



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Jul 28, 2025 – 09:10 PM EDT

PDB ID : 9BW7 / pdb_00009bw7
EMDB ID : EMD-44957
Title : Human Vault Cage in complex with PARP4 and NAD+
Authors : Lodwick, J.E.; Zhao, M.
Deposited on : 2024-05-20
Resolution : 2.90 Å (reported)
Based on initial models : 4v60, .

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev126
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.45.1

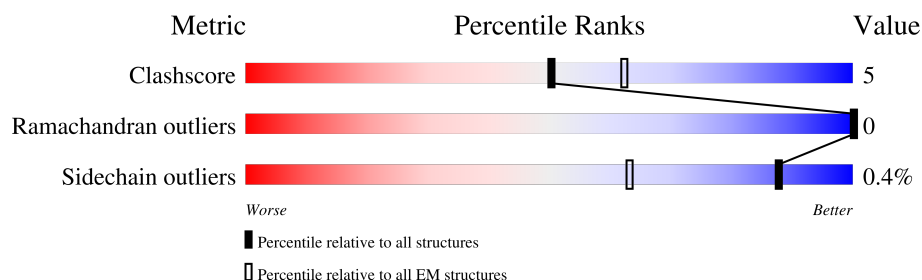
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	893	
1	C	893	
2	B	1724	
2	D	1724	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 14692 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

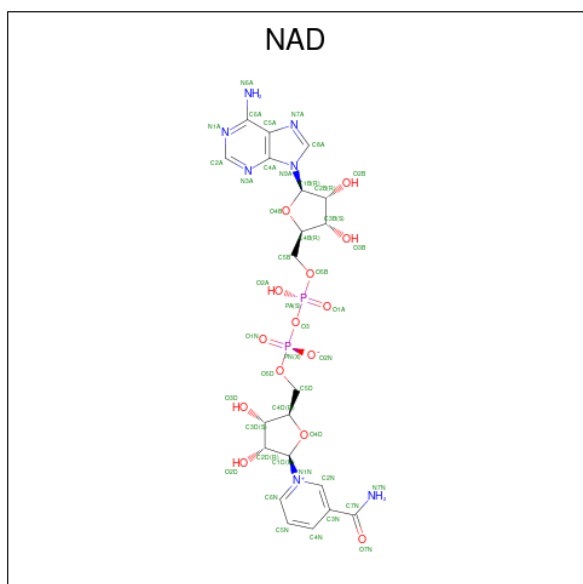
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Major vault protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	783	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			6212	3909	1111	1182	10		
1	C	783	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			6212	3909	1111	1182	10		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Protein mono-ADP-ribosyltransferase PARP4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	136	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1090	701	188	196	5		
2	D	136	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1090	701	188	196	5		

- Molecule 3 is NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE (CCD ID: NAD) (formula: $C_{21}H_{27}N_7O_{14}P_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

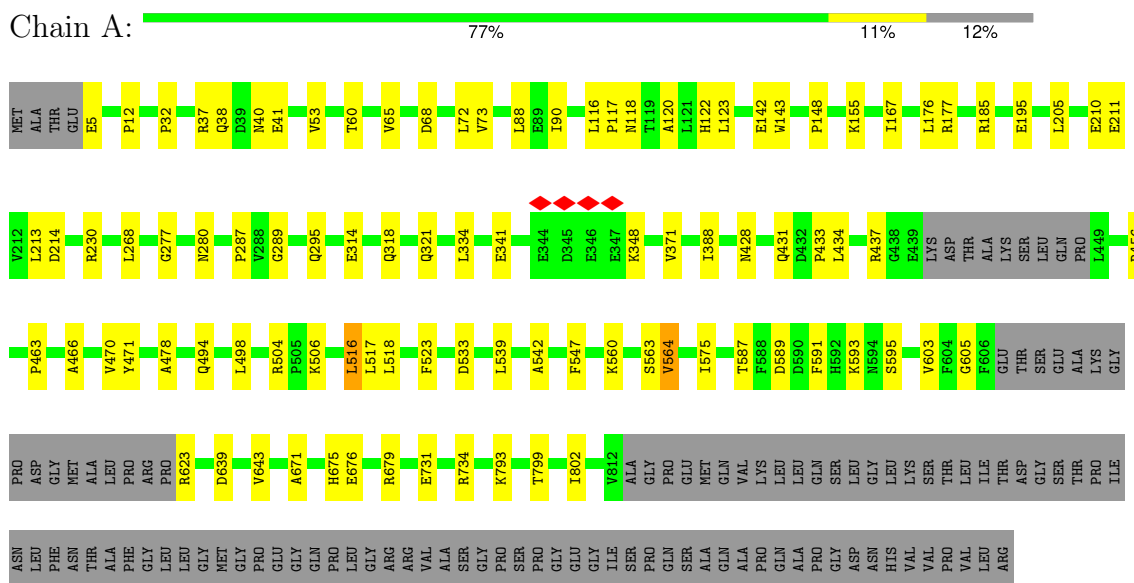


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			44	21	7	14	2	
3	C	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			44	21	7	14	2	

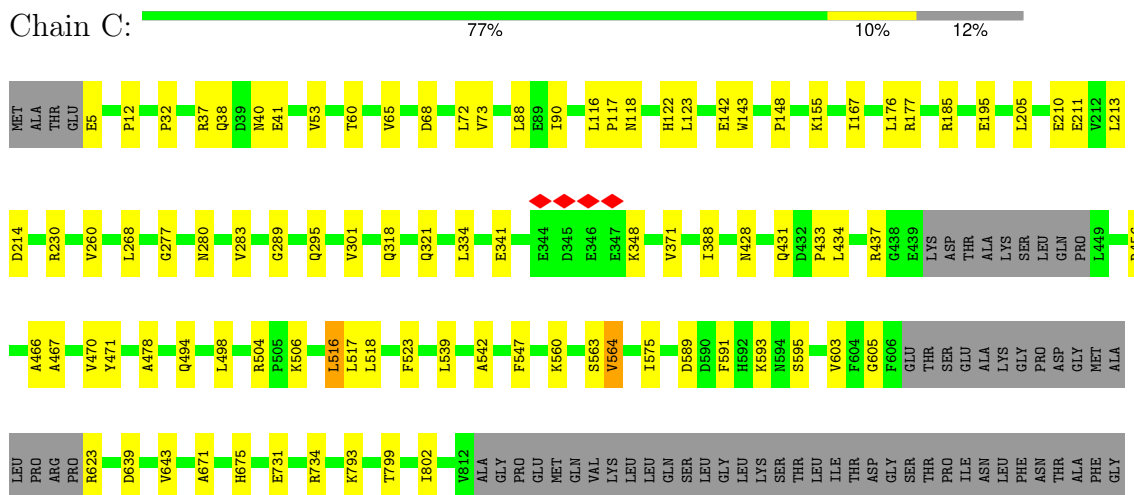
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Major vault protein



• Molecule 1: Major vault protein



LEU	LEU	GLY	MET	GLY	PRO	PRO	GLY	GLN	PRO	LEU	GLY	ARG	ARG	VAL	ALA	SER	LEU	PRO	GLY	PRO	SER	PRO	SER	PRO	GLN	PRO	GLN	GLY	GLY	ILE	SER	PRO	GLN	ALA	ALA	PRO	GLN	GLY	ASP	ASN	HIS	VAL	VAL	PRO	PRO	VAL	LEU	ARG
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● Molecule 2: Protein mono-ADP-ribosyltransferase PARP4



