

# Integrative Structure Validation Report

October 09, 2025 - 04:49 PM PDT

*The following software was used in the production of this report:*

*IHMValidation Version 3.0*

*Python-IHM Version 2.5*

*MolProbity Version 4.5.2*

*EMDB validation analysis Version 0.0.1.dev127*

*ChimeraX Version 1.9*

*Chimera Version 1.19*

*MapQ Version 1.8.1*

PDB ID	9A8G   pdb_00009a8g
PDB-Dev ID	PDBDEV_00000380
Structure Title	Structural Basis for Mis18 Complex Assembly
Structure Authors	Thamkachy, R.; Medina-Pritchard, B.; Park, S.H.; Chiodi, C.G.; Zou, J.; de la Torre-Barranco, M.; Shimanaka, K.; Abad, M.A.; Paramo, C.G.; Feederle, R.; Ruksenaite, E.; Heun, P.; Davies, O.R.; Rappsilber, J.; Schneidman-Duhovny, D.; Cho, U.; Jeyaprkash, A.A.
Deposited on	2024-04-26

*This is a PDB-IHM Structure Validation Report.*

*We welcome your comments at [helpdesk@pdb-ihm.org](mailto:helpdesk@pdb-ihm.org)*

*A user guide is available at [https://pdb-ihm.org/validation\\_help.html](https://pdb-ihm.org/validation_help.html) with specific help available everywhere you see the  symbol.*

*List of references used to build this report is available [here](#).*

## 1. Overview

### 1.1. Summary

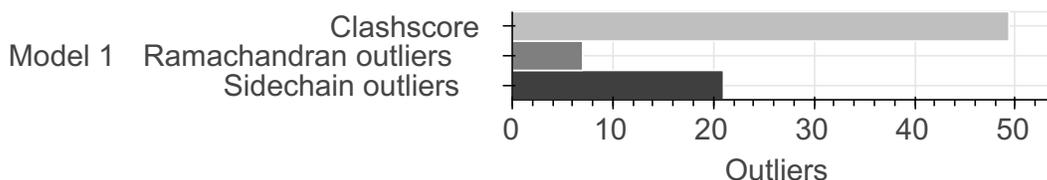
*This entry consists of 1 model(s). A total of 9 dataset(s) were used to build this entry.*

Name	Type	Count
3DEM volume	Experimental data	3
Crosslinking-MS data	Experimental data	1
Experimental model	Starting model	2
De Novo model	Starting model	3

## 1.2. Overall quality ?

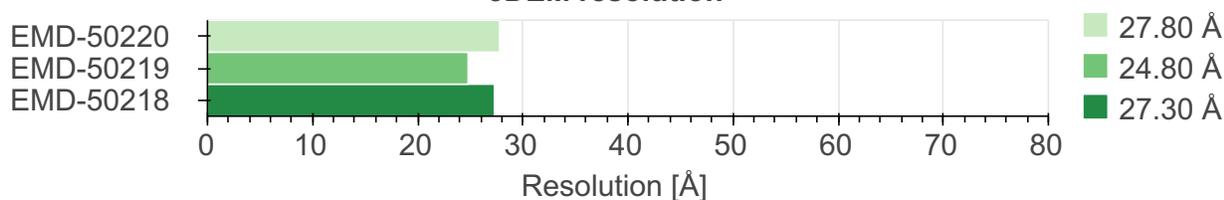
This validation report contains model quality assessments for all structures, data quality and fit to model assessments for SAS and crosslinking-MS datasets. Data quality and fit to model assessments for other datasets and model uncertainty are under development. Number of plots is limited to 256.

### Model Quality: MolProbity Analysis ?



### Data Quality ?

#### 3DEM resolution

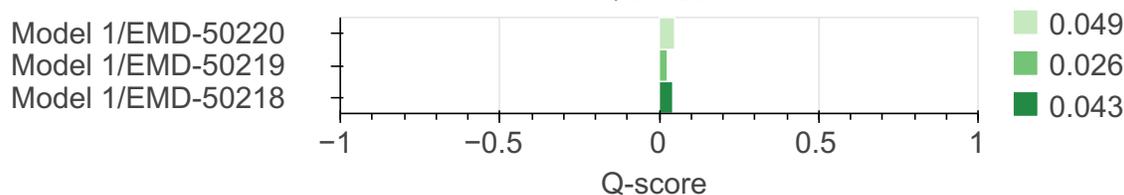


### Fit to Data Used for Modeling ?

#### Crosslink satisfaction



#### Q-score



## 2. Model Details ?

## 2.1. Ensemble information ?

This entry consists of 0 distinct ensemble(s).

## 2.2. Representation ?

This entry has 1 representation(s).

ID	Model(s)	Entity ID	Molecule name	Chain(s) [auth]	Total residues	Rigid segments	Flexible segments	Model coverage/ Starting model coverage (%)	Scale
1	1	1	Protein Mis18-alpha	A	233	-	1-76, 77-190, 191-233	100.00 / 100.00	Atomic
				D					
				E					
				F					
		2	Protein Mis18-beta	B	229	-	1-187, 188-229	100.00 / 100.00	Atomic
				G					
		3	Mis18-binding protein 1	C	130	-	1-130	100.00 / 100.00	Atomic
				H					

## 2.3. Datasets used for modeling ?

There are 9 unique datasets used to build the models in this entry.

ID	Dataset type	Database name	Data access code
1	Crosslinking-MS data	PRIDE	<a href="#">PXD047345</a>
2	3DEM volume	EMDB	<a href="#">EMD-50218</a>
3	Experimental model	PDB	<a href="#">pdb_00007sfz</a>
4	Experimental model	PDB	<a href="#">pdb_00007sfy</a>
5	De Novo model	AlphaFoldDB	<a href="#">AF-Q9NYP9-F1</a>
6	3DEM volume	EMDB	<a href="#">EMD-50219</a>
7	3DEM volume	EMDB	<a href="#">EMD-50220</a>
8	De Novo model	AlphaFoldDB	<a href="#">AF-O43482-F1</a>
9	De Novo model	AlphaFoldDB	<a href="#">AF-Q6P0N0-F1</a>

## 2.4. Methodology and software ?

This entry is a result of 2 distinct protocol(s).

Step number	Protocol ID	Method name	Method type	Method description	Number of computed models	Multi state modeling	Multi scale modeling
1	1	docking	Not available	Not available	Not available	False	False

There are 2 software packages reported in this entry.

ID	Software name	Software version	Software classification	Software location
1	<a href="#">AlphaFold-Multimer</a>	2.20	model building	<a href="https://github.com/google-deepmind/alphafold">https://github.com/google-deepmind/alphafold</a>
2	<a href="#">CombDock</a>	Not available	assembly	<a href="http://bioinfo3d.cs.tau.ac.il/CombDock/download/">http://bioinfo3d.cs.tau.ac.il/CombDock/download/</a>

### 3. Data quality

#### 3.2. Crosslinking-MS

At the moment, data validation is only available for crosslinking-MS data deposited as a fully *compliant* dataset in the *PRIDE Crosslinking* database. Correspondence between crosslinking-MS and entry entities is established using *pyHMMER*. Only residue pairs that passed the reported threshold are used for the analysis. The values in the report have to be interpreted in the context of the experiment (i.e. only a minor fraction of in-situ or in-vivo dataset can be used for modeling).

Crosslinking-MS dataset is not available in the [PRIDE Crosslinking](#) database.

#### 3.3. 3DEM

This section describes quality of the 3DEM datasets

##### [EMD-50218](#)

###### 3.3.1. Experimental information

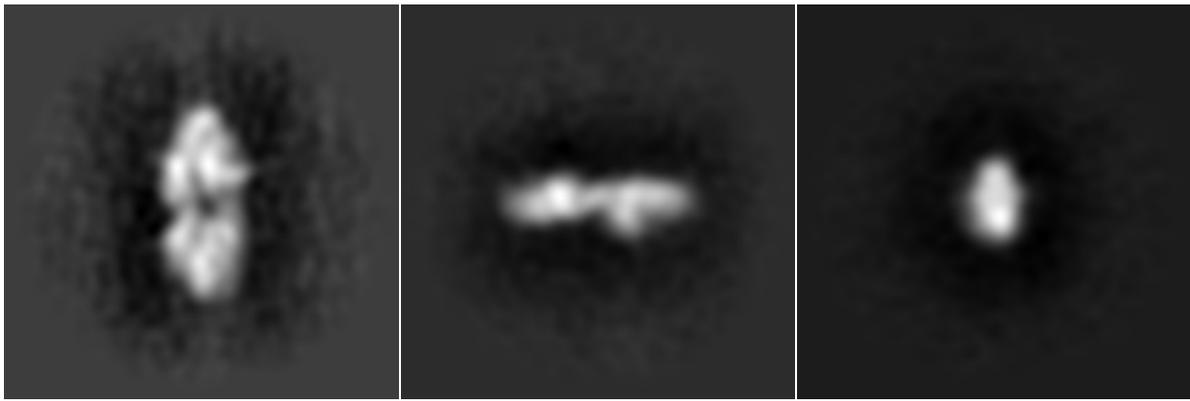
EM reconstruction method:	SINGLE PARTICLE
Resolution:	27.30 Å
Recommended level:	0.600
Estimated volume:	775.95 nm <sup>3</sup>
Specimen preparation:	Preparation ID 1 Staining: NEGATIVE; Material: 2% uranyl acetate
Map-only validation report:	<a href="#">wwPDB validation report</a>

###### 3.3.2. Map visualisation

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-50218. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts. Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

###### 3.3.2.1. Orthogonal projections

###### Primary map

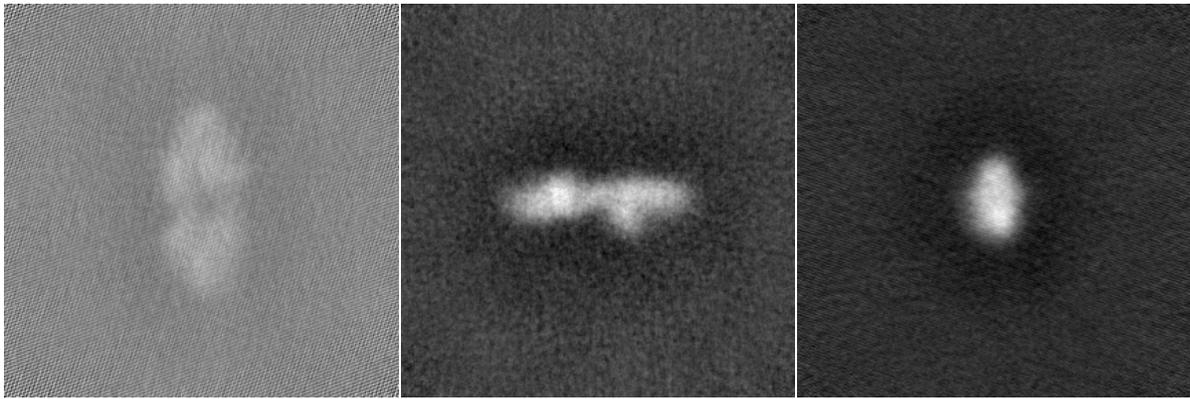


X

Y

Z

Raw map



X

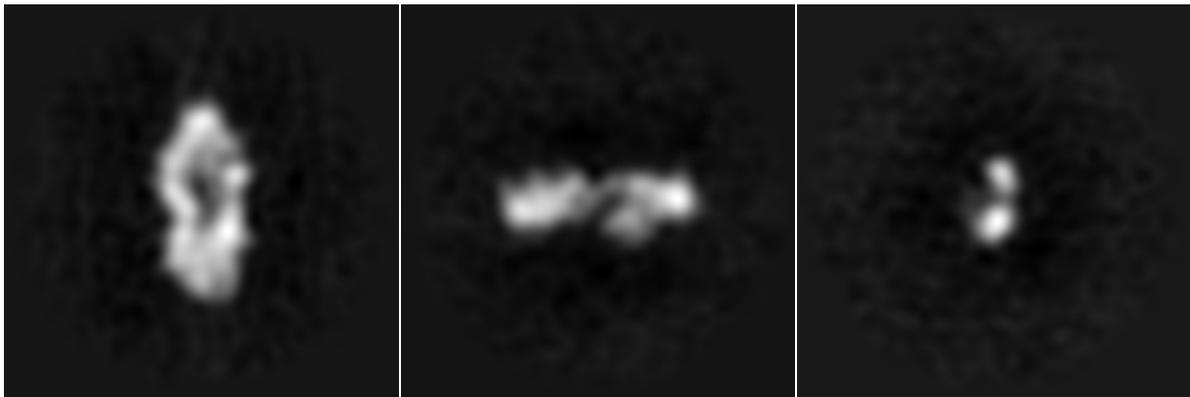
Y

Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

3.3.2.2. Central slices ?

Primary map

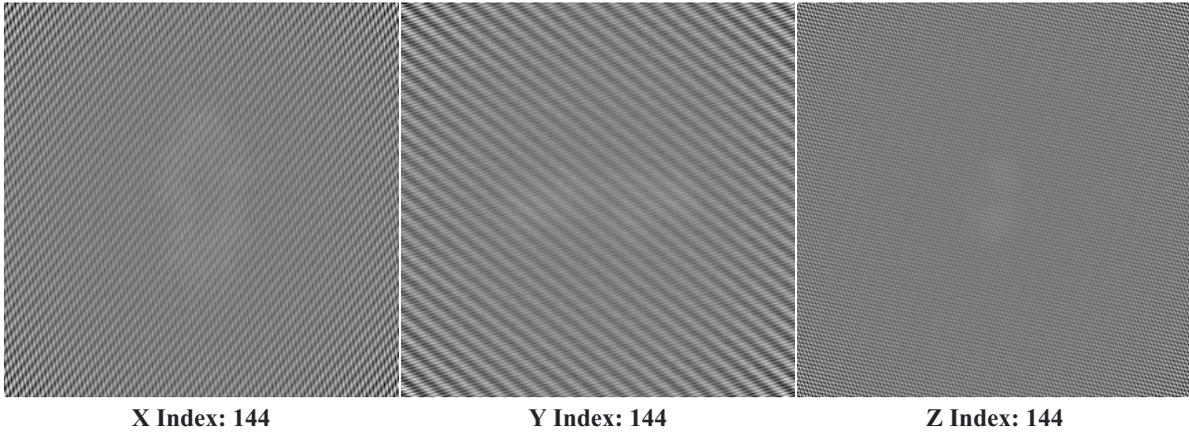


X Index: 144

Y Index: 144

Z Index: 144

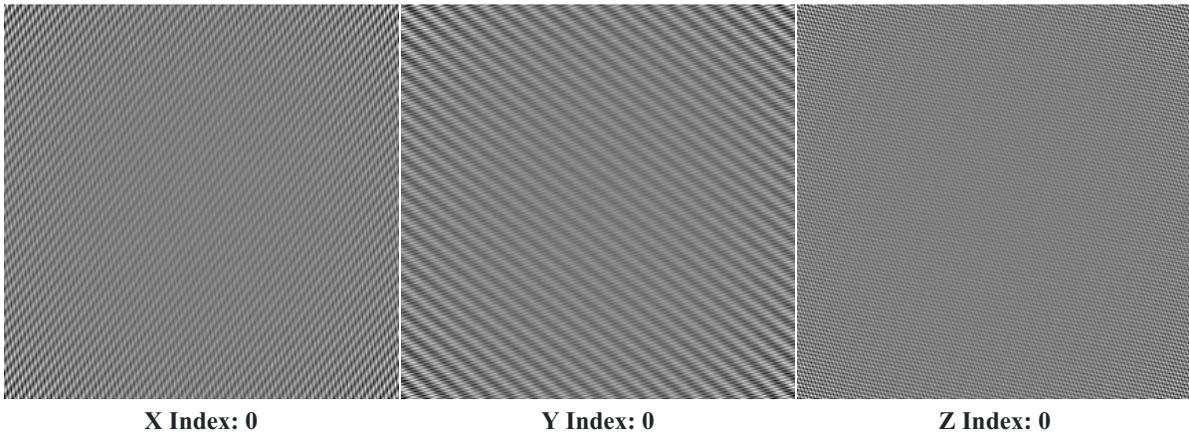
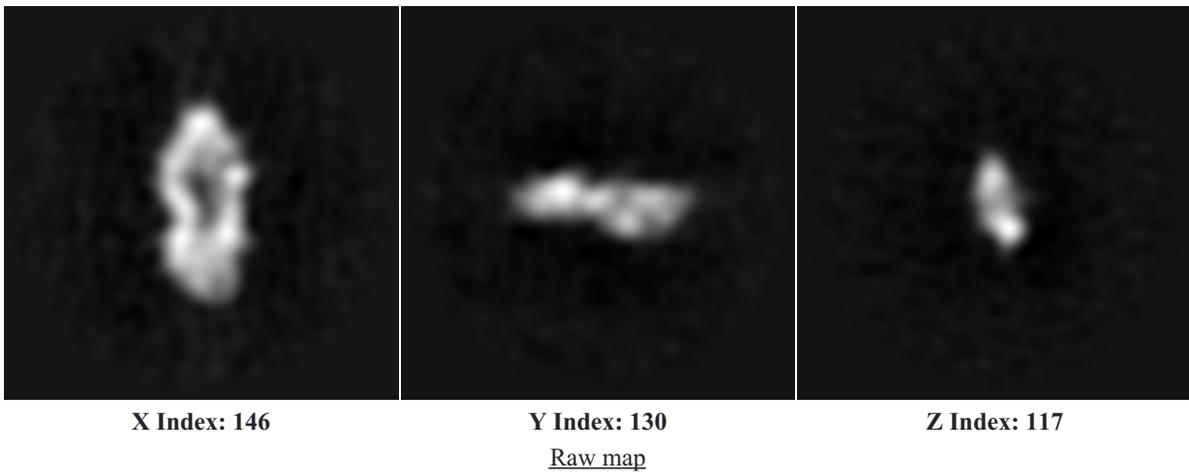
Raw map



