



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jan 6, 2026 – 01:50 PM EST

PDB ID : 9MSC / pdb_00009msc
Title : Structure of Hepatitis C Virus Envelope Glycoprotein HCV-1 E2ecto from genotype 1a bound to neutralizing antibody RM5-16
Authors : Nguyen, T.K.Y.; Stanfield, R.L.; Wilson, I.A.
Deposited on : 2025-01-09
Resolution : 3.39 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

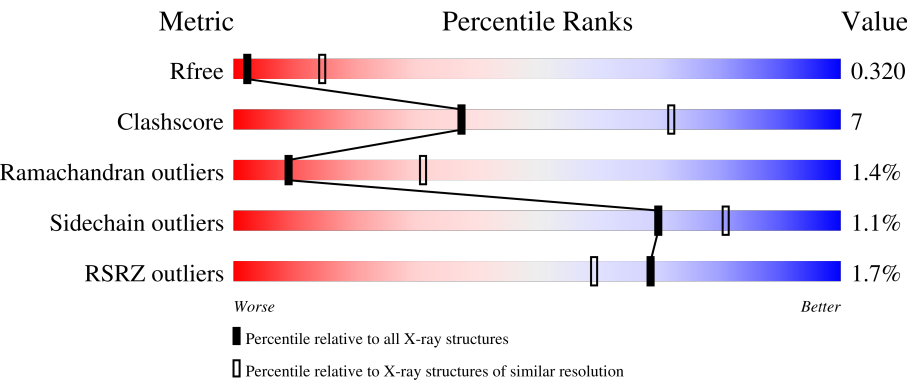
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0
EDS : 3.0
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
CCP4 : 9.0.010 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness : 1.0.12
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.47

1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.39 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.






Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R _{free}	164625	1140 (3.46-3.34)
Clashscore	180529	1172 (3.46-3.34)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1172 (3.46-3.34)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1172 (3.46-3.34)
RSRZ outliers	164620	1140 (3.46-3.34)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	L	216	<div><div></div><div>86%10%.</div></div>
2	H	224	<div><div></div><div>86%12%..</div></div>
3	B	217	<div><div>4%</div><div>89%11%</div></div>
4	A	223	<div><div></div><div>78%19%..</div></div>
5	E	262	<div><div>3%</div><div>61%24%.12%</div></div>

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
6	C	2	 100%
6	D	2	 50%50%
7	F	3	 100%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8425 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called RM5-16 fab LC.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	L	208	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1561	976	261	320	4			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called RM5-16 fan HC.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	H	222	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1657	1045	278	328	6			

- Molecule 3 is a protein called HEPC46 fab LC.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	B	217	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1632	1015	274	338	5			

- Molecule 4 is a protein called HEPC46 fab HC.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	A	220	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1642	1032	279	324	7			

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Envelope glycoprotein E2.

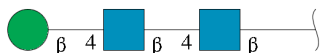
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
5	E	230	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1785	1132	312	323	18			

- Molecule 6 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



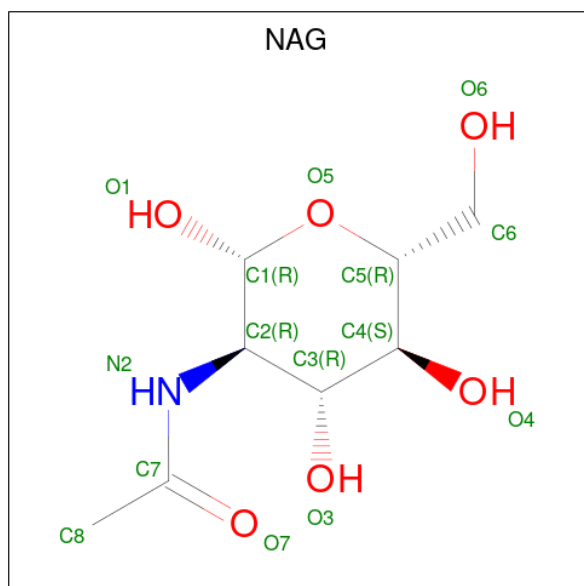
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
6	C	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			28	16	2	10			
6	D	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			28	16	2	10			

- Molecule 7 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
7	F	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			39	22	2	15			

- Molecule 8 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



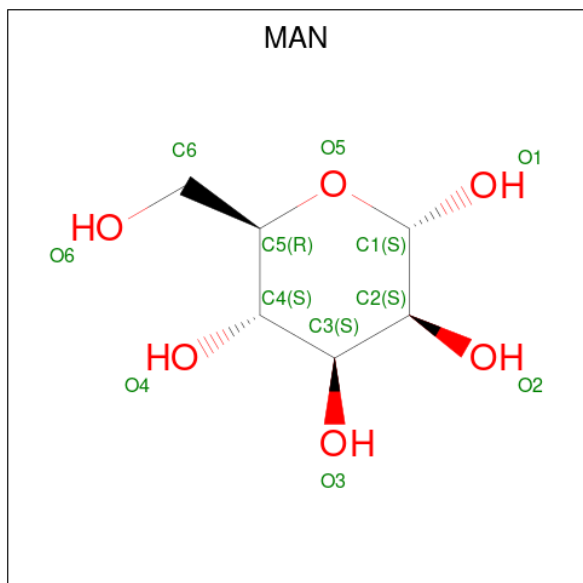
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	E	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	E	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
8	E	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

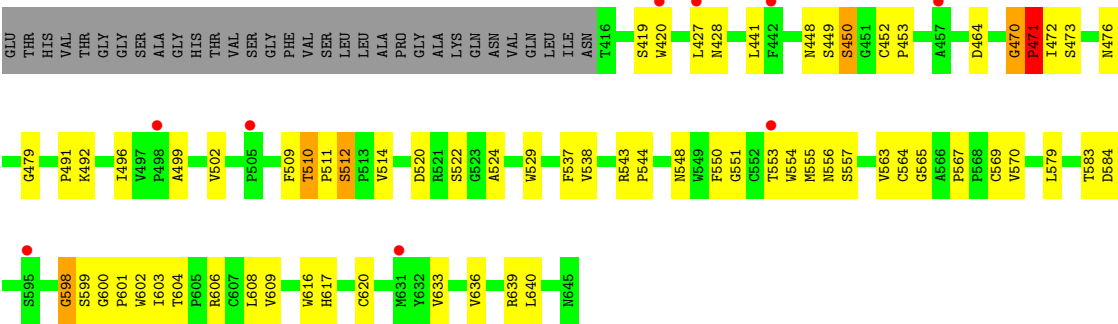
- Molecule 9 is alpha-D-mannopyranose (CCD ID: MAN) (formula: C₆H₁₂O₆) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	E	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	6	5		

- Molecule 1: RM5-16 fab LC





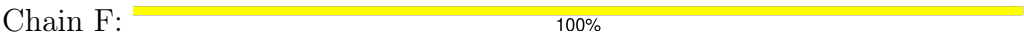
● Molecule 6: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



● Molecule 6: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



● Molecule 7: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	72.71Å 72.71Å 564.78Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.64 – 3.39 49.64 – 3.40	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	95.4 (49.64-3.39) 95.7 (49.64-3.40)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.11 (at 3.40Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.21rc1_5127	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.278 , 0.317 0.282 , 0.320	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1244 reflections (4.88%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	111.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.175	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.32 , 115.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.39$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.22$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.118 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
Reported twinning fraction	0.110 for -h,-k,l	Depositor
Outliers	0 of 24365 reflections	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.89	EDS
Total number of atoms	8425	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	162.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.20% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BMA, MAN, PCA, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	L	0.09	0/1597	0.26	0/2179
2	H	0.10	0/1693	0.26	0/2313
3	B	0.11	0/1670	0.28	0/2275
4	A	0.15	0/1680	0.44	0/2290
5	E	0.14	0/1854	0.47	0/2543
All	All	0.12	0/8494	0.36	0/11600