MET	VAL	VAL	GLY	ILE	PHE	ASN	ASN	CYS	ILE	PHE	CYS	LEU	ASN	LYS	VAL	VAL	TYR	SER	GLY	PRO	GLN	SER	GLN	GLN	GLY	GLY	LYS	ILE	SER	GLN	LEU	GLN	ASP	ASN	TYR	PRO	GLY	GLY	ASN	PRO	GLY	GLY	ASN	PRO	GLY	GLY	GLN	GLN
LEU	ASN	SER	ILE	GLU	GLU	LYS	ASN	HIS	VAL	ILE	ASN	ASN	PRO	ASN	ASP	PHE	ASP	GLY	MET	ILE	TRP	GLN	ASN	SER	ILE	GLN	ASP	VAL	ARG	LEU	GLN	LEU	ASN	TYR	ASP	LYS	TYR	PRO	ASN	PRO	GLY	GLY	ASN	PRO	GLY	GLY	GLN	PRO
ASP	SER	ALA	THR	GLU	GLU	ILE	GLU	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	LEU	THR	GLU	GLU	PHE	GLY	GLY	MET	GLY	TRP	GLN	ASN	VAL	GLU	GLY	ILE	THR	ALA	PRO	GLY	THR	GLN	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	ARG
ASP	CYS	PRO	PHE	PHE	ILE	SER	SER	HIS	PHE	LEU	LEU	ASP	ASP	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	THR	GLU	ARG	LYS	ARG	VAL	GLU	GLY	ILE	PHE	ALA	PRO	GLY	THR	GLN	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	LEU
ALA	SER	GLU	GLN	GLU	ALA	LEU	LEU	LEU	GLU	GLU	GLU	VAL	MET	ASN	SER	SER	GLY	GLY	SER	THR	LEU	SER	SER	GLN	GLN	GLU	GLU	VAL	GLU	VAL	ASP	LEU	VAL	GLU	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	ILE
LEU	LEU	LEU	VAL	LYS	ALA	ALA	LEU	LEU	GLY	GLY	GLU	THR	ALA	ALA	GLU	GLU	TYR	ALA	ALA	ARG	LEU	ARG	GLY	CYS	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	ARG	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	CYS	
GLU	THR	ASN	LEU	LYS	PRO	PRO	ASN	PRO	SER	GLY	LEU	ALA	LYS	LYS	TYR	TYR	ALA	ALA	ARG	LEU	ARG	GLY	CYS	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	VAL	
ASN	GLY	THR	THR	PHE	LEU	SER	LYS	GLY	GLY	ASN	VAL	ARG	PRO	PRO	GLY	GLY	LEU	LEU	HIS	GLY	SER	SER	PRO	VAL	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	ASP	
SER	LEU	THR	THR	ILE	LYS	TYR	SER	HIS	PRO	GLY	GLY	GLY	THR	THR	ASP	GLN	ASP	THR	THR	ARG	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	LEU	THR	
THR	ASP	PHE	GLY	ASP	GLY	PHE	VAL	VAL	TYR	LYS	THR	ASN	GLN	VAL	VAL	GLY	LYS	LYS	MET	GLY	LYS	TYR	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	PHE	ASP	GLY	PRO	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	LEU
PRO	ASP	ALA	THR	SER	SER	SER	THR	LYS	ALA	GLY	GLY	GLN	ASP	GLY	ALA	ALA	GLY	GLY	ASN	LEU	VAL	VAL	HIS	VAL	VAL	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	VAL	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	PRO
LEU	ASP	ASP	LYS	ALA	VAL	CYS	GLY	PHE	GLY	ALA	ILE	ILE	GLY	ILE	ILE	GLY	HIS	ILE	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	ASN	
LEU	PRO	PRO	LYS	ALA	LYS	VAL	VAL	CYS	GLY	THR	THR	TYR	ILE	THR	THR	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	LYS		
GLN	SER	PHE	SER	THR	MET	SER	ILE	GLY	GLY	PRO	TYR	VAL	ILE	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	PHE	GLY	GLY	SER	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	LEU		
PRO	ARG	MET	TRP	VAL	GLY	LYS	HIS	GLY	PRO	GLY	GLY	GLY	ALA	GLY	GLY	GLY	MET	VAL	VAL	PHE	ASP	VAL	ASP	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	LEU	
HIS	ALA	LEU	SER	VAL	GLY	GLY	LYS	VAL	GLY	VAL	ASN	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	ILE	PHE	GLY	THR	GLY	THR	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	LEU	
SER	LEU	LEU	TYR	ALA	ARG	GLY	SER	ASN	GLY	ILE	LEU	LEU	VAL	VAL	VAL	VAL	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	LEU	
ALA	GLY	VAL	PHE	GLU	TYR	PHE	ASN	ALA	SER	LYS	HIS	THR	TRP	ARG	TRP	ARG	ARG	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	GLN	LEU	

[illegible]



I1669	K1670	Q1671	E1674	Q1682	Y1683	P1684	R1689	Q1702	L1703	L1704	G1705	L1706	Q1707	P1708	I1709	S1710	T1711	V1712	S1713	P1714	L1715	H1716	R1717	V1718	L1719	H1720	Y1721	S1722	Q1723	G1724
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4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, D39	Depositor
Number of particles used	93859	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION; CTF correction was performed when movies were imported into cryoSPARC Live	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	45	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	700	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1700	Depositor
Magnification	53000	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	1.436	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.711	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.043	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.17	Depositor
Map size ($\text{\AA}$)	1056.0, 1056.0, 1056.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	800, 800, 800	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing ($\text{\AA}$)	1.32, 1.32, 1.32	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.30	1/6321 (0.0%)	0.53	0/8572
1	C	0.31	1/6321 (0.0%)	0.53	0/8572
2	B	0.18	0/1111	0.45	0/1501
2	D	0.18	0/1111	0.45	0/1501
All	All	0.29	2/14864 (0.0%)	0.52	0/20146

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	C	504	ARG	C-N	5.57	1.38	1.33
1	A	504	ARG	C-N	5.53	1.38	1.33

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6212	0	6236	77	0
1	C	6212	0	6236	74	0
2	B	1090	0	1108	11	0
2	D	1090	0	1108	10	0
3	A	44	0	26	5	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	C	44	0	26	5	0
All	All	14692	0	14740	160	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (160) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:434:LEU:HD13	1:C:437:ARG:HH11	1.08	1.14
1:A:518:LEU:HD12	1:A:518:LEU:O	1.50	1.10
1:C:518:LEU:HD12	1:C:518:LEU:O	1.50	1.09
1:A:434:LEU:HD13	1:A:437:ARG:HH11	1.08	1.08
1:C:560:LYS:HA	1:C:563:SER:OG	1.61	1.00
1:A:560:LYS:HA	1:A:563:SER:OG	1.61	1.00
1:A:214:ASP:OD2	2:B:1618:LYS:HG2	1.66	0.96
1:C:214:ASP:OD2	2:D:1618:LYS:HG2	1.66	0.95
1:C:434:LEU:HD13	1:C:437:ARG:NH1	1.85	0.92
1:A:434:LEU:HD13	1:A:437:ARG:NH1	1.85	0.92
1:A:433:PRO:O	1:A:437:ARG:HB3	1.80	0.82
1:C:433:PRO:O	1:C:437:ARG:HB3	1.80	0.81
1:C:518:LEU:O	1:C:518:LEU:CD1	2.28	0.81
1:A:518:LEU:O	1:A:518:LEU:CD1	2.28	0.81
1:A:434:LEU:CD1	1:A:437:ARG:HH11	1.91	0.80
1:C:434:LEU:CD1	1:C:437:ARG:HH11	1.92	0.80
1:A:177:ARG:H	1:A:213:LEU:HD11	1.53	0.74
1:C:176:LEU:HA	1:C:213:LEU:CD1	2.18	0.73
1:C:177:ARG:H	1:C:213:LEU:HD11	1.53	0.73
1:A:176:LEU:HA	1:A:213:LEU:CD1	2.18	0.73
1:A:123:LEU:HB2	1:A:143:TRP:HB2	1.74	0.69
1:C:123:LEU:HB2	1:C:143:TRP:HB2	1.74	0.68
1:C:523:PHE:HA	3:C:901:NAD:O1N	1.94	0.68
1:A:434:LEU:CD1	1:A:437:ARG:NH1	2.56	0.66
1:A:523:PHE:HA	3:A:901:NAD:O1N	1.94	0.66
1:C:434:LEU:CD1	1:C:437:ARG:NH1	2.56	0.65
1:C:470:VAL:HG23	1:C:494:GLN:O	1.97	0.65
1:A:470:VAL:HG23	1:A:494:GLN:O	1.97	0.64
1:A:560:LYS:HA	1:A:563:SER:HG	1.62	0.63
1:A:560:LYS:CA	1:A:563:SER:OG	2.42	0.62
1:C:334:LEU:HD13	1:C:371:VAL:HG11	1.81	0.62
1:C:177:ARG:H	1:C:213:LEU:CD1	2.13	0.61

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:498:LEU:CD1	1:A:516:LEU:HD23	2.30	0.61
1:A:177:ARG:H	1:A:213:LEU:CD1	2.13	0.61
1:A:334:LEU:HD13	1:A:371:VAL:CG1	2.30	0.61
1:C:518:LEU:HD12	1:C:518:LEU:C	2.26	0.61
1:C:498:LEU:CD1	1:C:516:LEU:HD23	2.30	0.61
1:A:564:VAL:O	1:A:564:VAL:HG12	2.01	0.60
1:C:334:LEU:HD13	1:C:371:VAL:CG1	2.30	0.60
1:A:334:LEU:HD13	1:A:371:VAL:HG11	1.82	0.60
1:C:560:LYS:CA	1:C:563:SER:OG	2.42	0.60
1:C:560:LYS:HA	1:C:563:SER:HG	1.62	0.60
1:A:518:LEU:HD12	1:A:518:LEU:C	2.26	0.60
1:C:167:ILE:O	2:D:1682:GLN:NE2	2.36	0.59
1:A:518:LEU:HB2	1:A:547:PHE:HB2	1.84	0.59
1:A:167:ILE:O	2:B:1682:GLN:NE2	2.36	0.59
1:C:564:VAL:HG12	1:C:564:VAL:O	2.01	0.59
1:C:185:ARG:NH2	1:C:205:LEU:O	2.36	0.58
1:A:38:GLN:HB2	1:A:40:ASN:OD1	2.03	0.58
1:A:506:LYS:NZ	3:A:901:NAD:O1A	2.36	0.58
1:C:176:LEU:O	1:C:176:LEU:HD12	2.04	0.58
1:A:122:HIS:NE2	1:A:142:GLU:OE1	2.37	0.57
1:C:122:HIS:NE2	1:C:142:GLU:OE1	2.37	0.57
1:C:518:LEU:HB2	1:C:547:PHE:HB2	1.84	0.57
1:A:176:LEU:HD12	1:A:176:LEU:O	2.04	0.57
1:C:38:GLN:HB2	1:C:40:ASN:OD1	2.03	0.57
1:C:230:ARG:HB2	1:C:268:LEU:HD11	1.85	0.57
1:C:506:LYS:NZ	3:C:901:NAD:O1A	2.36	0.57
1:A:230:ARG:HB2	1:A:268:LEU:HD11	1.85	0.57
1:C:334:LEU:HD12	1:C:334:LEU:O	2.05	0.57
1:A:334:LEU:O	1:A:334:LEU:HD12	2.05	0.57
1:A:176:LEU:HA	1:A:213:LEU:HD13	1.86	0.56
1:A:591:PHE:O	1:A:595:SER:HB3	2.06	0.56
1:C:591:PHE:O	1:C:595:SER:HB3	2.06	0.56
1:C:176:LEU:HA	1:C:213:LEU:HD13	1.86	0.56
1:C:176:LEU:HA	1:C:213:LEU:HD12	1.87	0.56
1:C:671:ALA:O	1:C:675:HIS:ND1	2.40	0.55
2:B:1586:TRP:HD1	2:B:1629:THR:HG23	1.71	0.55
1:C:176:LEU:HD13	1:C:210:GLU:HB3	1.89	0.55
1:A:176:LEU:HA	1:A:213:LEU:HD12	1.87	0.55
2:D:1586:TRP:HD1	2:D:1629:THR:HG23	1.71	0.55
1:A:185:ARG:NH2	1:A:205:LEU:O	2.36	0.55
1:A:211:GLU:O	1:A:213:LEU:HD12	2.08	0.54

