Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 20, 2025 – 12:27 PM JST

PDB ID	:	9K95 / pdb_00009k95
EMDB ID	:	EMD-62188
Title	:	Cryo-EM structure of human gamma-secretase in complex with compound E
Authors	:	Zhou, R.; Huang, G.; Guo, X.; Wang, J.; Ge, X.; Shi, Y.
Deposited on	:	2024-10-25
Resolution	:	2.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

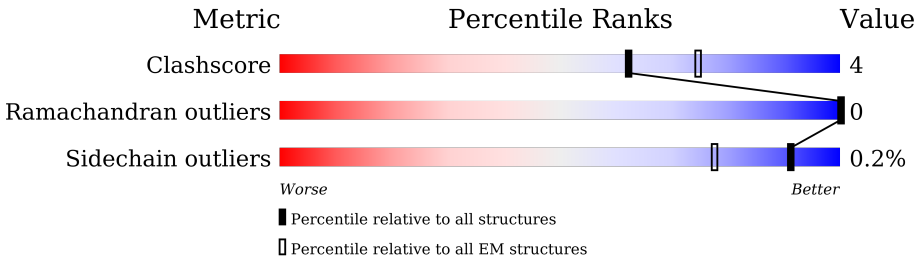
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev129
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
EM percentile statistics	:	202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.46

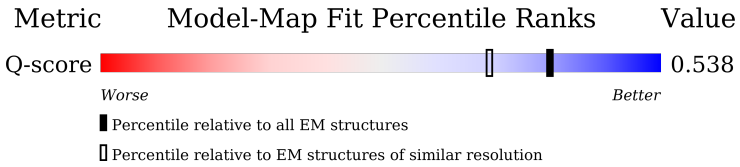
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.





Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	210492	15764	-
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835	-
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415	-
Q-score	-	25397	13054 (2.40 - 3.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	709	83% 10% 6%
2	B	467	57% 8% 35%
3	C	265	5% 84% 7% 8%
4	D	101	85% 10% 5%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	E	2	100%
5	G	2	50% 50%
5	H	2	100%
5	I	2	50% 50%
5	J	2	100%
6	F	5	20% 80%

2 Entry composition

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10823 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Nicastrin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	667	5235	3321	890	1003	21	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Presenilin-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	B	305	2419	1637	368	400	14	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Gamma-secretase subunit APH-1A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	C	243	1872	1254	299	315	4	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Gamma-secretase subunit PEN-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	D	96	814	559	126	128	1	0	0

- Molecule 5 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
5	E	2	28	16	2	10	0	0
5	G	2	28	16	2	10	0	0

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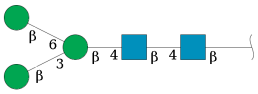
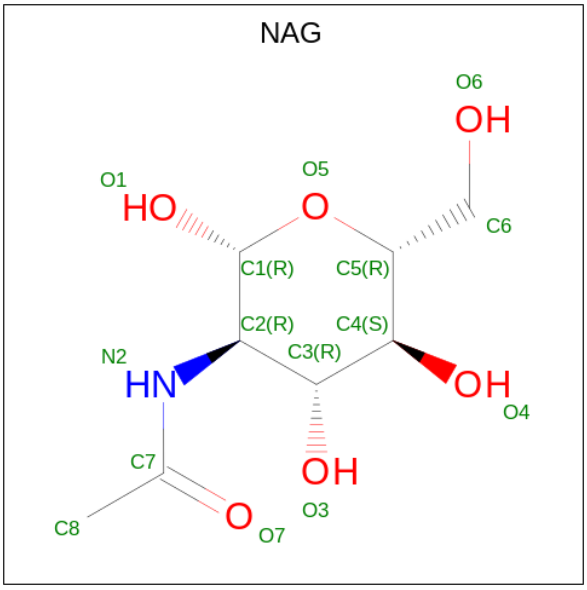
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
5	H	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0
5	I	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0
5	J	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0

- Molecule 6 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
6	F	5	Total C N O 61 34 2 25	0	0

- Molecule 7 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
7	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0

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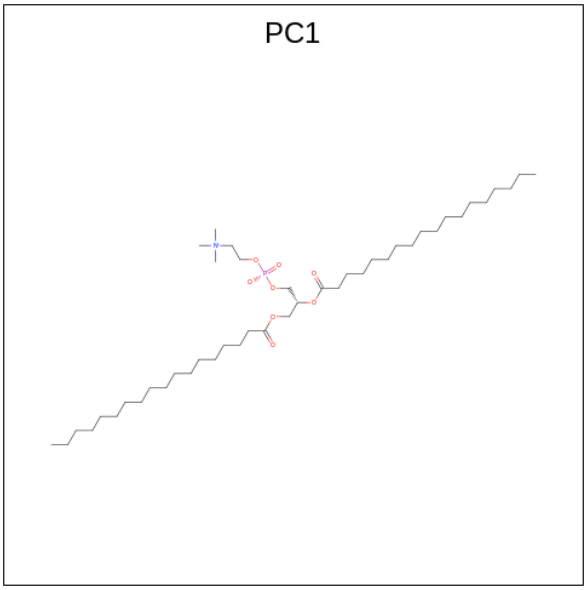
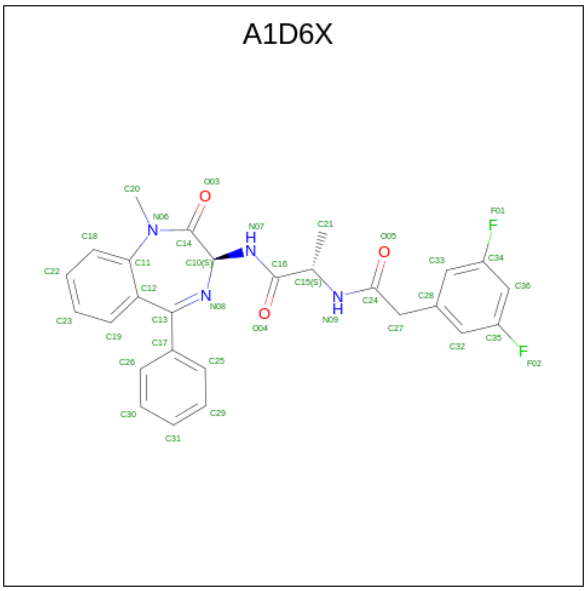
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
7	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
7	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
7	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
7	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0
7	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0

- Molecule 8 is 1,2-DIACYL-SN-GLYCERO-3-PHOSPHOCHOLINE (CCD ID: PC1) (formula: $C_{44}H_{88}NO_8P$).



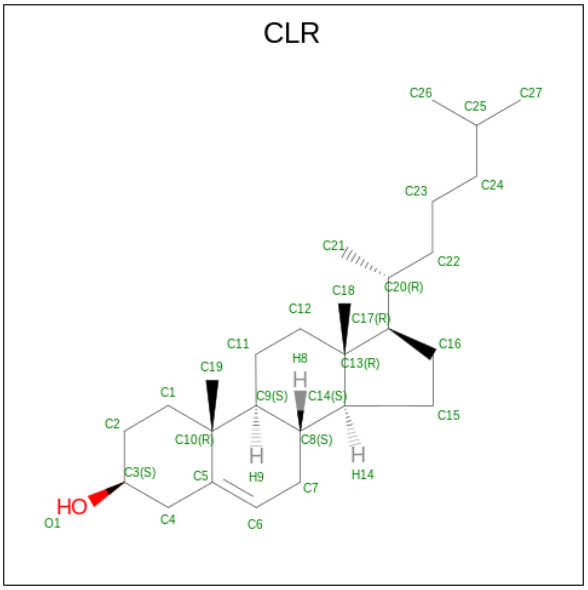
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
8	B	1	Total C N O P 37 27 1 8 1	0
8	C	1	Total C N O P 41 31 1 8 1	0

- Molecule 9 is (2 {S})-2-[2-[3,5-bis(fluoranyl)phenyl]ethanoylamino]- {N}-[(3 {S})-1-methyl-2-oxidanylidene-5-phenyl-3 {H}-1,4-benzodiazepin-3-yl]propanamide (CCD ID: A1D6X) (formula: $C_{27}H_{24}F_2N_4O_3$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
9	B	1	Total	C	F	N	O	0
			36	27	2	4	3	

- Molecule 10 is CHOLESTEROL (CCD ID: CLR) (formula: $C_{27}H_{46}O$).



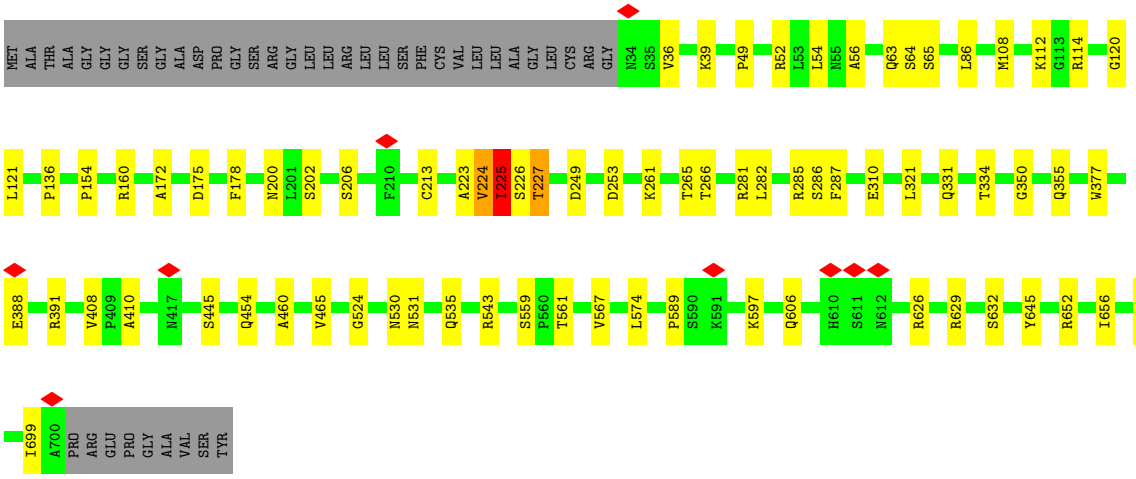
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
10	C	1	Total	C	O	0
			28	27	1	
10	C	1	Total	C	O	0
			28	27	1	
10	C	1	Total	C	O	0
			28	27	1	

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

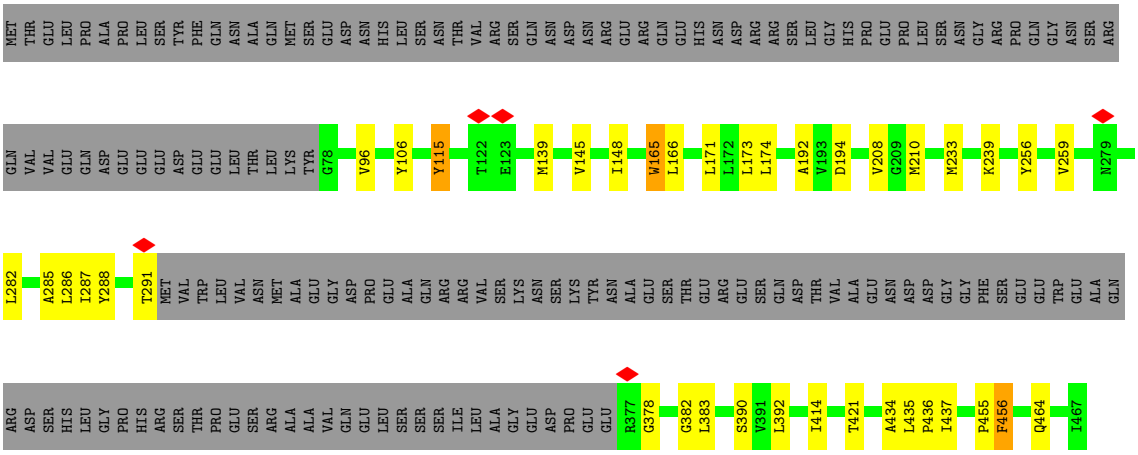
• Molecule 1: Nicastrin

Chain A:



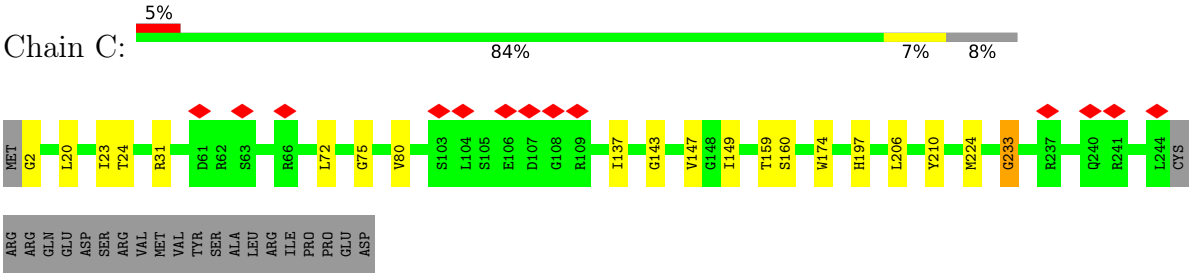
• Molecule 2: Presenilin-1

Chain B:



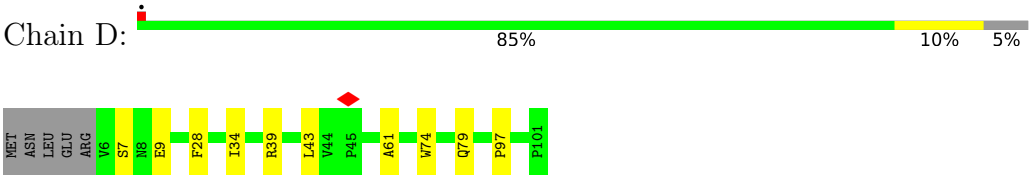
• Molecule 3: Gamma-secretase subunit APH-1A

Chain C:



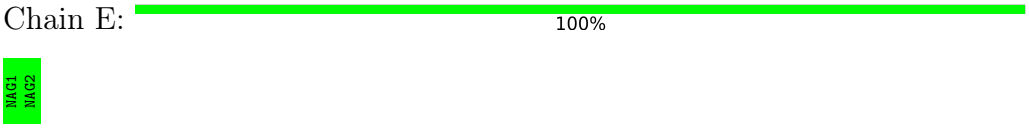
• Molecule 4: Gamma-secretase subunit PEN-2