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	L	1561	0	1511	12	0
2	H	1657	0	1625	16	0
3	B	1632	0	1553	16	0
4	A	1642	0	1618	36	0
5	E	1785	0	1640	41	0
6	C	28	0	25	1	0
6	D	28	0	25	0	0
7	F	39	0	34	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	E	42	0	39	1	0
9	E	11	0	10	0	0
All	All	8425	0	8080	114	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (114) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:E:604:THR:HG22	5:E:606:ARG:H	1.43	0.83
4:A:87:THR:HG23	4:A:110:THR:HA	1.64	0.79
5:E:551:GLY:HA3	5:E:600:GLY:HA2	1.68	0.75
2:H:11:LEU:HB2	2:H:147:PRO:HG3	1.70	0.73
5:E:553:THR:HG22	5:E:563:VAL:HG22	1.73	0.70
3:B:113:PRO:HB3	3:B:139:PHE:HB3	1.75	0.69
4:A:36:TRP:HB3	4:A:48:MET:HE3	1.75	0.68
1:L:83:GLU:HG3	1:L:106:VAL:HG23	1.77	0.66
3:B:95:LEU:O	4:A:61:GLN:NE2	2.29	0.65
1:L:39:LEU:HD23	1:L:84:ALA:HB2	1.80	0.64
5:E:448:ASN:O	5:E:450:SER:N	2.31	0.64
5:E:583:THR:OG1	5:E:584:ASP:N	2.31	0.63
5:E:464:ASP:HB3	5:E:579:LEU:HD13	1.81	0.62
4:A:28:ILE:HD11	8:E:701:NAG:H83	1.81	0.62
5:E:452:CYS:H	5:E:453:PRO:HD2	1.64	0.61
3:B:120:PRO:HD3	3:B:132:VAL:HG22	1.82	0.60
4:A:119:PRO:HB3	4:A:145:TYR:HB3	1.83	0.60
4:A:168:ALA:HB2	4:A:178:LEU:HD23	1.83	0.60
1:L:132:LEU:HD12	1:L:178:LEU:HD23	1.84	0.59
5:E:476:ASN:HA	5:E:567:PRO:HB3	1.83	0.59
4:A:52(A):VAL:HG22	4:A:71:THR:HG21	1.83	0.59
5:E:520:ASP:HB3	5:E:524:ALA:HB3	1.85	0.59
3:B:91:TRP:HZ3	4:A:50:TRP:CH2	2.21	0.58
3:B:28:ILE:O	3:B:66:LYS:NZ	2.35	0.58
5:E:502:VAL:HG21	5:E:537:PHE:HE2	1.68	0.57
5:E:491:PRO:HB3	5:E:563:VAL:HG12	1.86	0.57
5:E:479:GLY:HA3	5:E:492:LYS:HG3	1.86	0.56
2:H:39:GLN:HB2	2:H:45:LEU:HD23	1.88	0.56
4:A:168:ALA:HA	4:A:178:LEU:HB3	1.87	0.56
5:E:520:ASP:C	5:E:522:SER:H	2.14	0.56
4:A:51:ILE:HD12	4:A:57:THR:HG22	1.88	0.55

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:A:68:THR:HG23	4:A:82(A):ARG:HH22	1.71	0.55
5:E:639:ARG:HG3	5:E:639:ARG:HH11	1.72	0.55
4:A:128:SER:OG	4:A:214:LYS:O	2.22	0.54
5:E:520:ASP:O	5:E:522:SER:N	2.36	0.54
2:H:51:ILE:HD13	2:H:71:THR:HG23	1.89	0.54
4:A:193:THR:HG23	4:A:210:LYS:HE3	1.90	0.53
5:E:427:LEU:HD23	5:E:441:LEU:HD21	1.91	0.52
3:B:46:LEU:HD21	3:B:49:TYR:HB3	1.92	0.52
5:E:510:THR:HG22	5:E:548:ASN:O	2.09	0.52
5:E:509:PHE:HB3	5:E:511:PRO:O	2.11	0.51
1:L:31:TYR:O	1:L:66:LYS:NZ	2.44	0.50
2:H:117:LYS:N	2:H:146:PHE:O	2.34	0.50
3:B:91:TRP:HZ3	4:A:50:TRP:HH2	1.58	0.50
5:E:556:ASN:OD1	5:E:557:SER:N	2.44	0.50
4:A:6:GLN:H	4:A:105:GLN:HE22	1.60	0.49
1:L:14:ALA:HA	1:L:106(A):LEU:HB2	1.94	0.49
4:A:48:MET:HE1	4:A:90:TYR:HD2	1.78	0.49
5:E:543:ARG:HH12	5:E:598:GLY:C	2.21	0.49
3:B:39:PHE:HB2	3:B:42:THR:HB	1.95	0.48
5:E:544:PRO:HD2	5:E:550:PHE:CE1	2.49	0.48
1:L:183:GLU:OE1	1:L:183:GLU:N	2.37	0.48
5:E:496:ILE:HG22	5:E:538:VAL:HG12	1.94	0.48
1:L:38:GLN:NE2	2:H:39:GLN:OE1	2.47	0.48
4:A:139:GLY:HA2	4:A:154:TRP:CH2	2.49	0.48
5:E:509:PHE:CD2	5:E:601:PRO:HB3	2.49	0.47
5:E:555:MET:HG2	5:E:617:HIS:CD2	2.49	0.47
2:H:98:SER:HB2	5:E:529:TRP:CZ3	2.50	0.47
3:B:80:SER:HA	3:B:106:VAL:HG11	1.96	0.47
5:E:603:ILE:HD11	5:E:609:VAL:HG12	1.96	0.47
6:C:1:NAG:O4	6:C:2:NAG:O7	2.32	0.46
2:H:131:THR:O	2:H:186:SER:HB2	2.15	0.46
5:E:633:VAL:O	5:E:636:VAL:HG12	2.16	0.46
2:H:186:SER:HA	2:H:189:LEU:HG	1.96	0.46
4:A:13:LYS:HB2	4:A:14:PRO:CD	2.46	0.46
4:A:159:LEU:HD21	4:A:182:VAL:HG21	1.96	0.46
4:A:13:LYS:HB2	4:A:14:PRO:HD3	1.97	0.46
5:E:472:ILE:HD11	5:E:569:CYS:SG	2.55	0.46
5:E:608:LEU:HD23	5:E:609:VAL:O	2.16	0.46
4:A:36:TRP:HD1	4:A:69:MET:HE3	1.81	0.46
2:H:139:GLY:HA2	2:H:154:TRP:CH2	2.51	0.45
4:A:36:TRP:CE2	4:A:80:MET:HB2	2.51	0.45

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:E:428:ASN:ND2	5:E:499:ALA:O	2.45	0.45
3:B:120:PRO:HG3	3:B:130:ALA:HB1	1.98	0.45
1:L:19:VAL:HG21	1:L:104:LEU:HD11	1.99	0.44
3:B:83:GLU:HG3	3:B:105:THR:HA	1.97	0.44
5:E:602:TRP:CE2	5:E:608:LEU:HD12	2.53	0.44
4:A:33:GLY:O	4:A:34:ILE:HD13	2.18	0.44
5:E:639:ARG:HG3	5:E:639:ARG:NH1	2.33	0.44
4:A:6:GLN:NE2	4:A:104:GLY:HA3	2.33	0.44
5:E:470:GLY:O	5:E:471:PRO:C	2.61	0.44
1:L:79:GLN:O	1:L:106:VAL:HG21	2.18	0.44
2:H:50:TYR:CE2	2:H:58:ASN:HB3	2.52	0.43
2:H:116:THR:HG21	2:H:202:PRO:C	2.43	0.43
4:A:97:GLN:CD	5:E:543:ARG:HD2	2.43	0.43
3:B:121:SER:HA	4:A:214:LYS:NZ	2.33	0.43
5:E:452:CYS:N	5:E:453:PRO:HD2	2.31	0.43
2:H:123:PRO:HD3	2:H:209:LYS:HE2	1.99	0.43
4:A:186:SER:O	4:A:189:LEU:HG	2.17	0.43
5:E:512:SER:HA	5:E:640:LEU:HD22	1.99	0.43
5:E:419:SER:HB2	5:E:420:TRP:CE3	2.54	0.43
5:E:473:SER:HB2	5:E:570:VAL:HB	2.01	0.43
5:E:565:GLY:HA3	5:E:599:SER:O	2.18	0.43
1:L:18:ARG:HD3	1:L:76:THR:HG22	2.01	0.42
3:B:84:ALA:O	3:B:104:VAL:HG22	2.20	0.42
5:E:554:TRP:CH2	5:E:564:CYS:HB2	2.53	0.42
5:E:441:LEU:HB2	5:E:616:TRP:CZ2	2.54	0.42
4:A:51:ILE:HB	4:A:69:MET:HE2	2.02	0.42
1:L:37:GLN:HB2	1:L:47:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.42
2:H:35:SER:HB3	2:H:95:TYR:CE1	2.54	0.42
2:H:8:GLY:HA3	2:H:20:LEU:HD23	2.01	0.42
4:A:36:TRP:CD1	4:A:69:MET:HE3	2.54	0.41
4:A:19:LYS:HA	4:A:80:MET:O	2.20	0.41
4:A:94:ARG:O	4:A:100(A):VAL:HA	2.20	0.41
3:B:145:LYS:HB2	3:B:197:THR:HB	2.02	0.41
1:L:18:ARG:HG2	1:L:76:THR:HA	2.02	0.41
2:H:47:TRP:HZ2	2:H:50:TYR:HD2	1.69	0.41
2:H:23:ALA:HA	2:H:77:GLN:HG2	2.02	0.40
3:B:60:ASP:OD1	3:B:60:ASP:N	2.54	0.40
3:B:95(C):PRO:HG2	4:A:50:TRP:CZ3	2.56	0.40
4:A:6:GLN:NE2	4:A:92:CYS:HB3	2.36	0.40
4:A:114:ALA:HB3	4:A:146:PHE:CZ	2.56	0.40
4:A:61:GLN:H	4:A:61:GLN:HG2	1.61	0.40

