

# Full wwPDB EM Validation Report (i)

Jul 16, 2025 – 01:27 AM JST

PDB ID : 8YVU / pdb\_00008yvu

EMDB ID : EMD-39614

Title : structure of Ige receptor

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Deposited on : 2024-03-29

Resolution : 3.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

<a href="https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp">https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp</a>
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : FAILED

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

MapQ: FAILED

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

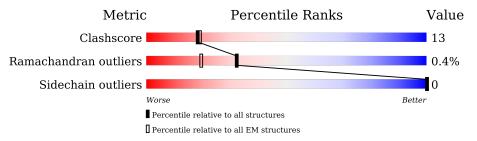
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.44

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM~structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$		
Clashscore	210492	15764		
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835		
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality	Quality of chain					
1	A	37	62%		38%				
1	Е	37	78%	78%					
2	В	160	78%	22%					
2	F	160	81%	19%					
3	С	39	51%	23%	26%				
3	D	39	77%		23%				
3	G	39	46%	28%	26%				
3	Н	39	67%		31% •				

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	CLR	F	301	-	-	X	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4216 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called High affinity immunoglobulin epsilon receptor subunit alpha.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
1	A	37	Total 311				0	0
1	Е	37	Total 311	C 218			0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called High affinity immunoglobulin epsilon receptor subunit beta.

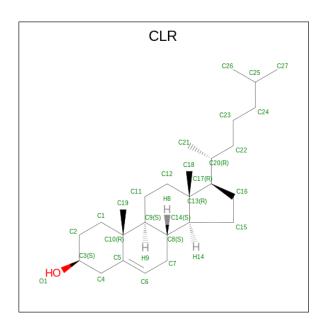
Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$				AltConf	Trace	
2	В	160	Total 1211	_		O 219	D	0	0
2	F	160	Total 1211	C 791	N 190	O 219	S 11	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called High affinity immunoglobulin epsilon receptor subunit gamma.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
3	С	29	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
9		29	239	163	38	36	2		U
3	D	39	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
3	D	39	319	215	50	52	2	0	0
3	C	29	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
3	G		239	163	38	36	2		
3	Н	30	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0
	П	39	319	215	50	52	2	0	

• Molecule 4 is CHOLESTEROL (CCD ID: CLR) (formula: C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>46</sub>O) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





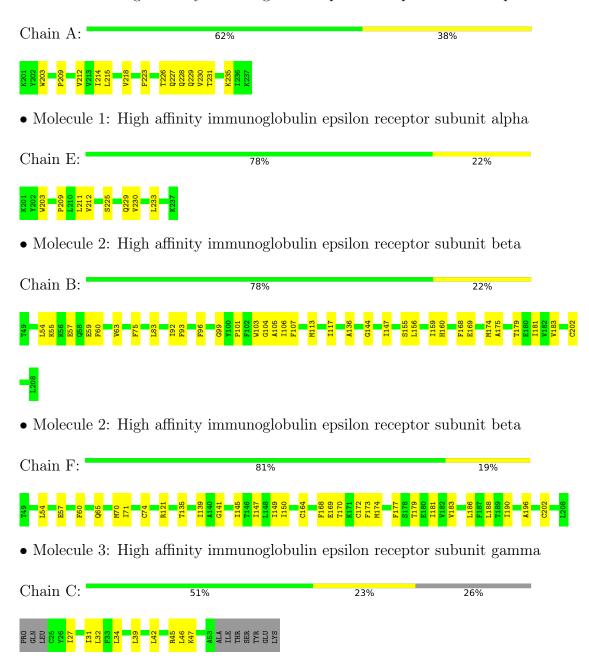
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
1	Λ	1	Total C O	0
	1	28   27   1	0	
1	E	1	Total C O	0
4	I'	1	28   27   1	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

