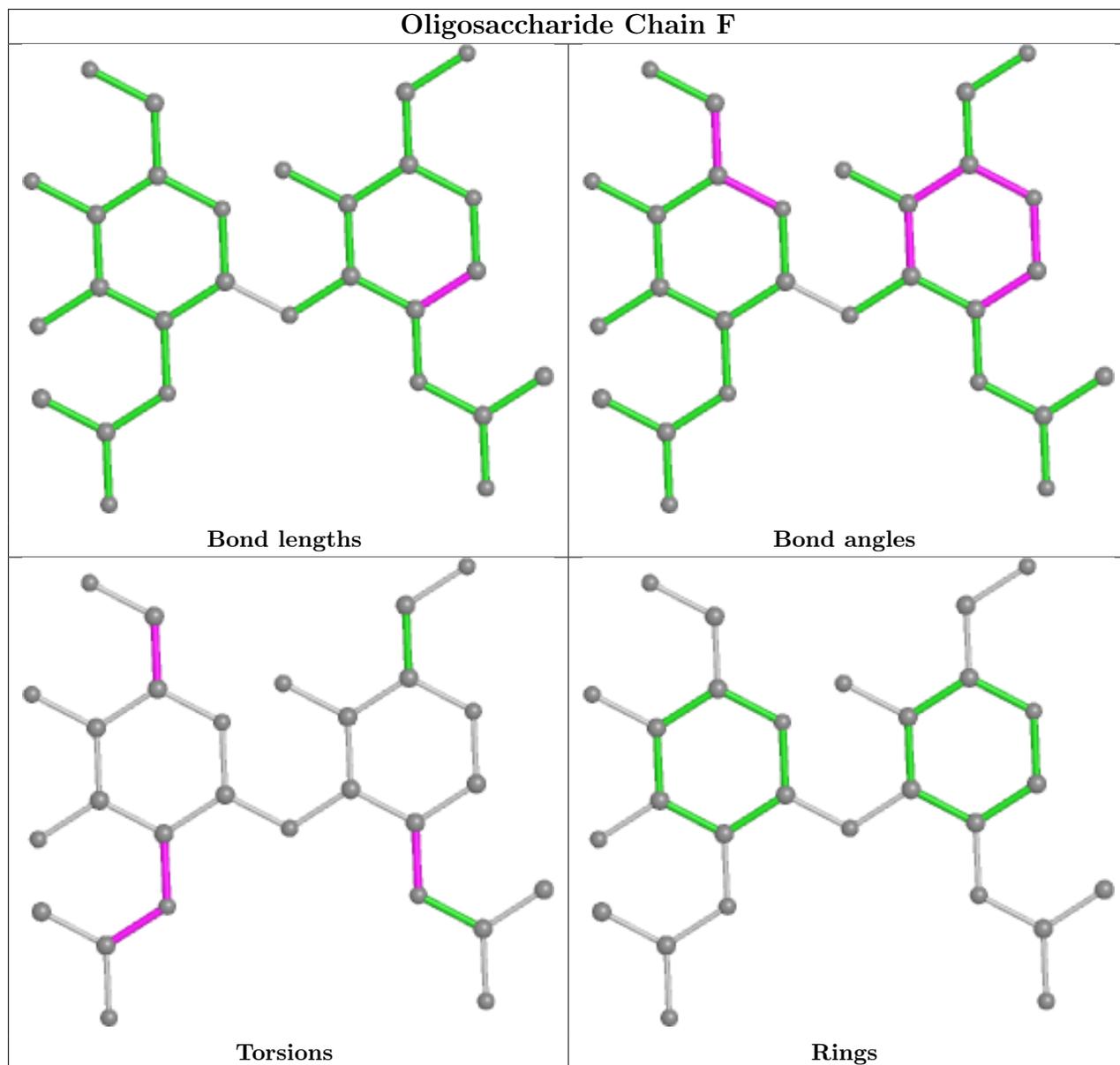
There are no ring outliers.