Chain D:



• Molecule 5: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E:

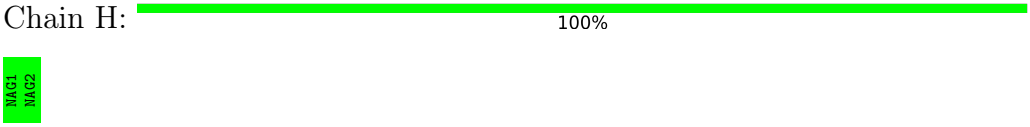


• Molecule 5: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain G:

• Molecule 5: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain H:



• Molecule 5: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain I:

• Molecule 5: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain J:

• Molecule 6: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose -(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain F:

4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	276964	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1800	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	4.876	Depositor
Minimum map value	-2.884	Depositor
Average map value	0.002	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.086	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.55	Depositor
Map size (Å)	351.328, 351.328, 351.328	wwPDB
Map dimensions	320, 320, 320	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.0979, 1.0979, 1.0979	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BMA, CLR, PC1, A1D6X, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|$ >5
1	A	0.45	4/5358 (0.1%)	0.54	4/7302 (0.1%)
2	B	0.50	4/2481 (0.2%)	0.69	9/3385 (0.3%)
3	C	0.30	0/1924	0.70	1/2624 (0.0%)
4	D	0.24	0/847	0.42	0/1157
All	All	0.43	8/10610 (0.1%)	0.60	14/14468 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
3	C	0	1

All (8) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	226	SER	C-O	-19.27	1.01	1.23
1	A	224	VAL	C-O	-10.10	1.10	1.23
2	B	435	LEU	C-O	-8.70	1.16	1.24
1	A	225	ILE	C-O	-8.53	1.14	1.24
2	B	437	ILE	C-O	-7.99	1.12	1.23
2	B	165	TRP	C-O	-7.76	1.14	1.24
1	A	226	SER	CA-CB	-7.12	1.39	1.53
2	B	436	PRO	C-O	-6.35	1.16	1.24

All (14) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	C	233	GLY	N-CA-C	22.98	145.73	115.40

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	B	436	PRO	CA-C-N	-7.89	111.08	122.28
2	B	436	PRO	C-N-CA	-7.89	111.08	122.28
1	A	227	THR	N-CA-C	7.26	121.78	112.34
2	B	115	TYR	N-CA-CB	6.84	121.00	110.46
2	B	437	ILE	N-CA-C	6.61	118.50	112.29
2	B	437	ILE	CA-C-N	6.57	136.17	122.58
2	B	437	ILE	C-N-CA	6.57	136.17	122.58
1	A	225	ILE	CA-C-O	-6.02	113.25	120.78
1	A	224	VAL	CA-C-N	6.01	132.79	121.97
1	A	224	VAL	C-N-CA	6.01	132.79	121.97
2	B	455	PRO	CB-CA-C	-6.00	102.20	112.64
2	B	456	PHE	N-CA-C	-5.90	104.77	111.14
2	B	437	ILE	O-C-N	5.81	127.32	122.09

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
3	C	206	LEU	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5235	0	5126	43	0
2	B	2419	0	2547	33	0
3	C	1872	0	1911	14	0
4	D	814	0	804	8	0
5	E	28	0	25	0	0
5	G	28	0	25	0	0
5	H	28	0	25	0	0
5	I	28	0	25	0	0
5	J	28	0	25	0	0
6	F	61	0	52	0	0
7	A	84	0	78	1	0
8	B	37	0	48	0	0
8	C	41	0	56	1	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
9	B	36	0	0	1	0
10	C	84	0	135	1	0
All	All	10823	0	10882	88	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (88) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:115:TYR:CD1	2:B:139:MET:HE2	1.70	1.27
2:B:115:TYR:CE1	2:B:139:MET:HE2	1.77	1.18
1:A:224:VAL:HG23	1:A:225:ILE:HD12	1.48	0.95
2:B:115:TYR:HD1	2:B:139:MET:HE2	1.33	0.90
2:B:115:TYR:CD1	2:B:139:MET:CE	2.56	0.88
2:B:286:LEU:HD12	2:B:287:ILE:HG13	1.61	0.83
2:B:115:TYR:HD1	2:B:139:MET:CE	1.93	0.80
2:B:115:TYR:HE1	2:B:139:MET:HE2	1.49	0.72
1:A:224:VAL:HG23	1:A:225:ILE:CD1	2.21	0.69
1:A:350:GLY:HA2	1:A:355:GLN:HE22	1.62	0.64
1:A:39:LYS:HB3	3:C:147:VAL:HG13	1.82	0.61
2:B:456:PHE:HZ	3:C:75:GLY:HA3	1.66	0.61
2:B:106:TYR:HA	2:B:239:LYS:HD3	1.84	0.59
2:B:456:PHE:HE1	3:C:72:LEU:HD12	1.67	0.59
1:A:632:SER:OG	1:A:645:TYR:O	2.21	0.59
1:A:86:LEU:HD22	1:A:114:ARG:HD2	1.86	0.58
1:A:261:LYS:NZ	1:A:321:LEU:O	2.38	0.57
1:A:530:ASN:OD1	1:A:535:GLN:NE2	2.36	0.57
1:A:36:VAL:HG21	3:C:137:ILE:HG22	1.85	0.57
1:A:691:ASN:HD22	3:C:23:ILE:HG22	1.71	0.56
1:A:559:SER:HB3	1:A:629:ARG:HH12	1.72	0.55
8:C:304:PC1:H362	8:C:304:PC1:H2A1	1.89	0.54
2:B:392:LEU:HD22	2:B:414:ILE:HD11	1.90	0.54
1:A:52:ARG:NH2	1:A:63:GLN:OE1	2.41	0.53
1:A:543:ARG:HD3	1:A:606:GLN:HE22	1.73	0.53
2:B:288:TYR:C	2:B:288:TYR:CD1	2.86	0.53
1:A:136:PRO:HB2	1:A:172:ALA:HB2	1.93	0.51
1:A:249:ASP:OD2	1:A:652:ARG:NH1	2.41	0.51
1:A:54:LEU:HD11	1:A:223:ALA:HB1	1.93	0.50
1:A:265:THR:OG1	1:A:626:ARG:NH1	2.44	0.50
1:A:699:ILE:HG13	3:C:233:GLY:O	2.11	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:80:VAL:HG13	3:C:197:HIS:CD2	2.45	0.50
1:A:253:ASP:OD1	1:A:561:THR:OG1	2.26	0.50
2:B:192:ALA:HB2	4:D:97:PRO:HD3	1.93	0.50
1:A:524:GLY:HA2	1:A:531:ASN:HD21	1.77	0.50
2:B:282:LEU:HG	2:B:287:ILE:HD12	1.93	0.49
2:B:166:LEU:HD21	2:B:285:ALA:HB3	1.95	0.49
3:C:174:TRP:HE1	3:C:224:MET:HE3	1.75	0.49
2:B:173:LEU:HD21	2:B:233:MET:HE3	1.94	0.49
1:A:120:GLY:H	1:A:178:PHE:HB2	1.77	0.49
1:A:281:ARG:NH2	1:A:334:THR:OG1	2.46	0.49
2:B:96:VAL:HG21	2:B:390:SER:HB3	1.94	0.49
2:B:174:LEU:HD12	2:B:210:MET:HE2	1.94	0.49
1:A:266:THR:HB	7:A:804:NAG:HN2	1.78	0.49
1:A:460:ALA:HB1	1:A:465:VAL:HB	1.95	0.48
2:B:165:TRP:O	2:B:165:TRP:CD1	2.66	0.48
2:B:194:ASP:OD2	4:D:74:TRP:NE1	2.39	0.48
2:B:115:TYR:CE1	2:B:139:MET:CE	2.72	0.48
1:A:112:LYS:NZ	1:A:175:ASP:O	2.40	0.48
2:B:165:TRP:CD1	2:B:165:TRP:C	2.89	0.48
2:B:421:THR:HG21	2:B:434:ALA:HA	1.95	0.48
10:C:303:CLR:H162	10:C:303:CLR:H221	1.62	0.48
1:A:285:ARG:HG2	1:A:454:GLN:HE21	1.79	0.47
2:B:192:ALA:O	4:D:79:GLN:NE2	2.36	0.47
1:A:39:LYS:O	3:C:149:ILE:HG22	2.13	0.47
1:A:202:SER:OG	1:A:206:SER:O	2.31	0.47
1:A:388:GLU:OE1	1:A:391:ARG:NH2	2.47	0.47
3:C:2:GLY:N	3:C:143:GLY:O	2.48	0.46
1:A:310:GLU:HB2	1:A:574:LEU:HD23	1.98	0.46
1:A:282:LEU:HD11	1:A:567:VAL:HG21	1.97	0.46
1:A:154:PRO:O	1:A:160:ARG:NH1	2.49	0.46
3:C:20:LEU:O	3:C:24:THR:OG1	2.32	0.46
1:A:108:MET:HE1	1:A:121:LEU:HD21	1.97	0.45
1:A:408:VAL:HG22	1:A:410:ALA:H	1.80	0.45
1:A:49:PRO:HG3	1:A:656:ILE:HD13	1.98	0.45
2:B:282:LEU:HG	2:B:287:ILE:CD1	2.47	0.44
2:B:165:TRP:O	2:B:165:TRP:HD1	2.00	0.44
2:B:171:LEU:HD23	2:B:210:MET:HE3	1.99	0.44
4:D:34:ILE:HD11	4:D:61:ALA:HA	1.99	0.44
2:B:145:VAL:HA	2:B:148:ILE:HG22	1.99	0.44
1:A:253:ASP:HB3	1:A:331:GLN:HG2	2.00	0.44
4:D:39:ARG:HG3	4:D:43:LEU:HD22	2.00	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:382:GLY:N	9:B:502:A1D6X:O05	2.51	0.43
3:C:159:THR:HG21	3:C:210:TYR:CD1	2.53	0.43
1:A:589:PRO:HD2	1:A:597:LYS:HD2	2.01	0.43
2:B:291:THR:HG22	2:B:378:GLY:HA3	2.01	0.43
4:D:39:ARG:HA	4:D:43:LEU:HD13	2.01	0.43
1:A:56:ALA:HA	1:A:227:THR:HG22	2.01	0.42
1:A:286:SER:OG	1:A:287:PHE:N	2.53	0.42
4:D:7:SER:OG	4:D:9:GLU:OE1	2.38	0.42
2:B:256:TYR:HA	2:B:259:VAL:HG12	2.01	0.42
1:A:377:TRP:CE2	1:A:445:SER:HB3	2.55	0.42
2:B:208:VAL:HG21	4:D:28:PHE:HD2	1.85	0.42
3:C:24:THR:O	3:C:31:ARG:NH1	2.50	0.42
1:A:200:ASN:HD21	1:A:213:CYS:HB3	1.86	0.41
1:A:589:PRO:HG2	1:A:597:LYS:HB2	2.02	0.41
1:A:64:SER:OG	1:A:65:SER:N	2.53	0.41
2:B:464:GLN:NE2	3:C:160:SER:OG	2.54	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	665/709 (94%)	625 (94%)	40 (6%)	0	100	100
2	B	301/467 (64%)	292 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100
3	C	241/265 (91%)	233 (97%)	8 (3%)	0	100	100
4	D	94/101 (93%)	90 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	1301/1542 (84%)	1240 (95%)	61 (5%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	584/612 (95%)	583 (100%)	1 (0%)	92 98
2	B	264/408 (65%)	263 (100%)	1 (0%)	89 97
3	C	193/214 (90%)	193 (100%)	0	100 100
4	D	84/89 (94%)	84 (100%)	0	100 100
All	All	1125/1323 (85%)	1123 (100%)	2 (0%)	91 98

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	225	ILE
2	B	383	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (21) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	59	GLN
1	A	74	HIS
1	A	102	HIS
1	A	158	HIS
1	A	163	GLN
1	A	194	GLN
1	A	197	GLN
1	A	355	GLN
1	A	449	HIS
1	A	454	GLN
1	A	516	GLN
1	A	531	ASN
1	A	553	HIS
1	A	606	GLN
1	A	691	ASN
2	B	81	HIS
2	B	214	HIS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	276	GLN
2	B	405	ASN
2	B	454	GLN
2	B	464	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

15 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
5	NAG	E	1	5,1	14,14,15	0.26	0	17,19,21	0.41	0
5	NAG	E	2	5	14,14,15	0.23	0	17,19,21	0.58	0
6	NAG	F	1	1,6	14,14,15	0.25	0	17,19,21	0.55	0
6	NAG	F	2	6	14,14,15	0.20	0	17,19,21	0.65	1 (5%)
6	BMA	F	3	6	11,11,12	0.66	0	15,15,17	0.89	1 (6%)
6	BMA	F	4	6	11,11,12	0.66	0	15,15,17	0.93	1 (6%)
6	BMA	F	5	6	11,11,12	1.60	3 (27%)	15,15,17	1.90	4 (26%)
5	NAG	G	1	5,1	14,14,15	0.33	0	17,19,21	1.05	1 (5%)
5	NAG	G	2	5	14,14,15	0.38	0	17,19,21	0.50	0
5	NAG	H	1	5,1	14,14,15	0.23	0	17,19,21	0.47	0
5	NAG	H	2	5	14,14,15	0.20	0	17,19,21	0.56	0
5	NAG	I	1	5,1	14,14,15	0.22	0	17,19,21	0.50	0
5	NAG	I	2	5	14,14,15	0.73	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.24	3 (17%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>2$
5	NAG	J	1	5,1	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	0.54	0
5	NAG	J	2	5	14,14,15	0.25	0	17,19,21	0.49	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	E	1	5,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	E	2	5	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	F	1	1,6	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	F	2	6	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	BMA	F	3	6	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	BMA	F	4	6	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	BMA	F	5	6	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	G	1	5,1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	G	2	5	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	H	1	5,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	H	2	5	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	I	1	5,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	I	2	5	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	J	1	5,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	J	2	5	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	F	5	BMA	C2-C3	3.13	1.57	1.52
6	F	5	BMA	C1-C2	2.97	1.59	1.52
6	F	5	BMA	O5-C1	2.08	1.47	1.43
5	I	2	NAG	C1-C2	2.08	1.55	1.52

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
5	I	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	7.80	134.02	122.90
6	F	5	BMA	C1-O5-C5	5.02	118.99	112.19
5	I	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2	3.70	116.80	110.49
5	G	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.13	127.35	122.90

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
6	F	5	BMA	C1-C2-C3	3.01	113.36	109.67
6	F	5	BMA	O5-C1-C2	2.75	115.01	110.77
6	F	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.23	115.21	112.19
6	F	5	BMA	C2-C3-C4	2.20	114.70	110.89
5	I	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.14	119.73	116.10
6	F	4	BMA	C1-O5-C5	2.08	115.01	112.19
6	F	3	BMA	O2-C2-C3	-2.02	106.09	110.14

There are no chirality outliers.