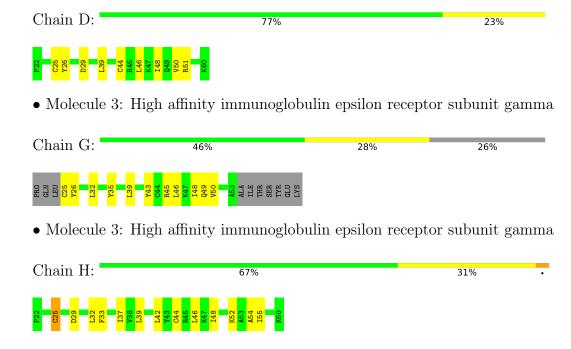
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: High affinity immunoglobulin epsilon receptor subunit alpha



• Molecule 3: High affinity immunoglobulin epsilon receptor subunit gamma







# 4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	170032	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	-1200	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	-2000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOCONTINUUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor



# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CLR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bo	nd angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.17	0/319	0.45	0/433
1	Е	0.13	0/319	0.35	0/433
2	В	0.13	0/1233	0.41	1/1665 (0.1%)
2	F	0.12	0/1233	0.34	0/1665
3	С	0.11	0/242	0.32	0/326
3	D	0.12	0/324	0.43	0/437
3	G	0.14	0/242	0.45	0/326
3	Н	0.17	0/324	0.40	0/437
All	All	0.13	0/4236	0.39	1/5722 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	106	ILE	N-CA-C	-6.52	106.11	111.91

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

$\mathbf{N}$	/Iol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
	1	A	311	0	336	14	0
	1	Е	311	0	336	19	0



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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	1211	0	1249	23	0
2	F	1211	0	1249	29	0
3	С	239	0	268	9	0
3	D	319	0	351	7	0
3	G	239	0	268	9	0
3	Η	319	0	351	12	0
4	A	28	0	46	6	0
4	F	28	0	46	27	0
All	All	4216	0	4500	112	0

The all-atom clash score is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clash score for this structure is 13.

All (112) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:F:74:CYS:SG	4:F:301:CLR:H273	1.60	1.38
2:F:70:MET:HG2	4:F:301:CLR:C16	1.61	1.30
2:F:70:MET:CG	4:F:301:CLR:H162	1.65	1.27
1:E:211:LEU:HD11	4:F:301:CLR:C26	1.67	1.24
1:E:211:LEU:HD11	4:F:301:CLR:H261	1.31	1.10
1:E:211:LEU:CD1	4:F:301:CLR:H261	1.83	1.09
1:E:211:LEU:CD1	4:F:301:CLR:C26	2.36	1.04
2:F:74:CYS:SG	4:F:301:CLR:C27	2.50	0.98
1:E:211:LEU:CD1	4:F:301:CLR:H25	1.99	0.92
1:E:211:LEU:CD1	4:F:301:CLR:C25	2.47	0.91
2:F:74:CYS:HG	4:F:301:CLR:H273	1.29	0.89
1:E:211:LEU:HD12	4:F:301:CLR:H25	1.55	0.88
4:A:301:CLR:C19	2:B:63:VAL:HG13	2.10	0.82
3:C:46:LEU:HD22	3:D:46:LEU:HD21	1.63	0.81
1:A:229:GLN:HE22	3:D:51:ARG:HH12	1.31	0.78
4:A:301:CLR:H193	2:B:63:VAL:HG13	1.67	0.77
1:E:211:LEU:HD13	4:F:301:CLR:H261	1.68	0.75
1:E:211:LEU:HD11	4:F:301:CLR:H263	1.68	0.71
2:F:70:MET:HE3	4:F:301:CLR:H151	1.74	0.70
4:F:301:CLR:H212	4:F:301:CLR:H183	1.73	0.69
2:F:168:PHE:HB2	2:F:173:PHE:HA	1.75	0.68
1:A:230:VAL:HG22	3:D:50:VAL:HG21	1.76	0.68
2:B:156:LEU:O	2:B:160:HIS:HB2	1.94	0.66
1:A:214:ILE:HD11	4:A:301:CLR:H271	1.79	0.64
1:E:225:SER:O	1:E:229:GLN:HG2	1.97	0.64