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:671:ALA:O	1:A:675:HIS:ND1	2.40	0.54
1:C:731:GLU:OE2	1:C:734:ARG:NH2	2.38	0.54
1:C:211:GLU:O	1:C:213:LEU:HD12	2.08	0.54
1:A:176:LEU:HD13	1:A:210:GLU:HB3	1.89	0.54
1:C:517:LEU:H	3:C:901:NAD:C2A	2.21	0.54
2:D:1640:LEU:HD22	2:D:1645:ILE:HD11	1.90	0.54
1:A:517:LEU:H	3:A:901:NAD:C2A	2.21	0.54
2:B:1640:LEU:HD22	2:B:1645:ILE:HD11	1.90	0.54
1:C:542:ALA:HB3	1:C:639:ASP:HB2	1.90	0.53
1:A:731:GLU:OE2	1:A:734:ARG:NH2	2.38	0.53
1:A:341:GLU:HB3	1:A:348:LYS:HD2	1.90	0.53
1:C:341:GLU:HB3	1:C:348:LYS:HD2	1.90	0.53
1:A:167:ILE:HG13	2:B:1684:PRO:HD2	1.90	0.53
1:A:542:ALA:HB3	1:A:639:ASP:HB2	1.90	0.53
1:A:605:GLY:HA3	1:A:623:ARG:HH21	1.74	0.52
1:A:589:ASP:OD1	1:A:593:LYS:NZ	2.39	0.52
2:B:1599:ASN:HB2	2:B:1722:SER:HB3	1.91	0.52
1:A:117:PRO:HG3	1:A:148:PRO:HB3	1.92	0.52
1:C:167:ILE:HG13	2:D:1684:PRO:HD2	1.90	0.52
1:A:60:THR:HG22	1:A:90:ILE:HG13	1.92	0.52
1:A:68:ASP:OD1	1:A:72:LEU:N	2.43	0.51
1:C:605:GLY:HA3	1:C:623:ARG:HH21	1.74	0.51
1:C:117:PRO:HG3	1:C:148:PRO:HB3	1.92	0.51
2:D:1599:ASN:HB2	2:D:1722:SER:HB3	1.91	0.51
1:C:589:ASP:OD1	1:C:593:LYS:NZ	2.39	0.51
1:C:118:ASN:O	2:D:1689:ARG:NH2	2.43	0.51
1:A:428:ASN:O	1:A:431:GLN:NE2	2.42	0.50
1:C:60:THR:HG22	1:C:90:ILE:HG13	1.92	0.50
1:C:428:ASN:O	1:C:431:GLN:NE2	2.42	0.50
1:C:68:ASP:OD1	1:C:72:LEU:N	2.43	0.50
1:C:517:LEU:O	3:C:901:NAD:H2A	2.12	0.50
1:A:517:LEU:O	3:A:901:NAD:H2A	2.12	0.49
1:C:289:GLY:HA3	1:C:295:GLN:HE22	1.77	0.49
2:B:1600:THR:O	2:B:1604:HIS:ND1	2.38	0.49
1:C:498:LEU:HD13	1:C:516:LEU:HD23	1.94	0.49
1:A:289:GLY:HA3	1:A:295:GLN:HE22	1.77	0.48
1:A:214:ASP:OD2	2:B:1618:LYS:CG	2.51	0.48
1:A:498:LEU:HD13	1:A:516:LEU:HD23	1.94	0.48
1:A:116:LEU:HD22	2:B:1689:ARG:HA	1.95	0.48
1:C:116:LEU:HD22	2:D:1689:ARG:HA	1.95	0.48
1:C:88:LEU:HB2	1:C:155:LYS:HG3	1.96	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:517:LEU:HB2	3:A:901:NAD:C2A	2.45	0.47
2:D:1600:THR:O	2:D:1604:HIS:ND1	2.38	0.47
1:C:434:LEU:CD2	1:C:517:LEU:HD22	2.45	0.47
1:A:118:ASN:O	2:B:1689:ARG:NH2	2.43	0.47
1:A:12:PRO:HB3	1:A:32:PRO:HB3	1.97	0.47
1:A:434:LEU:CD2	1:A:517:LEU:HD22	2.45	0.47
1:A:88:LEU:HB2	1:A:155:LYS:HG3	1.96	0.46
1:C:517:LEU:HB2	3:C:901:NAD:C2A	2.45	0.46
1:C:214:ASP:OD2	2:D:1618:LYS:CG	2.51	0.46
1:A:177:ARG:HB3	1:A:195:GLU:HG2	1.98	0.46
1:A:799:THR:HA	1:A:802:ILE:HG22	1.97	0.45
1:C:177:ARG:HB3	1:C:195:GLU:HG2	1.98	0.45
1:C:277:GLY:H	1:C:280:ASN:HD22	1.64	0.45
1:C:539:LEU:HG	1:C:643:VAL:HG22	1.97	0.45
1:C:12:PRO:HB3	1:C:32:PRO:HB3	1.97	0.45
1:C:213:LEU:HD12	1:C:213:LEU:N	2.31	0.45
1:C:466:ALA:HA	1:C:516:LEU:O	2.15	0.45
1:A:539:LEU:HG	1:A:643:VAL:HG22	1.97	0.45
1:A:466:ALA:HA	1:A:516:LEU:O	2.16	0.45
1:C:799:THR:HA	1:C:802:ILE:HG22	1.97	0.45
1:A:213:LEU:HD12	1:A:213:LEU:N	2.31	0.45
1:A:277:GLY:H	1:A:280:ASN:HD22	1.64	0.44
1:A:575:ILE:HG23	1:A:603:VAL:HG22	2.00	0.44
1:C:575:ILE:HG23	1:C:603:VAL:HG22	2.00	0.44
1:C:318:GLN:HB3	1:C:321:GLN:HE21	1.83	0.43
1:A:5:GLU:O	1:A:37:ARG:NH1	2.51	0.43
1:C:793:LYS:HE2	1:C:793:LYS:HB3	1.91	0.43
1:A:38:GLN:HG2	1:A:41:GLU:CD	2.44	0.43
1:A:318:GLN:HB3	1:A:321:GLN:HE21	1.83	0.43
1:C:5:GLU:O	1:C:37:ARG:NH1	2.51	0.42
2:B:1637:ARG:HD2	2:B:1637:ARG:HA	1.87	0.42
1:A:793:LYS:HE2	1:A:793:LYS:HB3	1.91	0.42
1:C:38:GLN:HG2	1:C:41:GLU:CD	2.44	0.42
1:A:65:VAL:HG11	1:A:73:VAL:HG22	2.02	0.41
1:C:388:ILE:HG22	1:C:456:ARG:HD3	2.02	0.41
1:A:533:ASP:OD2	1:A:587:THR:OG1	2.32	0.41
1:C:471:TYR:HD1	1:C:478:ALA:HB2	1.86	0.41
1:A:434:LEU:HD23	1:A:463:PRO:HB2	2.03	0.41
1:A:676:GLU:OE2	1:A:679:ARG:NH2	2.39	0.41
1:C:467:ALA:N	1:C:516:LEU:O	2.50	0.41
1:C:65:VAL:HG11	1:C:73:VAL:HG22	2.02	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:283:VAL:HG22	1:C:301:VAL:HG22	2.03	0.41
1:A:120:ALA:HB2	1:A:205:LEU:HD21	2.03	0.41
1:A:287:PRO:HA	1:A:314:GLU:HG2	2.03	0.41
1:A:388:ILE:HG22	1:A:456:ARG:HD3	2.02	0.40
1:A:471:TYR:HD1	1:A:478:ALA:HB2	1.86	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	777/893 (87%)	742 (96%)	35 (4%)	0	100	100
1	C	777/893 (87%)	742 (96%)	35 (4%)	0	100	100
2	B	128/1724 (7%)	121 (94%)	7 (6%)	0	100	100
2	D	128/1724 (7%)	121 (94%)	7 (6%)	0	100	100
All	All	1810/5234 (35%)	1726 (95%)	84 (5%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	669/755 (89%)	666 (100%)	3 (0%)	89	97

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	669/755 (89%)	665 (99%)	4 (1%)	84	95
2	B	120/1534 (8%)	120 (100%)	0	100	100
2	D	120/1534 (8%)	120 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1578/4578 (34%)	1571 (100%)	7 (0%)	88	97

All (7) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	53	VAL
1	A	516	LEU
1	A	564	VAL
1	C	53	VAL
1	C	260	VAL
1	C	516	LEU
1	C	564	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (20) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	80	GLN
1	A	172	GLN
1	A	234	ASN
1	A	280	ASN
1	A	295	GLN
1	A	311	GLN
1	A	356	HIS
2	B	1599	ASN
2	B	1613	GLN
2	B	1720	HIS
1	C	80	GLN
1	C	172	GLN
1	C	234	ASN
1	C	280	ASN
1	C	295	GLN
1	C	311	GLN
1	C	356	HIS
2	D	1599	ASN
2	D	1613	GLN
2	D	1720	HIS

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	NAD	C	901	-	42,48,48	0.75	0	50,73,73	1.20	4 (8%)
3	NAD	A	901	-	42,48,48	0.76	0	50,73,73	1.19	4 (8%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAD	C	901	-	-	7/26/62/62	0/5/5/5
3	NAD	A	901	-	-	7/26/62/62	0/5/5/5

There are no bond length outliers.