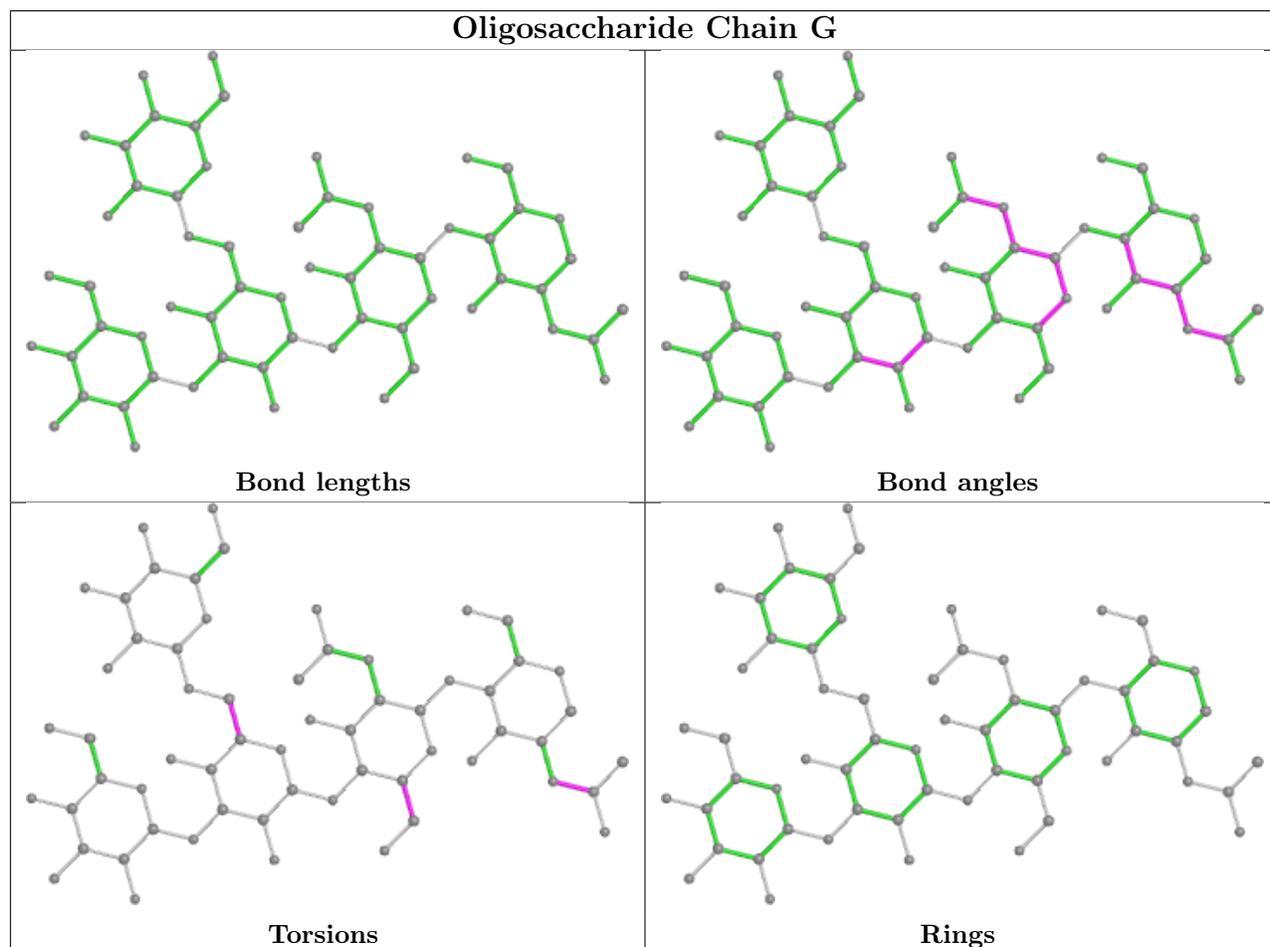
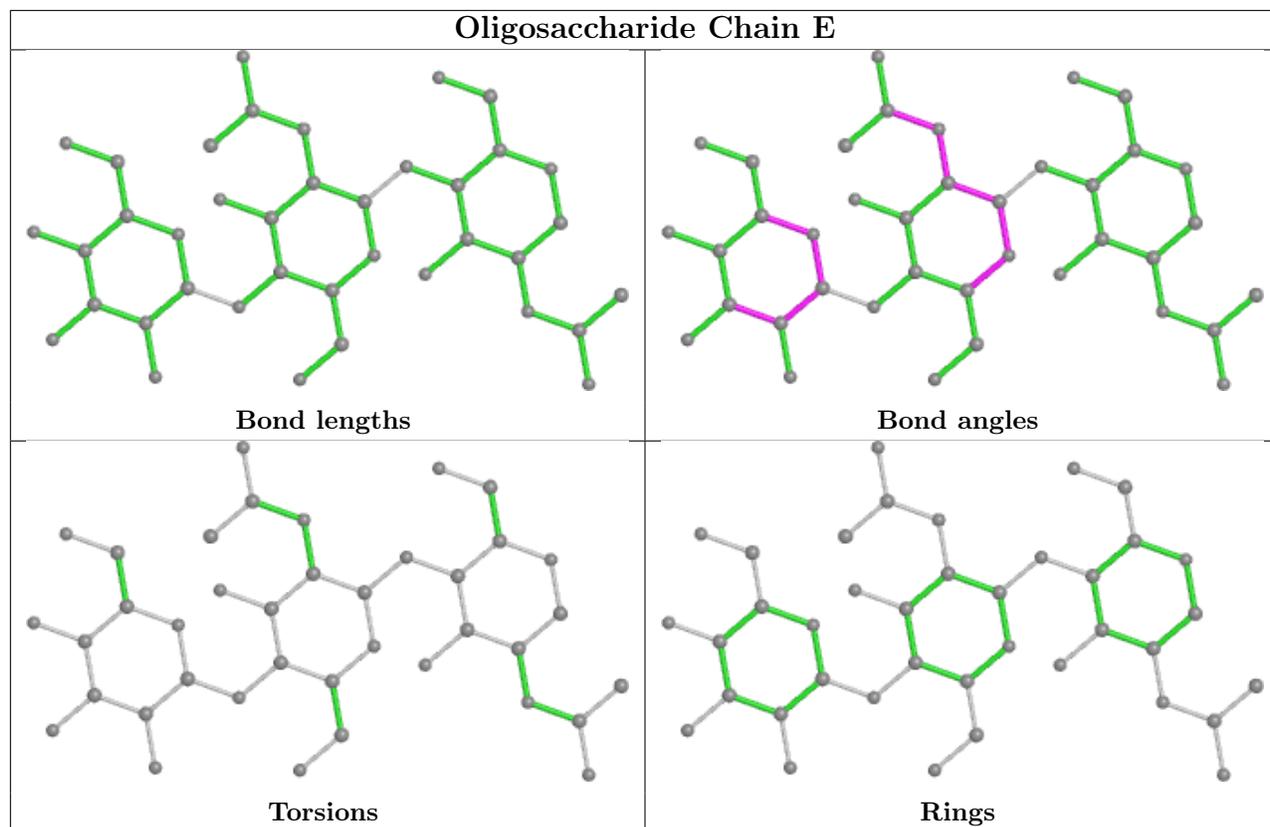
3 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	F	2	NAG	2	0
7	G	1	NAG	1	0
5	F	1	NAG	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.







5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 29 ligands modelled in this entry, 16 are monoatomic - leaving 13 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
9	A2G	B	4705	2	14,14,15	0.40	0	17,19,21	0.53	0
9	A2G	B	4710	2	14,14,15	0.40	0	17,19,21	0.79	1 (5%)
9	A2G	B	4704	2	14,14,15	0.44	0	17,19,21	0.87	1 (5%)
9	A2G	B	4707	-	14,14,15	0.40	0	17,19,21	1.68	3 (17%)
9	A2G	B	4706	-	14,14,15	0.39	0	17,19,21	2.02	3 (17%)
9	A2G	B	4708	2	14,14,15	0.40	0	17,19,21	1.11	1 (5%)
8	NAG	A	4702	2	14,14,15	0.40	0	17,19,21	1.05	2 (11%)
9	A2G	A	4703	2	14,14,15	0.42	0	17,19,21	0.69	1 (5%)
8	NAG	B	4702	2	14,14,15	0.38	0	17,19,21	1.18	2 (11%)
9	A2G	B	4703	2	14,14,15	0.41	0	17,19,21	0.73	0
9	A2G	B	4709	2	14,14,15	0.40	0	17,19,21	0.42	0
8	NAG	B	4701	2	14,14,15	0.30	0	17,19,21	0.64	0
8	NAG	A	4701	2	14,14,15	0.37	0	17,19,21	1.28	3 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
9	A2G	B	4705	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	A2G	B	4710	2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	A2G	B	4704	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	A2G	B	4707	-	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	A2G	B	4706	-	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	A2G	B	4708	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	A	4702	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	A2G	A	4703	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	B	4702	2	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
9	A2G	B	4703	2	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	A2G	B	4709	2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	B	4701	2	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	A	4701	2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (17) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
9	B	4706	A2G	O5-C1-C2	7.42	123.01	111.29
9	B	4707	A2G	O5-C1-C2	6.06	120.86	111.29
9	B	4708	A2G	O5-C1-C2	3.98	117.58	111.29
9	B	4704	A2G	O5-C1-C2	-3.24	106.18	111.29
8	B	4702	NAG	C1-O5-C5	-3.16	107.91	112.19
8	B	4702	NAG	O5-C5-C6	3.07	112.02	107.20
9	B	4706	A2G	C1-O5-C5	2.99	116.24	112.19
8	A	4702	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.65	107.10	111.29
9	B	4707	A2G	C1-C2-N2	2.31	114.43	110.49
8	A	4702	NAG	O5-C5-C6	2.28	110.79	107.20
8	A	4701	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.21	126.05	122.90
8	A	4701	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.18	107.84	111.29
9	B	4707	A2G	C1-O5-C5	2.16	115.11	112.19
9	B	4710	A2G	O5-C1-C2	2.08	114.57	111.29
9	A	4703	A2G	O5-C1-C2	-2.06	108.04	111.29
9	B	4706	A2G	C1-C2-N2	2.02	113.94	110.49
8	A	4701	NAG	C1-C2-N2	2.02	113.93	110.49

There are no chirality outliers.