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:A:112:SER:C	4:A:114:ALA:H	2.28	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	L	206/216 (95%)	195 (95%)	9 (4%)	2 (1%)	13	39
2	H	220/224 (98%)	216 (98%)	3 (1%)	1 (0%)	25	54
3	B	215/217 (99%)	198 (92%)	17 (8%)	0	100	100
4	A	218/223 (98%)	204 (94%)	8 (4%)	6 (3%)	4	20
5	E	228/262 (87%)	192 (84%)	30 (13%)	6 (3%)	4	22
All	All	1087/1142 (95%)	1005 (92%)	67 (6%)	15 (1%)	9	31

All (15) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	E	449	SER
5	E	450	SER
4	A	128	SER
5	E	471	PRO
1	L	28	ILE
1	L	151	ASP
2	H	132	SER
4	A	113	SER
5	E	598	GLY
4	A	14	PRO
4	A	146	PHE
4	A	13	LYS
4	A	190	GLY

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	E	470	GLY
5	E	510	THR

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	L	177/185 (96%)	174 (98%)	3 (2%)	56	74
2	H	189/191 (99%)	187 (99%)	2 (1%)	70	81
3	B	184/184 (100%)	184 (100%)	0	100	100
4	A	185/187 (99%)	184 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	91
5	E	195/219 (89%)	191 (98%)	4 (2%)	48	69
All	All	930/966 (96%)	920 (99%)	10 (1%)	70	81

All (10) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	L	26	HIS
1	L	28	ILE
1	L	171	LYS
2	H	132	SER
2	H	186	SER
4	A	100(A)	VAL
5	E	471	PRO
5	E	512	SER
5	E	514	VAL
5	E	620	CYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (9) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	L	37	GLN
1	L	170	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	H	58	ASN
3	B	31	ASN
3	B	53	GLN
4	A	6	GLN
4	A	171	GLN
4	A	199	ASN
5	E	577	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	PCA	H	1	2	7,8,9	0.64	0	9,10,12	1.24	1 (11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	PCA	H	1	2	-	0/0/11/13	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	H	1	PCA	CB-CA-N	2.17	109.22	103.24

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates

7 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
6	NAG	C	1	5,6	14,14,15	0.68	0	17,19,21	0.98	1 (5%)
6	NAG	C	2	6	14,14,15	0.69	0	17,19,21	2.57	5 (29%)
6	NAG	D	1	5,6	14,14,15	0.56	0	17,19,21	2.68	3 (17%)
6	NAG	D	2	6	14,14,15	0.68	0	17,19,21	0.92	0
7	NAG	F	1	7,5	14,14,15	0.71	0	17,19,21	1.04	1 (5%)
7	NAG	F	2	7	14,14,15	0.68	0	17,19,21	0.88	1 (5%)
7	BMA	F	3	7	11,11,12	0.78	0	15,15,17	1.79	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	NAG	C	1	5,6	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	C	2	6	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	D	1	5,6	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	D	2	6	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	F	1	7,5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	F	2	7	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	BMA	F	3	7	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	D	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	9.93	125.49	112.19
6	C	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	7.18	132.52	122.90
7	F	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	5.80	119.96	112.19
6	C	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2	5.42	118.98	110.43
6	C	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-3.24	106.28	111.29
7	F	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.43	107.53	111.29
6	D	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.38	126.08	122.90
6	D	1	NAG	O5-C5-C4	2.36	116.56	110.83
6	C	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.22	107.86	111.29
6	C	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.20	115.13	112.19
6	C	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2	2.19	125.84	121.98
7	F	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.05	108.12	111.29

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

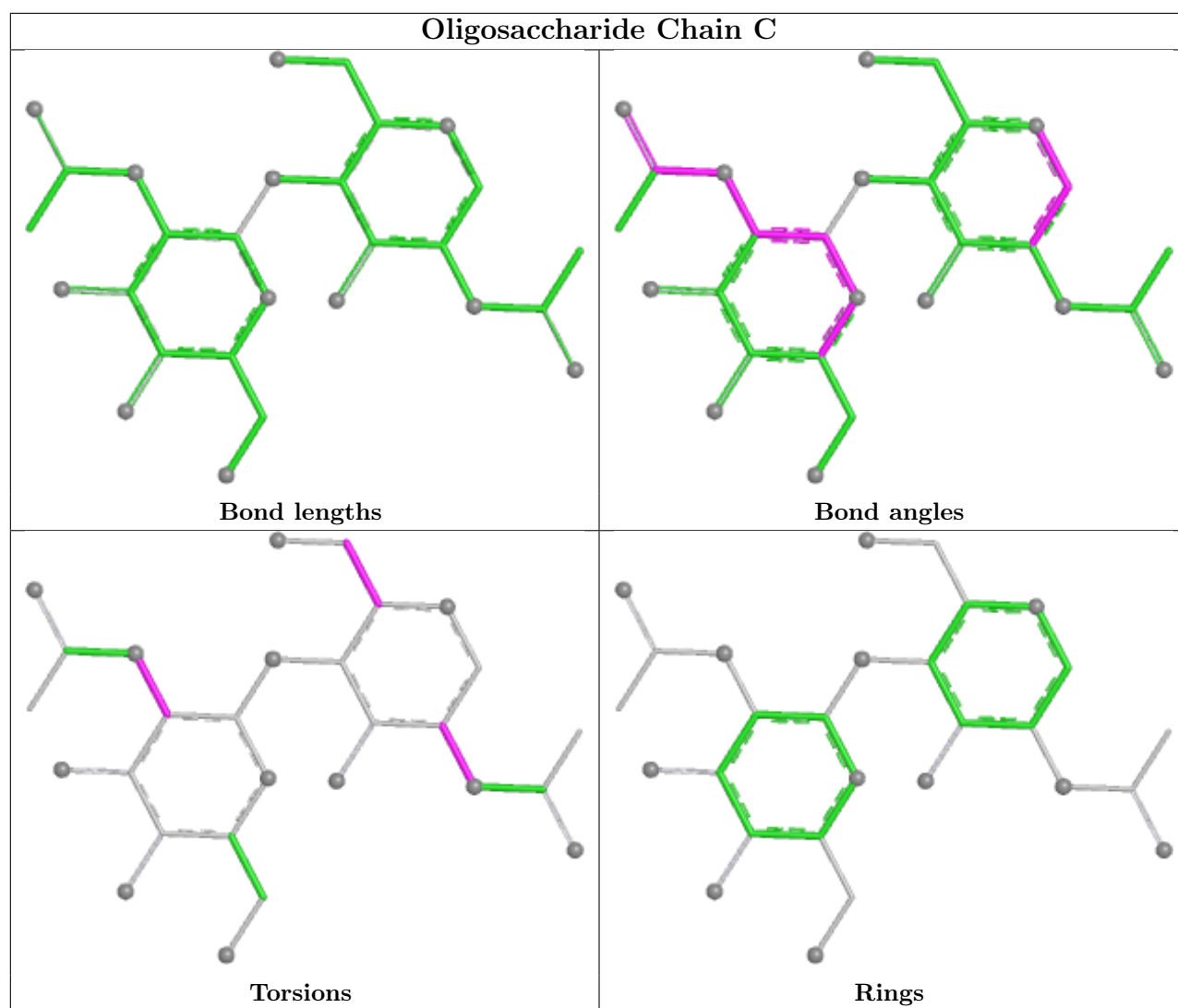
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	C	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
6	C	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	C	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	C	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7