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	C	901	NAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-3.84	123.46	128.67
3	A	901	NAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-3.83	123.48	128.67
3	C	901	NAD	C4D-O4D-C1D	-3.40	106.81	109.92
3	A	901	NAD	C4D-O4D-C1D	-3.38	106.83	109.92
3	C	901	NAD	C4A-C5A-N7A	-2.76	106.42	109.34
3	A	901	NAD	C4A-C5A-N7A	-2.71	106.48	109.34
3	C	901	NAD	C2B-C3B-C4B	2.04	106.56	102.61
3	A	901	NAD	C2B-C3B-C4B	2.03	106.52	102.61

There are no chirality outliers.

All (14) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	901	NAD	C5D-O5D-PN-O3
3	A	901	NAD	C5D-O5D-PN-O1N
3	A	901	NAD	C5D-O5D-PN-O2N
3	A	901	NAD	C2D-C1D-N1N-C2N
3	A	901	NAD	C2D-C1D-N1N-C6N
3	C	901	NAD	C5D-O5D-PN-O3
3	C	901	NAD	C5D-O5D-PN-O1N
3	C	901	NAD	C5D-O5D-PN-O2N
3	C	901	NAD	C2D-C1D-N1N-C2N
3	C	901	NAD	C2D-C1D-N1N-C6N
3	A	901	NAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B
3	C	901	NAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B
3	A	901	NAD	C3B-C4B-C5B-O5B
3	C	901	NAD	C3B-C4B-C5B-O5B

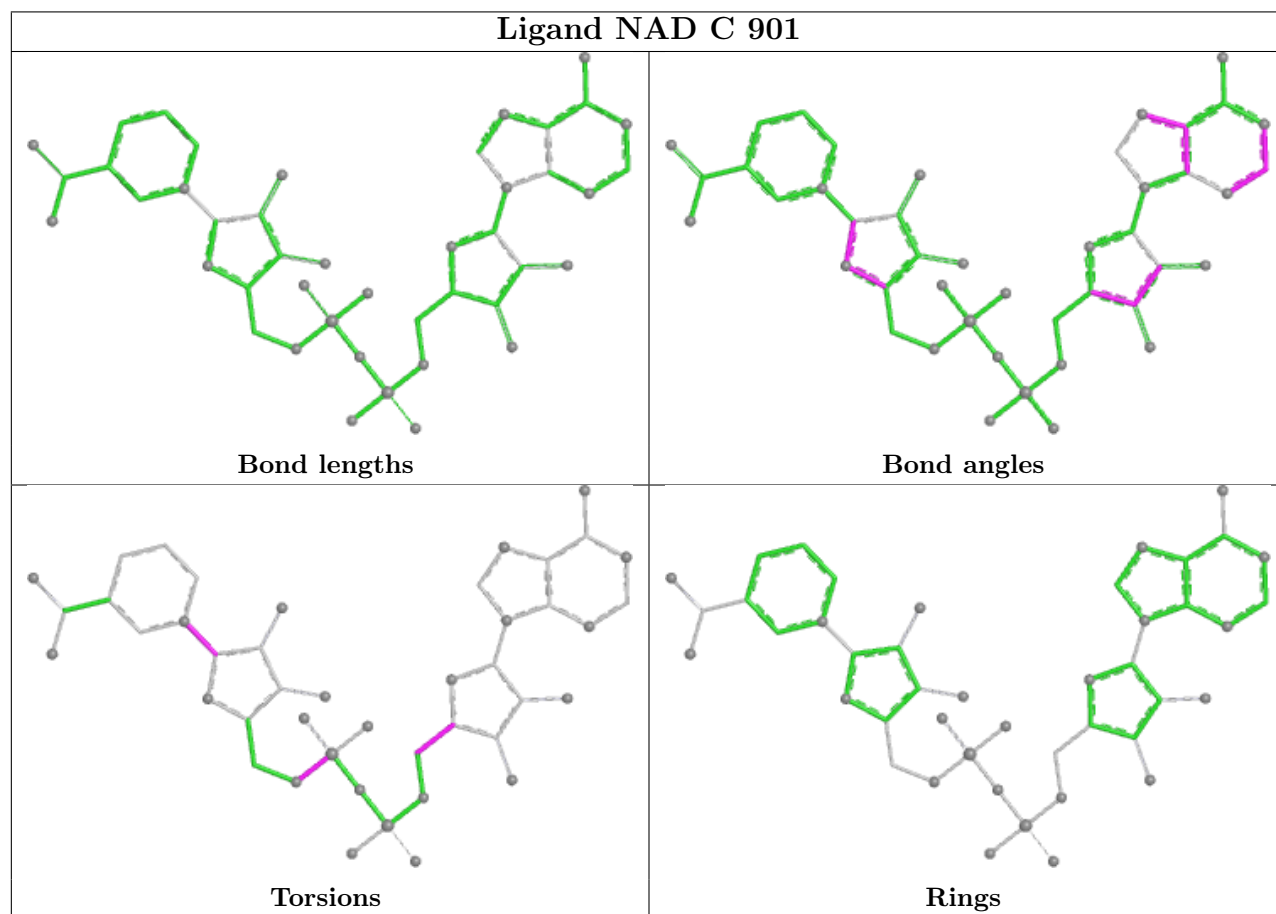
There are no ring outliers.

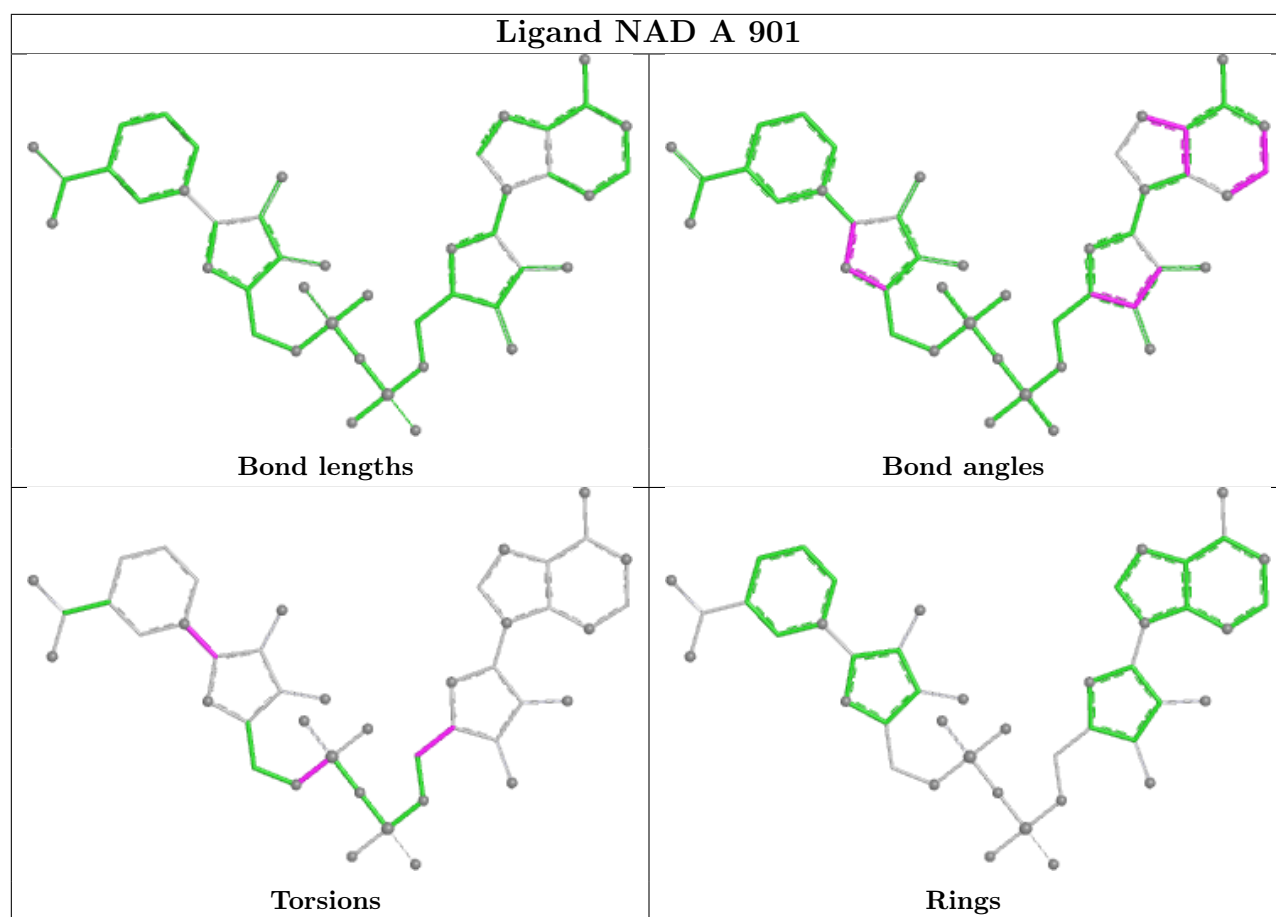
2 monomers are involved in 10 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	C	901	NAD	5	0
3	A	901	NAD	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the

average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

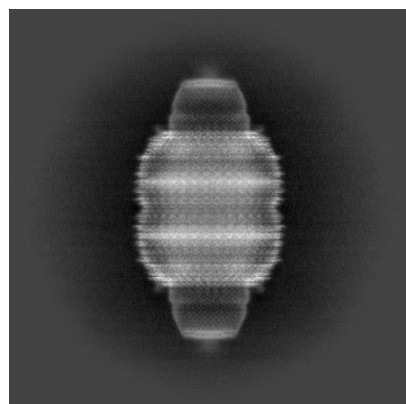
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-44957. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

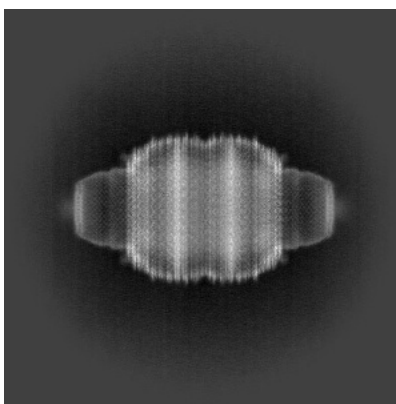
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

