



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 9, 2026 – 04:37 PM EST

PDB ID : 9OUM / pdb_00009oum
EMDB ID : EMD-70872
Title : Native GABA-A receptor from rat cerebella, beta2-alpha1-beta1-alpha6-gamma2 subtype, in complex with GABA and PZ-II-029
Authors : Sun, C.; Gouaux, E.
Deposited on : 2025-05-29
Resolution : 2.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

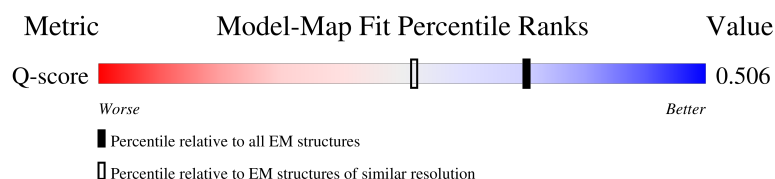
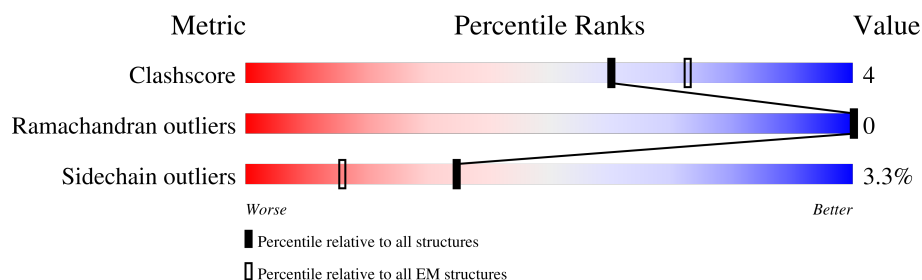
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev131
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.48

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



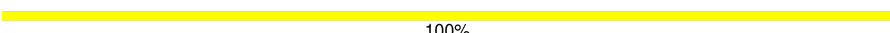
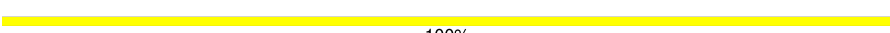
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	210492	15764	-
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835	-
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415	-
Q-score	-	25397	13054 (2.40 - 3.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	B	474	
2	D	466	
3	H	223	
4	L	213	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
5	A	455	 42% 53%
6	E	474	 38% 55% 6%
7	C	453	 42% 53% 5%
8	F	2	 100%
8	I	2	 100%
8	K	2	 100%
8	N	2	 100%
9	G	3	 100%
9	M	3	 33% 67%
9	O	3	 67% 33%
10	J	7	 14% 57% 29%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
8	NAG	I	1	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

There are 13 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 21023 atoms, of which 10363 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit beta-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
1	B	210	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			3381	1084	1680	286	320	11		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit gamma-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
2	D	208	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			3400	1102	1681	295	314	8		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called 8E3 Fab heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
3	H	117	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1783	587	863	152	177	4		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called 8E3 Fab light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
4	L	105	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1552	505	756	132	155	4		

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit alpha-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
5	A	213	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			3424	1094	1697	301	321	11		

- Molecule 6 is a protein called Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit beta-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
6	E	211	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			3421	1093	1710	288	320	10		

- Molecule 7 is a protein called Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit alpha-6.

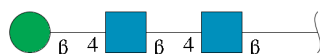
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
7	C	213	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			3421	1106	1699	283	321	12		

- Molecule 8 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



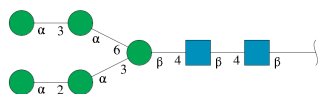
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	F	2	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			53	16	25	2	10		
8	I	2	Total	C	N	O		0	0
			28	16	2	10			
8	K	2	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			52	16	24	2	10		
8	N	2	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			53	16	25	2	10		

- Molecule 9 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



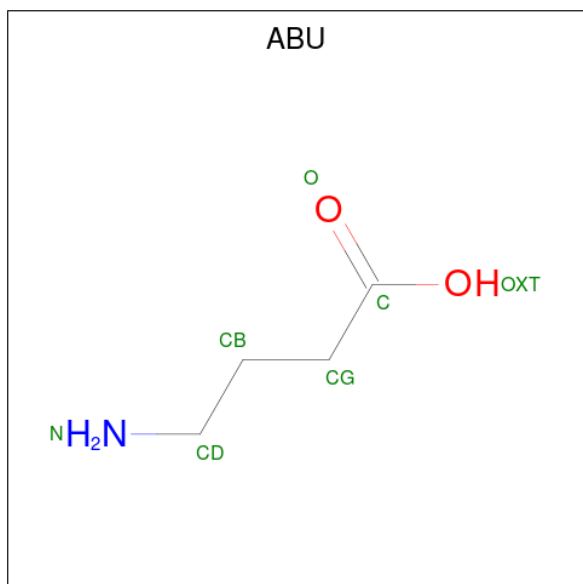
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
9	G	3	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			73	22	34	2	15		
9	M	3	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			71	22	32	2	15		
9	O	3	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			73	22	34	2	15		

- Molecule 10 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
10	J	7	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			153	46	70	2	35		

- Molecule 11 is GAMMA-AMINO-BUTANOIC ACID (CCD ID: ABU) (formula: $C_4H_9NO_2$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



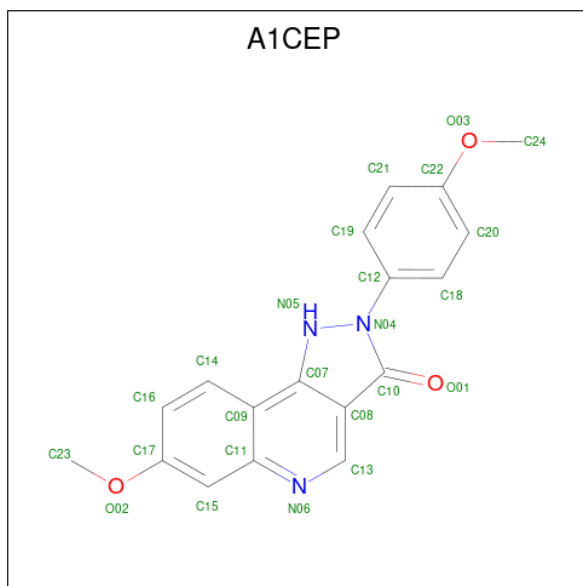
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
11	B	1	Total	C	H	N	O	0
			16	4	9	1	2	
11	E	1	Total	C	H	N	O	0
			16	4	9	1	2	

- Molecule 12 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
12	D	1	Total	C	N	O	0
			14	8	1	5	

- Molecule 13 is 7-methoxy-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrazolo[4,3-c]quinolin-3-one (CCD ID: A1CEP) (formula: $C_{18}H_{15}N_3O_3$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

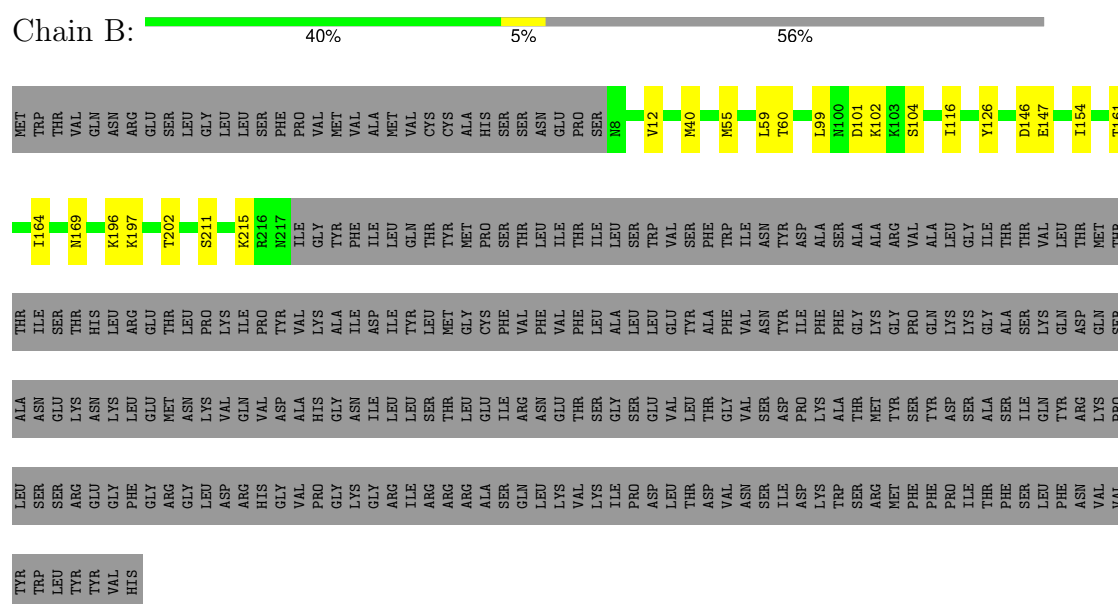


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
13	C	1	Total	C	H	N	O	0
			39	18	15	3	3	

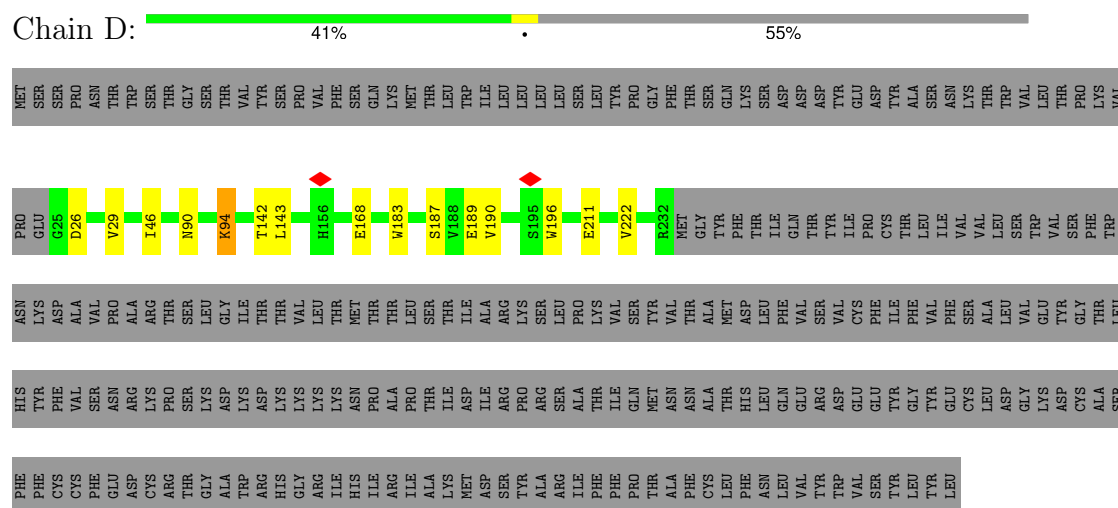
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

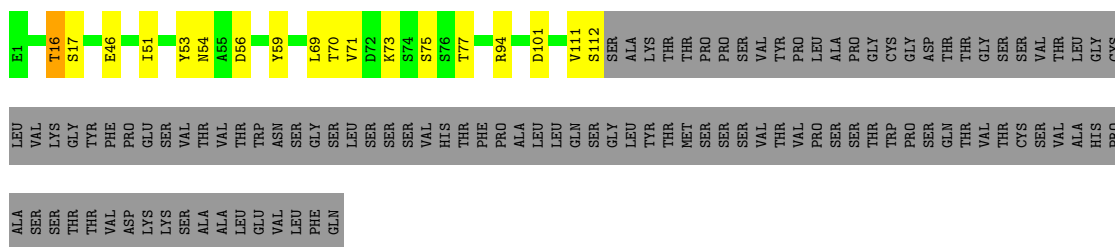
• Molecule 1: Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit beta-1



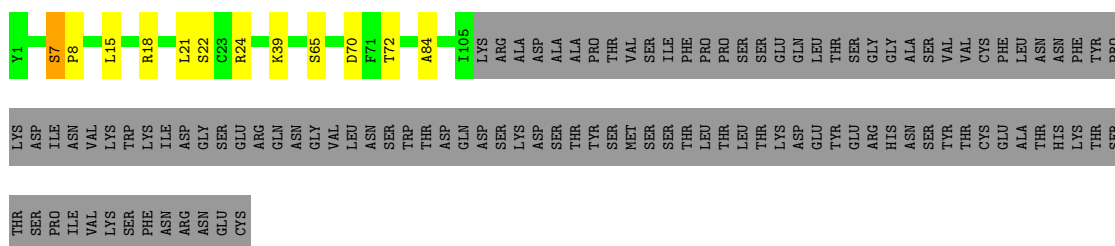
• Molecule 2: Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor subunit gamma-2



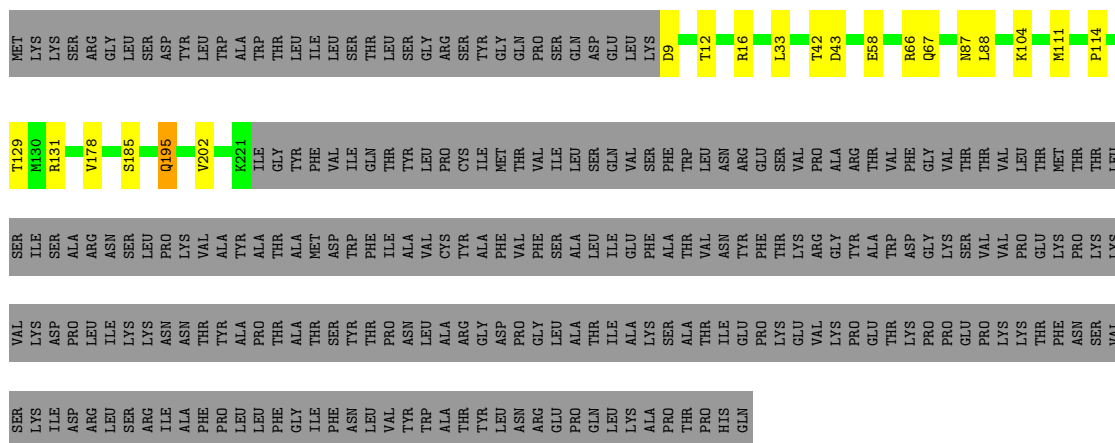
Chain H: 44% 8% 48%



Chain L: 44% 5% 51%

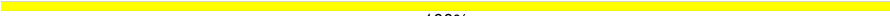


Chain A: 42% . 53%



Chain E: 38% 6% 55%



Chain K:  100%

NAG1
NAG2

- Molecule 8: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain N:  100%

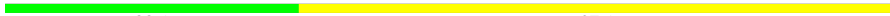
NAG1
NAG2

- Molecule 9: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain G:  100%

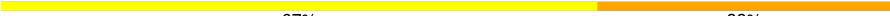
NAG1
NAG2
BMA3

- Molecule 9: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain M:  33% 67%