The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

### 3.3.2.3. Largest variance slices

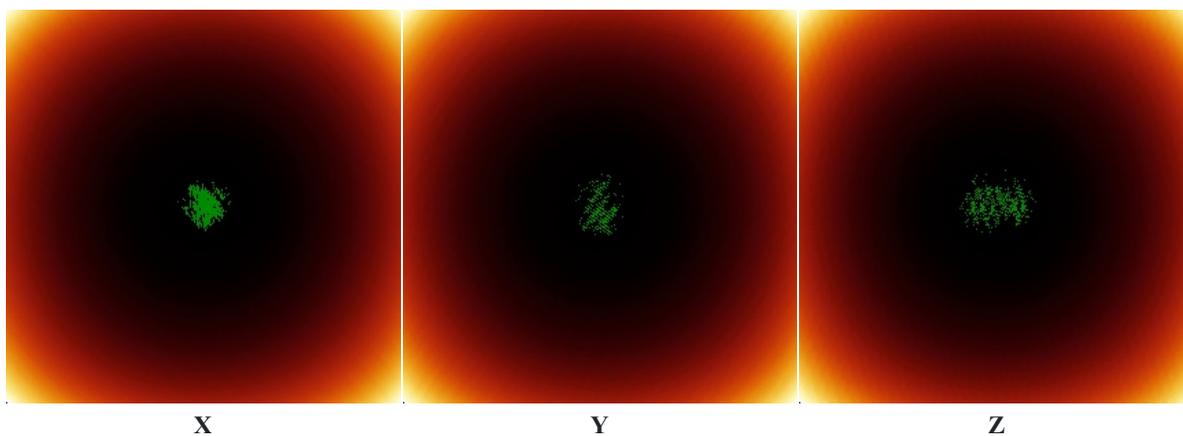
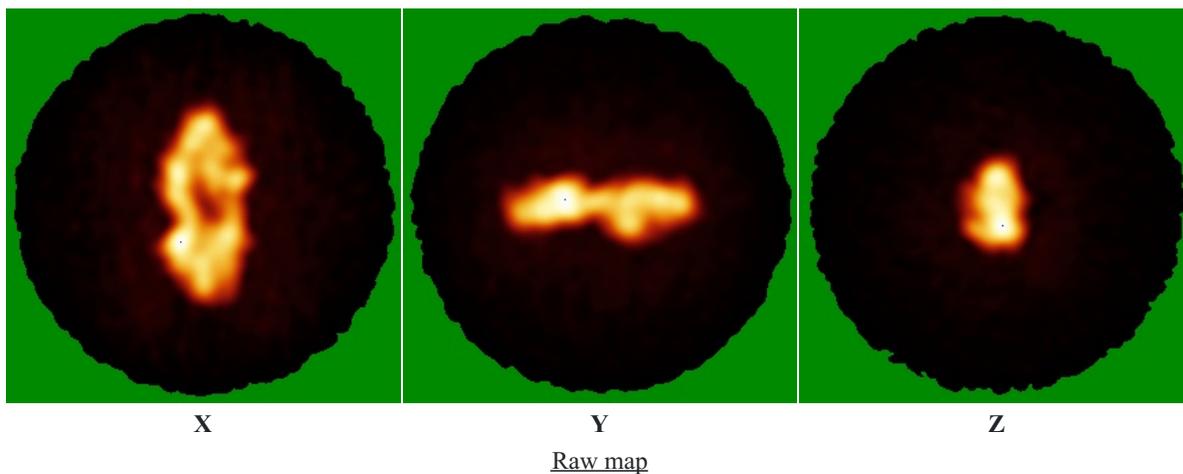
Primary map



The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

### 3.3.2.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (false-color)

Primary map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

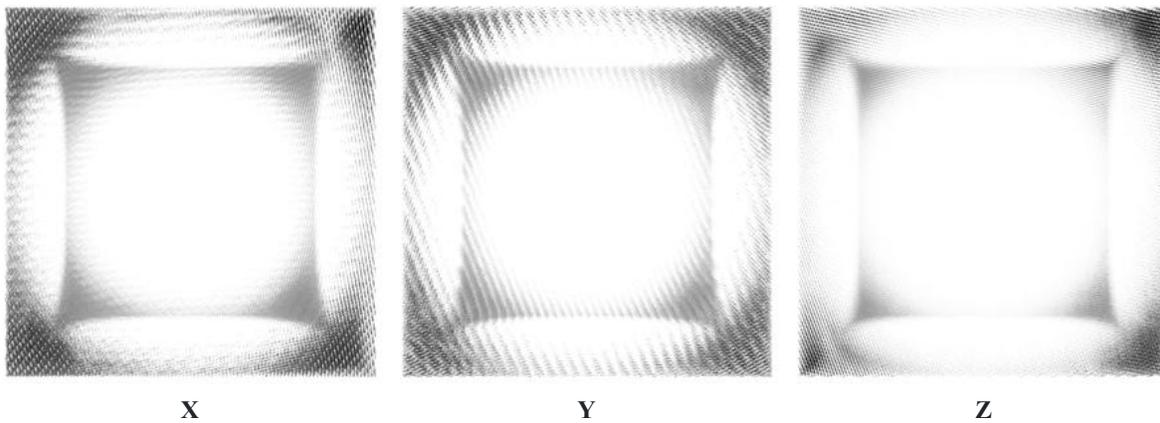
#### 3.3.2.5. Orthogonal surface views

##### Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.600 . These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

##### Raw map



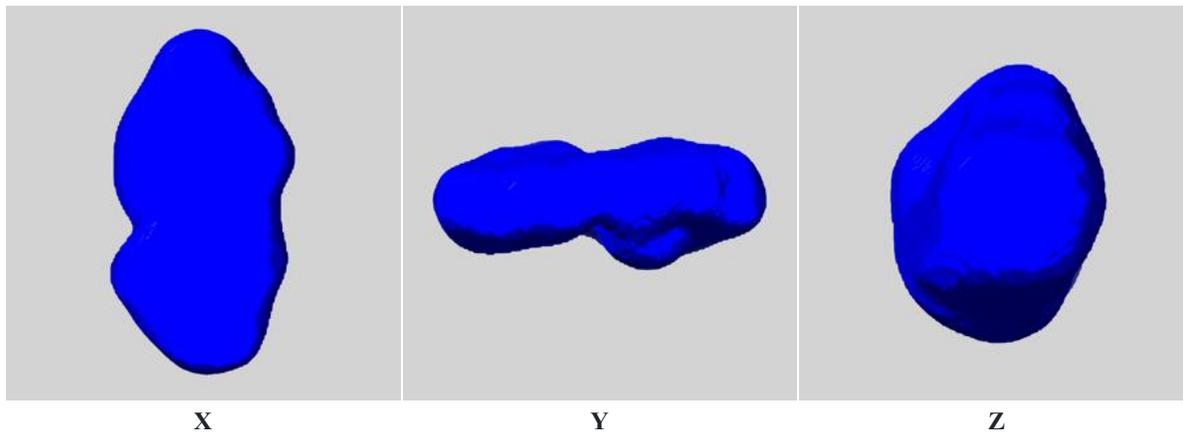
These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level 0.450 was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

#### [3.3.2.6. Mask visualisation](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency. A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure;
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure.

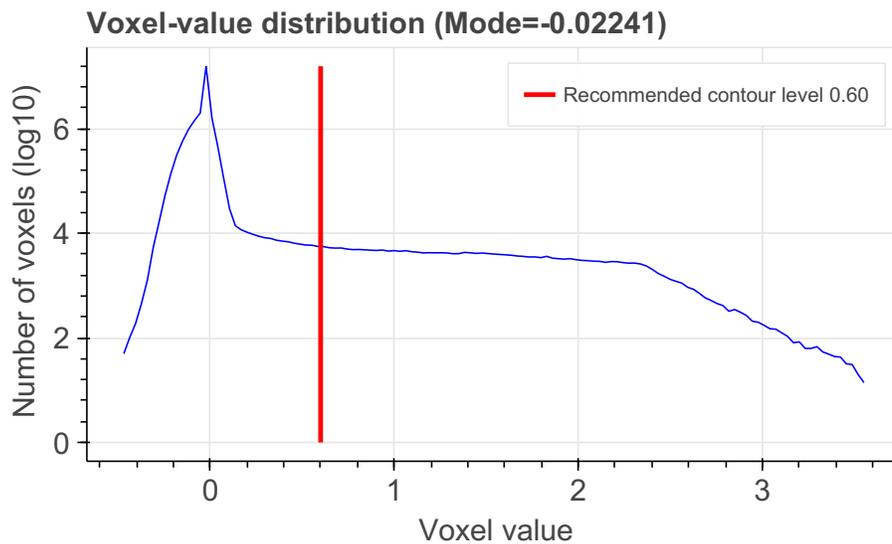
#### [emd\\_50218\\_msk\\_1.map](#)



#### [3.3.3. Map analysis](#)

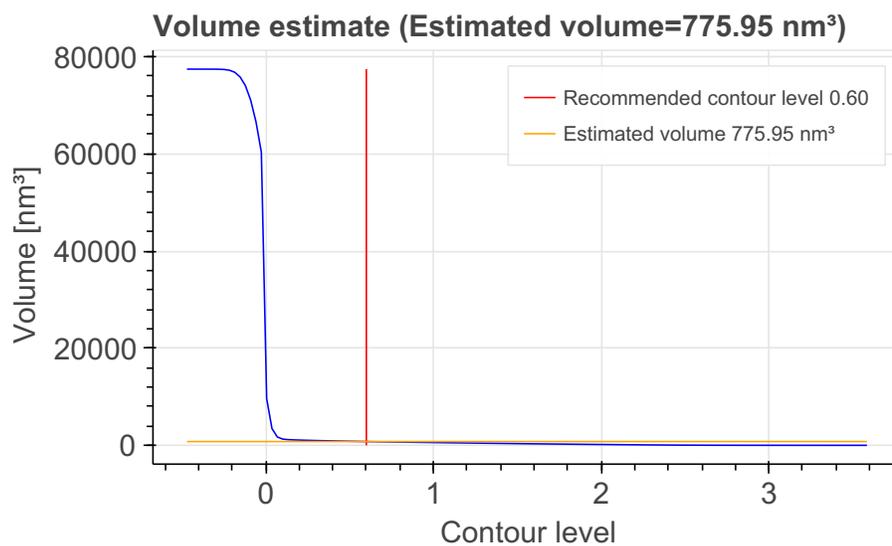
*This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.*

##### [3.3.3.1. Map-value distribution](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

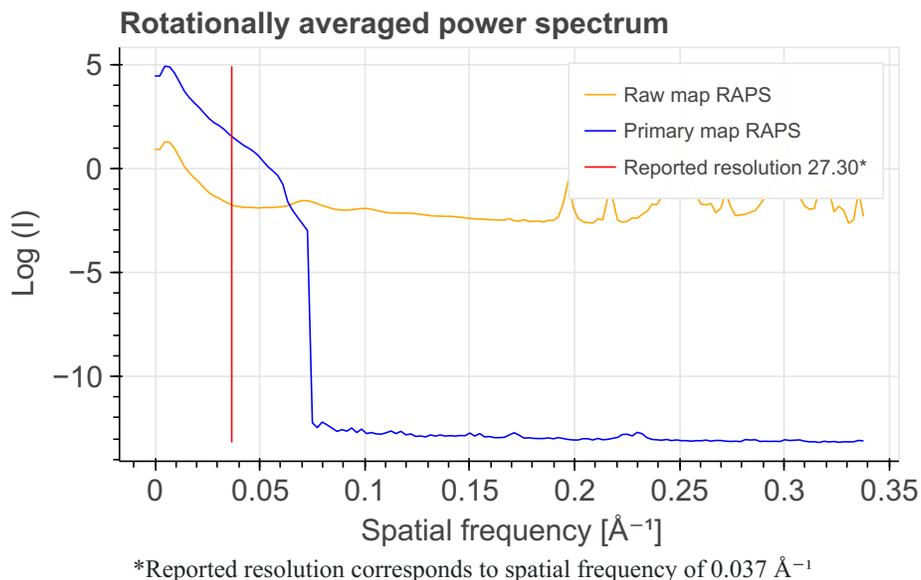
### 3.3.3.2. Volume estimate



The volume at the recommended contour level is 775.95 nm<sup>3</sup>.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

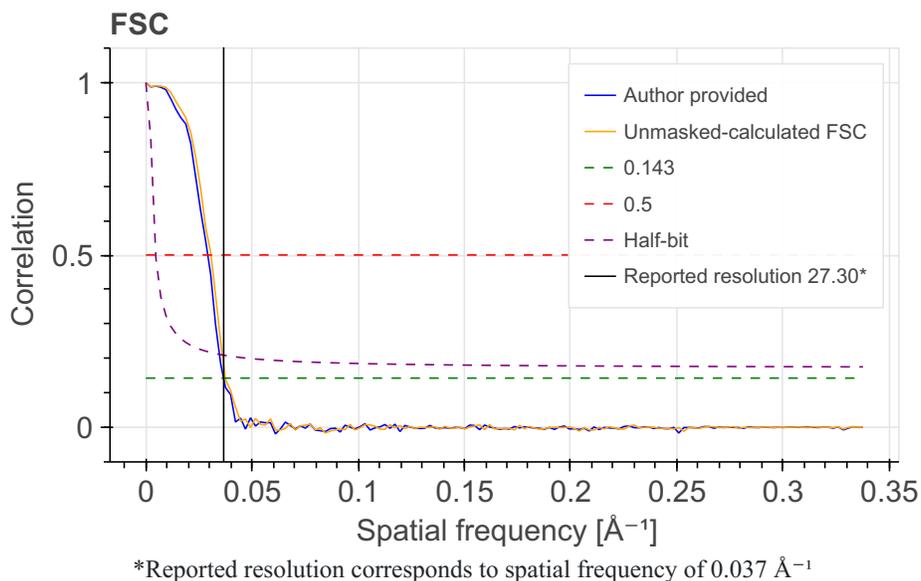
### 3.3.3.3. Rotationally averaged power spectrum



### 3.3.4. Fourier-Shell correlation ?

#### 3.3.4.1. FSC ?

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.