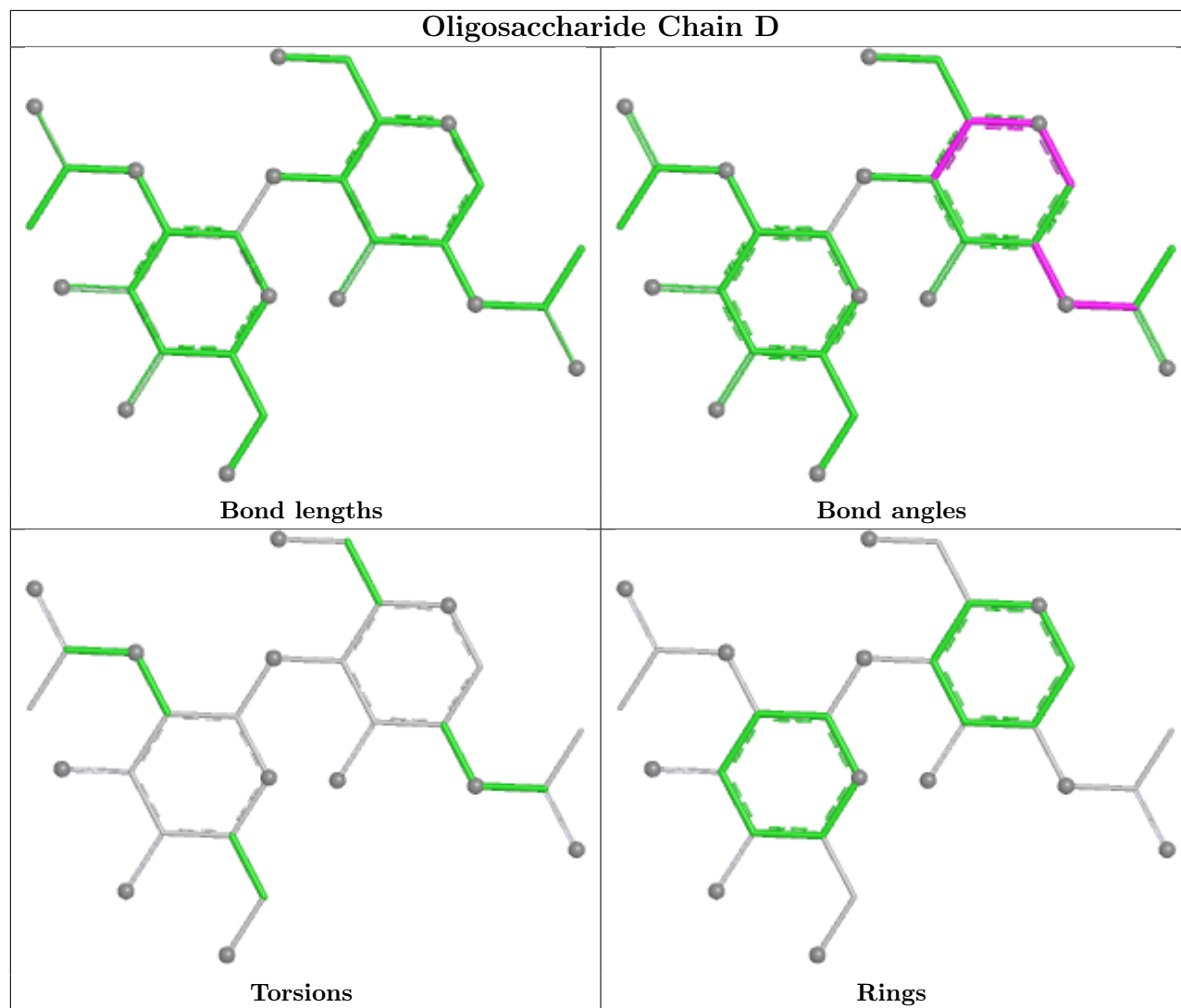
There are no ring outliers.

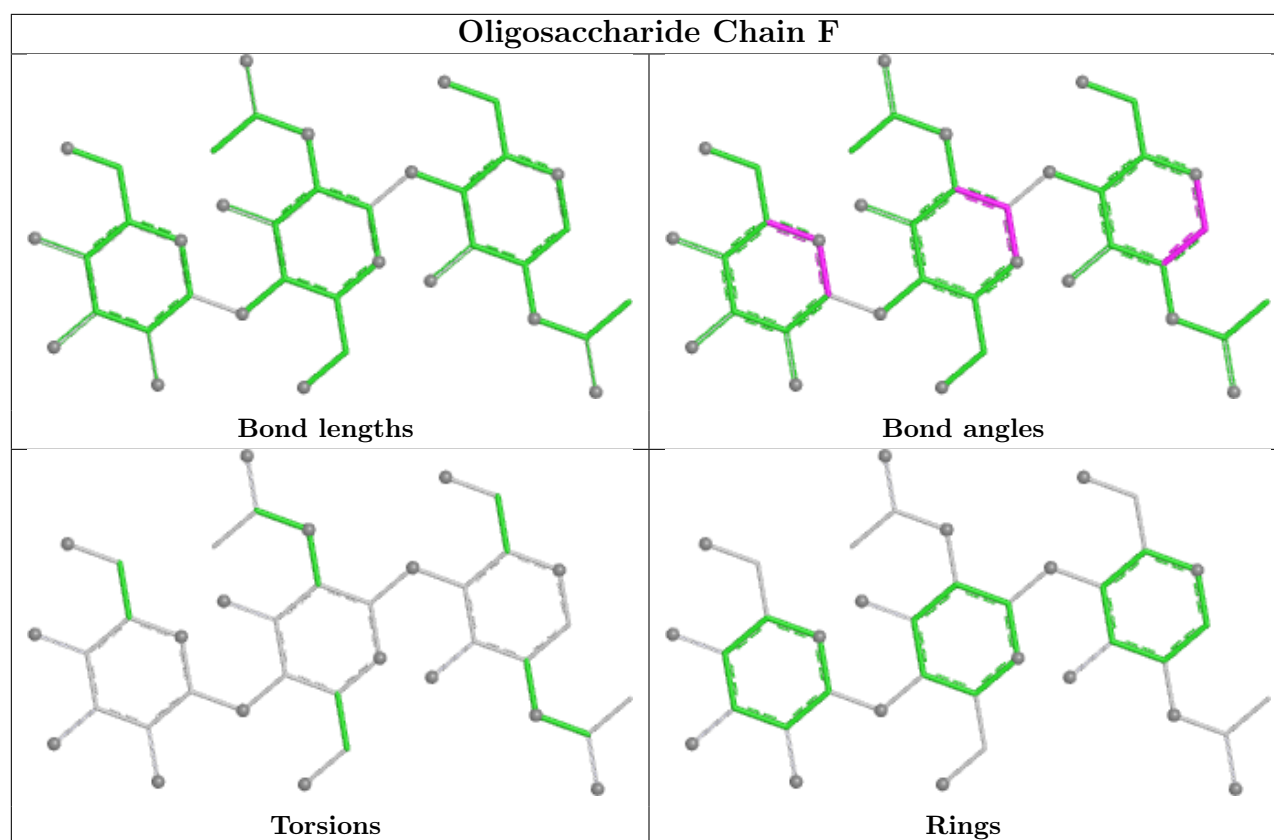
2 monomers are involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	C	1	NAG	1	0
6	C	2	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.