NAG1
NAG2
BMA3

- Molecule 9: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain O:  67% 33%

NAG1
NAG2
BMA3

- Molecule 10: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain J:  14% 57% 29%

NAG1
NAG2
BMA3
MAN4
MAN5
MAN6
MAN7

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	125387	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	43	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1200	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.895	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.430	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.019	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.1	Depositor
Map size (Å)	344.16, 344.16, 344.16	wwPDB
Map dimensions	360, 360, 360	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.95600003, 0.95600003, 0.95600003	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ABU, MAN, NAG, BMA, A1CEP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	B	0.14	0/1738	0.31	0/2354
2	D	0.15	0/1763	0.30	0/2396
3	H	0.14	0/946	0.33	0/1284
4	L	0.13	0/815	0.34	0/1108
5	A	0.14	0/1767	0.29	0/2393
6	E	0.14	0/1747	0.30	0/2370
7	C	0.15	0/1765	0.32	0/2391
All	All	0.14	0/10541	0.31	0/14296

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	B	1701	1680	1682	12	0
2	D	1719	1681	1682	11	0
3	H	920	863	863	9	0
4	L	796	756	756	6	0
5	A	1727	1697	1698	12	0
6	E	1711	1710	1709	18	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	C	1722	1699	1700	15	0
8	F	28	25	25	0	0
8	I	28	0	25	8	0
8	K	28	24	25	0	0
8	N	28	25	25	2	0
9	G	39	34	34	1	0
9	M	39	32	34	0	0
9	O	39	34	34	3	0
10	J	83	70	70	4	0
11	B	7	9	0	2	0
11	E	7	9	0	2	0
12	D	14	0	13	1	0
13	C	24	15	0	3	0
All	All	10660	10363	10375	90	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (90) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
13:C:501:A1CEP:C12	13:C:501:A1CEP:N04	1.70	1.51
1:B:202:THR:OG1	11:B:501:ABU:OXT	1.92	0.86
8:I:1:NAG:H61	8:I:2:NAG:C7	2.04	0.86
7:C:11:GLU:OE1	7:C:15:ARG:NE	2.15	0.79
5:A:178:VAL:O	5:A:195:GLN:NE2	2.16	0.78
8:I:1:NAG:H3	8:I:1:NAG:H83	1.68	0.76
3:H:54:ASN:ND2	3:H:56:ASP:OD1	2.20	0.73
6:E:59:LEU:HD21	6:E:61:MET:HE2	1.70	0.73
7:C:146:MET:SD	7:C:146:MET:N	2.65	0.69
3:H:94:ARG:NH2	3:H:101:ASP:OD2	2.28	0.67
7:C:73:LEU:HD12	7:C:125:ILE:HD11	1.78	0.66
7:C:84:LEU:HD13	7:C:88:MET:HE2	1.77	0.65
10:J:6:MAN:O6	9:O:1:NAG:H81	2.02	0.60
10:J:6:MAN:C6	9:O:1:NAG:H81	2.32	0.60
6:E:77:ILE:HG22	6:E:79:LEU:HG	1.84	0.59
3:H:16:THR:HG22	3:H:17:SER:H	1.68	0.58
2:D:190:VAL:HG13	2:D:196:TRP:CZ2	2.38	0.58
5:A:129:THR:HG21	11:E:501:ABU:O	2.04	0.58
6:E:202:THR:OG1	11:E:501:ABU:OXT	2.09	0.58
2:D:142:THR:HG21	13:C:501:A1CEP:O01	2.03	0.57

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
6:E:52:GLU:N	6:E:52:GLU:OE1	2.38	0.57
5:A:87:ASN:ND2	5:A:114:PRO:O	2.37	0.57
10:J:6:MAN:H61	9:O:1:NAG:H81	1.85	0.56
7:C:53:ASP:OD2	7:C:219:ARG:NH2	2.40	0.54
2:D:168:GLU:OE2	2:D:222:VAL:HG11	2.07	0.54
2:D:90:ASN:HB2	12:D:501:NAG:H2	1.89	0.54
3:H:51:ILE:HD13	3:H:71:VAL:HG23	1.90	0.53
10:J:2:NAG:H3	10:J:2:NAG:H83	1.90	0.53
8:I:1:NAG:H61	8:I:2:NAG:N2	2.24	0.53
7:C:116:LEU:C	7:C:116:LEU:HD23	2.35	0.52
5:A:58:GLU:OE1	5:A:104:LYS:NZ	2.35	0.52
5:A:131:ARG:NH2	6:E:101:ASP:OD1	2.41	0.51
6:E:61:MET:HE1	6:E:152:LEU:HD21	1.92	0.51
6:E:192:LYS:C	6:E:193:LEU:HD23	2.34	0.51
5:A:43:ASP:N	5:A:43:ASP:OD1	2.44	0.50
3:H:59:TYR:HE1	3:H:69:LEU:HD13	1.76	0.49
6:E:8:ASN:O	6:E:12:VAL:HG23	2.12	0.49
1:B:104:SER:HB2	7:C:110:MET:HE3	1.94	0.49
6:E:84:ASP:O	6:E:87:VAL:HG12	2.12	0.49
2:D:46:ILE:HG22	6:E:9:MET:SD	2.53	0.49
1:B:161:THR:HG21	1:B:197:LYS:HD3	1.94	0.48
1:B:146:ASP:OD1	1:B:146:ASP:N	2.44	0.48
7:C:209:VAL:C	7:C:210:ILE:HD12	2.39	0.48
1:B:161:THR:HG21	1:B:197:LYS:CD	2.45	0.47
4:L:7:SER:O	4:L:8:PRO:C	2.57	0.47
3:H:53:TYR:O	3:H:73:LYS:NZ	2.43	0.47
5:A:9:ASP:O	5:A:12:THR:HG22	2.13	0.47
7:C:42:ASP:N	7:C:42:ASP:OD1	2.47	0.47
7:C:122:ASN:HD22	8:N:1:NAG:H83	1.79	0.46
6:E:28:ARG:NH1	6:E:29:PRO:O	2.49	0.46
8:N:1:NAG:H4	8:N:2:NAG:N2	2.31	0.46
4:L:24:ARG:NH2	4:L:70:ASP:OD2	2.46	0.46
7:C:189:TYR:OH	7:C:219:ARG:NH1	2.49	0.46
6:E:100:ASN:OD1	6:E:100:ASN:N	2.49	0.46
1:B:196:LYS:NZ	9:G:2:NAG:H81	2.30	0.45
3:H:111:VAL:O	3:H:112:SER:C	2.60	0.45
3:H:75:SER:O	3:H:77:THR:N	2.50	0.45
8:I:1:NAG:H3	8:I:1:NAG:C8	2.44	0.45
1:B:12:VAL:HG11	5:A:33:LEU:HD23	1.99	0.44
1:B:40:MET:CE	1:B:154:ILE:HG21	2.46	0.44
11:B:501:ABU:O	7:C:128:THR:HG21	2.17	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:D:26:ASP:N	2:D:26:ASP:OD1	2.49	0.44
7:C:186:LEU:HD22	7:C:189:TYR:HB2	1.98	0.44
7:C:210:ILE:HD11	13:C:501:A1CEP:O02	2.18	0.44
6:E:147:GLU:OE2	6:E:215:LYS:NZ	2.51	0.43
1:B:59:LEU:HD23	1:B:60:THR:N	2.33	0.43
8:I:1:NAG:H83	8:I:1:NAG:C3	2.44	0.43
1:B:147:GLU:OE2	1:B:215:LYS:NZ	2.43	0.43
8:I:1:NAG:C1	8:I:1:NAG:H82	2.48	0.43
4:L:39:LYS:HG2	4:L:84:ALA:HB2	2.00	0.43
4:L:7:SER:CB	4:L:8:PRO:CD	2.97	0.42
4:L:21:LEU:HD12	4:L:21:LEU:N	2.34	0.42
2:D:189:GLU:OE2	7:C:204:ASN:ND2	2.44	0.42
2:D:183:TRP:HB2	8:I:1:NAG:H62	2.02	0.41
5:A:66:ARG:HG2	5:A:129:THR:HG23	2.00	0.41
6:E:155:GLU:OE1	6:E:207:ARG:NE	2.46	0.41
3:H:59:TYR:CE1	3:H:69:LEU:HD13	2.54	0.41
2:D:94:LYS:HD2	2:D:94:LYS:N	2.36	0.41
4:L:7:SER:HB2	4:L:22:SER:H	1.86	0.41
6:E:12:VAL:HG22	6:E:77:ILE:HD13	2.02	0.41
6:E:59:LEU:HD21	6:E:61:MET:CE	2.45	0.41
8:I:1:NAG:H61	8:I:2:NAG:O7	2.18	0.41
5:A:12:THR:O	5:A:16:ARG:HG3	2.20	0.41
1:B:12:VAL:HG11	5:A:33:LEU:CD2	2.51	0.41
5:A:42:THR:HG22	5:A:67:GLN:HG2	2.02	0.41
6:E:20:LEU:HD21	6:E:91:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.41
2:D:143:LEU:N	2:D:143:LEU:HD23	2.36	0.40
1:B:116:ILE:HD13	1:B:126:TYR:HD1	1.86	0.40
2:D:26:ASP:O	2:D:29:VAL:HG22	2.22	0.40
6:E:79:LEU:HD12	6:E:79:LEU:C	2.46	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	208/474 (44%)	205 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
2	D	206/466 (44%)	194 (94%)	12 (6%)	0	100	100
3	H	115/223 (52%)	109 (95%)	6 (5%)	0	100	100
4	L	103/213 (48%)	94 (91%)	9 (9%)	0	100	100
5	A	211/455 (46%)	207 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
6	E	209/474 (44%)	203 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
7	C	211/453 (47%)	204 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	1263/2758 (46%)	1216 (96%)	47 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	190/423 (45%)	183 (96%)	7 (4%)	29	64
2	D	192/428 (45%)	189 (98%)	3 (2%)	58	84
3	H	98/195 (50%)	95 (97%)	3 (3%)	35	70
4	L	83/188 (44%)	78 (94%)	5 (6%)	16	44
5	A	192/404 (48%)	187 (97%)	5 (3%)	41	74
6	E	193/421 (46%)	185 (96%)	8 (4%)	26	60
7	C	194/407 (48%)	187 (96%)	7 (4%)	30	65
All	All	1142/2466 (46%)	1104 (97%)	38 (3%)	35	68

All (38) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	55	MET
1	B	99	LEU
1	B	101	ASP
1	B	102	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	164	ILE
1	B	169	ASN
1	B	211	SER
2	D	94	LYS
2	D	187	SER
2	D	211	GLU
3	H	16	THR
3	H	46	GLU
3	H	70	THR
4	L	7	SER
4	L	15	LEU
4	L	18	ARG
4	L	65	SER
4	L	72	THR
5	A	88	LEU
5	A	111	MET
5	A	185	SER
5	A	195	GLN
5	A	202	VAL
6	E	36	VAL
6	E	40	MET
6	E	59	LEU
6	E	99	LEU
6	E	115	MET
6	E	164	ILE
6	E	204	SER
6	E	211	SER
7	C	59	THR
7	C	72	ARG
7	C	87	LEU
7	C	116	LEU
7	C	190	ASP
7	C	205	THR
7	C	211	MET

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (13) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	65	GLN
1	B	85	ASN
2	D	60	ASN
3	H	5	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	H	6	GLN
3	H	39	GLN
4	L	38	GLN
5	A	87	ASN
5	A	115	ASN
5	A	215	HIS
5	A	217	HIS
6	E	85	ASN
7	C	134	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

24 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
8	NAG	F	1	8,1	14,14,15	0.74	0	17,19,21	0.88	1 (5%)
8	NAG	F	2	8	14,14,15	0.73	0	17,19,21	1.11	1 (5%)
9	NAG	G	1	1,9	14,14,15	0.79	0	17,19,21	1.31	2 (11%)
9	NAG	G	2	9	14,14,15	0.77	0	17,19,21	0.88	0
9	BMA	G	3	9	11,11,12	0.82	0	15,15,17	1.81	3 (20%)
8	NAG	I	1	2,8	14,14,15	0.92	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.11	6 (35%)
8	NAG	I	2	8	14,14,15	0.72	0	17,19,21	1.37	3 (17%)
10	NAG	J	1	5,10	14,14,15	0.68	0	17,19,21	1.14	1 (5%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
10	NAG	J	2	10	14,14,15	0.68	0	17,19,21	1.63	2 (11%)
10	BMA	J	3	10	11,11,12	0.77	0	15,15,17	2.90	4 (26%)
10	MAN	J	4	10	11,11,12	0.70	0	15,15,17	1.44	1 (6%)
10	MAN	J	5	10	11,11,12	0.67	0	15,15,17	1.64	1 (6%)
10	MAN	J	6	10	11,11,12	0.80	0	15,15,17	1.02	1 (6%)
10	MAN	J	7	10	11,11,12	0.78	0	15,15,17	0.93	0
8	NAG	K	1	6,8	14,14,15	0.70	0	17,19,21	1.31	3 (17%)
8	NAG	K	2	8	14,14,15	0.73	0	17,19,21	0.89	1 (5%)
9	NAG	M	1	6,9	14,14,15	0.81	0	17,19,21	1.06	1 (5%)
9	NAG	M	2	9	14,14,15	0.76	0	17,19,21	0.81	0
9	BMA	M	3	9	11,11,12	0.81	0	15,15,17	1.77	1 (6%)
8	NAG	N	1	8,7	14,14,15	0.76	0	17,19,21	1.04	2 (11%)
8	NAG	N	2	8	14,14,15	0.77	0	17,19,21	1.36	1 (5%)
9	NAG	O	1	9,7	14,14,15	0.72	0	17,19,21	0.97	1 (5%)
9	NAG	O	2	9	14,14,15	0.72	0	17,19,21	0.87	1 (5%)
9	BMA	O	3	9	11,11,12	0.83	0	15,15,17	2.00	2 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
8	NAG	F	1	8,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	F	2	8	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	NAG	G	1	1,9	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	NAG	G	2	9	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	BMA	G	3	9	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	I	1	2,8	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	I	2	8	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
10	NAG	J	1	5,10	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
10	NAG	J	2	10	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
10	BMA	J	3	10	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
10	MAN	J	4	10	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
10	MAN	J	5	10	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
10	MAN	J	6	10	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
10	MAN	J	7	10	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	K	1	6,8	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
8	NAG	K	2	8	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	NAG	M	1	6,9	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	NAG	M	2	9	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	BMA	M	3	9	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	N	1	8,7	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
8	NAG	N	2	8	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	NAG	O	1	9,7	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	NAG	O	2	9	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
9	BMA	O	3	9	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
8	I	1	NAG	O5-C1	-2.44	1.39	1.43