#### 3.3.4.2. Resolution estimates ?

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	27.30	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	27.32	34.36	28.82
Unmasked-calculated*	26.74	32.57	27.78

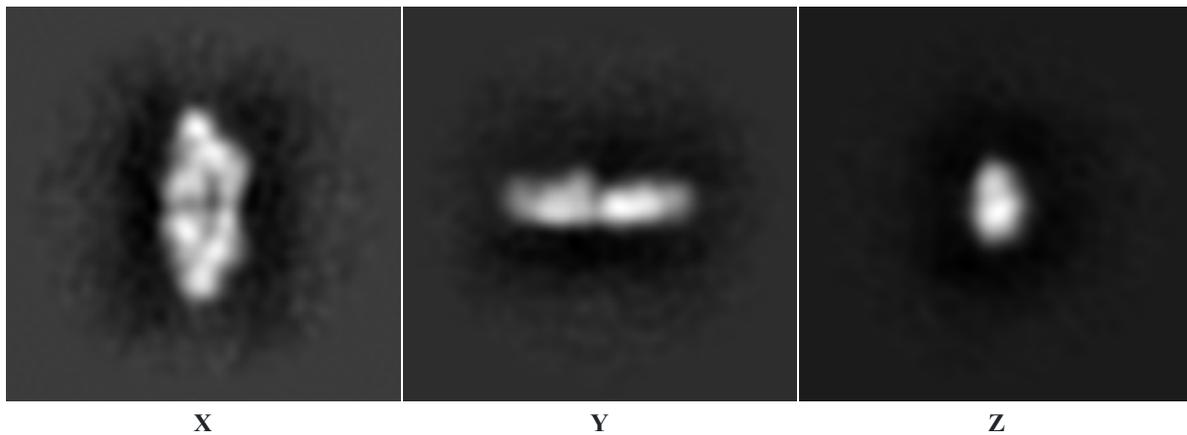
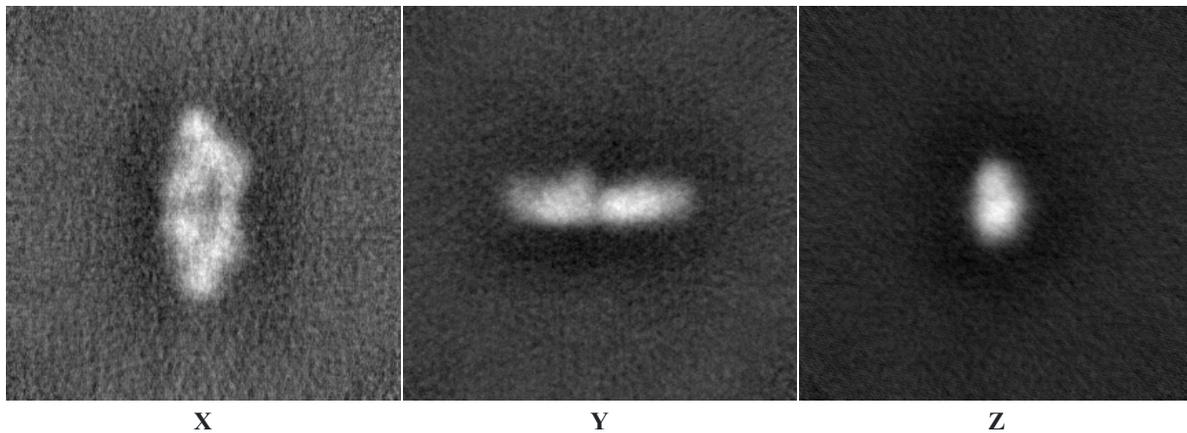
\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

[EMD-50219](#)[3.3.1. Experimental information](#)

EM reconstruction method:	SINGLE PARTICLE
Resolution:	24.80 Å
Recommended level:	0.550
Estimated volume:	773.52 nm <sup>3</sup>
Specimen preparation:	Preparation ID 1 Staining: NEGATIVE; Material: 2% Uranyl acetate
Map-only validation report:	<a href="#">wwPDB validation report</a>

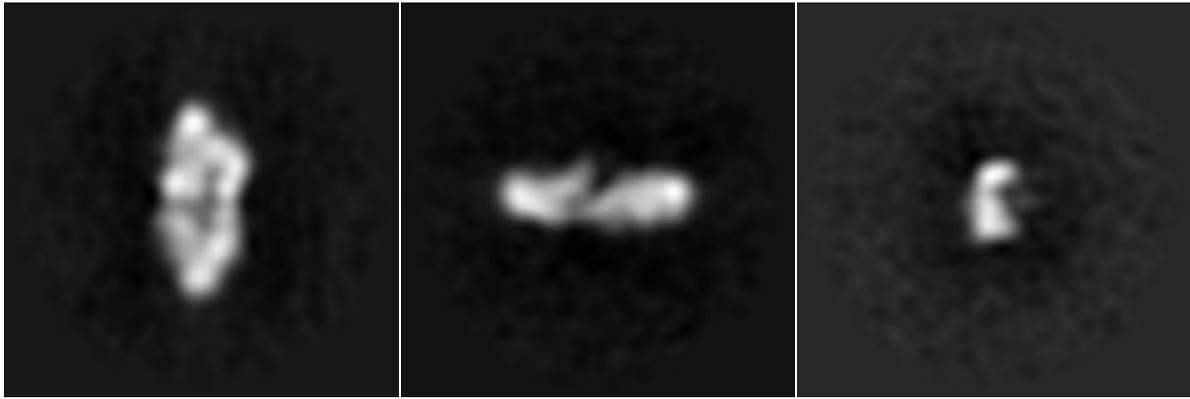
[3.3.2. Map visualisation](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-50219. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts. Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

[3.3.2.1. Orthogonal projections](#)[Primary map](#)[Raw map](#)

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

[3.3.2.2. Central slices](#)[Primary map](#)

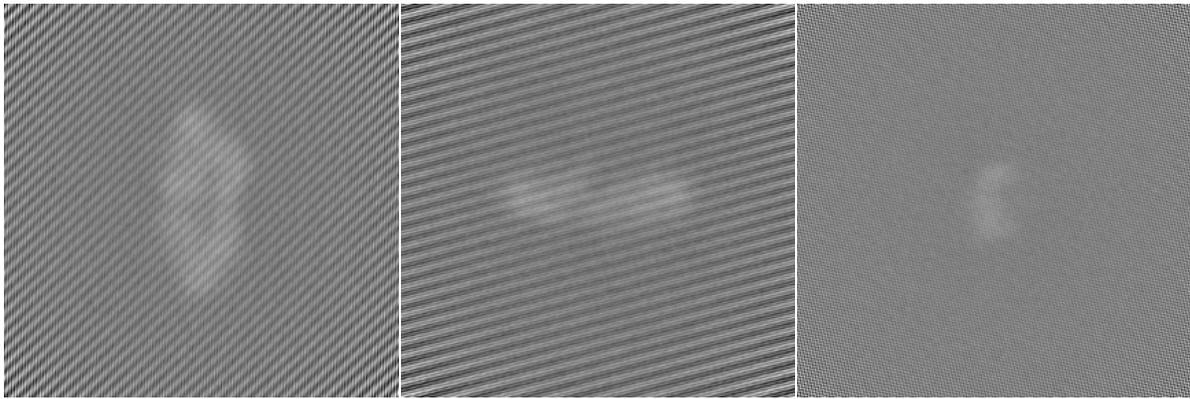


**X Index: 144**

**Y Index: 144**

**Z Index: 144**

Raw map



**X Index: 144**

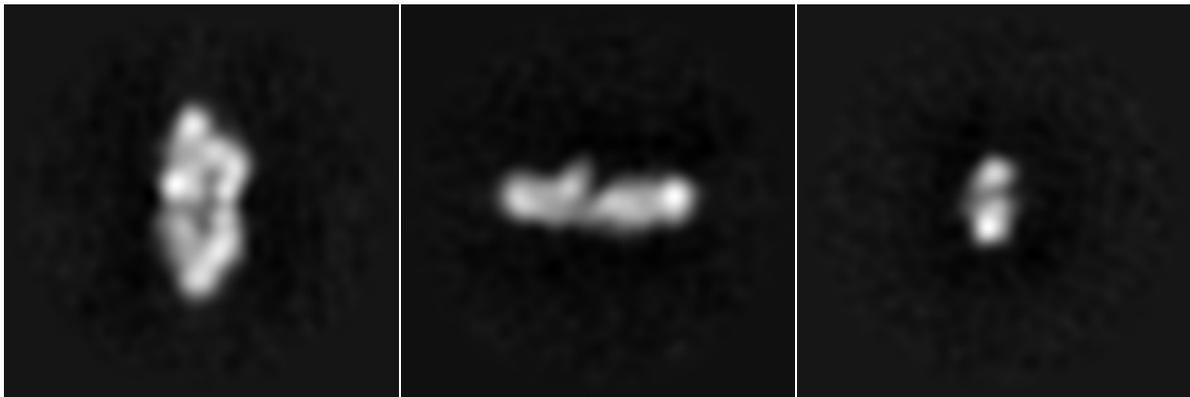
**Y Index: 144**

**Z Index: 144**

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

3.3.2.3. Largest variance slices ?

Primary map

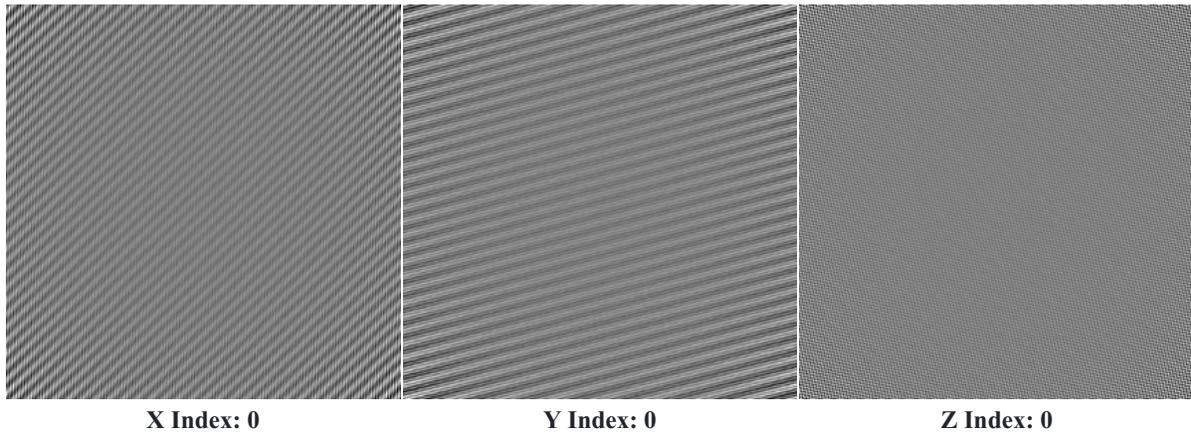


**X Index: 142**

**Y Index: 138**

**Z Index: 157**

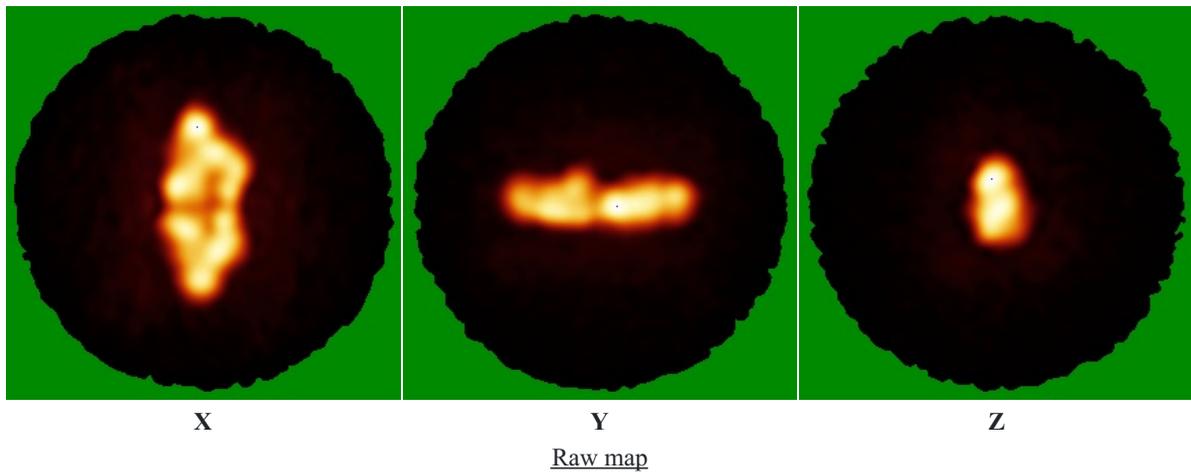
Raw map



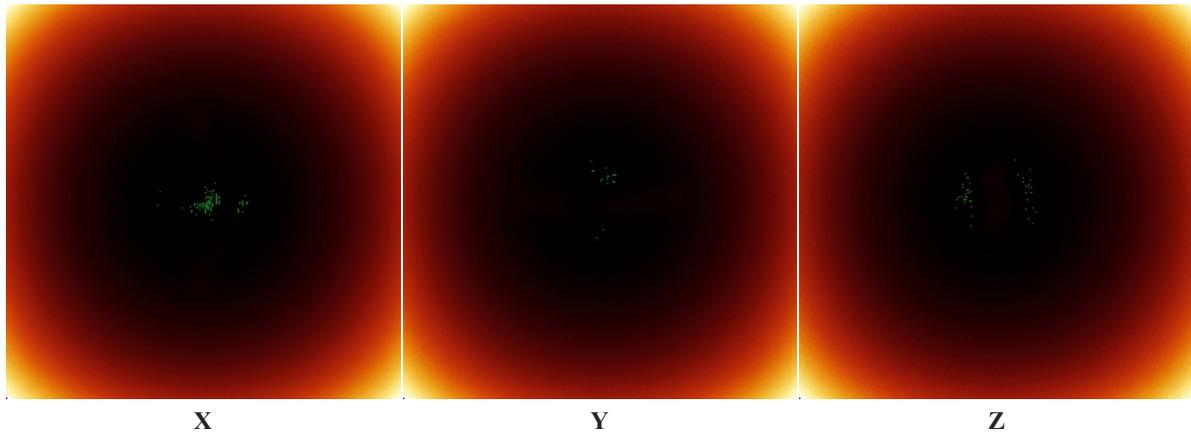
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

#### 3.3.2.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (false-color) ?

##### Primary map



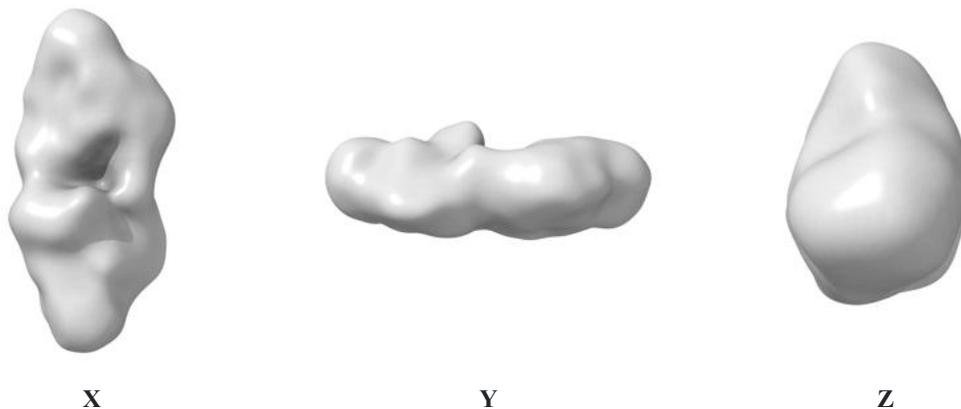
##### Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

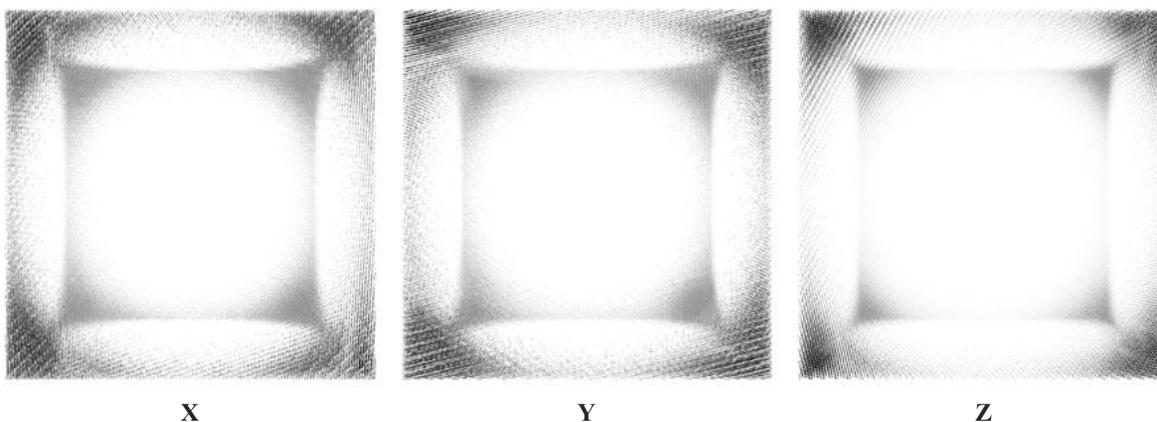
#### 3.3.2.5. Orthogonal surface views ?

##### Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.550. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

#### Raw map



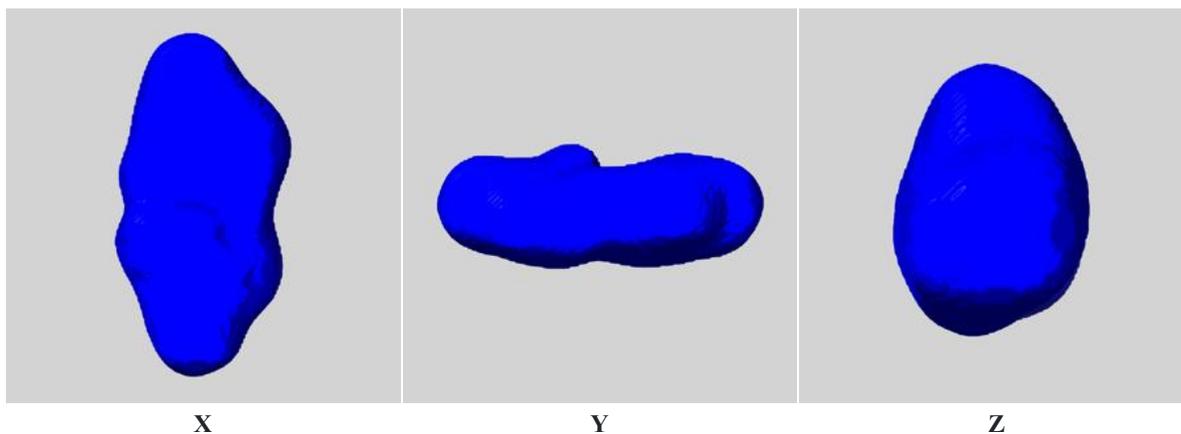
These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level 0.470 was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

#### 3.3.2.6. Mask visualisation ?

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency. A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure;
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure.

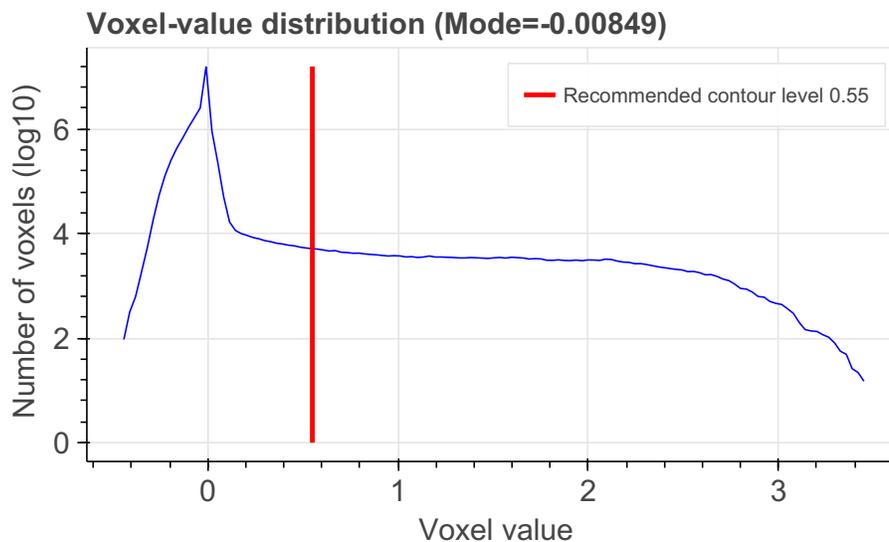
#### emd\_50219\_msk\_1.map ?



#### 3.3.3. Map analysis ?

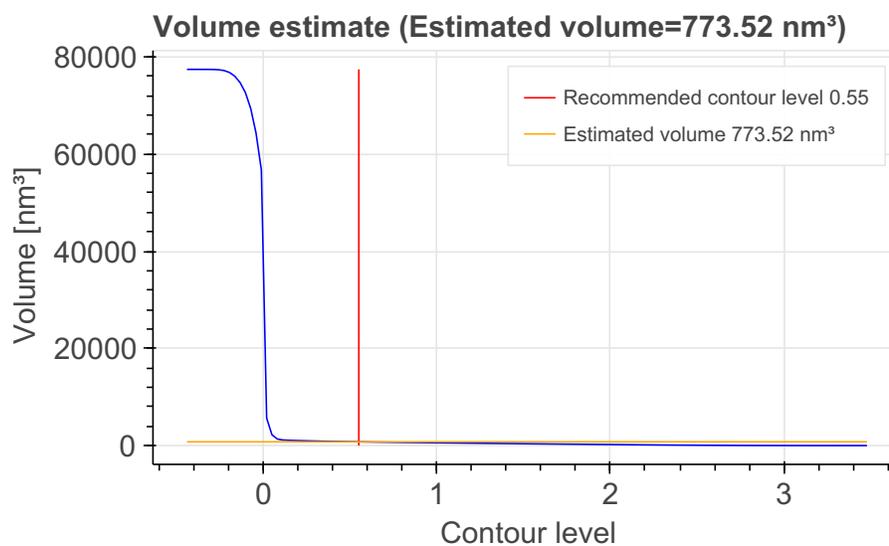
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 3.3.3.1. Map-value distribution



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

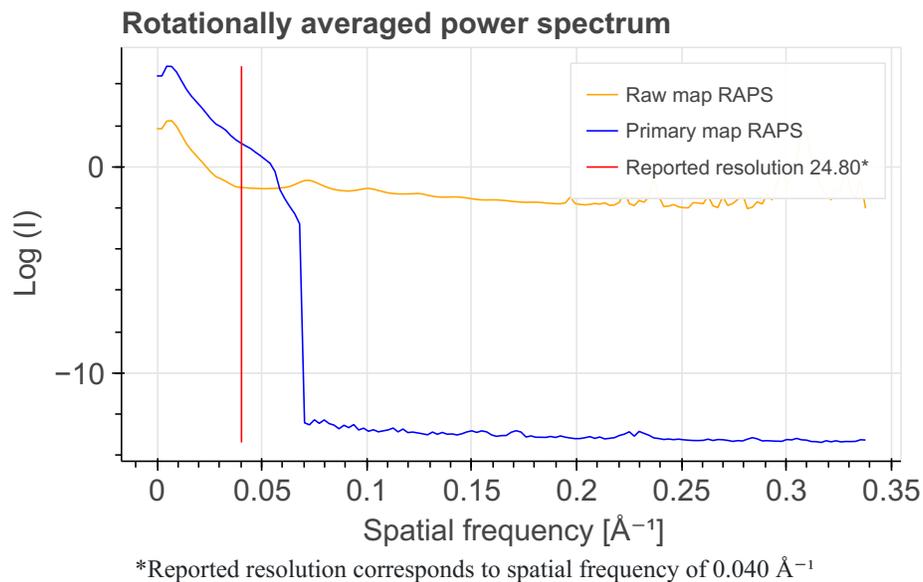
### 3.3.3.2. Volume estimate



The volume at the recommended contour level is 773.52 nm<sup>3</sup>.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

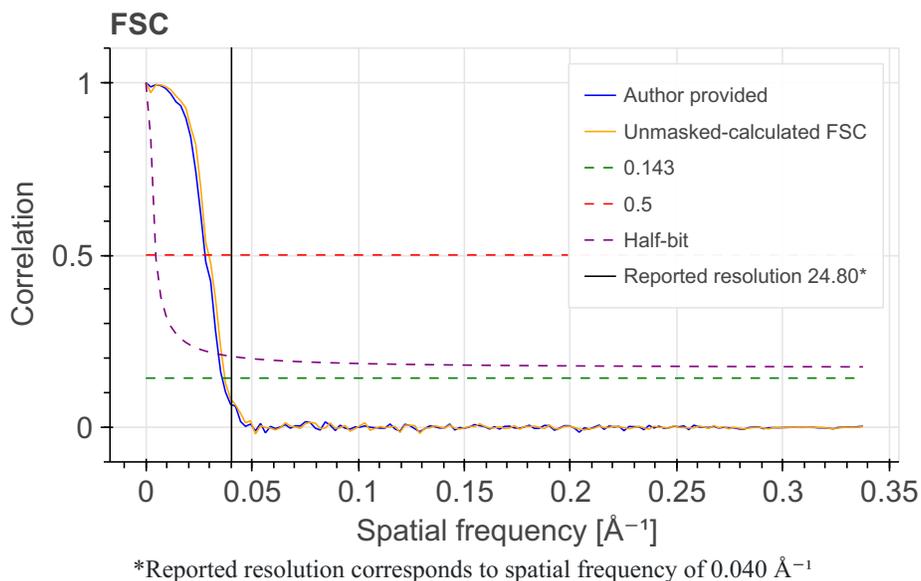
### 3.3.3.3. Rotationally averaged power spectrum



### 3.3.4. Fourier-Shell correlation ?

#### 3.3.4.1. FSC ?

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.



#### 3.3.4.2. Resolution estimates ?

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	24.80	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	27.86	35.97	29.24
Unmasked-calculated*	26.88	33.78	28.01

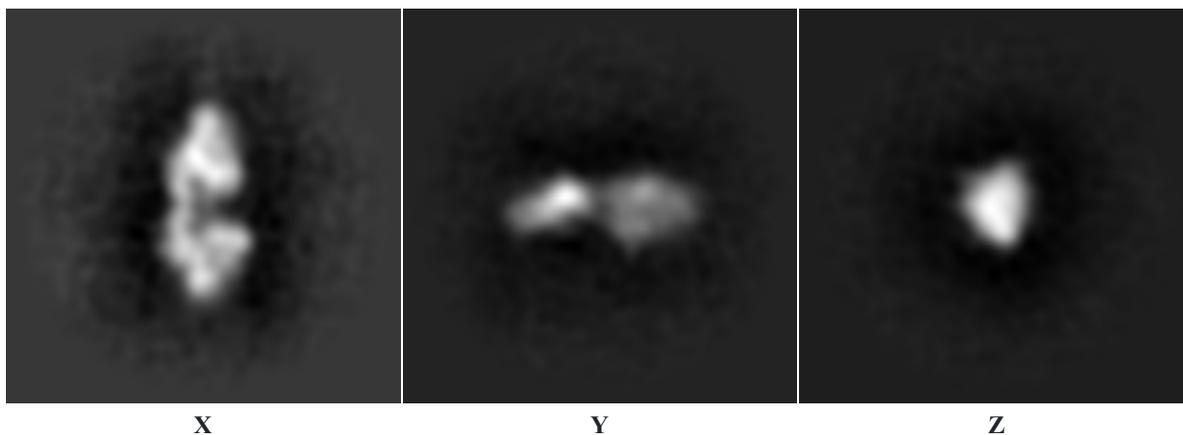
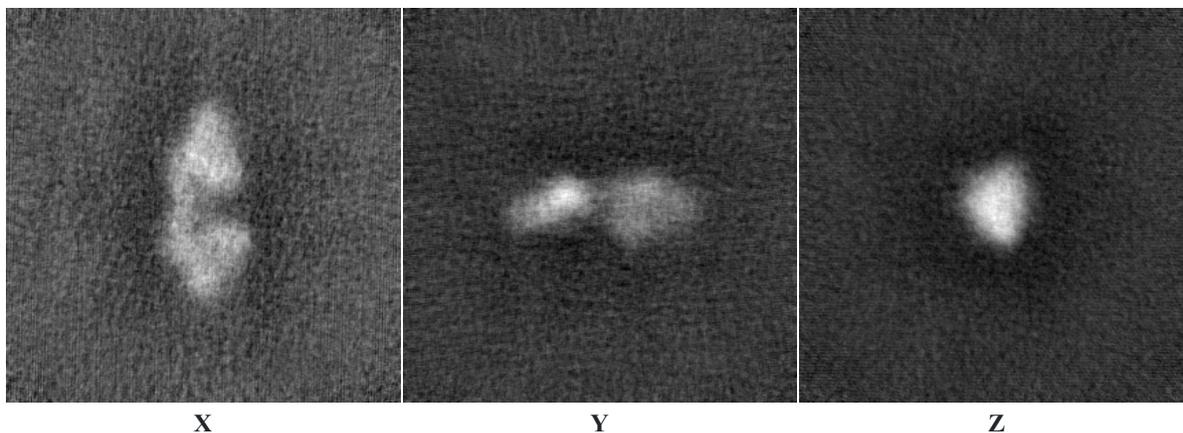
\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

[EMD-50220](#)[3.3.1. Experimental information](#)

EM reconstruction method:	SINGLE PARTICLE
Resolution:	27.80 Å
Recommended level:	0.690
Estimated volume:	748.80 nm <sup>3</sup>
Specimen preparation:	Preparation ID 1 Staining: NEGATIVE; Material: 2% uranyl acetate
Map-only validation report:	<a href="#">wwPDB validation report</a>

[3.3.2. Map visualisation](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-50220. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts. Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

[3.3.2.1. Orthogonal projections](#)[Primary map](#)[Raw map](#)

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

[3.3.2.2. Central slices](#)[Primary map](#)