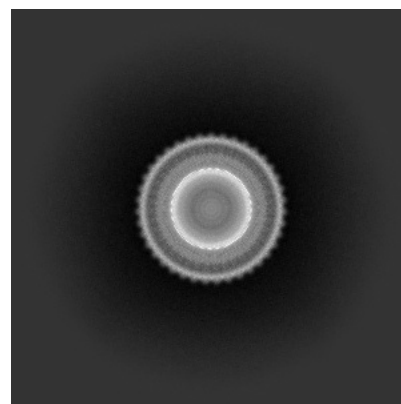
6.1.1 Primary map



X

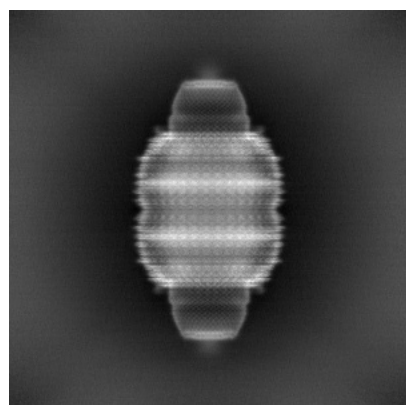


Y

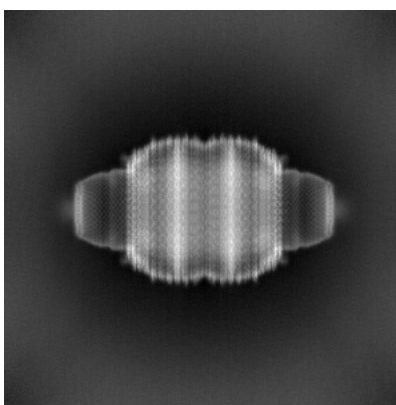


Z

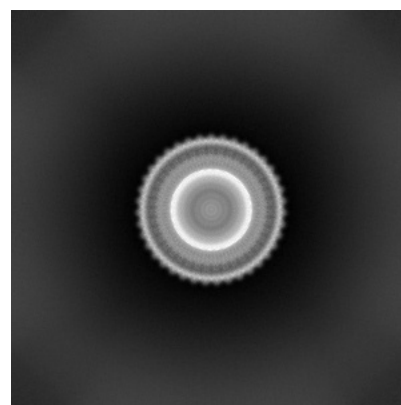
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

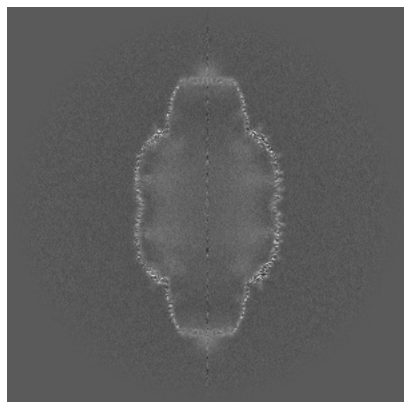


Z

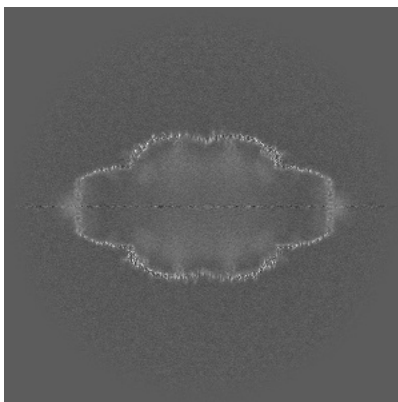
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

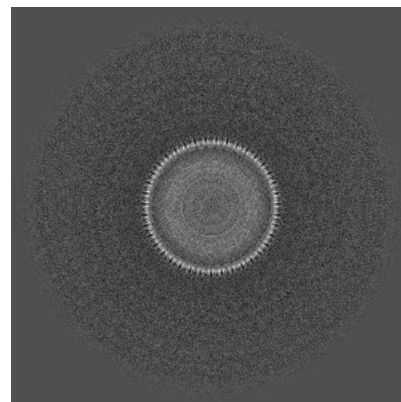
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 400

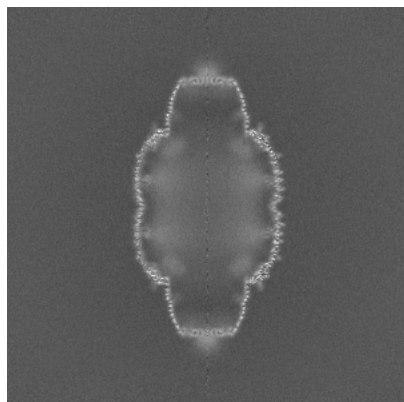


Y Index: 400

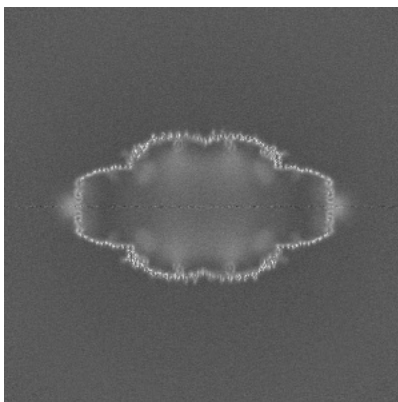


Z Index: 400

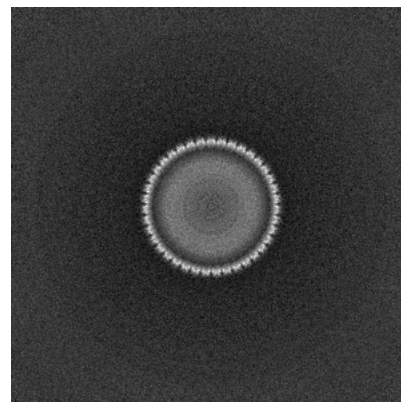
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 400



Y Index: 400

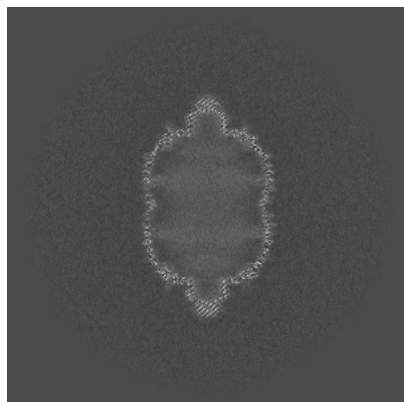


Z Index: 400

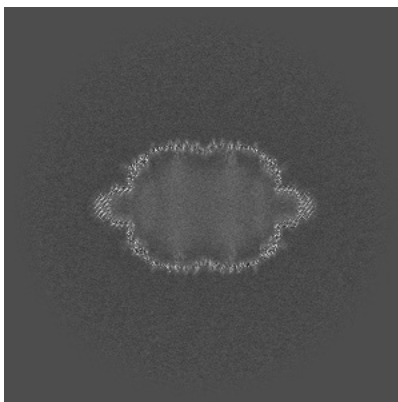
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

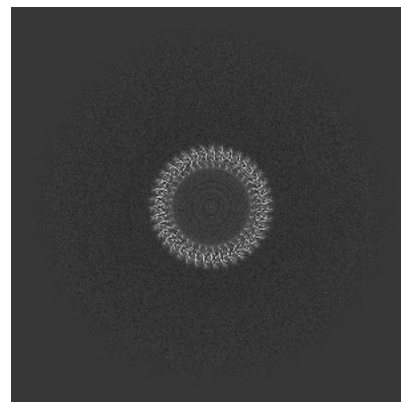
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 472

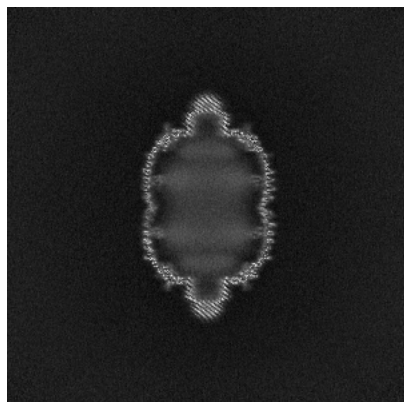


Y Index: 328

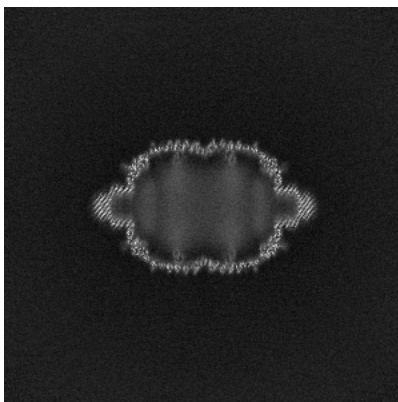


Z Index: 259

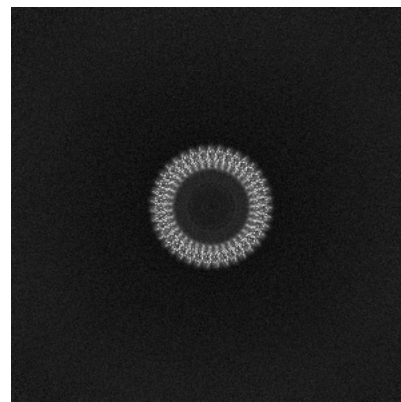
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 329