All (39) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
10	J	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	9.09	124.36	112.19
9	O	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	6.15	120.43	112.19
10	J	5	MAN	C1-O5-C5	5.52	119.58	112.19
9	M	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	5.36	119.37	112.19
10	J	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	4.88	129.44	122.90
9	G	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	4.85	118.69	112.19
10	J	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	4.49	118.20	112.19
8	N	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.41	118.09	112.19
8	I	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	4.16	116.98	110.43
9	G	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.96	128.21	122.90
10	J	3	BMA	C3-C4-C5	3.82	117.15	110.23
8	I	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-3.60	105.73	111.29
8	I	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.55	127.65	122.90
8	I	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.47	116.83	112.19
8	F	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.32	127.35	122.90
8	K	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.09	127.04	122.90
8	I	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	3.04	126.98	122.90
8	I	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2	2.89	114.99	110.43
8	N	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.80	126.65	122.90
8	I	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6	-2.79	102.24	107.66
10	J	3	BMA	O4-C4-C3	-2.71	104.00	110.38
10	J	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.58	126.36	122.90
10	J	3	BMA	O5-C5-C4	2.53	116.99	110.83

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
9	G	3	BMA	C3-C4-C5	2.48	114.73	110.23
8	K	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.44	107.51	111.29
10	J	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.39	107.60	111.29
8	I	1	NAG	O4-C4-C3	-2.36	104.82	110.38
9	G	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.27	107.78	111.29
9	O	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.25	107.82	111.29
9	O	3	BMA	C3-C4-C5	2.19	114.21	110.23
8	F	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.15	107.96	111.29
10	J	6	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.13	115.04	112.19
8	I	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.11	108.02	111.29
8	N	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.11	108.02	111.29
9	G	3	BMA	O4-C4-C3	-2.11	105.40	110.38
9	O	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.09	108.05	111.29
9	M	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.09	125.70	122.90
8	K	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.03	108.15	111.29
8	K	1	NAG	O4-C4-C3	-2.02	105.61	110.38

There are no chirality outliers.

All (32) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	K	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
8	N	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
10	J	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
10	J	6	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
8	F	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
8	F	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
8	I	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
8	I	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
8	I	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
8	I	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
8	K	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
8	K	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
8	N	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
8	N	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
9	G	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
9	G	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
10	J	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
10	J	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
10	J	6	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
9	G	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
9	O	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

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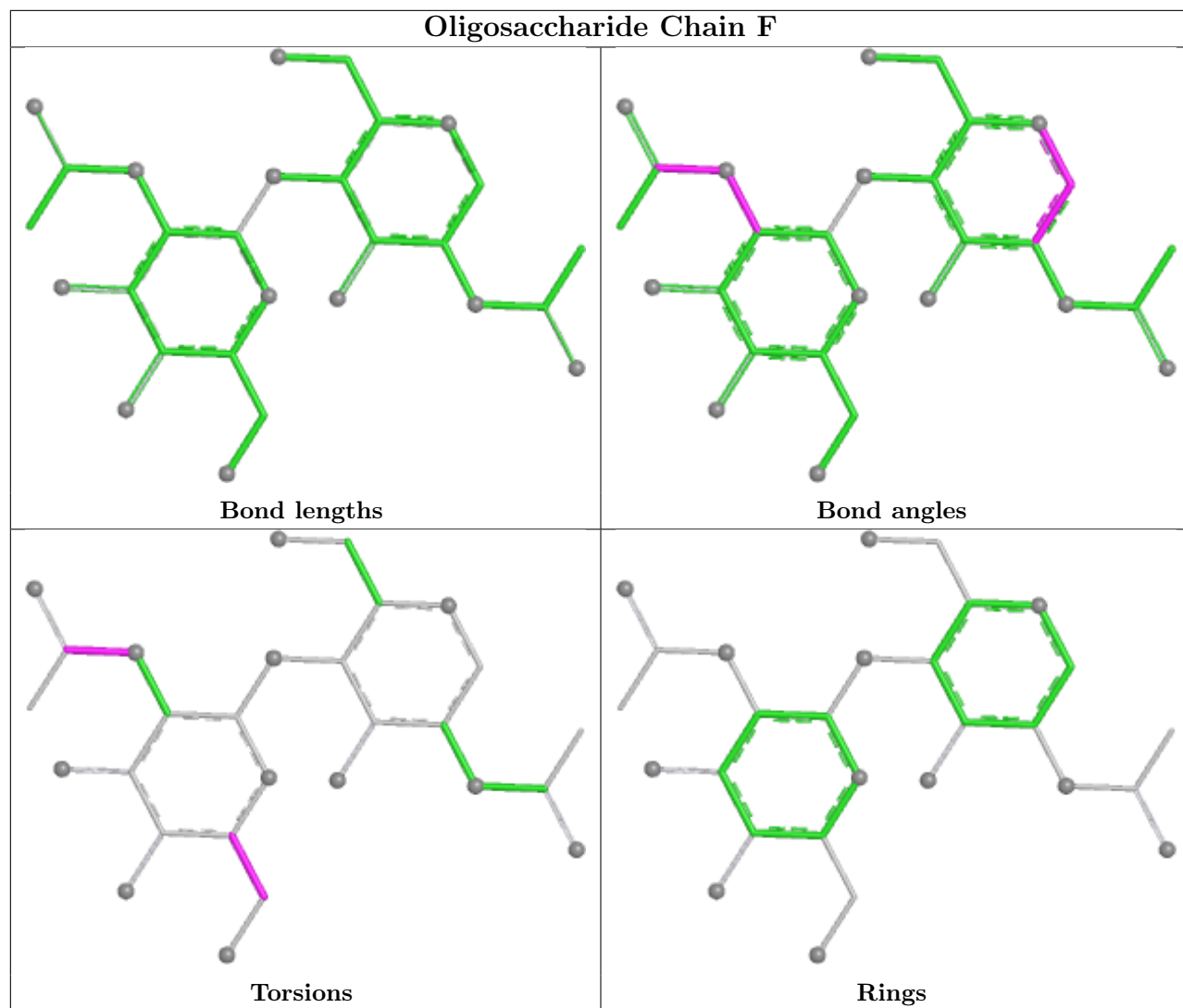
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
10	J	7	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
8	F	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
9	M	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
8	I	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
9	O	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
10	J	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
10	J	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
10	J	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
8	I	1	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
8	N	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
9	O	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

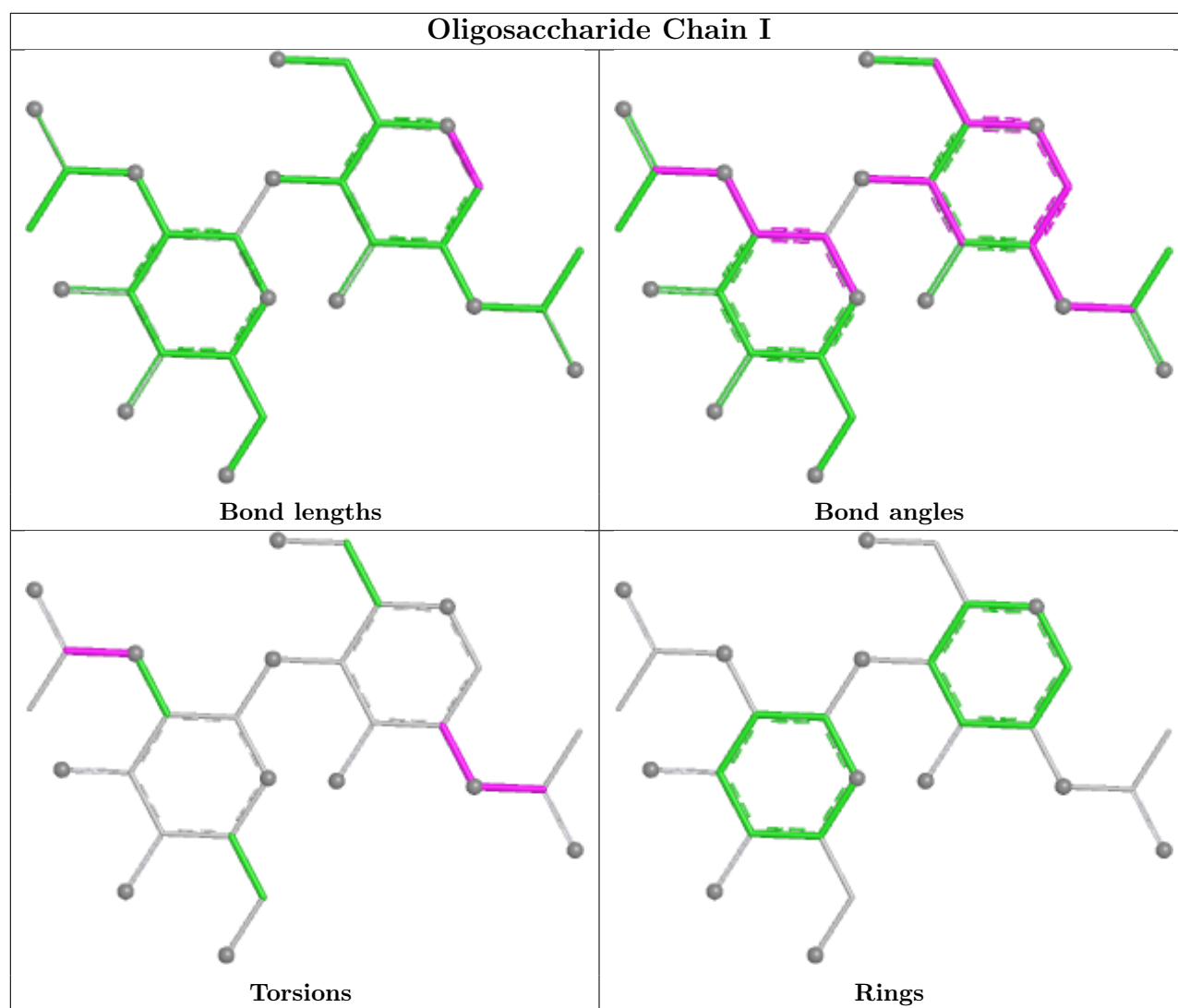
There are no ring outliers.

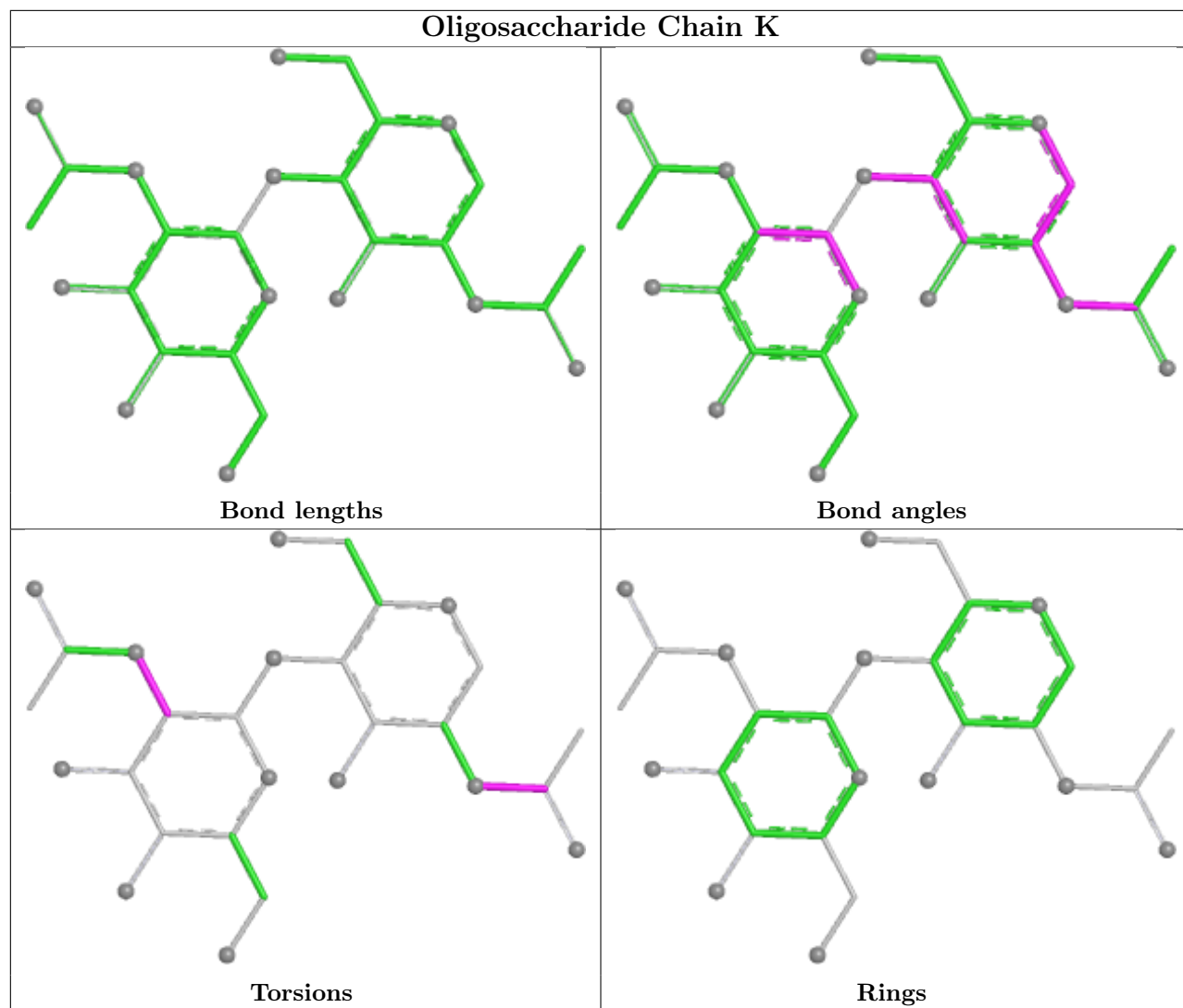
8 monomers are involved in 15 short contacts:

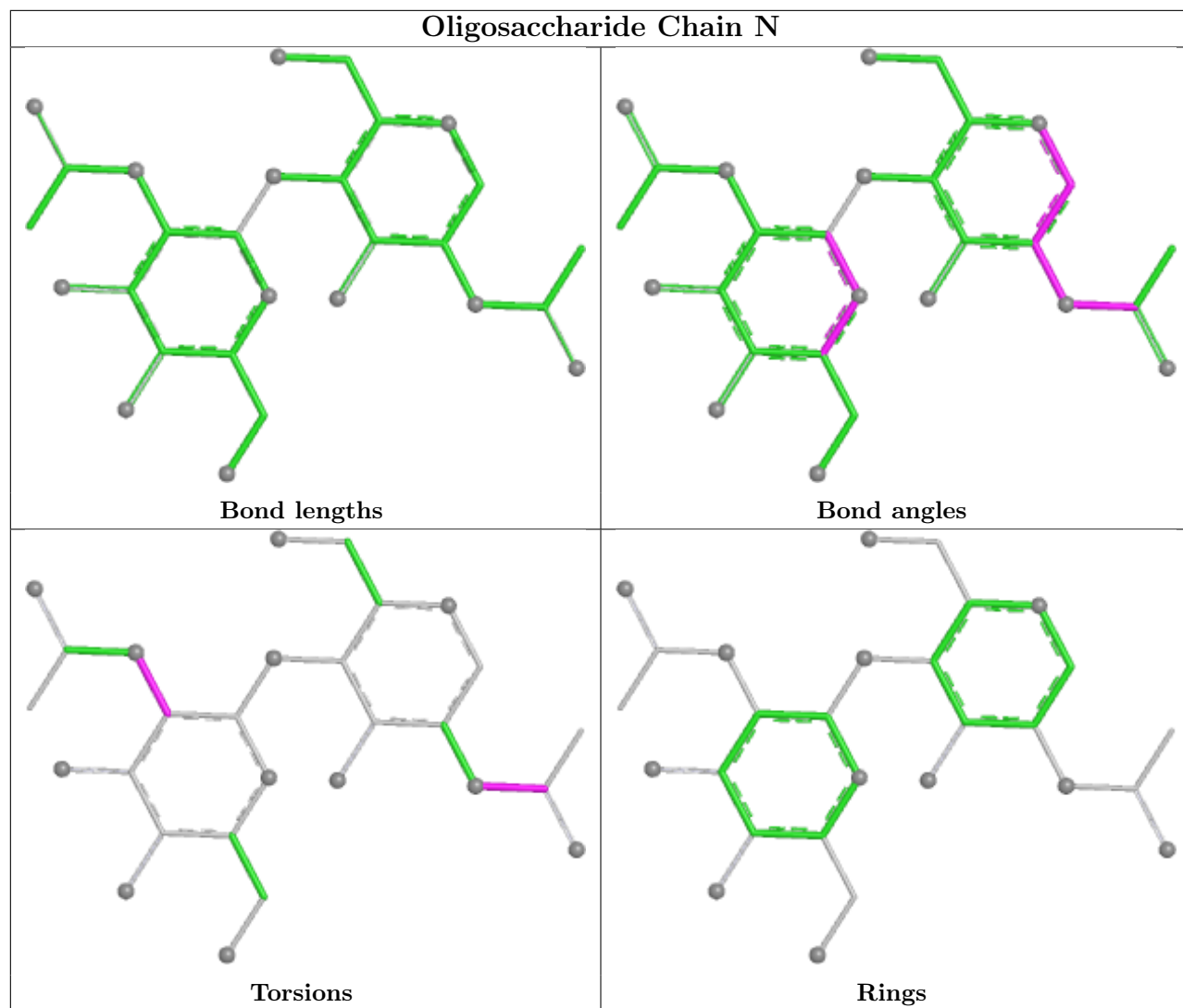
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
8	I	2	NAG	3	0
10	J	6	MAN	3	0
8	I	1	NAG	8	0
8	N	2	NAG	1	0
9	G	2	NAG	1	0
10	J	2	NAG	1	0
9	O	1	NAG	3	0
8	N	1	NAG	2	0

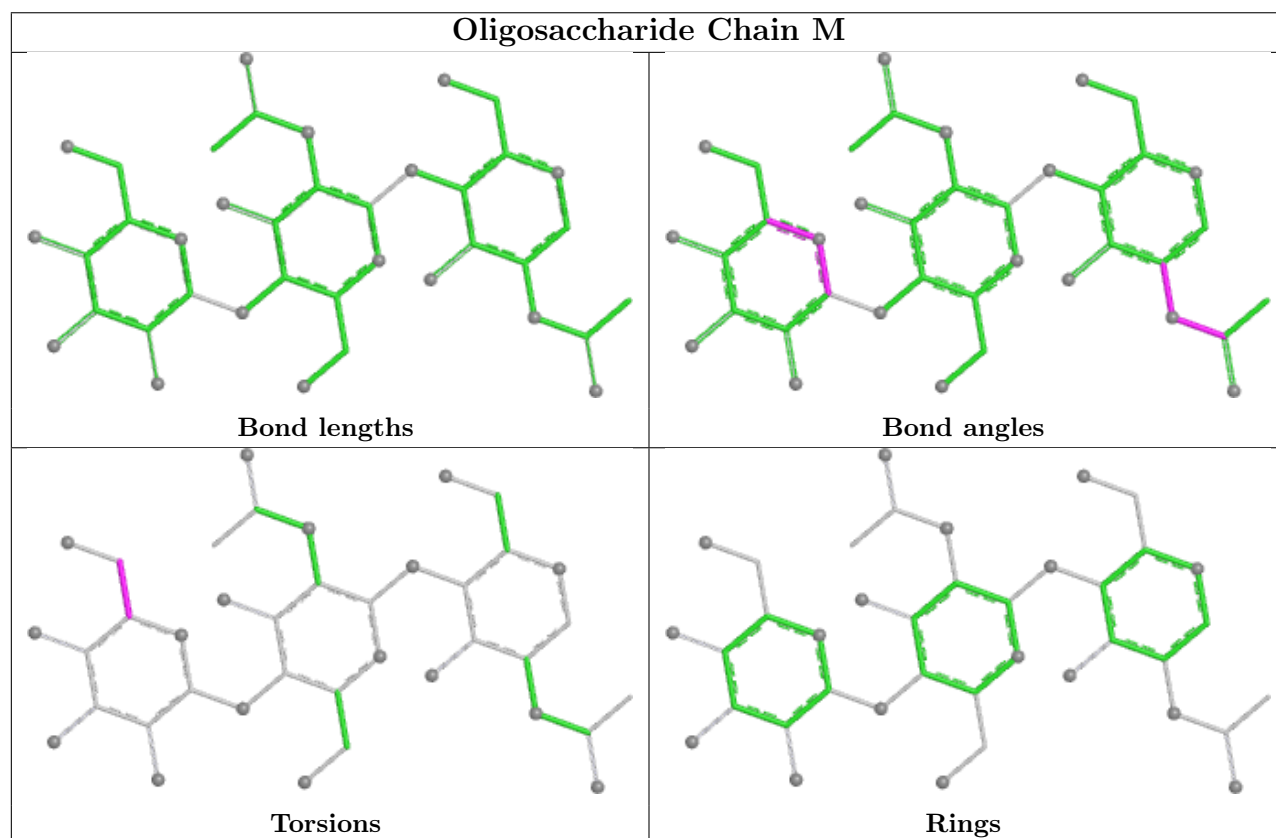
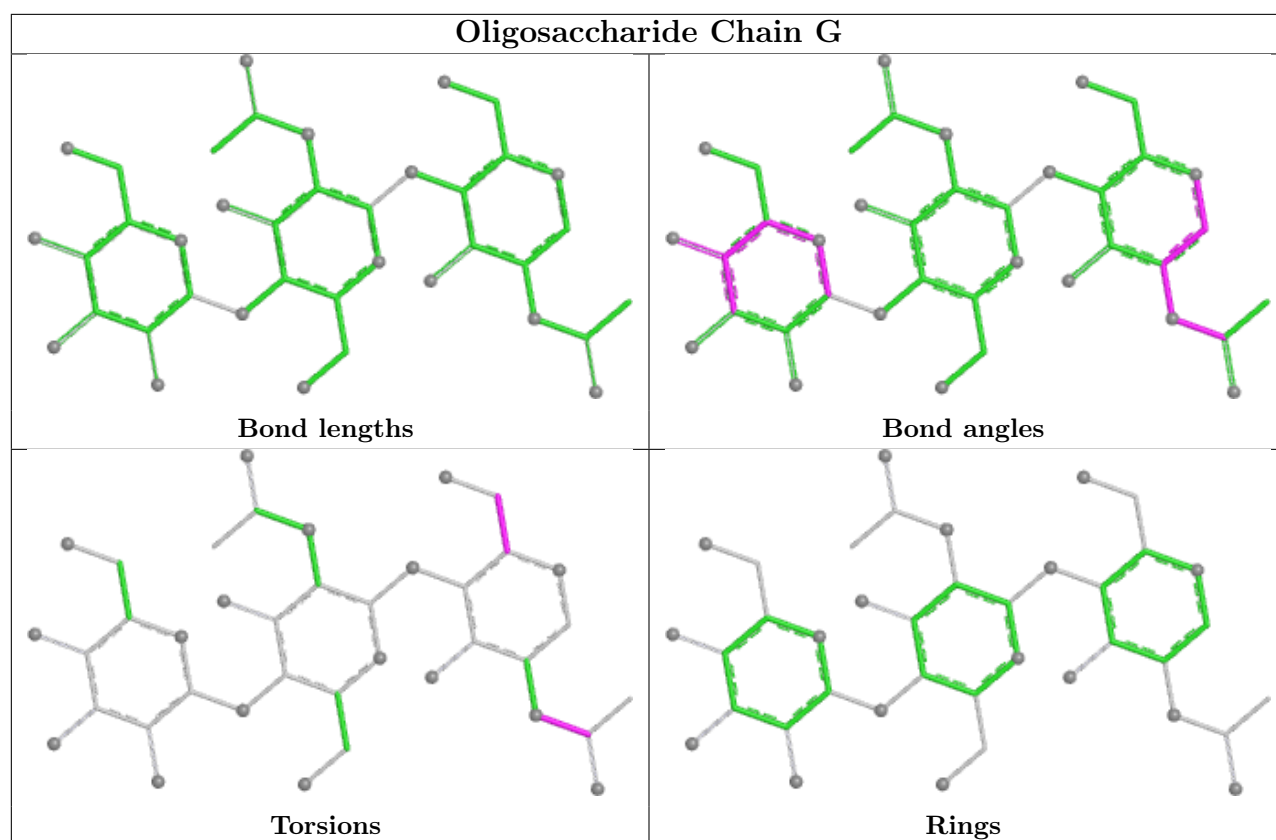
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