All (28) torsion outliers are listed below:

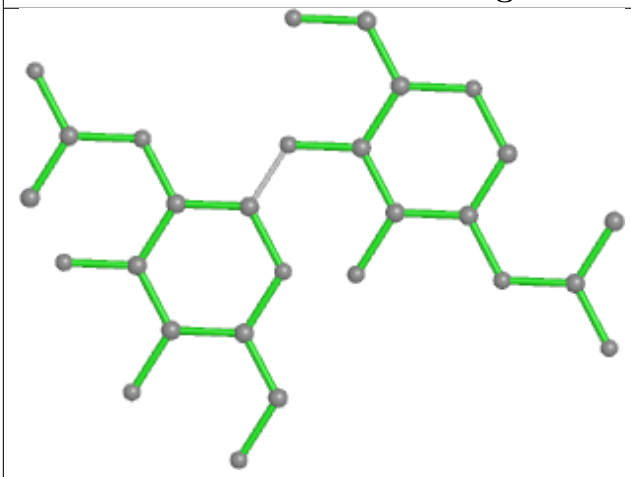
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	I	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	F	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	J	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	I	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	F	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	J	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	E	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
5	E	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
5	G	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
5	G	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
5	H	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
5	H	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
5	I	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
5	I	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
6	F	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
6	F	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
5	G	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	G	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	F	4	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	F	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	J	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	F	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	H	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	F	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	J	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	H	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	G	1	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
5	I	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

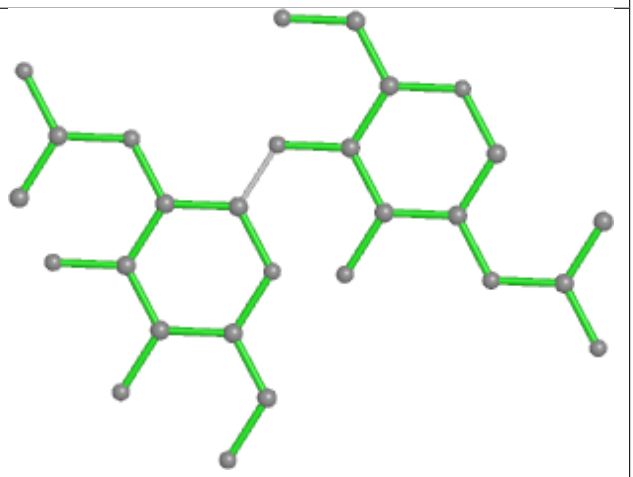
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