Y Index: 328

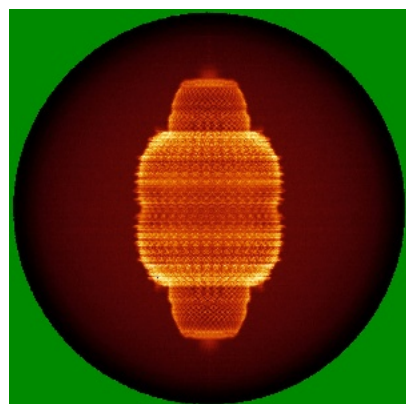


Z Index: 542

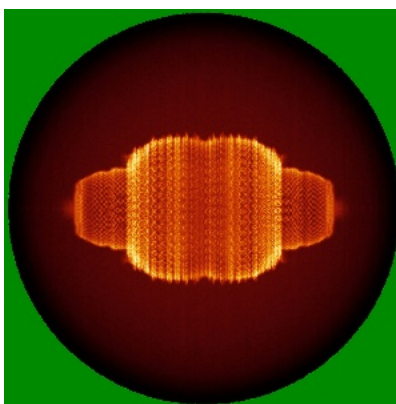
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

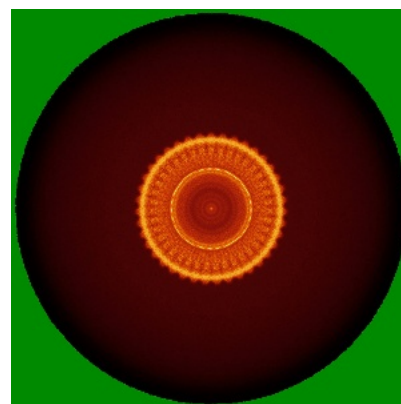
6.4.1 Primary map



X

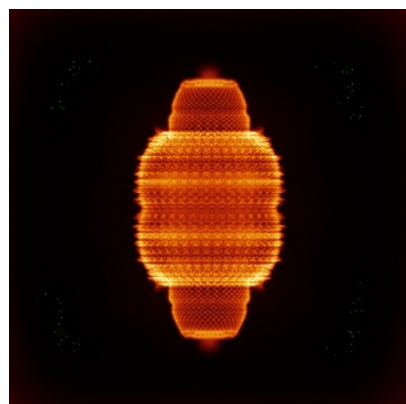


Y

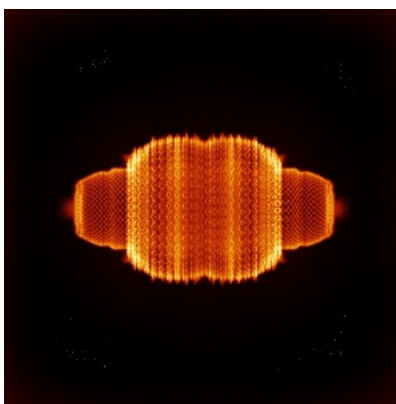


Z

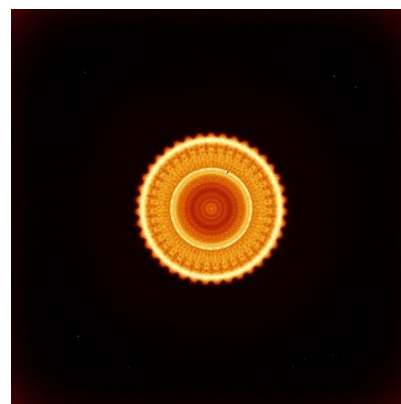
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

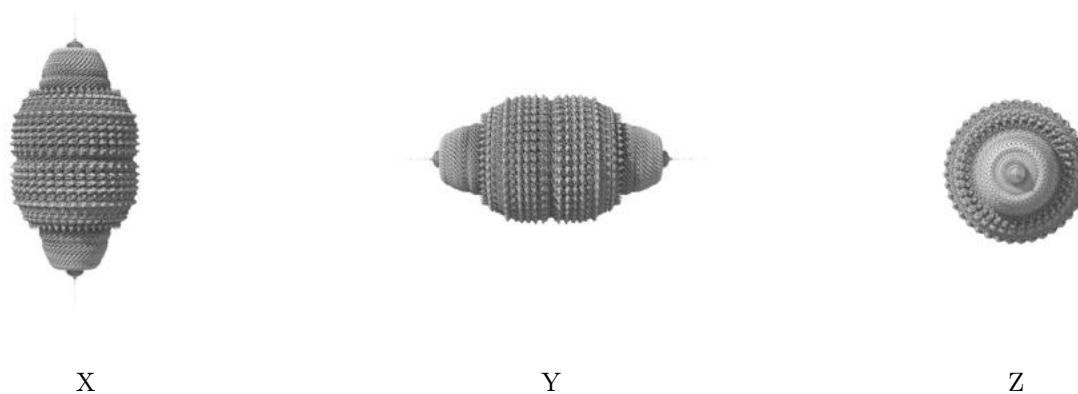


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

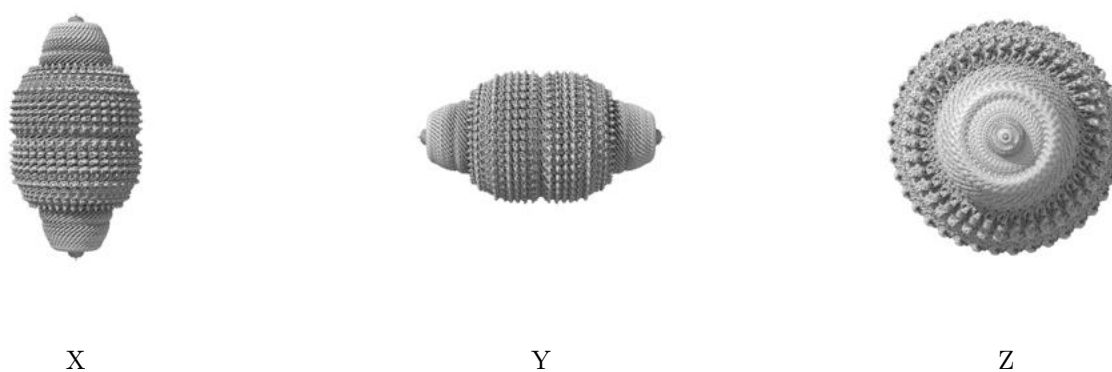
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.17. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

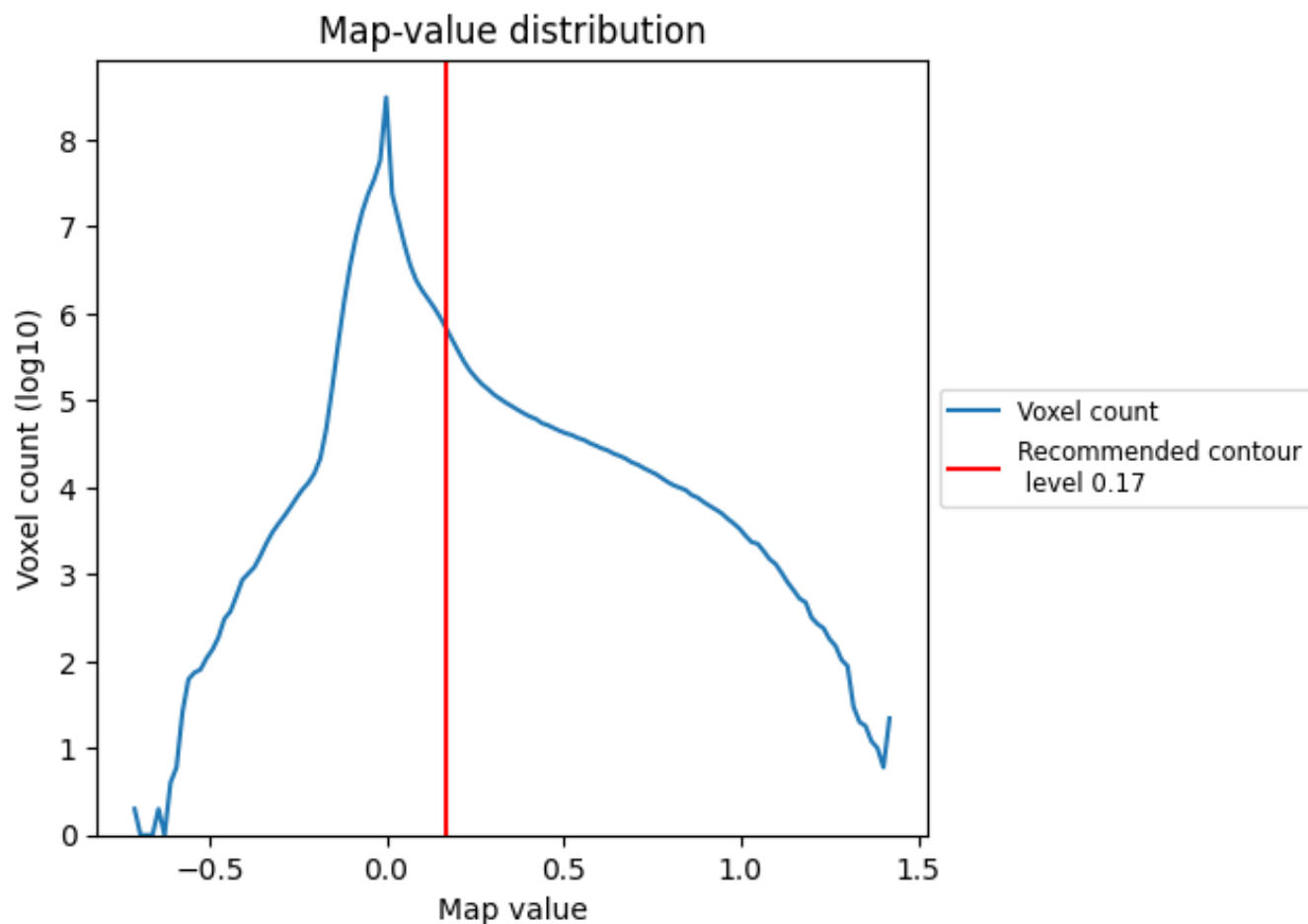
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