5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
8	NAG	E	701	5	14,14,15	0.77	0	17,19,21	1.34	2 (11%)
8	NAG	E	702	5	14,14,15	0.73	0	17,19,21	0.79	0
8	NAG	E	703	5	14,14,15	0.67	0	17,19,21	1.47	2 (11%)
9	MAN	E	704	-	11,11,12	0.76	0	15,15,17	1.05	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
8	NAG	E	701	5	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	E	702	5	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	E	703	5	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	MAN	E	704	-	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
8	E	703	NAG	C2-N2-C7	4.01	128.27	122.90
8	E	701	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.29	127.31	122.90
9	E	704	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.93	116.11	112.19
8	E	701	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.43	115.44	112.19
8	E	703	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.33	107.69	111.29

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	E	703	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
8	E	701	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
8	E	701	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
8	E	702	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
8	E	702	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
8	E	703	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
8	E	701	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
8	E	703	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

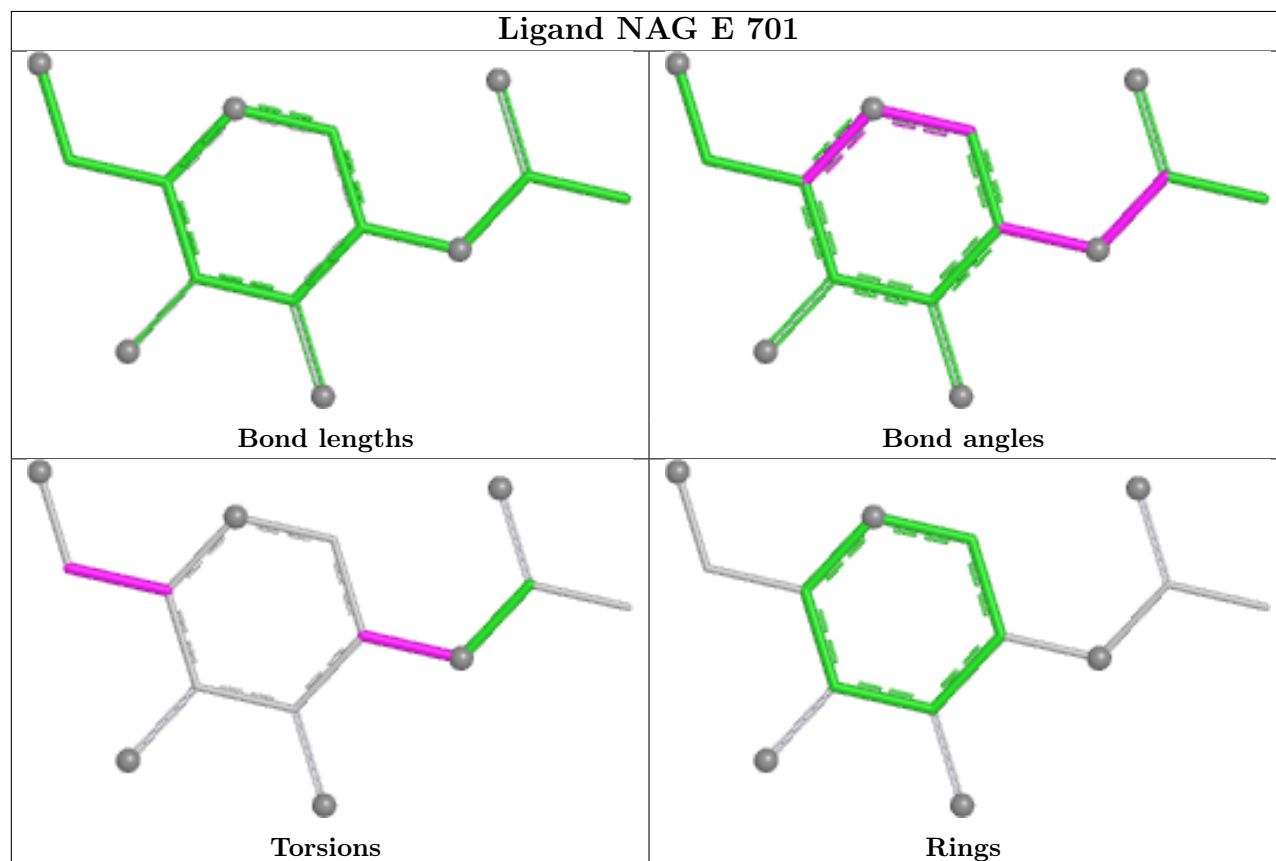
There are no ring outliers.

