



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Jan 28, 2026 – 10:39 PM JST

PDB ID : 9VZ0 / pdb_00009vz0
EMDB ID : EMD-65475
Title : Cryo-EM structure of the head of contracted P1
Authors : Chen, Y.; Liu, H.R.
Deposited on : 2025-07-21
Resolution : 4.00 Å (reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

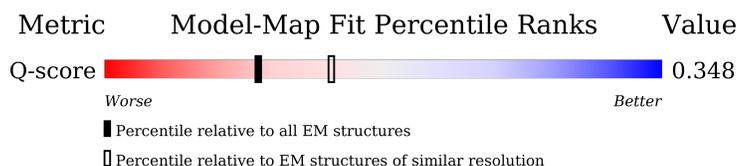
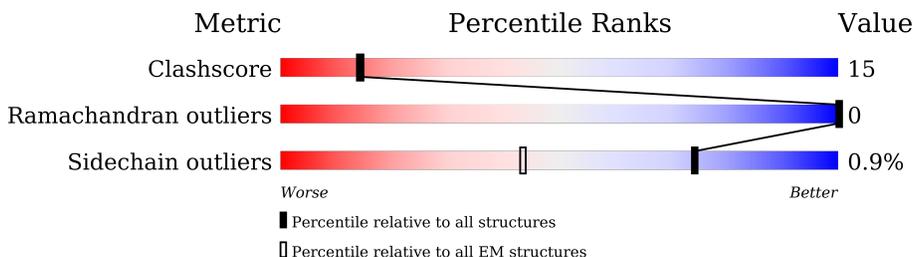
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev129
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.47

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	210492	15764	-
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835	-
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415	-
Q-score	-	25397	7587 (3.50 - 4.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	H	203	<p>21% 13% 66%</p>
2	I	639	<p>7% 24% 10% 66%</p>

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2203 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Hdf.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
1	H	69	555	335	115	105	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Defense against restriction protein A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	I	218	1648	1006	305	332	5	0	0

GLU THR ASN SER PRO GLU ASP PHE GLU ARG VAL MET ASN LYS THR GLN PHE TYR LEU ASN ASN THR PHE PRO GLY MET GLY ALA ALA THR GLU LYS MET VAL ARG GLY ASN SER MET ILE ARG ASN ALA ALA GLN ALA LEU VAL GLN THR GLY ALA GLY ILE THR GLN PRO GLU PRO ALA ALA GLN ASP

GLU THR VAL SER LEU ALA ASP ALA VAL ALA ASN LYS ALA ILE GLU TYR LEU ASN ASN VAL MET ASP ASN MET GLN SER THR ASP MET ALA ALA ILE ARG ASN ALA ARG GLY ASN VAL ARG ALA ALA LEU LEU GLN THR GLY ALA GLY ARG PHE GLU GLU PRO PRO ASN GLU LEU VAL VAL ASP

ALA
ALA
ARG
HIS
LEU
ALA
ASP
LEU
LEU
VAL
ALA
ILE
GLN
LYS
ALA
GLY
VAL
ALA

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	3200	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	32	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2200	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	16.289	Depositor
Minimum map value	-5.667	Depositor
Average map value	0.004	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.884	Depositor
Recommended contour level	2.4	Depositor
Map size (\AA)	544.0, 544.0, 544.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	400, 400, 400	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (\AA)	1.36, 1.36, 1.36	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	H	0.29	0/557	0.49	0/740
2	I	0.26	0/1661	0.48	0/2237
All	All	0.27	0/2218	0.48	0/2977

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	H	555	0	571	28	0
2	I	1648	0	1665	51	0
All	All	2203	0	2236	68	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 15.

All (68) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:H:188:ARG:HH21	2:I:270:ASN:HB3	1.52	0.73
2:I:72:SER:H	2:I:76:GLN:HB3	1.56	0.71