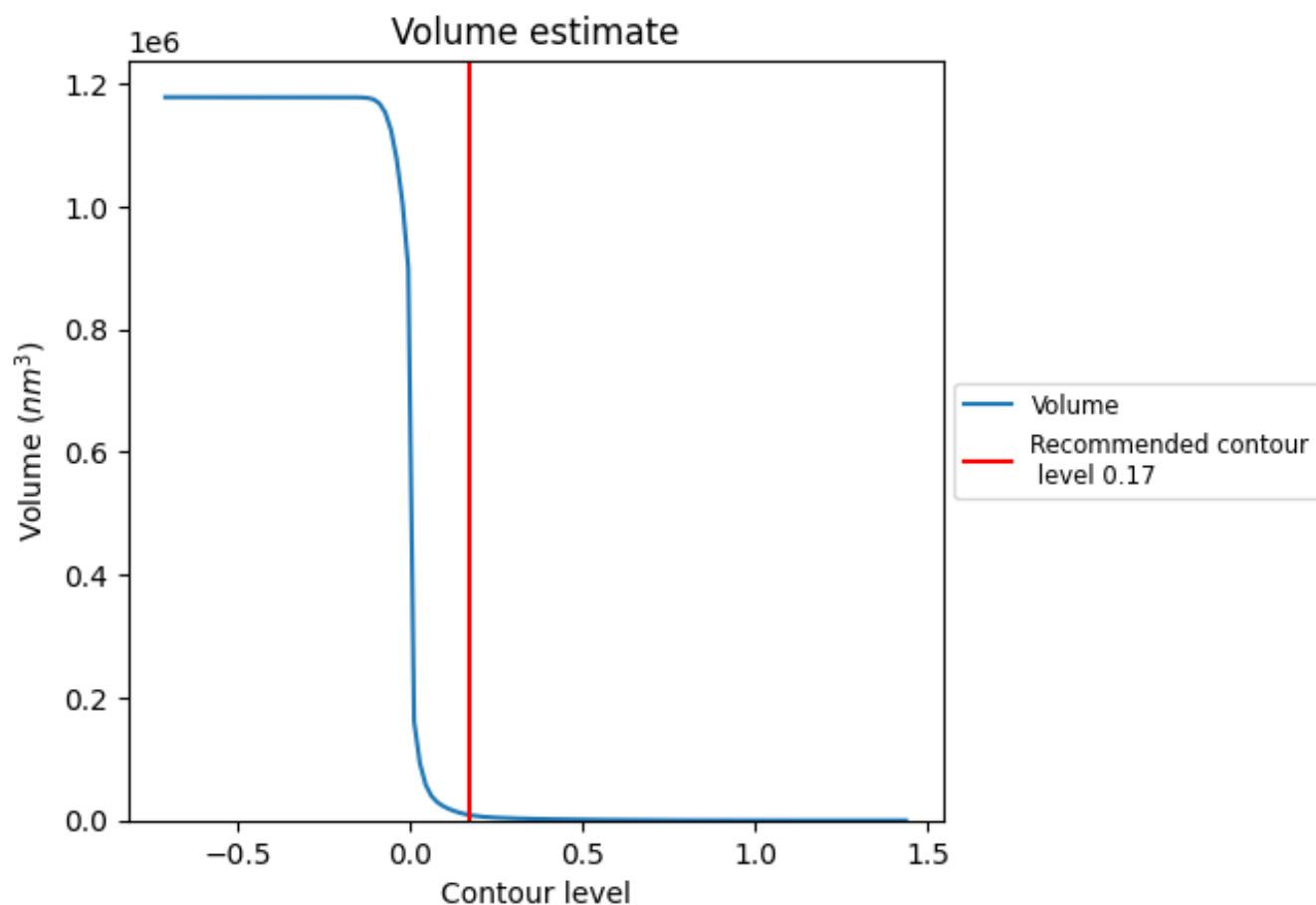
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

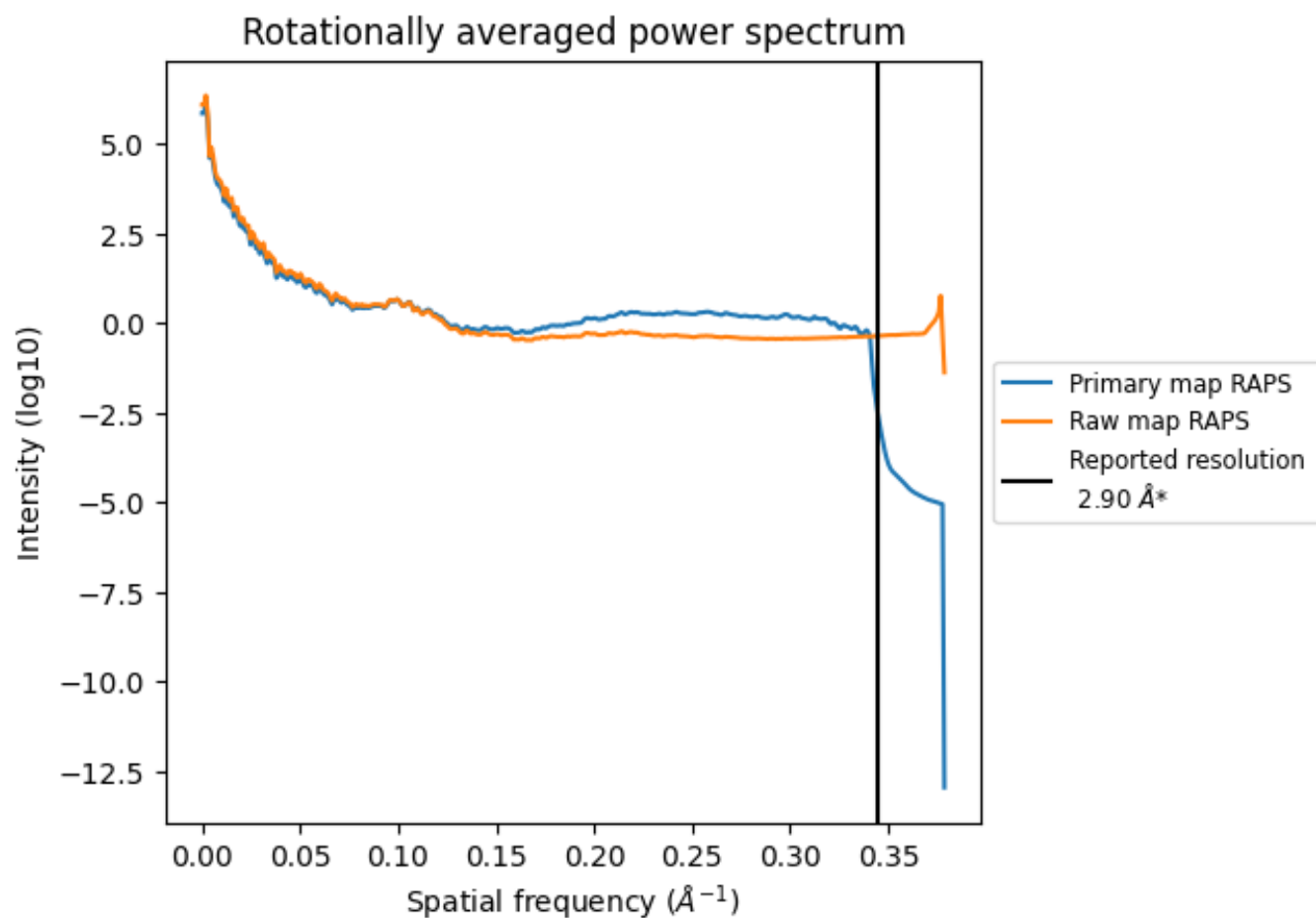
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 8991 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 8122 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