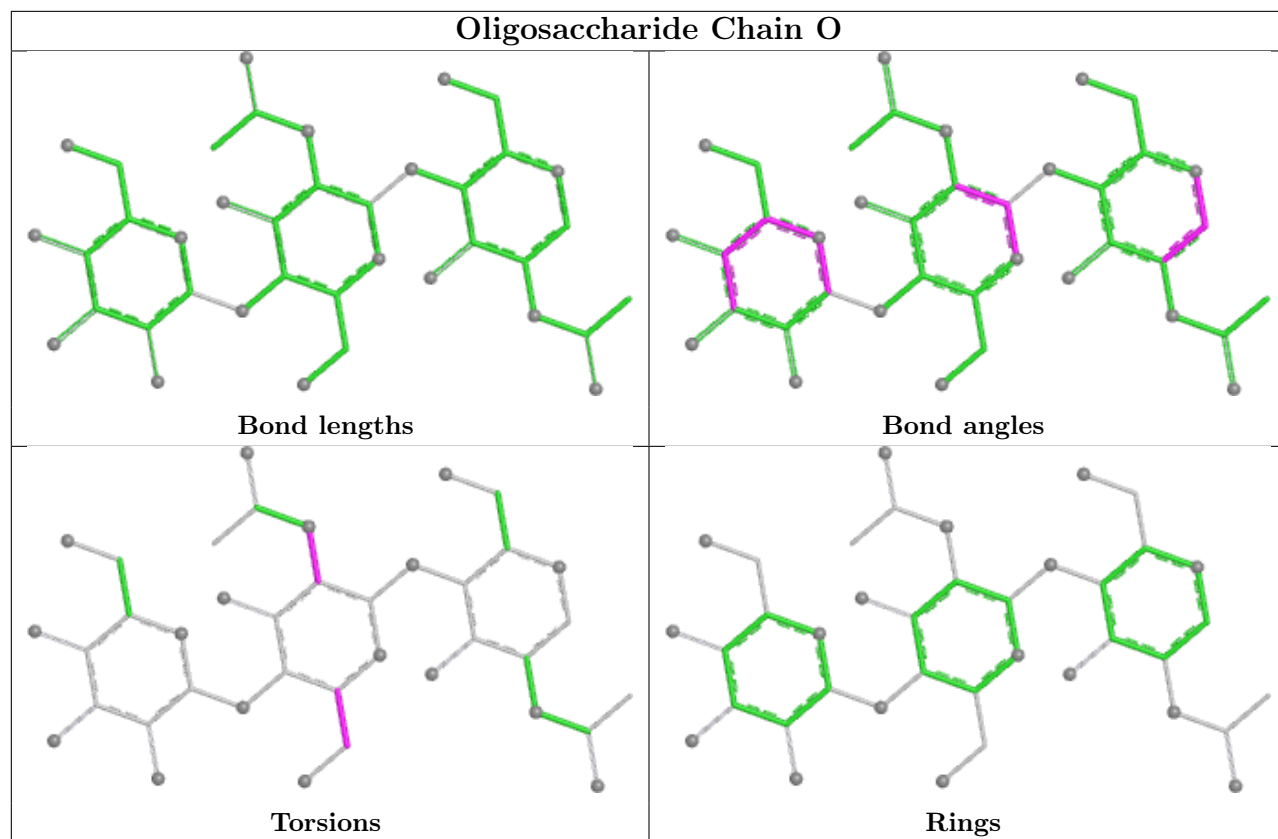


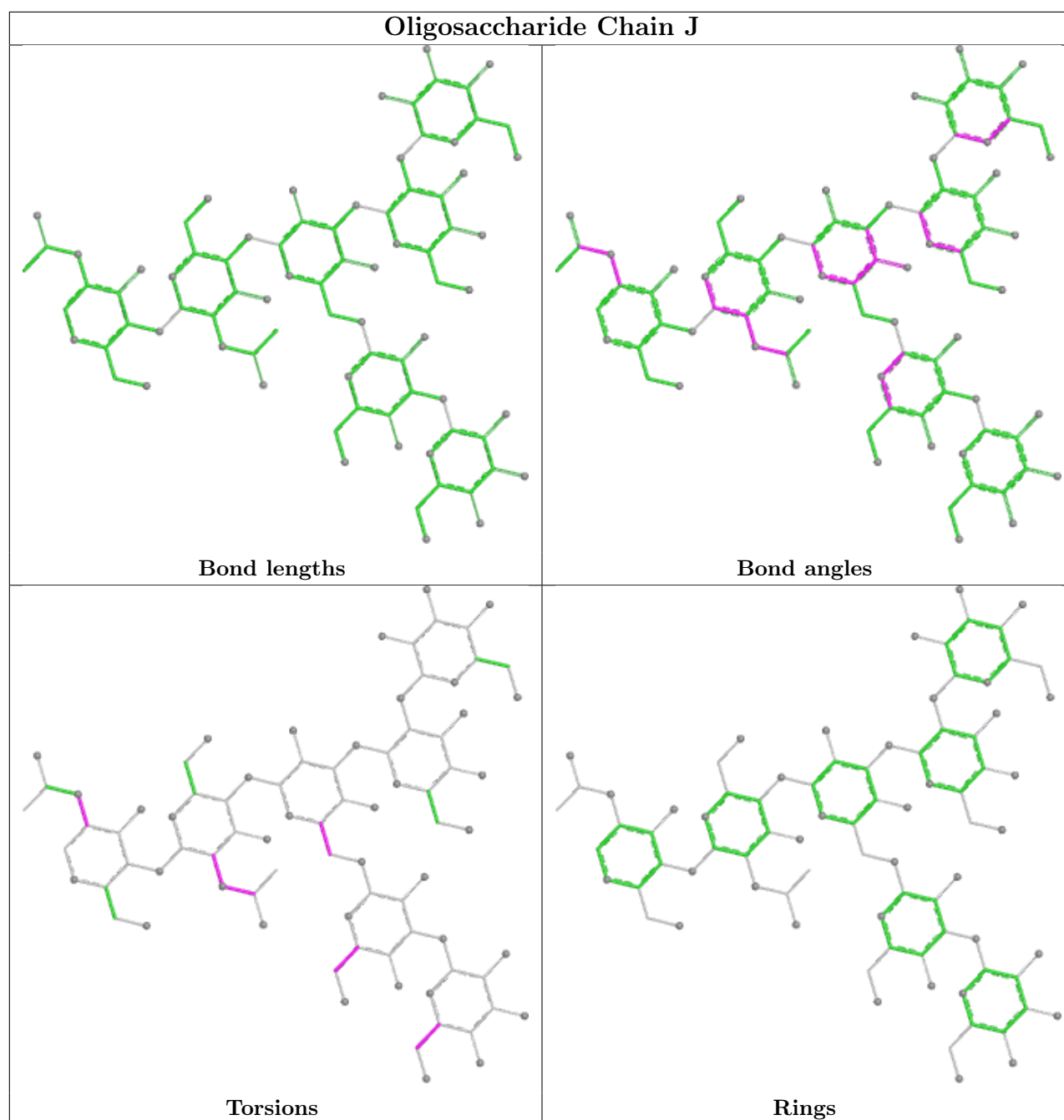












5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
11	ABU	B	501	-	6,6,6	2.10	2 (33%)	6,6,6	0.93	0
13	A1CEP	C	501	-	24,27,27	6.90	16 (66%)	31,39,39	2.90	11 (35%)
11	ABU	E	501	-	6,6,6	2.11	2 (33%)	6,6,6	0.97	0
12	NAG	D	501	2	14,14,15	0.71	0	17,19,21	0.75	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
11	ABU	B	501	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
13	A1CEP	C	501	-	-	2/8/8/8	0/4/4/4
11	ABU	E	501	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
12	NAG	D	501	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (20) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
13	C	501	A1CEP	C12-N04	21.08	1.70	1.42
13	C	501	A1CEP	C07-C09	15.32	1.70	1.43
13	C	501	A1CEP	C15-C11	13.70	1.62	1.41
13	C	501	A1CEP	C11-N06	9.01	1.52	1.37
13	C	501	A1CEP	C16-C17	5.97	1.49	1.38
13	C	501	A1CEP	C13-C08	5.54	1.50	1.40
13	C	501	A1CEP	C14-C09	4.75	1.51	1.42
11	E	501	ABU	CG-C	4.33	1.60	1.50
11	B	501	ABU	CG-C	4.31	1.60	1.50
13	C	501	A1CEP	C20-C18	4.20	1.45	1.38
13	C	501	A1CEP	C08-C10	4.12	1.55	1.48
13	C	501	A1CEP	C21-C19	3.94	1.45	1.38
13	C	501	A1CEP	O02-C17	3.50	1.44	1.37
13	C	501	A1CEP	O03-C22	3.09	1.43	1.37
13	C	501	A1CEP	C18-C12	2.56	1.44	1.39
13	C	501	A1CEP	C19-C12	2.56	1.44	1.39
13	C	501	A1CEP	C20-C22	2.50	1.43	1.38
11	B	501	ABU	O-C	2.47	1.30	1.22
13	C	501	A1CEP	C21-C22	2.47	1.43	1.38
11	E	501	ABU	O-C	2.45	1.30	1.22

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
13	C	501	A1CEP	C08-C10-N04	10.27	111.24	104.84
13	C	501	A1CEP	C13-N06-C11	6.03	123.94	116.96
13	C	501	A1CEP	C15-C11-N06	4.70	123.41	118.01
13	C	501	A1CEP	C09-C11-N06	-3.78	118.81	122.82
13	C	501	A1CEP	C08-C07-C09	-3.34	118.57	122.09
13	C	501	A1CEP	C16-C14-C09	2.88	125.19	121.15
13	C	501	A1CEP	C17-C15-C11	2.62	122.55	119.12
13	C	501	A1CEP	C24-O03-C22	2.48	122.82	117.50
13	C	501	A1CEP	C18-C12-N04	2.47	122.49	119.84
13	C	501	A1CEP	C16-C17-C15	-2.46	117.64	120.83
13	C	501	A1CEP	C21-C22-C20	-2.36	116.71	120.16

There are no chirality outliers.

All (6) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
13	C	501	A1CEP	C20-C22-O03-C24
13	C	501	A1CEP	C21-C22-O03-C24
12	D	501	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
12	D	501	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
11	E	501	ABU	OXT-C-CG-CB
11	E	501	ABU	O-C-CG-CB

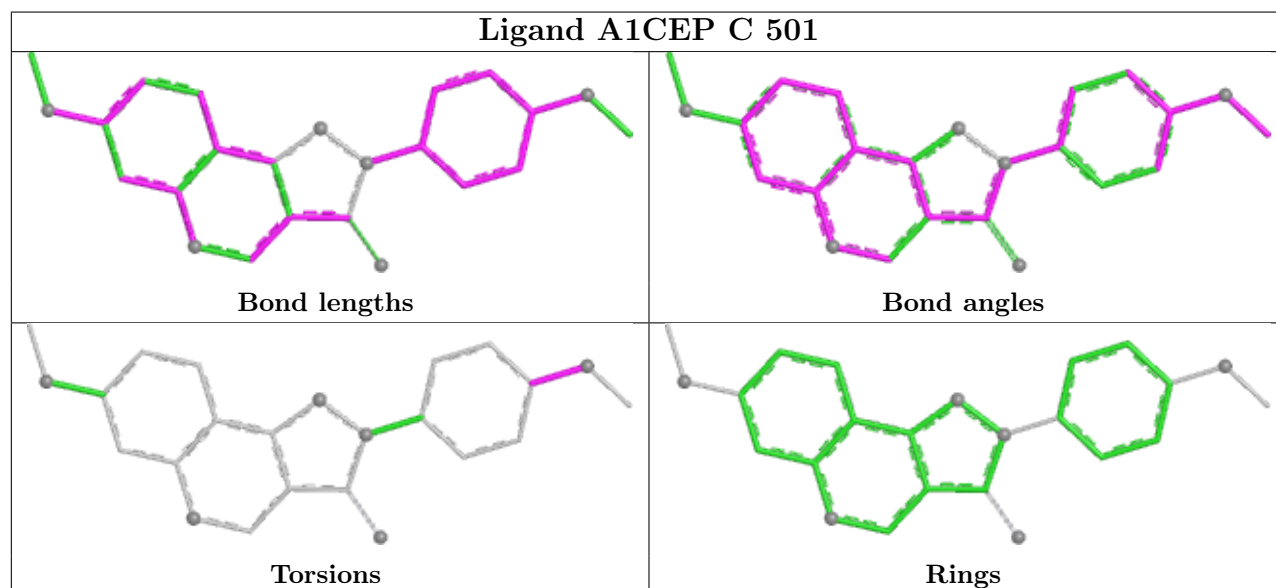
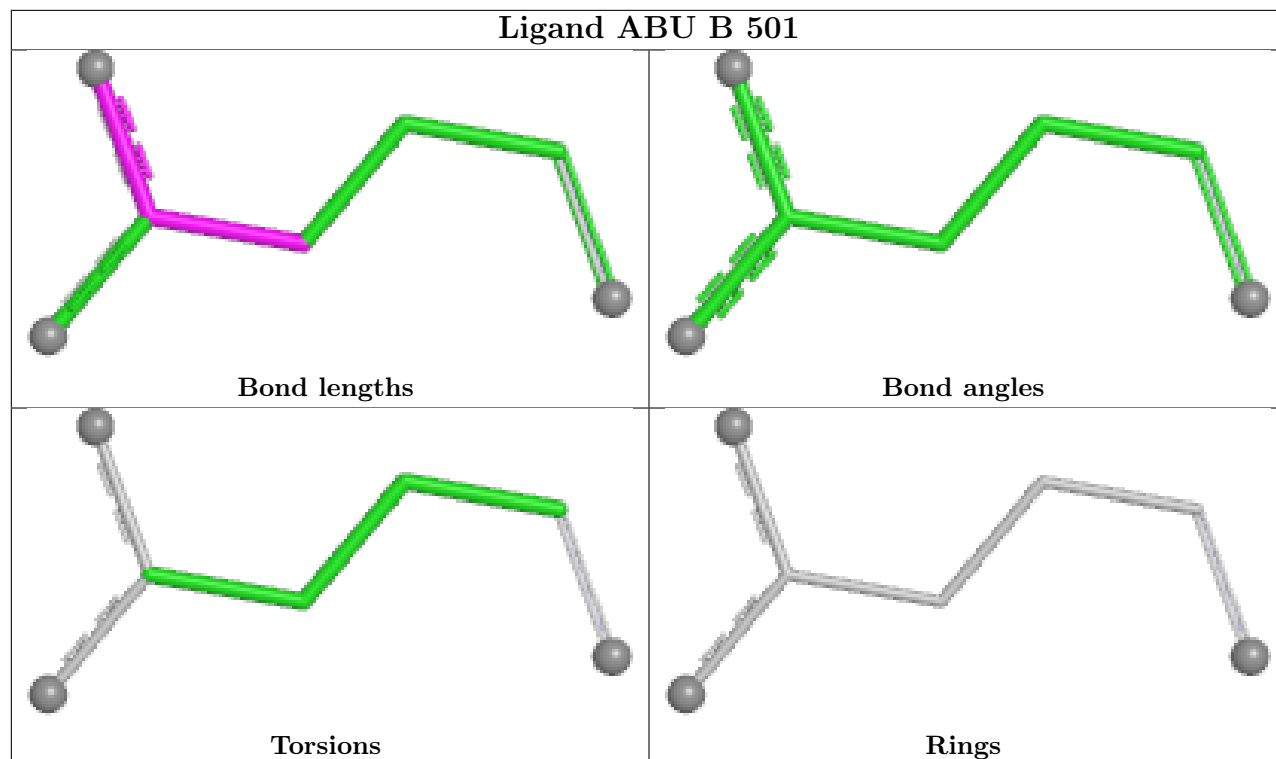
There are no ring outliers.