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:I:95:THR:HG22	2:I:97:ILE:H	1.57	0.69
2:I:70:ILE:N	2:I:163:LEU:O	2.26	0.69
2:I:155:ASN:CG	2:I:156:ARG:H	2.00	0.68
2:I:167:GLN:NE2	2:I:174:ASP:OD1	2.27	0.68
2:I:192:VAL:O	2:I:196:LEU:HG	1.95	0.66
1:H:141:GLN:HA	1:H:144:LYS:HZ3	1.61	0.64
2:I:103:LYS:NZ	2:I:119:GLU:OE1	2.29	0.64
1:H:164:ASN:HB2	2:I:245:VAL:HG11	1.78	0.64
2:I:164:VAL:HG12	2:I:166:PHE:HD2	1.63	0.64
2:I:206:LYS:HA	2:I:209:ARG:HG2	1.82	0.62
1:H:157:ALA:HB1	2:I:238:LEU:HD13	1.80	0.62
1:H:196:LEU:HD22	2:I:273:LEU:HD11	1.83	0.61
2:I:91:LYS:HZ1	2:I:194:MET:HB2	1.66	0.61
1:H:141:GLN:HA	1:H:144:LYS:NZ	2.17	0.58
1:H:136:ASN:HA	1:H:139:ARG:HG3	1.84	0.58
1:H:189:ASN:HD22	2:I:266:LEU:HD11	1.69	0.57
2:I:180:ALA:HA	2:I:187:MET:HE1	1.86	0.56
1:H:147:ASN:O	1:H:151:VAL:HG13	2.05	0.56
2:I:176:THR:HA	2:I:179:VAL:HG22	1.88	0.56
2:I:195:LYS:O	2:I:199:LEU:HG	2.05	0.56
2:I:78:HIS:ND1	2:I:82:GLN:OE1	2.40	0.55
2:I:104:THR:O	2:I:104:THR:OG1	2.25	0.55
2:I:210:ALA:O	2:I:213:LYS:HG2	2.06	0.55
1:H:164:ASN:HA	1:H:167:GLN:HE21	1.72	0.54
2:I:78:HIS:HB3	2:I:79:ARG:NH1	2.22	0.54
2:I:155:ASN:CG	2:I:156:ARG:N	2.66	0.53
2:I:142:GLN:HG2	2:I:171:ASN:HD21	1.74	0.53
1:H:197:LYS:N	1:H:197:LYS:HD3	2.24	0.52
2:I:159:ASN:OD1	2:I:160:SER:N	2.42	0.52
2:I:149:HIS:HB3	2:I:166:PHE:CE2	2.45	0.51
1:H:163:PHE:O	1:H:167:GLN:HG2	2.11	0.51
2:I:195:LYS:HD2	2:I:199:LEU:HD21	1.93	0.51
1:H:157:ALA:CB	2:I:238:LEU:HD13	2.41	0.50
2:I:201:GLU:OE2	2:I:202:LYS:HG3	2.12	0.50
2:I:210:ALA:O	2:I:214:LYS:HG2	2.11	0.50
2:I:158:THR:OG1	2:I:159:ASN:N	2.43	0.49
1:H:141:GLN:HG3	1:H:144:LYS:NZ	2.27	0.48
1:H:150:VAL:HG11	2:I:231:LYS:HB3	1.95	0.48
2:I:217:LEU:O	2:I:221:ILE:HG22	2.15	0.47
1:H:192:LEU:HD23	2:I:273:LEU:HD23	1.96	0.47
2:I:91:LYS:NZ	2:I:193:THR:OG1	2.27	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:I:126:VAL:HG13	2:I:127:ASN:H	1.79	0.46
1:H:196:LEU:HB2	2:I:277:ILE:HD11	1.98	0.46
2:I:79:ARG:NH2	2:I:82:GLN:OE1	2.48	0.46
1:H:166:GLN:O	1:H:169:THR:OG1	2.26	0.46
1:H:151:VAL:O	1:H:155:LYS:HG2	2.16	0.46
1:H:182:LEU:HD12	1:H:182:LEU:O	2.16	0.46
2:I:195:LYS:NZ	2:I:199:LEU:HD21	2.31	0.46
1:H:178:GLU:HG3	2:I:259:VAL:HG12	1.98	0.45
2:I:264:ASP:OD2	2:I:265:SER:N	2.49	0.45
1:H:142:GLU:O	1:H:145:GLN:NE2	2.45	0.44
2:I:155:ASN:OD1	2:I:156:ARG:N	2.50	0.44
1:H:193:LYS:HG2	1:H:197:LYS:NZ	2.33	0.43
2:I:207:PHE:O	2:I:211:GLN:NE2	2.49	0.43
1:H:164:ASN:O	1:H:168:ILE:HG12	2.18	0.43
2:I:149:HIS:HB3	2:I:166:PHE:HE2	1.83	0.43
2:I:227:ASP:OD1	2:I:227:ASP:C	2.63	0.42
2:I:145:SER:OG	2:I:169:LEU:HB2	2.19	0.41
2:I:261:SER:HA	2:I:264:ASP:OD1	2.20	0.41
2:I:154:GLU:HG3	2:I:155:ASN:H	1.85	0.41
1:H:161:VAL:O	1:H:164:ASN:OD1	2.37	0.41
1:H:136:ASN:HD22	1:H:139:ARG:HB2	1.85	0.41
1:H:136:ASN:O	1:H:136:ASN:ND2	2.46	0.41
2:I:91:LYS:HZ1	2:I:194:MET:CB	2.30	0.41
2:I:286:ARG:HA	2:I:286:ARG:HD2	1.78	0.41
1:H:167:GLN:NE2	2:I:249:LYS:HE3	2.36	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	H	67/203 (33%)	67 (100%)	0	0	100 100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	I	216/639 (34%)	207 (96%)	9 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	283/842 (34%)	274 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	H	58/170 (34%)	58 (100%)	0	100	100
2	I	176/514 (34%)	174 (99%)	2 (1%)	70	80
All	All	234/684 (34%)	232 (99%)	2 (1%)	74	83

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	I	161	ASP
2	I	170	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	H	167	GLN
2	I	125	ASN
2	I	127	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

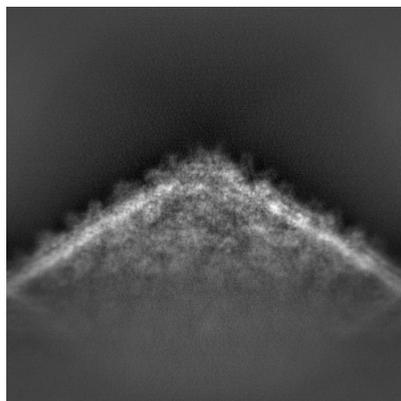
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-65475. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

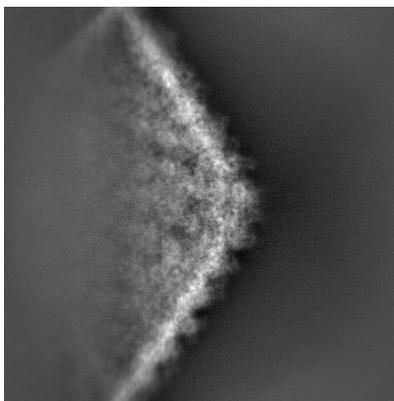
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

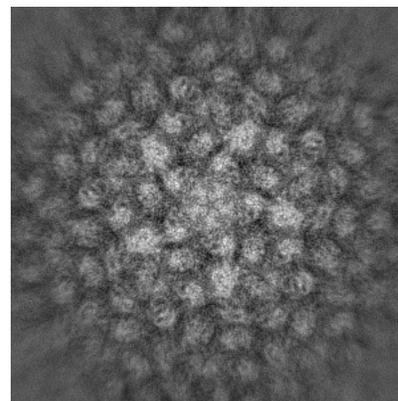
6.1.1 Primary map



X

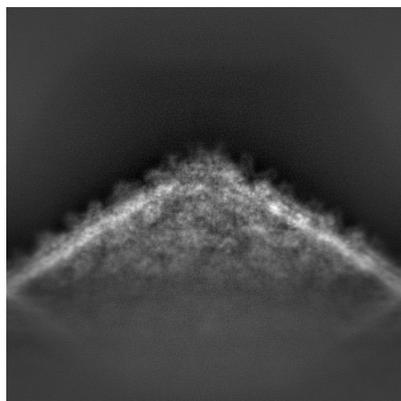


Y

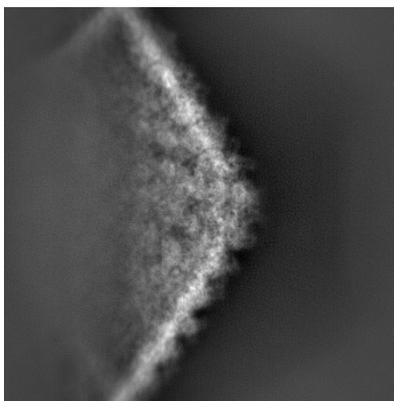


Z

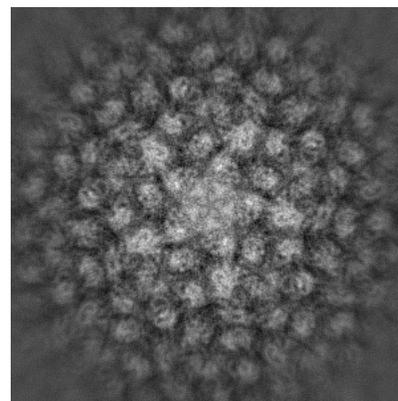
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