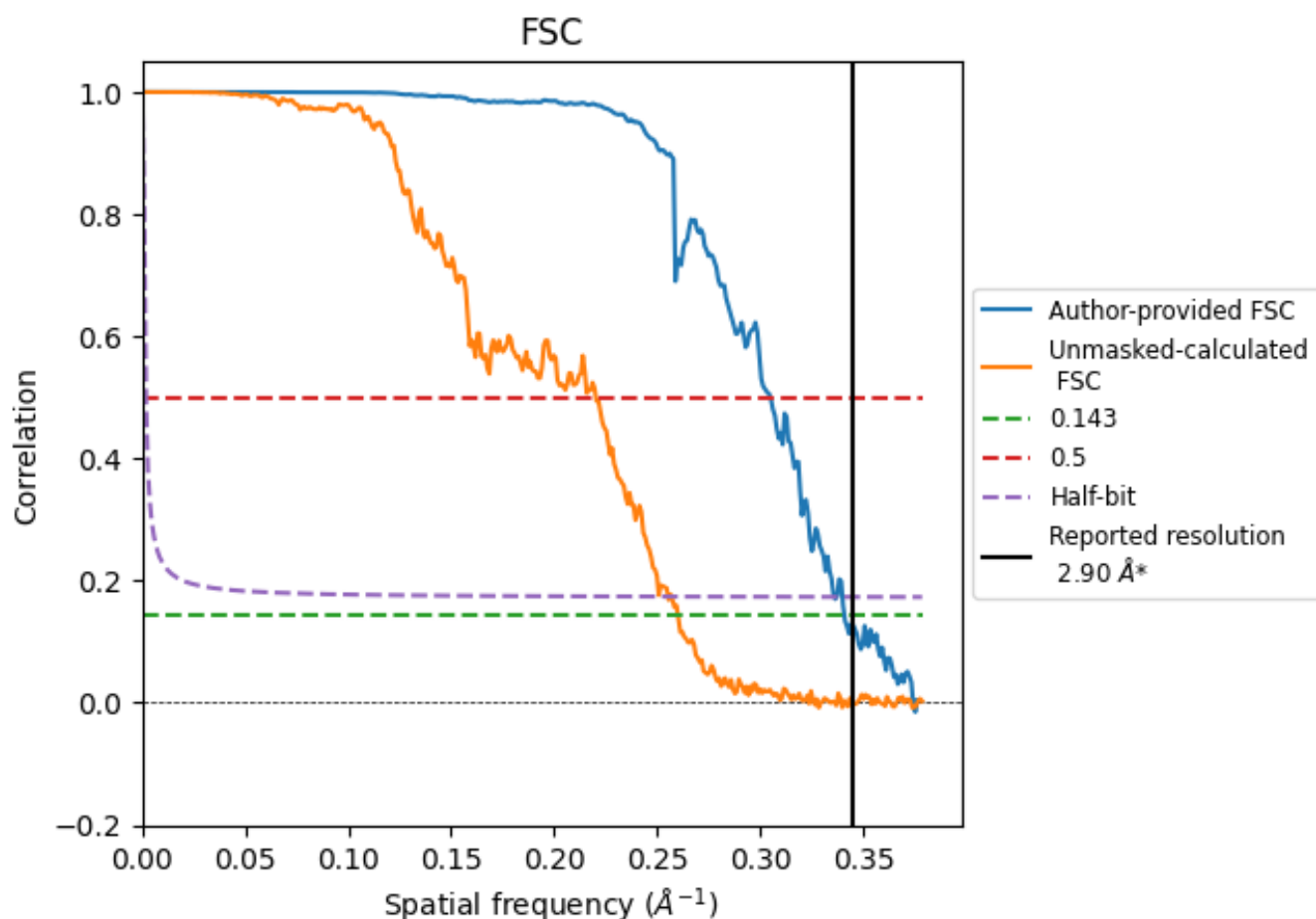


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.345 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.345 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.90	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.93	3.28	2.97
Unmasked-calculated*	3.84	4.54	3.92

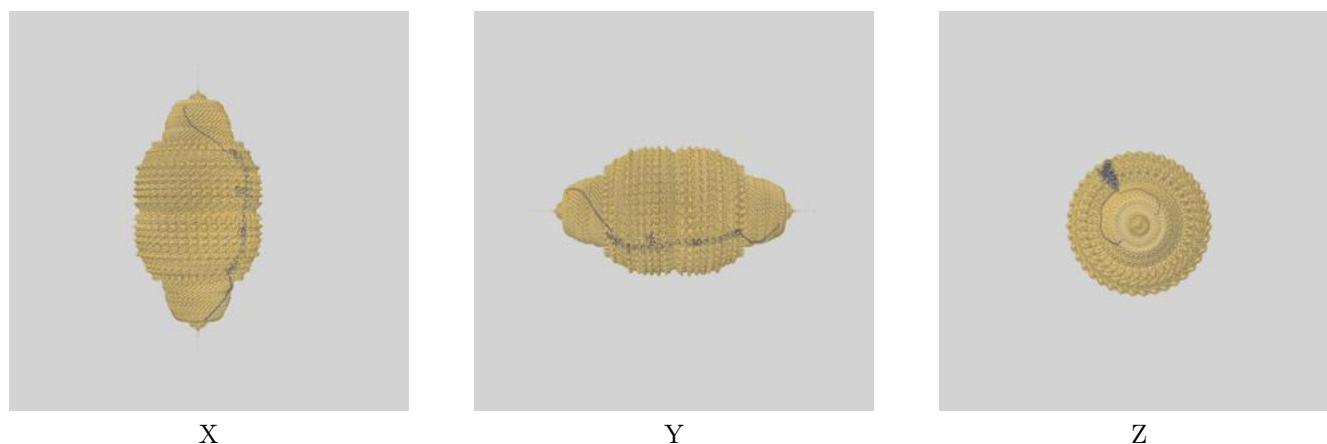
*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.84 differs from the reported value 2.9 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

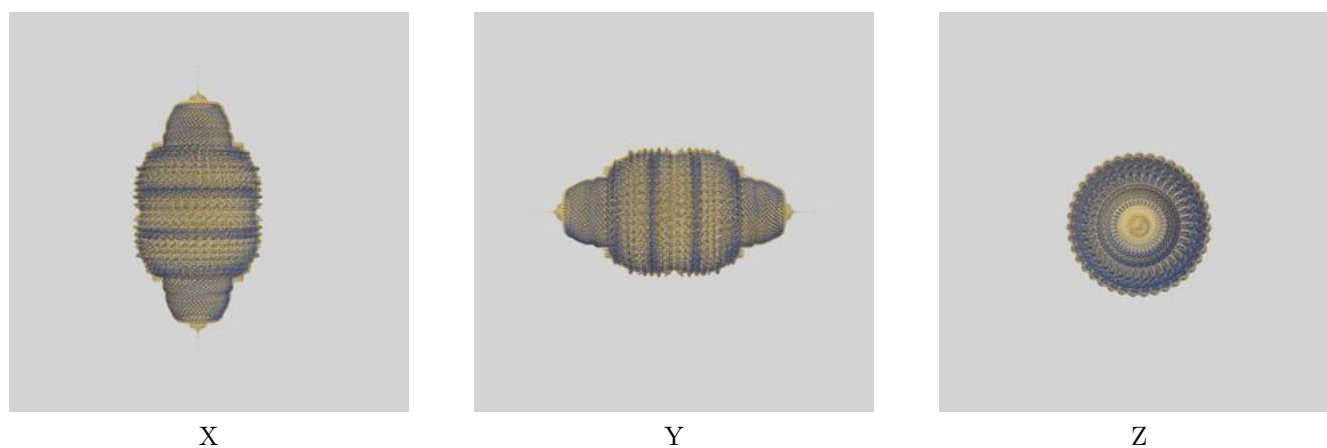
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-44957 and PDB model 9BW7. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [5](#).

9.1 Map-model overlays

9.1.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



9.1.2 Map-model assembly overlay [i](#)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.17 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



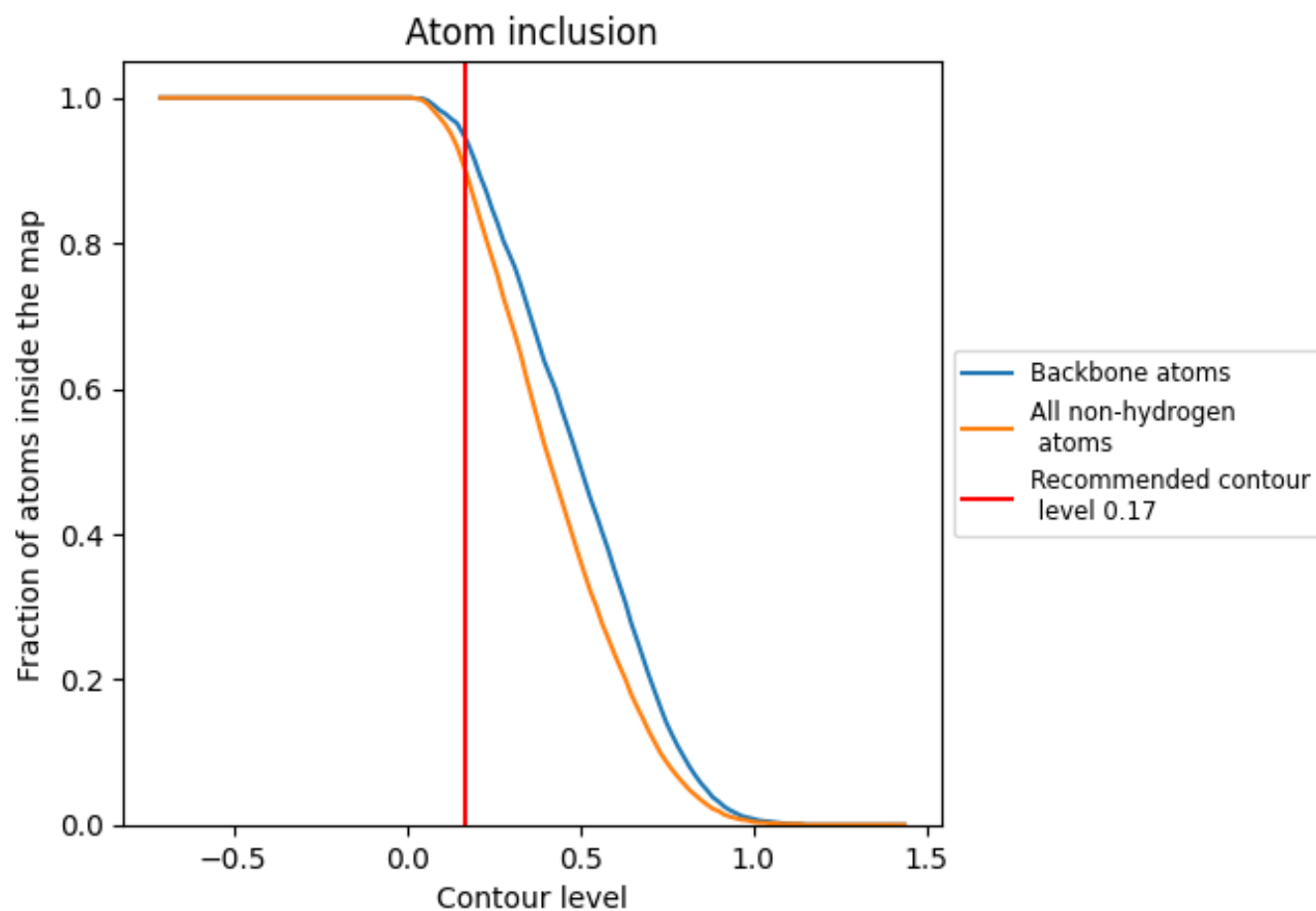
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.17).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 94% of all backbone atoms, 90% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.17) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8990	0.4850
A	0.9590	0.5150
B	0.5530	0.3170
C	0.9590	0.5150
D	0.5560	0.3130