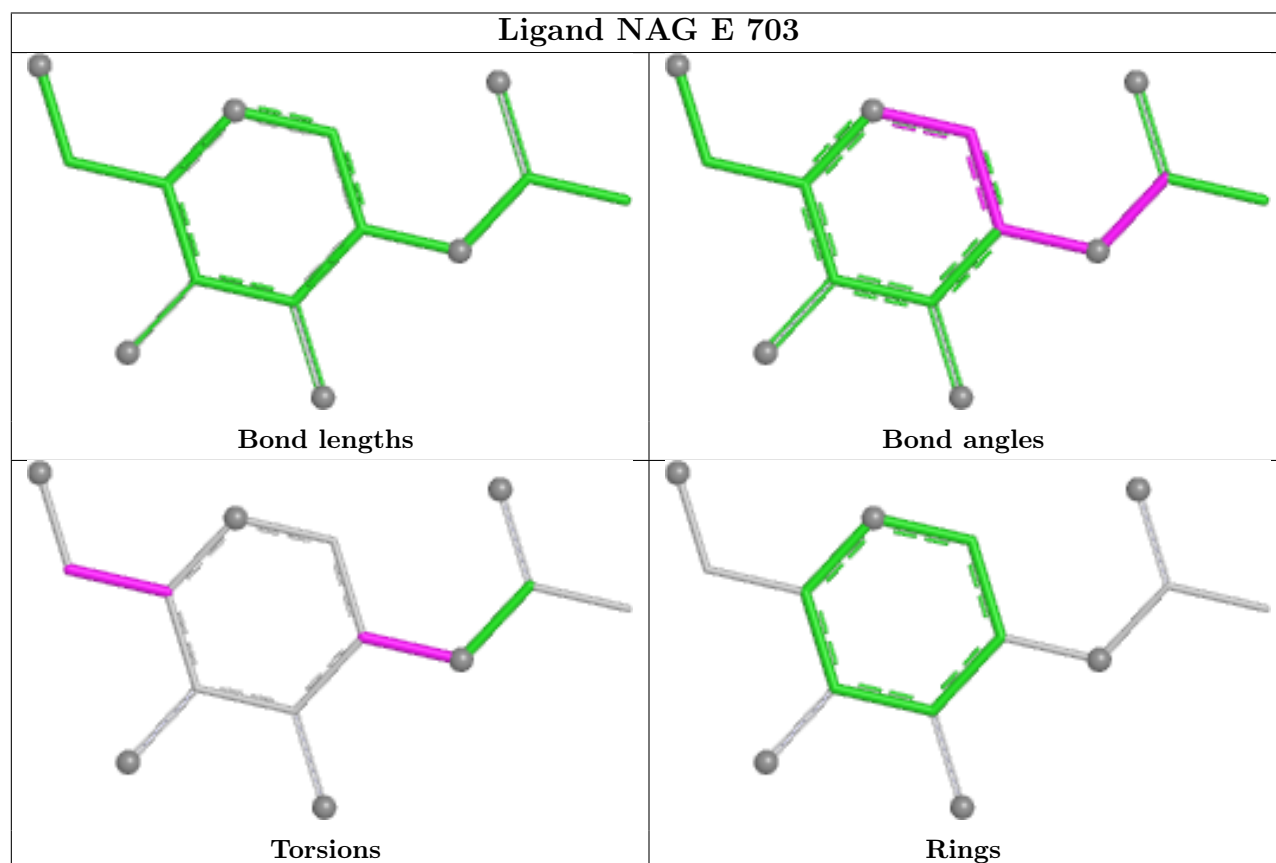
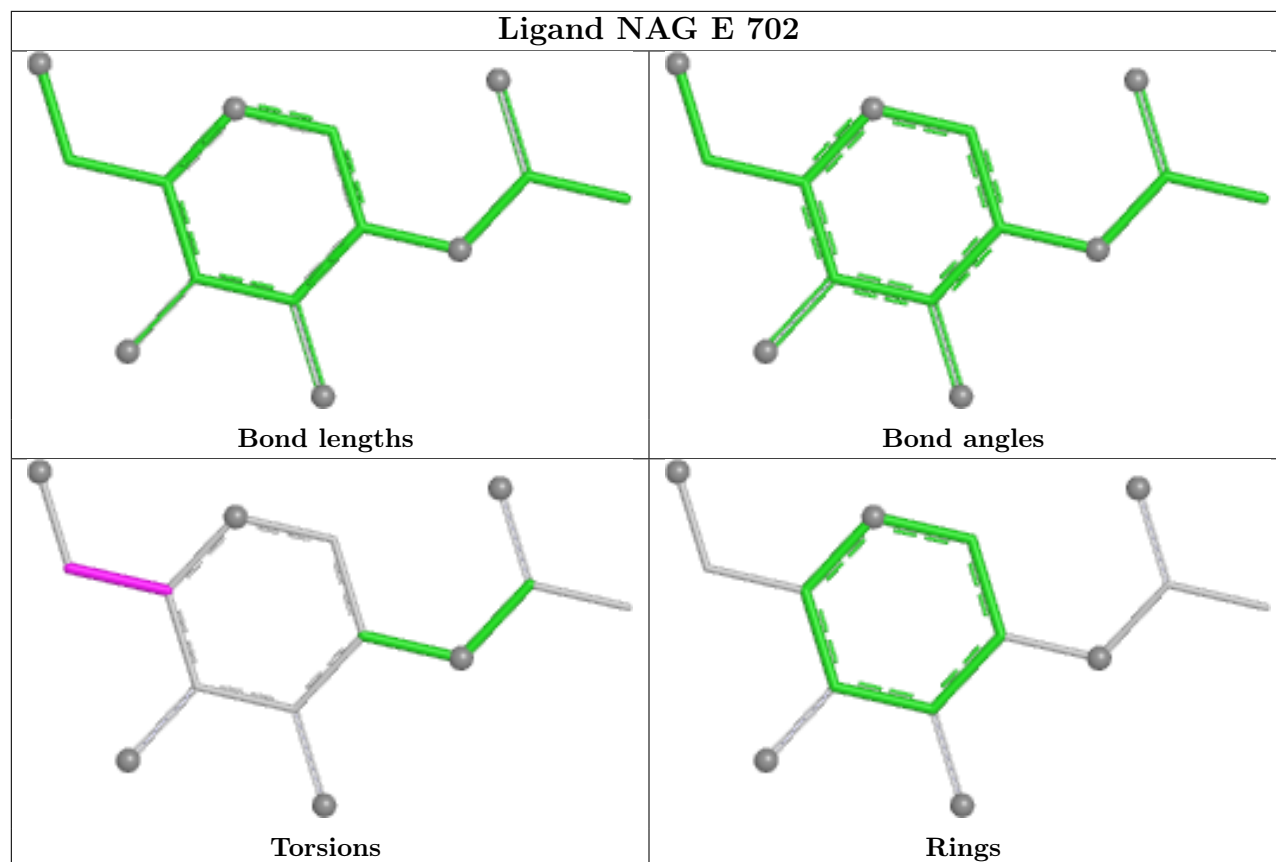
1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

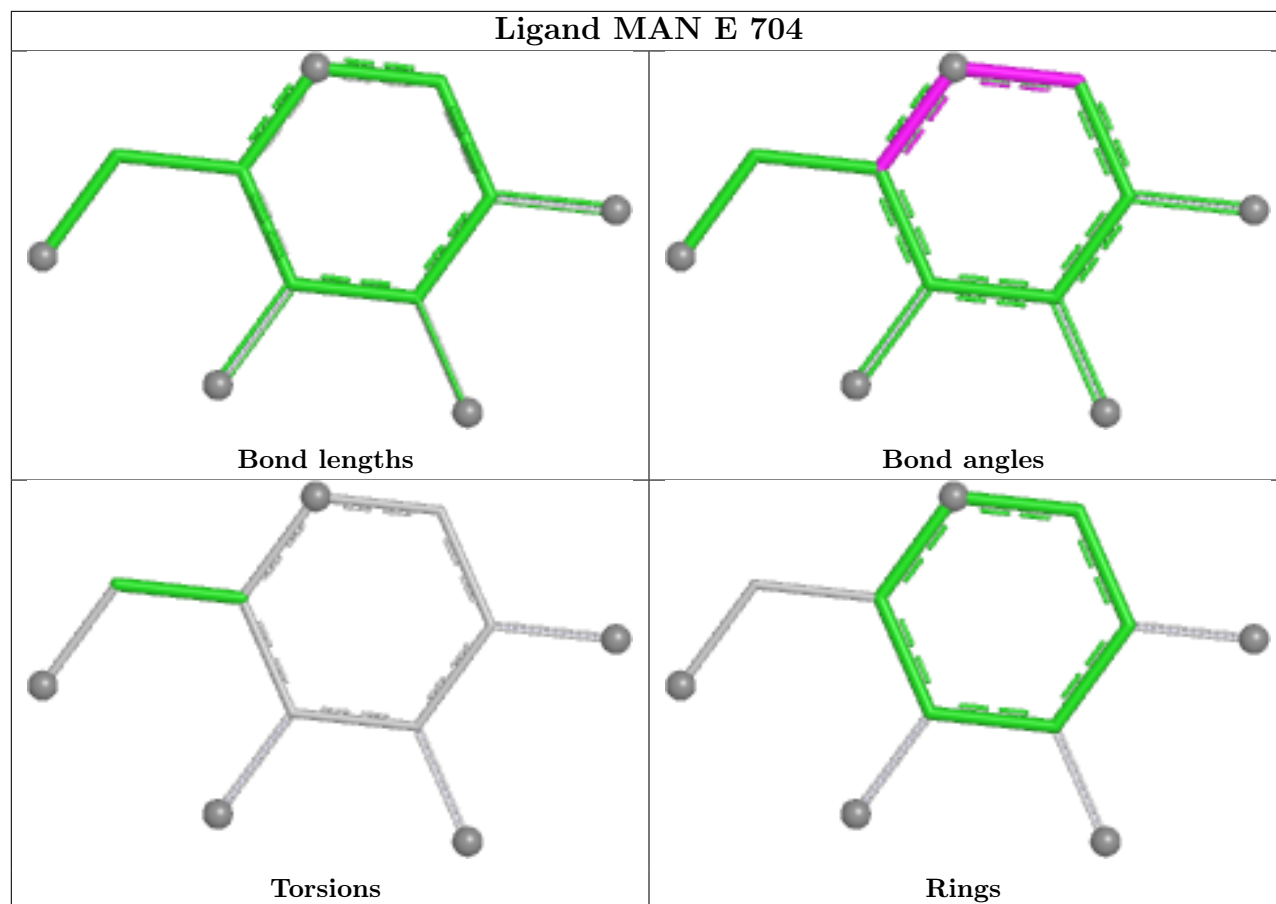
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	E	701	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring

in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	L	208/216 (96%)	-0.03	0 100 100	143, 198, 237, 260	0
2	H	221/224 (98%)	0.02	1 (0%) 87 83	149, 193, 235, 261	0
3	B	217/217 (100%)	-0.14	9 (4%) 42 36	72, 124, 169, 210	0
4	A	220/223 (98%)	-0.26	0 100 100	68, 114, 151, 217	0
5	E	230/262 (87%)	0.11	9 (3%) 44 37	118, 167, 229, 264	0
All	All	1096/1142 (95%)	-0.06	19 (1%) 69 59	68, 165, 227, 264	0