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	ious page	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}\ (\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)
2:F:70:MET:HE3	4:F:301:CLR:C15	2.30	0.62
3:G:46:LEU:HA	3:G:49:GLN:HE21	1.67	0.60
1:A:227:GLN:OE1	3:C:45:ARG:NH2	2.34	0.60
3:G:25:CYS:SG	3:G:26:TYR:N	2.74	0.58
2:B:75:PHE:HE1	2:B:181:ILE:HD12	1.67	0.58
2:F:70:MET:HG2	4:F:301:CLR:H162	0.72	0.57
1:E:209:PRO:HA	1:E:212:VAL:HG12	1.87	0.56
2:F:145:ILE:O	2:F:149:ILE:HG12	2.06	0.56
2:F:54:LEU:HD23	2:F:202:CYS:HB2	1.89	0.54
1:E:211:LEU:HD13	4:F:301:CLR:H271	1.88	0.54
1:A:209:PRO:HA	1:A:212:VAL:HG12	1.89	0.54
2:F:164:CYS:HB2	2:F:172:CYS:HB3	1.88	0.54
2:B:104:GLY:HA2	2:B:107:PHE:HB3	1.90	0.54
2:F:71:ILE:HG13	4:F:301:CLR:C26	2.38	0.53
3:H:33:PHE:O	3:H:37:ILE:HD12	2.09	0.52
3:D:26:TYR:HA	3:D:29:ASP:HB3	1.92	0.52
4:F:301:CLR:H212	4:F:301:CLR:H121	1.92	0.52
1:E:233:LEU:HD12	3:H:54:ALA:HB2	1.90	0.52
2:B:57:GLU:OE1	2:B:60:PHE:HB3	2.11	0.51
2:B:92:ILE:HD13	2:B:175:ALA:HA	1.94	0.50
2:B:155:SER:OG	2:B:179:THR:OG1	2.28	0.50
2:F:135:THR:O	2:F:139:ILE:HG12	2.13	0.48
2:B:83:LEU:HD23	2:B:174:MET:HE1	1.95	0.48
2:B:75:PHE:CE1	2:B:181:ILE:HD12	2.48	0.48
1:A:227:GLN:HE21	1:A:231:THR:HG23	1.78	0.48
2:B:55:LYS:NZ	2:B:202:CYS:O	2.41	0.48
3:H:44:CYS:O	3:H:48:ILE:HD12	2.13	0.48
2:B:99:GLY:O	2:B:103:TRP:N	2.46	0.48
1:E:230:VAL:HG21	3:G:50:VAL:HG12	1.96	0.47
2:F:164:CYS:SG	2:F:170:THR:OG1	2.67	0.47
3:G:49:GLN:NE2	3:G:50:VAL:HG13	2.29	0.47
3:D:44:CYS:O	3:D:48:ILE:HG12	2.14	0.47
2:F:70:MET:CG	4:F:301:CLR:C16	2.50	0.47
3:G:32:LEU:HD22	3:H:32:LEU:HD21	1.98	0.46
2:B:144:GLY:HA2	2:B:147:ILE:HG12	1.96	0.46
2:F:121:ARG:HA	2:F:121:ARG:HD3	1.78	0.45
2:F:186:LEU:O	2:F:190:ILE:HG12	2.16	0.45
3:C:27:ILE:O	3:C:31:ILE:HG12	2.16	0.45
1:E:211:LEU:HD13	4:F:301:CLR:C25	2.42	0.45
2:B:96:PHE:CD2	2:B:101:PRO:HG2	2.52	0.45
1:A:235:LYS:HE2	3:H:55:ILE:HD11	1.99	0.45