All (18) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	B	4702	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
8	B	4702	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
8	B	4701	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
9	B	4703	A2G	C1-C2-N2-C7
8	B	4701	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
8	B	4702	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
8	B	4701	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
9	B	4708	A2G	C1-C2-N2-C7
8	B	4702	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
9	B	4710	A2G	O5-C5-C6-O6

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
9	B	4709	A2G	O5-C5-C6-O6
9	B	4707	A2G	O5-C5-C6-O6
9	B	4703	A2G	O5-C5-C6-O6
8	A	4701	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
9	A	4703	A2G	C3-C2-N2-C7
9	B	4703	A2G	C3-C2-N2-C7
9	B	4708	A2G	C3-C2-N2-C7
9	A	4703	A2G	C1-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 8 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
9	B	4710	A2G	1	0
9	B	4707	A2G	2	0
9	B	4706	A2G	4	0
8	A	4702	NAG	1	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

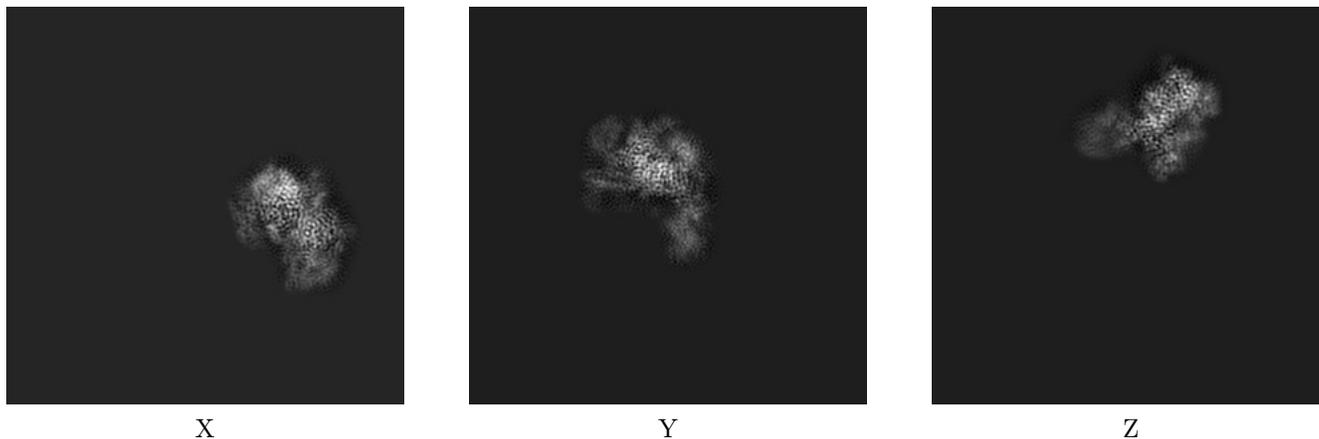
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-36701. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

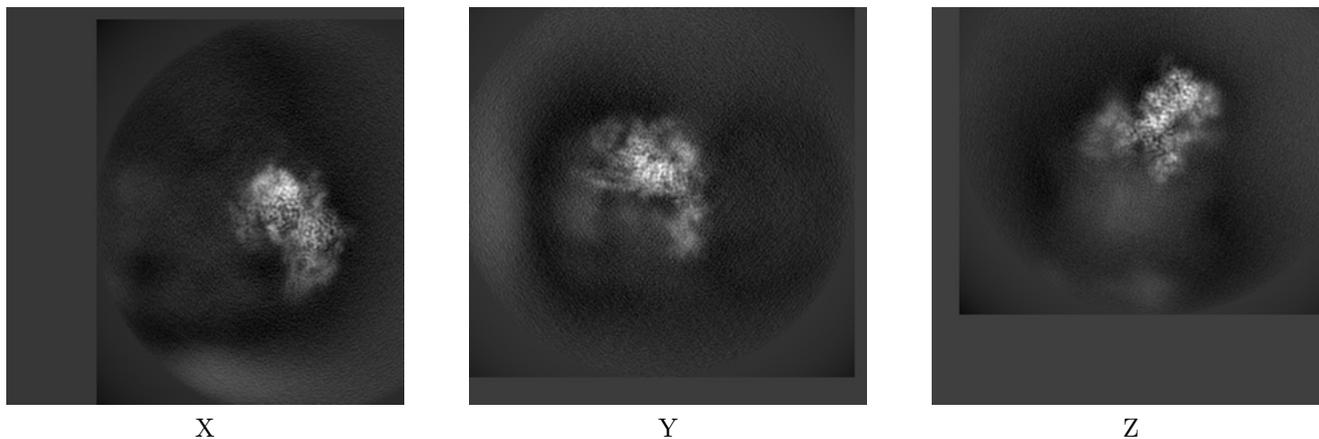
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

6.1.1 Primary map



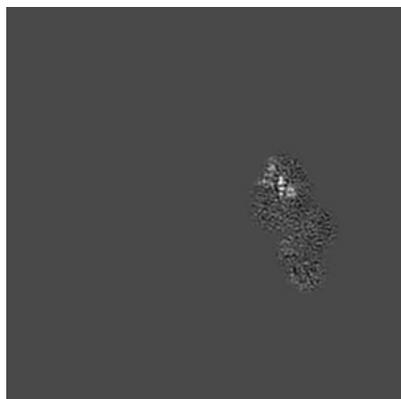
6.1.2 Raw map



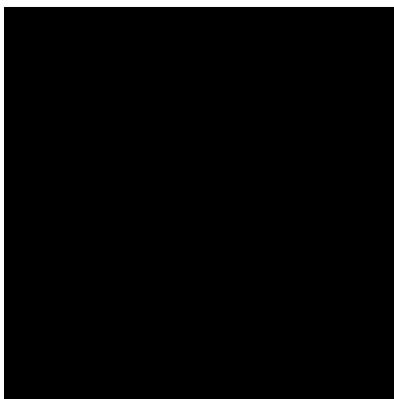
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

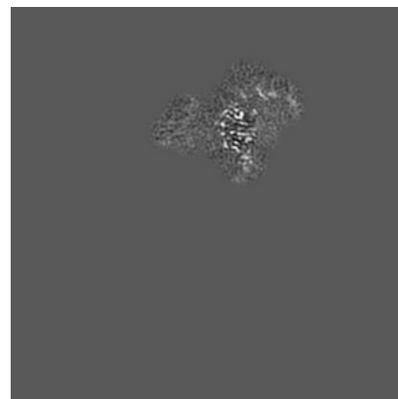
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 130

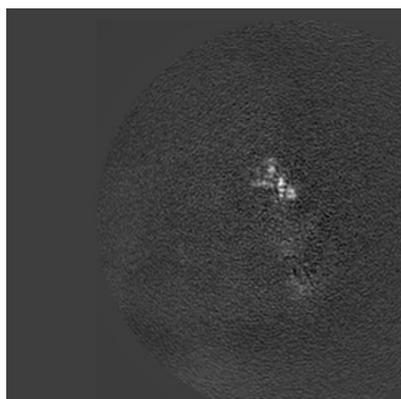


Y Index: 130

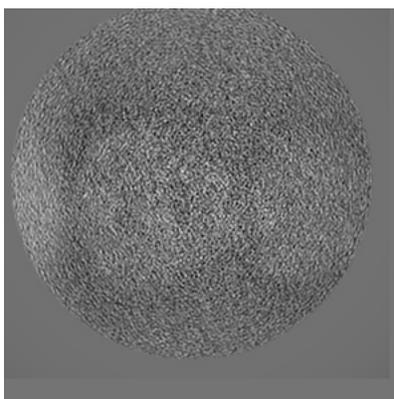


Z Index: 130

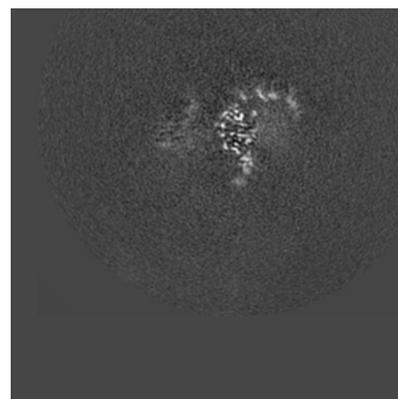
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 130