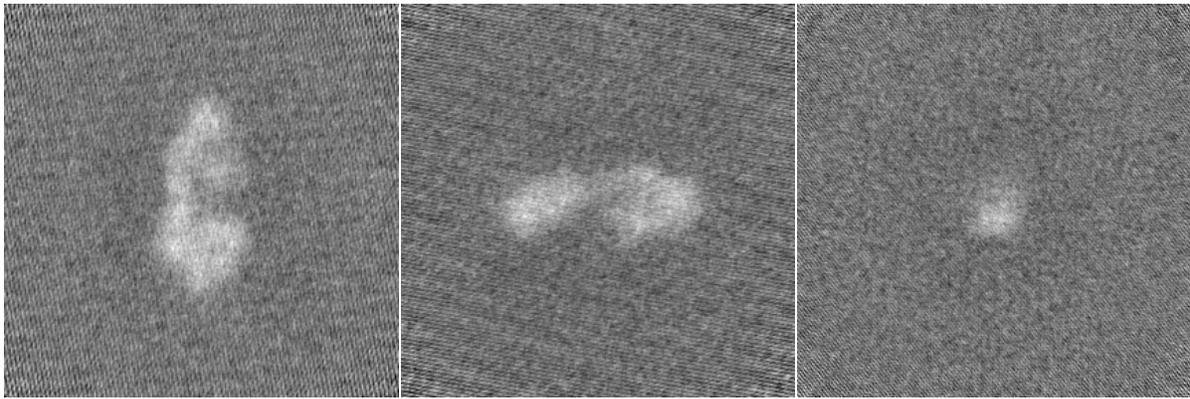


**X Index: 144**

**Y Index: 144**

**Z Index: 144**

Raw map



**X Index: 144**

**Y Index: 144**

**Z Index: 144**

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

3.3.2.3. Largest variance slices ?

Primary map

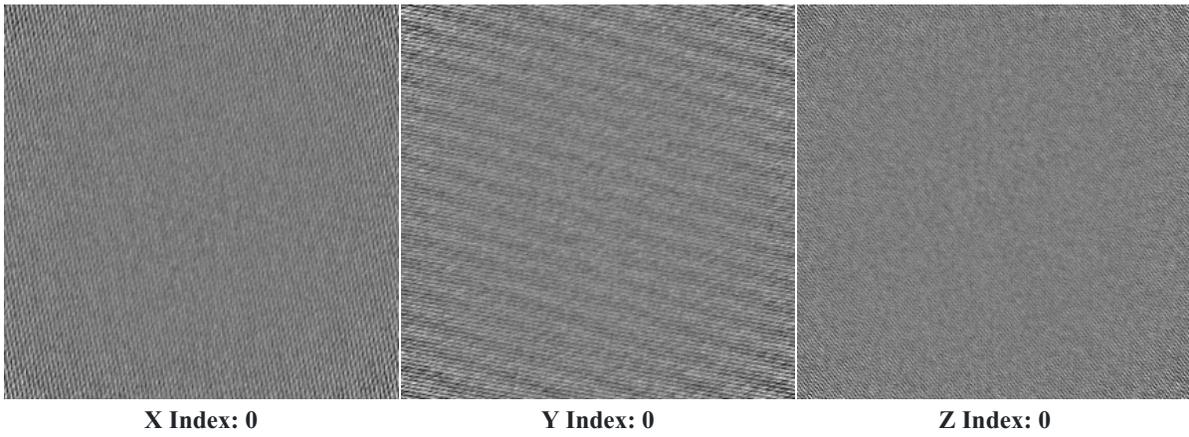


**X Index: 148**

**Y Index: 143**

**Z Index: 118**

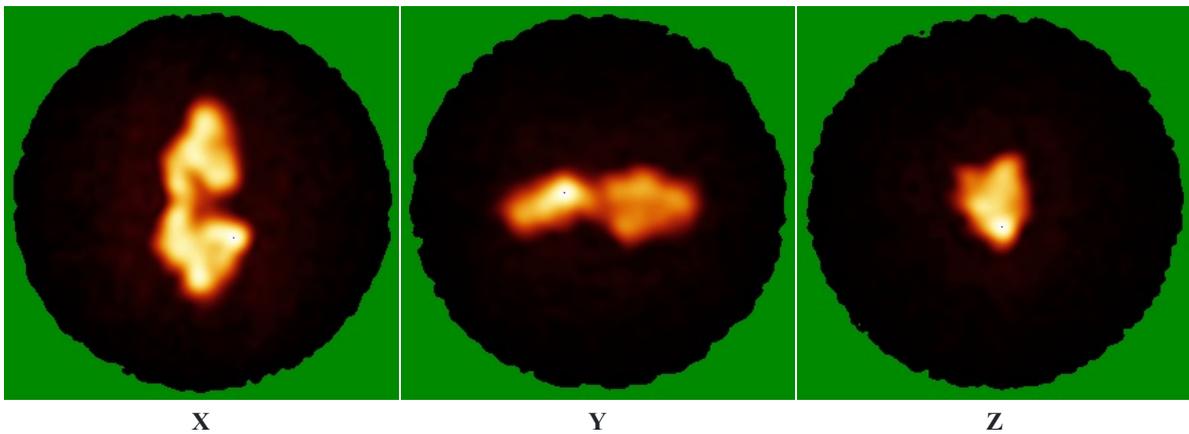
Raw map



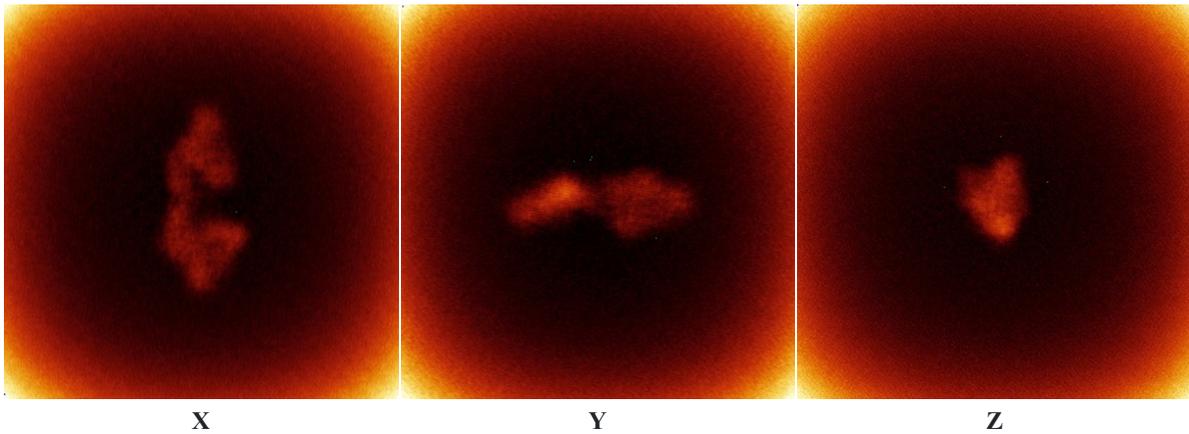
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

#### 3.3.2.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (false-color) ?

##### Primary map



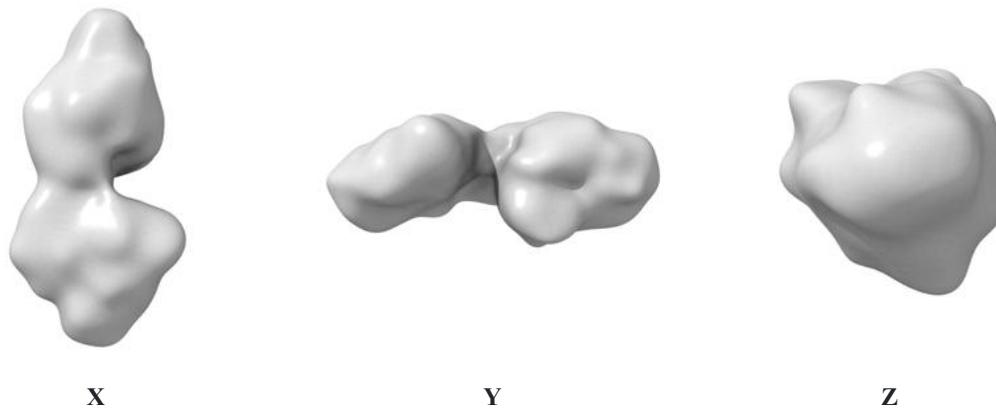
##### Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

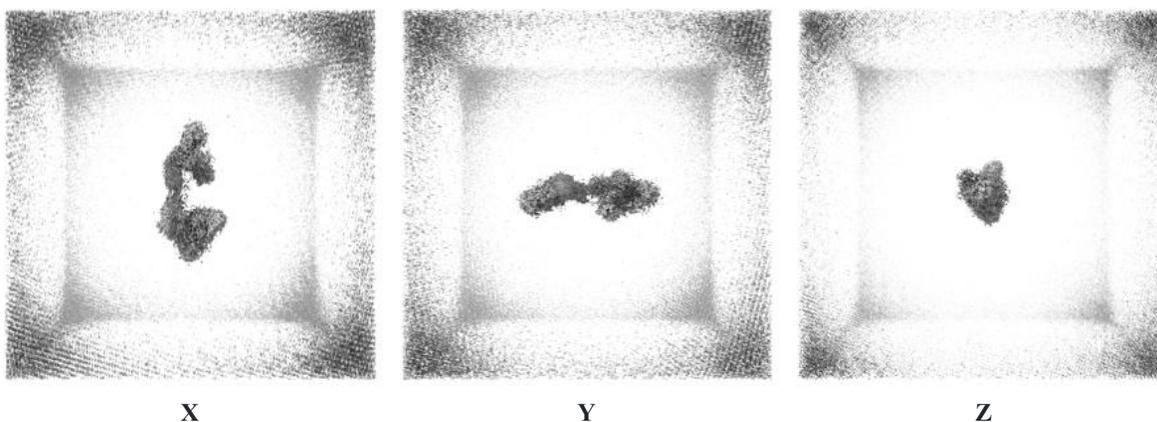
#### 3.3.2.5. Orthogonal surface views ?

##### Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.690 . These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

#### Raw map



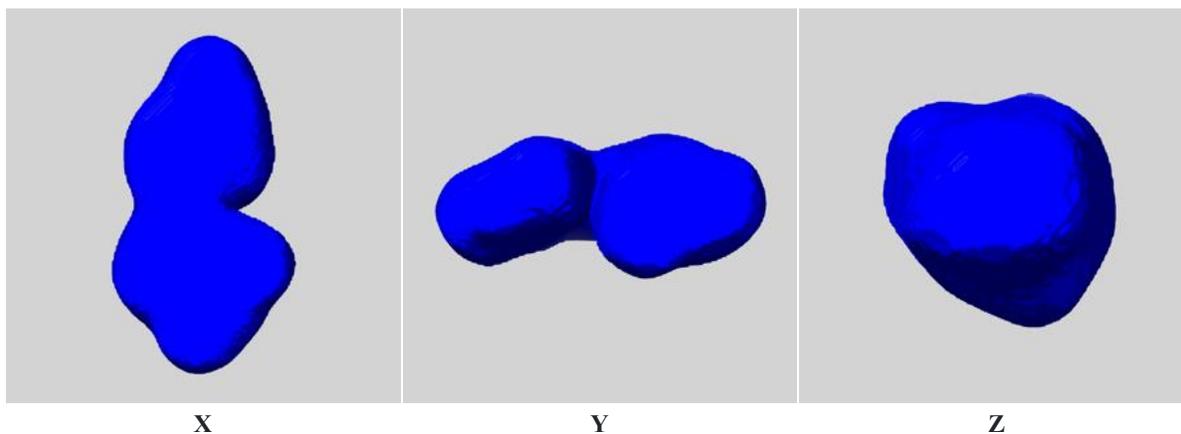
These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level 0.450 was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

#### 3.3.2.6. Mask visualisation ?

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency. A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure;
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure.

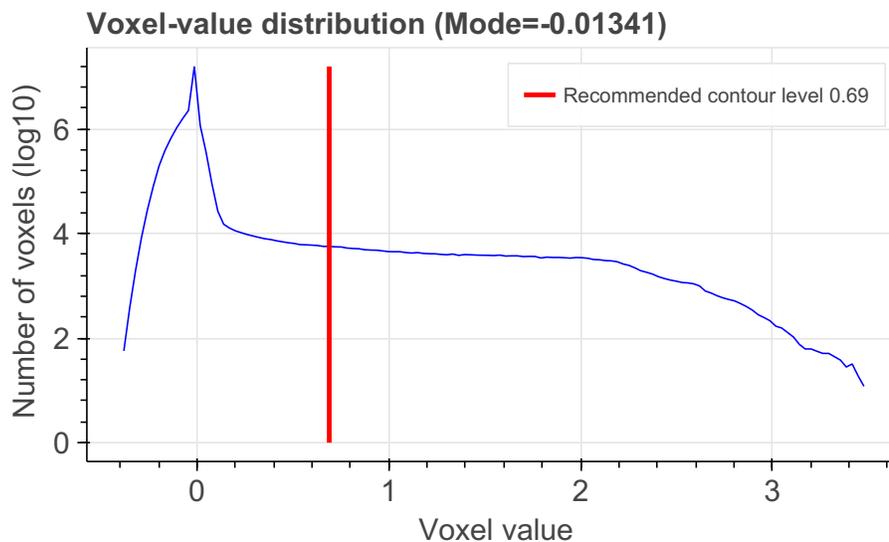
#### emd\_50220\_msk\_1.map ?



#### 3.3.3. Map analysis ?

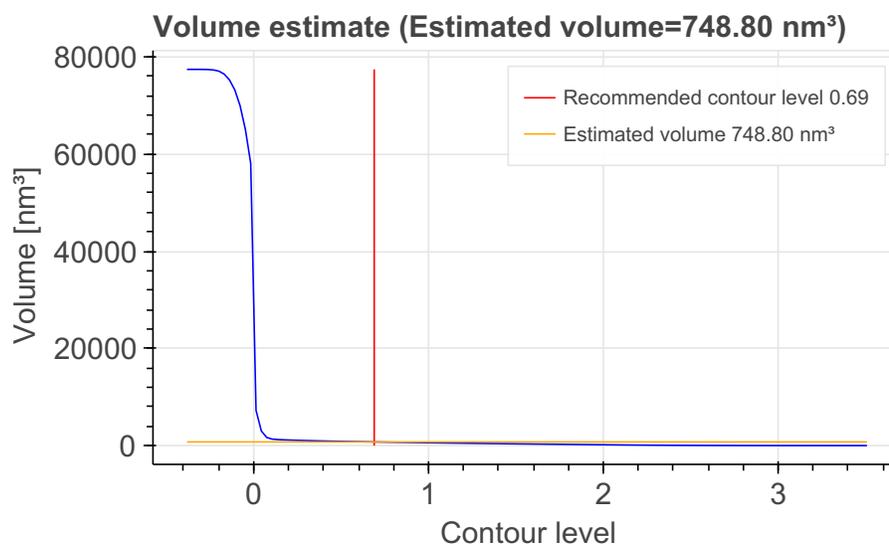
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 3.3.3.1. Map-value distribution



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

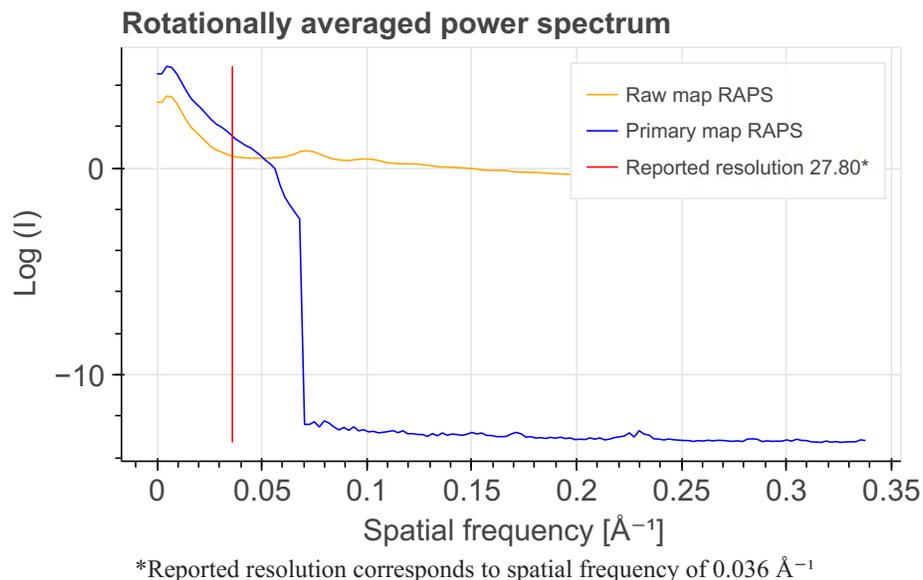
### 3.3.3.2. Volume estimate



The volume at the recommended contour level is 748.80 nm<sup>3</sup>.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

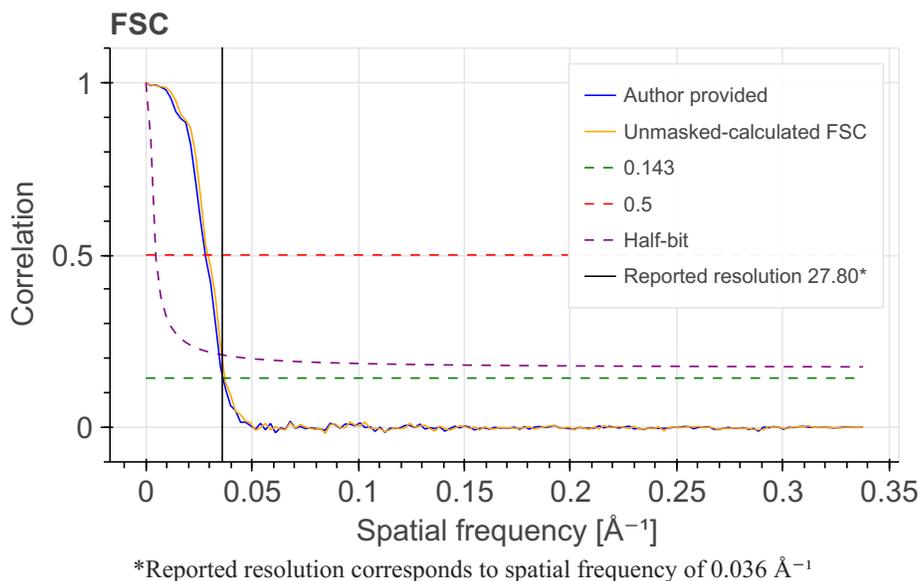
### 3.3.3.3. Rotationally averaged power spectrum



### 3.3.4. Fourier-Shell correlation ?

#### 3.3.4.1. FSC ?

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.