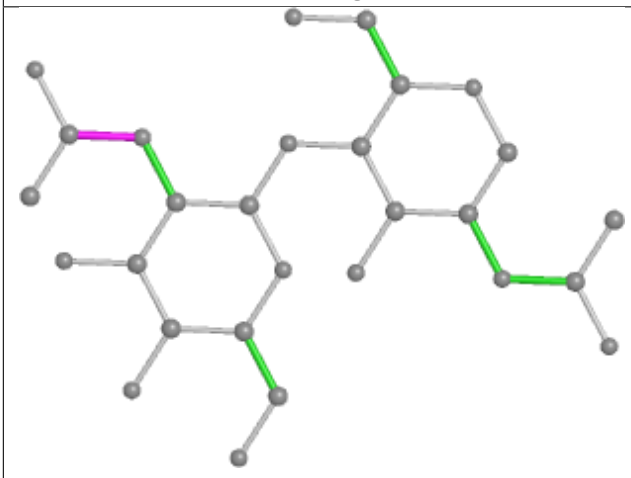
Oligosaccharide Chain E



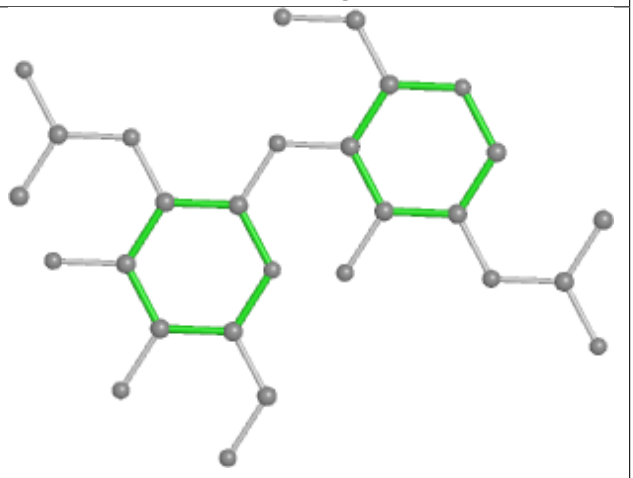
Bond lengths



Bond angles

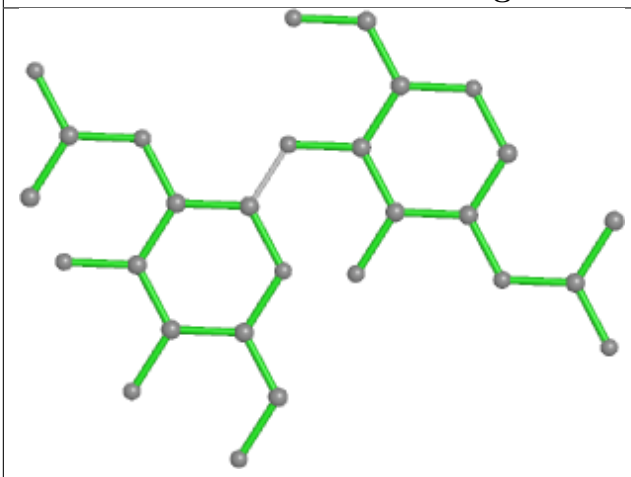


Torsions

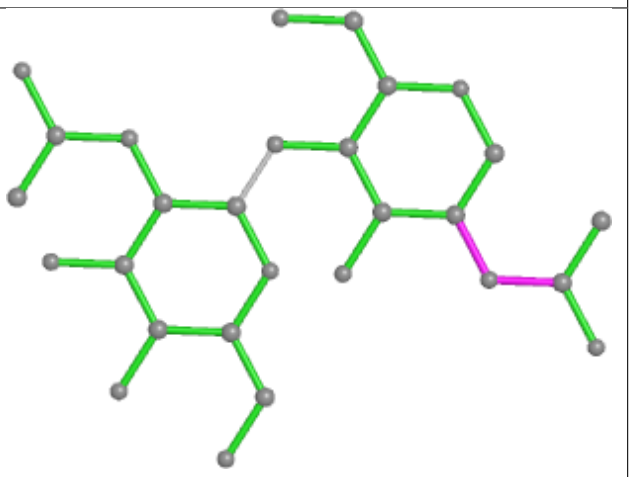


Rings

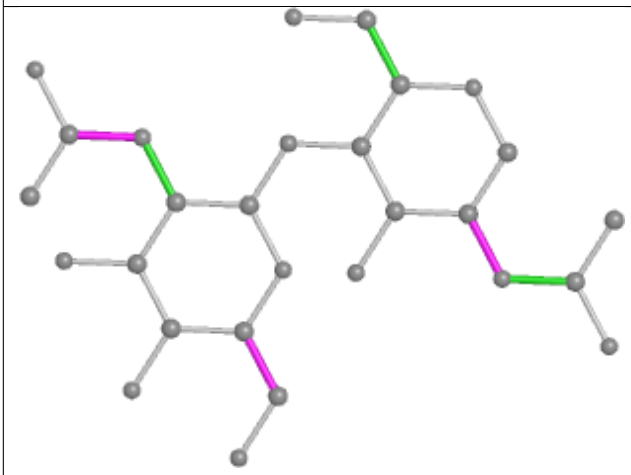
Oligosaccharide Chain G



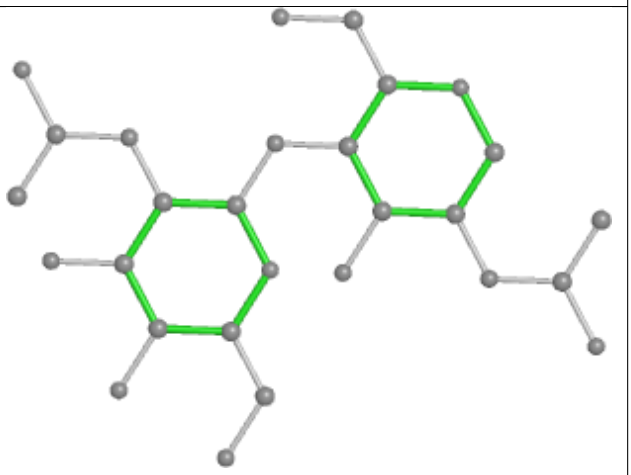
Bond lengths



Bond angles

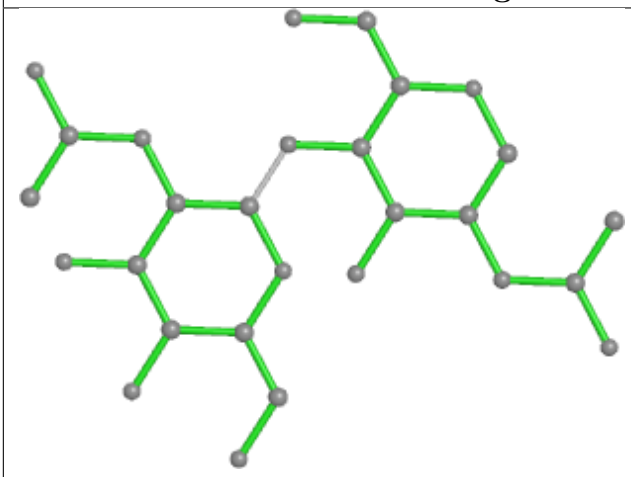


Torsions

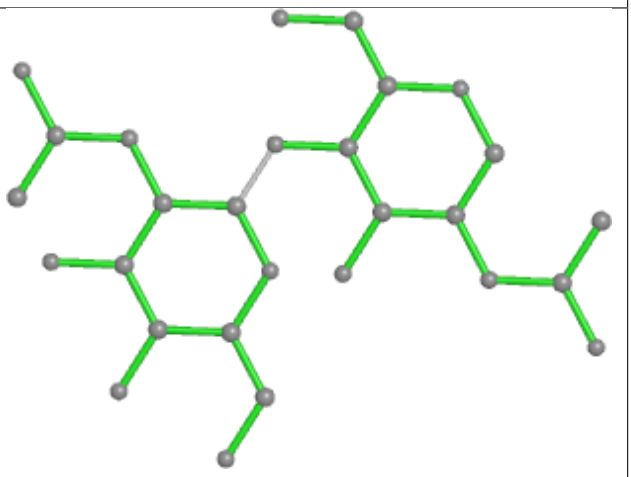


Rings

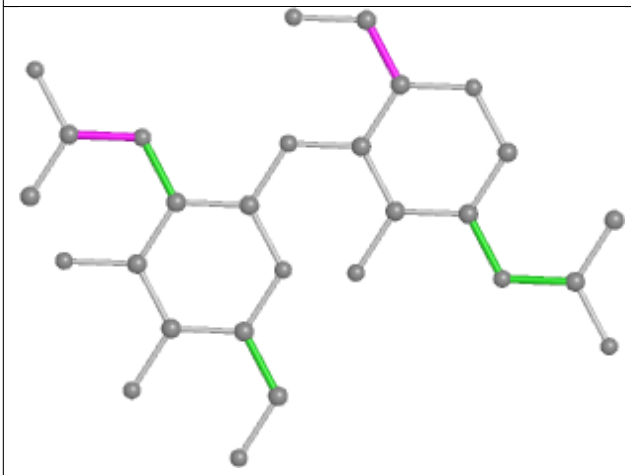
Oligosaccharide Chain H



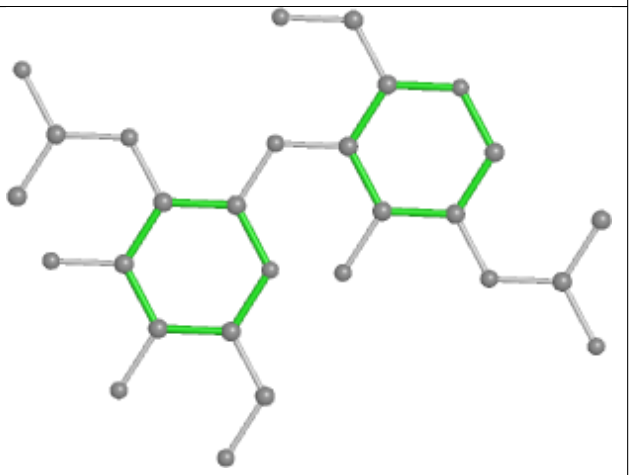
Bond lengths



Bond angles

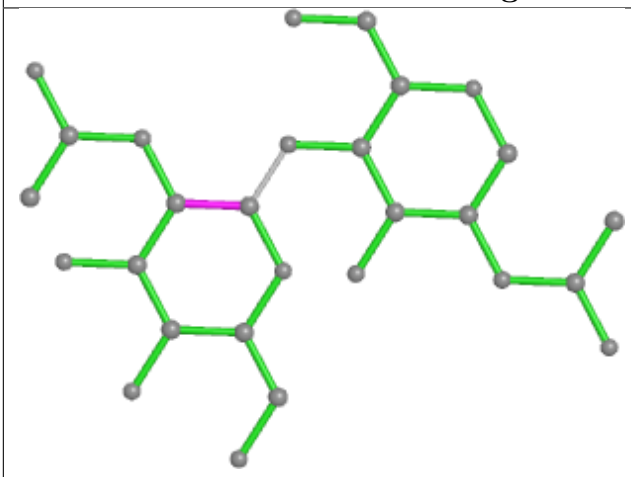


Torsions

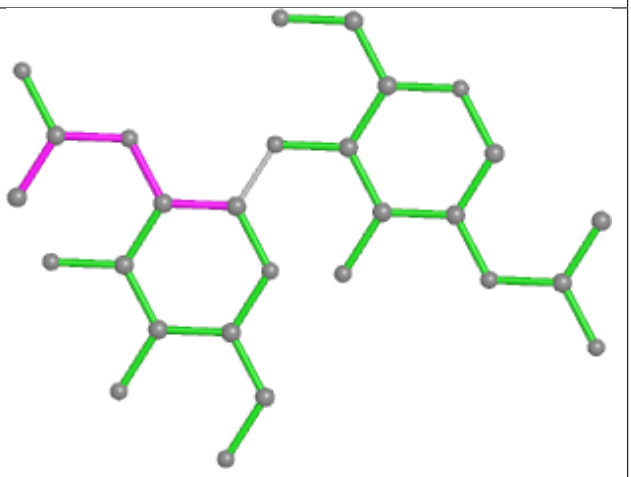


Rings

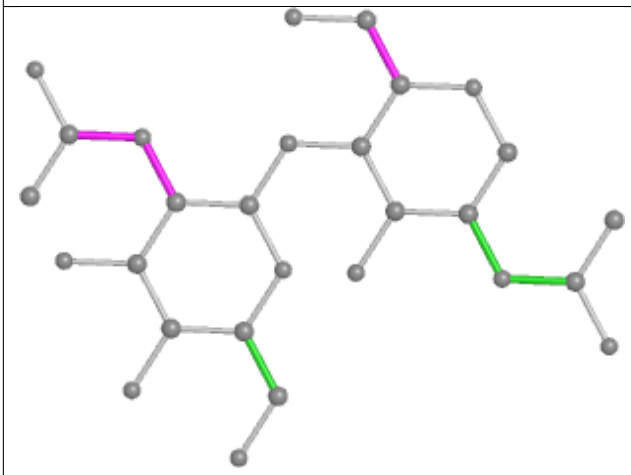
Oligosaccharide Chain I



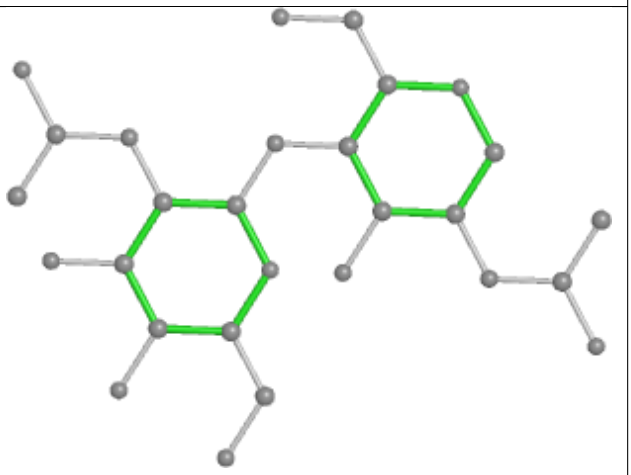
Bond lengths



Bond angles

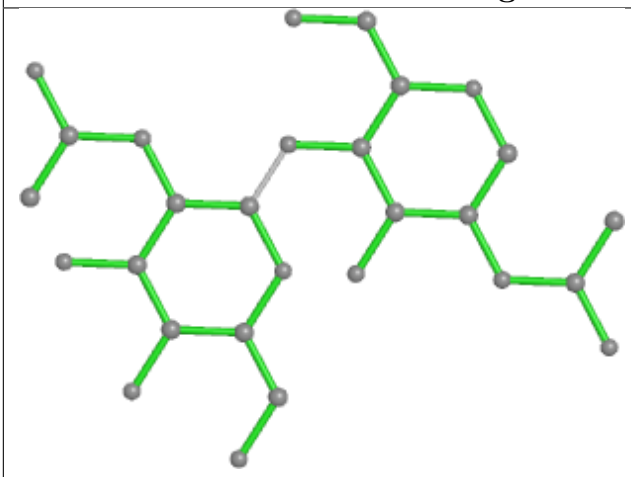


Torsions

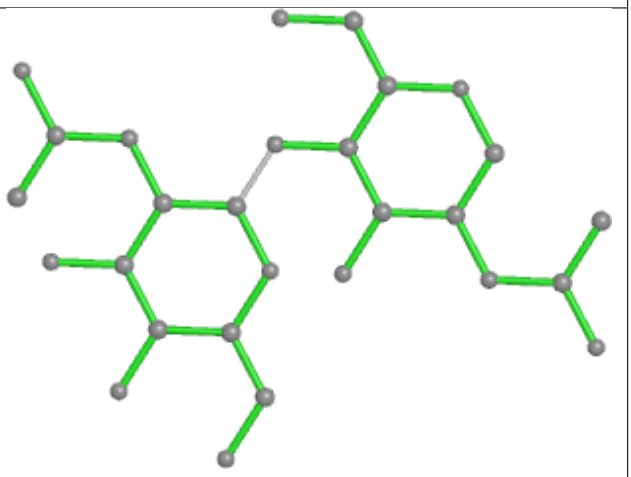


Rings

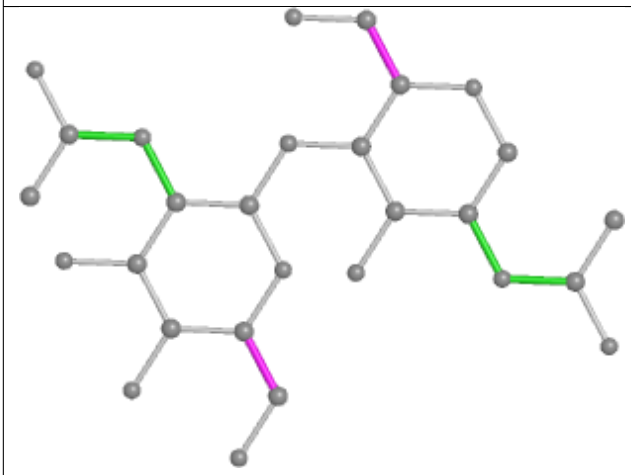
Oligosaccharide Chain J



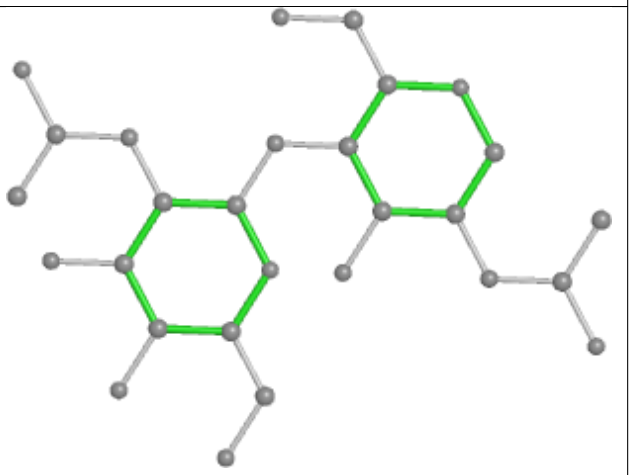
Bond lengths



Bond angles

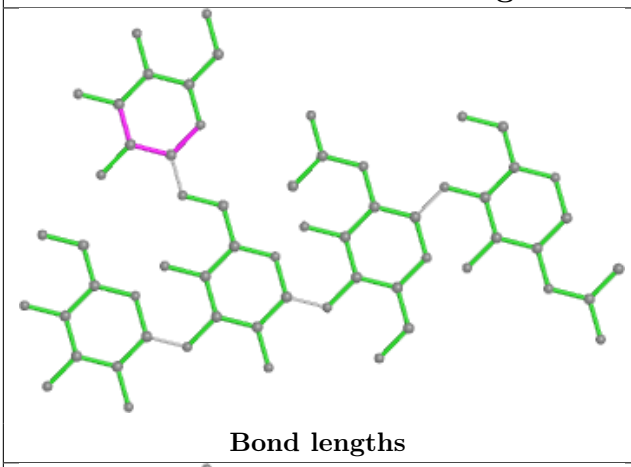


Torsions

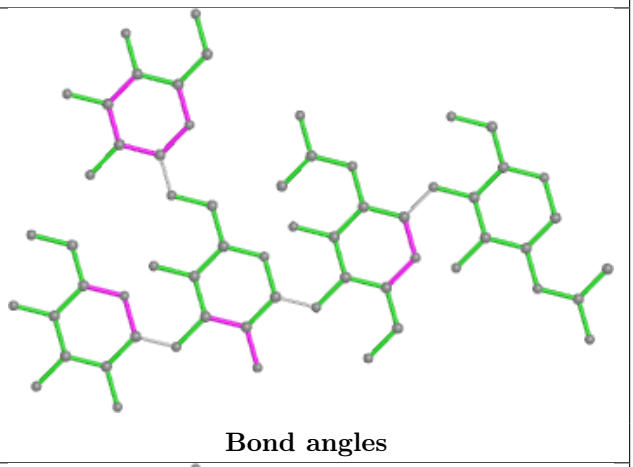


Rings

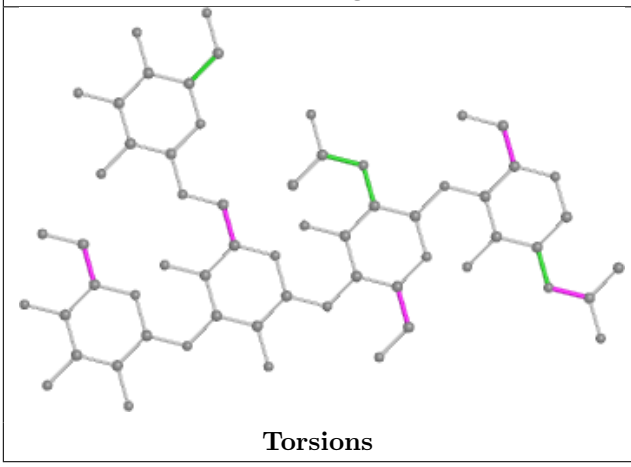
Oligosaccharide Chain F



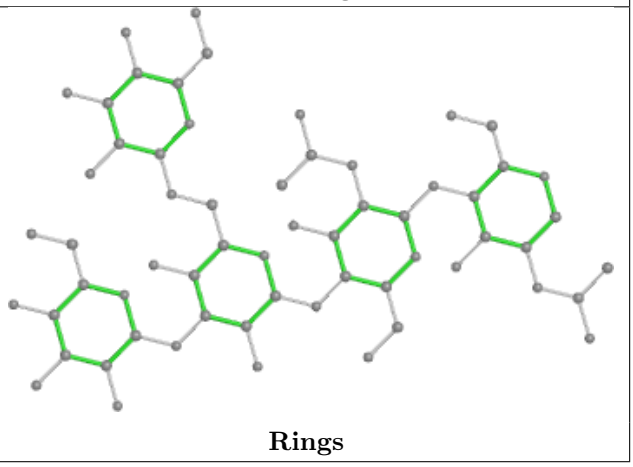
Bond lengths



Bond angles



Torsions



Rings

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

12 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
7	NAG	A	802	1	14,14,15	0.52	0	17,19,21	1.00	1 (5%)
7	NAG	A	805	1	14,14,15	0.25	0	17,19,21	0.47	0
7	NAG	A	803	1	14,14,15	0.44	0	17,19,21	0.46	0
9	A1D6X	B	502	-	38,39,39	6.14	26 (68%)	51,55,55	1.63	9 (17%)
7	NAG	A	804	1	14,14,15	0.92	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.27	3 (17%)
8	PC1	B	501	-	36,36,53	0.33	0	42,44,61	0.47	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\|>2$
10	CLR	C	302	-	31,31,31	0.29	0	48,48,48	0.59	0
7	NAG	A	806	1	14,14,15	0.23	0	17,19,21	0.60	1 (5%)
10	CLR	C	301	-	31,31,31	0.34	0	48,48,48	0.52	0
8	PC1	C	304	-	40,40,53	0.31	0	46,48,61	0.41	0
7	NAG	A	801	1	14,14,15	0.35	0	17,19,21	0.58	1 (5%)
10	CLR	C	303	-	31,31,31	0.29	0	48,48,48	0.54	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	NAG	A	802	1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	A	805	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	A	803	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	A1D6X	B	502	-	-	3/19/40/40	0/4/4/4
7	NAG	A	804	1	-	5/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	PC1	B	501	-	-	5/40/40/57	-
10	CLR	C	302	-	-	5/10/68/68	0/4/4/4
7	NAG	A	806	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
10	CLR	C	301	-	-	1/10/68/68	0/4/4/4
8	PC1	C	304	-	-	8/44/44/57	-
7	NAG	A	801	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
10	CLR	C	303	-	-	6/10/68/68	0/4/4/4

All (27) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
9	B	502	A1D6X	C13-N08	13.05	1.45	1.28
9	B	502	A1D6X	C19-C12	9.63	1.55	1.39
9	B	502	A1D6X	C18-C11	9.56	1.55	1.39
9	B	502	A1D6X	C32-C35	9.35	1.53	1.37
9	B	502	A1D6X	C33-C34	9.19	1.53	1.37
9	B	502	A1D6X	C36-C35	9.18	1.53	1.37
9	B	502	A1D6X	C36-C34	9.08	1.52	1.37
9	B	502	A1D6X	C32-C28	8.27	1.53	1.39
9	B	502	A1D6X	C33-C28	8.19	1.53	1.39
9	B	502	A1D6X	C26-C17	8.13	1.53	1.39
9	B	502	A1D6X	C25-C17	8.06	1.53	1.39