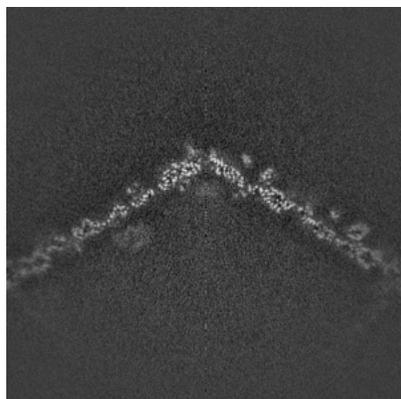


Z

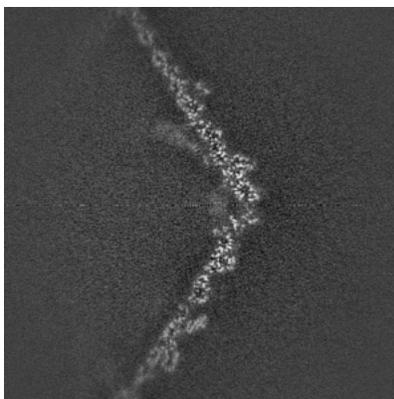
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

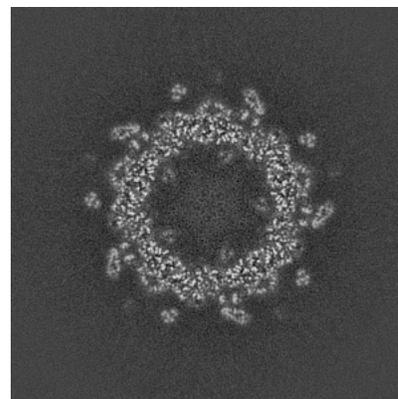
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 200

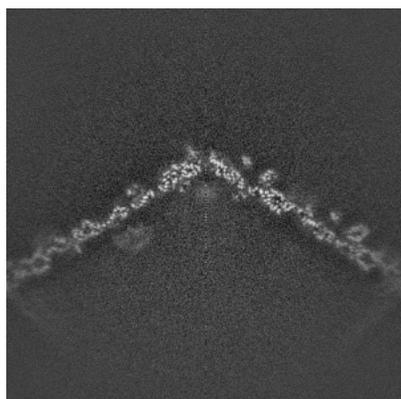


Y Index: 200

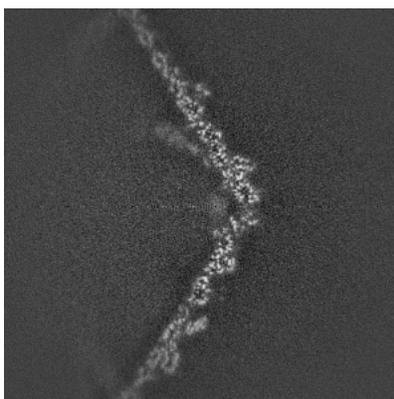


Z Index: 200

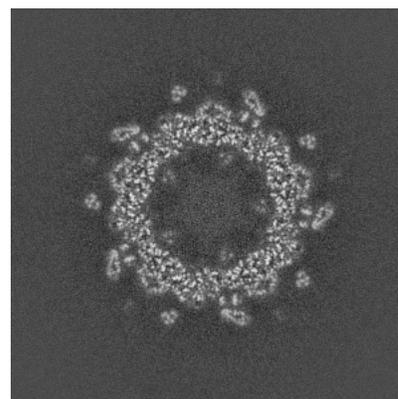
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 200



Y Index: 200

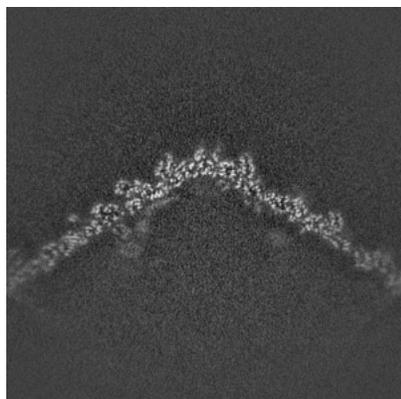


Z Index: 200

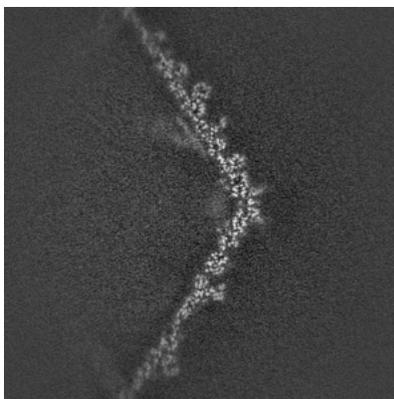
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

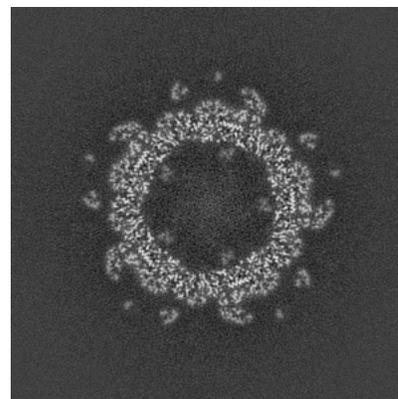
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 213

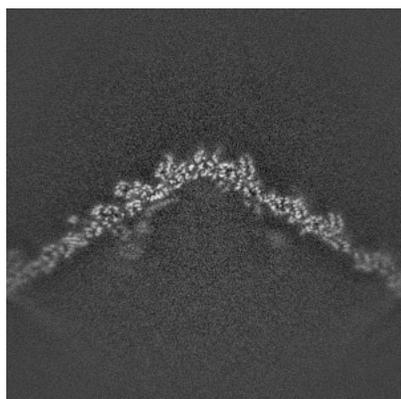


Y Index: 195

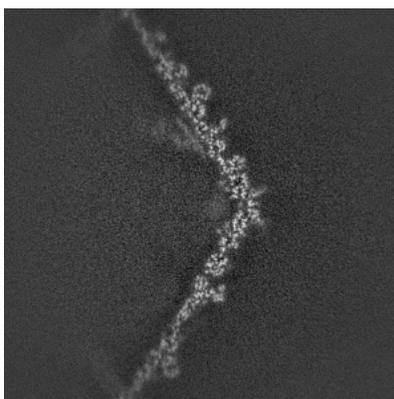


Z Index: 198

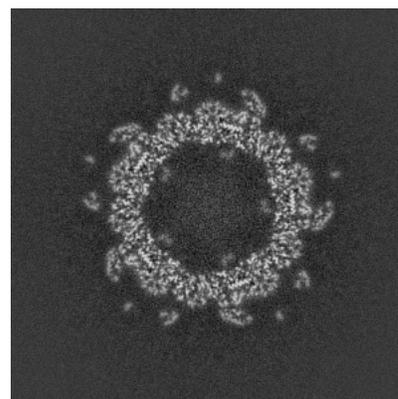
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 213