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Continued from prev		Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance} \ (\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)	
4:F:301:CLR:H121	4:F:301:CLR:C21	2.47	0.45	
1:A:203:TRP:H	1:A:203:TRP:CD1	2.35	0.44	
3:G:35:TYR:O	3:G:39:LEU:HD23	2.18	0.44	
2:B:54:LEU:HB3	2:B:202:CYS:SG	2.58	0.44	
2:F:141:GLY:O	2:F:145:ILE:HG12	2.17	0.44	
4:A:301:CLR:H212	4:A:301:CLR:H121	2.00	0.44	
2:B:59:GLU:O	2:B:63:VAL:HG23	2.18	0.44	
2:F:177:PHE:O	2:F:181:ILE:HG12	2.17	0.43	
3:H:48:ILE:O	3:H:52:LYS:HG2	2.18	0.43	
3:C:32:LEU:O	3:C:32:LEU:HD23	2.17	0.43	
2:F:71:ILE:HG13	4:F:301:CLR:H263	2.00	0.43	
3:H:52:LYS:HA	3:H:55:ILE:HG22	2.01	0.43	
2:F:71:ILE:HG21	2:F:188:LEU:HD11	2.01	0.43	
2:B:101:PRO:O	2:B:105:ALA:HB2	2.19	0.43	
3:H:48:ILE:HG23	3:H:52:LYS:HE3	2.00	0.43	
1:E:203:TRP:H	1:E:203:TRP:CD1	2.36	0.43	
1:A:214:ILE:HD11	4:A:301:CLR:C27	2.46	0.43	
2:B:179:THR:O	2:B:183:VAL:HG23	2.19	0.43	
3:G:43:TYR:HE1	3:H:46:LEU:HD13	1.83	0.43	
3:C:39:LEU:HD23	3:D:39:LEU:HD13	2.00	0.42	
1:A:214:ILE:CD1	4:A:301:CLR:C27	2.97	0.42	
1:E:211:LEU:HD13	4:F:301:CLR:C26	2.36	0.42	
3:G:45:ARG:O	3:G:48:ILE:HG22	2.20	0.42 0.42	
3:C:34:LEU:HD23	3:C:34:LEU:H	1.84		
2:F:169:GLU:H	2:F:173:PHE:HB3	1.84	0.42	
2:B:168:PHE:CE1	2:B:169:GLU:HG2	2.55	0.42	
3:C:47:LYS:NZ	3:D:46:LEU:HD13	2.35	0.42	
3:H:25:CYS:O	3:H:29:ASP:N	2.53	0.41	
1:A:215:LEU:O	1:A:218:VAL:HG12	2.21	0.41	
2:B:113:MET:O	2:B:117:ILE:HG12	2.20	0.41	
2:F:65:GLN:HE21	2:F:196:ALA:HA	1.86	0.41	
2:F:70:MET:HE2	2:F:70:MET:HB2	1.91	0.41	
2:B:93:PHE:HZ	2:B:174:MET:HE2	1.85	0.41	
2:B:107:PHE:HZ	2:B:136:ALA:HB1	1.86	0.41	
2:F:57:GLU:OE2	2:F:60:PHE:HB3	2.20	0.41	
3:G:43:TYR:CZ	3:H:42:LEU:HD21	2.56	0.41	
1:A:228:GLN:OE1	1:E:229:GLN:NE2	2.54	0.41	
2:F:147:ILE:O	2:F:150:ILE:HG22	2.21	0.41	
1:A:226:THR:O	1:A:230:VAL:HG23	2.21	0.40	
2:F:179:THR:O	2:F:183:VAL:HG23	2.21	0.40	
3:H:39:LEU:HD23	3:H:39:LEU:HA	1.95	0.40	



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Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} &  ext{Interatomic} \ &  ext{distance} \ &  ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:223:PHE:CZ	3:C:42:LEU:HD23	2.56	0.40
2:F:174:MET:SD	2:F:174:MET:N	2.94	0.40
3:C:39:LEU:HD12	3:C:39:LEU:HA	1.93	0.40
1:E:211:LEU:HD13	4:F:301:CLR:C27	2.51	0.40
2:B:156:LEU:HA	2:B:159:ILE:HG22	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	35/37~(95%)	33 (94%)	2 (6%)	0	100	100
1	E	35/37~(95%)	33 (94%)	2 (6%)	0	100	100
2	В	158/160 (99%)	149 (94%)	9 (6%)	0	100	100
2	F	158/160 (99%)	152 (96%)	6 (4%)	0	100	100
3	C	27/39 (69%)	27 (100%)	0	0	100	100
3	D	37/39~(95%)	35 (95%)	1 (3%)	1 (3%)	4	29
3	G	27/39~(69%)	27 (100%)	0	0	100	100
3	Н	37/39~(95%)	35 (95%)	1 (3%)	1 (3%)	4	29
All	All	514/550 (94%)	491 (96%)	21 (4%)	2 (0%)	32	65