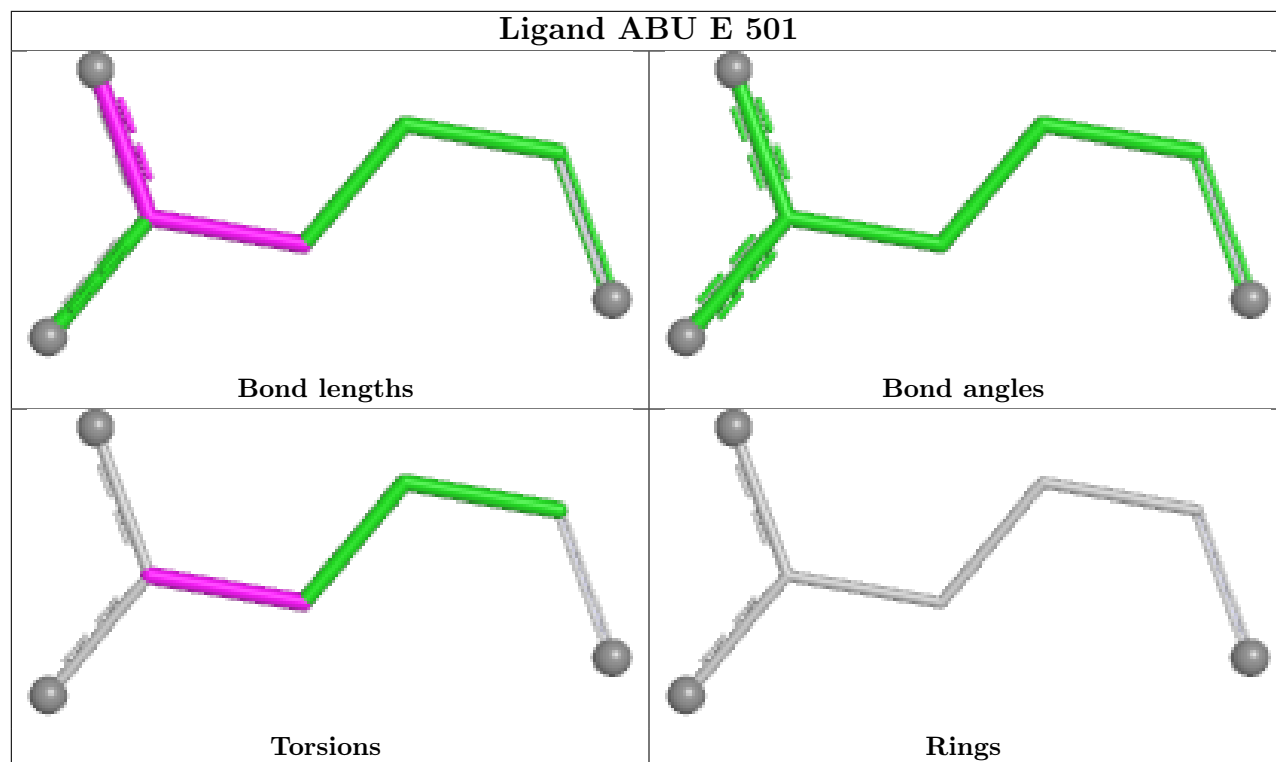
4 monomers are involved in 8 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
11	B	501	ABU	2	0
13	C	501	A1CEP	3	0
11	E	501	ABU	2	0
12	D	501	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient

equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

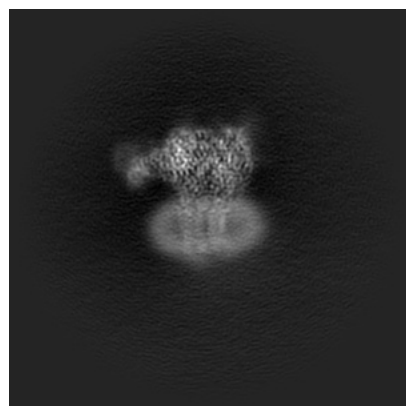
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-70872. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

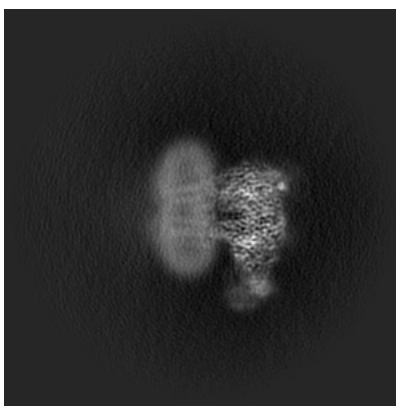
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

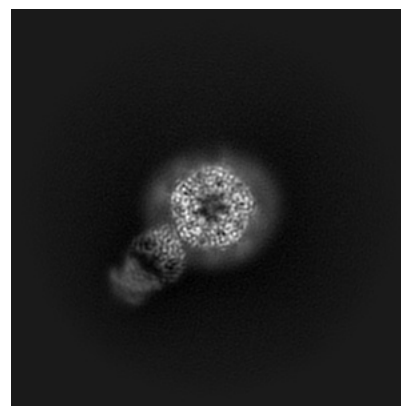
6.1.1 Primary map



X

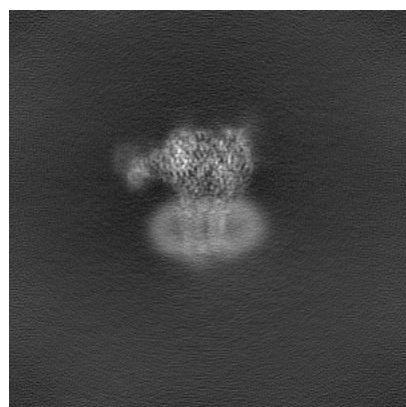


Y

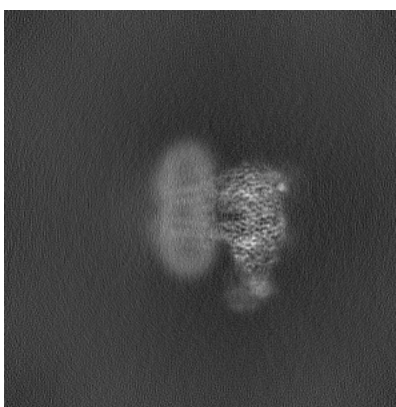


Z

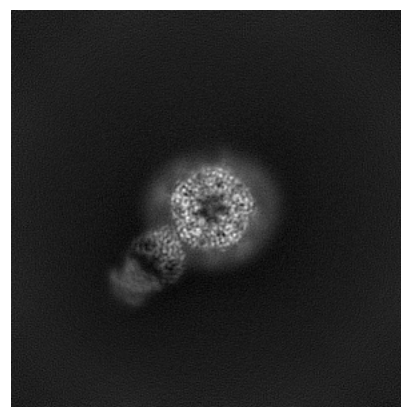
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

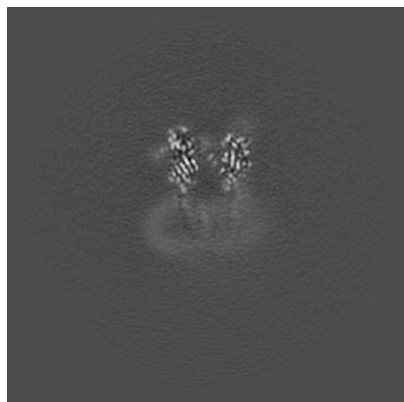


Z

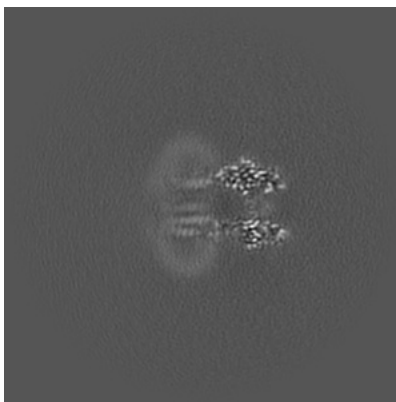
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

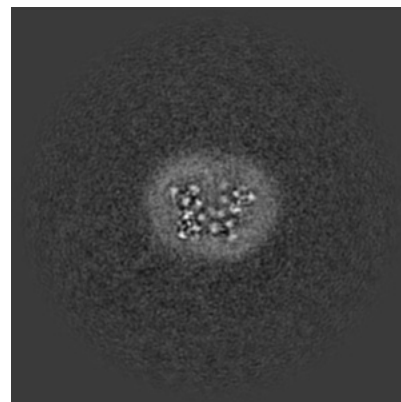
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 180

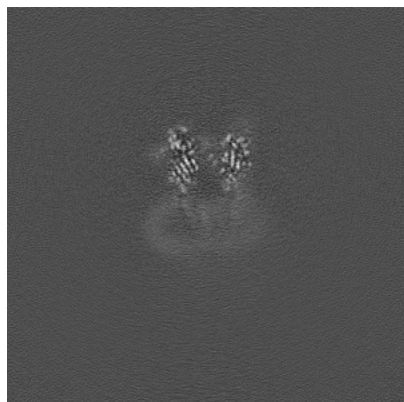


Y Index: 180



Z Index: 180

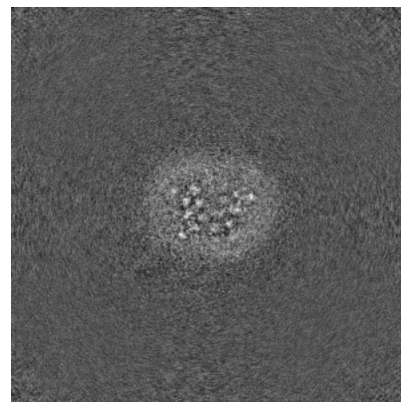
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 180



Y Index: 180

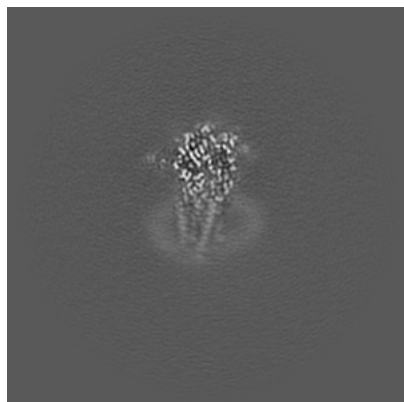


Z Index: 180

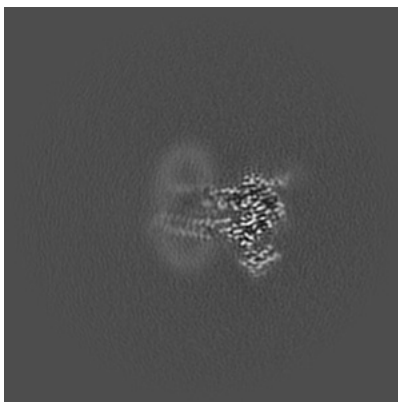
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

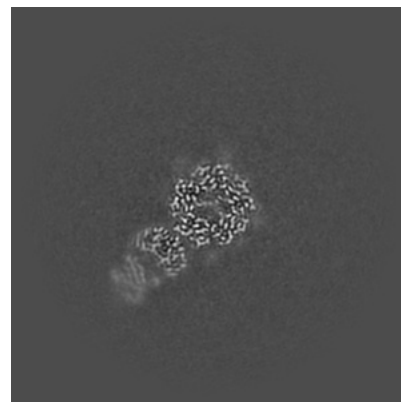
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 157

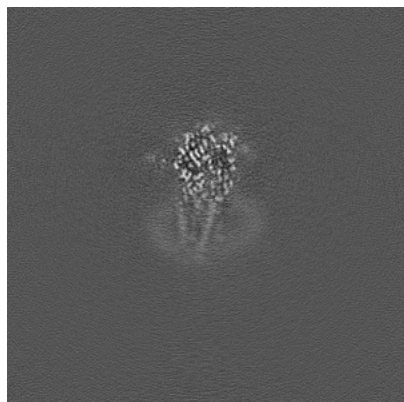


Y Index: 158

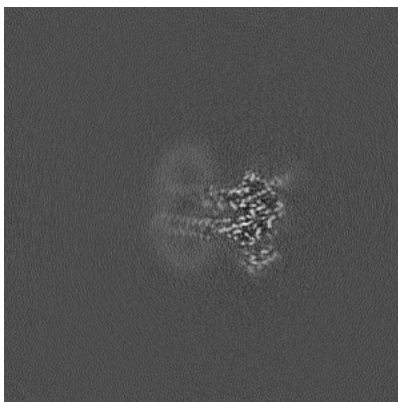


Z Index: 224

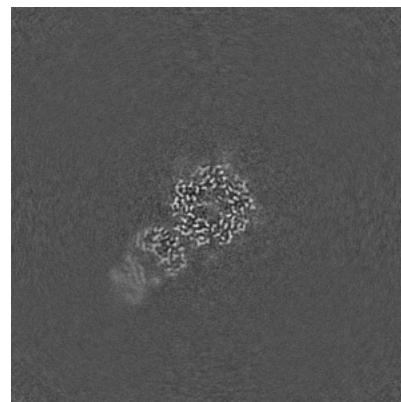
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 157



Y Index: 159

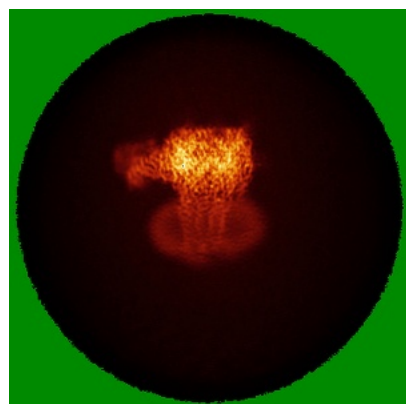


Z Index: 224

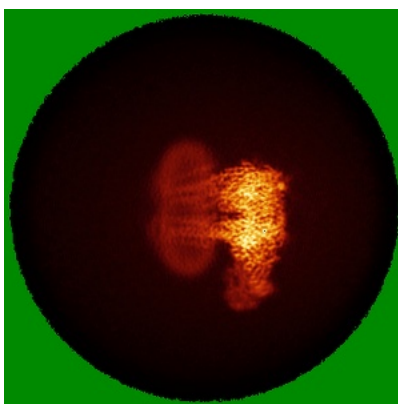
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

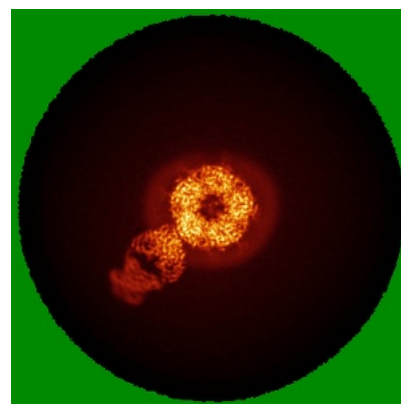
6.4.1 Primary map



X

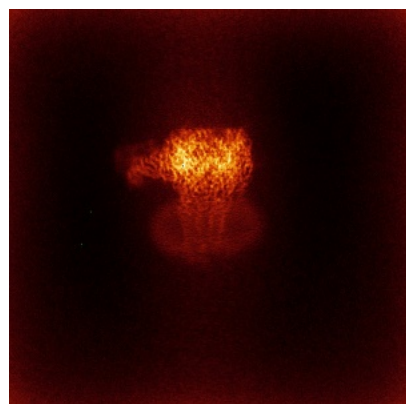


Y

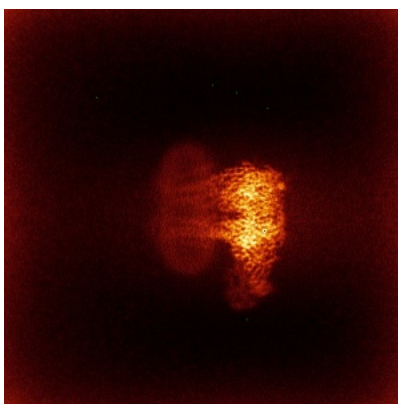


Z

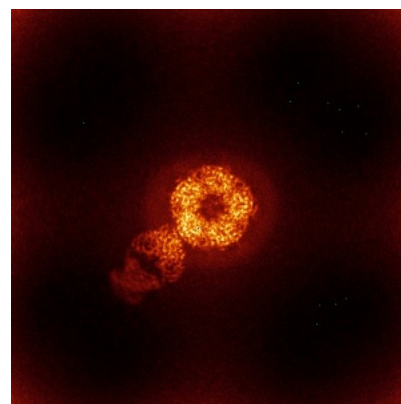
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