Y Index: 195

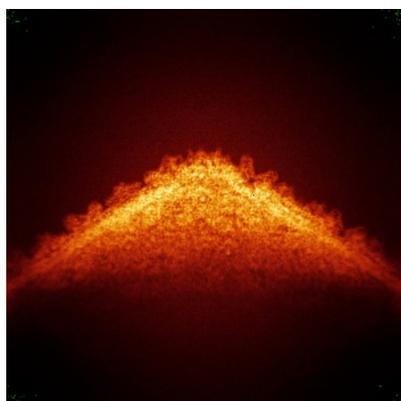


Z Index: 198

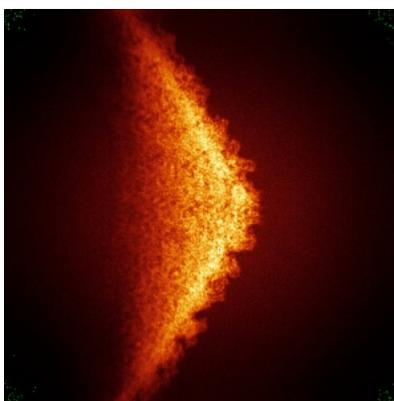
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

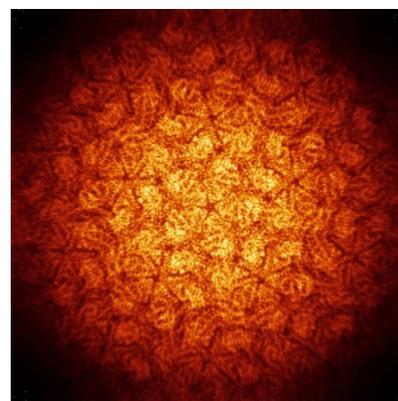
6.4.1 Primary map



X

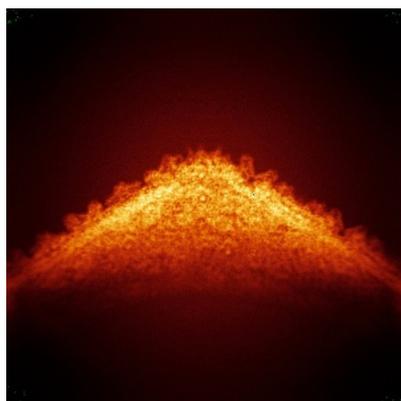


Y

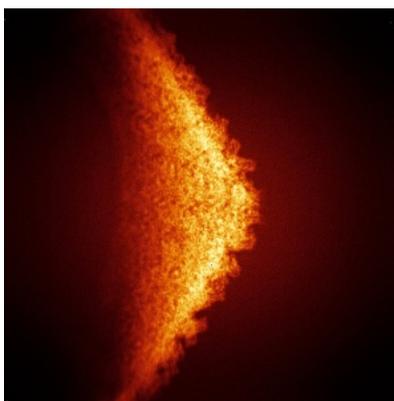


Z

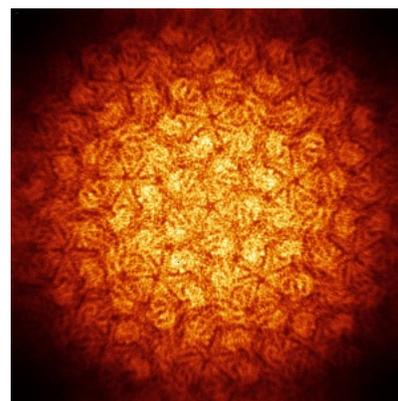
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