Y Index: 130

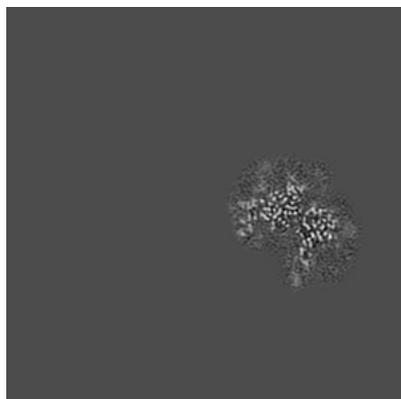


Z Index: 130

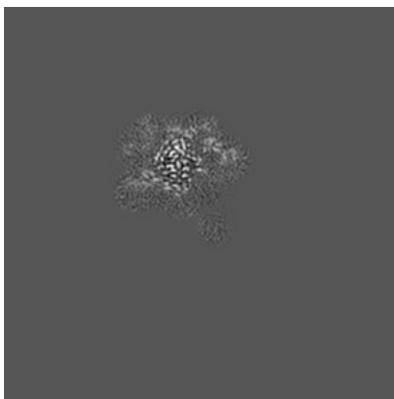
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

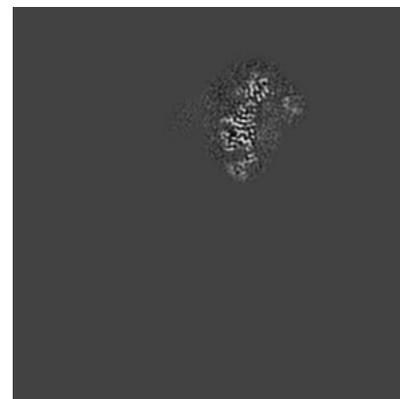
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 153

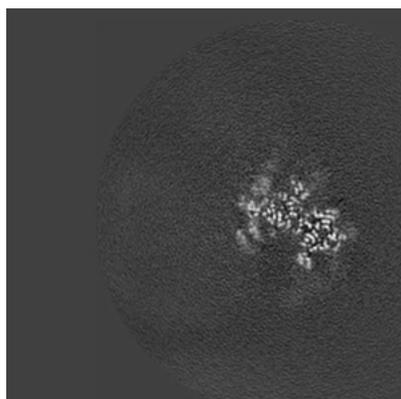


Y Index: 200

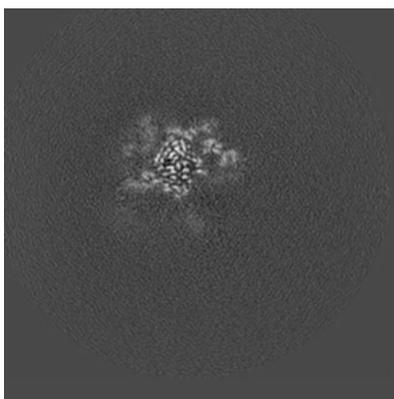


Z Index: 124

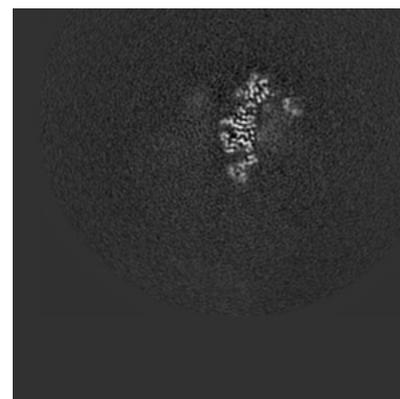
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 156



Y Index: 200

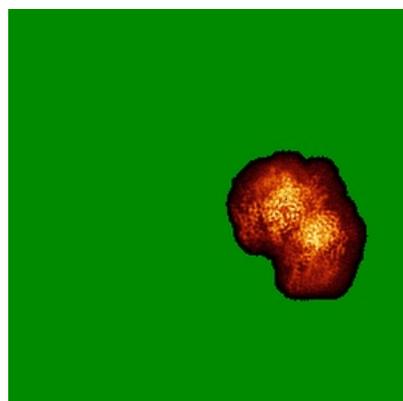


Z Index: 124

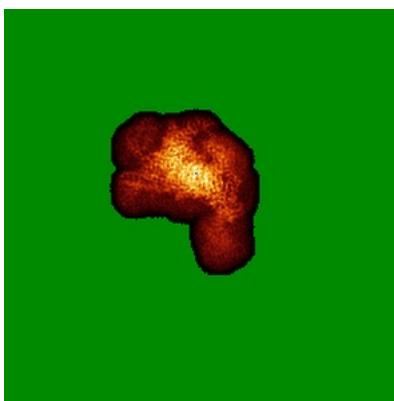
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

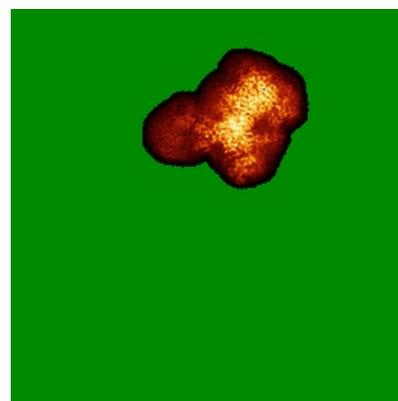
6.4.1 Primary map



X

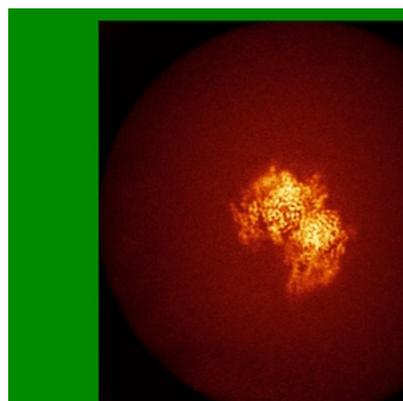


Y

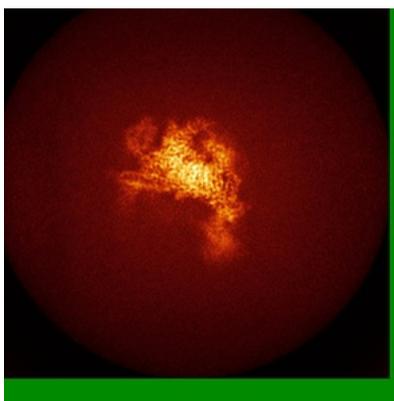


Z

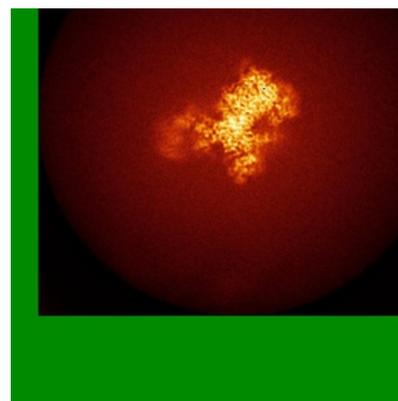
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