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
9	B	502	A1D6X	C23-C19	7.34	1.54	1.38
9	B	502	A1D6X	C22-C18	7.25	1.54	1.38
9	B	502	A1D6X	C30-C26	6.78	1.53	1.38
9	B	502	A1D6X	C29-C25	6.76	1.53	1.38
9	B	502	A1D6X	C12-C11	6.48	1.51	1.41
9	B	502	A1D6X	C23-C22	6.45	1.55	1.38
9	B	502	A1D6X	C31-C29	5.71	1.53	1.38
9	B	502	A1D6X	C31-C30	5.69	1.53	1.38
9	B	502	A1D6X	C24-N09	5.38	1.45	1.34
9	B	502	A1D6X	C14-N06	5.30	1.45	1.37
9	B	502	A1D6X	C16-N07	5.22	1.45	1.34
9	B	502	A1D6X	C12-C13	3.62	1.54	1.49
7	A	804	NAG	C1-C2	2.95	1.56	1.52
9	B	502	A1D6X	C17-C13	2.57	1.53	1.49
9	B	502	A1D6X	O04-C16	-2.25	1.18	1.23
9	B	502	A1D6X	O05-C24	-2.13	1.18	1.23

All (15) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
7	A	804	NAG	C2-N2-C7	7.90	134.15	122.90
9	B	502	A1D6X	C11-N06-C14	4.68	129.10	123.27
9	B	502	A1D6X	C12-C13-N08	-3.84	119.49	124.39
7	A	804	NAG	C1-C2-N2	3.67	116.77	110.49
9	B	502	A1D6X	C10-C14-N06	3.10	119.98	114.87
9	B	502	A1D6X	C14-C10-N08	3.10	112.58	107.09
7	A	802	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.09	127.30	122.90
9	B	502	A1D6X	C36-C35-C32	-2.77	120.01	123.52
9	B	502	A1D6X	C36-C34-C33	-2.69	120.12	123.52
9	B	502	A1D6X	C27-C24-N09	2.55	119.99	115.88
9	B	502	A1D6X	C35-C36-C34	2.55	120.10	116.13
9	B	502	A1D6X	C17-C13-N08	2.47	120.08	117.27
7	A	804	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.17	119.77	116.10
7	A	806	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.10	115.04	112.19
7	A	801	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.01	114.92	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (38) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	B	501	PC1	O32-C31-O31-C3
8	B	501	PC1	C32-C31-O31-C3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	C	304	PC1	C11-O13-P-O14
8	C	304	PC1	O22-C21-O21-C2
10	C	303	CLR	C16-C17-C20-C22
10	C	303	CLR	C13-C17-C20-C21
7	A	802	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
7	A	804	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
8	C	304	PC1	C22-C21-O21-C2
10	C	303	CLR	C16-C17-C20-C21
10	C	303	CLR	C13-C17-C20-C22
7	A	802	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
7	A	804	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
10	C	303	CLR	C17-C20-C22-C23
7	A	804	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
7	A	804	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
10	C	303	CLR	C21-C20-C22-C23
10	C	302	CLR	C20-C22-C23-C24
7	A	803	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
10	C	301	CLR	C17-C20-C22-C23
8	C	304	PC1	C11-O13-P-O11
10	C	302	CLR	C16-C17-C20-C22
7	A	803	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
8	B	501	PC1	C12-C11-O13-P
8	C	304	PC1	C12-C11-O13-P
8	C	304	PC1	C21-C22-C23-C24
8	C	304	PC1	O13-C11-C12-N
10	C	302	CLR	C13-C17-C20-C22
10	C	302	CLR	C16-C17-C20-C21
9	B	502	A1D6X	C12-C13-C17-C26
10	C	302	CLR	C13-C17-C20-C21
9	B	502	A1D6X	C12-C13-C17-C25
8	C	304	PC1	C1-C2-O21-C21
8	B	501	PC1	O21-C21-C22-C23
7	A	802	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
7	A	804	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
9	B	502	A1D6X	C16-C15-N09-C24
8	B	501	PC1	O22-C21-C22-C23

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
9	B	502	A1D6X	1	0

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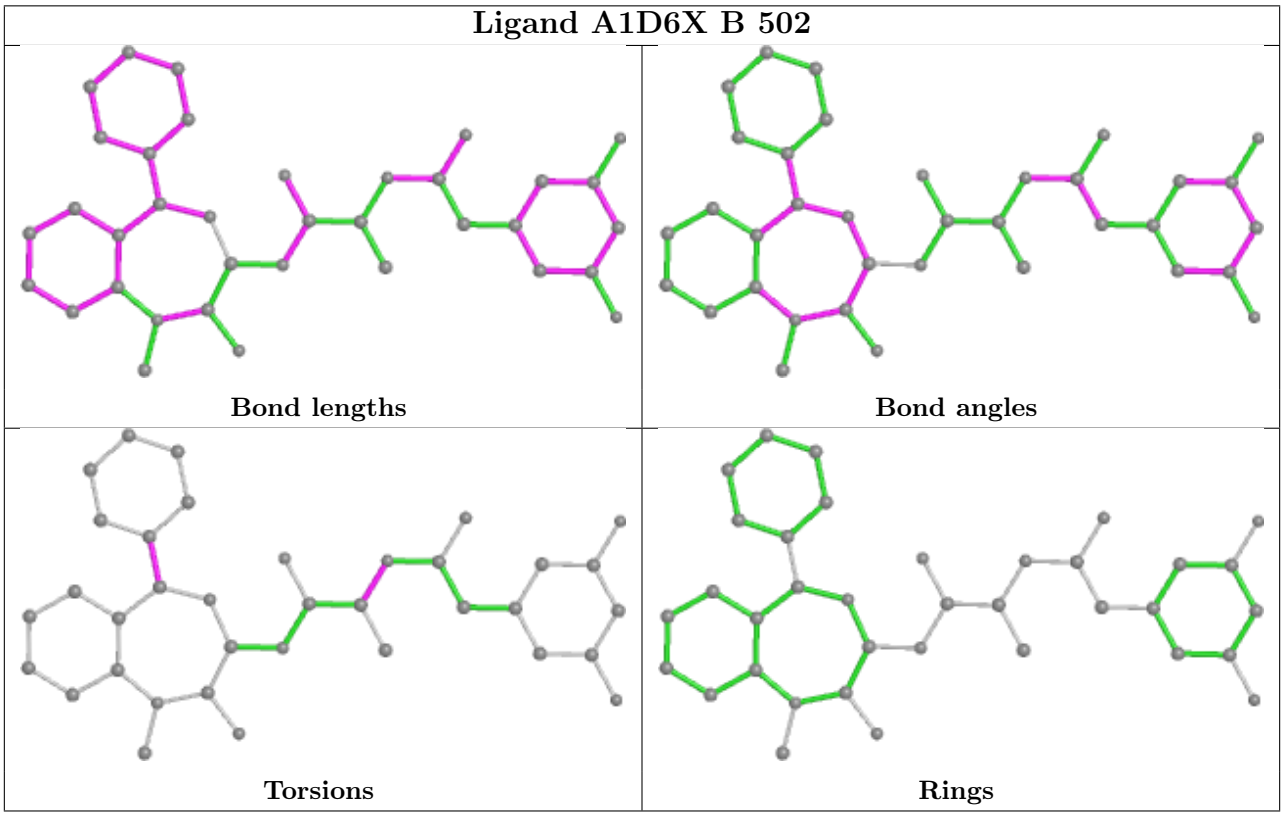
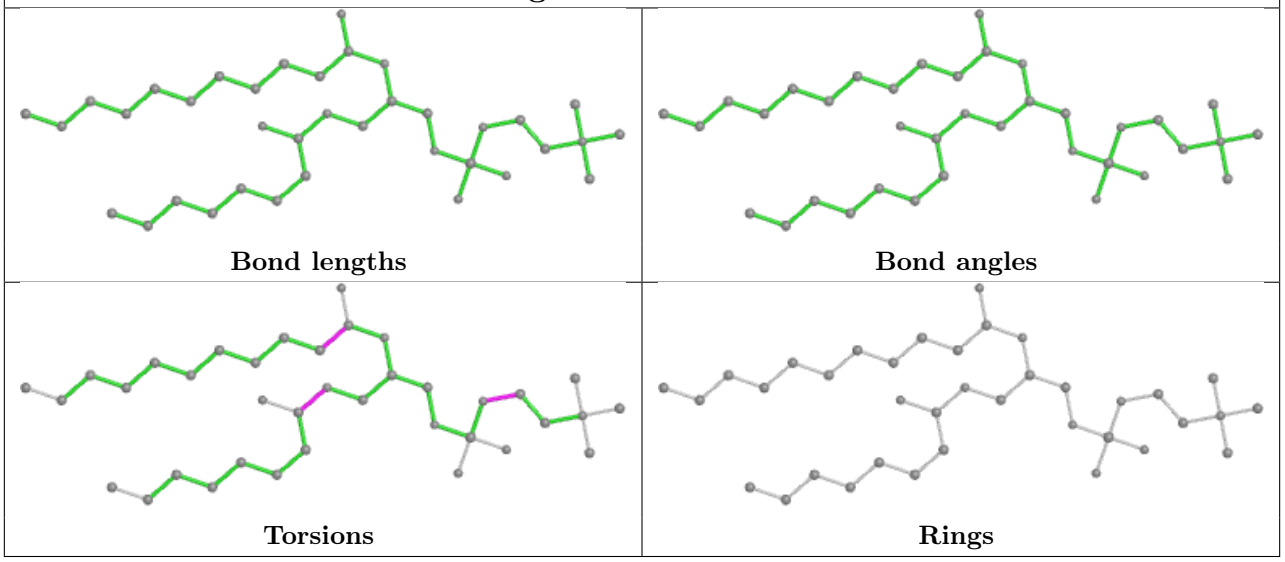
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	A	804	NAG	1	0
8	C	304	PC1	1	0
10	C	303	CLR	1	0

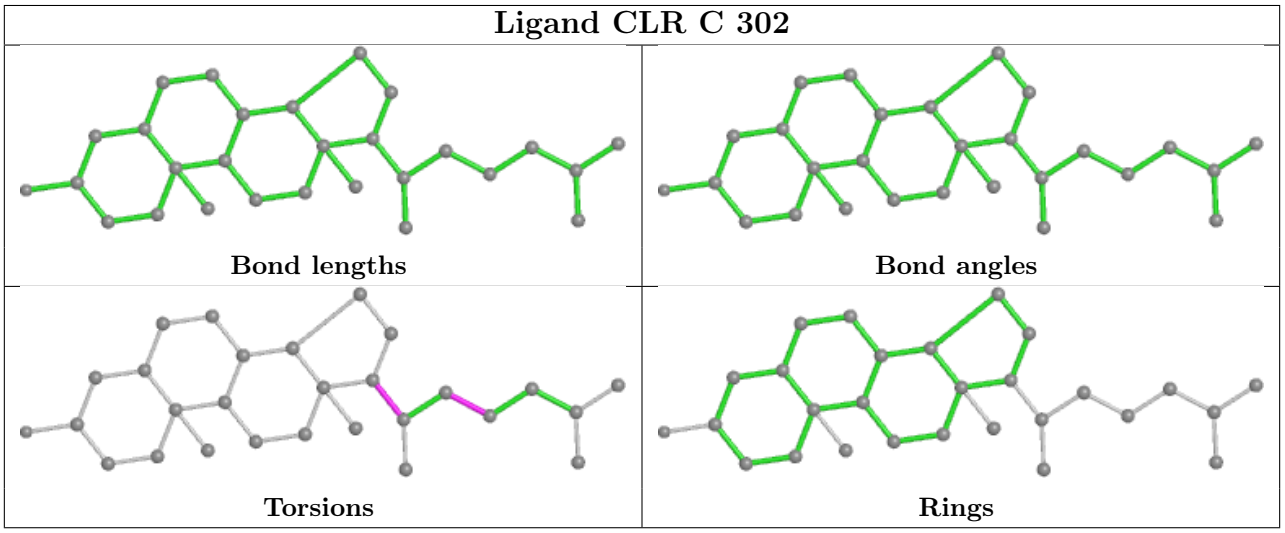
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