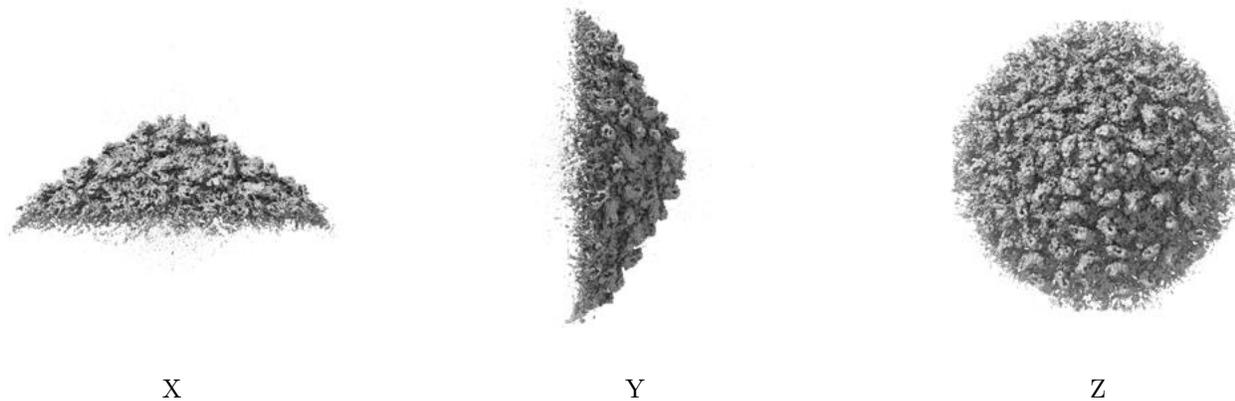


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

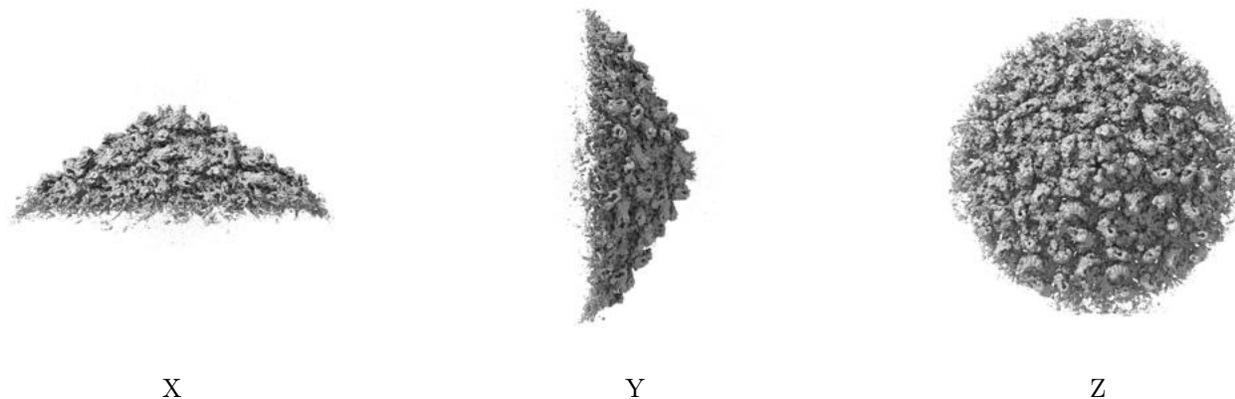
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 2.4. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

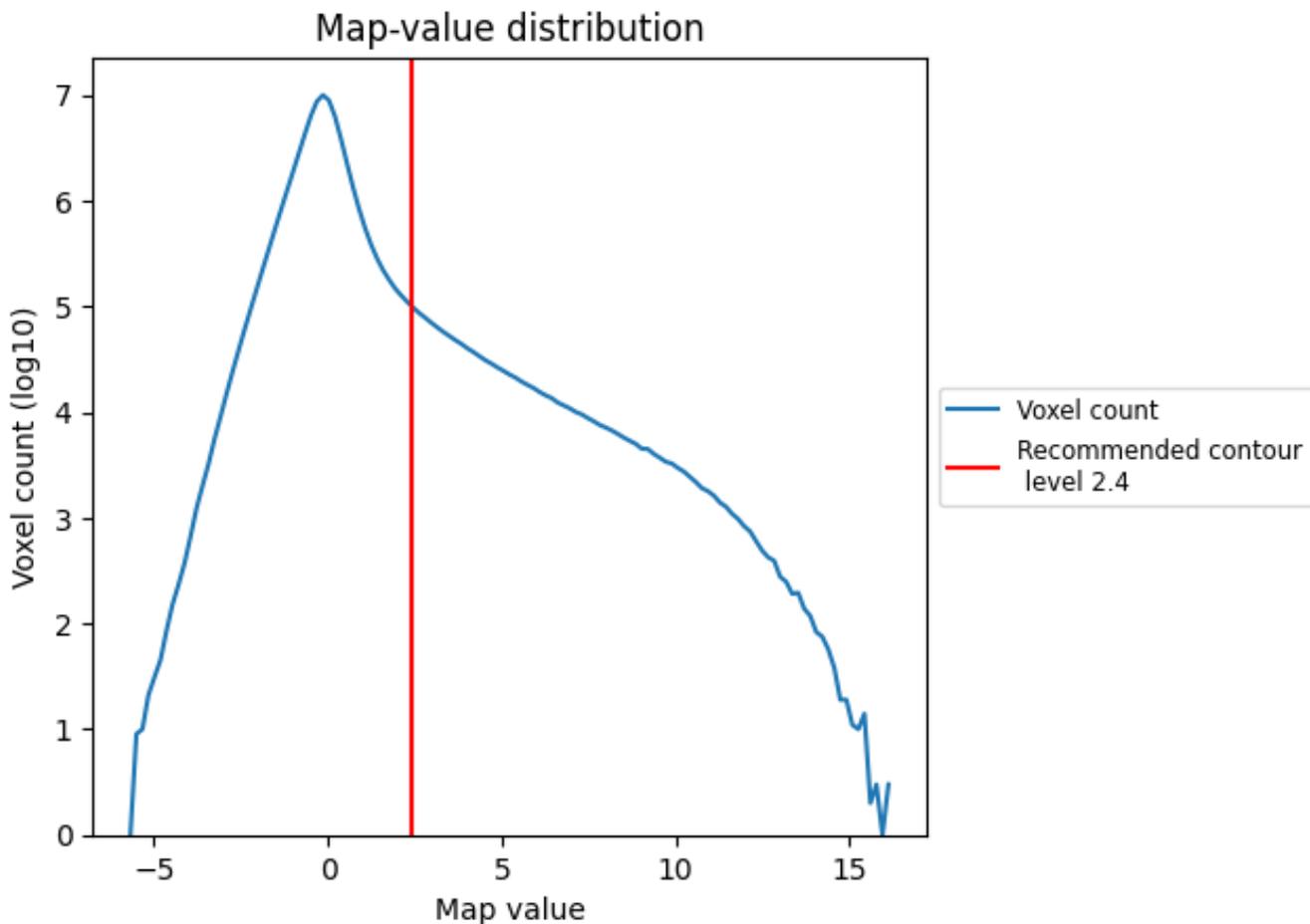
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