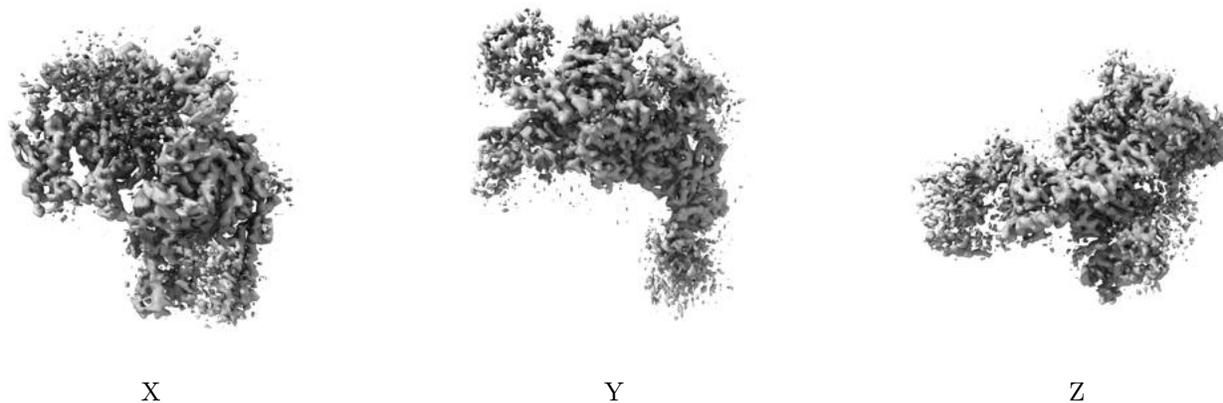


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

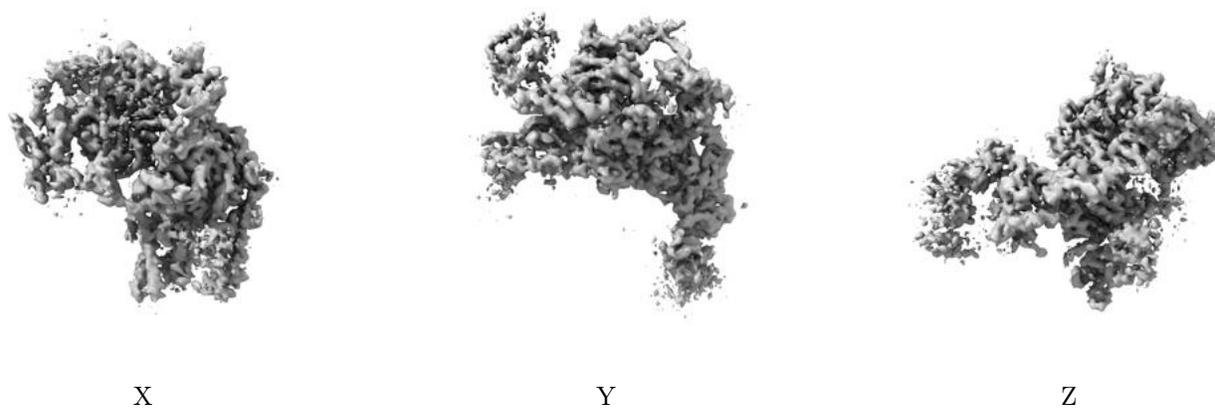
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.029. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

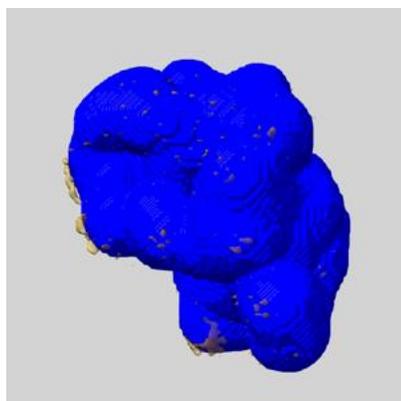
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

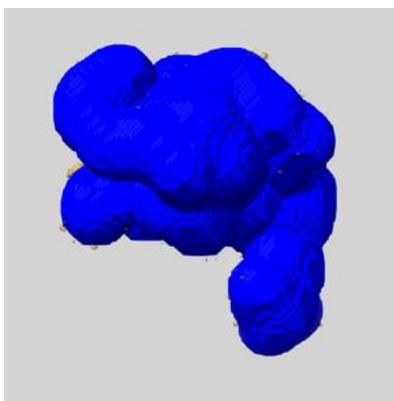
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

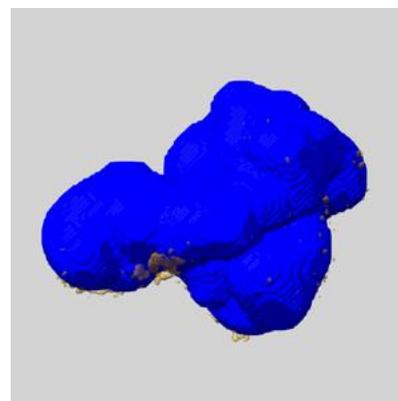
6.6.1 emd_36701_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