All (19) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	B	37	GLN	5.2
2	H	102	VAL	5.1
5	E	457	ALA	4.0
5	E	420	TRP	3.7
3	B	96	TRP	3.1
5	E	498	PRO	3.1
3	B	36	TYR	3.0
3	B	181	LEU	2.9
3	B	86	TYR	2.8
3	B	185	ASP	2.6
5	E	595	SER	2.6
3	B	27(A)	SER	2.5
5	E	427	LEU	2.4
3	B	135	LEU	2.3
5	E	442	PHE	2.2
3	B	47	LEU	2.2
5	E	505	PRO	2.1
5	E	631	MET	2.1
5	E	553	THR	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	PCA	H	1	8/9	0.37	0.10	213,240,252,260	0

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

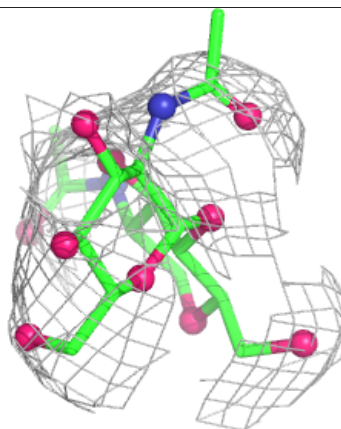
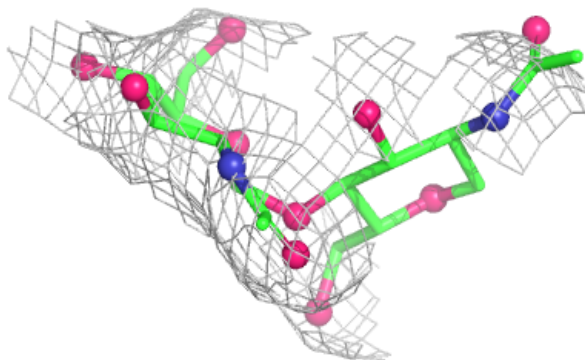
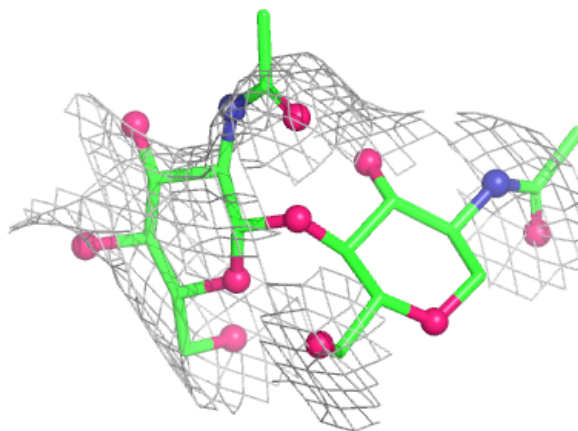
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
6	NAG	C	1	14/15	-	-	165,184,196,220	0
6	NAG	C	2	14/15	-	-	220,236,250,255	0
6	NAG	D	1	14/15	-	-	111,141,169,182	0
6	NAG	D	2	14/15	-	-	168,188,198,201	0
7	NAG	F	2	14/15	0.54	0.09	119,175,183,196	0
7	NAG	F	1	14/15	0.79	0.07	139,176,203,209	0
7	BMA	F	3	11/12	-	-	154,178,199,203	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

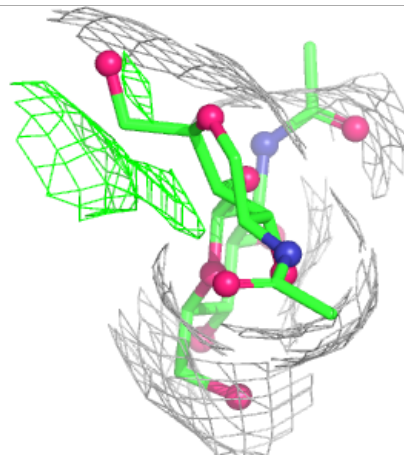
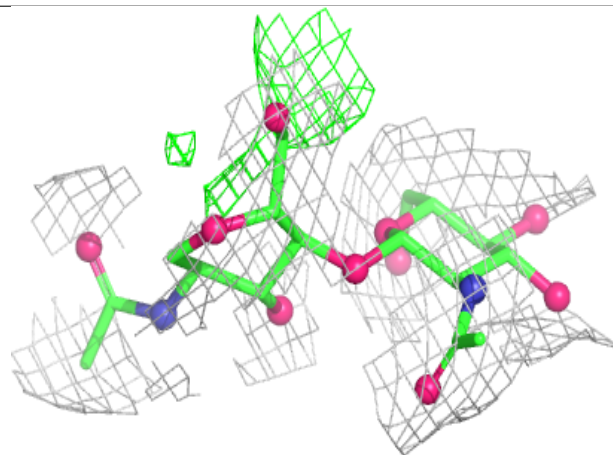
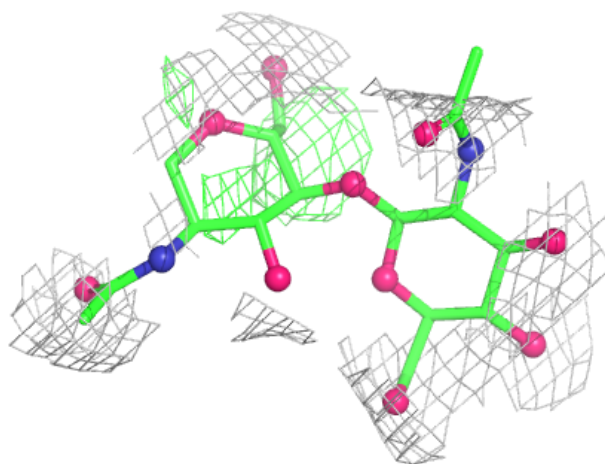
Electron density around Chain C:

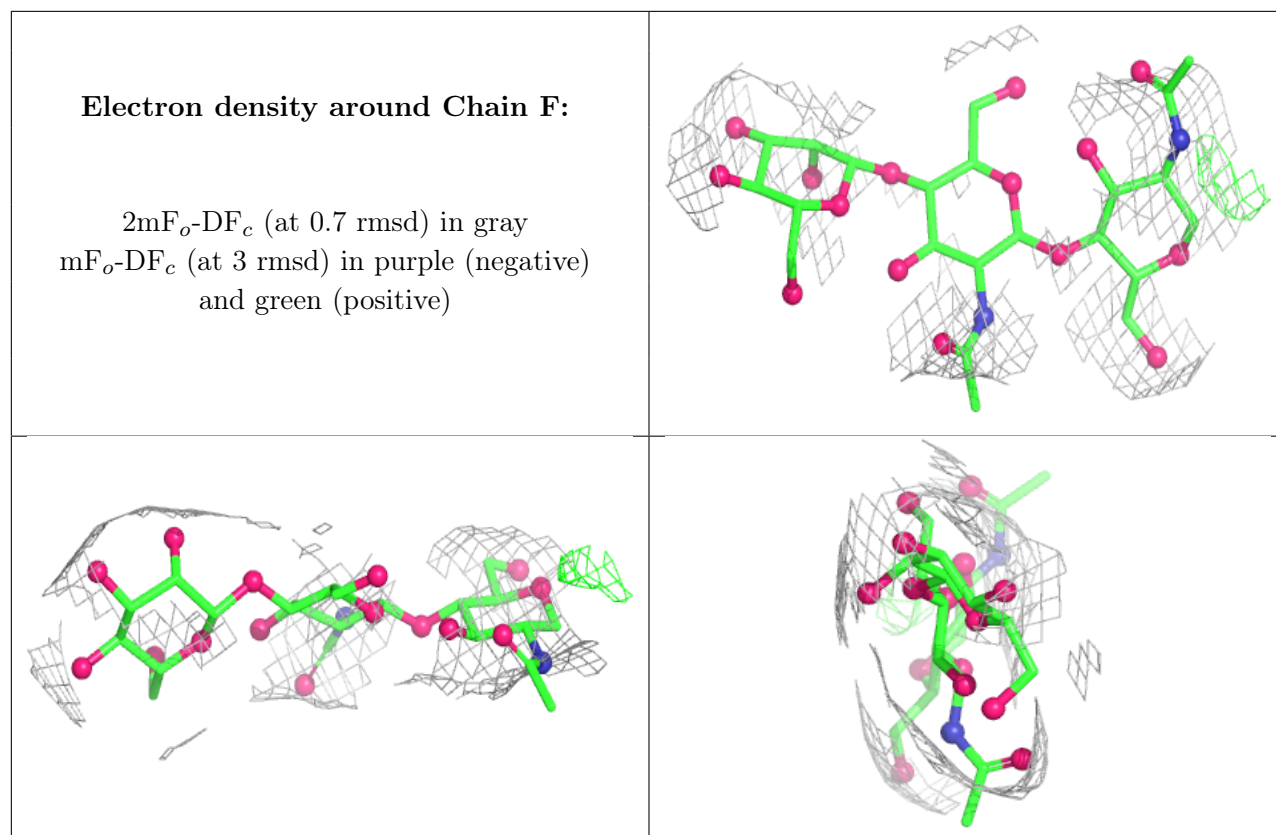
$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