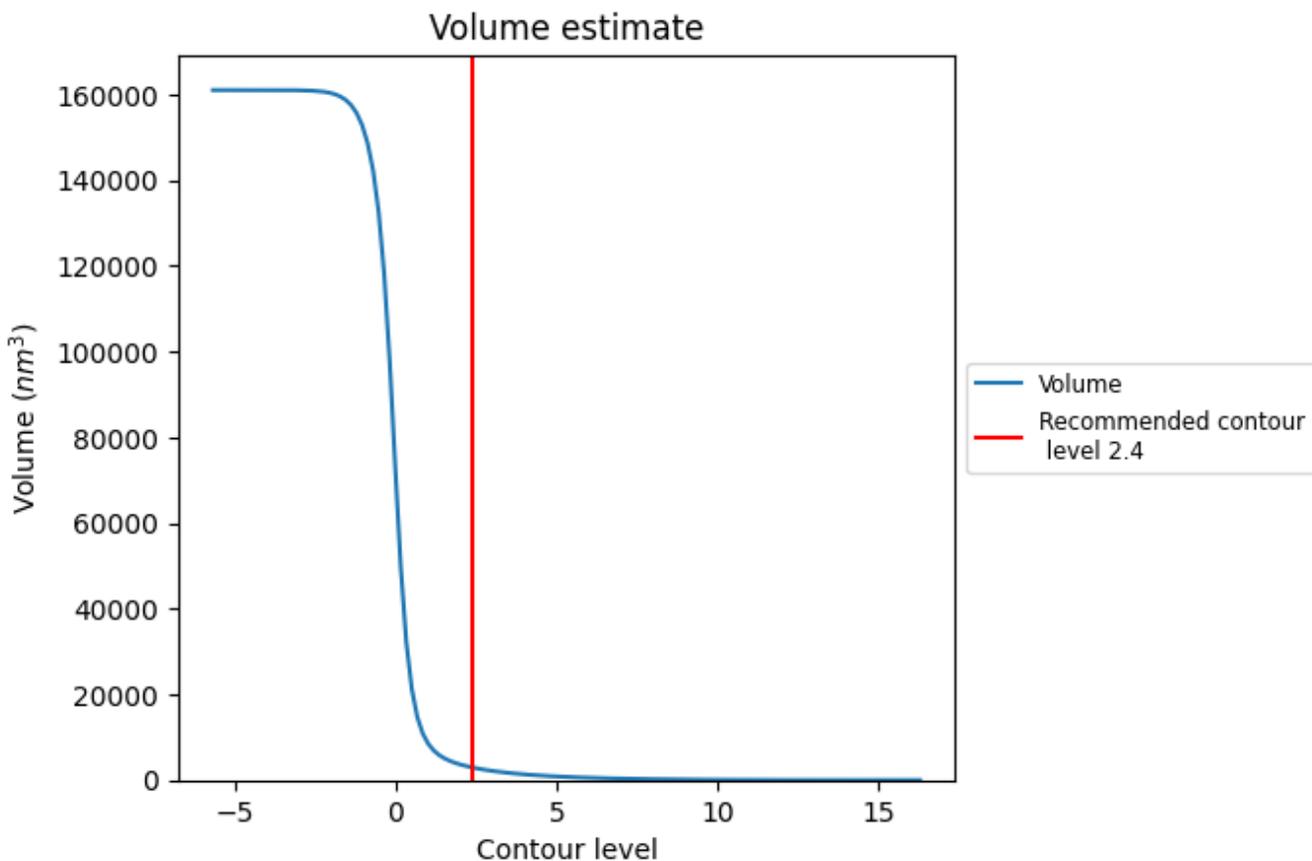
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

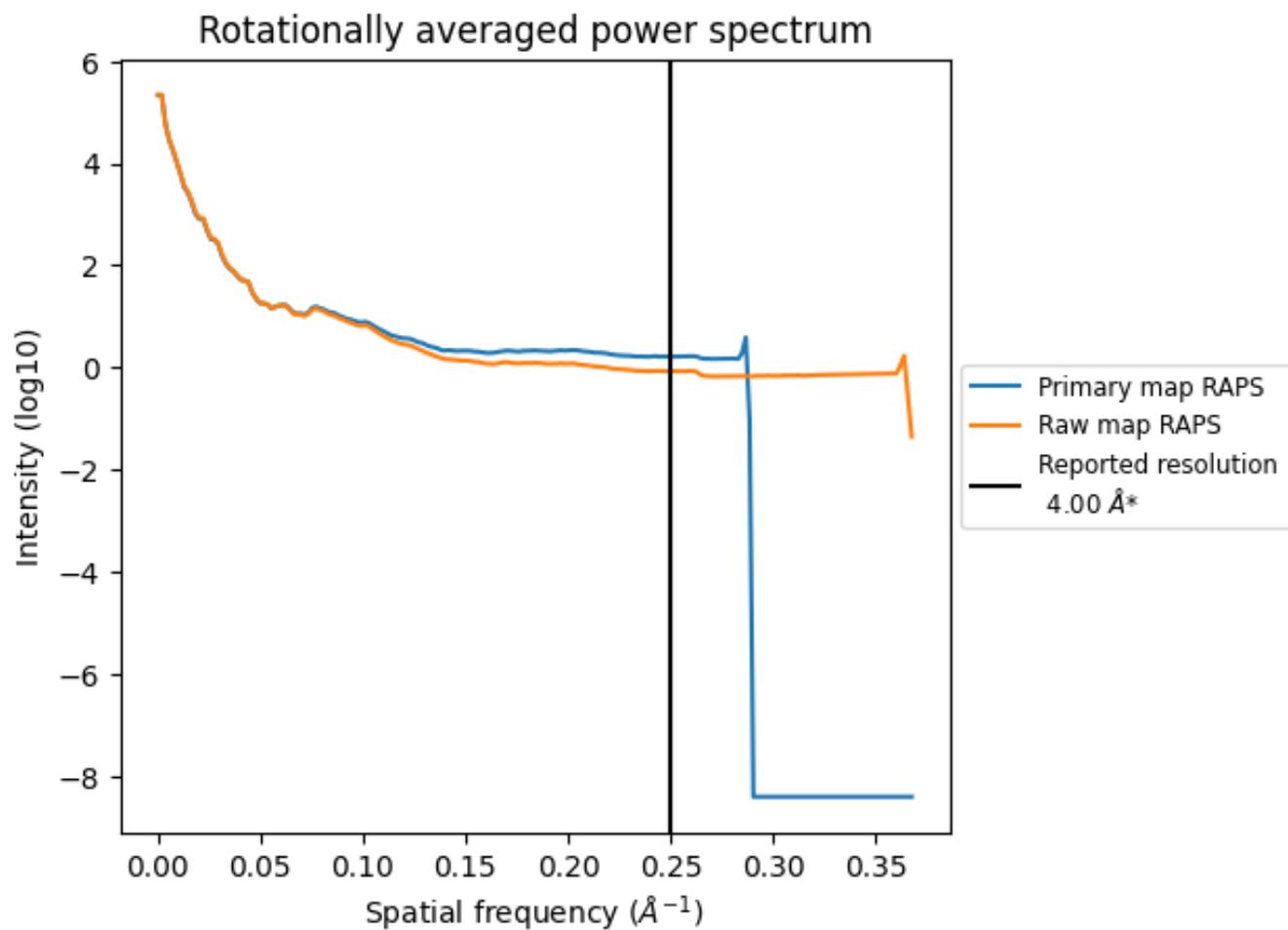
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 2917 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 2635 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)