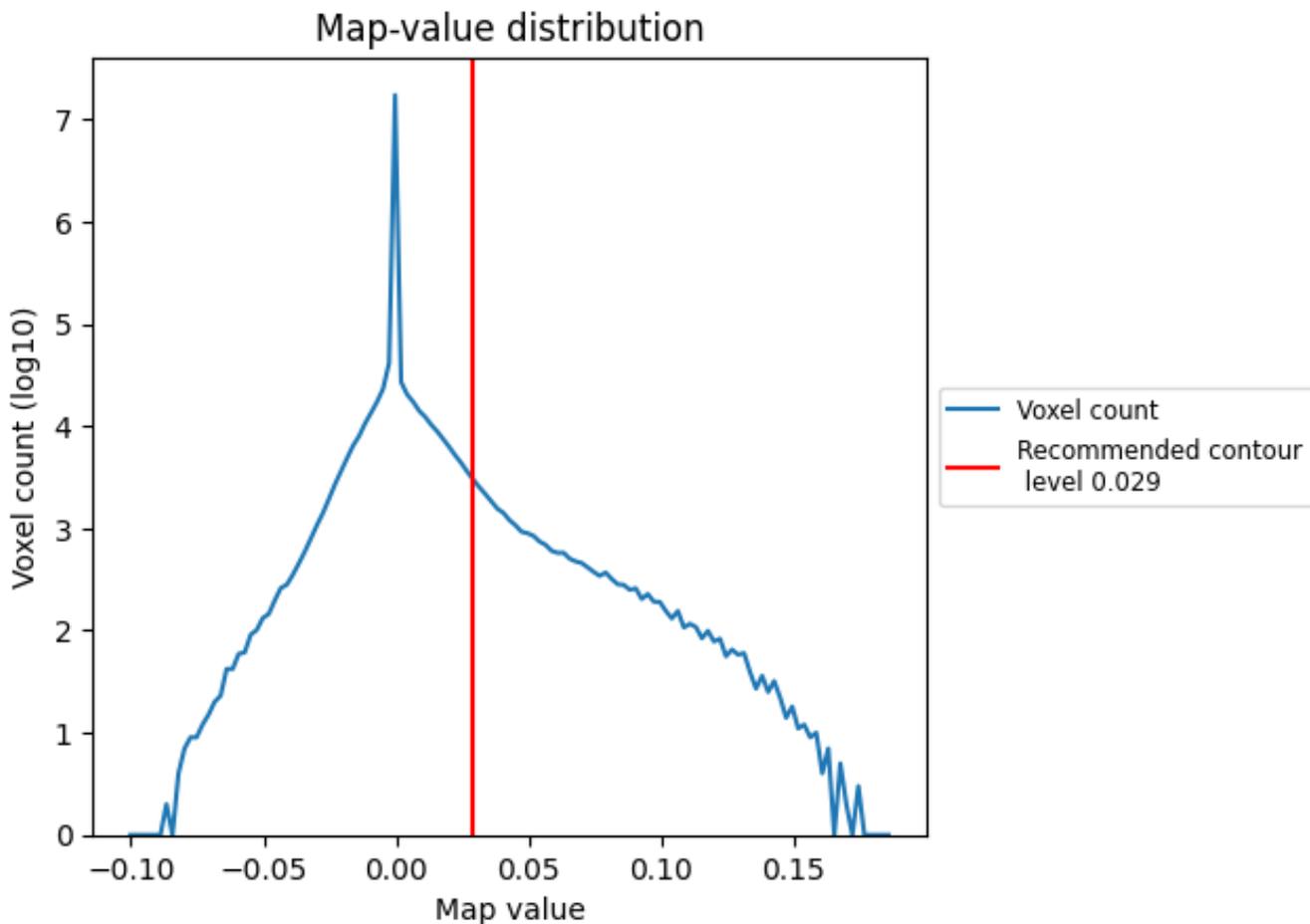


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

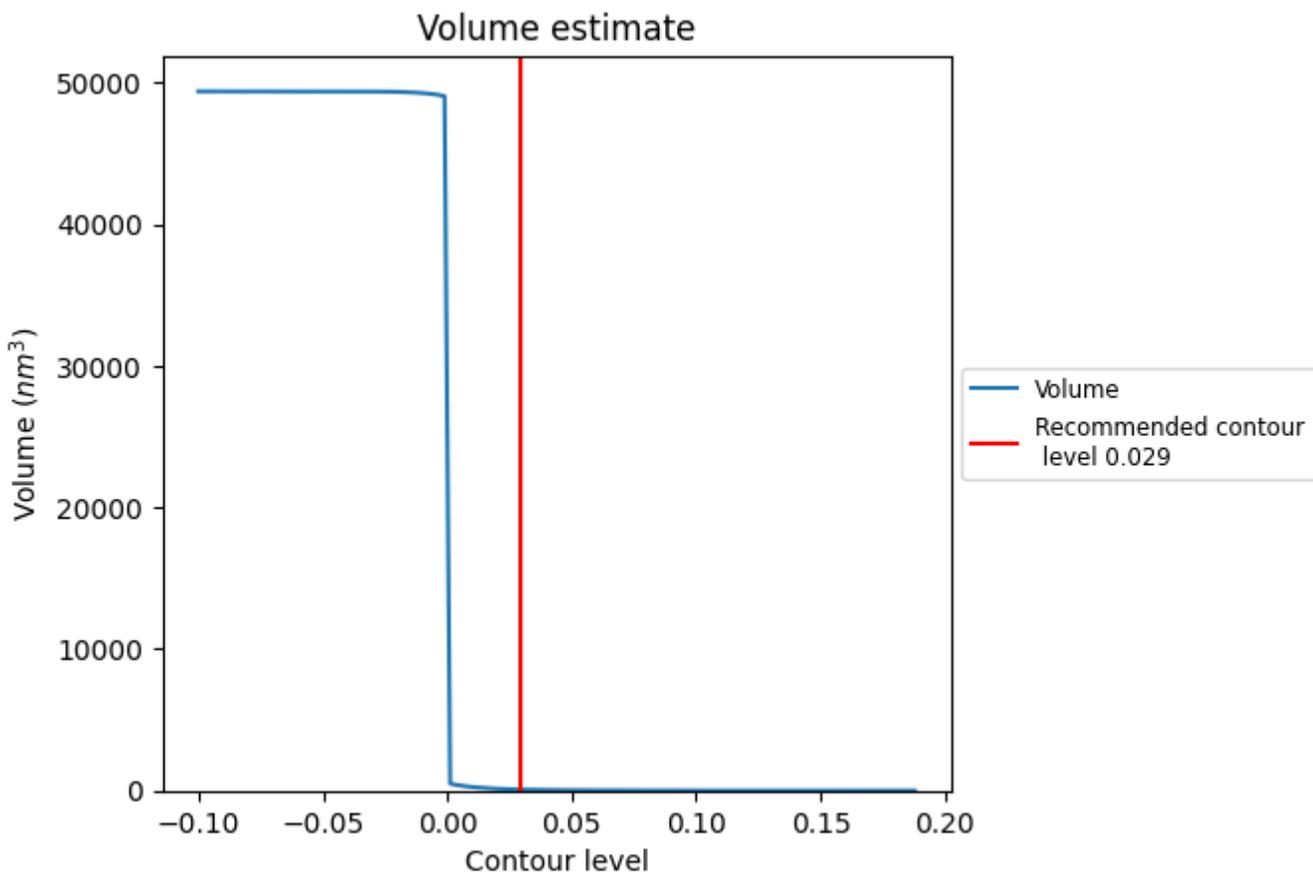
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

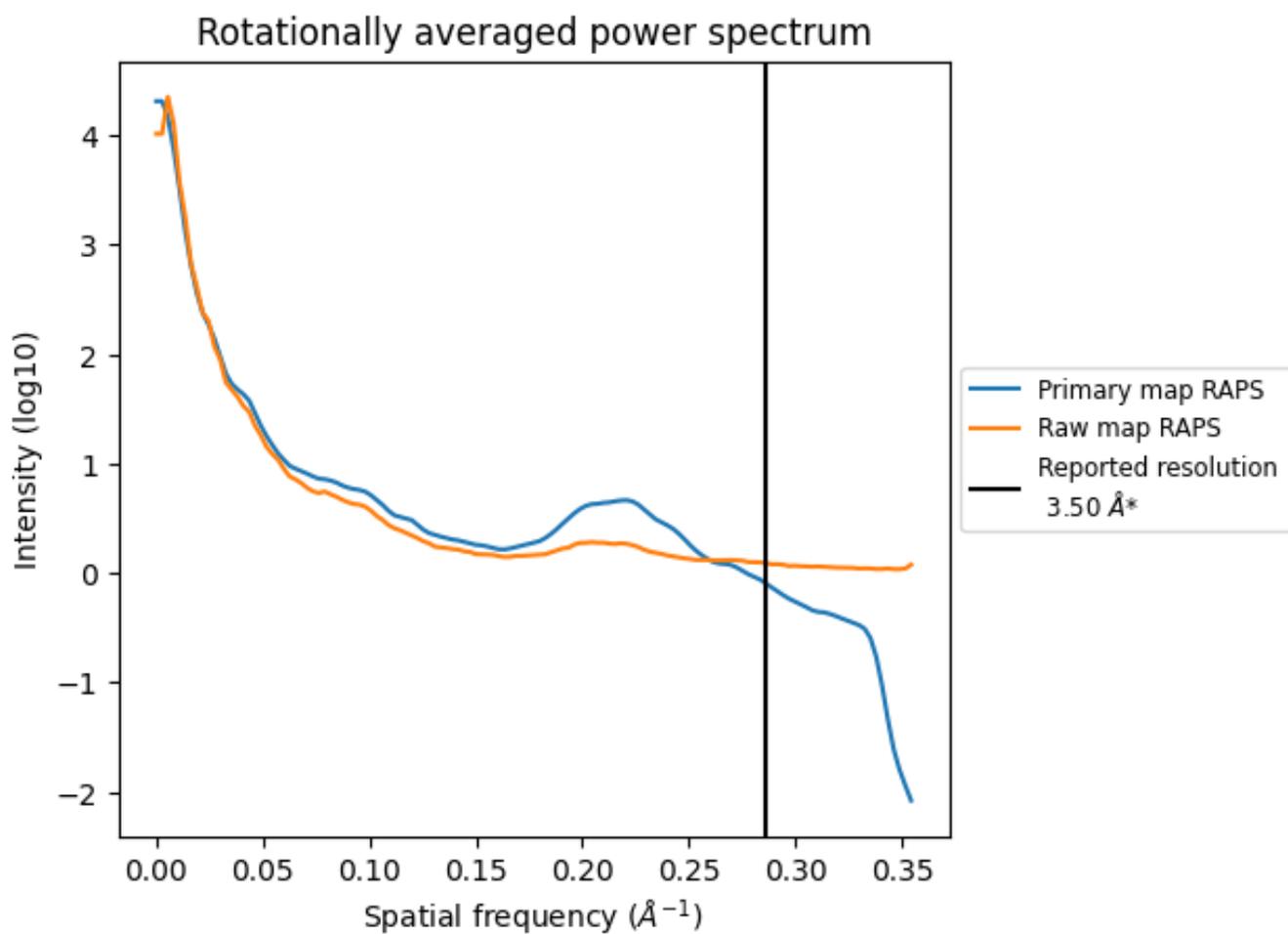
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 77 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 70 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum i