#### 3.3.4.2. Resolution estimates ?

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	27.80	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	27.55	35.71	28.99
Unmasked-calculated*	26.81	34.25	28.01

\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

## 4. Model quality ?

For models with atomic structures, MolProbity analysis is performed. For models with coarse-grained or multi-scale structures, excluded volume analysis is performed.

### 4.1b. MolProbity Analysis ?

Excluded volume satisfaction for the models in the entry are listed below. The Analysed column shows the number of particle-particle or particle-atom pairs for which excluded volume was analysed.

#### Standard geometry: bond outliers ?

There are 98 bond length outliers in this entry (1.06% of 9286 assessed bonds). A summary is provided below.

Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed (Å)	Ideal (Å)	Model ID (Worst)	Models (Total)
D	58	ASP	C-N	27.77	0.94	1.33	1	1
A	58	ASP	C-N	27.75	0.94	1.33	1	1
E	76	ALA	C-N	17.05	1.09	1.33	1	1
F	76	ALA	C-N	17.02	1.09	1.33	1	1
D	63	ASP	C-N	15.47	1.11	1.33	1	1
A	63	ASP	C-N	15.45	1.11	1.33	1	1
A	54	SER	C-N	15.04	1.12	1.33	1	1
D	54	SER	C-N	14.98	1.12	1.33	1	1
A	67	ALA	C-N	14.61	1.12	1.33	1	1
D	67	ALA	C-N	14.57	1.13	1.33	1	1
A	62	ALA	C-N	14.10	1.13	1.33	1	1
D	62	ALA	C-N	14.03	1.13	1.33	1	1
D	71	GLU	C-N	12.59	1.15	1.33	1	1
A	71	GLU	C-N	12.54	1.15	1.33	1	1
A	70	GLU	C-N	12.32	1.16	1.33	1	1
D	70	GLU	C-N	12.29	1.16	1.33	1	1
F	55	MET	C-N	12.26	1.50	1.33	1	1
A	34	ARG	C-N	11.71	1.17	1.33	1	1
D	34	ARG	C-N	11.64	1.17	1.33	1	1
A	66	ARG	C-N	10.73	1.18	1.33	1	1
D	66	ARG	C-N	10.66	1.18	1.33	1	1
D	44	LEU	C-N	10.53	1.48	1.33	1	1
A	44	LEU	C-N	10.52	1.48	1.33	1	1
E	61	VAL	C-N	10.38	1.18	1.33	1	1
F	61	VAL	C-N	10.36	1.18	1.33	1	1
A	39	SER	C-N	10.28	1.19	1.33	1	1
D	65	GLU	C-N	10.24	1.19	1.33	1	1

Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed (Å)	Ideal (Å)	Model ID (Worst)	Models (Total)
A	65	GLU	C-N	10.19	1.19	1.33	1	1
D	52	TRP	C-N	10.18	1.19	1.33	1	1
D	39	SER	C-N	10.14	1.19	1.33	1	1
A	52	TRP	C-N	10.14	1.19	1.33	1	1
A	57	GLU	C-N	9.65	1.46	1.33	1	1
D	57	GLU	C-N	9.63	1.46	1.33	1	1
A	74	ALA	C-N	8.99	1.20	1.33	1	1
D	74	ALA	C-N	8.98	1.20	1.33	1	1
D	53	SER	C-N	8.84	1.21	1.33	1	1
A	53	SER	C-N	8.84	1.21	1.33	1	1
F	37	GLU	C-N	8.74	1.45	1.33	1	1
E	37	GLU	C-N	8.70	1.45	1.33	1	1
F	67	ALA	C-N	8.29	1.21	1.33	1	1
E	67	ALA	C-N	8.29	1.21	1.33	1	1
F	65	GLU	C-N	7.97	1.22	1.33	1	1
E	65	GLU	C-N	7.96	1.22	1.33	1	1
D	37	GLU	C-N	7.78	1.22	1.33	1	1
A	37	GLU	C-N	7.77	1.22	1.33	1	1
E	64	MET	C-N	7.65	1.22	1.33	1	1
F	64	MET	C-N	7.63	1.22	1.33	1	1
E	47	LYS	C-N	7.62	1.22	1.33	1	1
F	47	LYS	C-N	7.61	1.22	1.33	1	1
E	58	ASP	C-N	7.40	1.23	1.33	1	1
F	58	ASP	C-N	7.38	1.23	1.33	1	1
F	44	LEU	C-N	6.86	1.42	1.33	1	1
E	44	LEU	C-N	6.81	1.42	1.33	1	1
F	33	LYS	C-N	6.69	1.42	1.33	1	1
E	33	LYS	C-N	6.63	1.42	1.33	1	1
E	73	ALA	C-N	6.61	1.42	1.33	1	1
F	73	ALA	C-N	6.53	1.42	1.33	1	1
E	75	ALA	C-N	6.49	1.42	1.33	1	1
F	75	ALA	C-N	6.45	1.42	1.33	1	1
A	33	LYS	C-N	6.45	1.24	1.33	1	1
D	46	GLN	C-N	6.37	1.42	1.33	1	1

Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed (Å)	Ideal (Å)	Model ID (Worst)	Models (Total)
D	33	LYS	C-N	6.36	1.24	1.33	1	1
E	68	GLN	C-N	6.29	1.24	1.33	1	1
F	68	GLN	C-N	6.29	1.24	1.33	1	1
F	48	TRP	C-N	6.27	1.42	1.33	1	1
A	46	GLN	C-N	6.26	1.42	1.33	1	1
E	48	TRP	C-N	6.20	1.42	1.33	1	1
D	69	LEU	C-N	6.20	1.24	1.33	1	1
A	69	LEU	C-N	6.15	1.24	1.33	1	1
D	68	GLN	C-N	5.93	1.25	1.33	1	1
A	68	GLN	C-N	5.90	1.25	1.33	1	1
D	47	LYS	C-N	5.90	1.25	1.33	1	1
A	47	LYS	C-N	5.88	1.25	1.33	1	1
F	30	LEU	C-N	5.86	1.41	1.33	1	1
A	59	ALA	C-N	5.81	1.25	1.33	1	1
E	63	ASP	C-N	5.78	1.25	1.33	1	1
F	63	ASP	C-N	5.76	1.25	1.33	1	1
D	59	ALA	C-N	5.74	1.25	1.33	1	1
E	30	LEU	C-N	5.71	1.41	1.33	1	1
A	64	MET	C-N	5.63	1.25	1.33	1	1
D	64	MET	C-N	5.53	1.25	1.33	1	1
D	56	SER	C-N	5.44	1.41	1.33	1	1
A	56	SER	C-N	5.39	1.40	1.33	1	1
D	76	ALA	C-N	5.27	1.26	1.33	1	1
A	76	ALA	C-N	5.25	1.26	1.33	1	1
E	74	ALA	C-N	5.22	1.40	1.33	1	1
F	74	ALA	C-N	5.20	1.40	1.33	1	1
A	35	LEU	C-N	5.08	1.40	1.33	1	1
D	35	LEU	C-N	5.07	1.40	1.33	1	1
E	57	GLU	C-N	4.72	1.26	1.33	1	1
F	57	GLU	C-N	4.66	1.26	1.33	1	1
E	34	ARG	C-N	4.61	1.39	1.33	1	1
F	34	ARG	C-N	4.59	1.39	1.33	1	1
E	60	SER	C-N	4.52	1.27	1.33	1	1
F	60	SER	C-N	4.48	1.27	1.33	1	1
D	51	MET	C-N	4.23	1.27	1.33	1	1

Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed (Å)	Ideal (Å)	Model ID (Worst)	Models (Total)
A	51	MET	C-N	4.19	1.27	1.33	1	1
D	31	LEU	C-N	4.03	1.27	1.33	1	1

### Standard geometry: angle outliers ?

There are 136 bond angle outliers in this entry (1.09% of 12494 assessed bonds). A summary is provided below. The output is limited to 100 rows.

Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed (Å)	Ideal (Å)	Model ID (Worst)	Models (Total)
F	55	MET	O-C-N	48.86	44.82	123.00	1	1
F	55	MET	CA-C-N	23.48	163.17	116.20	1	1
C	51	SER	CA-C-O	14.25	163.74	121.00	1	1
C	51	SER	CA-C-OXT	12.83	82.52	121.00	1	1
C	51	SER	O-C-OXT	12.25	81.24	118.00	1	1
D	56	SER	O-C-N	11.85	104.04	123.00	1	1
A	56	SER	O-C-N	11.83	104.06	123.00	1	1
A	54	SER	O-C-N	11.10	105.25	123.00	1	1
D	54	SER	O-C-N	11.07	105.28	123.00	1	1
D	59	ALA	O-C-N	10.56	106.10	123.00	1	1
A	59	ALA	O-C-N	10.55	106.12	123.00	1	1
A	30	LEU	C-N-CA	9.91	139.54	121.70	1	1
D	30	LEU	C-N-CA	9.90	139.51	121.70	1	1
D	55	MET	O-C-N	9.41	107.95	123.00	1	1
A	55	MET	O-C-N	9.38	107.99	123.00	1	1
A	57	GLU	C-N-CA	9.04	137.97	121.70	1	1
D	57	GLU	C-N-CA	9.00	137.89	121.70	1	1
A	56	SER	CA-C-N	8.89	133.98	116.20	1	1
D	56	SER	CA-C-N	8.88	133.96	116.20	1	1
E	73	ALA	O-C-N	8.82	137.11	123.00	1	1
F	73	ALA	O-C-N	8.79	137.06	123.00	1	1
A	58	ASP	O-C-N	8.27	109.78	123.00	1	1
D	58	ASP	O-C-N	8.26	109.78	123.00	1	1
A	43	GLN	C-N-CA	8.00	107.30	121.70	1	1
D	43	GLN	C-N-CA	7.96	107.37	121.70	1	1
E	73	ALA	C-N-CA	7.79	107.68	121.70	1	1
F	73	ALA	C-N-CA	7.76	107.73	121.70	1	1
D	53	SER	O-C-N	7.59	110.86	123.00	1	1

Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed (Å)	Ideal (Å)	Model ID (Worst)	Models (Total)
A	53	SER	O-C-N	7.58	110.87	123.00	1	1
D	52	TRP	O-C-N	7.45	111.07	123.00	1	1
A	52	TRP	O-C-N	7.45	111.08	123.00	1	1
D	55	MET	CA-C-N	7.27	130.74	116.20	1	1
A	55	MET	CA-C-N	7.26	130.72	116.20	1	1
E	73	ALA	CA-C-N	7.10	101.99	116.20	1	1
F	73	ALA	CA-C-N	7.10	102.00	116.20	1	1
A	57	GLU	O-C-N	6.97	111.85	123.00	1	1
D	57	GLU	O-C-N	6.92	111.93	123.00	1	1
A	54	SER	CA-C-N	6.78	129.75	116.20	1	1
D	54	SER	CA-C-N	6.75	129.71	116.20	1	1
A	76	ALA	C-N-CA	6.25	110.46	121.70	1	1
A	37	GLU	CA-C-N	6.24	103.72	116.20	1	1
D	37	GLU	CA-C-N	6.24	103.72	116.20	1	1
D	76	ALA	C-N-CA	6.24	110.47	121.70	1	1
F	55	MET	C-N-CA	6.23	132.91	121.70	1	1
E	63	ASP	C-N-CA	6.11	110.69	121.70	1	1
F	63	ASP	C-N-CA	6.09	110.74	121.70	1	1
A	33	LYS	C-N-CA	6.08	132.65	121.70	1	1
D	33	LYS	C-N-CA	6.08	132.64	121.70	1	1
D	58	ASP	CA-C-N	6.02	128.25	116.20	1	1
A	58	ASP	CA-C-N	6.00	128.20	116.20	1	1
D	37	GLU	O-C-N	6.00	132.60	123.00	1	1
A	37	GLU	O-C-N	6.00	132.59	123.00	1	1
D	59	ALA	CA-C-N	5.92	128.04	116.20	1	1
A	59	ALA	CA-C-N	5.92	128.04	116.20	1	1
D	38	ASP	C-N-CA	5.88	111.11	121.70	1	1
A	38	ASP	C-N-CA	5.85	111.17	121.70	1	1
A	52	TRP	CA-C-N	5.70	127.60	116.20	1	1
D	52	TRP	CA-C-N	5.69	127.57	116.20	1	1
A	62	ALA	O-C-N	5.48	114.23	123.00	1	1
D	62	ALA	O-C-N	5.48	114.23	123.00	1	1
H	49	GLN	OE1-CD-NE2	5.47	117.13	122.60	1	1
E	55	MET	C-N-CA	5.44	111.91	121.70	1	1
D	76	ALA	O-C-N	5.43	114.31	123.00	1	1

Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed (Å)	Ideal (Å)	Model ID (Worst)	Models (Total)
A	76	ALA	O-C-N	5.40	114.37	123.00	1	1
E	70	GLU	O-C-N	5.34	131.54	123.00	1	1
F	70	GLU	O-C-N	5.33	131.53	123.00	1	1
D	60	SER	O-C-N	5.21	114.66	123.00	1	1
F	63	ASP	O-C-N	5.20	131.32	123.00	1	1
A	60	SER	O-C-N	5.20	114.68	123.00	1	1
E	63	ASP	O-C-N	5.19	131.31	123.00	1	1
D	40	SER	O-C-N	5.15	131.24	123.00	1	1
A	53	SER	CA-C-N	5.15	126.49	116.20	1	1
D	53	SER	CA-C-N	5.14	126.47	116.20	1	1
E	66	ARG	C-N-CA	5.12	112.48	121.70	1	1
F	66	ARG	C-N-CA	5.09	112.55	121.70	1	1
F	70	GLU	C-N-CA	5.08	112.56	121.70	1	1
A	40	SER	O-C-N	5.07	131.11	123.00	1	1
E	70	GLU	C-N-CA	5.07	112.58	121.70	1	1
A	68	GLN	C-N-CA	5.04	112.63	121.70	1	1
D	68	GLN	C-N-CA	5.03	112.65	121.70	1	1
G	188	GLN	OE1-CD-NE2	4.98	117.62	122.60	1	1
D	52	TRP	C-N-CA	4.97	130.65	121.70	1	1
A	52	TRP	C-N-CA	4.96	130.64	121.70	1	1
C	49	GLN	OE1-CD-NE2	4.90	117.70	122.60	1	1
C	129	GLN	OE1-CD-NE2	4.86	117.74	122.60	1	1
C	127	GLN	OE1-CD-NE2	4.78	117.82	122.60	1	1
D	56	SER	C-N-CA	4.76	130.28	121.70	1	1
F	30	LEU	C-N-CA	4.75	130.25	121.70	1	1
E	30	LEU	C-N-CA	4.75	130.25	121.70	1	1
A	56	SER	C-N-CA	4.74	130.23	121.70	1	1
H	129	GLN	OE1-CD-NE2	4.73	117.87	122.60	1	1
A	35	LEU	C-N-CA	4.70	113.23	121.70	1	1
E	66	ARG	O-C-N	4.69	130.51	123.00	1	1
H	127	GLN	OE1-CD-NE2	4.69	117.91	122.60	1	1
D	35	LEU	C-N-CA	4.67	113.29	121.70	1	1
F	66	ARG	O-C-N	4.65	130.44	123.00	1	1
D	40	SER	CA-C-N	4.61	106.97	116.20	1	1
G	71	GLN	OE1-CD-NE2	4.58	118.02	122.60	1	1

Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed (Å)	Ideal (Å)	Model ID (Worst)	Models (Total)
A	40	SER	CA-C-N	4.57	107.05	116.20	1	1
A	38	ASP	CA-C-N	4.52	107.17	116.20	1	1

### Too-close contacts

The following all-atom clashscore is based on a MolProbity analysis. All-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The table below contains clashscores for all atomic models in this entry.