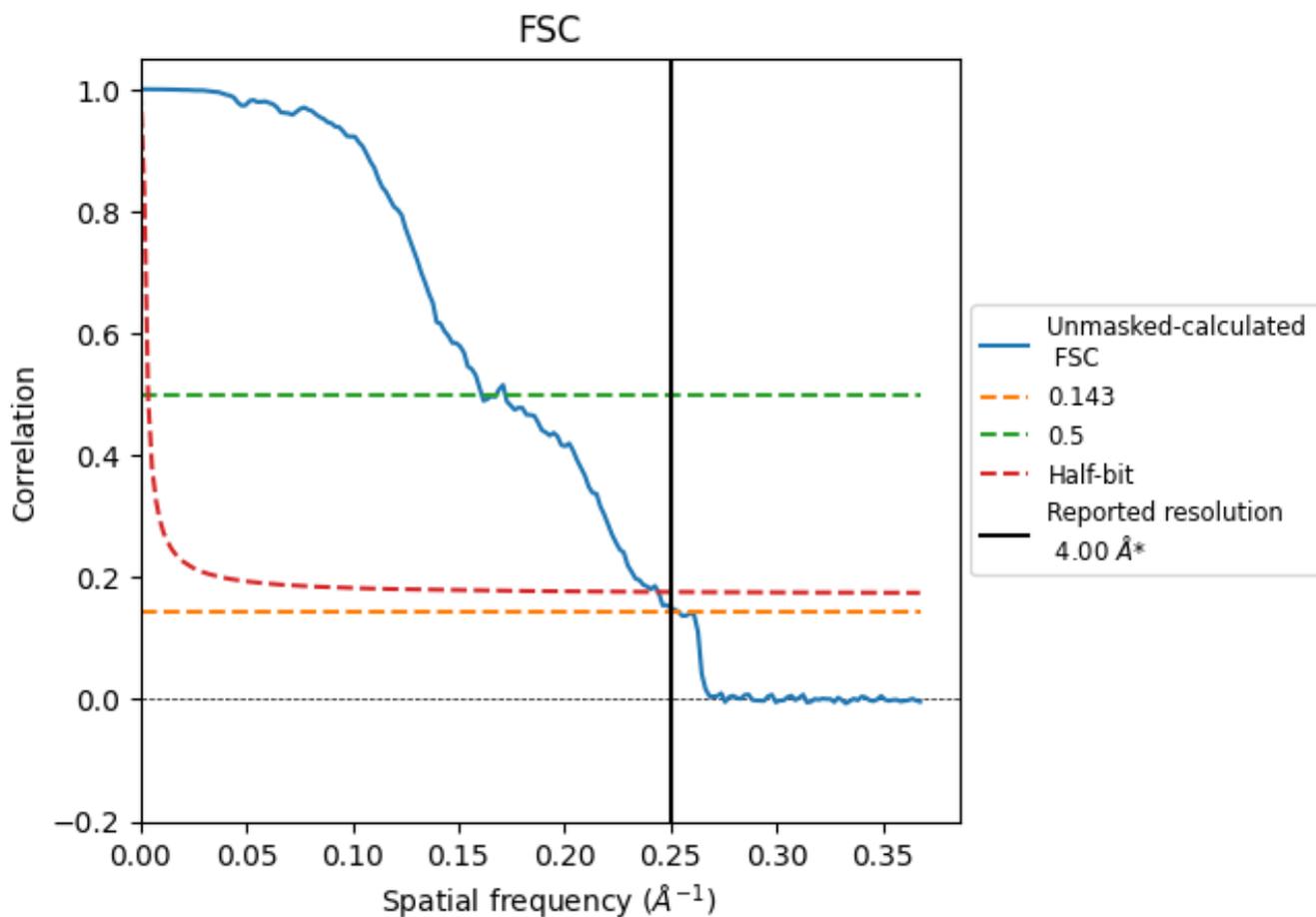


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.250 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.250 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

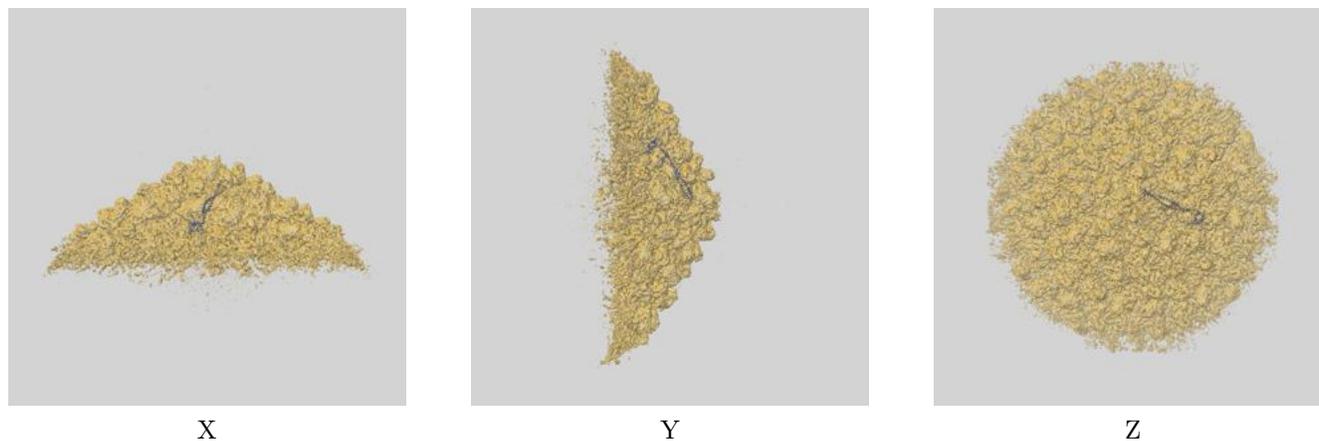
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	4.00	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	3.94	6.22	4.10

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

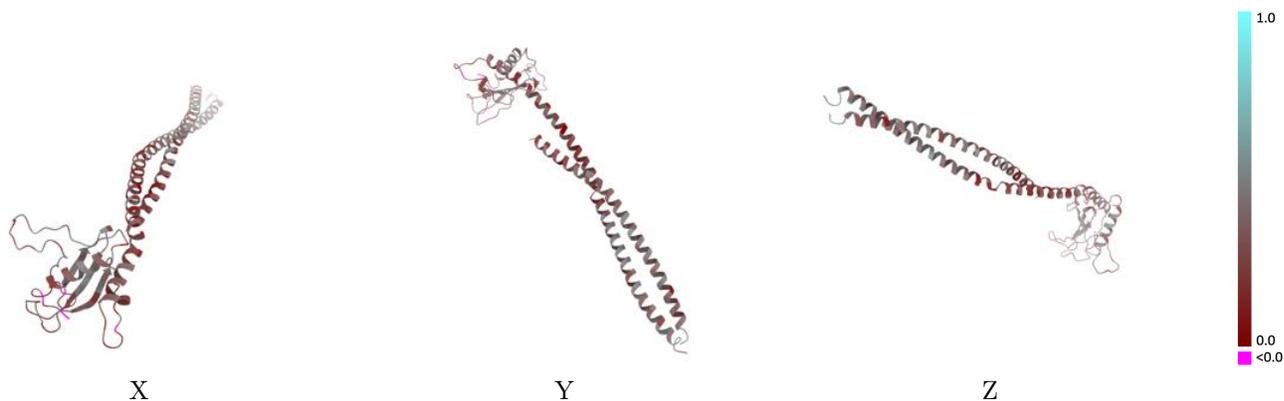
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-65475 and PDB model 9VZ0. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 4.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