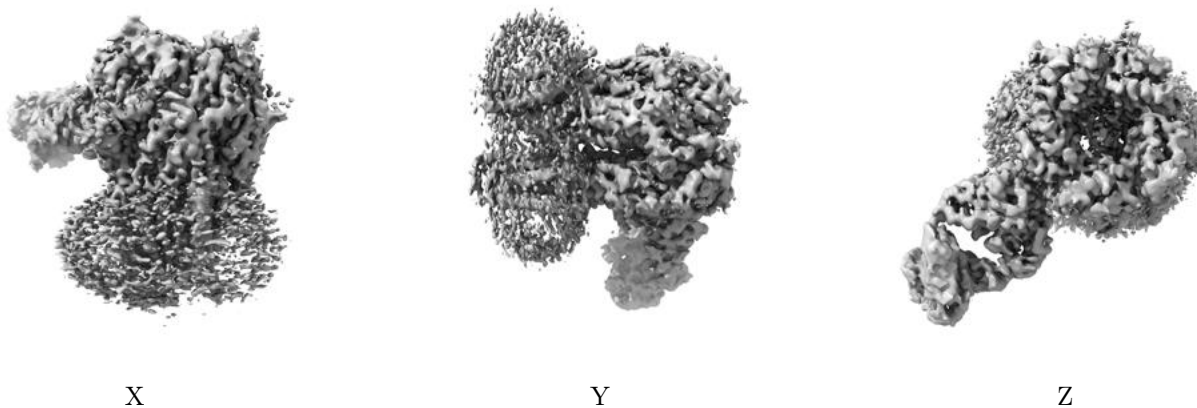


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

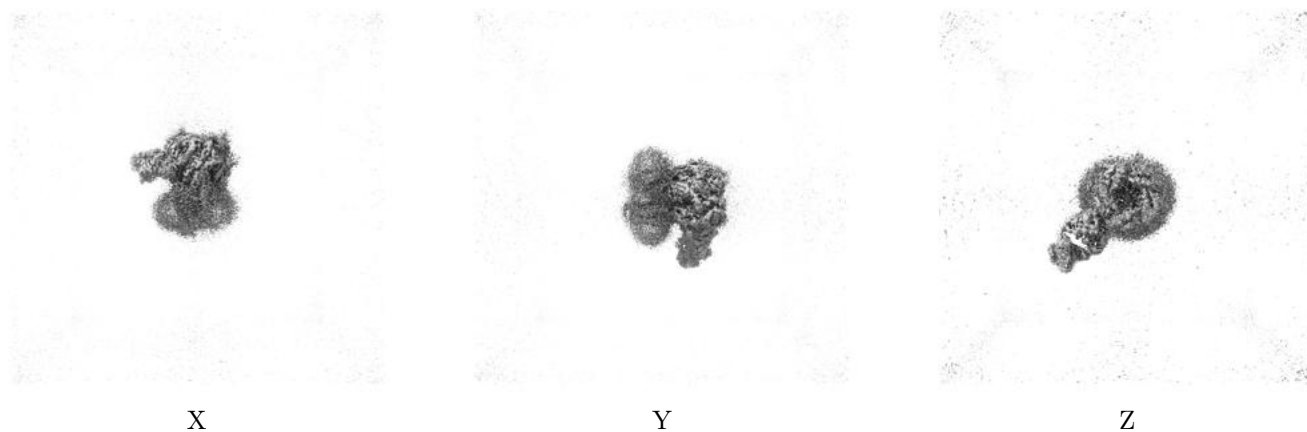
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.1. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

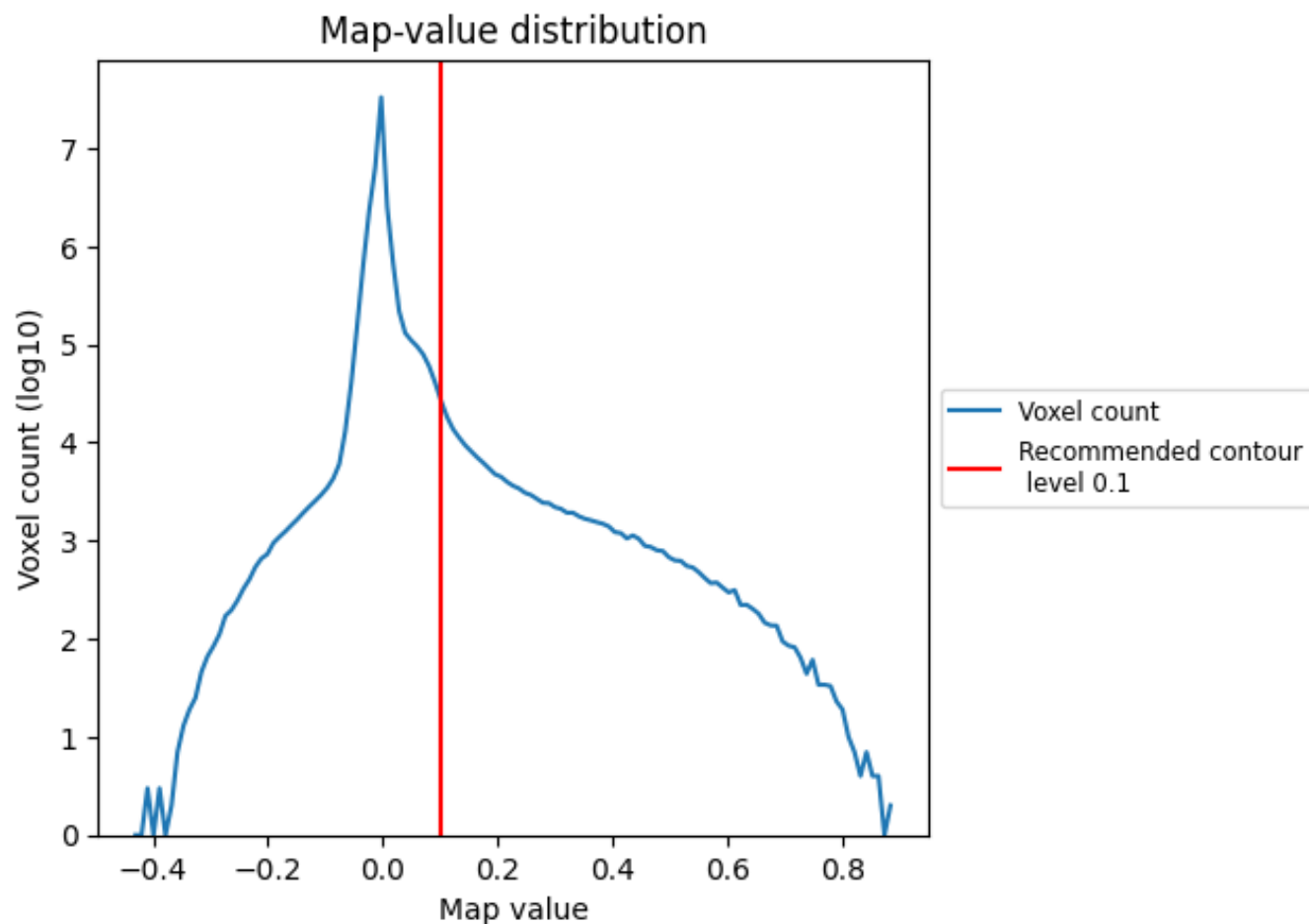
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

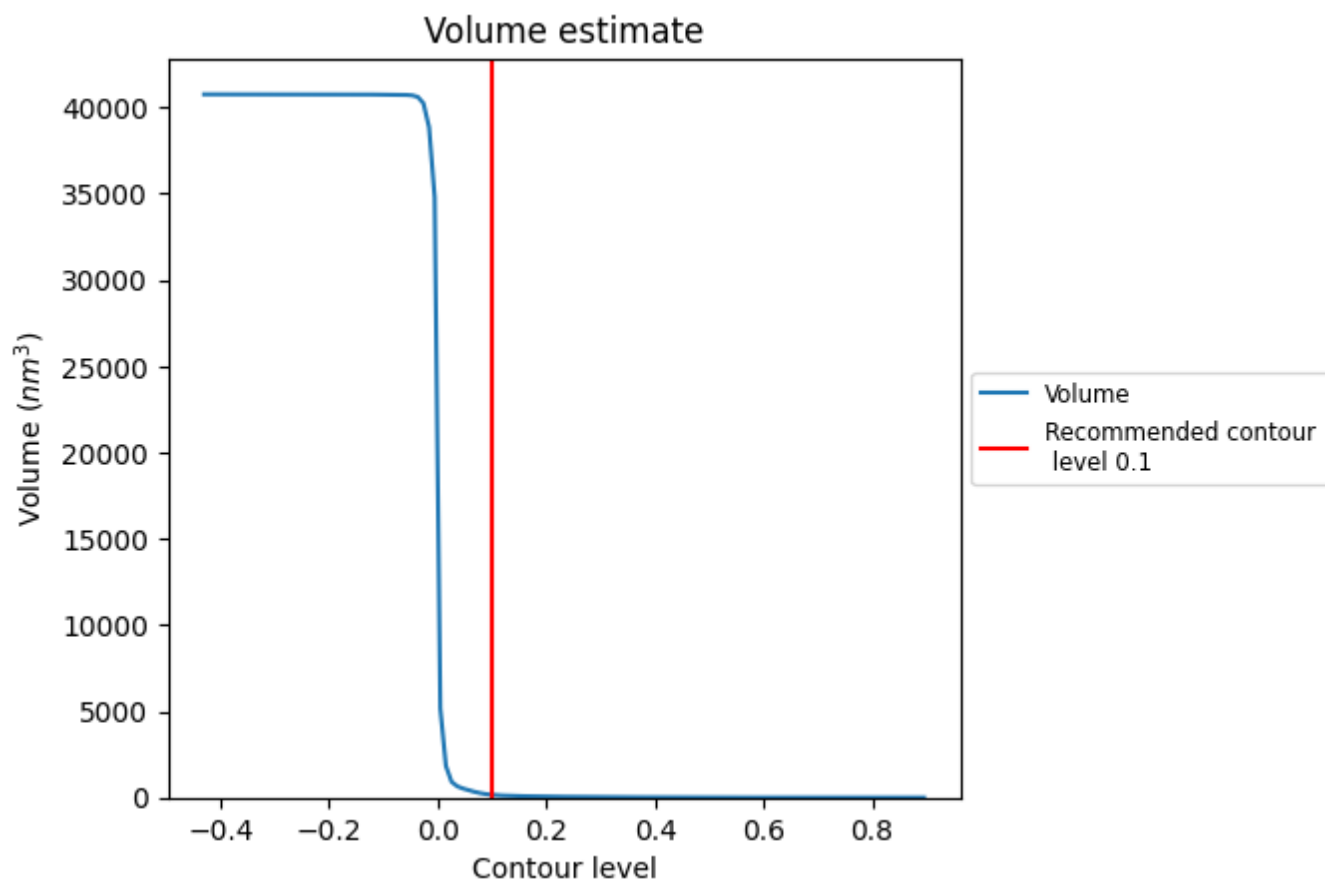
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

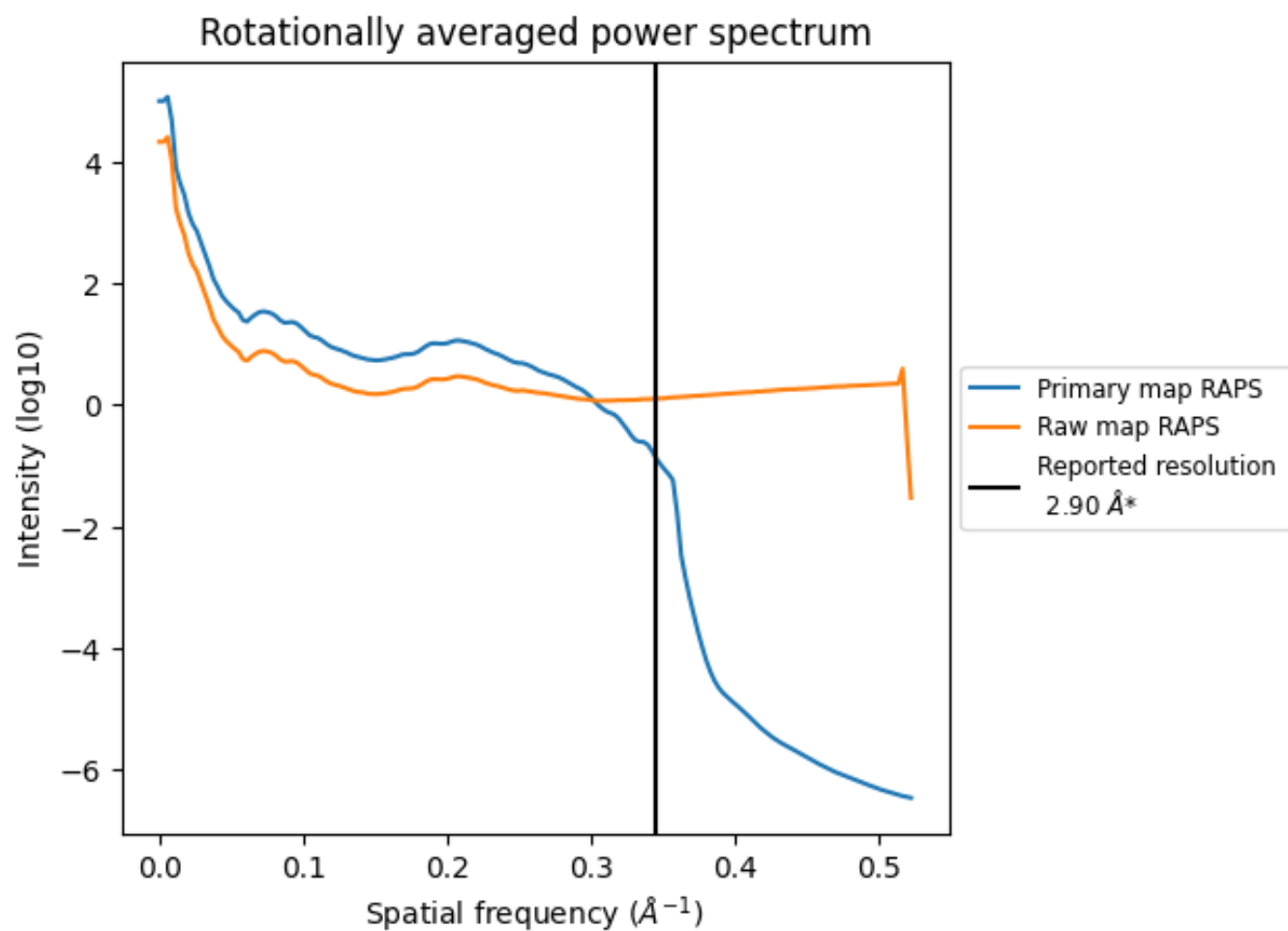
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 158 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 143 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