Model ID	Clash score	Number of clashes
1	49.39	905

There are 905 clashes. The table below contains the detailed list of all clashes based on a MolProbity analysis. Bad clashes are  $\geq 0.4$  Angstrom. The output is limited to 100 rows.

Atom 1	Atom 2	Clash(Å)	Model ID (Worst)	Models (Total)
D:215:LEU:HD21	F:52:TRP:CZ3	1.69	1	1
E:48:TRP:CE2	E:211:VAL:HG13	1.65	1	1
D:193:PHE:CD2	F:44:LEU:HB2	1.64	1	1
E:191:GLU:HB3	G:105:VAL:CG1	1.63	1	1
F:51:MET:HE3	F:211:VAL:CA	1.62	1	1
B:95:TRP:CE3	F:198:ARG:CD	1.61	1	1
A:211:VAL:HG13	E:48:TRP:CH2	1.60	1	1
B:95:TRP:CZ3	F:198:ARG:CD	1.59	1	1
F:59:ALA:HB1	F:203:LYS:CG	1.58	1	1
D:215:LEU:CD2	F:52:TRP:CH2	1.58	1	1
D:215:LEU:CD2	F:52:TRP:CZ3	1.57	1	1
B:105:VAL:CG1	F:191:GLU:HB3	1.56	1	1
E:77:GLU:HG3	G:162:PHE:CZ	1.56	1	1
D:211:VAL:CG2	F:48:TRP:CZ3	1.55	1	1
E:191:GLU:CD	G:105:VAL:HG21	1.55	1	1
E:77:GLU:CG	G:162:PHE:CZ	1.55	1	1
B:105:VAL:HG21	F:191:GLU:CD	1.53	1	1
F:59:ALA:CB	F:203:LYS:HG3	1.52	1	1
E:62:ALA:CB	E:203:LYS:HD2	1.51	1	1
A:48:TRP:HH2	G:214:MET:SD	1.51	1	1
F:51:MET:CE	F:211:VAL:HA	1.51	1	1
E:62:ALA:HB3	E:203:LYS:CD	1.49	1	1
E:191:GLU:CG	G:163:CYS:SG	1.47	1	1
D:215:LEU:HD23	F:52:TRP:CH2	1.47	1	1

Atom 1	Atom 2	Clash(Å)	Model ID (Worst)	Models (Total)
A:211:VAL:CG1	E:48:TRP:CH2	1.46	1	1
E:191:GLU:HG3	G:163:CYS:SG	1.45	1	1
E:48:TRP:NE1	E:211:VAL:HG13	1.45	1	1
A:48:TRP:CH2	G:214:MET:SD	1.43	1	1
B:105:VAL:CG2	F:191:GLU:CD	1.43	1	1
B:95:TRP:CD2	F:198:ARG:HD3	1.42	1	1
D:211:VAL:HG22	F:48:TRP:CZ3	1.42	1	1
B:163:CYS:SG	F:191:GLU:CG	1.41	1	1
F:48:TRP:CE2	F:211:VAL:CG1	1.41	1	1
B:163:CYS:SG	F:191:GLU:HG3	1.41	1	1
F:48:TRP:NE1	F:211:VAL:HG13	1.40	1	1
E:191:GLU:CD	G:105:VAL:CG2	1.40	1	1
D:77:GLU:OE2	D:79:ARG:CD	1.40	1	1
B:95:TRP:CE3	F:198:ARG:HD3	1.40	1	1
B:95:TRP:CZ3	F:198:ARG:HD3	1.39	1	1
E:48:TRP:CZ2	E:211:VAL:CG1	1.39	1	1
F:54:SER:CA	F:57:GLU:HB3	1.39	1	1
D:193:PHE:CD2	F:44:LEU:CB	1.39	1	1
F:59:ALA:CB	F:203:LYS:CG	1.37	1	1
F:59:ALA:O	F:63:ASP:HB2	1.36	1	1
D:194:ASN:CB	F:37:GLU:HB3	1.34	1	1
F:48:TRP:CE2	F:211:VAL:HG13	1.34	1	1
D:207:GLN:OE1	F:41:ARG:NH1	1.33	1	1
E:54:SER:O	E:58:ASP:N	1.33	1	1
E:77:GLU:HG3	G:162:PHE:CE1	1.32	1	1
E:52:TRP:CE3	E:211:VAL:HG21	1.31	1	1
D:193:PHE:HE2	F:44:LEU:C	1.31	1	1
D:193:PHE:CE2	F:45:LEU:N	1.31	1	1
E:48:TRP:CE2	E:211:VAL:CG1	1.31	1	1
F:51:MET:CE	F:211:VAL:CA	1.30	1	1
F:55:MET:CA	F:58:ASP:HB2	1.30	1	1
E:62:ALA:N	E:203:LYS:HZ2	1.30	1	1
A:38:ASP:O	A:42:HIS:ND1	1.30	1	1
E:63:ASP:H	E:203:LYS:NZ	1.29	1	1
E:191:GLU:HA	G:158:LEU:CD2	1.29	1	1

Atom 1	Atom 2	Clash(Å)	Model ID (Worst)	Models (Total)
E:53:SER:O	E:57:GLU:N	1.29	1	1
F:48:TRP:NE1	F:211:VAL:CG1	1.29	1	1
F:51:MET:HE3	F:211:VAL:N	1.29	1	1
E:59:ALA:O	E:63:ASP:HB2	1.28	1	1
B:95:TRP:CE3	F:198:ARG:HD2	1.28	1	1
B:158:LEU:CD2	F:191:GLU:HA	1.28	1	1
D:193:PHE:HE2	F:45:LEU:N	1.27	1	1
F:56:SER:O	F:203:LYS:HE3	1.26	1	1
B:105:VAL:CG1	F:191:GLU:CB	1.26	1	1
A:52:TRP:CH2	G:218:SER:OG	1.26	1	1
D:194:ASN:ND2	F:38:ASP:N	1.25	1	1
E:191:GLU:OE1	G:105:VAL:CG2	1.25	1	1
B:95:TRP:CH2	F:198:ARG:HD3	1.25	1	1
D:38:ASP:O	D:42:HIS:ND1	1.24	1	1
A:211:VAL:CG1	E:48:TRP:CZ2	1.24	1	1
B:95:TRP:CE2	F:198:ARG:HD3	1.24	1	1
F:54:SER:HA	F:57:GLU:CB	1.22	1	1
A:36:SER:O	A:39:SER:OG	1.21	1	1
D:36:SER:O	D:39:SER:OG	1.21	1	1
D:194:ASN:HD21	F:38:ASP:CA	1.20	1	1
D:38:ASP:HB3	D:42:HIS:CE1	1.20	1	1
A:38:ASP:HB3	A:42:HIS:CE1	1.20	1	1
B:105:VAL:CG2	F:191:GLU:OE1	1.20	1	1
E:191:GLU:CG	G:158:LEU:HD13	1.19	1	1
A:38:ASP:O	A:70:GLU:OE2	1.19	1	1
A:211:VAL:HG13	E:48:TRP:CZ2	1.18	1	1
D:38:ASP:O	D:70:GLU:OE2	1.18	1	1
E:191:GLU:CB	G:105:VAL:CG1	1.18	1	1
B:158:LEU:HD13	F:191:GLU:CG	1.17	1	1
D:53:SER:CB	D:59:ALA:O	1.17	1	1
D:194:ASN:HD21	F:38:ASP:N	1.17	1	1
E:57:GLU:HA	E:60:SER:HB3	1.17	1	1
B:95:TRP:CZ2	F:198:ARG:HD3	1.17	1	1
A:53:SER:CB	A:59:ALA:O	1.16	1	1
E:59:ALA:CB	E:207:GLN:NE2	1.16	1	1

Atom 1	Atom 2	Clash(Å)	Model ID (Worst)	Models (Total)
A:215:LEU:HD23	E:52:TRP:HH2	1.16	1	1
E:191:GLU:CA	G:158:LEU:HD22	1.16	1	1
E:59:ALA:HB3	E:207:GLN:HE22	1.14	1	1
B:95:TRP:CH2	F:198:ARG:CD	1.14	1	1
F:57:GLU:HA	F:60:SER:HB3	1.14	1	1
B:97:LEU:HD12	F:191:GLU:OE2	1.14	1	1

### Torsion angles: Protein backbone ?

In the following table, Ramachandran outliers are listed. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed.

Model ID	Analysed	Favored	Allowed	Outliers
1	1132	1094	31	7

There are 7 unique backbone outliers. Detailed list of outliers are tabulated below.

Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
A	57	GLU	1
B	191	PRO	1
C	21	ARG	1
D	57	GLU	1
F	56	SER	1
G	191	PRO	1
H	21	ARG	1

### Torsion angles : Protein sidechains ?

In the following table, sidechain rotameric outliers are listed. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed.

Model ID	Analysed	Favored	Allowed	Outliers
1	1038	956	61	21

There are 21 unique sidechain outliers. Detailed list of outliers are tabulated below.

Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
A	30	LEU	1
A	38	ASP	1
B	101	LEU	1
B	201	GLU	1
B	214	MET	1
B	218	SER	1

Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
C	24	LEU	1
D	30	LEU	1
D	38	ASP	1
E	30	LEU	1
E	56	SER	1
E	64	MET	1
F	30	LEU	1
F	56	SER	1
F	64	MET	1
G	101	LEU	1
G	187	ILE	1
G	201	GLU	1
G	214	MET	1
G	218	SER	1
H	24	LEU	1

## 5. Fit to Data Used for Modeling Assessment ?

### 5.2. Crosslinking-MS ?

#### 5.2.1. Restraint types ?

This table summarizes information about crosslinker(s) used for data generation, and how crosslinking information was translated into actual modeling restraints. Restraints assigned "by-residue" are interpreted as between CA atoms. Restraints between coarse-grained beads are indicated as "coarse-grained". *Restraint group* represents a set of crosslinking restraints applied collectively in the modeling.

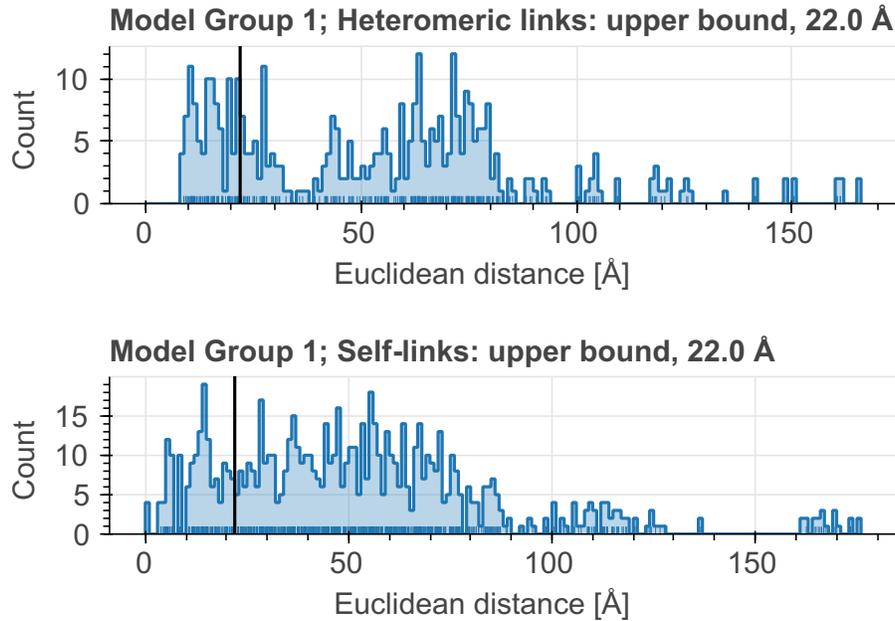
There are 2336 crosslinking restraints combined in 231 restraint groups.

Linker	Residue 1	Atom 1	Residue 2	Atom 2	Restraint type	Distance, Å	Count
sulfo-SDA	GLU	CA	LYS	CA	upper bound	22.00	80
sulfo-SDA	LYS	CA	SER	CA	upper bound	22.00	16
sulfo-SDA	GLU	CA	SER	CA	upper bound	22.00	40
sulfo-SDA	HIS	CA	LYS	CA	upper bound	22.00	12
sulfo-SDA	LYS	CA	THR	CA	upper bound	22.00	16
sulfo-SDA	HIS	CA	SER	CA	upper bound	22.00	16
sulfo-SDA	LEU	CA	LYS	CA	upper bound	22.00	60
sulfo-SDA	LYS	CA	MET	CA	upper bound	22.00	8
sulfo-SDA	MET	CA	SER	CA	upper bound	22.00	4

Linker	Residue 1	Atom 1	Residue 2	Atom 2	Restraint type	Distance, Å	Count
sulfo-SDA	LYS	CA	VAL	CA	upper bound	22.00	48
sulfo-SDA	GLN	CA	SER	CA	upper bound	22.00	16
sulfo-SDA	ILE	CA	LYS	CA	upper bound	22.00	20
sulfo-SDA	LYS	CA	PHE	CA	upper bound	22.00	8
sulfo-SDA	LYS	CA	LYS	CA	upper bound	22.00	8
sulfo-SDA	GLN	CA	LYS	CA	upper bound	22.00	8
sulfo-SDA	SER	CA	SER	CA	upper bound	22.00	16
sulfo-SDA	SER	CA	VAL	CA	upper bound	22.00	16
sulfo-SDA	ASP	CA	SER	CA	upper bound	22.00	16
sulfo-SDA	ASP	CA	LYS	CA	upper bound	22.00	8
sulfo-SDA	ARG	CA	SER	CA	upper bound	22.00	32
sulfo-SDA	CYS	CA	LYS	CA	upper bound	22.00	8
EDC	GLU	CA	LYS	CA	upper bound	22.00	1264
EDC	ASP	CA	LYS	CA	upper bound	22.00	208
EDC	ASP	CA	SER	CA	upper bound	22.00	56
EDC	ASP	CA	TYR	CA	upper bound	22.00	16
EDC	GLU	CA	SER	CA	upper bound	22.00	216
EDC	GLU	CA	THR	CA	upper bound	22.00	32
EDC	ASN	CA	LYS	CA	upper bound	22.00	36
EDC	LYS	CA	PRO	CA	upper bound	22.00	12
EDC	ARG	CA	SER	CA	upper bound	22.00	16
EDC	ASP	CA	THR	CA	upper bound	22.00	8
EDC	SER	CA	SER	CA	upper bound	22.00	16

#### Distograms of individual restraints

Distograms (i.e., histogram plots of distances) provide an overview of distributions of distances between residues for which chemical crosslinks were identified. The shift of the distogram relative to the threshold value may indicate a poor model. Restraints with identical thresholds are grouped into one plot. Only the best distance per restraint per model group/ensemble is plotted. Inter- and intramolecular (including self-links) restraints are also grouped into one plot. Distance for a restraint between coarse-grained beads is calculated as a minimal distance between shells; if beads intersect, the distance will be reported as 0.0. A bead with the highest available resolution for a given residue is used for the assessment.