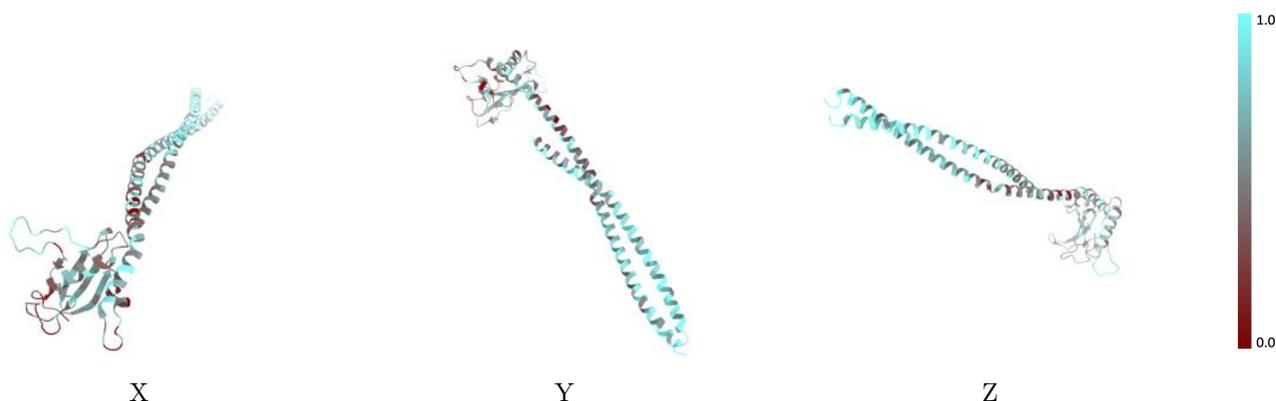
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 2.4 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



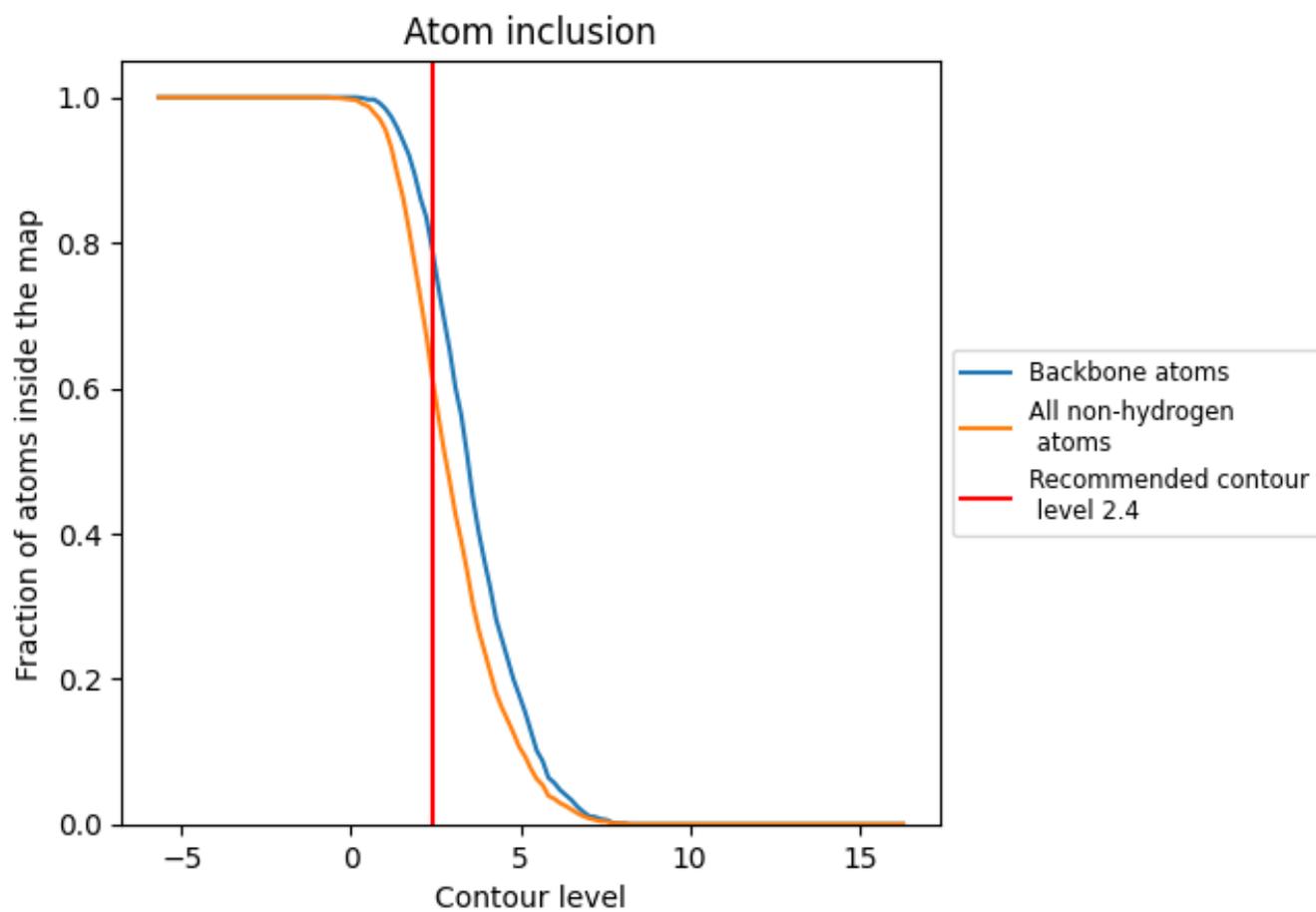
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (2.4).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 79% of all backbone atoms, 61% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary [i](#)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (2.4) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.6140	 0.3480
H	 0.7220	 0.3610
I	 0.5780	 0.3430