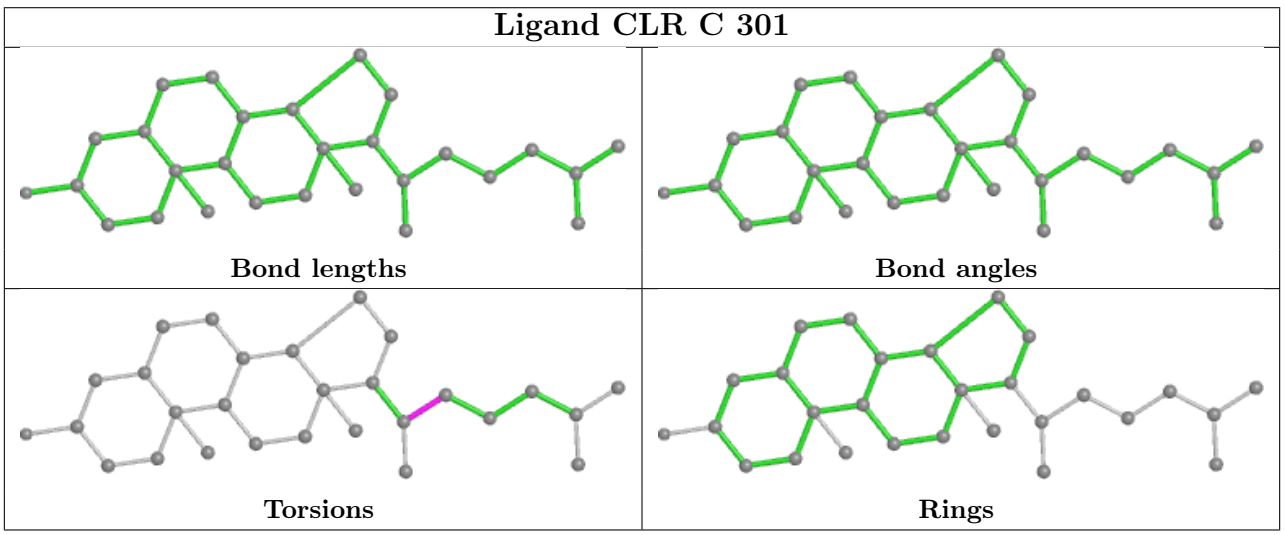
Ligand PC1 B 501



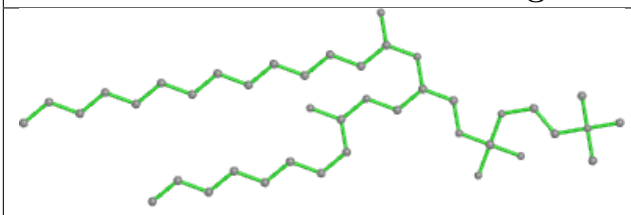
Ligand CLR C 302



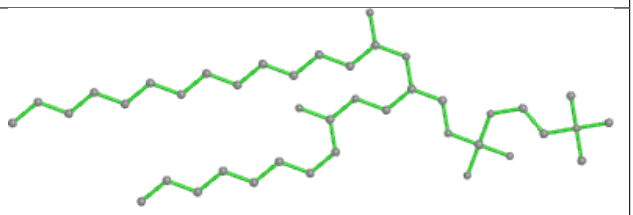
Ligand CLR C 301



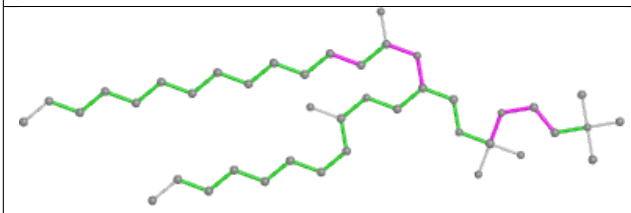
Ligand PC1 C 304



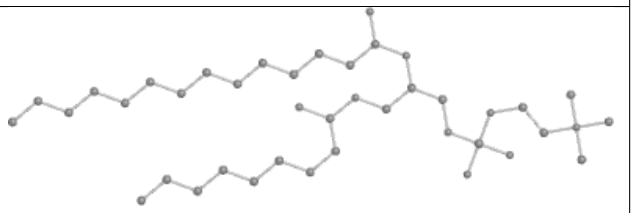
Bond lengths



Bond angles

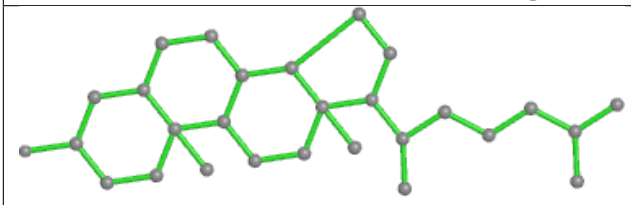


Torsions

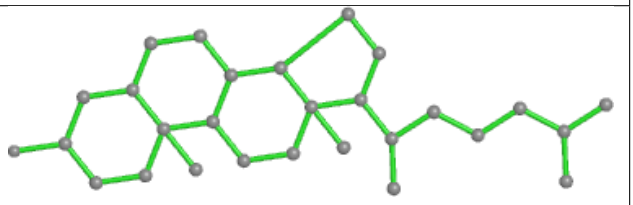


Rings

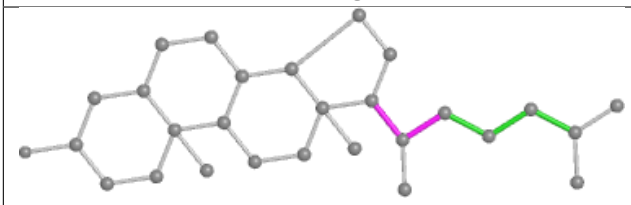
Ligand CLR C 303



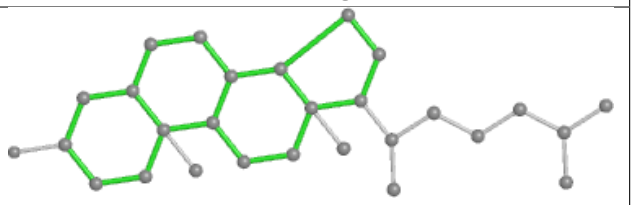
Bond lengths



Bond angles



Torsions



Rings

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

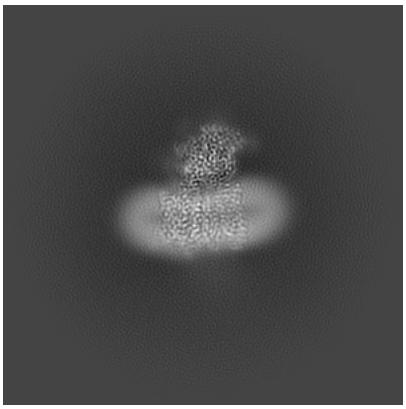
6 Map visualisation

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-62188. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

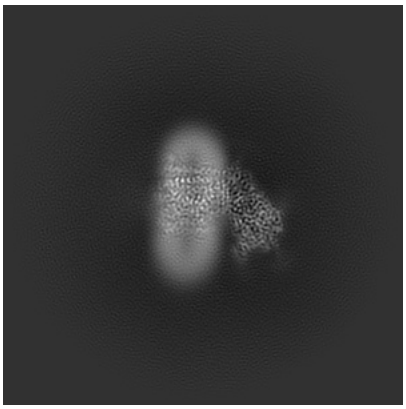
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections

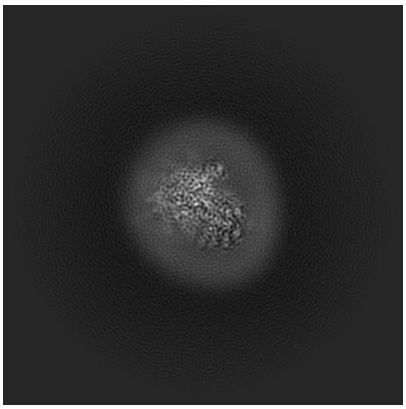
6.1.1 Primary map



X

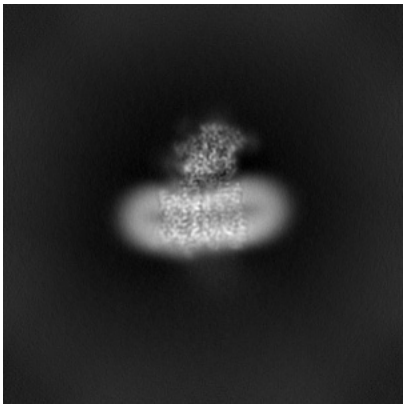


Y

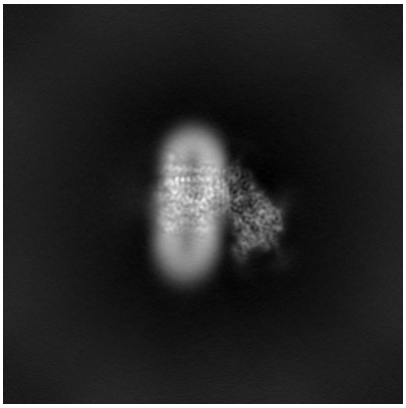


Z

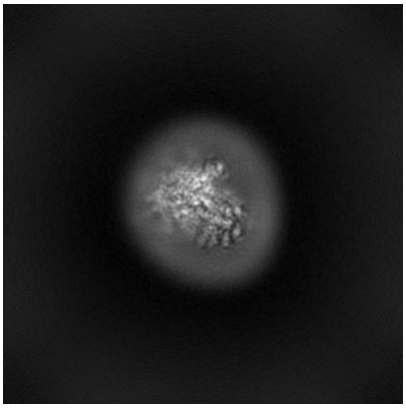
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

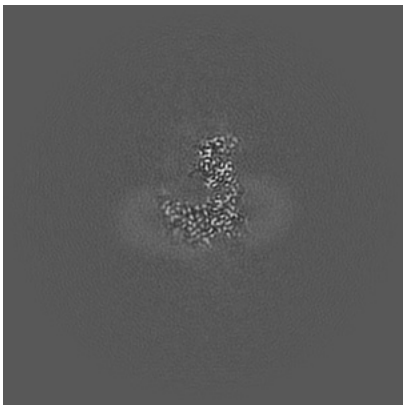


Z

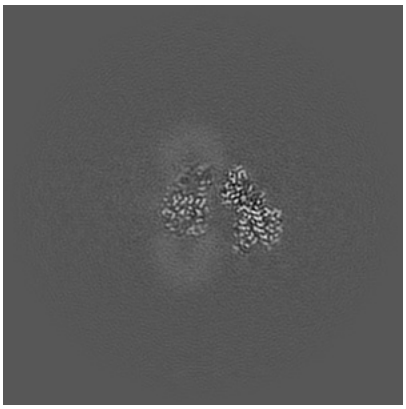
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 160



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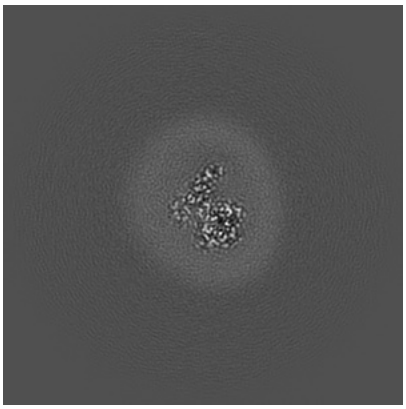
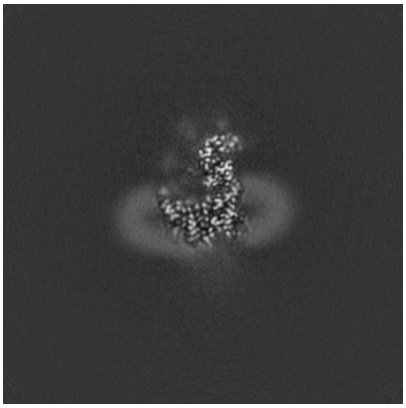
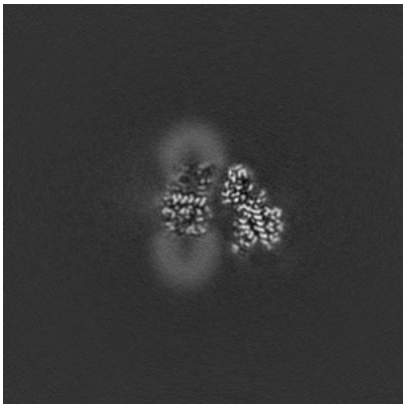


Z Index: 160

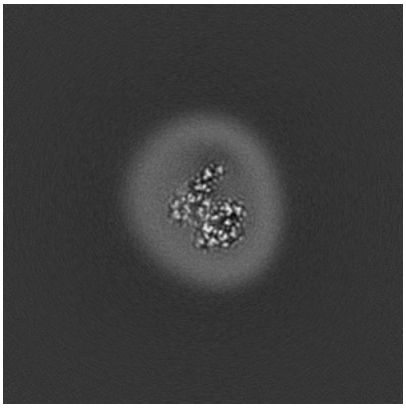
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 160



Y Index: 160

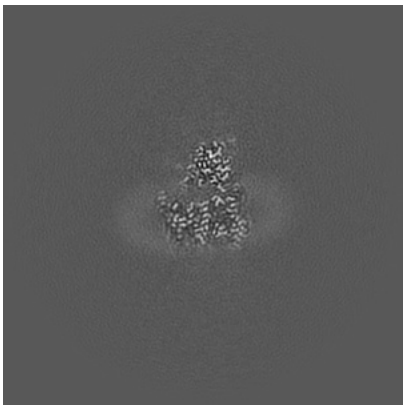


Z Index: 160

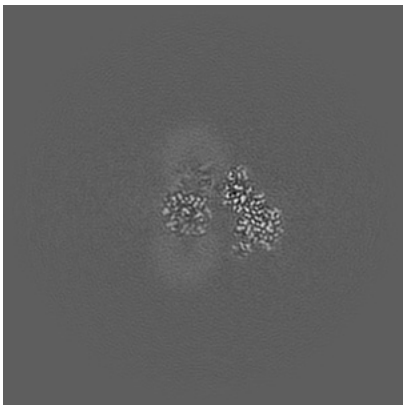
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

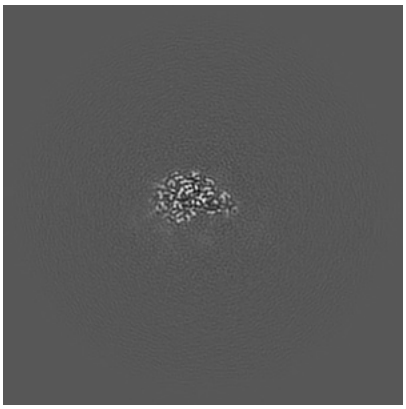
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 164

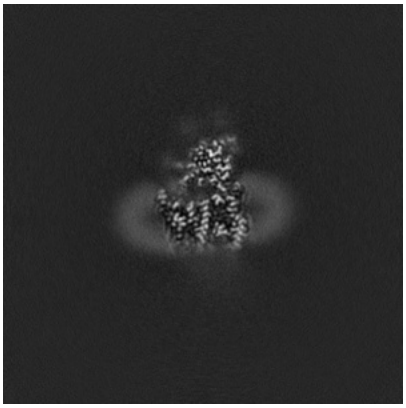


Y Index: 161

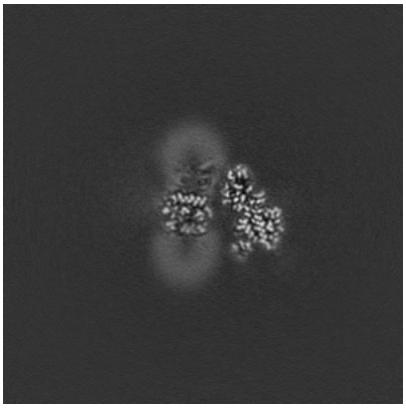


Z Index: 195

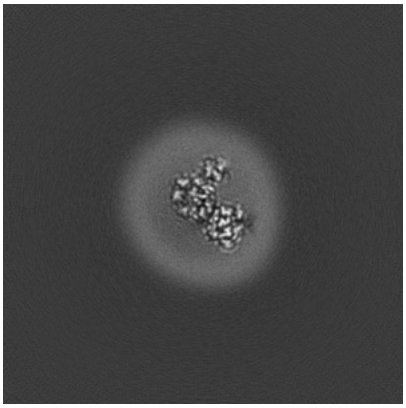
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 164