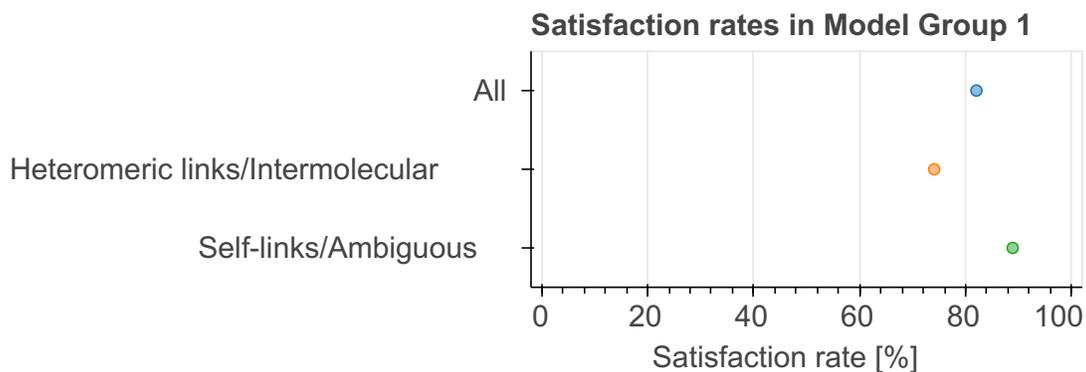
### 5.2.2. Satisfaction of restraints ?

Satisfaction of restraints is calculated on a *restraint group* (a set of crosslinking restraints applied collectively in the modeling) level. Satisfaction of a restraint group depends on satisfaction of individual restraints in the group and the conditionality (all/any). A restraint group is considered satisfied, if the condition was met in at least one model of the model group/ensemble. The number of measured restraints can be smaller than the total number of restraint groups if crosslinks involve non-modeled residues. Only deposited models are used for validation right now.

State group	State	Model group	# of Deposited models/Total	Restraint group type	Satisfied (%)	Violated (%)	Count (Total=231)
1	1	1	1/1	All	82.05	17.95	117
				Heteromeric links/Intermolecular	74.07	25.93	54
				Self-links/Ambiguous	88.89	11.11	63

### Per-model satisfaction rates in ensembles

Every point represents one model in a model group/ensemble. Where possible, boxplots with quartile marks are also plotted.



### 5.3. 3DEM

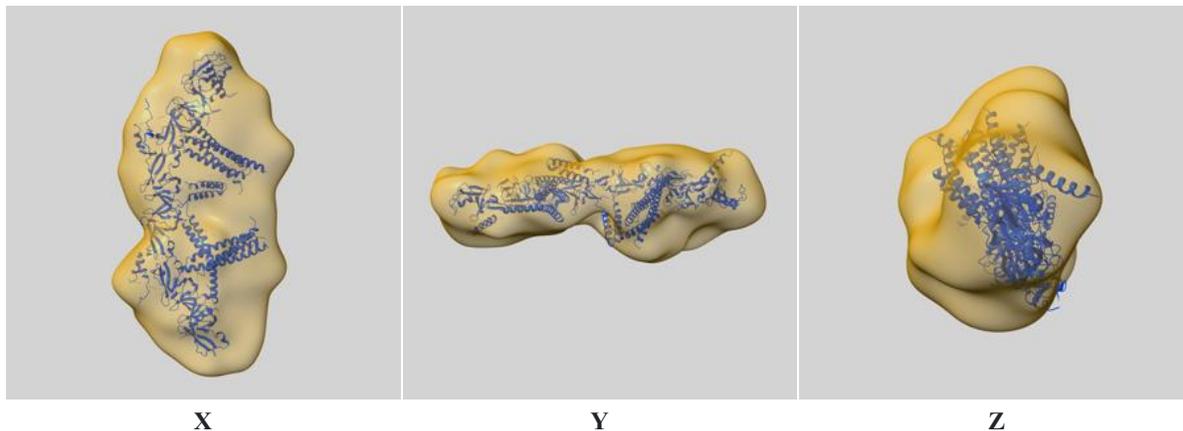
This section describes fit of models to the 3DEM data. Only results for the representative model, selected as a first model with the largest number of asymmetric units.

## [EMD-50218](#)

### [5.3.1. Map-model fit](#)

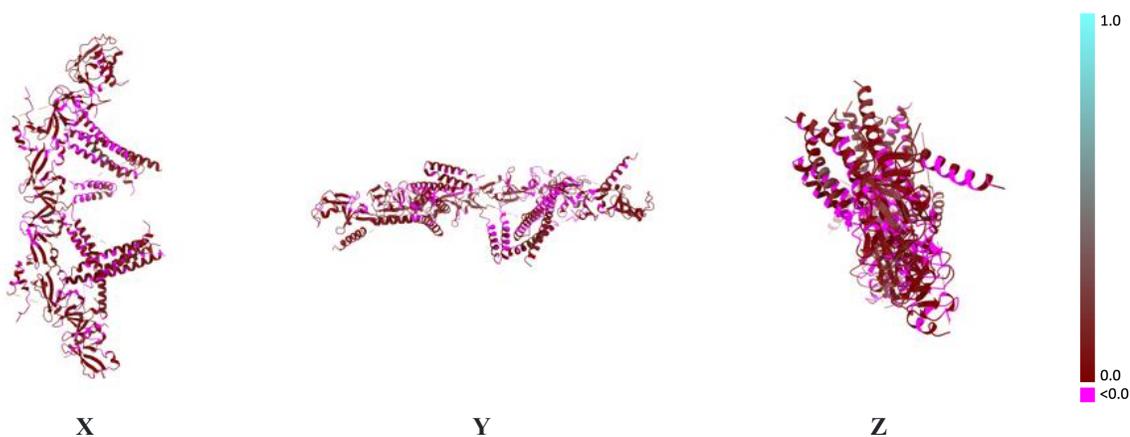
Only results for the representative Model 1 are shown.

#### [5.3.1.1 Map-model overlay](#)



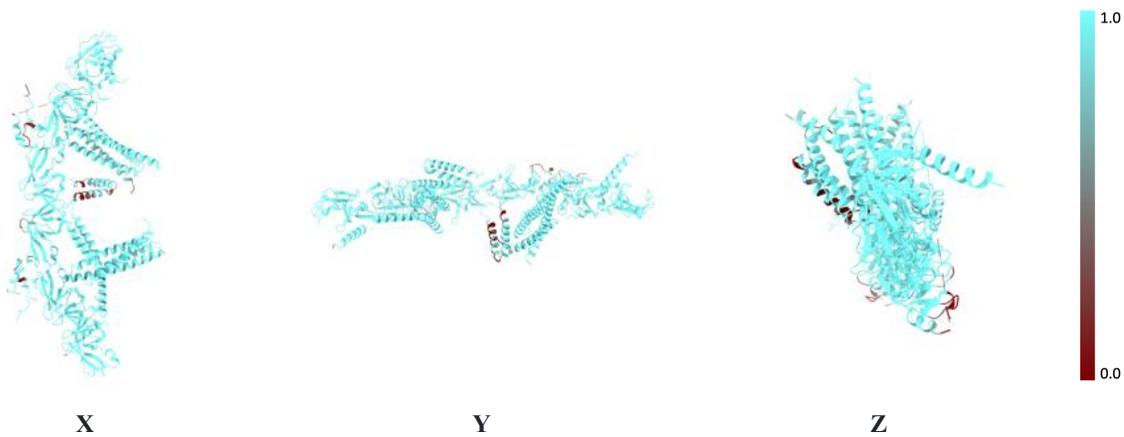
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.600 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model colored in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

#### [5.3.1.2. Q-score mapped to coordinate model](#)



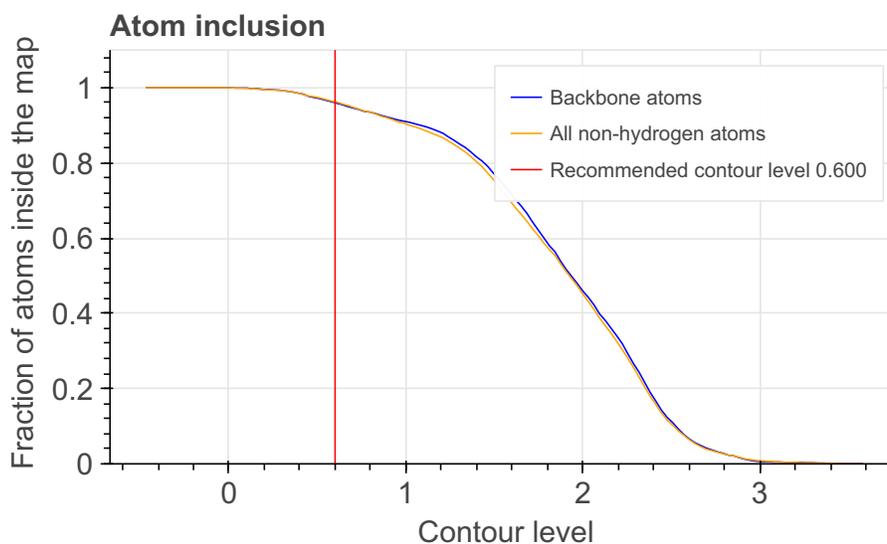
The images above show the model with each residue colored according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

#### [5.3.1.3. Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model](#)



The images above show the model with each residue colored according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level 0.600 .

#### 5.3.1.4. Atom inclusion ?



At the recommended contour level, 96% of all backbone atoms, 96% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

#### 5.3.1.5. Map-model fit summary ?

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level ( 0.600 ) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

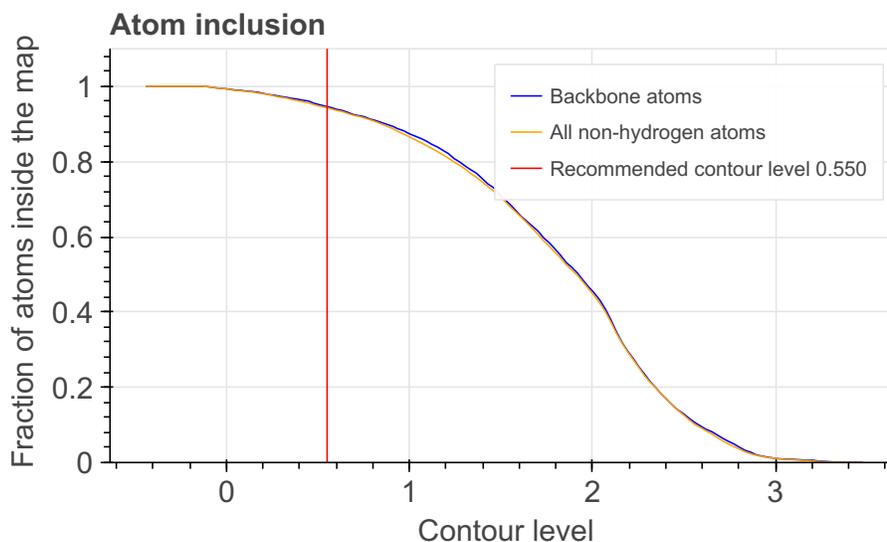
Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.962	0.043
A	0.885	0.021
B	1.000	0.043
C	0.869	0.039
D	0.993	0.039
E	0.995	0.056
F	0.998	0.064
G	0.979	0.043
H	0.832	0.026





the map at the recommended contour level 0.550 .

#### 5.3.1.4. Atom inclusion ?



At the recommended contour level, 95% of all backbone atoms, 94% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

#### 5.3.1.5. Map-model fit summary ?

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level ( 0.550 ) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<span style="color: cyan;">█</span> 0.943	<span style="color: darkred;">█</span> 0.026
A	<span style="color: cyan;">█</span> 0.968	<span style="color: darkred;">█</span> 0.033
B	<span style="color: cyan;">█</span> 1.000	<span style="color: darkred;">█</span> 0.020
C	<span style="color: cyan;">█</span> 0.880	<span style="color: darkred;">█</span> 0.013
D	<span style="color: cyan;">█</span> 0.943	<span style="color: darkred;">█</span> 0.013
E	<span style="color: cyan;">█</span> 0.952	<span style="color: darkred;">█</span> 0.036
F	<span style="color: cyan;">█</span> 0.988	<span style="color: darkred;">█</span> 0.055
G	<span style="color: cyan;">█</span> 0.972	<span style="color: darkred;">█</span> 0.007
H	<span style="color: gray;">█</span> 0.505	<span style="color: magenta;">█</span> -0.012

1.0  
0.0  
<0.0

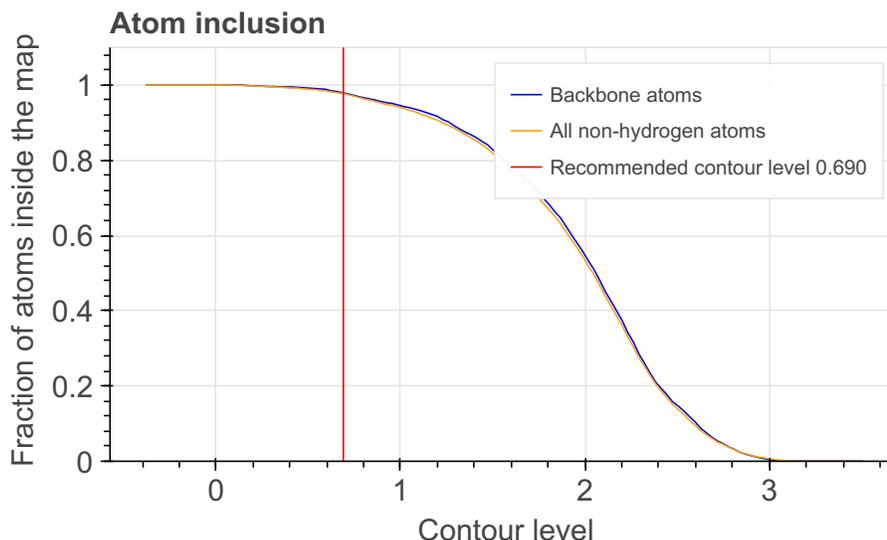
### [EMD-50220](#)

#### 5.3.1. Map-model fit ?

Only results for the representative Model 1 are shown.

##### 5.3.1.1 Map-model overlay ?





At the recommended contour level, 98% of all backbone atoms, 98% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

### 5.3.1.5. Map-model fit summary ?

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level ( 0.690 ) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.977	0.049
A	0.945	0.044
B	0.980	0.050
C	1.000	0.070
D	0.994	0.046
E	0.987	0.054
F	0.965	0.049
G	0.997	0.055
H	0.947	0.032

## 6. Fit to Data Used for Validation Assessment ?

Validation for this section is under development.

### Acknowledgments

The development of integrative model validation metrics, implementation of a model validation pipeline, and creation of a validation report for integrative structures are funded by NSF awards to the [PDB-IHM team](#) (DBI-1756248, DBI-2112966, DBI-2112967, DBI-2112968, and DBI-1756250) and awards from NSF, NIH, and DOE to the [RCSB PDB](#) (DBI-2321666, R01GM157729, and DE-SC0019749). The PDB-IHM team and members of the [Sali lab](#) contributed model validation metrics and software packages.

*Dr. Jill Trewhella, Dr. Dina Schneidman, and members of the [SASBDB](#) repository are acknowledged for their advice and support in implementing SAS validation methods. Team members from the labs of Dr. Juri Rappsilber, Dr. Alexander Leitner, Dr. Andrea Graziadei, and members of [PRIDE](#) database are acknowledged for their advice and support in implementing crosslinking-MS validation methods. We are grateful to Dr. Shruthi Viswanath for discussions about uncertainty assessment of integrative structural models.*

*Members of the [wwPDB Integrative/Hybrid Methods Task Force](#) provided recommendations and community support for the project.*