Electron density around Chain D:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)





6.4 Ligands [i](#)

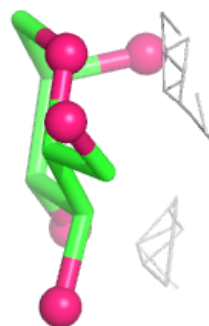
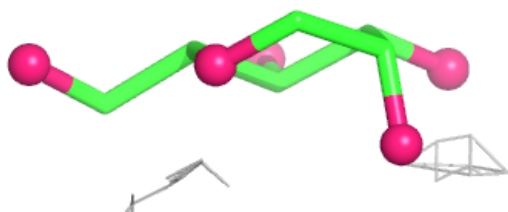
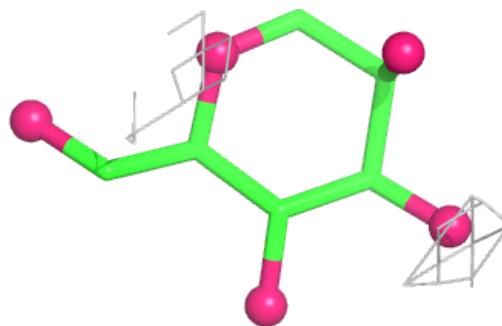
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
9	MAN	E	704	11/12	0.36	0.10	305,334,349,361	0
8	NAG	E	703	14/15	0.64	0.10	197,219,227,238	0
8	NAG	E	702	14/15	0.74	0.07	173,213,224,228	0
8	NAG	E	701	14/15	0.78	0.10	161,185,198,205	0

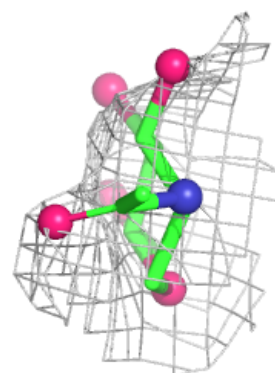
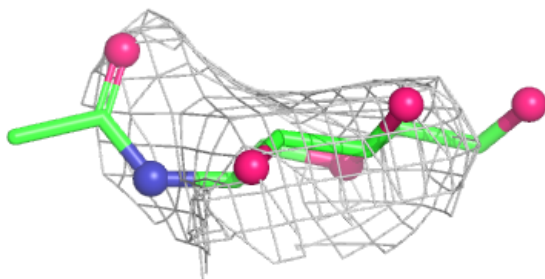
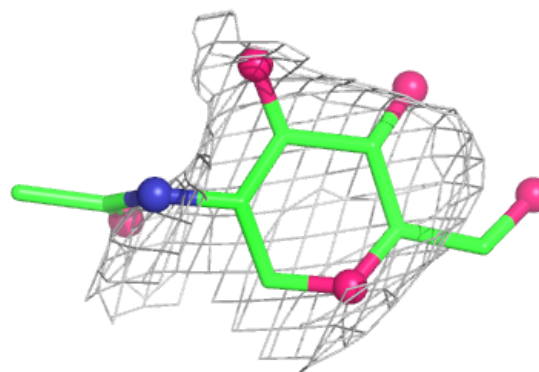
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around MAN E 704:

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 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

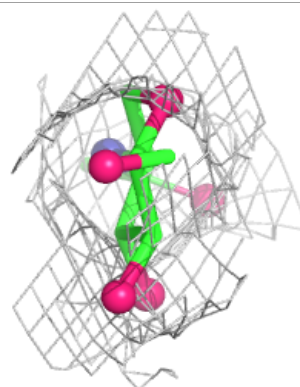
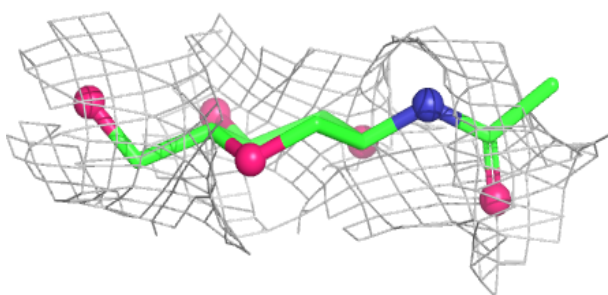
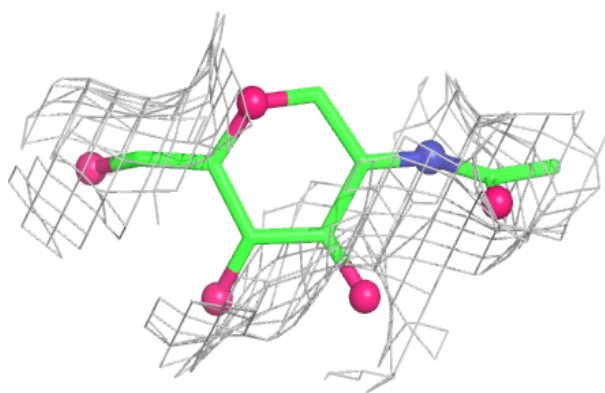
**Electron density around NAG E 703:**

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and green (positive)

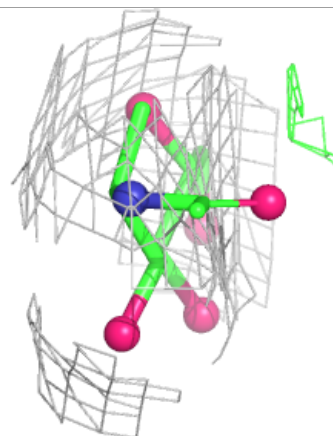
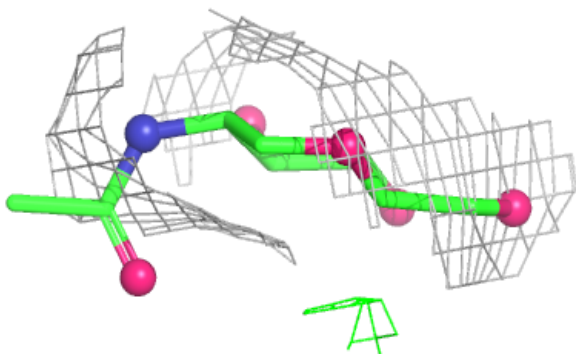
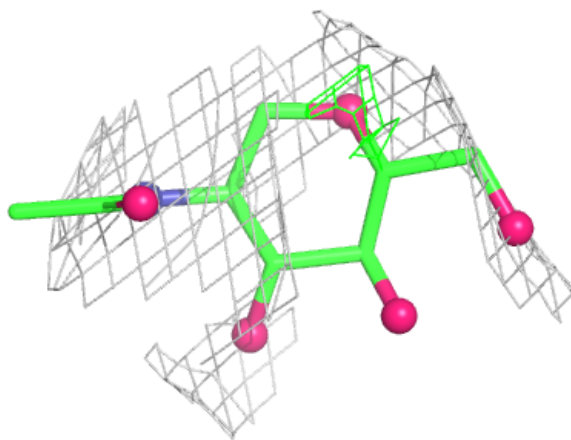


Electron density around NAG E 702:

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and green (positive)

**Electron density around NAG E 701:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.