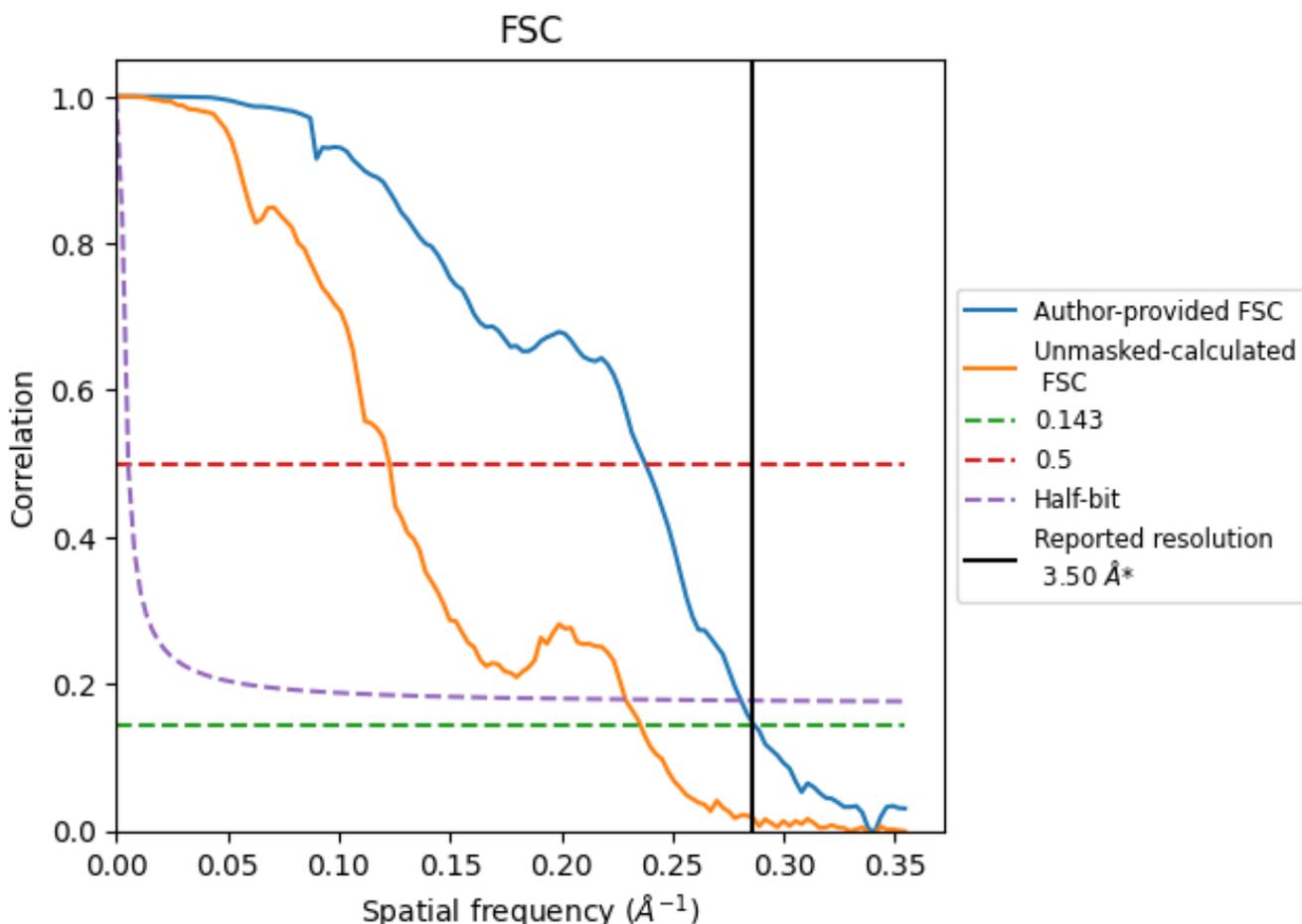


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.286 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.286 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

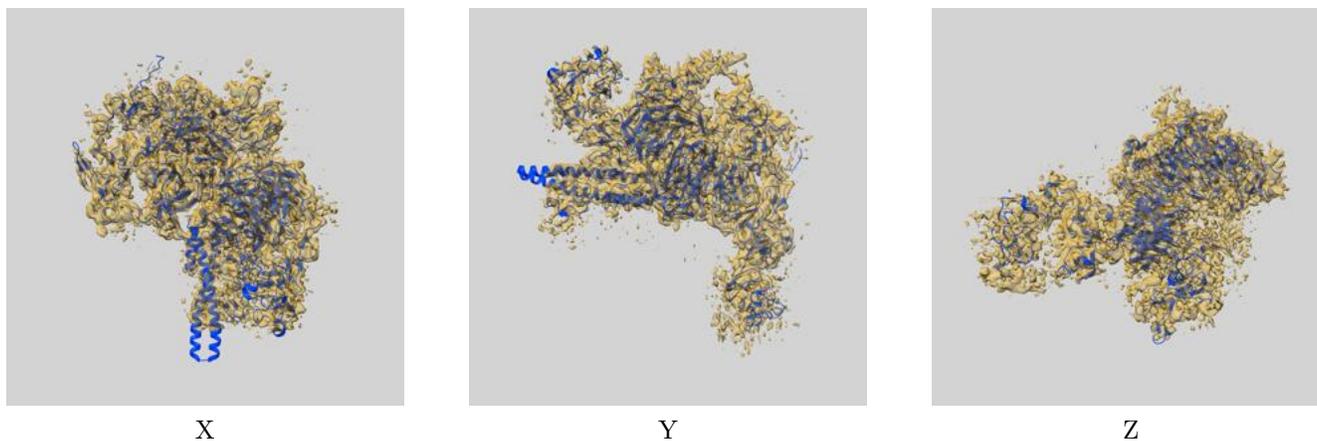
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.50	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.49	4.21	3.56
Unmasked-calculated*	4.24	8.15	4.37

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 4.24 differs from the reported value 3.5 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