#### All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type
3	D	25	CYS
3	Н	25	CYS



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percei	ntiles
1	A	35/35~(100%)	35 (100%)	0	100	100
1	E	35/35 (100%)	35 (100%)	0	100	100
2	В	134/134 (100%)	134 (100%)	0	100	100
2	F	134/134 (100%)	134 (100%)	0	100	100
3	С	26/35~(74%)	26 (100%)	0	100	100
3	D	35/35 (100%)	35 (100%)	0	100	100
3	G	26/35~(74%)	26 (100%)	0	100	100
3	Н	35/35 (100%)	35 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	460/478 (96%)	460 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	229	GLN
2	В	65	GLN
2	В	165	GLN
3	G	49	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trme	Chain	Dec Link		Chain Res Link Bond lengths				В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
4	CLR	A	301	-	31,31,31	0.84	1 (3%)	48,48,48	1.21	6 (12%)	
4	CLR	F	301	-	31,31,31	0.84	1 (3%)	48,48,48	1.26	6 (12%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	$\mathbf{Type}$	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	CLR	A	301	-	-	3/10/68/68	0/4/4/4
4	CLR	F	301	-	-	0/10/68/68	0/4/4/4

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\mathring{\mathrm{A}})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
4	F	301	CLR	C13-C14	-2.11	1.51	1.55
4	A	301	CLR	C13-C14	-2.10	1.51	1.55

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	F	301	CLR	C13-C17-C20	-3.84	113.47	119.49
4	A	301	CLR	C13-C17-C20	-3.02	114.75	119.49
4	F	301	CLR	C13-C14-C8	-2.75	110.30	114.38
4	F	301	CLR	C11-C12-C13	-2.66	108.23	112.78



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	A	301	CLR	C11-C12-C13	-2.46	108.57	112.78
4	F	301	CLR	C17-C13-C14	2.37	102.88	100.07
4	F	301	CLR	C8-C7-C6	-2.33	109.38	112.73
4	A	301	CLR	C13-C14-C8	-2.26	111.04	114.38
4	F	301	CLR	C11-C9-C10	-2.16	110.23	113.08
4	A	301	CLR	C4-C5-C6	-2.04	117.66	120.61
4	A	301	CLR	C8-C7-C6	-2.03	109.82	112.73
4	A	301	CLR	C19-C10-C9	-2.01	109.29	111.68

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	301	CLR	C21-C20-C22-C23
4	A	301	CLR	C17-C20-C22-C23
4	A	301	CLR	C13-C17-C20-C21

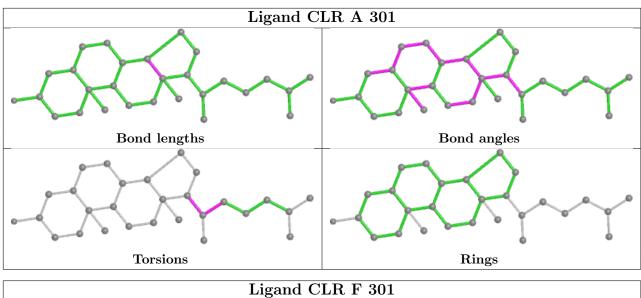
There are no ring outliers.

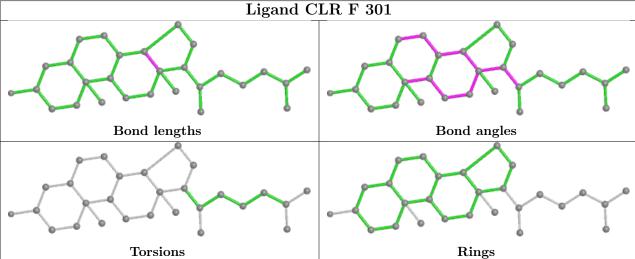
2 monomers are involved in 33 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	301	CLR	6	0
4	F	301	CLR	27	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