Y Index: 161

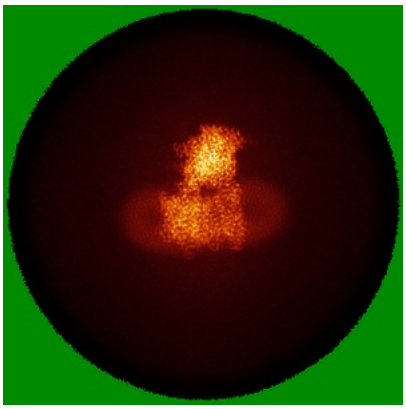


Z Index: 139

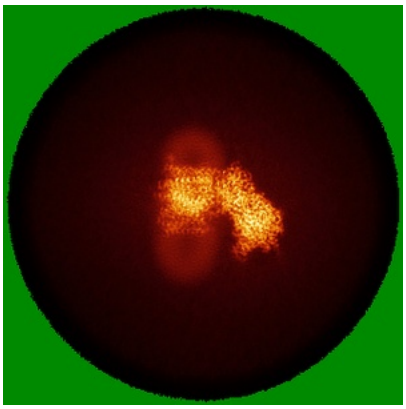
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

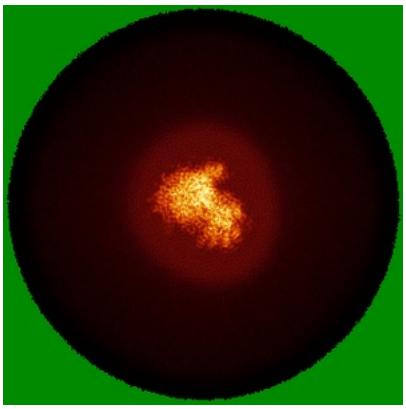
6.4.1 Primary map



X

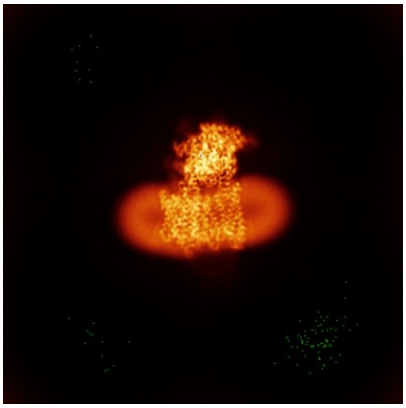


Y

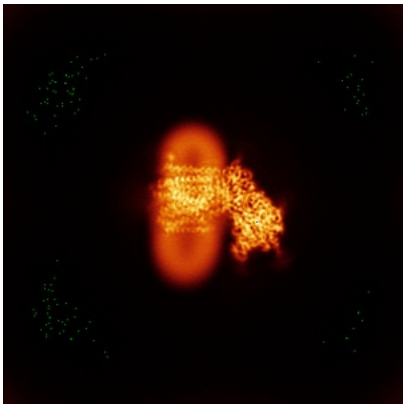


Z

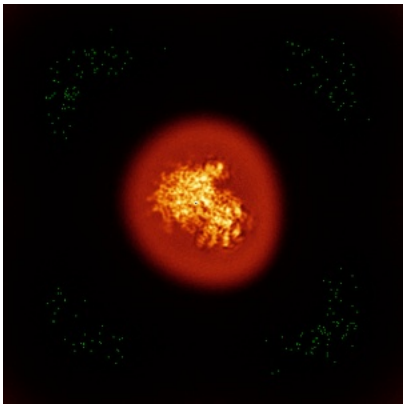
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

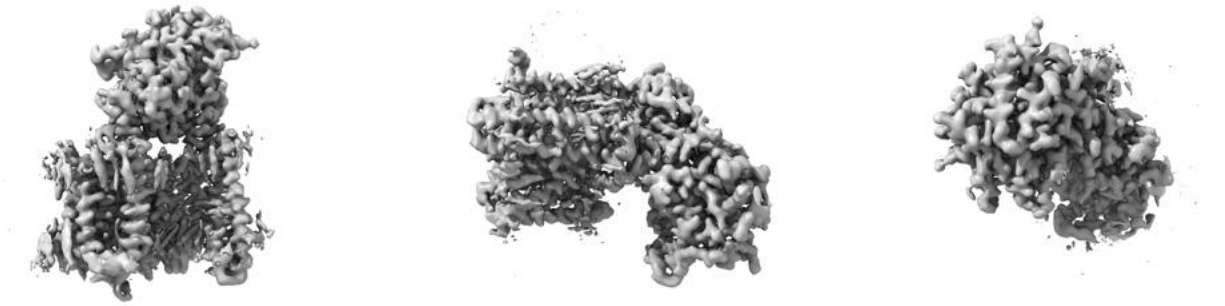
6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map

X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.55. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



X Y Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

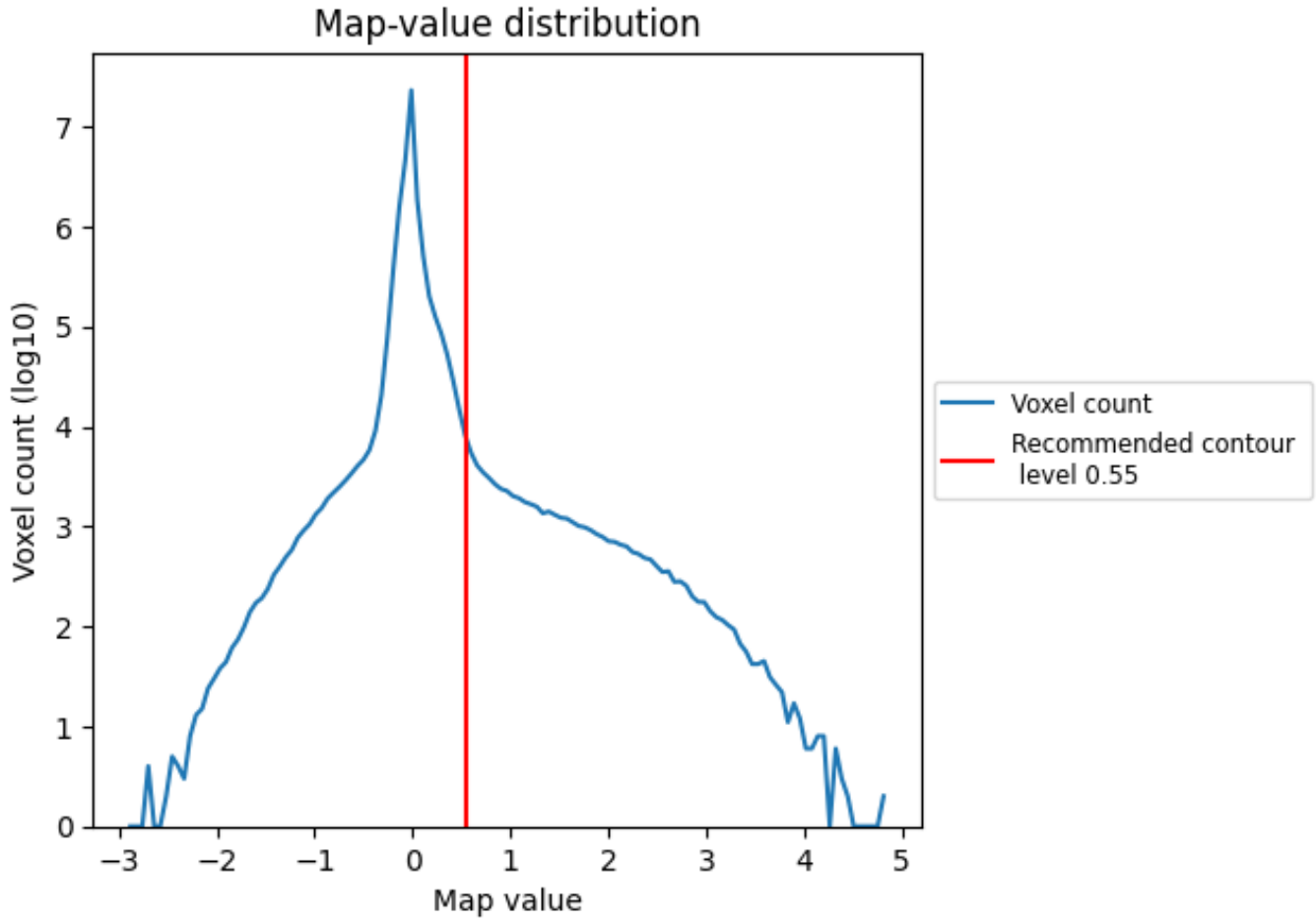
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis

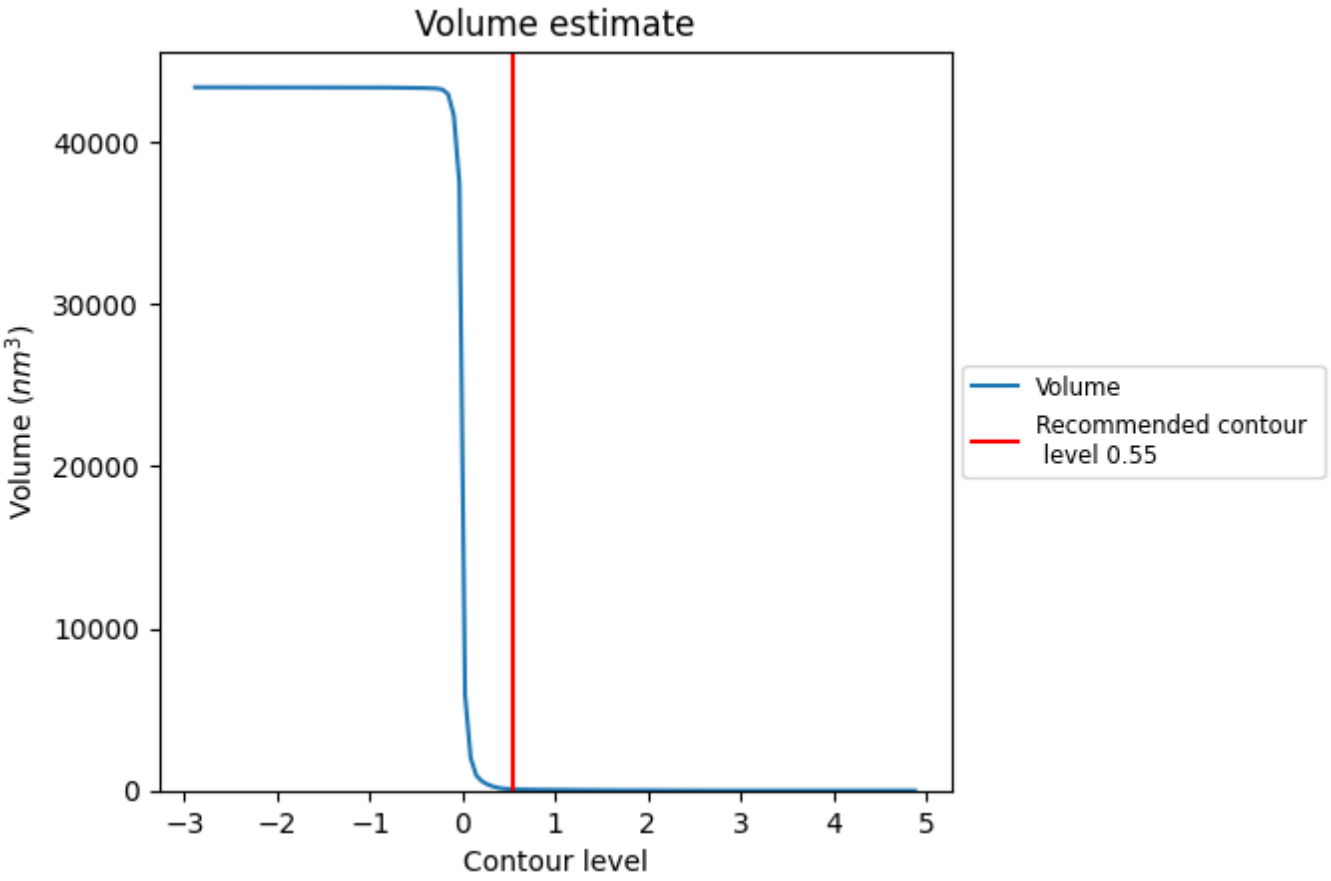
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

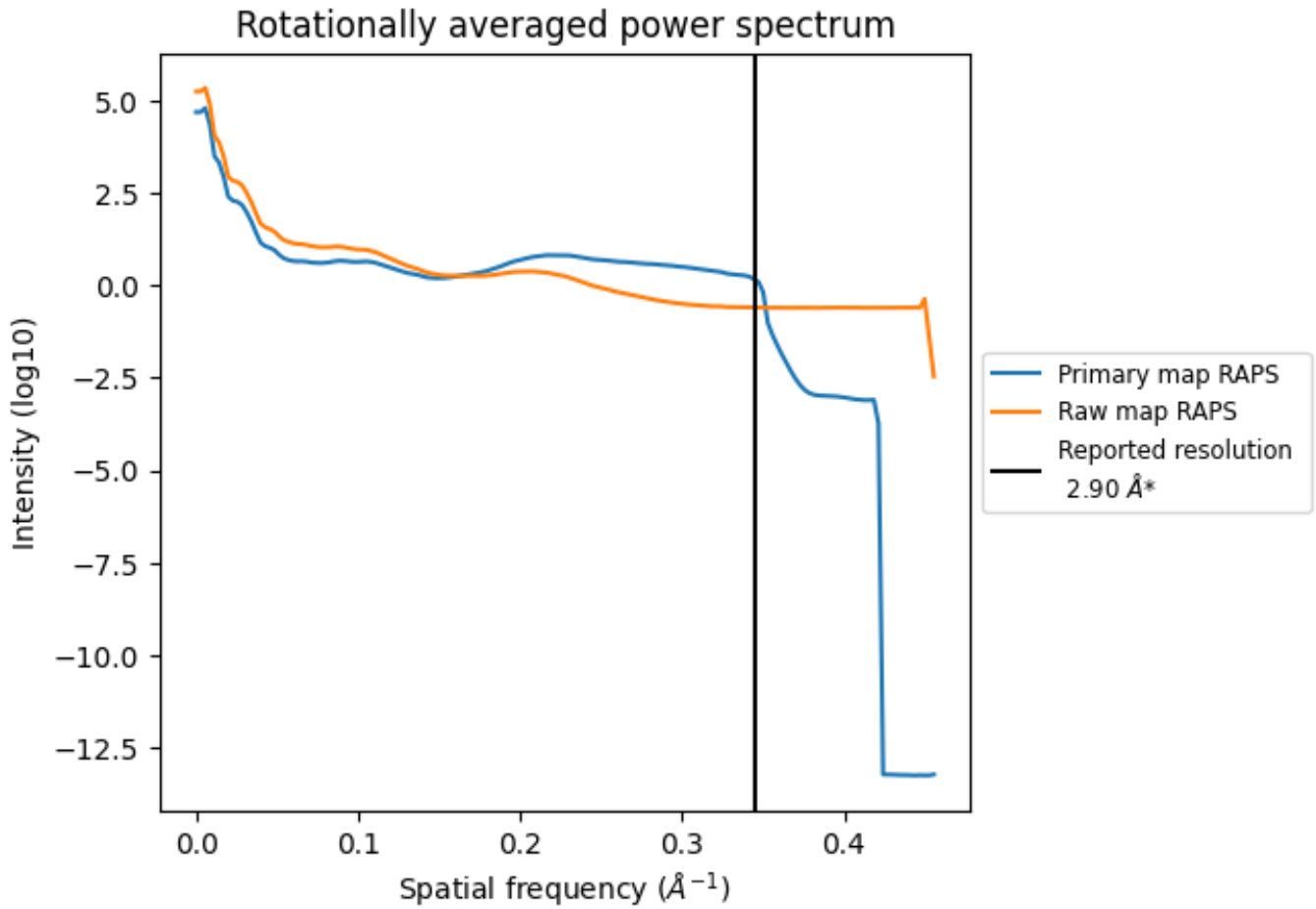
7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 79 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 71 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