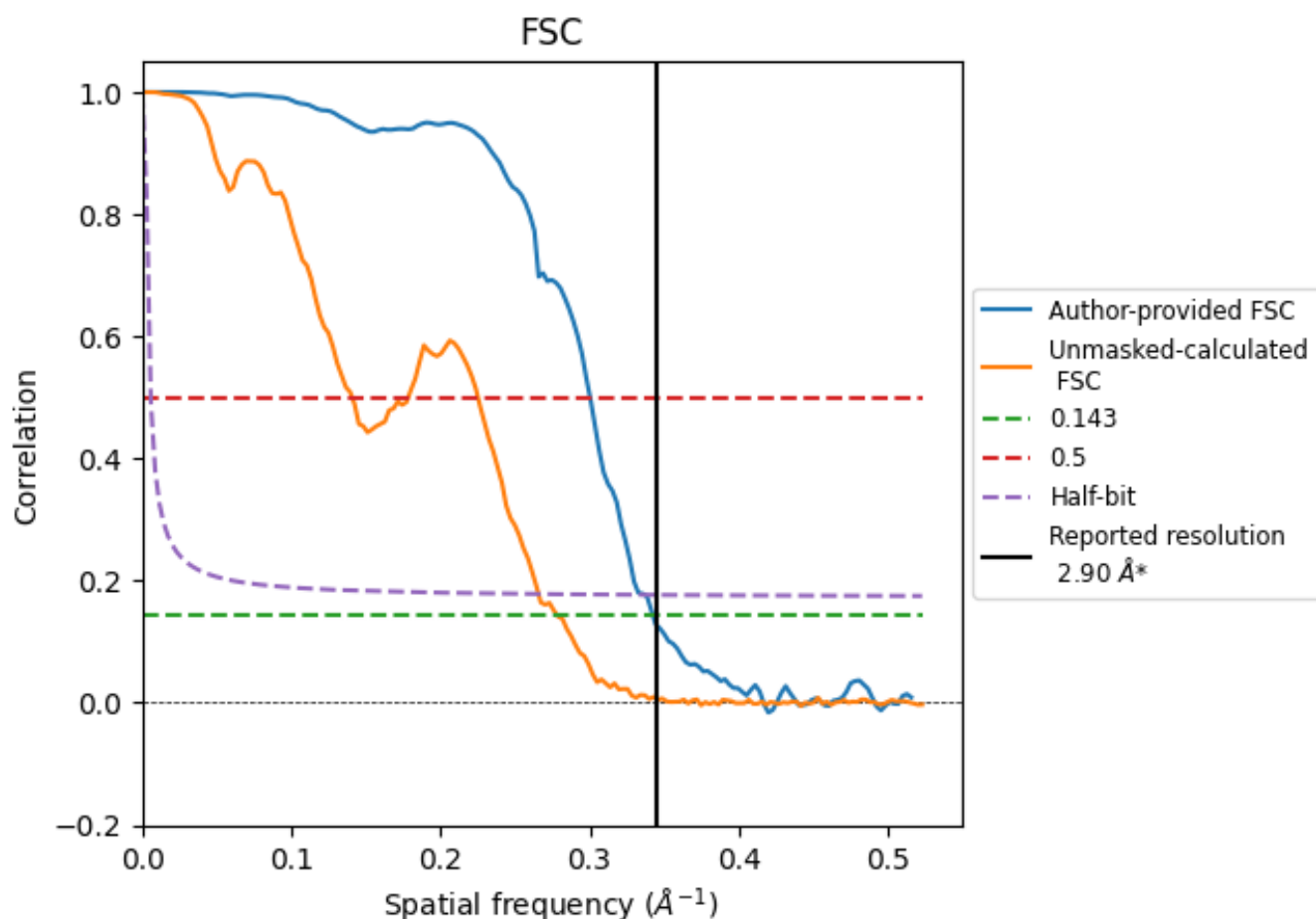


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.345 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.345 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

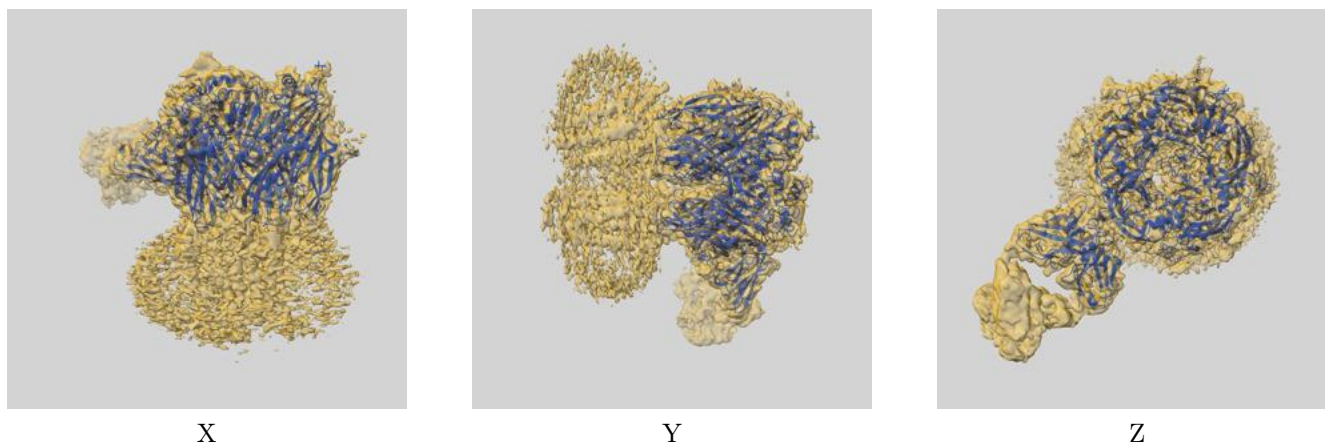
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.90	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.92	3.33	2.97
Unmasked-calculated*	3.59	7.11	3.76

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.59 differs from the reported value 2.9 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

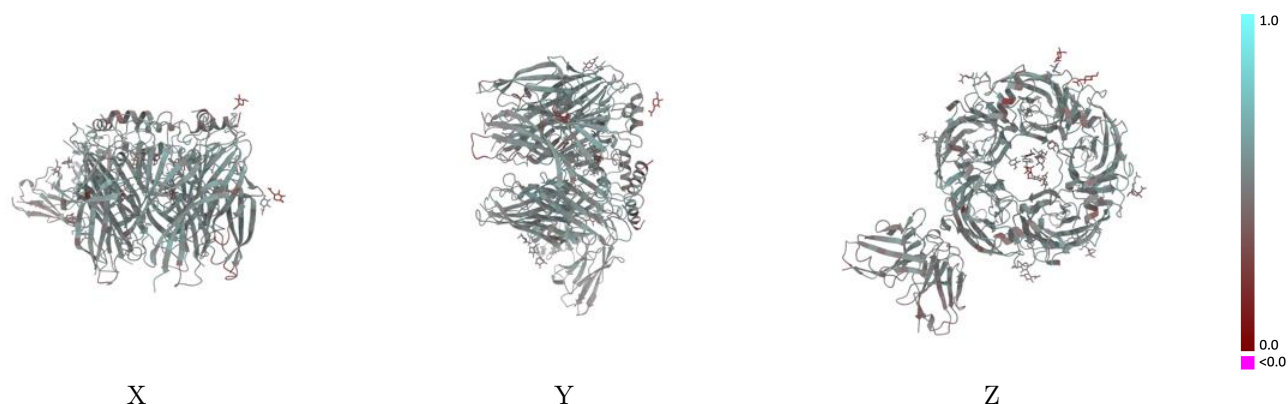
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-70872 and PDB model 9OUM. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 8](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



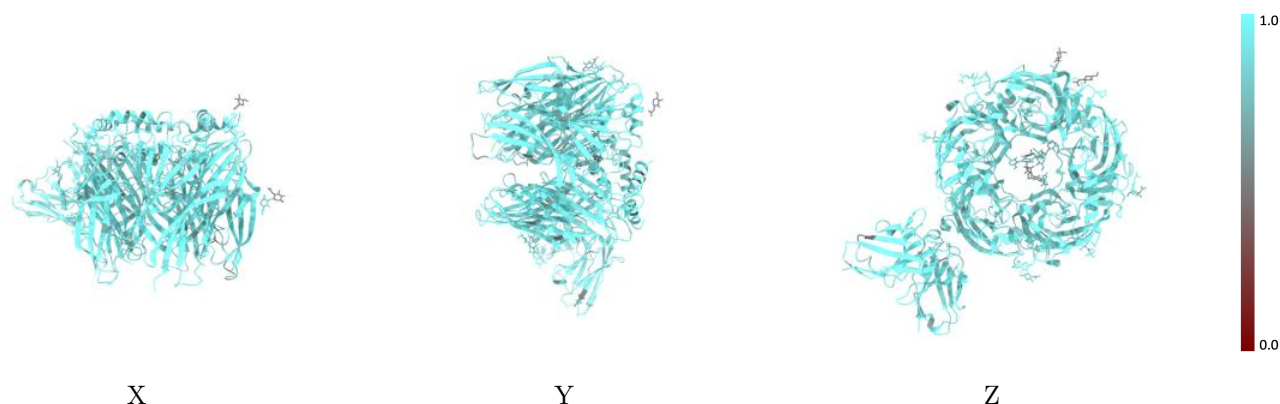
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.1 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



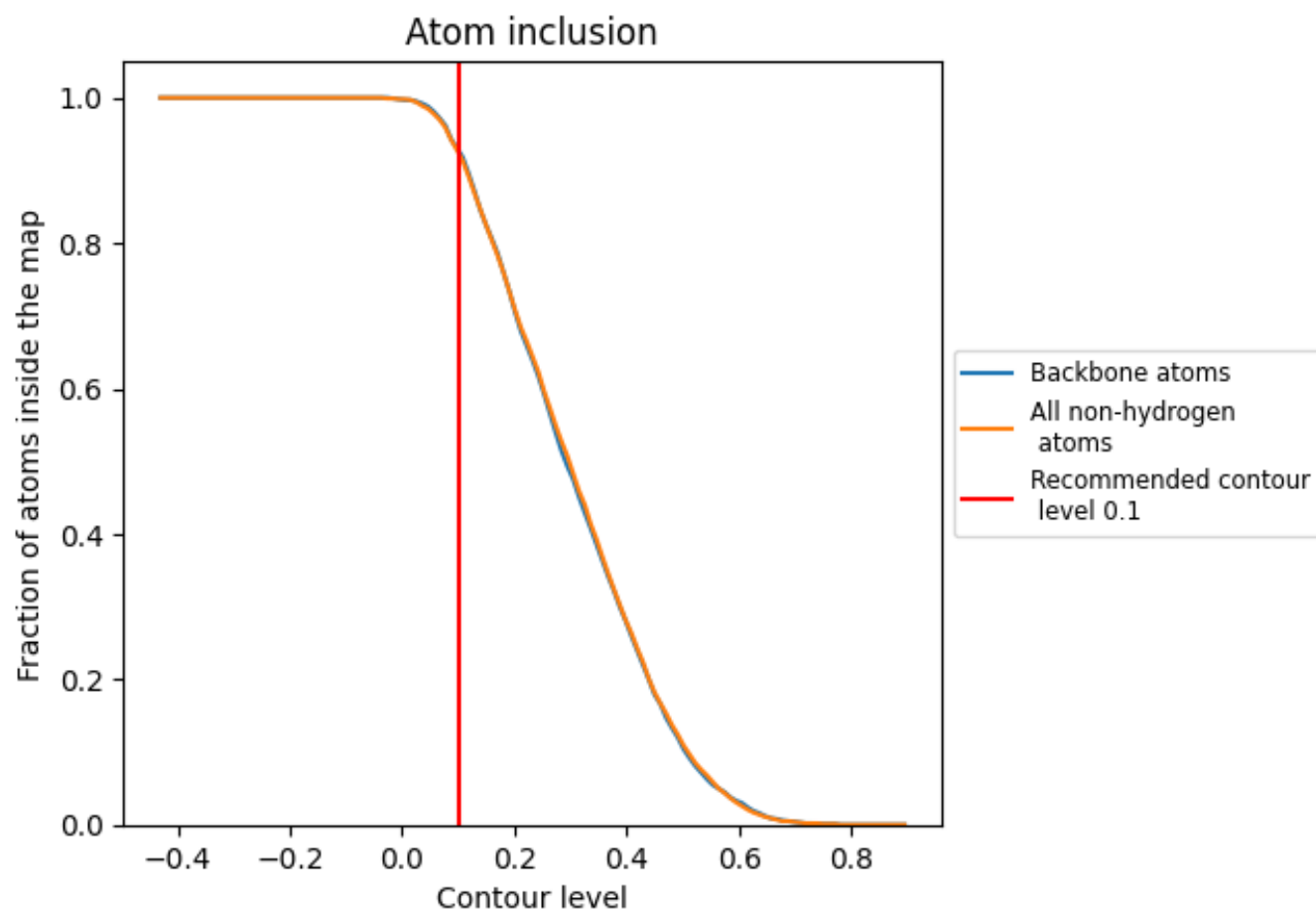
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.1).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 93% of all backbone atoms, 92% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.1) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.9250	0.5060
A	0.9290	0.5190
B	0.9240	0.5130
C	0.9380	0.5280
D	0.9160	0.4970
E	0.9280	0.5170
F	0.8930	0.4230
G	0.9230	0.4800
H	0.9460	0.4830
I	0.6790	0.3040
J	0.7830	0.4200
K	0.8930	0.4360
L	0.9220	0.4680
M	0.9490	0.4560
N	0.8570	0.4120
O	0.6670	0.3510

1.0

0.0

<0.0