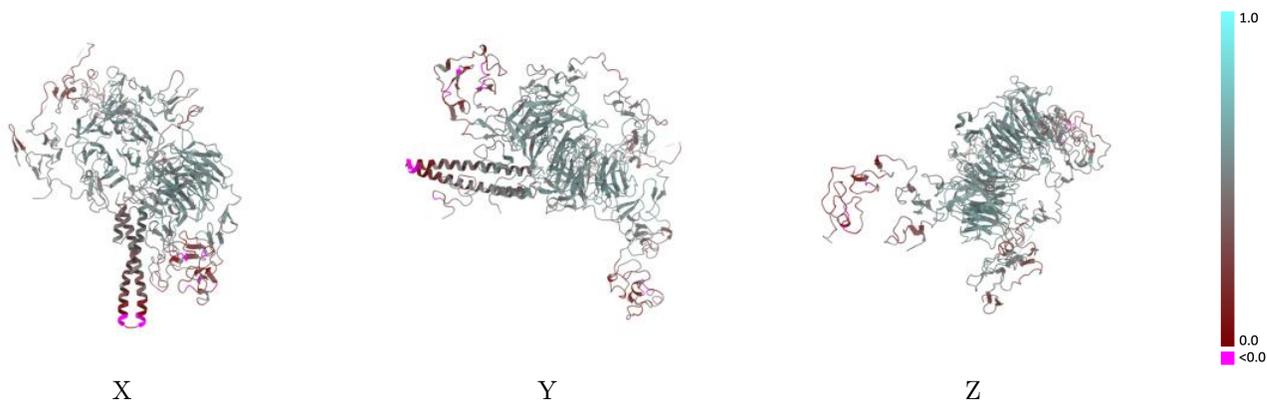
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-36701 and PDB model 8JXH. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 8.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



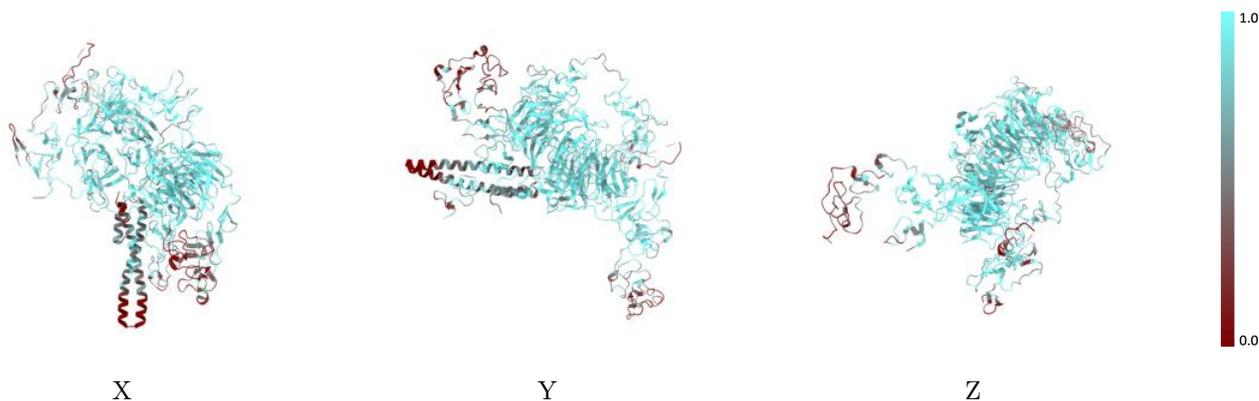
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.029 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



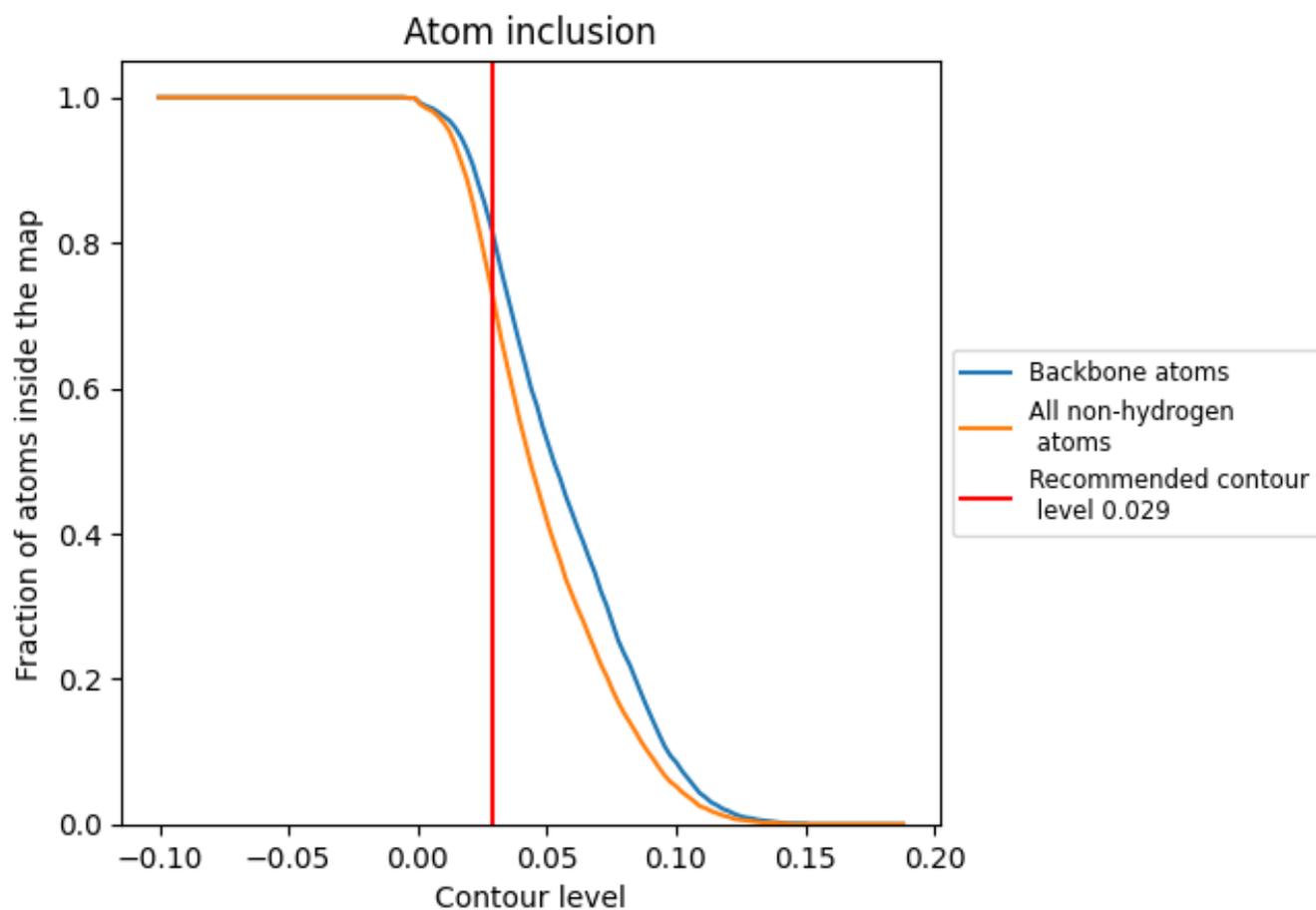
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.029).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 81% of all backbone atoms, 73% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.029) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.7280	 0.4720
A	 0.5770	 0.3550
B	 0.7800	 0.5000
C	 0.5360	 0.3450
D	 0.4330	 0.3610
E	 0.6920	 0.4500
F	 0.1790	 0.1630
G	 0.3770	 0.3750
Q	 0.9000	 0.5590
R	 0.9290	 0.5520