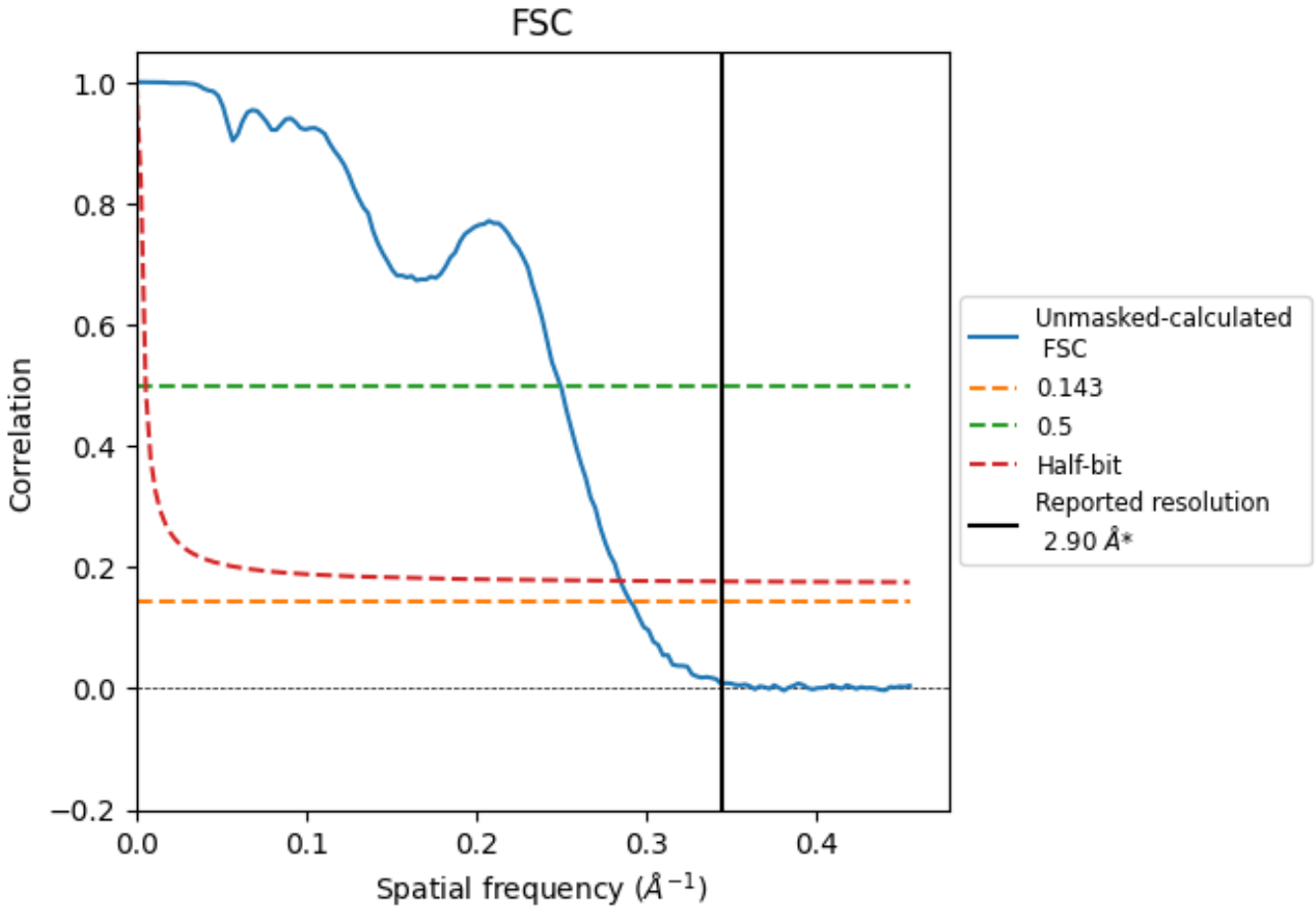


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.345 $Å^{-1}$

8 Fourier-Shell correlation

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.345 Å^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

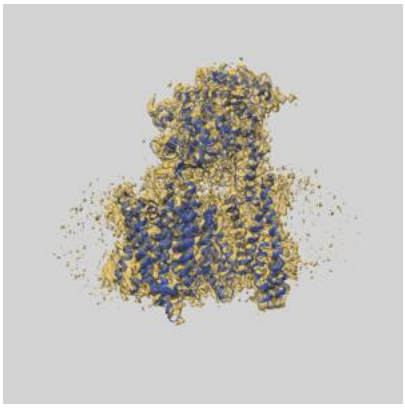
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.90	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	3.43	4.00	3.51

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.43 differs from the reported value 2.9 by more than 10 %

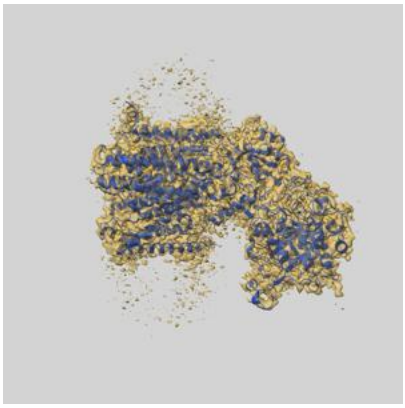
9 Map-model fit

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-62188 and PDB model 9K95. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 8.

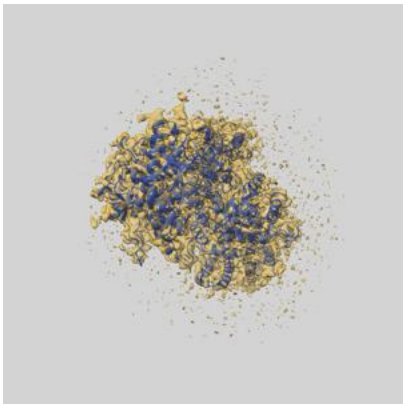
9.1 Map-model overlay



X



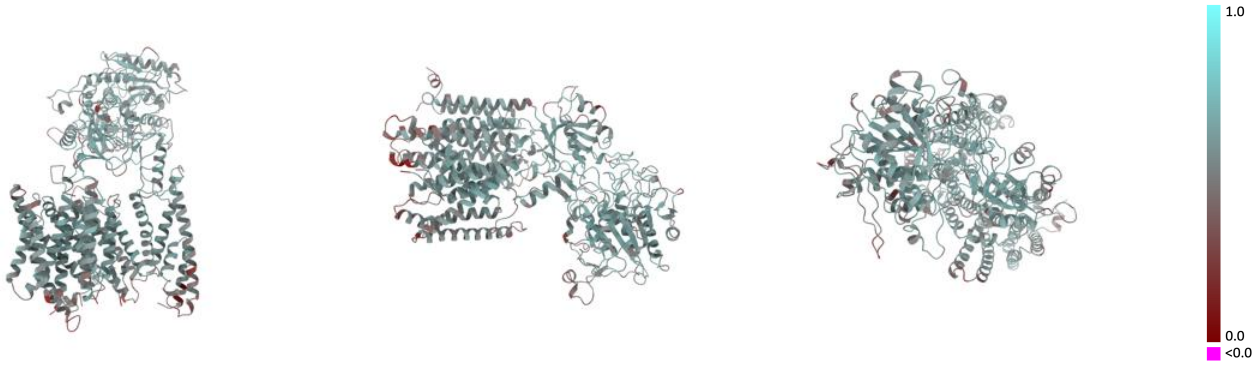
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.55 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

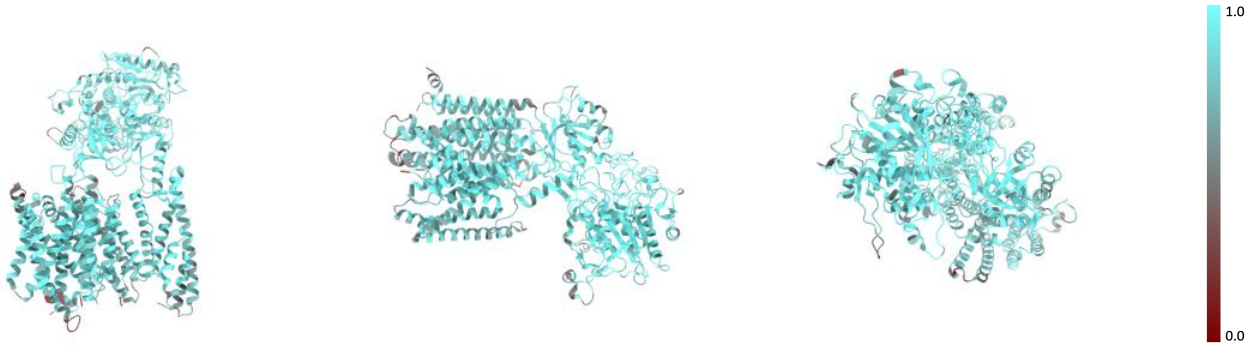
9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

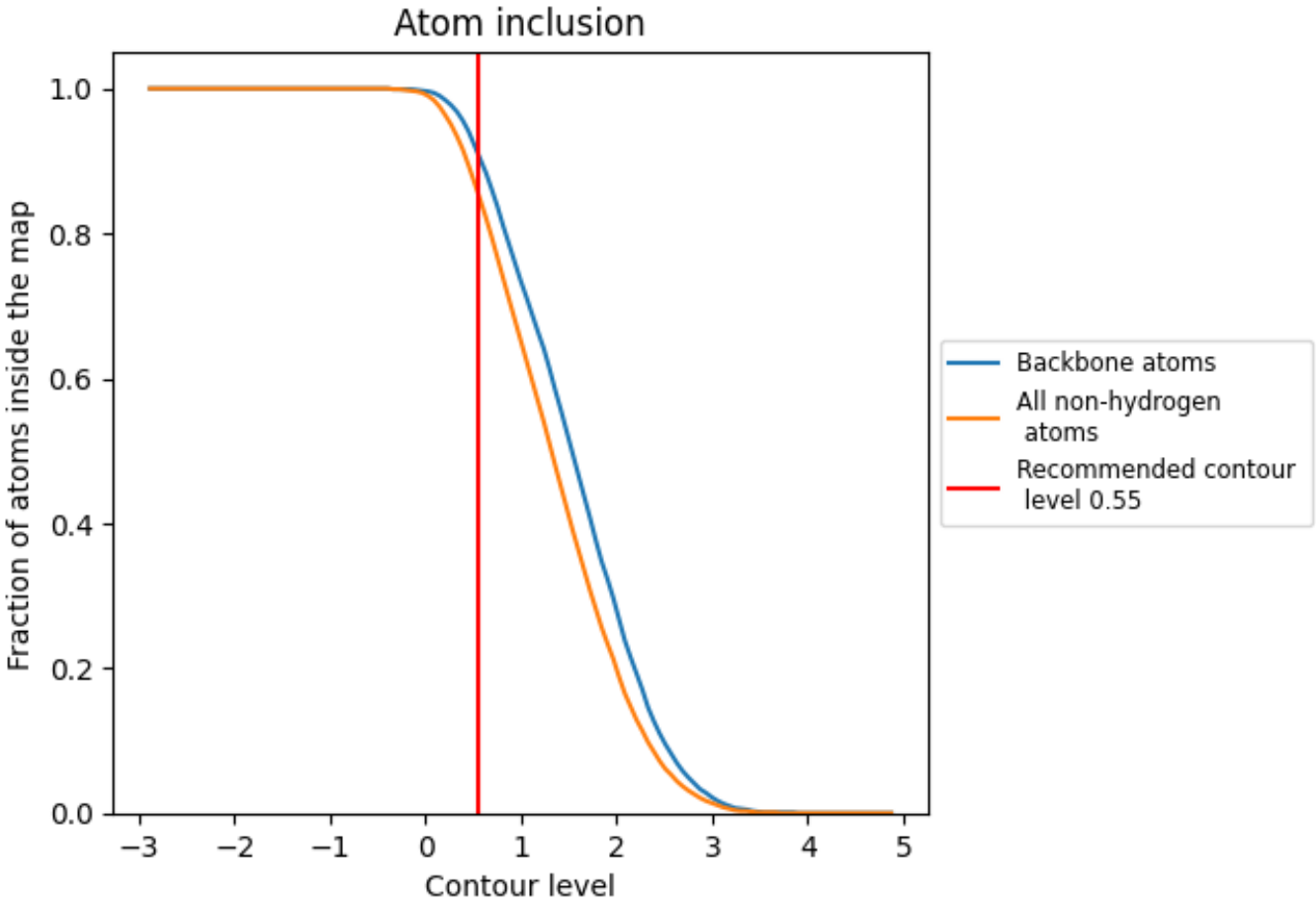
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.55).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 91% of all backbone atoms, 86% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.55) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8560	0.5380
A	0.8780	0.5500
B	0.8440	0.5370
C	0.8380	0.5280
D	0.8140	0.5030
E	0.8210	0.4440
F	0.7540	0.4520
G	0.7860	0.4500
H	0.7140	0.4750
I	0.6430	0.4070
J	0.8570	0.4990